THE MESSAGE OF THE QUR'AN

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THE

MESSAGE

of the

QUR'AN

Presented in Perspective

by

HASHIM AMIR-ALI

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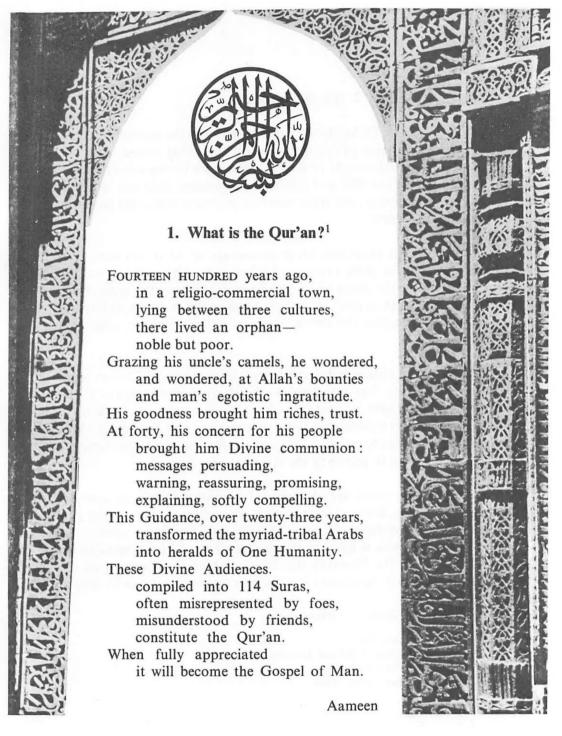
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1. The above is the preferred answer *in one hundred words* to the question. What is the Qur'an? which constituted the Quranic Competition No. 1 sponsored by the Student's Quran Centre, Shalimar, Hyderabad-4, India, through the Delhi weekly, RADIANCE in its issue of August 29, 1965.

2. The Bible Today²...

"IN SPITE OF THE TEACHINGS that come from the myriad of "Sunday School" classes, in spite of the weekly preachings that sound from all the Christian pulpits, and in spite of the fact that more books and articles have been written about the Old and the New Testaments than any other body of literature in existence, the Bible remains the most unknown book in the English-speaking world.

"This is because an amazingly large percentage of what has been spoken and written about the Bible consists of falsehoods. Although it would seem that this should be the place where people ought to have the highest regard for truthful statement, it often is the last. Most of this is due to well-meaning writers simply repeating the untrue views of former authors, who in turn did the same.

"Although modern critical scholarship, with its amazing facilities at separating truth from falsity, has been applied effectively in most areas of thought, in so far as the decisive majority of Christians is concerned there is still a moratorium on real scholarship when it comes to the Scriptures. All too often the Bible is used to prove creeds and theological positions, rather than as a guide to follow in pursuing the spiritual life.

"The result is that there are still abroad a multitude of misconceptions regarding the Bible. Being saturated with conventional views, most people have an uncanny tendency to read the Bible without seeing what is there. The usual conservative is blind to the progressive and liberal spirit in many parts of the Bible. The liberal is also blind. Taking for granted that it is a book of conservatism, he usually forfeits it to reactionary types of religion."

What is the Bible? (page 5)

ROLAND EMERSON WOLFE; Harkness Professor of Biblical Literature Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio, USA, 1963

^{2.} The above quotation pertaining to the Scripture of another religion which we, as Muslims, revere, is given here only to raise the question as to how far these observations apply to the present day understanding of our own Scripture also.

3. The Qur'an Today . . .

"THE QUR'AN is read parrot-like in most Muslim homes. It is explained in every mosque from week to week. Its language is employed in every daily prayer. But the sense of the word read, recited or explained is not always the original Quranic sense. It is the sense given to it primarily in the times of the Ummayyids and the Abbasids, in the middle ages...

"The religion that passes for Islam today—the Islam of the masses and of the ruling classes in every Muslim country—is the Islam of the Middle Ages and not exactly the Islam of the Qur'an or the Prophet. Its outward form is there, however dishevelled, but the spirit in essential respects is un-Quranic.

"The lines of thought laid down a thousand years ago have vitiated the entire course of Muslim thought and history... It is this legacy of the past that has to be faced today...

"Even as in the field of Hadith, there is now a great need for scientific research in the field of interpretation of the Quranic phraseology as well, and for distinguishing between the merely incidental and the abiding directions of the Qur'an."

The Mind that Al-Qur'an Builds (pp. 5 and 6) by SYED ABDUL LATEEF;
President, Academy of Islamic Studies, Hyderabad.
Author of The Concept of Society in Islam
Muslim Culture in India
The Basic Concepts of Islam

Published by the Academy of Islamic Studies, Hyderabad, 1952

His translation into English, 1968, constitutes the 17th in the series of translations which we have quoted in Books I and II.

PROLOGUE

This is a perspective presentation of the Qur'an representing thirty years of rewarding endeavour. It was begun under the guidance of an earlier translator of the Qur'an into English, one learned in both Arabic and Sanskrit, Mirza Abul Fazl, who died in 1956.

It is designed for publication in two volumes each independent of, and yet supplementary to, the other. This is the first volume; when the other will be published, or whether it will be published at all, will depend upon the reception that this one meets from the layman, the student and the scholar.

The aim of this first volume is to introduce the reader to the entire text of the Qur'an in a manner that will enable him to obtain a perspective view of what the Scripture consists of, and to instil in him a desire to study it in greater detail so that he may perceive more and more clearly its sublime qualities of truth and beauty. To achieve these aims the following simple procedures have been adopted:

The Five Books

As shown on the page of contents, the 114 Suras of the Qur'an have been here grouped into five Books the titles ascribed to which will become more and more meaningful as one proceeds in this perspective presentation. The details of the process adopted for this perspective placement of Suras, and the resultant sequence of all the 114 Suras, are shown in Appendixes A 1 and A 2 respectively. These, together, will show how the new placement is based not on individual preference but upon the consensus of several earlier attempts in this direction.

2 The 600 Sections

Serialization of the text by numbering of pages has been substituted here by a continuous numbering of Sections which correspond more or less to the subdivisions of the Suras, known as ruku', which are more conspicuous in the Quranic editions published in India. In the traditional presentation of the Qur'an several early Suras consist of only one ruku'; Sura Baqarah contains 40 of them; their total number in the Qur'an is rarely noticed. We have increased their present number, 558, to a round figure of 600, and, as indicated in the page of contents, adjusted them in Books II to V in such a manner as to give them not only a serial as well as a reference value but also a perspective value.

3 Sura Titles

The Arabic titles of the 114 Suras, sanctified by time and usage, have been kept intact, and their translation into English has been deliberately eschewed. These Sura titles, no matter what their origin or purpose, have assumed the role of proper names and have therefore shed their lexicographical meaning. The proper name Carpenter does not mean 'carpenter' in the dictionary meaning of that word; it is therefore not strange to find that the Sura entitled *Ibrahim*, for example, has very little mention of the Prophet Abraham; nor is the Sura entitled *Al-Baqarah* an elucidation of the difference between bull, cow, heifer and calf, all of which are included in the lexicographical meaning of that Arabic word.

The original purpose of these titles, based on some word or name occurring in each Sura, was to serve as appropriate references to well-remembered passages; but the importance of these Sura names has been considerably reduced in our own times when Suras are better referred to by their traditional sequence numbers. The Arabic Sura titles, therefore, now serve only as marks of distinction. Besides, the grouping of the Suras into five Books, each with a meaningful title, has more than made up for the diminution of the reference value of Sura names.

4 Light and Heavy Type

A perspective of another kind also has been provided by the provision of light and heavy type to emphasize the more distinctive verses. A beginner may thereby limit his attention to only the emphasized passages in his first reading and leave the others to a later perusal if and when his interest is sufficiently aroused.

5 Intervening Passages

It is generally admitted that, in addition to the Meccan Suras and Medinan Suras being intermingled in the traditional sequence of Suras, some Meccan verses are to be found within the Medinan Suras and, likewise, some verses revealed in Medina are to be found in the earlier Meccan Suras. While there are some obvious examples of such instances, their frequency is by no means such as to weaken the sequential authenticity of the entire Scripture. An attempt has, therefore, been made to indicate such examples by providing star-lines above and below such intervening passages. Contrary to the general impression, such instances are only few and far apart. This delimitation, however, has had the unexpected result of making several passages of the translation more connected and intelligible.

The adoption of the five simple procedures explained above has, no doubt, reduced the need of notes and comments generally added by the translators. Such additions tend to make a translation heavy for the ordinary reader, and the volume becomes bulky. Nonetheless, for those who are interested in going more deeply into the meanings of the Qur'an, or the beauties of its rhythm and diction, a detailed commentary is indispensable. To quote from an earlier publication:

"The Qur'an does not readily reveal its intrinsic beauties to the passive aspirants of its grace. Only those who seek shall find, and even they shall find only to the extent that they seek."

It is only such people—those who seek—who will be disappointed in not having Volume II available to them immediately. Such seekers, no doubt, will be few, and yet, perhaps, their number will justify an early publication of that volume also. Such a detailed Commentary, with index and several analytical tables, is ready in typescript and only a careful revision is needed for sending it to the Press. But its publication at this stage has to be withheld for the simple reason that it might divert attention from the essentials, and disperse it over minor, or unnecessary, details. And that would defeat the very purpose underlying this whole endeavour—the providing of a perspective.

It is in view of this basic consideration that this Volume I of The Message of the Qur'an has to appear with only the brief *Interludes* and the *Epilogue*. Even these, it must be emphasized are not essential features of this presentation. They submit only an individual viewpoint and the conservatively inclined are welcome to ignore them altogether.

In the Prologue of The Student's Qur'an: An Introduction, published ten years ago, I had invited cooperation:

"The days when individuals accomplished Herculean tasks all by themselves are over. The niceties and techniques of writing today, especially in a field such as this, are so exacting that no individual can succeed without the help of several others. And the purpose behind the publication of this small volume is just to invite such help..."

The only response I got to this invitation was the following comment published in the Islamic Review (Woking) in its issue of January-February 1962:

"...It is to be hoped that the author will go ahead with carrying through

the whole of his translation and exposition without waiting for the comments of his readers. He seems to be giving too much credit to the modern mind to expect a response on any large scale."

If a panel of even a dozen liberal Muslim scholars had been established to introduce the Qur'an through an adequate commentary, to the present disturbed generation, this presentation might not have been necessary. It is only because giants have feared to enter the arena that this foolish human has braved the lions.

Still, may he, who helps in this task, be blessed. May I, where I have trangressed in my ignorance, be forgiven.

HYDERABAD, INDIA.

HASHIM AMIR-ALI

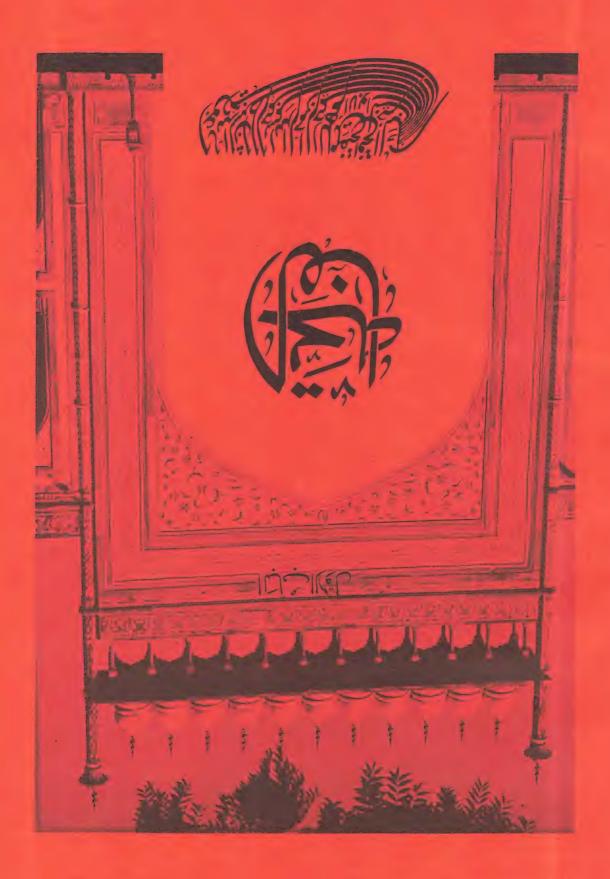
Postscript:

"Finally, I have a request to make the reader. Do not be upset at any particular passage when you come across it for the first time. It is only human nature to react adversely to anything new; such reactions are Nature's mechanism for the preservation of what exists. But change and evolution too are inherent in God's creation

Old order changeth giving place to new And God fulfils Himself in many ways, Lest one good custom should corrupt the world

Therefore, read through the few pages of this small volume curbing your first reactions and not making any notes. And then, when reading it for the second time, certainly make notes and let me know of the words or lines or passages that still displease you and which you would like to see altered in a second edition if there is one. But when you write, and I pray you will, do not, please, forget to mention that the criticism or suggestions are the outcome of a second reading; otherwise, as you will readily agree, criticism born of the initial reactions is hardly deserving of serious consideration."

From the Prologue of The Student's Qur'an: An Introduction



BOOK ONE

THE PORTAL

O THOU

who art man's Refuge from all evil!

O THOU

whom some call Allah.
some Rahman, some Rahim!

O THOU

who dost throw wide open the doors to all who knock!

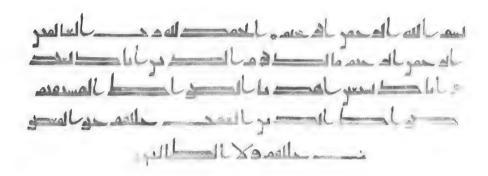
OPEN THOU TO US. O LORD OF ALL. THE FINEST OF THY DOORS

Contents:

Sura Fatihah in Kufic script English Rendering Notes on Sura:

- 1. The Exordium
- 2. Importance of Sura Fatihah
- 3. Earlier Translations
- 4. Mirza Abul Fazl's Commentary

Border inscription on title page: T.S. 89 Sura Fajr—Sec. 29



In the name of Allah the Rahman the Rahim

TO COMMAND is for ALLAH alone:

The Nourisher of all communities!

(HE whom some call)

THE RAHMAN

(some)

THE RAHIM!

The final ARBITER of all reckonings!

THEE alone would we serve.

THEE alone we pray for help:

GUIDE US THOU ON THE CORRECT PATH!

The path of those whom Thou dost bless, those who do not Thee displease, those who do not go astray...



NOTES ON SURA FATIHAH

1. The Exordium

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

The above exordium to this opening Sura is one which is found at the head of all but one of the 114 Suras of the Qur'an. Before we comment on the contents of the Sura itself, therefore, we shall present the meaning and significance of this talismanic opening, as we see them, by quoting in extenso from an earlier publication:³



'In the name of God, the Beneficent, the Merciful.' That is the popular and literal translation of the above formula with which the Suras of the Qur'an begin.

Quranic commentary is not unanimous as to whether this prescribed exordium is itself a part of the Divine revelation or whether it has been enjoined by the Prophet as a prelude to the recitation of the Divine messages. In any case this invariable opening is rightly regarded as a scintillating diadem worthy of an honoured place above every setting of Quranic gems.

Much has been written on the significance of each word in this brief opening. A great deal has been read even in the first letter of the alphabet with which it begins and the breadth of meaning which the words Rahman and Rahim cover in describing the attributes of Divinity have been explained copiously in numerous commentaries.

While the serious Muslim student will find much about this formula in these commentaries worthy of thought and study, the following aspect of this prelude is likely to appeal particularly to the seekers after universalism:

Allah was the word for the Supreme Deity among the Arabs even before Muhammad. The fact that his own father's name was 'Abdullah suffices to confirm this. In other words, the pagan Arabs too believed in the existence of a Supreme Being: but they did not believe in Him exclusively; they recognized other minor deities as well. The basic emphasis of the Qur'an was the negation of this shirk, this dilution of Divine Supremity by the association of others with it.

La ilaha il ALLAH

'No deity is there except THE DEITY'. That was the great proclamation.

But if that was all that the Qur'an wanted to emphasize, it would have been sufficient to limit the exordium to *Bismillah*—In the name of THE DEITY. Why were the words, *Rahman* and *Rahim* added?

It is true that these words, literally meaning 'the Beneficent, the Merciful' are the attributes of the Supreme Deity; but the Supreme Deity or Allah, has many other attributes as well. No less than ninety-nine of them are believed to be mentioned in the Qur'an. Why then are these two, which are almost synonymous, given so much prominence almost at the risk of redundance? Surely His One-ness is given even more prominence in the rest of the Qur'an.

One explanation is that, apart from being

^{3.} The Student's Quran; An Introduction



attributes of Allah, these words, Rahman and Rahim were also names of the Supreme Deity used by the Nestorian Christians and the Jews respectively. There is specific evidence with regard to Rahman, and the frequent mention of 'The Most Merciful' in the Jewish prayers even of today makes it reasonable to assume that this title is a translation of Rahim.

In other words, while La ilaha il Allah, 'No deity is there except THE DEITY' negates the pagan association of minor deities, Bismillah ir Rahman ir Rahim affirms the exclusive recognition of the Supreme Being by the other Monotheistic religions as well. In this sense its meaning could be expanded to mean:

In the name of Allah,

(the Supreme Deity of the Arabs
who is known as)
the Rahman,
(by the Christians, and as)
the Rahim
(by the Jews).

Dozens of verses in the Qur'an confirm this attitude of recognizing the monotheism of the Christians and the Jews even when the contemporary devotees of these two great religions are condemned for their deviation from the basic tenets common to all.

There is one further hypothesis regarding this opening formula which a student has to note with some diffidence. The Zoroastrian exordium,

Ba nam e Izad, Bakhshainda, Bakhshaishgar, Mehrban corresponds so closely with

Bismillah ir Rahman ir Rahim that one can be taken to be an exact rendering of the other. 4

While the question of which is an adaptation of the other presents a problem for deeper and more extensive research, a liberal universalism will find the Islamic formula, Bismillah ir Rahman ir Rahim, no less sublime even if there is a possibility of its form having been adapted from a Zoroastrian model. In fact it would become even more significant as recognizing the basic validity not only of Judaism and Christianity but of Zoroastrianism as well.

Does not one find the following verse in the Our'an?

"Lo! those who believe (in that which is revealed to thee, Muhammad), and those who are Jews and Christians and Sabeans—whoever believeth in Allah and the Last Day and doeth right—surely their reward is with their Lord, and there shall no fear come upon them, neither shall they grieve."

(Pickthall's translation, II: 62)

The point to be noticed in all this is the catholicity of the Qur'an. It denies the authenticity of no religion. On the contrary, it recognizes that its own basic truth—the Supremity of THE ONE and the brotherhood of mankind—are the bases of all religions. What it condemns, and condemns severely, are the accretions, the dilutions of these basic principles, the deviations from this simple discipline. On the basis of these first two fundamental truths its teaching incorporates all the religions known to the Arabs into a universal creed for all men to follow.

If the Qur'an accepted the basic monotheism of Judaism and Christianity, what prevented it from recognizing such a principle in the sublime references to THE ONE recorded so frequently in the more distant religions such as that of Vedic India for example? Do not the following two among innumerable such instances, reflect the message of the Qur'an itself?

"The wise call THE ONE by many names."
(Rig Veda 1: 164: 46)

"Not of HIM is there any master in the World Nor Ruler, and verily, of HIM there is no sign. He is the Cause,

the Creator of all physical lords,

And of HIM there is neither progenitor nor lord. (Swetasvataropanishad, vi : 9

One of several similar inscriptions in the Temple at the Banaras Hindu University. Also in Sacred Books of the East, Vol. XV Part II p. 263).

But we must remember that the acceptance of even the word *Rahman* had been objected to by the Arabs. To quote the Qur'an itself, *Qalu wa ma ar Rahman*. They say, 'And who is this Rahman?' (XXV: 60). Would they then have accepted the



^{4.} See Sale's Preliminary Discourse p. 100

names of THE ONE used by more distant religions? The hymns and prayers of Vedic India were beyond their ken. Would they have reconciled themselves, for example, to *Bhagwan* or *Ishwar*—the names used for THE ONE in the Hindu scriptures?

Evidently not: but would it be apostasy for a Muslim of the twentieth century to ask whether it would be heresy to think of the formula, Bismillah ir Rahman ir Rahim as covering the concept of Bhagwan in addition to those of Rahim and Rahman?

One last question: Does not the history of the past thirteen hundred years point out that, while violence and conquests by kings and generals in the name of Islam have left only legacies of dormant antagonisms among the conquered peoples, and while the blind acceptance demanded

by extreme orthodoxy has tended to repel the intellectuals among all peoples, it is this pacific and logical recognition of the essence of truth in all religions, apparently so characteristic of the interpretation of the Qur'an by the Sufis and other Muslim saints, that has brought millions in Africa and Europe and Asia to the fold of Islam and contributed so much to peace and goodwill among mankind?

These are questions for people who think—li qaumin yatafakkirun—to keep closely in mind. And, verily this scriptural diadem,

In the Name of Allah, the Rahman, the Rahim

is an indispensable prelude when reading any and every passage of the Qur'an.



2. The Importance of the Sura Fatihah

The foregoing English rendering of the invocation, known as the Sura Fatihah or Al-Fatihah, reminds one faintly of the Lord's Prayer (Math. vi: 9-13).⁵ In the original Arabic the form and content of this Sura are palpably exalted and inspiring; due to its euphonious sound pattern its recital is an elevating experience even to those who understand its meaning, vaguely. Placed at the grand portal of the Qur'an, the Sura occupies a pre-eminent place in Islamic history, ritual and culture.

This Sura constitutes the essence of the five daily prayers. When barely out of its infancy a child born of Muslim parents is made to learn it by heart as a preparation for the worship which he or she will have to offer daily on reaching maturity. It has been reverberating incessantly in Muslim countries the world over for more than a thousand years.

It consists of six or, at most, seven, brief verses, and yet whole volumes have been written as its commentary. Abul Kalam Azad, the well known scholar-statesman of modern India (d. 1958), in his uncompleted two-volume commentary of the Qur'an in Urdu, 6 has devoted most of the first volume to the exposition of this one brief Sura.

The very first prayer of the Qur'an
 ihdinas sirat al mustaqim
 meaning 'Lead us on the straight path'
 means exactly the same as
 Agne naya supatha
 of the Rig Veda.

(Sundarlal: Gita and the Qur'an, Translated into English by Syed Asadullah, Hyderabad 1957)

 Translated by Syed Abdul Lateef and published under the title of *Tarjumanul Qur'an* by the Sahitya Akademi and Asia Publishing House, Bombay, 1962. Mirza Abul Fazl's translation of the Quranic text went into three editions during his own lifetime (1910, 1916, 1955); but the only commentary of his that was ever published covered an analysis of only this one Sura. In a book of less than a hundred pages he gave no less than 131 references to other verses of the Qur'an in explaining the comprehensiveness of its few verses which synthesize the essence of Quranic teaching and its aspirations. A summary of this Commentary in English is presented at the end of this Book I.

It is this pre-eminent place of the Sura in the Qur'an, as well as its extraordinary importance in Islamic lore that has impelled us to devote this opening BOOK I exclusively to the study of this one brief Sura. There can be no better introduction for the initiate in approaching the universal treasure that lies in the Qur'an.

Some see in this Sura only an opening portal, a sacred threshold, to Divine teaching. Others have found it to be an inspired human prayer asking for guidance while the rest of the Qur'an is the Divine communion in response to the human prayer.

The late Ajmal Khan of Delhi (d. 1970), in his excellent chronological analysis of the Quranic Suras⁸ tells us that Ibn Mas'ud, who was a young man at the time of the Prophet's demise, and who was later associated with the compilation of the Qur'an, did not include this Sura among the Divine revelations.

He also tells us that Ibn Nadim, (d. 385 A.H.), the earliest bibliographer of Islam, has recorded on the authority going back to Ibn 'Abbas, that this Sura was revealed in two instalments. The first part, which is complete in itself, was revealed

^{8.} Tartib e Nuzul e Qur'an e Majid, Delhi, 1943. pp. 100.



^{7. &#}x27;Ibadat Aur Uski Ghayat: Tafsir Sura Fatihah Urdu, Allahabad, pp. 84.

in the early Meccan period when congregational prayer had been introduced, and the other part thirteen years later at Medina. This latter view is supported by several others in their comments on Sura Hijir wherein the Arabic words, sab'an minal mathani wal Qur'an al 'adim (See Sec. 292: 87) are taken to prove

- (a) that 'the seven verses' had been revealed in two portions, or, at least, on two occasions, and
- (b) that these 'seven verses' constituted a distinct entity apart from the rest of the Qur'an.

Internal evidence within the Sura itself lends credence to these views. This Sura alone is couched

in the language of an invocation being offered by man, the infinitesimal in creation, to the Lord of the Infinite; the rest of the Qur'an, on the other hand, consists of communications by the Indefinable to the infinitesimal creature through one of its own kind. It is not preceded by the word, Qul, 'Say', as are the prayers to be found in several other passages of the Qur'an.

Nonetheless, this Sura too has come to us through the same source as the rest of the Qur'an. The nature of the prayer which it embodies is so palpably universal and inspired that it has constituted the quintessence of the Qur'an since the earliest stages of its revelation.

*



3. Earlier Translations of the Our'an into English

It must be noted at the very beginning of this section that the most formidable difficulty in the very process of translation is that even simple nursery rhymes of one language tend to become parodies when transferred to another. This difficulty is enhanced a thousandfold today when an attempt is made to render a sacred Scripture, couched in a sixth century parlance of the desert, into a twentieth century lingua franca of airconditioned universities. Therefore, no single rendering can, by itself, hope to do justice to the task of adequate communication. An initiate can hope to reach near to the essence of the original meaning only through referring to several different renderings of the same passages.

Fortunately, the brevity of the Sura Fatihah provides an excellent opportunity of presenting just such a comparative study for its proper appreciation. Such an analysis can also provide, at least in this case, a chronological view of the several translations that have preceded the present attempt to understand the message of the Qur'an.

These attempts at translation extend back to more than 300 years. Alexander Ross produced the first English translation of the complete Quranic text from Du Ryer's French translation as far back as 1649. After an interval of 85 years George Sale's translation from the original appeared in 1734 and remained the only readily available translation of the Our'an for 127 years. It went into at least 17 editions in England and America. Then in 1861, came Rodwell's rendering into poetic prose. This was also the first attempt to give to the 114 Suras an assumed chronological sequence. But. partly under the compulsions of tradition, and partly by choice, very few of the Suras retained their former close relation to the preceding and following Suras in the arrangement proposed by him.

Fifty years later came Mirza Abul Fazl who was the first Muslim to present a translation of the Qur'an into English along with the original Arabic text. The use of Arabic metal type, instead of litho, was a further improvement. He adopted Noeldeke's suggested chronological sequence which, however, differed but little from that of Rodwell.

During the succeeding sixty years translations of the Qur'an into different languages of the East and the West have rapidly multiplied. As far as the English language was concerned, Abul Fazl's was the sixth in three centuries; double that number have appeared during the intervening six decades. The last one so far available is that of Sir Zafarullah Khan, a member of the International Court of Justice at the Hague and sometimes its Chairman. These 18 translations have been listed below in their chronological order:

1. Alexander Ross	1649
2. George Sale	1734
3. J.M. Rodwell	1861
4. E.H. Palmer	1880
Abdul Hakim	1905
6. Mirza Abul Fazl	1910
7. Muhammad Ali	1917
8. Ghulam Sarwar	1929
9. M. Pickthall	1930
10. Abdullah Yusuf Ali	1934
11. Richard Bell	1937
12. A.J. Arberry	1955
13. Sher Ali	1955
14. N.J. Dawood	1956
15. Abdul Majid Daryabadi	1957
16. Mir Ahmed Ali	1964
17. Syed Abdul Lateef	1968
Zafarullah Khan	1971

The next few pages provide samples of each of these 18 endeavours. They have been incorporated in this volume with the bonafide intention of presenting the meaning of the text through a multiplicity of translations. If any copyrights have been





1. Ross : In the Name of God, gracious, and merciful.

2. SALE : IN THE NAME OF THE MOST MERCIFUL GOD.

3. RODWELL : In the Name of God, the Compassionate, the Merciful.

4. E. PALMER: In the name of the merciful and compassionate God.

5. A. HAKIM: By the name of Allah, the All-providing and the most Merciful God.

6. ABUL FAZL: In the name of God, the Merciful, the Compassionate.

7. M. ALI : In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

8. G. SARWAR: (We commence) with the name of God

The most Merciful (to begin with), The most Merciful (to the end).

9. PICKTHALL: In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

10. Y. Ali : In the name of God, Most Gracious, most Merciful.

11. Bell : In the Name of Allah, the Merciful, the Compassionate.

12. Arberry : In the Name of God, the Merciful, the Compassionate.

13. SHER ALI : In the name of Allah, the Gracious, the Merciful.

14. DAWOOD : In the Name of Allah, the Compassionate, the Merciful.

15. A. MAJID: In the name of Allah, the Compassionate, the Merciful.

16. AHMED ALI: In the name of God, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

17. A. LATEEF : In the name of God, the Compassionate, the Merciful.

18. Z. KHAN: In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Ever Merciful.





1. Ross : Praised be God,

2. SALE : Praise be to GOD the LORD of all creatures;

3. RODWELL : Praise be to God, Lord of the worlds!

4. PALMER : Praise belongs to God the Lord of the worlds,

5. A. HAKIM: All the praises are for Allah, The Lord of all creatures,

6. A. FAZL: Praise to God, Lord of the worlds!

7. M. ALI : (All) Praise is due to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds.

8. G. SARWAR: All praise belongs to God, Lord of all the worlds

9. PICKTHALL: Praise be to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds

10. Y. All : Praise be to God, the Cherisher and Sustainer of the Worlds;

11. BELL : Praise belongs to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds

12. ARBERRY: Praise belongs to God, the Lord of all Being.

13. SHER ALI: All praise belongs to Allah, Lord of all the worlds,

14. DAWOOD : Praise be to Allah, Lord of the Creation,

15. A. MAJID: All praise unto Allah, Lord of all the worlds

16. AHMED ALI: (All) praise is (only) God's, the Lord of the Worlds,

17. A. LATEEF: Absolute praise is for God only, the Lord of all domains of existence.

18. Z. KHAN : All types of perfect praise belong to Allah alone, the Lord of all the worlds.



مَالِكِ يَوْمِ لِلَّذِينَ

1. Ross : King of the Day of Judgment

2. SALE : The king of the day of judgment

3. RODWELL: King on the day of reckoning

4. PALMER : The ruler of the day of judgment

5. A. HAKIM: And the master of the day of judgment.

6. A. FAZL : King on the day of Judgment

7. M. ALI : Master of the day of requital

8. G. SARWAR: Master of the day of Judgment

9. PICKTHALL: Owner of the Day of Judgment

10. Y. ALI : Master of the Day of Judgment

11. BELL : Wielder of the Day of Judgment

12. ARBERRY : The Master of the Day of Doom

13. SHER ALI : Master of the Day of Judgment

14. DAWOOD : King of Judgment day!

15. A. MAJID : Sovereign of the Day of Requital

16. AHMED ALI: Master of the Day of Judgment

17. A. LATEEF: Master on the Day of Recompense

18. Z. KHAN : Master of the Day of Judgment





1. Ross : Gracious Merciful

2. SALE : The most merciful

3. RODWELL : The Compassionate, the Merciful!

4. PALMER : The Merciful, the Compassionate

5. A. HAKIM: The all-providing, the most merciful

6. A. FAZL : Merciful, Compassionate!

7. M. ALI : The Beneficent, the Merciful

8. G. SARWAR: The most Merciful (to begin with)

The most Merciful (to the end).

9. PICKTHALL : The Beneficent, the Merciful

10. Y. ALI : Most Gracious, Most Merciful

11. Bell : The Merciful, the Compassionate

12. ARBERRY : The All-Merciful, the All-Compassionate

13. SHER ALI : The Gracious, the Merciful

14. DAWOOD : The Compassionate, the Merciful,

15. A. MAJID : The Compassionate, the Merciful,

16. AHMED ALI: The Beneficent, the Merciful,

17. A. LATEEF : The Compassionate, the Merciful,

18. Z. KHAN : Most Gracious, Ever Merciful,





1. Ross : It is thee whom we adore; it is from thee we require help,

2. SALE : Thee do we worship, and of thee do we beg assistance.

3. RODWELL: Thee only do we worship, and to Thee do we cry for help.

4. PALMER : Thee do we serve and Thee we ask for aid.

5. A. HAKIM: Thee do we worship and of Thee do we beg assistance.

6. A. FAZL : Thee we worship, and Thee we ask for help

7. M. All : Thee do we serve and Thee do we beseech for help

8. G. SARWAR: Thee alone do we serve, And Thee alone do we ask for help

9. PICKTHALL: Thee (alone) we worship; Thee (alone) we ask for help

10. Y. All: Thee do we worship, And Thine aid we seek

11. Bell : Thee do we serve, and on Thee do we call for help

12. ARBERRY : Thee only we serve; to Thee alone do we pray for succour

13. SHER ALI: Thee alone do we worship and Thee alone do we implore for help.

14. DAWOOD : You alone we worship and to You alone we pray for help.

15. A. MAJID: Thee alone do we worship, and of Thee alone we seek help

16. AHMED ALI: Thee (alone) worship we and of Thee (only) we seek help

17. A. LATEEF: Thee only do we serve and Thee only do we ask for help.

18. Z. KHAN: Thee alone do we worship and Thee alone do we implore for help.



الهناالصلطالمسنعيم

1. Ross : Guide us in the right way,

2. SALE : Direct us in the right way,

3. RODWELL : Guide THOU us on the straight path,

4. PALMER : Guide us in the right path

5. A. HAKIM: Direct us in the right path

6. A. FAZL : Guide us on the straight path—

7. M. ALI : Guide us on the right path

8. G. SARWAR: Guide us on the Right Path

9. PICKTHALL: Show us the straight path,

10. Y. ALI : Show us the straight way,

11. Bell : Guide us (sic) the straight path—

12. ARBERRY : Guide us in the straight path,

13. SHER ALI: Guide us in the right path—

14. DAWOOD : Guide us to the straight path,

15. A. MAJID : Guide us Thou on to the path straight-

16. AHMED ALI: Guide us (O Lord) on the Right path,

17. A. LATEEF : Lead us on to the straight path-

18. Z. KHAN : Guide us along the straight path—





1. Ross : in the way of them that thou hast gratified;

2. SALE : in the way of those to whom thou hast been gracious;

3. RODWELL: The path of those to whom Thou hast been gracious:

4. PALMER : the path of those Thou art gracious to;

5. A. HAKIM: in the path of those upon whom Thou hast been gracious,

6. A. FAZL : The path of those Thou art gracious to,

7. M. ALI : The path of those upon whom Thou has bestowed favours,

8. G. SARWAR: The path of those upon whom be Thy blessings,

9. PICKTHALL: The path of those whom Thou hast favoured;

10. Y. All: The way of those on whom Thou hast bestowed Thy Grace,

11. BELL : The path of those upon whom Thou hast bestowed good,

12. ARBERRY: The path of those whom Thou hast blessed,

13. SHER ALI: The path of those on whom Thou hast bestowed Thy blessings,

14. DAWOOD : The path of those whom you have favoured.

15. A. MAJID: The path of those Thou hast favoured.

16. AHMED ALI: The path of those upon whom Thou hast bestowed Thy bounties,

17. A. LATEEF: The path of those whom Thou hast blest—

18. Z. KHAN : the path of those on whom Thou hast bestowed Thy favours,



غَبْرِلْلْجَضُونِ عَلَيْهُ فِعُ ٱلضَّالِينَ

1. Ross : against whom thou hast not been displeased,

and we shall not be misled.

2. SALE : not of those against whom thou art incensed,

nor of those who go astray.

3. RODWELL : -with whom thou art not angry,

and who go not astray,

4. PALMER : not of those Thou art wroth with;

nor of those who err.

5. A. HAKIM: not of those who are the objects of Thy wrath,

nor of those who go astray.

6. A. FAZL : with whom Thou art not angry,

and such as go not astray!

7. M ALI : Not those upon whom wrath is brought down,

nor those who go astray.

8. G. SARWAR: Not of those upon whom be (Thy) wrath,

Nor of those who go astray.

9. PICKTHALL: Not the (path) of those who earn Thine anger,

nor of those who go astray.

10. Y. ALI : Those whose (portion) is not wrath,

and who go not astray.

11. Bell : Not (that) of those upon whom anger falls,

or those who go astray.

12. Arberry : not of those against whom Thou art wrathful,

nor of those who go astray.

13. SHER ALI: those who have not incurred Thy displeasure,

and those who have not gone astray.

14. DAWOOD : Not of those who have incurred Your wrath,

Nor of those who have gone astray.

15. A. MAJID: Not of those on whom is indignation brought down,

nor of the astray.

.16. AHMED ALI: not (the path) of those inflicted with Thy wrath,

nor (of those) gone astray.

17. A. LATEEF : (Of those) who have never incurred thy displeasure,

and have never gone astray.

18. Z. KHAN: those who have not incurred Thy displeasure,

and those who have not gone astray.



infringed in this, or in any other feature of this work, and are brought to our notice, we shall be glad to apologize and make amends by giving the necessary references in the next edition of this humble endeavour.

The purpose of introducing the reader to these 18 earlier translations of the Qur'an into English is also to interrelate the limitations of the present humble venture with those of its predecessors. This compiler does not by any means claim infallibility. If the renderings of any words or passages do not appeal to the discerning reader all that is requested of him is that such renderings be not set aside peremptorily and without referring to one or more of these 18 earlier translations made by persons whose authority and integrity the reader accepts more readily. If, after such comparison, he finds the rendering here to be quite unjustified, he may certainly discard my rendering. In such cases it is hoped that he will charitably treat my rendering as a human error and pray to the Almighty to forgive the perpetrator for any misinterpretation of the Divine words.

But the reader may also please remember that such errors, and even those of English grammar and syntax, will not very much lessen the intrinsic value of this work, nor defeat the purpose of the many years of labour spent on it.

Throughout this long and arduous venture the MAIN PURPOSE OF THIS WORK HAS BEEN TO PROVIDE THAT PERSPECTIVE SEQUENCE OF TEXT WITHOUT WHICH, THIS COMPLIER BELIEVES, THE QUR'AN CANNOT ONLY BE MORE OR LESS UNINTELLIGIBLE BUT HAS ACTUALLY LED TO INFINITE MYSTIFICATION AND BIBLIOMANCY. IT HAS IMPELLED INDIVIDUAL AND ARBITRARY RATIONALIZATION RATHER THAN THE COMPULSIONS OF DEDUCTIVE LOGIC AND OBJECTIVE REASONING.

If this *Message of the Qur'an* succeeds in this one objective and makes the reading of an English translation easier, more comprehensible and inspiring, I shall forgive myself all the errors of translation, interpretation, grammar, syntax and even typographical errors that might still lurk despite all efforts to eliminate them.



4. CONDENSED TRANSLATION OF MIRZA ABUL FAZL'S

COMMENTARY ON SURA AL-FATIHAH

I BISMILLAHIR RAHMAN IR RAHIM

a) B'ISM: B: in

ISM: name:

in the name of at the bidding of, on the authority of, by order of,

TATE AS AS

b) ALLAH: AL: the

LAH: Hidden Great Supreme Unknowable Unknown

Some say that the root of *ilahun* was the indicative letter *hu*, meaning 'that'. The addition of 'la' made it *la hu*. Then *al* was added as an honorific and, by the omission of the ending *hu*, it began to be read as Allah. (*Itqan*, Suyuti, 1445–1505)

Or: abbreviation of

AL-ILAH The Deity
Only Deity
Real Deity

as opposed to a deity

c) AR-RAHMAN: AL: the

RAHIM: womb

AN: the possessor of:

The three parts together would mean:

That Being which, like a mother's womb, is the progenitor of all creation. That from which all creation has emanated. That Being whose mother-love is the sustainer and nourisher of the cosmos.

Life offers no substitute to man for the love of his mother. In different passages the Qur'an extols motherhood:

155:14;193:6

The feminine is given a high place of honour in the Qur'an. It is in fact shown as the vehicle in the creation of the universe:

461:1

Recorded is a saying of the Prophet:

"Heaven lies at the feet of the mother."

In short, woman has been presented as one of the chief instruments for the welfare of humanity because it is at her feet that men achieve a myriad blessings in this world and the hereafter. Histories of the world bear evidence that it is the attitudes imparted by the mothers that have shaped the destinies of both heroes and geniuses. In what is known as a hadith qudsi, a 'celestial tradition,' there is a play on the derivatives of the word rahim, meaning 'womb.' Allah says:

I am the rahman (the Master of the womb) thou art rahim (the womb itself).

I have associated thy name with Mine, so that him who cherishes thee I shall cherish, and him who spurneth thee I shall spurn!

In another *hadith* the Prophet has said:
"The womb of the mother is a manifestation of Allah Himself!"

d) AR-RAHIM: AL: the RAHIM: womb

That which possesses the qualities of the womb; the source of mother-love.

Among the names of Allah is al-Muhaiman which stands for the mother-bird that protects its young in its own feathers. Another name is al-Wadud, which means 'the loving one!'

38:14:258:90



II AL HAMDU LILLAHI RABB IL

'ALAMIN

a) AL-HAMD:

AL: the, all-HAMD: command

The meaning of the word hamd here is 'command'. In several other Quranic passages also, the word has the same meaning. In commenting on Sura Ra'd verse 13 and Sura Bani Israil verses 44 and 52, Ibne Abbas equates the words bi hamdihi with bi amrihi, so that alhamdu lillahi is best rendered as 'Befitting is all command to Allah', in the same way as lillahi al amru jami'a means 'All command is with Allah. (See also Sec. 278: 31)

b) RABB: one who nourishes with the love of both the father and the mother.

311 : 24

It is on the same basis that this word rabb has been used in the Qur'an for the elder brother.

488:24

Likewise, rabb has been used for 'master' or 'patron'.

263:23-4

c) 'ALAMIN: people, peoples, communities of mankind. It is in this sense that the word occurs frequently in the Qur'an.

407:47;416:122;451:107

Allah is the Nourisher and Sustainer of all peoples and communities alike. He is not the Patron of any one or some favoured communities only, as generally believed by all sectarians. Traditions testify to the fact that Arabs detested non-Arabs and this was the case of all the peoples with regard to other peoples. The claims of the Jews and the Christians are mentioned in the Quran. (See Sec. 487:18)

III AR RAHMAN AR RAHIM:

Identical with the renderings given earlier under the exordium, Bismillah ir Rahman ir Rahim.

Footnote: With all deference to the eighteen renderings, and without questioning the value of the semantic analysis of my revered teacher, given above, I submit that the nature and significance of these two words, Rahman and Rahim, as they appear to me, need to be examined.

Mirza Abul Fazl passed away in May 1956. As a duty owed to him I embarked on the task of making a translation of the Qur'an for myself in early 1957. Late that year, at the Second International Colloquim on Islamic Culture held at Lahore, I read a brief paper. It was to the effect that the words Rahman and Rahim were proper names of the Supreme Deity and were, therefore, hallowed with devotion and reverence. They did not lend themselves to be translated into common adjectives which have no reverential associations, or even understood as common nouns. It is this paper which was revised and included in the Student's Qur'an (1959) and also given here under the heading 1. The Exordium.



IV MALIK I YAOM ID DIN:

a) MALIK: Judge, Arbiter, Magistrate, Possessor of authority, Ruler, King, Owner.

433:26

b) YAOM: Day, Time, Age, Era, Aeon. an extensive period. The word covers all these meanings.

73:4:96:29:158:5:444:40

c) **DIN**: Reckoning, Dispensation, Recompense for good or evil, Judgment.

YAUM ID DIN: Time of reckoning.

Day of reckoning.

44:17-19 90:30-31 189: 27 369: 70

369 : 70 407 : 48

416: 123

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V IYYAKA NA'BUDU WA IYYAKA NASTA'IN

a) IYYAKA: haqiqathika (Zujjaj)
Thy Reality

b) NA'BUDU: we serve. we worship

IYYAKA NA'BUDU May we all render Thee real service; service worthy of Thee; not the service (worship) which we may regard as service (worship), not the service which the world may regard as worship, but the service which Thy greatness may accept as worship.

For an elaboration and definition of 'ibadar Rahman, the true servants or worshippers of God: 86:56-7; 108:63-74; 313:44; 547:41 560:72-3

What is this service. worthy of Him. which we could render? Obviously it is that for which we have been created. And the Qur'an indicates this purpose in Sura Balad, one of the earliest revelations.

See Sec. 27, 28

Paraphrased somewhat more elaborately than in the original, for purposes of easy understanding, it opens as follows:

Take, for example, this very land—and thou.

O Apostle, livest in its very midst—

Seeing its conditions thy heart burneth inwardly and thou dost suffer in silence. These people, who refrain from killing insects and wild animals, are thirsting for thy blood and have declared thy life as forfeit.

Take again, for example, the cruelty of the parents to their own offspring.

Had We really created Man for all this pain?

Had We not given him two eyes? And a tongue and two lips?

Had We not shown him the two paths?
Why then does he not choose the Upward Path?



But O, what shall make thee see what the Upward Path—the path of duty—is?!

It is to free one from a yoke, to help one on a day of adversity, an orphaned distant relative, or one who is a destitute. entirely forlorn.

Then to be among those who have faith, and leave behind examples of fortitude and mercy—

These are the people on the right path, these are the righteous!

In other words, man was not created to suffer pain—children were not born to be neglected, daughters to be done away with. If some with little sense, or urged by adverse circumstances, are cruel, it is the duty of others who have been endowed with judgment, and eyes to see and tongue and mouth to speak out, it is their duty to remonstrate and oppose oppression

The purpose for which man was made was to be an instrument of the Deity for eradicating evil and for relieving suffering. The Upward Path, the path of duty for him, therefore, is:

- i) to disburden all living beings from the yokes of oppression and suffering:
- ii) to free men from hunger, especially when the hungry are of one's own kith or kin, or when there is no one else to feed them:
- iii) to have faith, and never to lose courage;
- iv) to persevere thoughout life and then to leave behind a legacy of perseverence for future generations: and
- v) to love human beings throughout one's life.
 and to leave behind a legacy of such love for the coming generations.

It is the people who follow this path of duty, of worship, of service, who are, the Qur'an says, the people on the right path, the righteous.

The severest injunctions are given regarding the orphans and the destitutes, concern for them has been emphasized as an essential part of worship itself, and those who neglect them, and still claim to be religious, are pronounced to be those who make a travesty of religion itself:

13:1-7

More than one authentic *hadith* reports the Prophet's concern:

- Allah doth not show mercy to those who mercy do not show to mankind.
- ii) Allah showeth mercy to those who show mercy to men; be ye merciful on earth so that He may shower mercy from heaven.
- All mankind is the family of Allah; He is, therefore, considerate to those who are considerate to His family.
- c) NASTA'IN: we seek grace

INYYAKA NASTA'IN We ask for Thy especial grace; we expect grace worthy of Thee. Selfishly, foolishly, we often ask Thee for unworthy things; but it is beneath Thy greatness to indulge us in our vain desires.

141:2;310:11:424:186;427:214:598:11

What is known as a Celestial Hadith has been recorded:

My servant who believes in ME, who, in his striving to serve ME, reacheth near and still more near, to ME, he doth endear himself to ME.

And when he has endeared himself to ME:

I, MYSELF, become
the ears through which he hears,
the eyes through which he sees,
the hands with which he holds,
the tongue with which he speaks,
the feet with which he marches on . .



VI IHDINAS SIRAT AL MUSTAQIM

a) IHDINA: Guide us Thou.

The Qur'an, in different verses, enumerates those whom God guides.

217:13;278:27;487:16

Also those whom He does *not* guide. 193:3;204:28;297:37;383:30;436:258; 437:264;498:108;598:115

b) SIRAT: path, highway, road.

SIRAT AL MUSTAQIM Highway leading straight and in safety to the goal.

Such a highway is defined in the Qur'an.

226:64;335:36;450:101

Conduct and service which earns God's guidance is listed with about as much clarity as the Ten Commandments to Moses (Exodus:20).

379:151-3

VII SIRAT ALLAZINA AN'AMTA 'ALAIHIM

a) SIRAT ALLAZINA: The path of those

AN'AMTA 'ALAIHIM: Whom Thou hast blessed.

The key derivative in this entire clause is ni'mat which would be equivalent to 'blessings' in the above. But it also means rewards, favours and grace as well. Numerous verses in the Qur'an, enumerate different forms of blessings:

1. Possession of mental equilibrium, intelligence, perception:

88:29;184:100;235:23;398:179

2. Capacity for health and cleanliness: 429:222;486:6

3. Social cohesion and absence of discord: 380:159; 451:10; 510:14; 539:10; 576:46; 579:65-6

4. Protection against enmity and ill-will: 93:34-5;486:11

5. Protection from oppression:

281:6

6. Release from misery

78:49;493:65

7. Bestowal of knowledge

261:2;171:28

The Prophet is reported to have said: "Pursue ye knowledge even if you have to go to Chin." And the Qur'an itself enjoined him to pray for knowledge:

346:114

8. Spiritual and material leadership.

108 : 74; 123 : 19; 189 : 35; 406 : 40, 47; 416 : 122; 419 : 150–1; 468 : 54; 488 : 20; 577 : 52–3

9. Bestowal of not only relative but absolute favours.

427:211



10. Bestowal of goods and necessities.

307:114

11. Enjoyment of the gifts of heaven and earth.

10:15; 157:31; 221:10-13; 284; 32-4; 293:5-8:294:18

12. Freedom from fear of all but Allah.

Sec. 419:150

13. Bestowal of family and domestic comforts, wholesome birth and nurture, comforts of lodging in residence, and when travelling, seasonal clothing.

Secs. 302:72-8:303:80-1

14. Protection from sin and, therefore, from punishment.

183:57

15. Freedom from bondage and subjugation.

28:12-13470:75110:22474:97-98

Those who perceive these blessings are described as those who have hearts:

460:191

And these are the blessings which are bestowed on those who are blessed for having followed the correct path.

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GHAIRAL MAGHDUB I 'ALAIHIM

WA LAD DALLIN

- a) GHAIR AL: other than those
- b) MAGHDUB: objects of displeasure here earners of Allah's displeasure.

Who are the people for whom this word maghdub has been applied? Several passages of the Qur'an describe the different types that qualify for this designation:

1. Those who do not really believe in Allah: the cynics, the rejectors, the atheists, the scoffers, the apostates.

217:16:306:106.108:412:90

2. The avaricious.

344:81:407:60

Those who insist on upholding the faults of their fathers.

387:70-71

4. The gross, the vulgar, the deceitful.

493:60

5. Blasphemers and heretics.

535:6

6. Tormentors of the virtuous.

473:93:408:61

7. Those who flee from duty.

572:16

Therefore GHAIRAL MAGHZUB means those who have *not* earned the displeasure of Allah and are therefore excluded from all these categories.

c) DHALLIN:

 Those who have gone astray, lost their way in a sort of desert or are groping in utter darkness.

480 : 136



2. Those who associate other persons or things with the Divinity.

478:116

Those who plead for help from others than Allah.

562:12

4. Those who do not respond to the evidences of Allah.

240:32

- 5. Those who disobey Allah and His Apostle. 556:36
- 6. Those who prefer the transient present to

281:3

- 7. Those who have strayed back to unbelief. 414:108
- 8. Those who exaggerate and overstep the truth. 244:32
- Those who do not believe in the inevitability of consequences, i.e. recompensation for good or evil.

161:8;271:18

10. Those who are entirely absorbed in the moment.

283:18;332:103-5

11. The powerful who oppress.

94:47

12. The hard-of-heart, the obstinate.

195:22

13. Those who hinder men from faith.

483:167

14. Those who pretend to believe.

403:8-16

15. Those who exaggerate in goodness.

376:140

The essence of this commentary therefore may be summed up as follows:

The Deity is referred to as ALLAH

because He is a) Hidden b) High c) Great

Because He is hidden and un-knowable, we shall not associate anything that is manifest or knowable as part of Him.

Because He is High, we shall not associate anything that is mundane, low, with Him.

Because He is Great, we shall expect from Him only that which is worthy of His greatness.

Allah is the One Being who has created all the peoples, all the communities of the world, nay, every atom of creation, with the twin love of a mother and a father and is, therefore, known as the *Rabb*, the Nourisher, the Sustainer.

Since each one of us is an infinitesimal part of the Universe created by this One Being, who has not only created it but also sustains it with the twin love of father and mother, what should be the attitude of each one of us towards the rest of creation and particularly towards our fellow humans?

Because He is the Father and the Mother of us all it follows that we are all brothers and sisters.

Because Allah nourishes and sustains all the universe, every star and every atom, every community and individual with the combined love of a mother and a father—we too shall, therefore, wish evil to none. Instead, we shall help each to function and flourish and fulfil its respective role as freely as we ourselves claim the right to function and flourish and fulfil our own roles.

Because Allah is the rahim, the womb, of the twin love of Mother and Father, He is called the Rahman and the Rahim. Therefore, shall we not respond to this source of all love by each treating all with the affection of brothers and sisters? Can the source of all love tolerate any other



behaviour on the part of any one of us? Will not enemical behaviour on the part of any of us constitute desecration of filial duty?

It is this Being whose every wish constitutes a not-to-be questioned command. It is the command of this Being before which the command of no other can claim consideration.

He it is who takes account of every slightest move on the part of each and every one of us. His infallible judgment none can dare question.

That is why it is incumbent on us all to keep our accounts with our fellow beings straight and clear, both collectively and with each one individually. Otherwise this all-pervading parental love can never tolerate that any one of us should be guilty of filial impiety without being punished, so that

- a) we may refrain from repeating our offences.
 and
- b) others too may take lessons from such

punishments and refrain from such filial impieties.

It is the fulfilment of this Being's purpose that constitutes the essence of our prayers, our worship.

It is hence that every one of us, individually and collectively, should pray to this Being Himself for guidance.

It is hence that every one of us, individually and collectively, will strive to follow the straight path which He wishes us to follow—that path by following which people earn His blessings; safeguard themselves from His displeasure and protect themselves from going astray.

It is hence that the *musallin*, the true worshippers of Allah, are described in a glowing passage in one of the early Suras of the Quran.

73:19-35

And now read the brief Sura Al-Ma'un which constitutes Section 13 in this compilation.

Whoever reads this brief summary of this condensed commentary, along with all the verses referred to in it, will realize that this Sura Fatihah is, indeed, the quintessence of this Scripture.



Interlude One

POSTSCRIPT to Book I—AL-FATIHAH

We have analyzed in detail what others have seen in, and said about, the opening invocation of the Qur'an entitled the Sura Fatihah. Let us now briefly refer back to our own rendering of the Sura as given in the beginning of Book I in the light of the notes that have followed it.

The verse-by-verse comparisons of the 18 earlier renderings will have shown, between the lines, the influence of two forces underlying them all:

- (a) the timid urge at individual originality discernible in the minor differences of words and construction; and
- (b) the compulsion to uniformity which seriously restricts the individual urge and impels conformity with the predecessors in translation. It is this demand for uniformity, the compulsion to keep to the beaten path, that makes the slightest departure a matter of disapproval and even censure.

A second perusal of our own rendering at this stage will show that, in spite of this age-old and constrictive external pressure, we have departed significantly from the pattern set out by our eighteen predecessors in rendering into English the following words:

- (a) Rahman and Rahim
- (b) hamd
- (c) 'alamin and
- (d) malik.

Since these departures in the very opening Sura, which most Muslims know by heart, have given rise to question and comment even when seen in early draft form, it has become incumbent on us to show, at least briefly, the bases on which they have been adopted.

(a) Rahman and Rahim: Section I of the Notes on the Sura Fatihah, entitled The Exordium, has already shown that these words Rahman and Rahim, like the Sura names mentioned in the Prologue, are not mere adjectives but have, through long and constant use, acquired the importance of proper nouns which do not justify literal translation. The English words 'compassionate' and 'merciful' might be the exact lexicographical equivalents of the two words Rahman and Rahim but they cannot even remotely reproduce the emotional and reverential aura which these names, more than others referring to the Supreme Deity, must have possessed for the recipients of the pristine Quranic message. Not one but several verses of the Qur'an, bear

testimony to this contention.

Before we go to the changed significance of these same words in the body of the Sura itself let us examine two of the other words hamd and 'alamin that intervene.

- (b) Hamd: The summary of Mirza Abul Fazl's commentary above has already served as authority for our rendering this word as 'command'. To support this authority we give in Appendix D:
- (i) the exact wording from his Quranic Dictionary in Urdu, entitled Gharib ul Qur'an (1947) and
- (ii) as many as five extracts from a commentary attributed to no less an authority than Ibn 'Abbas, the earliest known commentator of the Qur'an, and one who was a close relative of the Prophet during his lifetime. These references together should be ample evidence to absolve us from any charge of unauthorized innovation.
- (c) 'Alamin: The summary of Mirza Abul Fazl's commentary in Section 5 of the Notes, and still more so the Quranic verses he has given in support, should be ample authority for our rendering this word 'alamin as 'communities'. It is obvious that when, on several occasions, the Yahud have been reminded that they had earlier been given an exalted position among the 'alamin (See Sections 407, 416, 451) they were certainly not told that they had been exalted among 'all creatures', 'all the worlds', or 'all domains of existence' etc. In the course of the Quranic text it will be seen that we have everywhere used either 'peoples' or 'communities' in rendering the word on the basis of whether the one or the other word fits in better in the verse concerned.

To go back to the names Rahman and Rahim: The above-mentioned renderings of the words hamd and 'alamin add colour to the significance which we see in the words Rahman and Rahim. Those renderings further support the thesis that these are names given by different communities to the One, the Only and the same Supreme Being. It is the recognition of this added significance of Rahman and Rahim which imbues this Sura with that universal aura which can give light to all communities, all peoples, belonging to all faiths and all climes.

(d) Malik: It will be seen that this word has been variously rendered as 'king', 'ruler', 'owner', 'sovereign' or 'master' while the English equivalents for the word Din are 'judgment', 'reckoning', 'Doom', 'recompense' and 'requital'. Now, the 'Day of Reckoning' is a generally accepted equivalent in the English language. We leave it to the sensitive reader to judge whether the word 'Arbiter' which we have decided upon after long deliberation,

does not fit into this particular context better than any of the others that we have met among the 18 renderings.

In other words, we see in the opening verses of this very invocation, the Sura Fatihah, that spirit of humility, open-mindedness and lack of smugness that are all reflected elsewhere in the Qur'an and particularly in another verse which is found in early, middle and late passages of the Meccan period of the revelation:

It is thy Lord: He knows
who has strayed from His path;
and He knows
who is one that is rightly guided.

(Qalam: 7—Nahl: 125—An'am: 117. Secs: 77, 308, 374) If our rendering of this verse too suggests an unwarranted liberalism we invite other renderings of the original verses which will justify the belief widely prevailing among us Muslims, as in many other communities, that we alone are the possessors of all truth. We deplore this smugness and repeat:

Some call Him Allah, some Rahman, some Rahim: He alone is the Arbiter of all reckonings; Him alone we implore for guidance.

These detailed analyses of the above well-considered departures in the rendering of this one brief Sura serve to illustrate the attitude of cautious, yet bold, innovation adopted in this presentation. If and when the second volume of this work is published the authorities supporting the numerous other and similar departures found in the rest of the Quranic text will be available to the serious student. For the present all that can be done is to assure the readers that all caution possible for us has been taken to keep such deviations strictly within the bounds of accepted authority.

But, if inadvertently, we have overstepped either reason, common sense or authentic tradition let the reader not hesitate to offer constructive criticism. Let him only remember that:

Every striver strives according, to his light, And only Allah knows who is, how far, right!

(Sec. 317:84)

PRELUDE to Book II—AR-RUH

The word Fatihah, or Al-Fatihah, is not found in the Sura bearing that title; nor is the word found in that form in the rest of the Qur'an. It has been applied to that Sura because the chief meaning of the root, fth is "to open", and the Sura serves as the opening of the Scripture par excellence. The names of the remaining four Books, however, are based on some important word to be found in the respective Book as indicated by the Quranic verse quoted on the title page of each Book.

The 18 brief Suras of Ar-Ruh, which we are about to meet at this early stage, will be found at the very end of the Qur'an in the traditional sequence. As a matter of fact they are the Suras revealed in the earliest phase of revelation which might well be termed as the period of Enlightenment. All 18 of them are, together, next in importance only to the Sura Fatihah and, therefore, deserve study in detail.

That is why our own renderings of these 18 Suras have each been supplemented by one other rendering from among the 18 translations of the Qur'an listed in Book I. In addition to this we have provided brief notes to each of these 18 Suras. An earnest student of the Qur'an would do well to study each of these Suras in as much detail as he can and with the help of other sources of information as well. If he has access to the original Arabic, he would profit greatly if he were to memorize them as well, for, the more he imbibes of the spirit and essence of these Suras found in AR-RUH the easier will it be for him to understand the contents of the three other Books that follow.

AR-RUH opens with the first five verses of Sura 'Alaq which are universally accepted as the very first revelation granted to the Prophet. The need for brevity here prevents us from elaborating on the value of these five verses. But we cannot help urging the serious student to ponder deeply on their significance. The occasion and the placement of the remaining 14 verses of this Sura are undeterminable.

The place and significance of Sura Qadr, which immediately follows Sura 'Alaq even in the traditional sequence, is not so generally recognized. Contrary to the general belief, we have seen in this Sura not the mention of an 'annually' recurring night in which the souls of the dead descend to our terrestrial globe, but a glorification of the night in which the Prophet himself achieved Enlightenment.

The Student's Qur'an (1959) has given detailed comments on all these 18 Suras, and Volume II of this study may contain even more elaborate notes. Here the brief comments provided to each Sura will have to suffice.



BOOK TWO

THE ENLIGHTENMENT

Angels and Revelations
waft down from above...
by the grace of their Lord:
In every way
'tis full of peace
until... the
rising of...
the Dawn...!
(Sec. 4)

Contents:

18 Earliest Meccan Suras

T.S. 96 and 97
 (T.S. 98 shifted)
 T.S. 99 to 114

Border inscription on title page: T.S. 84 Sura *Inshigaq*—Sec. 39



SURA: 'ALAQ

In the name of Allah the Rahillian the Rahilm

別別問

1 *** 1

(O MUHAMMAD!)

CALL!

In the name of thy Lord: thy Lord who creates!

إقْرَأْ بِإِسْمِرَتِإِكَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ أَ

2 Creates man from a lowly cell!

خَلَقَ الْإِلْسَانَ مِنْ عَلَقٍ أَنْ

3 Call, for thy Lord is most Gracious!

إغْرَأُ وَرَبُّكَ الْأَكْرُمُ ۞

4 He taught by the pen!

الَّذِئ عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ ﴿

5 Taught man what he would not have otherwise known!

عَلَمَ الْإِنْسَانَ مَالَمْ يَعْلَمُ ٥

IQRA' Ecrire (Latin): Cry out, call, announce, invite, arouse, proclaim, awaken. Also "read" (Sura Bani Israil Sec. 310:14)

"Cry aloud, spare not, lift up thy voice like a trumpet and show My people their transgressions, and the house of Jacob their sins."

(Isaiah lviii:1)



2 *** 2

6 Verily, man tends to blaspheme

7 In assuming that he is responsible to none

8 When, in fact, he has to answer to his Lord!

9 Dost thou see that one who forbids

10 Our servant from worship?

11 Dost thou think he is rightly guided?

12 Or that he enjoins righteously?

13 Dost thou not see how he interdicts, then slinks away?

14 Doth he not know that Allah doth see?

ٱڗؽؿڗٳڽٛڴڋۘۘڔؘۮؘٷڵٙ۞ ٵڷۿؽۼڷۼڔٵۜؽٙٵۺؙؿڒؽ۞ ٷڵڮڔۣڽڷڎؽڵؿٷؙڶۺؘڡٞٵۣڽٳڶڰٳڝؿ^ۿ ڹڵڝؽڎٟػٵڎؚؽؿۼٵڸڡٞٷ۞ ڡؙڶؽٮؙٷڹ۠ڎڽڬۿٞ ڛٮؙۮٵڟڒؽڶؽڎ۞ ٷڴٳڴۯٷڟۼٷٵۺٷؽٷڰٙۺؿۿ ػڷؖٳڷؿٙٳٝٳؽٚٵڵٟۮ۫ڛؙٵڽۘۘۘؽڟۼؙٙؽ۞ ٲڽڗڶٷٳۺؾڣؽ۞ ٳؽٙٳڶڒؾٟڬٵڶڗؙٷڸؽ۞ ٱڒءٞؽؿٵڵٙڹؽؽڹؙؽ۞ ۼؠۘڎٵٳٷڞڵ۞ ٲڒۘۘؽؿۘٵؚڶڽٛڰٲڹڰڶٲۿۮٙؽ۞

3 *** 3

15 Verily, if he desist not from his obstruction, We shall lay low his head—

16 His audacious, atrocious, presumptuous head!

17 Let him then call upon his accomplices;

18 We have only to let loose the suppressors!

19 Nay! Bend thou not to him; only bow thou (to Us) and draw thou yet more close.

*

CHAP. XCVI.

The Chapter of Blood congealed, containing seventeen Verses, written at Mecca.

Bedaoi and Gelaldin call this the Chapter of Reading.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Read the Alcoran, and begin through the name of God, who created all, who made man of a little congealed blood. Read the Alcoran, and exalt the glory of thy Lord, who hath instructed man in the Scriptures, who taught him what he knew not; neverthelesse, he is in a great errour, he will not consider that he shall return before God. Hast thou considered him that

would have hindred one of the servants of God to make his prayers? hast thou understood if he were in the way of salvation? hast thou seen if he blasphemed? if he hath abandoned the faith? knoweth he not that God forsaketh him? If he desist not, he shall be dragged by the haire into the sire of hell, with the wicked; he shall quit the place where they assemble, to dispute against the faith, and the devils shall cast them headlong into same eternall. Disobey not the commandments of God, persevere in thy prayers, worship God alwayes; obedience to his commandments shall draw thee near to his divine Majesty.

1. Alexander Ross — 1649



Sura : QADR

mihename of Allahihe Rahillian ihe Rahilli

1 *** 4

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Verily,
We sent it down
on the Night of Glory!

- 2 How could'st thou have foreseen the Night of Glory?!
- 3 The Night of Glory, more generous than a thousand moons!
- 4 Therein angels and revelation waft down by the grace of their Lord:
 In every way
- 5 'Tis full of peace until ... the rising of ... the ... DAWN!

ٳٷٵڎۯڬۿؽڮڶڿڶڡڐۮڽؖ ۄػٵڎڸٮػٵؖڶؽڬٵڷڎۯڕ۞ ڶؽڎڵڡٙڎڋٚٷؿڔٞڞٵڵڡۺۿڕ۞ ٮۘػٷٵڶڝڰػڎٷٷۺٷۻٷٵڽڵۏ ڗؠۅڂۊ؈ٛڴٳٲۺ ڝؙڵٷۺؿٷڴؙؙؙ۠۠ڰٵۺ۫۞ ڝؙڵٷۺؽڂۛؿڞؙڴٳٲۺ۞

CHAPTER XCVII.

ENTITLED, AL KADR; WHERE IT WAS REVEALED IS DISPUTED:

IN THE NAME OF THE MOST MERCIFUL COD.

VERILY we sent down the Kordn in the night of al Kadr.* And what shall make thee understand how excellent the night of al Kadr is? The night of al Kadr is better than a thousand months. Therein do the angels descend, and the spirit Gabriel also, by the permission of their LORD, with his decrees concerning every matter. It is peace, until the rising of the morn.

2. GEORGE SALE — 1734

Ar-Ruh:

Sale: 'the spirit of Gabriel.'

Sarwar: 'the (Great) spirit (i.e. Gabriel).'

All others have rendered this word simply as 'spirit'; some with small and others with capital S.

Our rendering it as 'revelations,' is based on Sec. 318, verses 85 to 88 where a clear answer is provided to the question, "What is ar ruh?"

In this early Sura it refers to the very first revelation; hence it can legitimately be rendered also as 'enlightenment.' It reminds one of a similar experience of the Buddha:

"...the lonely searching and the strife for light..." and, finally, the moment of illumination which comes with such serenity that—

"far and near, in homes of men there spreads an unknown peace."

(Arnold, in Light of Asia)



SURA: ZILZĀL

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 5

When the land shall be convulsed to its uttermost core,

- 2 And the country shall rid itself of the burdens that suppress her,
- 3 When men shall say:
 'What has come to her?!'
- 4 Then shall she divulge her tales
- 5 For thy Lord will inspire her!
- 6 Then shall men come forth in droves to be shown their deeds!
- 7 Whose has done an atom's weight of good, shall see it,
- 8 And whoso has done an atom's weight of evil, shall see it.

Ard:

The word has been rendered invariably as 'earth' or 'Earth', in both the first and the second verses, and the Sura is generally taken to be a prophecy and description of the Day of Doom'or Day of Judgment.

Even Mirza Abul Fazl in his 1910 edition had followed this rendering. It is only in his 1955 edition that he renders the word as 'land' in both verses, and thus suggests the Sura to be a forecasting of a moral upheaval in the near future.

The removal of the burdens thus comes to be aptly applied to the likely overthrow of the Meccan oppressors who are elsewhere referred to as those who dominate like mountains and appear to be as immovable.

ٳٷڵڽٟڶڽٳٵڎۯڞڔ۬ڶؚڗۘڶۿٵٞ۞ ٷٷؠڿ؞ٵڷڒڞؙٲڟٛٵۿٵ ٷٵڶٳۅٚۺٵؽٵۿٵ۞ ؠٳؙڽٙۯڹۼٷٲٷڿڶۿٵ۞ ڽٷڝٙؠڹؿؙڞٲۮٵڶػٲ۞ڵۺٵڟ ێؿٷٵڠٵڶۿڞڕ۞ ڡۺۜؿۼۘۺڵڿڟڞڵڮڎڟۊڿڝؽؿٵ ؿڒٷ۞

[XXX.]

SURA XCIX.—THE EARTHQUAKE

MECCA.-8 Verses

In the Name of God, the Compassionate, the Merciful

WHEN the Earth with her quaking shall quake And the Earth shall cast forth her burdens, And man shall say, What aileth her? On that day shall she tell out her tidings, Because thy Lord shall have inspired her.

On that day shall men come forward in throngs to behold their works, And whosoever shall have wrought an atom's weight of good

shall behold it,
And whosoever shall have wrought an atom's weight of evil
shall behold it.

3. J.M. RODWELL - 1861

First chronological presentation



SURA: 'ĀDIYĀT

in the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 6

See the blowing, puffing chargers

- 2 Whose striking hoofs throw sparks;
- 3 The scouts that scour at dawn,
- 4 Those that raise a sudden storm of dust
- 5 And cleave through hosts of men!
- 6 Verily! Man is ungrateful to his Lord.
- 7 And, verily, he is thereof himself witness;
- 8 And, verily, in the love of his own weal, he is unscrupulous.
- 9 Doth he not know that what is (even) buried in the tombs will be laid bare?
- 10 What is
 (even) in the breasts of men
 shall become known?
- 11 Verily, then shall their Lord be fully informed of what they did.

The first five lines present a striking word-picture of horsemen making an early morning surprise raid on a defenceless habitation.

Then comes the observation: How ungrateful is man to his Lord! How unscrupulously he makes use of these magnificent, faithful, intrepid creatures of God, subjected to his will, the instruments of aggression and cruelty for individual gain!

And, finally, the hope, the threat and the promise that the day when justice will assert itself is not far.

脚腿

ۯالفوينتِ صَبُحًا ۞ ٷڵؽۅ۫ڔنتِ قَدْحًا ۞ ٷڵؽٷڔڒتِ مَنْحًا ۞ ٷڝڟڹؠؠ؞ؿڠٵ۞ ۯٷۼٷڶۅڶڝٵڹڗؾ؞ڵػٷٷ۞ ۯٳٷۼٷڶ؋ڸڰؘڷۺڣڽڰ۞ ۅٙٳٷڸڿؖٳڶػؿؙڔڷۺؠؽڰ۞ ٵڡٛڰڹۅ۫ڕ۞ ٵڡٛڰڹۅ۫ڽ۞

THE CHAPTER OF THE CHARGERS.

(C. Mecca.)

In the name of the merciful and compassionate God.

By the snorting chargers!

And those who strike fire with their hoofs!

And those who make incursions in the morning,

And raise up dust therein,

[5] And cleave through a host therein!

Verily, man is to his Lord ungrateful; and, verily, he is a witness of that.

Verily, he is keen in his love of good.

Does he not know when the tombs are exposed, [10] and what is in the breasts is brought to light?

Verily, thy Lord upon that day indeed is well aware.

4. E.H. PALMER — 1880



Sura: QĀRI'AH

m the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 7

The Terrible Calamity!

- 2 What terrible calamity!
- 3 And what will make thee know, how terrible the calamity?
- 4 The day when (common) men, (in their distress are), like scattered moths,
- 5 And the mighty
 (looming now like mountains fly),
 like carded wool.
- 6 Then, as to him whose righteousness preponderates,
- 7 He is in life well-pleasing;
- 8 And as to him whose righteousness is light,
- 9 He descends to perdition.
- 10 And what shall make thee know what that is?
- 11 A fiery agony!

Qari'ah: Coming in the end of the Uthmanian recension, these Suras have all acquired eschatalogical colour. Hence the difficulty in rendering them adequately. Notice the variety:

Extreme affliction: Ross The Blow: Rodwell.

The Striking: Sale, Abul Fazl, Bell.

The Calamity: Pickthall.

Day of Noise and Clamour: Yusuf Ali.

Great Calamity: Sher Ali Clatterer: Arberry. Disaster: Dawood.

Striking Calamity: Ahmed Ali.

別別問

القارعة ﴿ مَالْقَارِعَةُ ﴿ وَكَاذُنُ الْعَالُ مَالْقَارِعَةُ ﴿ يَوْمَنَكُونُ الْهَالُ كَالْمَوْنِ الْمَنْفُرْقِ ﴾ وَكَاذُنُ الْهَالُ كَالْمِوْنِ الْمَنْفُرْقِ ﴾ فَامَا مَنْ نَقْلُتْ مَوَارِيْنُهُ ﴾ فَامَنُهُ مَادِينَةٌ ﴿ وَمَا ادْرِكَ مَا هِينَهُ ﴿ وَمَا ادْرِكَ مَا هِينَهُ ﴿

CHAPTER 101.

Entitled, The Striking, revealed at Mecca, containing 11 Verses.

In the name of Alkah, the All-providing and the most Bereiful God.

1 The scriking! 2 What is the striking? And what shall make thee understand what the striking is? 4 A day the people shall become like scattered moths, 5 and the mountains like flocks of carded wool. 6 Thus, whose balance shall be heavy, 7 he shall be in a pleasing life; 8 and whose balance shall be light, 9 his mother shall be hell. 10 What shall make thee understand, what it is? 11 It is a burning fire.

5. ABDUL HAKIM — 1905

Rude Awakening: Abdul Lateef.

The world will be overtaken by a great calamity:

Z. Khan.

And everybody refers to the mountains that will fly like carded wool!

But what fear this Sura must have cast on the 'mountainous'! What hope and spirit it must have inspired in the meek and the oppressed of those days!



SURA: TĀKATHUR

mthe name of Allahthe Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 8

The lure of abundance beguiles you

- 2 Until ye reach the graves.
- 3 Ay! in the end shall ye know!
- 4 Again, ay! in the end shall ye know!
- 5 Ay! would that ye knew with the knowledge of certainty
- 6 That you will surely see the flaming fire!
- 7 But ye would rather see it with the eyes of certainty!
- 8 And then shall ye be asked about the pleasures (ye enjoyed).

Note: This unambiguous Sura perhaps needs to be memorized by every school-boy and every school-girl in this age of commerce, industry and growing wealth.

The socialism which it inculcates is not one that is enforced by the State but one that is born of individual conscience and enlightened self-interest seen over a larger field of space and time.

學問題

ٱلْهِٰسُكُوالتَّكَاثُولُ۞ حَقَّىٰ َدُنُوُمُالِمَقَاءِرُ۞ كَلَّ سُوْنَ تَعْلَمُونَ۞ كَلَّ الْوَتَعْلَمُونَ عَلَمُونَ۞ كَلَّ الْوَتَعْلَمُونَ عِلْمُالْيَقِيْنِ۞ لَتُرُونَ الْمَحِيْمُ۞ ثُوَّلْتَرَوُنَّهُا عَيْنَ الْمِقِيْنِ۞ ثُوَّلَتَنَا لَنَّ يَوْمَهِا عَيْنَ الْمِقِيْنِ۞

مَثْرُ سُورَةُ اللَّكَائِرِ ﴾ مِنْمُ اللَّهِ الرَّحْيْمِ ﴿ مِنْمُ اللَّهِ الرَّحْيْمِ ﴿

۱) مرداره تندوه (۲) ملا مردوم (۱) منا (۳) کند (۱، در مردم) الماله کارسوف تعلمون

[۳]ودّ ردّ ر درو در مزه] ردّ ر درو در ۱۰ در در درود ارد مزه] ر رموه مرکلاسوف تملمون کلالو تملمون عِلم الیقین الترون

البَّحِيمِ أَمُ لِنَرُو نَهَا عَيْنَ الْيَقِينِ أَمُ أَمَّا الْمُسْلِلُنَ بُومِيَّ عَيْنِ الْمُعْمِينِ أَمُّ المُسْلِلُنَ بُومِيَّ عَيْنِ الْمُعْمِينِ أَمُّ الْمُسْلِلُنَ بُومِيَّ عَيْنِ الْمُعْمِينِ اللَّهُ عَيْنِ الْمُعْمِينِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمِ عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمِ عَلَيْمِ عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمِ عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمِ عَلَيْمِ

9. THE DESIRE OF INCREASE.
(SU'RAH CII.)

In the Name of God, the Merciful, the Compassionate.

- 1 The desire of increase occupies you
- 2 Till ye come to the graves!
- 3 Ay! in the end ye shall know.
- 4 Again, ay! in the end ye shall know.
- 5 Ay! if ye only knew with certainty of knowledge!
- 6 Ye shall surely see Hell;
- 7 Again, ye shall surely see it with the eye of certainty.
- 8 Then shall ye be asked on that day about the pleasures!

6. MIRZA ABUL FAZL — 1910

First chronological presentation by a Muslim; First translation in English with Arabic text.



SURA: 'ASR

hithename of Allahithe Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 9

Time itself is witness!

- 2 Verily, man is bogged in futility:
- 3 Excepting those who have Faith, and strive Righteously; who set examples of Truth, and are models of Perseverance.

The word tawasau in the last of the three lines means not only to be a temporary example to others but to live as an example to be left behind to posterity. Only those whose whole life has been an example of Faith, Righteousness, Truth and Perseverance, only they, this Sura contends, are exceptions to the rule that Man, in general, is bogged in futility, his labours, generally, are in vain.

As a proof of this condensed expression having such wide implications, the Sura calls on all human experience as witness. All past and all present, it says, bears out the truth of this assertion. And if we do look back on the infinitesimally little that each one of us knows of history, we cannot help seeing the truth which this Sura embodies.



ۅؙٲڵۼڞ۞ٚڶٷڶٳڵڛؙٵڽۜڵؿٛٷٛ؞ؙ؞ٟ۞ ٳڎؚٲڵؠ۬ؿؽؗٲڡٞٮؙٷٲۅؘۼڽڶۅٵڶڞڸڂؾ ۅؘڎٵڞۏٳڸڵڂۼٞٷڗڰٳڞۏٳڸڶڞؠ۫ڕۿ

CHAPTER CIII TIME (AL'AP)

REVEALED AT MECCA
(8 verses)

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1 Consider the time, 2 Most surely man is in loss, 3 Except those who bolieve and do good, and enjoin on each other truth, and enjoin on each other patience. بشيرا لله التخسيل التصيفو وَالْعَمَى * ص ارَّ الإِنْسَانَ بَلِيُ شَمَّى * ص الاَّ الإِنْسَانَ بَلِيُ شَمَّى * ص الاَّ الذِينَ اسْرَادَ عَلَمُ الشيطِ بِرَوْاصِرًا بالْمَيْنَ وَمُزَامِهَا إِلْعَبْهِ فِي

7. Muhammad Ali — 1917

Reviewing human experience, the ancient Preacher may well have exclaimed,

"All is vanity!"

(Ecclesiastes 1,2; 1000 B.C.)

But the Quran here says,

"No! Not all. Look back and see: the labours of some have not been in vain.

(From The Student's Quran)



SURA: HUMAZA

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 10

(O MUHAMMAD!)

oe to every slanderer (and) backbiter!

- 2 Who amasses wealth and hoards it covetously.
- 3 He thinks that his treasure will make him ever secure.
- 4 No! he shall surely be flung into bitter agony.
- 5 And what shall make thee know how bitter the agony will be?
- 6 The fire by Allah kindled,
- 7 Which mounts above the hearts (of men)!
- 8 Verily, it shall envelop them like a vault
- 9 On outstreched columns!

وَيُلُ لِكُلِّهُ مُزَوِّ لُمُزَوِّ لُمُزَوِّ لُمُزَوِّ فُ النائ جَمَعَ مَالًا وَعَنَّدَهُ ﴿ وَعُسَدُ إِنَّ مَا لَهُ الْخُلُونُ وَالْفُولُونُ وَلِينًا وَالْفُولُونُ وَالْفُلُونُ وَالْفُلُونُ وَالْفُلُونُ وَالْفُلُونُ وَالْفُلُونُ وَلِي الْفُلْمُ وَاللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ لِللَّهُ وَلَالِمُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلَالْمُولُونُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلَالْمُؤْلُونُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلَالِهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلِي وَاللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّالِي اللّهُ ا المُنْ لَكُنُ لَكُ الْحُطَمَةِ الْمُنْ لَكُونَ الْحُطَمَةِ الْمُنْ لَكُونَا الْحُطَمَةِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْ الْحُطَمَةِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللللّلِي اللللللَّمِلْمِلْمِلْمِلْمِلْمُلْعِلَا الللَّهِ الللَّالِي اللَّهِ الللَّهِ الللللَّالِيلِي الللَّهِ الللللَّمِلْمِلْمُلَّا ا 64162 KELLETES نَازُالله الْمُوقِدُهُ ٥ الَّيْنُ تَطَلِعُ عَلَى الْأَفْدَى وَكُ فْ عَمَى مُمَكَّادُةِ ﴿

CHAPTER 104 THE SLANDERER (Al-Humazah)

(We commence) with the name of God, The most Merciful (to begin with), The most Merciful (to the end).

- 1 Won be to every slanderer, defamer:
- 2 Who gathers wealth and guards it.
 3 He thinks that his wealth shall abide.
 4 Nay, he shall surely be east into that which crushes.
 5 And what shall make thee comprehend what that crushing thing is?
- 6 The fire of GoD which has been lighted—
 7 One which rises over the hearts.
 8 Surely it shall surround them on al sides
- 9 In extended columns.

8. GHULAM SARWAR - 1929

The burning eloquence of the Message was threatening the vested interests. Sensing danger the exploiters tried to smother it through instigated laughter and derision. That being found ineffective the battle between exploitation and liberation became more intense. A whispering campaign of slander has begun.

The Prophet can count only on the Message as a refuge; and the eloquence of the Message appeals to the hearts of the opposition assuring them that their own consciences will consume them if they continue to revile and spread slander which they themselves knew to be false.

Their wealth will only add fuel to the fire that will arise within themselves.



Sura : FIL

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 11

(O MUHAMMAD!)

ast thou not seen
what thy Lord did
with those who came
with the elephant?

- 2 Did He not make their plans end in humiliation?
- 3 He sent upon them swarms (of evil) one upon another,
- 4 Crushing them (as if) with showers of stones,
- 5 And leaving them like grazed, stubbled fields!

Without mentioning the Prophet's mission, without mentioning the persecution which his adherents were beginning to meet at the hands of his fellow citizens, this Sura, in effect, asks the Meccans:

"Do you not remember how God punished the unjustified aggression against your own religion?

"Do you not realize that if you try to destroy the new religion, God will punish you likewise?"

And to the small group of his adherents, beginning to meet in secret, the same words served not as rhetorical questions, but as an angelic message of reassurance. Yes, God will punish these aggressors too and will save their little, persecuted band from the tortures that were beginning to be inflicted on them. These exploiters of theirs! Yes, they too will, soon present a field trampled upon by feeding cattle.

即即開

ٵڬٷۜڒڲؽػڡٚڡٙڷۯۘڽ۠ڮڡٳؙڞؙؙؙڝؚٲۺۣ۬ٳڮٛ ٵڵؿڽڿؙۘڂڷػؽۮۿؽٷڟڽڸڵ ٷٲۯڛؘڶۼڲۿؽڂؽڗؙٲٵؠؠؽڷ۞ ٮۜۯڡۿۯؠۅڿڂٲڗٷۺؽڛڿؽڸ۞ ۼۘۘۘۜڡؙڲۿڲؙڴڝڞڣۣٵٙڂٛٷڶ۞

THE ELEPHANT

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Hast thou not seen how thy Lord dealt with the owners of the Elephant?
 - 2. Did He not bring their stratagem to naught,
 - 3. And send against them swarms of flying creatures,
 - 4. Which pelted them with stones of baked clay,
 - 5. And made them like green crops devoured (by cattle)?

9. M. PICKTHALL-1930

All this is conveyed through five brief lines. No wonder the Arabs, to whom brevity of speech and elegance of words were the highest merits in an individual, regarded this as sheer magic and were thoroughly disconcerted!

(The Student's Quran)



SURA: SHITA'

mitte name of Allahite Rahiman ite Rahim

1 *** 12

For the uniting of the Quraish;

- 2 Their uniting for the caravans of Winter and Summer—
- 3 Let them serve the Lord of this House
- 4 Who feeds them against hunger and keeps them safe from fear!

The words in the original, rihlat ash shita' was saif, refer to the two caravans of Winter and Summer which are said to have been regularized by a fore-father of the Quraish. The acceptance of this meaning, and no one has yet offered an alternative, commits one to accept also the fact that the calendar observed by the Arabs during the time of the Prophet was not independent of the seasons as it is today.

If they regularly organized trade caravans going North in early summer, and South in early winter, then the annual Hajj could never have occurred in mid-summer and mid-winter as it often does now. The two annual festivals for which people gathered in Mecca from all quarters could not but have coincided with the two intervening equinoctial periods of February-April and August-October.

副圓尾尾

ٳۣؽڵڣٷۯؿۺ۞ ٵؿۄؠڔڂڷڎٙٲڵؿۜٮٙڵٷٵڵڞؽۻ۞ٛ ؿڵؿۼؙؽؙۯٷۯؼٙڂڵٵڶؠؽۺ۞ٛ ڵڵڽٷٙٲڟۼؠۘۿٷٷڿٷٷٵڡٞؽۿٷ ؿٷٷۅ۞ٛ

Sara CVI.

Quraish or The Quraish, (Custodians of the Ka'ba).

In the name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful رف متران من المراق من المراق المراق

1. For the covenants
(Of security and safeguard
Enjoyed) by the Quraish, so

2. Their covenants (covering) journeys والضَّيْفِ وَالصَّيْفِ وَالصَّيْفِ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَل

3. Let them adore the Lord Of this House, sars ٣- فَلْيَعَبُكُ وَا رَبَّ هٰذَا الْبِيَدُتِ ٥

 Who provides them With food against hunger, And with security Against fear (of danger). Name

الذي الطعكه مُدْفِن جُوع أَ
 وَ الْمَنْهُ مُرْفِن خَوْنٍ أَ

10. ABDULLAH YUSUF ALI — 1934

The first of these occasions was called the HAJJ AL ASGHAR and the other HAJJ AL AKBAR.

But more of this elsewhere. (See Secs. 29:1-5; 587:36-7 and Appendix C Also The Student's Quran)



Sura: $MA'\bar{U}N$

In the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 13

(O MUHAMMAD!)

ost thou (not) see who it is that really spurns the reckoning?

2 It is he who drives away the orphan,

- 3 And stirs not to feed the hungry.
- 4 Woe to the worshippers
- 5 Who real worship do neglect;
- 6 Those who offer ostentatious worship (to Allah)
- 7 And yet deny simple service to the needy.

DIN means reckoning, and, like 'reckoning', has two meanings:

as verb, judging, weighing. as noun, product, creed, faith.

SALAT has several meanings: service, duty. worship, prayer.

The detractors of the Prophet charge him with a) abandoning the creed of their forefathers and b) inviting disaster to the community by misjudging.

This Sura turns the tables by asking barbed auestions:

"Do you not see who is making a travesty of

"Do you not see who is inviting disaster through misjudgment?

Then it answers:

It is those who have no genuine sympathy for the community; those who deprive the helpless orphans of their patrimony. It is those who make a show of service to God by worshiping Him while denying consideration to His creatures!

ۯؙڡؙؽؾؘٲڷڹؽؙؽؙڲێ_ڹۘؠٵٮؾؽڹڽ نُذُلكَ الَّذِي يَدُعُ الْمَتِدُة كُ لَنْ إِنْ هُمْءَ فِي صَلَاتِهِ مُسَاعُونَ 🎱

SURAH CVII

This short surah is probably a unity, and cannot be early. Whether it is to be regarded as Medinan is doubtful. Ahrens holds the latter part to be so, on account of the reference to people who were negligent with regard to the prayer. The whole surah may in fact hit at lukewarm supporters in Medina, as some Moslem interpreters

SCRAT AL-MA'CN-CHAPTER OF SUCCOUR.

In the Name of Allah, the Merciful, the Compassionate.

- 1. Hast thou noticed him who counts false the Judgment ? 1
- 2. That then is the one who repulses the orphan,
- 3. And does not urge the feeding of the poor.
- 4. So, wee to those who pray,2
- 5. Who of their Prayer are careless,
- 6. Who make a show.
- 7. But withhold succour ! 3
 - 1 Or " the Religion."
 - * Possibly a designation at this stage of Muhammad's followers; cf. lxx. 22,

lxxiv. 44.

* Ma'an, a word of uncertain meaning, probably derived from the Hebrew ma'on, "refuge," but modified by the meaning of the Arabic root. It is usually interpreted as referring to the Zakât, which, if the surah is Medinan,

11. RICHARD BELL — 1937

"Will you steal, murder, commit adultery, swear falsely and still stand before Me in this House and say, 'Deliver us,' only to go on doing all these abominations?

(Amos. 5:21)



SURA: KAUTHAR

hithe name of Allahithe Rahiman ihe Rahim

1 *** 14

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Verily, We have granted thee in abundance

- 2 Then keep on serving for the sake of thy Lord and learn to forego!
- 3 It is they, they that taunt thee, that shall be in want!

Kauthar: abundance; Anhar: sacrifice; Abtar: perplexed: three word-gems in rare setting!

Anhar, the most important, is generally rendered as 'sacrifice'; but, like 'sacrifice' itself, its meaning is generally mutilated. Instead of meaning, to forego one's needs in favour of the needs of others,' or at least 'to give up for the sake of something,' (Webster) it is generally understood, at least in this verse, to be an injunction to offer animal sacrifice!

In view of the discouraging and adverse circumstances of the early years, this three-gemmed gauntlet can be better understood as follows:

"Do not be discouraged! Thou hast no male heir—but We have granted thee an abundance of Our blessings...

"Continue thou to serve, and forego comforts and pleasures.

"It is these who taunt thee that are unblest, perplexed!



إِنَّا أَعْطَيْنَكَ الْكُوْتُرُنُّ فَصَلِ لِرَبِّكَ وَانْحُرُثُ إِنَّ شَائِقَكَ هُوَ الْاَئْتُرُ خُ

CVIII

ABUNDANCE

In the Name of God, the Merciful, the Compassionate

Surely We have given thee abundance; so pray unto thy Lord and sacrifice. Surely he that hates thee, he is the one cut off.

12. A.J. Arberry — 1955

What comfort and courage this minute message must have brought to him! What reassurance it can still bring to the righteous in the midst of the opposition which they generally meet.



Sura : KĀFIRŪN

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 15

(O MUHAMMAD!)

 S_{ay}

O, ye (deliberate) evaders!

- 2 I serve not what ye serve;
- 3 Nor are ye servers of what I serve.
- 4 I am not a server of what ye serve
- 5 Nor are ye servers of what I serve!
- 6 For you is your reckoning, for me, mine!

The word kafirun is generally rendered now as 'unbelievers', ''disbelievers'', 'misbelievers', 'heathens', 'pagans'. But kafara means 'to evade',, 'to deliberately refuse to see'; 'to hide from one's self and others', (hence kafir, the farmer who hides the seed underground).

Muslim, in this parlance, is one who has pledged himself to see; mu'min is one who has not only seen, but believes.

All those born to Muslim parents and, therefore, classed as Muslims today, need not be muslims in the Quranic sense, much less mu'mins; in fact, all, except those who have pledged themselves to abide by the code of Islam (see preceding Commentary on Sura Al-Fatihah), must be regarded as outside the pale of Islam, and many of these might even be kafirs in the Quranic sense.

On the other hand, there may be muslims, or even mu'mins among those not born to Muslim parents.



ڠڵڽؘٳؿؘۿٵڶڬڣۯۮڽٙ۞ ٷٵۼؠؙؽ؆ؾۼؠۮۏڽ۞ ۄؘڰٵؿۼؠۮۏڽٵٞ ۄؘڰٵؽٵڽڋ؆ٵۼؠۮڗؙٛۿ۞ ۄؘڰٵؽٵڽڋ؆ٵۼؠۮڗؙٛۿ۞ ۄڰٵؽٷڿؽۮۮڽ؆ٵۼؠؙۮ۞ ڶػڎۄۮؽڴؙۿؙۅڶؽڋڽ۞



- 1. In the name of Allah, the Gracious, the Merciful.
- Say, 'O ye disbelievers!
 Tworship not that which you wor-
- 4. 'Nor worship you what I worship.
- 5. 'And I am not going to worship that which you worship;
- 6. 'Nor will you worship what I worship.
- 7. 'Por you your religion, and for me my religion.'

نسسورالموالتخلس التعليه هِ عَلَمَهُ التَّعْلَمُ التَّعْلَمُ التَّعْلَمُ التَّعْلَمُ التَّعْلَمُ التَّعْلَمُ التَّعْلَمُ التَّامُ الْمُؤْدُنِّ فَي الْمُؤْدُنِّ فَي الْمُؤْدُنُّ وَقَا الشَّمْ الْمُؤْدُنُّ وَقَا التَّمْ الْمُؤْدُنُ وَقَا المَّمْدُنُّ وَقَا التَّمْدُنُونُ وَالْمَا الْمُؤْدُنُونُ وَالْمَا وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُ وَالْمِنْ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمَامُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ والْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُ ا

13. SHER ALI - 1955

In understanding the Qur'an, therefore, these words must be understood in the sense which they had then, and not in the sense in which they are used now.



Sura : NASR

m the name of Allah the Rahman the Rahim

1 *** 16

(O MUHAMMAD!)

When there comes the aid of Allah, and the gates fly open,

- 2 Thou wilt see men entering the Faith in throngs:
- 3 Therefore, strive on at the bidding of thy Lord, and show them grace; Verily, He is the great Forbearer!

"The Quran, although in prose, possesses all the qualities and charms of poetry, such as rhythm resonance, grandeur of style etc., so much so that the omission or addition of even a single letter in the text disturbs it as much as it would disturb the hemistich of a verse.

"Some time ago a Muslim French convert, who is a musician by profession, assured me that in Sura Nasr some passage seems to have been lost, for it reads:

'Fi din illahi afwajan. Fa sabbih,' which is musically incongruous.

"My scant knowledge of the art of reciting the Quran came to my aid and I replied, No, the correct reading of the passage is:

Fi din illahi afwajan v Fasabbih because the n and f get assimilated; so, after the n there is a slight pronunciation of v in Fa sabbih."



إذا بِمَاءَ نَصُمُوا اللّٰهِ وَالْفَتُحُونُ وَرَايَتِ النَّاسَ يَذْ لَحُلُونَ فِي دِنْنِ اللّٰهِ اقْوَاجًا فَ فَنَسِيّحُ بِحَدْيِرَ رَبِّكَ وَالسّتَخْفُورُكُ^{مَ} إِنَّهُ كُانَ نَوّا أِبْأَ فَ

HELP

In the Name of Allah, the Compassionate, the Merciful
HEN Allah's help and victory come, and you see men
embrace His faith in multitudes, give glory to your Lord and
seek His pardon. He is ever disposed to mercy.

14. N.J. DAWOOD — 1956

Unexplained sequence of Suras

"Thereupon the musician and well-meaning brother exclaimed: 'I renew my faith; with your explanation there remains nothing incongruous from the musical viewpoint and no passage seems to be lacking.' The prose of the Quran is as much measured as the lines of a poem."

Mohd. Hamidullah, (Sorbonne, Paris) Weekly Radiance, 31 Jan. 1965



Sura : LAHB

m the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 17

Damned be his handiwork, and damned be he, this fire-spitting Father of Flames!

- 2 Neither what he has acquired nor what he is engaged in
- 3 Will save him from himself burning in the fiery flames!
- 4 And his wife also: on her shoulders a bundle of faggots,
- 5 And around her neck, a string of tinder!

There is obviously, among the Prophet's assailants, a particularly nasty couple—the husband engaged in fire-spitting, and the wife an obnoxious vilifier and scandal-monger. Notice the caricatured humour which fiery Arabs can best appreciate:

Neither his dubiously acquired name, 'Father of Flames', nor his occupation of 'fire-spitting', is to save him from going to his own element, the fiery flames!

And these fiery flames, in which both are to burn, may be, ironically enough, a fire kindled by the wife herself who is ever ready for social arson, carrying a bundle of scandal, like faggots, on her shoulder, and a string of insinuating lies, like a rope of lighted fibre, around her neck!

脚腿

تَبَتَّذِيَنَا أَيْنَالُهُمْ وَتَبَّنِيُّ أَنْ ثَا أَغْنَى عَنْهُ ثَالُهُ وَمَالَسَبُ۞ سَيْصُلِ نَارًا وَاتَ لَهُمٍ ۞ وَامْرَاثُهُ حَمَّالُهُ الْحَمَّلِ ۞ فِيْ جِنْهِ هَا حَبْلُ قِنْ مُسَدٍ۞ فِيْ جِنْهِ هَا حَبْلُ قِنْ مُسَدٍ۞

٧٤٠٤

دِئْ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ مِاللهِ الرَّحْمْنِ الرَّحِيْمِ تَبَّ ثَبَّ مَا اَغُنَى عَنْهُ مَا لَهُ وَمَا تَبَّ مُ مَا اَغُنَى عَنْهُ مَا لَهُ وَمَا كَسَبَ * سَيَصْلَ نَارًا ذَاتَ لَهَبَ * وَامْرَاتُهُ حَبَّالَةً كَسَبَ * الْحَطَلِ * فَى جِنْدِهَا حَبْلُ مِنْ مَسَبِ * الْحَطَلِ * فَى جِنْدِهَا حَبْلُ مِنْ مَسَبِ *

Flame. CXI

(Makkan, 1 Section and 5 Verses)

In the name of Allah, the Compassionate, the Merciful. SECTION 1

- 1. Perish the two hands of Abu Lahab, and perish he!
- 2. His riches availed him not, nor what he earned.
- 3. Soon he shall roast in a Fire, Flame,
- 4. and his wife also: a fuel carrier.
- 5. Around her neck be a cord of twisted palm-fibres
 - 15. ABDUL MAJID DARYABADI 1957

What hilarious laughter it must have evoked among the young Meccans ever ready to enjoy a joke especially if it had literary merit as well! How the couple must have been deflated! With what relish the little band of the Prophet's adherents must have recited this picturesque invective.

(Condensed from The Student's Quran)



Sura : TAWḤĪD

hite name of Allahithe Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 18

(O MUHAMMAD!)

 $S_{
m ay}$:

He is Allah, the One!

- 2 Allah, the Eternal Refuge of all!
- 3 Begets He not, nor is He begotten!
- 4 And like unto Him there can be no other!

Not only the Taurat but the Upanishads and the Gita glorify the Oneness and the Sublimity of the Supreme Being. Here is a translation of a verse from the Gita:

> He is all-knowing God, Lord of Emperors, Ageless, Subtler far than mind's innermost subtleties. Universal Sustainer, shining Sun-like, self-luminous!

The Quranic contribution to Monotheism, therefore, lies

- (a) In defining the ONE in such simple, brief, musical and easily remembered terms that the Supreme became, so to say, a part of immediate human experience;
- (b) In making this Oneness the fundamental basis of all its teaching; and
- (c) In bringing the idea of the ONE from the minds of the intellectual elite—the pandits, the rabbis, the cardinals—to the hearts of the simple masses.

ڡؙٞڶٛڡؙٞۊڶؿؗٲڂۘۮؙڽۧ ٲؿؙڎؙڶڝٞؠۮؙ۞ۧ ڶۊؘؽڸۮؙۥٚٚڎڶؿؽۏڶۮ۞ٚ ۘۅؘڶؿؘؽڴؙڽؙڵۮؘڲؙڡؙۊؙٵٞڂڋۿ۠

CHAPTER CXII

CHAPTER CXII

I - 3 k h l a s

(The Unity)

(Revealed at Moces)

4 Verses in 1 Section

SECTION 1

SECTION 1 Unity of God

the state from the manners of the state of the section

In the name of God the Beneficent the Merciful

1. Say:3185 "He, God, is ONE (alone).

3. He³¹⁸⁷ begetteth not, nor is He

4. And there is none like unto Him.

.. قُالُ هُوَ اللَّهُ آحَدُنُ ثُ ٣- اَنْذُ العَنْمَانُ ثُ

٣- آلَاهُ العَمَّمَانُ ٥ ٣- لَوْرِيَانُ أَ وَلَوْرِيُولُنُ ٥ُ

ا من وَلَمُو يَكُنُّ لَهُ كُفُوا الْحَدُّ أَنْ

16. MIR AHMED ALI — 1964

Shia commentary

If many Muslims too, like others, have succumbed to hero-worship and have attributed Divine powers in varying degrees, to humans of the past and the present, the blame cannot be laid at the door of the Qur'an

And remember that this Sura is revealed in the teeth of opposition.

(Condensed from The Student's Quran)



SURA: FALAO

h the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 19

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Day: I take refuge in the Lord of the Dawn!

- 2 From the malevolent aspects of His creation:
- 3 From the evils of the darkness when it encompasseth;
- 4 From the mischief of those who cast knots and weaken resolutions;
- 5 From the injury by the envious when he envies.

What is evil? Why did God, 'with paradise devise the snake?' These are relative questions for philosophers to speculate on and for poets to play with.

All we know is that in God's creation good and evil exist in relation to each other.

Where then is a creature to seek refuge from evil except in Him who created evil also?

And since it is the mental perception of evil that hurts, what better antidote than deliberately making the mind dwell on the good in God's creation, the dawn as opposed to the dark night, beauty as opposed to ugliness, the holy as opposed to the base, love as opposed to hate, benediction as opposed to envy and malice?

CHAPTER 113

Al-Falag: The Daybreak

Delivered at Mecca-Verses 5

In the name of God, the Compassionate, the Merciful.

- Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of THE DAYBREAK
- From the evil which may proceed from anything which he hath created,
- And from the evil (that may lurk) in the over-spreading darkness of the night, 3.
- From the evil of the women practising witchcraft who breathe over knots (of twine).

 And from the envy of the envier when he envieth. 4.
- 5.

17. ABDUL LATEEF -- 1968

"My soul doth magnify the Lord, for out of the restless night of fears and doubts dawns hope." (Magnificat)



Sura : $N\bar{A}S$

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 20

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Say: I take refuge in the Lord of men.

- 2 The King of men,
- 3 The Deity of men,
- 4 From the hurt of slinking thoughts
- 5 That cast and leave doubts in the hearts of men.
- 6 (Whether they come) from jinn or men!

"The hurt of slinking thoughts" is clearly recognised in today's world of psychiatry, hypnotism, mental hygiene. Some have expressed this recognition tersely:

"Suspicions that the mind of itself gathers, are but buzzes; but suspicions that are artificially nourished and put into men's heads by the tales and whisperings of others have stings."

(Francis Bacon)

Should the Qur'an have advised mankind, especially the Arabs of the seventh century, to seek the help of psychiatrists?

It recommends a far more efficacious and everavailable source of help: it says, 'Seek refuge in Him!'

Part 30 Chapter 114 مُوْرَةُ النَّاسِ مَجِّيَّةً 言語 AL-NAS
Revealed below Hijra

In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Ever Merciful. (1)

Proclaim: I seek the protection of the Lord of mankind, the King of mankind, the God of mankind, against the mischief of every sneaking whisperer, who whispers into the minds of people, whether he be hidden from sight or be one of the com-mon people. (2-7)

إنسيرالله الزخشين الزوينسيرن قُلْ اَعُوْدُ بِرَبِ النَّاسِ ﴿

مَاكِ النَّاسِ

إله التاس

مِنْ شَدِ الْوَسُواسِ أَهِ الْخَمَّاسِ فِي الَّذِي يُوَيِسُوسُ فِي صُكُ وَرِ النَّاسِ ٥ غي مِنَ الْحِنَةِ وَ الثَّاسِ ثَ

18. ZAFARULLAH KHAN - 1971

And the Gita echoes: "They who take refuge in Me, O Partha. no matter who they might be, tread the highest path!"

(Gita, 9:32)



Interlude Two

POSTSCRIPT to Book II — AR-RUH

A volume can be written on the foregoing 18 Suras; in fact books have been written on each of them. But with the present limitation of space we can only give a passing back-glance at their most prominent features.

The emphasis on the pen, i.e. the importance of knowledge through the written word (1); the glory of enlightenment (2); the inexorable moral law of ultimate recompense (3, 4, 9,); the outburst that must follow suppression (5); the futility of avarice (6); the lessons to be learnt from the past (7); the meanness of slander (8); the importance of seasonal adjustment (10); the relative importance of Divine worship and human service (11); the duties of those relieved from want (12); dignified accommodation (13); the effectiveness of caricature, tinged with humour and satire (15); the essence of Theism (16); the inestimable value of absolute trust in the beneficence of Providence (14); and finally the refuge to be sought with Allah (17 and 18)—each of these themes has been depicted in word miniatures that defy comparisons and have remained unblemished by human hands for over a thousand years.

But, apart from these invaluable moral lessons the characteristics of these Suras to be noticed, particularly in the original Arabic, are:

- (a) the beauty inherent in the expression of these truths,
- (b) the magic and colour of the words,
- (c) their mnemonic setting, and
- (d) the effectiveness of brevity.

These aspects are only vaguely perceptible to most of those who read or recite the Qur'an for earning heavenly merit. But to scholars and literateurs, be they Muslim or others, these qualities can provide repeated moments of ecstasy. Several western scholars have classified these Suras as belonging to what they call the Poetic period; and they seldom fail to admit their literary beauty and effectiveness. In fact they are so overwhelmed with these aspects of the early Suras that they tend to overlook the value of the great truths contained in them.

Apart from the well-known commentators and scholars of Islamic lore we shall here present extracts from two little known contributors to a

now defunct magazine⁹ unearthed for us by the courtesy of the British Museum. In an article appearing in the November 1899 issue of that magazine Professor Will. F. Warren, writes under the title, Rhyme and Rhythm in the Koran:

"Few English readers of the Koran realize that it is a book of poetry, and that its rhymes have immensely helped its currency in all lands where the Arabic language is spoken. Our prose translations can give no adequate idea of the flow and cadence of the original. An unrhymed paraphrase, even in the musical Arabic, would as little represent the Koran as an English prose paraphrase of Tennyson's Bugle Song would represent that masterpiece of melody. Undoubtedly the metrical swing of the book explains in some measure the great prominence given to the intoning and reciting of it in the mosques and schools of the Mohammedan world.

"To illustrate these metrical movements, alliterations, and phonetic returns at intervals to a thematic keynote or sound, the last two of the one hundred and fourteen Suras are perhaps as good as any."

Then, giving Rodwell's translation of Suras Falaq and Nas (Sections 19 and 20), and adding Professor H.G. Mitchell's transliteration of the original text, he continues:

"... no knowledge of Arabic is needed to enable me to see and hear the difference between Rodwell's version and the original. The one is stiff, hampered, and not very clear prose; the other is poetry, measured, melodious, rememberable.. poetry that charms the popular ear, and wins for itself a place in the popular memory.... The Arabic is so rich in open vowel sounds that a successful metrical paraphrase in any other tongue is extremely difficult. Probably a first-class genius, using the Persian or Italian language, could come closer to the real reproduction of the original than anyone else. In a moment of recklessness, one of special audacity, the present writer

^{9.} THE OPEN COURT—A Monthly Magazine devoted to the Science of Religion, the Religion of Science and the extension of the Religious Parliament Idea. Published by the Religious Court Publishing Co. Lasalle, Illinois. Ceased to appear in 1936.

once tried an experiment to see what could be done in this direction in German:

In Gottes Namen, voll Erbarmen. Amen.

Nur zu Allah,
Aller Tage Schopfer, taglich
Begeb' ich mich.
Vor dem Unheil der Natur,
Groll und List der Kreatur,
Neid des Neiders, Nachtaufruhr,
Spukunfug, und Hexenschwur,
Nur zu Allah,
Aller Menschen Schopfer, ewiglich
Begeb' ich mich.

"By this time the curiosity to see what could be done in the vernacular became too strong to be resisted. The result was a new conviction of the inadequacy of English resources in the broad vowel sounds, and of the hopelessness of effort in this direction. Possibly a Tennyson or a Poe could overcome the difficulty; but the following was the best that any responding muse had to offer in answer to my invocation. The number of words is almost exactly the same as in the original. Perhaps some more practiced hand will favour the readers of this with something more satisfactory.

'In the name of God, etc.

Unto the Lord of Dawning Day
My soul from ill shall flee alway.
From Nature's night,
Its hidden harm,
From ghostly sprite,
And witches' charm,
From envy's sting,
And tempter's lure,
'Neath Allah's wing
I'll rest secure.
From men to God, man's Lord most high,
For refuge ever more I fly."

In the June 1900 issue of the same magazine, Daniel J. Rankin comments on the same theme:

"The music of the Arabs, as perhaps of most other conservative peoples,

appears to be characterised, or greatly influenced, by the physiography of their several countries, to be indeed, the rhythmic expression of the physical environment of the singer.

"As the Highland Celt on his pipes is influenced in his music by the swelling or fitful gusts of the wild Westerly gales or the low. wailing sigh of the wind across the bleak moors, so the Arab depicts in rhythm the abrupt, jagged precipices of his sterile deserts or the weary, wavy monotone of his arid plains, now on a needle-like pinnacle of sound, then hurtling down to the abysmal depths of the scale, now here, now there, like the desert gazelle in its bounds and flying leaps from boulder to crag.

"Thus it seems to the writer that the difficulties of translating so typical a work as the Koran into another tongue for the effective appreciation of peoples having essentially different concepts of musical cadence, are insuperable, and can only end in failure."

Professor A.J. Arberry, of Cambridge (d. 1970), whose two-volume translation, entitled *The Koran* Interpreted (1955), is included among the 18 translations, has to his credit also an earlier volume¹⁰ in which he has analyzed Quranic prosody (pp. 20–24). Beside Sura *Fatihah* he has made metrical analyses of Sura *Qari'ah* (Sec. 5), Sura *Nasr*, (Sec. 14), and also a passage from Sura *Baqarah* (Sec. 429: 228–29), and finds that, apart from quantitative scanning, it is necessary to study stress as well because that element "also played an important part in heightening the excitement of the discourse." He concluded his analysis with the following remarks:

"... this subject has hardly been touched as yet, and a very careful and systematic examination of the text of the Koran will be necessary before any firm conclusion can be traced. It is interesting to think of these rhythms in terms of drumming, and it might be profitable to consider how far the excitive properties of the Koran correspond with the emotional effects of the drum rhythms."

Muslim scholars,¹¹ however, are extremely wary of the words 'poet', 'poetry' and even 'poetic', and this for more than one reason. First, the Qur'an itself denigrates the genre of poets as those who wander in the valleys aimlessly and seldom practice what they preach. It strongly deprecates the

The Holy Koran, An Introduction with Selections, Allen and Unwin, London 1953, pp. 137.
 Dr. Hamidullah's note given to the Sura Nasr (Sec. 16) will show how, in spite of showing

the precise qualities of poetry in the Arabic text of that Sura, he has guarded himself from sacrilege by opening his statement with "...The Quran, although in prose, possesses all the quality and charms of poetry..."

assumptions of the Pagans that the Prophet is a poet. (see Sec. 76, 88, 120, 182.349). Nowhere, however, does it state that the Qur'an itself is not revealed in the language of poetry.

In any case, poets occupied a low status in the Arab society of the time, for even the most renowned among this species sang only of love and war and often indulged in obscenities. Therefore, the Muslims have, and rightly, an abhorrence to the idea of associating the poet's lowly form of expression with the Divine purity of the Qur'an.

The non-Muslims have no such compunctions; but they forget that poetry—even in our own times when poets are revered—is essentially amoral and, therefore, cannot be classed with the Qur'an which represents the essence of morality. Kalidas, Goethe, Shakespeare, Byron, Iqbal, Ghalib—however great they may be as poets, are not necessarily great men. And, what is more important, accepting the Qur'an as poetry would be to deny its nature of revelation, and to reduce Divinity itself to the status of a capricious muse.

On the other hand to say only, 'the Qur'an is not poetry', is to indulge in a blasphemous half-truth; it implies that the Quranic form of expression is prose, if not prosaic; and this is even further from the truth. Whenever, therefore, one says, 'it is not poetry', one must immediately add, 'It is more than poetry; it is distilled poetry, it is poetry cleansed of the poets' weaknesses; it is transcendental poetry, it is revealed poetry'.

It is only such supplementary explanation that can make both the Muslim and the non-Muslim see the Qur'an in its truly resplendent light. It can compel them to concentrate on both its truth and its beauty—an essential aspect of all truth.

Sourate 110 : LE SECOURS

Au nom de Dieu le Tres Misericordieux
le Tout Misericordieux.

Since we have given a German translation of Sura Falaq (Sec. 19) by a professor of America it might be appropriate to give here a French translation of Sura Nasr (Sec. 16) by a Muslim Indian who has found so much of poetic qualities in that Sura:

^{1.} Lorsque vient le secours de Dieu, ainsi que la victoire,

^{2.} et que tu vois les gens entrer par legions dans la religion de Dieu,

^{3.} alors par la louange, chante purete de ton Seigneur, et implore—Lui pardon. Oui, Il demeure grand accueillant au repentir.

But to conclude: The recognition of the nature of transcendental poetry of the Quranic text has far-reaching effects on the approach necessary for its translation and interpretation. Poetry, and even more so, transcendental poetry appeals to the heart more than to the head. It affects both individuals and groups through feeling more than through understanding. It expresses its meaning not so much through words as through the sequences and the cadences and the kaleidoscopic colours and auras which words acquire in a living milieu. Its meaning cannot always be circumscribed by the dictionary meanings, or by the bonds or restrictions of grammar; nor can they be legitimately subjected to legalistic quibbling.

It helps to build internal urges for the good life, and internal resistances to evil, rather than provide externally enforceable rules of do's and dont's.

*

PRELUDE to Book III—AL-HUDA

The title Al-Huda, is taken from Sura Najm (Sec. 89:23) although the concept of God's 'guidance' is found throughout the Qur'an and even in the opening verses of an earlier Sura, A'la (Sec. 33:3). There the Prophet, who has been entrusted with a message, is asked to strive on, undaunted of obstacles; he is assured that it is Allah who creates, then moulds; who assigns a duty and then provides Guidance in its fulfilment.

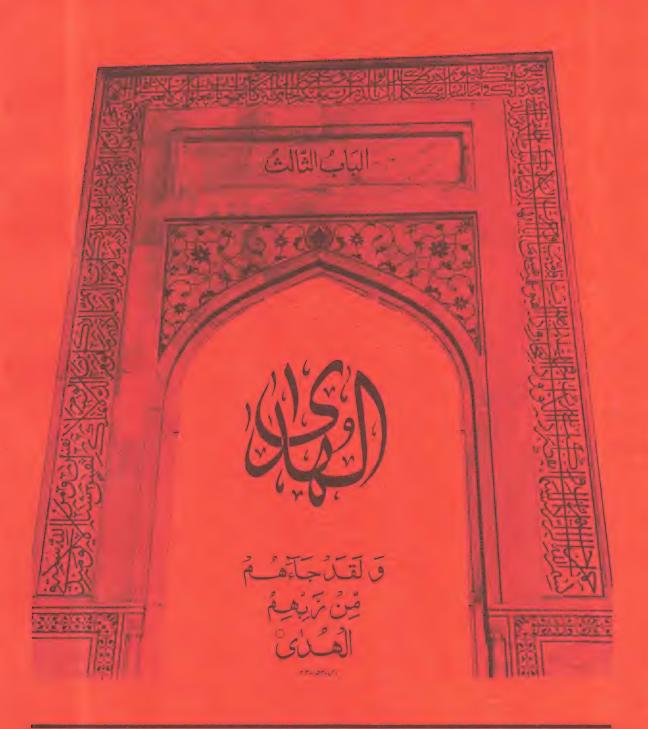
Al-Huda opens with a metaphorical reference, in Sura Tin (Sec. 21), to the great Messengers who have preceded the Prophet—Ibrahim and Musa, and 'Isa. In the two Suras that follow there is a distinctly personal tone of address: "Did We not find thee groping, and guide thee? Did We not find thee poor, and enrich thee?..."

In Sura Ma'arij (Sec. 73) the verses 22-35 provide a remarkable sequel to Sura Ma'un (Sec. 13) which had decried the musallin or 'Worshippers', who worshipped Allah ostentatiously and yet neglected their own poor and needy. Of course that did indirectly suggest that true worship lay in the concern for God's creatures; but here the definition of true worship is explained more elaborately. This is, in fact, one of the characteristics of the Qur'an: it teaches first by suggestion and becomes specific only later.

Our placing the first 29, out of the total of 36 Suras of Al-Huda, in reverse order to that found in the Qur'an, apart from being based on the consensus of authorities shown in Appendix A. 2, depends on the fact that the size of the Suras gradually expands in the course of time as if compact buds are gradually blooming into fragrant flowers.

Some will find in the 36 Suras grouped in Al-Huda a faint resemblance to the Psalms of David which the Qur'an itself refers to as an earlier revelation (Sec. 354:45). And by the time one reaches Sura Mursilat (Sec. 58-60) one begins to meet a form of chorus suggesting that these passages were meant to be recited in congregations. This form achieves its apogee in Sura Rahman (Sec. 95-97) wherein a single verse is repeated not less than 31 times in the 78 verses of the Sura. 12

^{12.} Nowhere before have we come across the presentation of this Sura in the distinctive manner adopted here. And we have also a tape-recording of a gathering in which a pious young woman with a rich voice recited this Sura from behind a curtain while a group of bearded elders outside joined her in the recital of the chorus-verse every time she came to it in her recital. One Muslim divine who heard this recording later was much impressed; but he could not help giving vent to the fear that this sacrilegious form of recital might catch on and become popular!



BOOK THREE

THE GUIDANCE

Verily, from their Lord alone doth come to them the Guidance!

(Sec. 89)

Contents:

36 Early Meccan Suras

3. T.S. 95 to 67 (in reverse order)

4. T.S. 50 to 56

Border inscription on title page: T.S. 82 Sura *Infitar*—Sec. 43

Sura : $T\bar{I}N$

m the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 21

(O MUHAMMAD!)

The (Mounts of the) Fig and the Olive bear witness!

- 2 The Tor of Sinai itself stands witness!
- 3 And witness is this City inviolate!
- 4 Verily, We fashion men in the finest of moulds!
- 5 Then We consign them among the coarsest of the coarses!
- 6 Except those who have faith and engage in righteousness: for them is reward—unbeholden!
- 7 Who then can dispute with thee (Our) Justice?
- 8 Is not Allah Just
 —beyond all judges?

The first three lines refer to the locales of Christianity, Judaism and Mecca made inviolate by Abraham. The fourth points to the pristine origin of each, and the fifth to their subsequent demoralization. Line 6 admits and lauds exceptional individuals in all three. The last two lines ask: "Who then can dispute the incessant working of a moral law? An automatic reckoning or judgment set in motion by God?"

即即問

وَالتِّيْنِ وَالنَّيْتُوْنِ ۞ وَهُوْرِسِيْنِينَ۞ وَهُوْاَلْمِينِ ۞ وَهُوْاَلْمِينَ الْكَوْيُونِ ۞ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَاالْإِنْسَانَ ۞ آحَسَنِ تَقْوِيمُ تُتَوَكَوْنُهُ الشَّفْلَ سَاخِلِيْنَ ۞ وَلَالْزِيْنَ امْتُوادَعِيلُوا الضَّلِخْتِ فَلَهُواَجُرْعَيْدُ مُنْفُونٍ۞ فَنَا كُوْرُالْ الْخَيْرِيْنَ ۞ فَنَا كُورُالْ الْعَرِيثِينَ۞

".. of Arabian Christianity at the time of Muhammad, the less said, perhaps, the better. By the side of it even modern Amharic Christianity, of which we hear such astounding account, appears pure and exalted."

(Deutsch, quoted by Khuda Baksh in Essays, Indian & Islamic, 1912)

The point to be noticed is that the consequences of the working of the moral law are shown in human experience and not only in some far distant hereafter

Are we Muslims of today witnessing the working of the same Law?

(Condensed from Mss of Volume II—Commentary)



Sura: SHARH

h the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 22

(O MUHAMMAD!)

ave We not made thy heart to blossom?

- 2 And lightened for thee the load
- 3 Which (well-nigh) bent thy back?
- 4 Have We not exalted for thee thy repute?
- 5 Then, verily, after adversity cometh ease.
- 6 Verily! after adversity cometh ease!
- 7 So now that thou art free (of worries) attend thou to thy duties,
- 8 And to (the service of) thy Lord, thyself devote.



الفنشرخ لك صدرك أ وَوضَعْنَاعَنْكَ وَزُرُكُ ﴿ الَّذِي كَا أَفْقَضَ ظَهُولِهِ ﴿ وَرَفَعُنَالِكَ ذِكْرِكَ أَ فَانَّ مَعَ الْعُنْمِ يُسْرًا فَ إِنَّ مَعَ الْعُنْمِ يُسْرًا ﴿ فَاذَا فَرَغْتَ فَأَنْصَبْ فَ وَالَّيْ رَبُّكَ فَأَرْغَتْ رُجُّ



مِعْ نَبْنُ نِينَ كِيا وسعت تلب وجُرْج سن ؟ بتاكياكم مَركَ وَالا رّا إد كر بم سن ؟ کریری مجلی جاتی متن اتنا باد تھا تھ پر نامنے سے بنٹ بیسنا بڑا دخوار تھا تھ پر محد او دیکھ ایش است کے اور کھ است کے اور کھ است کے اور کھ است کے اور کھ است کے است کے اور کھ است کے است کر است کے است کر است کے است ک منے دوست و من کردکھانی جائے گھے کو منائے جہراں سے وکٹان مائے تھے کو

Translations in Urdu-Kaif Bhopali

As rendered in English this Divine reassurance hardly needs comment. But those who can read the original may notice in the first four lines the accumulation of the five letters of the Arabic alphabet, which are the least used and most difficult to distinguish in pronunciation.

This peculiarity would, elsewhere, give the impression of laboured versification; but the meaning is so simple, the flow of words is so easy, and the unusual is so spontaneous that one can only marvel at the perfect harmony between the simple and the complex. It is this magic of the Qur'an which has made it reverberate through the centuries.



Sura : $DUH\bar{A}$

mthename of Allahthe Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 23

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Witness the forenoon light!

- 2 Witness the (preceding) gloom of night!
- 3 Thy Lord has not forsaken thee, nor doth He stint,
- 4 Thy future shall be better than thy past
- 5 And soon will thy Lord give thee all that thou wouldst want.
- 6 Did He not find thee an orphan and shelter thee?
- 7 Did He not find thee groping and guide thee?
- 8 Did He not find thee in want and enrich thee?
- 9 So, the orphan, neglect him not!
- 10 And the seeker, spurn him not!

11 And the bounties of thy Lord convey!

This Sura too conveys intimately a personal reassurance that the darkest hour is over and brighter times are to follow. But it also conveys injunctions regarding the treatment to be given to those who are deprived, and those who seek.

It reminds one of a delicately rendered Vaishnavite injunction, much later in time and far distant in space:

Lowlier than the leaves of grass.

More patient than a standing tree, Honouring the dishonoured brethren, The Vaishnavite should ever sing the glories of the Lord!

副剛門

وَالشَّهُ فَ أَ وَالْيَلِ إِذَا سَبَى فَ مَا ذَدَّ عَنْ الْأَوْلُ فَ وَلَدُونَ يُعُولُكُ مِنَا الْأَوْلُ فَ وَلَدُونَ يُعُولُكُ مَنَا الْاَوْلُ فَ وَدَجَدَلُو عَلَمَا لَا فَهُدُلُ فَ وَوَجَدَلُو عَلَمَا لَا فَهُدُلُ فَ وَوَجَدَلُو عَلَمْ لِلْأَفَا فَهُدُلُ فَ وَاقَا الْبَارِيمُ وَلَا تَفْهُدُ فَ وَأَقَا الْبَارِيمُ وَلَا تَفْهُدُونُ وَأَقَا الْبَارِيمُ وَلَا تَفْهُدُونُ



بڑا ٹی دیکھ لی ترسے سے اسرائے آت کی



SURA: LAIL

m the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 24

Even as the darkness of night

- 2 (Differs from) the brightness of day;
- 3 The male in Creation (differs from) the female:
- 4 Verily, your paths (too) are diverse!
- 5 He who is receptive and fears evil
- 6 He who (readily) accepts what is good
- 7 For him will be smoothened the path to felicity!
- 8 But he who holds back and deemeth himself self-sufficient
- 9 He who (persistently) repudiates the good
- 10 For him will be smoothened the path to adversity!
- 11 Nor will his possessions avail him when he downward slides.

2 *** 25

- 12 Verily, it is for Us to guide.
- 13 And with Us is the future and the past.

ۯٵۼؙؽ۬ٷۼڎٵڷڐڒٵ؆ڎ۬ؽ۞ ڒٷۼؽؘؾٵڵۿۮؽ۞ ۮڒٷڷٵڵڒڿڒٷٵڵٳڎڮ۞ ؆ڵڹڒٷڰۯ؆ڗٵڟؠ۞ ڒؽڞڶؠٵڵٳ۩ڵٷڂؿ۞ ڗۺڽؙۼڬؿٵڷٷؿ۞ ڒؠڽؙٷؽٷؽٵڶڎؽػڗڶ۞ ڗٵڸۭڂۑۼؙۮٷٷؽؙڣؽۊؙ۪ۻڗٙؽ۞ ڒٵڸۭڂڽۼؙۮٷٷؽڣؽۊؙ۪ۻڗٙؽ۞

- 14 I warn you then of the fiery agony!
- 15 Wherein will enter none but the incorrigible,
- 16 He who (persistently) repudiated and turned his back on the truth.
- 17 But stranger to it will be he who fears evil,
- 18 He who purifies himself by fulfilling his responsibilities.
- 19 He who gives no boon with an eye to recompense—
- 20 Except the good-will of his Lord, the Exalted-
- 21 Such shall be content.

ىلىكى الكراكة: كَالْهُلِوْلِكُوْلُونُ

ذَالِيْلِ الْمَانِيَّةُ عَنِينَ ۚ وَالْتَالِمُ الْمَانِّكُمْ أَنْ وَمَا عَلَيْنَ اللَّهُ كَرَ وَالْأَكْثَى ﴿ إِنَّ سَمْيَا أَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَى وَالْفَى ﴿ وَصَدَّقَ اللَّهُ عَلَى وَالْفَى ﴿ وَصَدَّقَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى ﴿ وَمَا مَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى ﴿ وَمَا مَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى ﴿ وَمَدَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى ﴿ وَمَدَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْمُعْلَى ﴿ وَمَدَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْمُعْلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَى الْمُعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُعْلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُعْلَى اللْمُعْلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى اللْمُؤْمِنَ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنَ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِ الْمُؤْمِ الْمُؤْمِ الْمُؤْمِ الْمُؤْمِ الْمُؤْمِ الْمُؤْمِ الْمُ

The word a'ta in v. 5 is generally translated as 'one who gives alms'. But the stage of teaching reached in this early period does not justify that meaning. The almost opposite connotation, viz. 'one who accepts', fits in better. One who is amenable to learning, receptive to new ideas, capable of being trained, that is what is meant here according to Abul Fazl in his Gharib ul Quran (1947). The other qualifications which immediately follow, support this contention.

(From Mss Commentary Vol. 11)



SURA: SHAMS

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 26

Consider the Sun!
The light that enshrineth it;

- 2 The moon that reflecteth it;
- 3 The morning that discloseth it;
- 4 The night that veileth it.
- 5 Consider the heaven and Him who adorned it:
- 6 Consider the earth and Him who enriched it;
- 7 Consider man's self and Him who sensitised it:
- 8 Endowed it with discrimination between the evil and the good;
- 9 Verily, prospereth he who keeps it clean and sensitive!
- 10 And undone he
 who buries it
 in the rust (of neglect)!!
- 11 The (tribe of) Thamud denied (their own good sense) in their pride and ignorance;

قىلاقلىترىمن تىڭىتاڭ كۆنىخات مىن دىشىتاڭ ئۆتىشەندۇرىلىقلىرىتاڭ ئىقال تەترىكىدل اىلىو كاقتە اىلىو د ئىقال قاققىدۇرىلەندى ئىقتىدالىر ئىلىدىدۇرىمەندى ئىقتىرىم ئىلىدىدىنىرە قىسىۋىتاڭ كۆيىخاك ئىقىدىدىناڭ



والنَّفْسِ وَطُحْمَا ۞ وَالنَّمَارِ اوَاتَلَبَا۞ وَالنَّمَارِ اوَاجَلْمَا ۞ وَالنَّمَارُ وَمَا بَلْمَا۞ وَالْآرِضِ وَمَا يَلْمَا۞ وَلُوْرِضِ وَمَا مَلْمَا۞ وَتُقْسِي وَمَا مَلْمَا۞ وَتُقْسِي وَمَا مَلْمَا۞ وَمُقْلِي وَمَا مَلْمَا ۞

- 12 When the basest among them came forth,
- 13 A votary of Allah said to them, "This is Allah's camel, let her drink."
- 14 But they ignored him
 and allowed the helpless animal
 to be crippled.
 Then came upon them
 the doom from their Lord,
 the doom which levelled them all
- 15 Without regard to consequences.

(J.B.S. Haldane in his review of The Student's Quran)



[&]quot;These verses 5-8 remind me forcibly of Immanual Kant's saying that the best witnesses for the existence of God were 'the starry heavens above me, and the moral law within me'."

SURA: BALAD

mithename of Allahihe Rahillanithe Rahill

1 *** 27

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Nay...This town is itself witness

- 2 —And thou hast thyself been nurtured in this town—
- 3 Witness are (the relations between) the begetter and the begot:
- 4 Verily, We created Man to face trials;
- 5 Does he count on none having power over him?
- 6 He boasts,
 "Wealth have I squandered galore!"
- 7 Does he count on no one having seen him?

2 *** 28

- 8 Have we not given Man two eyes?
- 9 And a tongue and two lips?
- 10 Have We not shown him the two paths?
- 11 Why then does he not choose the Upward Path?
- 12 But O, what shall make thee see what the Upward Path is?!

كَا الْتُتَحَمَّالُعَقَدَة الله وَمَا الْدَافِيَة الله وَمَا الْدَعَدَة الله وَمَا الْدَعَدَة الله وَمَا الْدَعَدَة الله وَمَا الْدَعَدَة الله وَمَا الله وَمِنْ الله وَمَا الله وَمِنْ الله وَمَا الله وَمَا الله وَمِنْ الله وَمَا الله وَمِنْ الله وَمِ



ڰٲڣؖ؞ۄؙؠۿڬۘ۩ٲڹڬڹ۞ ۅٙٲڬؾۘڂؚڰٛڹۿڬ۩ڶؠڬڽ۞ ڎٷڶۑڎٙڡٵڎٙڶڽ۞ ڵؿؙٮ۫ڂؙڰٛڡٙٵڷؚۏؿٮٲؽ؋ٛؿۑ۞ ٳؠڂۺۘٵڽڰؽؾٙڦۅۮۼڷؽۄٲڞڰ۞ ؽۼٷڶٵۿڬڴؿػٲڰڰؽٵ۞ ٲڸڞؘۺٵڹٷۿؽڒٷٵڞڰ۞ ڡٙڸٮٵڴٷۺٙڠؿؠ۠ڹ۞

- 13 It is, to free one from a yoke,
- 14 To help one on a day of adversity,
- 15 An orphaned, distant relative
- 16 Or one who is poor—entirely forlorn.
- 17 Then to be one among those who have Faith and enjoin fortitude and mercy.
- 18 These are the peoples on the Right Path, the Righteous!
- 19 But those who disregard Our gifts (of perception) they are on the wrong path,
- 20 It is they
 whom the Fire (of regret)
 will envelop!



Sura : FAJR

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 29

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Witness the (festive) Dawn!

- 2 Witness (the gambols) ten nights long!
- 3 Witness the games of chance!
- 4 Witness (the orgies of) the culminating night!
- 5 Is there (not) in all these a testimony for those who ponder?
- 6 Hast thou not seen how thy Lord punished the 'Ad?
- 7 Towering lords of Iram,
- 8 Whose equals there were none in all the land?
- 9 And Thamud whose power (o'er men) overcame the hardness of rocks to build for them abodes of safety?
- 10 And Fir'aun, of mighty hosts?
- 11 All those who burdened fellow men
- 12 And increased misery in the land?
- 13 Thy Lord called down upon them all the fiat of grievous chastisement.
- 14 For, verily, thy Lord, as from a tower, observeth all.

الْتِنَ لَمْ يُخْلَقُ مِفْلُهَا فِي الْبِلَادِ ثُنَّ وَتَنْوُوْ الْنَيْنَ جَابُواالطَّفَةُ بِالْوَالِثُّ وَفِرَعُوْنَ وَمَالاَوْتَادِ ثُنَّ الْدِيْنَ طَغُوا فِي الْبِلَادِ ثَنَّ فَاحْتُرُوْا فِيْهَا الْفَسَادَ ثُنَّ فَصَتَّ عَلَيْمٍ رَبُكَ سَوْطَ عَدَابٍ ثُنَّ لِنَّ رَبِّكَ لَهِ الْمِوْصَادِ ثَنَ وَالْفَجْرِنَ وَلِيَّالِ عَشْرِقَ وَالنَّفْرِ وَالْوَتْرِقَ وَالنِّلِ إِذَا يَسُرِقَ هَلُ فِي ذَٰلِكَ قَسَمُّ لِنِيْ يَحِجُرٍ ٥ الْوَتْرَكِيْفَ فَعَلَ رَبُّكَ بِعَادٍ ۞ إِنَّ وَاللَّهِ الْعِمَادِقَ إِنَّ وَاللَّهِ الْعِمَادِقَ





- 15 Allah tries man,
 when He is pleased with his work,
 He bestows on him felicity;
 but man only says,
 "My Lord hath favoured me!"
- 16 And when Allah tries man, is displeased with him, and limits his subsistence, man says, "My Lord hath frowned upon me!"
- 17 Nay! Nay! But ye consider not the orphan
- 18 And ye stir not in helping the needy
- 19 And ye devour your inheritance greedily, greedily.
- 20 And ye love your property exclusively.
- 21 Nay! When (the facade of) life crumbles to dust,
- 22 When man faceth his Lord and the working of His laws,
- 23 When retribution is facing him, then will man remember! But what good will remembrance do him then?

ئواڭئىدۇم بايكىنىڭدۇ ئۇمىيى ئىڭدۇللاندان داڭدادىتانىڭ ئۇدائىللىتىن قاشقادىيانىڭ قۇم بالائمىلىپ عادىقادى قاتىنىڭ داقلىقادىڭ ئاتىئىاللىش الشلىپ ئەڭ الىيىقى الىرلوداردىد قىرىدىنىڭ ئادخىن قارىدىدى ق ئاتنا الإنسان الانا الله المرئية كالزمة و رَاتَمَا الاَ اللهُ الْحَدَّى فَيْ الْحَدَّى فَيْ الْحَدَّى فَيْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ ا

- 24 He will say,
 "Would that I had foreseen
 and attuned my life ere this!"
- 25 For then man's suffering will be such as Allah alone can inflict.
- 26 His bonds too will be those that Allah alone can bind.
- 27 "O soul that art serene!
- 28 Return thou to thy Lord, well-pleasing and well-pleased;
- 29 Enter thou among My servants
- 30 Enter thou My paradise...."

*

The first five, little understood, and less heeded, verses present as witness the crescendo of orgies in the Ten Nights of the then autumn gatherings known as the Hajj Akbar which corresponded annually to the Indian Dasehra. The rest of the Sura consists of observations on, and lessons to be derived from, the abandon and cacophony which the occasion then presented.

(See also Secs. 10 and 587:36-7)

The illustration on the previous page represents the Temple of Eldeir, a great structure hewn out of red rock. It is one of the striking features of the ruins of Petra the ancient stronghold of Edom (Iram) 'half as old as time itself' situated in a valley between the Dead Sea and the Gulf of Akaba.



Sura: GHASHIYĀ

h the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 31

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Hast there (not) come to thee the story of Al-Ghashya?

- 2 Some on that day humbled,
- 3 Labouring, weary,
- 4 Burnt as if with a scorching fire;
- 5 Water that is hot, to quench their thirst;
- 6 For food, nothing but thorns
- 7 Which neither nourish the bodies, nor hunger appease.
- 8 Others on that day joyful,
- 9 With their striving well-pleased;
- 10 In gardens high-
- 11 For them no babble.
- 12 Only flowing waters
- 13 And verdant banks;
- 14 With goblets set forth
- 15 And cushions arrayed
- 16 On carpets outspread.

2 *** 32

31-32

17 Do they never ponder: on the clouds, how they are formed! ٤٤ خَرَابُ تَوْمُوْعَةٌ ۞

٤٠ تَرَارِكُ مَصْفُوْنَةٌ ۞

٤٠ تَرَارِكُ مَصْفُوْنَةٌ ۞

٤٠ تَرَارِكُ مَصْفُوْنَةٌ ۞

٤٠ اللَّذِينُظُوْدُونَ إلى الإبراكِيْنَ خُولِقَكُ

٤٠ اللَّ التَّمَا الْكِيفَ مُوسِتُ ۞

٤٠ اللَّ الْوَرْضِ كَيْفَ سُولِحَتْ ۞

٤٠ تَرَارُ الْكُلَّ الْمُنَا الْمُنَّ مُنْلِونُ ۞

الْاَ مَنْ تَوْلُ وَكُفْرُ ۞

الْحَارُةُ الْمُنَا الْمُنَا الْمُنْ الْمُنْلُونُ ۞

الْحَالُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ ۞

الْحَالُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ ۞

الْحَالُونُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللْمُنْلُونُ اللْمُنْلِلَ الْمُنْلُونُ الْمُنْلُونُ اللْمُنْلُونُ الْمُنْلُونُ الْمُنْلُونُ ا



هَلُ الله كَدِيدُ الْقَالِمِيدِ أَنْ الْقَالِمِيدِ أَنْ وَحُومُ الْقَالِمِيدِ أَنْ وَحُومُ الْقَالِمِيدِ أَنْ الْقَالِمِيدَةً أَنْ الْمَالَةُ قَالِمِيدَةً فَى الْمَالَةُ قَالِمِيدَةً فَى الْمَالُونُ وَلَا يُعْنِي الْمِيدِ فَى اللّهُ مِنْ عَلَيْدٍ فَى اللّهُ مِنْ عَلَيْدٍ فَى اللّهُ مِنْ عَلَيْدٍ فَى اللّهُ مِنْ وَلَا يُعْنِي اللّهُ مِنْ عَلَيْدٍ فَى اللّهُ مِنْ وَلَا يُعْنِي اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ

- 18 And the space beyond, how (infinitely) it extends!
- 19 The rugged hills, how they are spiked?
- 20 And the sweeping plains, how they spread?
- 21 Therefore, only warn them for thou art a Warner! No more!
- 22 By no means art thou a steward to them!
- 23 But he who turns his back,
- 24 And warning neglects, on him will Allah make to descend bitter affliction.
- 25 Verily, to Us alone is their resort
- 26 And with Us their reckoning.



Sura : $A'L\bar{A}$

m the name of Allah the Rahillian the Rahilli

1 *** 33

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Strive (on thou)
in the name of thy Lord on high!

- 2 Who creates, then moulds,
- 3 Who assigns, (a task, a duty) then guides,
- 4 Who freshens the verdure bright,
- 5 Then withers it to refuse dark!
- 6 We shall teach thee to recite so that thou shalt not forget—
- 7 Unless Allah wills for, verily, He is aware of what is seen and what is unseen.
- 8 We shall make it easy for thee to be fluent.
- 9 And persist thou in warning; for warning will be of some use—
- 10 Those who ponder will heed.
- 11 Only the most intransigent will remain aloof:
- 12 Those who prefer to loiter near the brink of a great fire—

سَيَدَّ عَكُرَمَنْ يَتَخْشَى ۞

وَيَتَكِبُهُمُ الأَشْقَى ۞

الَّذِيْ يَكِمُ لِللَّا اللَّهُ الْ

فَقُولَا يَمْوَنُ فَيْقَا وَلَا يَحْلَى ۞

فَا الْلَهُ مَنْ مُنْزَلِيْ ۞

وَدَكَر السَّرَتِ بِهِ فَصَلْ ۞

بَالْ تُؤْثِرُونَ الْحَيْوَةَ اللَّهُ يَا ۞

وَالْحُورُةُ خَيْرُو وَالْفَيْحُ اللَّهُ إِلَى ﴿

اِنَّ هُذَا الْفِي الْفُسِحُو الْأَوْلَ ۞

وَانَّ هُذَا الْفِي الْفُسِحُو الْأَوْلُ ۞

وَمُنْ مِنْ الْاَهْ يَمَوْمُ الْمُعْلِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ مِنْ ﴿

وَمُنْ مِنْ الْاَهْ يَمَوْمُ الْمُعْلِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ مِنْ ﴿

وَمُنْ مِنْ الْاَهْ يَمَوْمُ الْمُعْلِقُولُ ﴿

وَمُنْ مِنْ الْاَهْ يَمَوْمُ الْمُؤْفِقُ مِنْ هُمُونُ وَالْمُؤْفِقُ وَهُمُ وَالْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ وَالْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ وَالْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعَبْوَالْوَالِقُولُ ﴿

وَمُؤْفِلُونُ الْمُؤْفِقُونَ الْمُؤْفِقُ وَالْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْمُؤْفِقُ وَالْمُؤْفِقُ وَالْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْمُؤْفِقُ وَالْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعُنْ الْعُلْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُلْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعُنْ الْعُلْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُلْمُؤْفُونُ الْعُنْ الْعُنْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْعُلْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعُمْونُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعَلْمُ الْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْعُنْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْفِقُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُونُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْعُنْمُ الْعُنْمُونُ الْعُنْمُؤُمُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْعُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْعُنْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُونُ الْعُلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْ

سَنِح اسْمَدَرَ نِكَ الْآخَلَ أَنْ الَّذِي َ حَلَقَ قَدَنُوى أَنْ وَالَّذِي كَا تَدَوَّقَدُى أَنْ وَالَذِي كَا اَخْرَتُمُ الْمُدُوعِي أَنْ تَنْفَقُولُكَ فَالْآغَا أَخْرِى أَنْ الْاَمَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ الْمُؤْمِدَةَ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْرَقَةَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْرَقَةَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ المُؤْرَقَةَ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا ال

فَلُالِزُانِ نَفَعَتِ اللِّالْزِيقِ

- 13 Continuing to exist, neither living nor dead!
- 14 Prosper will he
 who absolves himself
 (by fulfilling his
 obligations),
- 15 Pays heed to the bidding of his Lord and performeth his duty.
- 16 Ye are generally obsessed with the living moment.
- 17 Foresee!
 Pay heed to the future;
 for that will bring good
 more lasting.
- 18 Indeed, this is a lesson from the books of old:
- 19 From the Books of Ibrahim and of Musa!



SURA: TĀRIQ

m the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 34

The darkness of the heavens is witness and witness is the Morning Star!

- 2 —But what shall make thee comprehend what the Morning Star doth signify?
- 3 A star of piercing radiance,
- 4 Over every soul it keepeth watch.
- 5 Let Man reflect upon his humble origin
- 6 What was he created of but fluid injected with life.
- 7 Emerges he from spine and loins.
- 8 Verily, re-calling (man) for Him is possible
- 9 On the day that all secrets will be divulged;
- 10 For him there shall be no support or helper.

2 *** 35

11 Witness are the heavens whose nature it is to revolve;

ٳؾۜڡ۫ڟڽڿۅ؞ڷقاۄؚڎ۞ ؽؘۄٞۯؙۼڵٳڶۺؙڗٙؠٟۯ۞ ڡٛٮٵڶۿٷڹٷۊ۪ڎٙڎڵٷڝۅ۞ ۅؘٵۺؠٙٳڎٵۻٳڷڿۄ۞ ۅٲڎۯۻۣڎٳڿٳڶڞٙۮ؏۞ ٳؿؘڡؙڶؿؘۏڵػڞڷ۞ ۊٵۿۅٳڶۿڒڸ۞ ڶؚڰۿؙڡٚڲؽۮٷؾػؽڴٵ۞ ۊؙٵڝؙٛؽؙڰڴؽڴٵ۞ؖ ؿٵڝؖؽؙڰڴؽڴٵ۞ؖ

別別世

وَالتَّمَآةِ وَالطَّارِقِ ۞ وَمَّا أَوْرَىقَ الطَّارِقُ ۞ النَّجُهُ النَّاقِ ۞ إِنْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ لَنَا عَلَيْهَا حَافِظٌ ۞ فَلْمَنْظُرِ الْإِنْسَانُ مِتَمَّخُلِقَ ۞ خُونَ مِنْ ثَمَانٍ وَافِقٍ ۞ تَخَوُمُ وُمِنْ ثَمَانِينَ الصُّلُبِ وَالثَّمَّ آلِبِ

- 12 Witness is the earth whose nature it is to split afresh.
- 13 Verily, in these are eternal truths.
- 14 No passing jest.
- 15 Indeed they are planning a plan against thee
- 16 But We shall plan a plan against them.
- 17 So bear a while with these of little faith; let them alone for a while.



Sura : $BUR\bar{U}J$

In the name of Allah the Rahillan the Rahill

1 *** 36

Witness are the revolving constellations!

- 2 Witness the appointed day!
- 3 Witness that which was seen and those who saw!
- 4 Perish those who contrived the trench!
- 5 Filled it with fire-
- 6 Stood (actively) watching what happened!
- 7 And (perish) those
 who were (passive) witnesses
 to what was being done
 to the men of faith!

2 *** 37

- 8 What was their guilt—
 except that they had faith in Allah,
 the Almighty, the Glorious?,
- 9 He for whom is the sovereignty of heaven and earth. He who is the Witness of all deeds!
- 10 Verily those who persecute the men and women of faith and repent not, on them will come chastisement like fire and afflictions like flames.
- 11 Verily, those who have faith
 and engage in righteous endeavour,
 for them shall be prosperity—
 as in rich gardens watered by streams—
 felicity in abundance.

ولهموعات البالحويق
اِنَّ الْمَوْيَةَ الْمَالِكُونَ الْمَوْادَعَ الْوَاللَّمُ اللَّهِ الْمَوْدَ الْمُودَ الْمُودَ الْمُودَ الْمَوْدَ الْمُودَ الْمُودَ الْمُودَ الْمُودَ الْمُودَ الْمُؤْدَ الْمُؤْدَ الْمُؤْدَ الْمُودَ الْمُؤْدَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُؤْدَ الْمُؤْدِ الْمُؤْدِ الْمُؤْدَ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِ الْمُؤْدِينُ الْمُؤْدَ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدِانُ الْمُؤْدَانُ الْمُؤْدَ

即則則

وَالتَّمَا إِذَاتِ الْكُرُوْمِ (أَ وَالْيَوْوِالْمَوْعُوْوِ (أَ وَشَاهِ إِوَمَنْهُوْوِ (أَ فَتِلَ اصْحَبُ الْفُفُدُو (أَ التَّارِدَ السَائِقُووِ (فَ إِذْ مُمْوَعَلَيْهَا أَعُوْدُ (فَ وَمَا تَقَمُّوا مِنْهُمُوا (أَلَّ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْمُؤْوِنِ اللَّهِ وَمَا تَقَمُّوا مِنْهُمُوا (أَلَّ الْمَلُومِيْنَ اللَّهُورِيُنَ الْعَرِيُولِ الْمَيْمِيْنِ (فَالَّهُ التَّمُونِ وَالْوَرْضِ مَا وَالْفَيْعُولُوا فَلَهُمُ مَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْوُرْضِ مَا لِنَالُومُ مِنْ فَافَا فَلَهُمُ مَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْم

3 *** 38

- 12 Verily, the (retributive) grip of thy Lord is hard.
- 13 Verily, He is the Creator and the Restorer.
- 14 The Forgiving, the Gracious.
- 15 Lord of the Glorious Universe.
- 16 He who accomplishes what He pleases.
- 17 Hast not the story come to thee of the hosts
- 18 Of Fir'aun and of Thamud?
- 19 In fact, of those who ignored and spurned?
- 20 But Allah encompassed them on all sides!
- 21 Verily, this is a universal proclamation
- 22 Embedded in the eternal, all-pervading Law!



Sura: INSHIQĀQ

hithename of Allahithe Rahilmanithe Rahilm

1 *** 39

When the heavens split (and shower all their blessings)

- 2 With the permission of thy Lord—and as readily as they should;
- 3 When the outspread earth
- 4 Throws up her bounties unreservedly,
- 5 With the permission of thy Lord—and as readily as it should:
- 6 O man!
 Thou too must strive and hasten to meet thy Lord's behest!
- 7 He who accepts his assigned duties readily in his right hand
- 8 For him will his task be made easy,
- 9 And he shall rejoice in his family.
- 10 But he who casts his assigned duties behind his back
- 11 Invites upon himself perdition;
- 12 He shall slide into perplexities.
- 13 He it was who rejoiced with his family,
- 14 He it was who thought he would never have to face adversity;
- 15 But, verily, thy Lord had him under watch!

ڗٙؿۻڵۺڡؚؽڗٵ۞ ٳػڹڟڹڮٛٲڟؠ؋ۺۮؙۄٛڗٳ۞ ٳػڹڟڹڷٲؽؾٷؽڿٷڗ۞ ڹڴٵٛۊؙڔؾؘڎڟڹؠ؋ؠڝؽڗٳ۞ ٷڷؙڰؙڝؙ؞ٳڶڐٚڡؙؾ۞ ٷڷؿڸۄٙٵۅؘۺؾٙ۞ ٷڷؿڮۄٵۅؘۺؾٙ۞ ٷڵڰڎؙڸٳٷؠٷڹ۞ ٷٵڰڎؙڽڰٷؠٷۻٷ۞ ٷٳڟڎؙؠٷۼؽۼؙٳٷٷ۞ ٷڵڰڎؙڮٷؠٷڮٷڹ۞ ٷڵڰڎؙڮٷۼؽٷٷ۞۞ ٳڵڗڵڕؙؽڹٲڞٷٳڮػڽؙٷڹ۞ ٳڵڗڵڕؽڹٲڞٷٳڮۼٷڹ۞

2 *** 40

- 16 No! Witness the reddening sunset,
- 17 Witness the (chariot of) night as it drives on.
- 18 Witness the moon as it waxes,
- 19 Verily, ye too shall pass from stage to stage.
- 20 What then if they acquire not faith?
- 21 And when this recital is recited to them, they do not bow in acceptance?
- 22 Instead, they continue to deny and reject?
- 23 Allah knows best what they hide!
- 24 So convey to them the tidings of severe pain.
- 25 Except (to) those who have faith and who strive righteously;
 For them is reward unbeholden.



SURA: TAŢFĪF

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 41

Woe to those who are unfair—

- 2 Those who from others full measure exact,
- 3 But, when measuring or weighing for others, stint.
- 4 Do they think that they will not be called to account
- 5 On the great day
- 6 When men will stand up for the Lord of all peoples?
- 7 Surely the decree of the transgressors will be in Sijjin
- 8 And what shall make thee know what Sijjin is?
- 9 (It is) a decree irrevocable.
- 10 Woe then on that day to those who scoffed;
- 11 Those that taunted at the day of reckoning.
- 12 And none jeer at it but the totally incorrigible—

- 13 Who, when Our messages are recited to them, say: "Oft-heard tales of old!"
- 14 But no! Rust is upon their hearts which they neglected.
- 15 Verily, on that day before their Lord they shall be ashamed,
- 16 Singed as in hell!
- 17 It shall be said to them,
 "This is what you had laughed at!"

2 *** 42

- 18 Verily, the decree for the righteous is 'Illiyin
- 19 And what shall make thee know what 'Illiyun is?
- 20 It is a decree irrevocable,
- 21 Attested by those nearby.
- 22 Verily, the righteous shall be in contentment,
- 23 Looking down from high thrones.

- 24 Ye shall know them by their faces bright and joyous
- 25 Quaffing sherbets in glasses perfumed,
- 26 Perfumed with musk, the envied of the envious,
- 27 Its nature like that of nectar-
- 28 Sharing with those near by.
- 29 The guilty, at the righteous, were wont to laugh
- 30 And nudged each other when passing by;
- 31 They exulted when again among themselves;
- 32 Or else, when they saw them, they said, "These, indeed, are the credulous, led astray."
- 33 Had We sent them to be their watchers?!
- 34 So today, those who had faith will laugh at those who had doubted.
- 35 Looking down from high places.

وَيُكُ لِلمُطْقِفِيْنَ ۞

الْنِيْنَ إِذَا الْمَنَاقَّا عَلَى الْعَارِمَتَوَوُّنَ ۞

وَإِذَا عَالُوهُ مِنْ وَوَزُوْمُ مُومُحُورُونَ ۞

الْبَيْطُنُ أُولِلهِ اللَّهُ مُونَّئِهُ مُورُونَ ۞

يَوْمِ يَظُونُهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ مُونَّلِهُ مُونُونُهِ ۞

وَمَا أَوْلِ اللَّهِ مِنْ الْمُعَلِّيْنِ الْمُلْمِينَ ۞

وَمَا أَوْل الْمَنَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ ﴿

وَمَا أَوْل الْمَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ مُنَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ مُنَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُعَلِّيْنَ الْمُعَلِّيْنَ الْمُعَلِّى الْمُعَلِّى الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعَلِّى الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعَلِّى الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعَلِّى الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِيقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعِلِّيْنَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُؤْمِنِي الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعِلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُ الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعَلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونَ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْ

36 Is this not just punishment for the evaders for what they were engaged in?!



SURA: INFITAR

mithename of Allahithe Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 43

hen the heavens,
(according to their nature),
cleave asunder (to shed rain),

- 2 And the stars (in their respective orbits), revolve;
- 3 When rivers follow their courses set,
- 4 When the dead earth, (regularly), revives its dead afresh,
- 5 Each knowing what should precede and what should follow:
- 6 O man, what beguiles thee from (obeying the laws of) thy Lord, the Gracious?
- 7 He who created thee, then matured thee, then gave thee judgment;
- 8 With what face He pleased He composed thee.
- 9 But, still ye spurn the reckoning!
- 10 Surely there are watchers over you,
- 11 Recorders gracious,
- 12 They know what ye do.

كِرَامُاكَائِدِيْنَ۞ يَعْكَنُونَ مَا تَقْعَانُانَ۞ إِنَّ الْاجْرَارَ لَكِنَ تَعِيْمِ۞ وَ إِنَّ الْفَجَارَ لِكِنْ جَعْدِمٍ۞ يَصْلَانَهَا يَوْمُ الْبَرِيْنِ۞ وَمَا مُشْرَعَتْهَا يَوْمُ الْبَرِيْنِ۞ وَمَا اَوْرُ لِكَ مَا يَوْمُ الْبَرِيْنِ۞ يَوْمَ لَاتَنِيْكَ نَفْشُ لِنَقْلُمٍ مِنْ الْوَاثُورُ يَوْمَ لَاتَنِيْكَ فَفْشُ لِنَقْلُمٍ مِنْ الْمَاثُورُ الْمَاثُورُ الْمَرْتِيْنَ ۞ يَوْمَ لِوَنْهُو۞ 脚腿

اذِالسَّبَاءُ الفَكْرَثُ ۞ مَا قَالَدُوَاكِ الْتَكْرَثُ ۞ مَا قَاللَّهُ وَالْمُعْرَثُ ۞ مَا قَالْقُهُ وَالْمُعْرَثُ ۞ مَلَمَّ الْفَلَّمُ الْمَا مَنْ مَنْ مَا كَذَرُتُ ۞ اللَّهِ مُنْ مَنْ الْمَا فَعَنْ الْمَا مُنْ الْمُؤْمِنِ فِي الْمُرْمِنِي الْمُؤْمِنِي الْمُؤْمِنِي الْمُؤْمِنِي الْمُؤْمِنِي الْمُؤْمِنِي الْمَنْ فَي صُورَةً وَقَاللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِي الْمَؤْمُونُ وَالْمَا مُنْ الْمُؤْمِنِي الْمَؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ ۞ مَا إِنْ عَلَيْكُونُ الْمُؤْمِنُونُ إِلَّامِينُ ۞ مَا إِنْ عَلَيْكُونُ الْمُؤْمِنُونُ ۞

2 *** 44

- 13 The righteous shall be in felicity
- 14 Verily, the transgressors shall be (as if) in hell.
- 15 They shall find themselves thus on the day of reckoning.
- 16 By no means shall they be able to escape.
- 17 What will make thee understand what the day of reckoning is?!
- 18 O, what will make thee understand what the day of reckoning is? !
- 19 The day on which none shall own any responsibility for another; the reign on that day will be that for Allah alone.



SURA: TAKWĪR

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 45

When the sun is shrouded,

- 2 And the stars grow dim;
- 3 When mountains (like mirages) disappear,
- 4 And camels with young are deserted;
- 5 When wild beasts huddle together (in fear);
- 6 When rivers swell and overflow;
- 7 When the souls are mated,
- 8 And the daughter, buried alive, is asked,
- 9 For what crime had she been punished;
- 10 When the scrolls are unrolled,
- 11 And the heavens unveiled.
- 12 When hell is let loose.
- 13 And paradise brought close:
- 14 Then shall man know what, for himself, he had stored!!

2 *** 46

- 15 Nay! I bring to witness the planets,
- 16 Which advance and recede;
- 17 The night that gasps,
- 18 The dawn that wafts afresh...
- 19 Verily this is the speech of a gracious messenger,
- 20 Endowed with strength from high,



إِدَاالْخُونَ الْآَرَثُ كُنَّ مَلِدَاالْجُونُ الْكُنْكِرُثُ كُنَّ مَلِدَاالْجِمَالُ سُيْرِثُ كُنَّ مَلِدَاالْمُونُ ثُنُ خُورُثُ كُنَّ مَلِدَاالْمُونُ ثُنُ خُورُثُ كُنَّ مَلِدَاالْمُونُ ثُورُثُ كُنْ مَلِدَاالْمُونُونُ تُونِيَّ فَيْكَ كُنْ مَلِدَاالْمُنْحُثُ نُشِرَتُ كُنْ مَلِدَاالتَّمُ مَنْ فَيْلِكُ فُ مَلِدَاالتَّمُ مَنْفُونُ كُنْ فَيْرِثُ كُنْ مَلِدَاالتَّمُ مَا تَوْشِطَكُ كُنْ مَلِدَاالتَّمَ مَا تَوْشِطَكُ كُنْ مَلِدَاالتَّمَ مَا تَوْشِطَكُ كُنْ مَلِدَاالتَّمَ مَا تَوْشِطِكُ كُنْ مَلِدَاالْمَتَهُ الرَافِقَ فَيْ

21 Powerful, worthy of trust.

الْعُلَمِينَ ﴿

- 22 Your companion is not possessed,
- 23 Verily, He saw him above the horizon.
- 24 It is not a conjecture based on the unseen;
- 25 It is not the speech of a devil accursed;
- 26 What path do ye then take?
- 27 This is naught but a warning
- 28 For those among you who desire to tread the firm path—
- 29 Ah, but ye will not desire, unless ... Allah desires . . the Master of all peoples.



SURA: 'ABASA

In the name of Allah the Rahillian the Rahilm

1 *** 47

He frowned and he turned away

- 2 When the blind man addressed him!
- 3 And what doth make thee think that he would reform?
- 4 Or that, if he were to be warned, he would profit by such warning?
- 5 That snob, who is scornful of thy warning,
- 6 Thou dost run after,
- 7 Although it is not thy responsibility that he should himself cleanse.
- 8 But he who comes to thee with difficulty
- 9 And with deference
- 10 Him dost thou neglect!

2 *** 48

- 11 No, indeed! these are discourses
- 12 Which any one can note
- 13 On pages to be treasured,
- 14 Exalted and sanctified
- 15 By the hands of the scribes,
- 16 Honest and honoured.

- 17 Perish man! What makes him (from himself) hide truth?
- 18 Of what did We make him?
- 19 Of a drop of seed! We created him then assigned to him his task,
- 20 Then eased his task for him;
- 21 Then We bring him to his death and to his burial;
- 22 Then, when We will, We shall raise him.
- 23 But no! Man, by no means, fulfils his task!

3 *** 49

- 24 Is it man who looks to his own food?
- 25 It is We who provide water in plenty,
- 26 Split the soil with crevices,
- 27 And therein produce grains
- 28 And grapes and pomegranates
- 29 And olives and dates
- 30 And dense plantations
- 31 And fruits and pastures;
- 32 Provision for both you and your cattle.

33 But when comes the blasting thunder

34 Then each flies from his brother

35 And mother and father

36 And wife and children;

37 For all purposes, each is unneedful of the other!

38 Some faces on that day are beaming

39 Laughing, rejoicing;

40 Other faces on that day are cast in gloom,

41 Covered with darkness;

42 Those are the hiders of truth, the vicious!

نُوَالتَبِيْلَ يَسَرُهُ ۞
ثُوَالتَبِيْلَ يَسَرُهُ۞
ثُوَانَا وَافْتَرَهُ۞
ثُوَانَا الْمَانَةُ ﴿
كَلْكَنَا الْمِنْكَ الْمَلْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَلْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَلْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَلْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَلْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمَنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْكَلْكُ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكُ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكُونَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكَ الْمُنْكِيْكُ الْمُنْكُونِ الْمُنْكَانِكُ الْمُنْكُونِ الْمُنْكَانِكُ الْمُنْكُونِ الْمُنْكَانِكُ الْمُنْكُونِ الْمُنْكُونُ الْمُنْكُونِ الْمُنْكُونُ الْمُنْ

وْنَالْهُمْهُ وَابَّ ۞ مُنَاعًالْكُوْرُولِانْعَامِكُوْ فَاذَاجَاءَتِ الصَّاخَةُ۞

ؽۏؙۄٙؽڣٷٵڶٮڗؙٷ؈ٛٵڿؽڡۿ ۮٲؙڡؚۧ؋ۮٲؠؽٷۿ

ڔڝ؞ڔڝڔ ڸػؙڷؚٵڡؙڔؠؙؾؚڹؙۿؘڮؘؠڹۺؙٲؙڽٛؿٛۏؽڸۅ۞ ٷڿٷڰڗؘڡؙ؞؞ؙڡؙؙؙؙ؞ؙڡؙؿڰ۫ۿ

ڞؙٳڿڴڎؙڰؙٛۺؙؿۺۯٷؖ۞ ۮٷٷٷؽؘؽڛؘؽػڸۿٵۼڹڒٷ۞

رَدِوْدِيَّ وَكُوْمُ وَالْكُوْرُةُ الْفَجَرَةُ هُ تَرْهَقُهَا قَتَرَةً فُولًا لَكُوْرُةُ الْفَجَرَةُ هُ

ثَقَاؤَاشَآءَ الْفَرَةُ ﴿
ثَكُّ لَتَايَعُمْ مَا اَمْرَهُ ﴿
ثَكُلُ تَلْمِالُولِلْمَانُ الْ طَعَالَ
ثَلْمَنُظُ الْإِلْسَانُ الْ طَعَالَ
ثَلْمَنُظُ الْمِلْكَ الْمَاءَ صَبَّا ﴾
ثَنَ مَنْ مُنْفَقَا الْوَرْضَ مَنْفًا ﴾
ثَنَ يَنْ فَي فَ الْفَيْتُمَا فِي الْمَاءَ عَلَى الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيَا عَلَى الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيْلُ عَلَى الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيْلُونِ اللَّهِ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيْلُونِ اللَّهِ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيلُونِ اللَّهِ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيلُونِ اللَّهِ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيلُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيلُونِ اللَّهِ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْفِيلُونِ اللَّهِ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْمُلْكِيْنَ الْمُلْكِيْنِ الْمُلْكِيْنِ الْمُلْكِيْنِ الْمُلْكِيْنِ الْمُلْكِيْنِ الْمُلْكِيْنِ الْمُلْكِيلُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِيْنِ الْمُلْكِيْنِ الْمُلْكِلِيلُونِ اللْمُلْكِيلُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِيلُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِيلُونِ الْمُلْكِيلُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِيلُونِ الْمُلْكُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِيلُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُونِ اللْمُلْكُونِ الْمُلْكُونِ الْمُلْلُولُونِ الْمُلْكُونِ الْمُلْكُونِ الْمُلْكُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُونِ الْمُلْكُول

ۯٵۣڮۯؽڮڡڵڟڐڐؽ؈ٛ ٲۊؘؽڒؘڲؙۯؙڗؘڎؘێؘۿؘػؙٵڵڕٙڴۯؽ ٵٞؽٚؾۘڵڿڷڞڎؽ۞ ۅؘڡٵۼڷؽڬٲڒڮڗڮٚ۞ ۅٲڡٵڡۧڹڹڮڴٲڴڰؿۺ۠ؿ۞ ۅڰڡڗؽڂڞ۞ ٷػؽڴڞڰ ٷڴۯؿٞۿؙڞڰڰٛ۞ ؿٷڞؙڡڽڰڴڗۿ۞ ؿٷڞؙڡڽڰڴڗۿ۞ ؿڒڽؽۺڰڗۊٟ۞

مِنْ نُطْفَةِ خَلَقَهُ فَقَدُرُهُ أَن

SURA: NABĀ'

m the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 55

Whispers prevail

- 2 Regarding the great new teaching
- 3 About which opinions differ;
- 4 But verily they shall soon know!
- 5 Verily, again, they shall soon know!
- 6 Have We not made the earth to spread?
- 7 And the mountains to rise?
- 8 And ye also We made complementary one to another;
- 9 Gave you sleep for rest,
- 10 And the night for covering;
- 11 We made the day for your livelihood.
- 12 Above you We provided the seven heavens
- 13 And made the sun to illumine them;
- 14 We send from the clouds, rain in abundance,
- 15 With it We draw forth seeds and foliage
- 16 And gardens rich in shade.

2 *** 56

- 17 The day of decision too, will come in due time!
- 18 When the trumpet actually sounds, ye shall come forth in throngs,

- 19 The roofs themselves will let you out as if they were doors,
- 20 And mountainous obstacles shall disappear as if they were mirages!
- 21 It will be like watching hell, from a watch-tower,
- 22 A resort for the transgressors
- 23 Where, for long, they shall abide;
- 24 Tasting no fresh breeze, no cool drinks,
- 25 Suffering from extremes of heat and cold,
- 26 A fitting recompense
- 27 For those that failed to reckon,
- 28 And scoffed at our illustrations with scorn;
- 29 But everything is recorded in Our account-books
- 30 Taste then, We shall add nothing—but misery!
- 31 For those who took heed: fulfilment,
- 32 Gardens and grape-vines,
- 33 And youthful company
- 34 Brimming with pastoral happiness;
- 35 Therein shall they hear no folly nor scoffing
- 36 Rewards from your Lord, according to your meed!



33 But when comes the blasting thunder

34 Then each flies from his brother

35 And mother and father

36 And wife and children;

37 For all purposes, each is unneedful of the other!

38 Some faces on that day are beaming

39 Laughing, rejoicing;

40 Other faces on that day are cast in gloom,

41 Covered with darkness;

42 Those are the hiders of truth, the vicious!

ڬۼؖٳٵؾڐڣٵڣڋۉ۞ ڂٛؿٳڎڶؽٳٙ؞ٵۺڗۉ۞ ٷڵؿؽؽڣۻٵۺۯٷ۞ ٷڵؽؽڟڔٳڎؚۺڬ؈ڶ؈ڶۼٵؠؠٞ۞ ٷڝؽڹٵ۩ؾٙڎۼڰ۞ ٷڝؽڹٵ۩ؾڎۼڰ۞ ٷڝؽڹٵڰٷۼۺڰ۞ ڎٷؽٷٷٷۼۿڰ۞ ڎٷؽٷٷٷۼۿڰ۞ ٷٵڮۼڹٷڰڎۼڰ۞ ٷٵڮۼٷڰڿڣڰ۞ ٷٵڮۼٷڰۼڣڰ۞ ٷٵڮۼٷڰۼڣڰ۞ ٷٵڮۼٷڰۼۼڰ۞ ٷٵڮۼٷڰۼٷڰۿ۞ ٷٵڮۼٷڰۼٷڰۿ۞ ٷڰٷڰۼۼٷڮۼٷڰۿۿ۞

وُوجُوعٌ يَوْمَهِنِ عَلَيْهَا عَبَرَةً ﴾

أُولِيكَ هُمُوالْكُفُرَةُ الْفَجَرَةُ شَ

تَرْهَقُهَا قَتَرَةً ۞

脚剛

عبس دوق ال المنطقة ال

Sura : $N\bar{A}ZI'\bar{A}T$

h the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 51

Witness the dying stars that drown (in desolation),

- 2 And the risers that rise serene;
- 3 Witness the swimmers that swim on high,
- 4 The forerunners that herald (the dawn),
- 5 And the Wise Ones that hold sway over others.
- 6 When the great wave shakes
- 7 And another shiver follows,
- 8 Hearts on that day beat violently,
- 9 And eyes on that day, cast down.
- 10 They say, "What! Shall we survive this catastrophe?"
- 11 Alas! when we have become as bare as bones?
- 12 They will think such survival would indeed be a loss!
- 13 But it will be but a single, violent cataclysm;
- 14 And lo! they shall all be brought to a common level.

2 *** 52

- 15 Hast not the story of Musa come to thee?
- 16 When his Lord called to him in the sacred valley of *Tuwa*:

- 17 "Make thy way to Fir'aun! Verily, he has transgressed!
- 18 "Ask him: 'Wilt thou listen with an open mind,
- 19 'So that I might guide thee towards thy Lord and thou be chastened?' "
- 20 And he showed him the great signs!
- 21 But, "Lies!", he raged, then befumed!
- 22 Then planned and prepared,
- 23 And gathered and announced.
- 24 He shouted: "I am your Lord Supreme!"
- 25 So Allah humbled him then and thenceforth!
- 26 Verily, in that is a lesson for those who pay heed.

3 *** 53

- 27 Are ye a more difficult creation to deal with than the heavens which He moulds?
- 28 He raised the high vault and adorned it;
- 29 Made dark its night and from it brought forth its dawn.
- 30 And the earth, after this, He spread out,
- 31 And brought forth from it its water and its pasture.
- 32 And, in time, he raised the hills;
- 33 Provisions for you and your animals.

- 34 But when the great calamity comes
- 35 Then will men realize what each had striven after:
- 36 And before each will be his desert!
- 37 Those who had gone astray
- 38 Obsessed by the living moment,
- 39 Verily, hell will be their lot.
- 40 But those who feared their Lord and His Law and restrained themselves from being led away by desire,
- 41 Verily, heaven will be their lot.
- 42 They ask thee about the hour: "When is it likely to arrive?"
- 43 What a quandary thou art putting thyself into!
- 44 With thy Lord is the final authority!
- 45 Thou art no more than a Warner to make them mindful of the consequences.
- 46 When it descends upon them, they will not know whether it is the darkness of dusk or of dawn!!

فَأَخَذَهُ اللهُ تَكَالَ الْإِخِرَةِ وَالْأُولِي ٥ إِنَّ فِي ذُلِكَ لَوِيْرَةً لِمَنْ يَخْتَى ﴿ ءَ أَنْكُمُ أَشَكُ خَلَقًا أُوالتُمَا وَالنَّمَا وَالنَّمَا الْأَنْدُ وَيُوسَنِكُ الْمُؤْتُونُ اللَّهِ اللَّ واغطش ليكفا وأخرته ضغماه وَالْأَرْضَ بَعْلَ وَالْكَدَخْمَا 6 أَخْرَجَ وَنَهَا مَا أَهُ هَا وَمَرْغُهَا الله مَتَاعًا لَكُهُ وَلِانْعَامِكُهُ فَ فَاوَاحَاةِ تِالطَّامْدُ الكُذِّي اللَّهِ يَوْمَرِيتَنَّ كُوالْإِنْسَانُ مَاسَعَى ١ وَبُرِزَتِ الْجَحِيْمُ لِمَنْ يَرْي ۞ وَأَمَّا مَن طَعْيِهُ وَاتْدَالْحَيْوة الدُّنْيَا في قَانَ الْجَحِيْمَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَى أَن وَإِمَّا مَنْ خَافَ مَعَامَرُتِهِ وَنَهَى النَّفْسَ عَن الْهَوْي ٥ فَأِنَّ الْجَنَّةَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَى ﴿ $\widehat{m{x}}$ يَشْتَكُوْنَكَ عَنِ الشَّاعَةِ ٱيَّانَ مُوْسُهَا فِهُ أَنْتَ مِنْ ذِكْرِمَا ٥ الى رتك مُنتَهٰماً ١ إِنَّمَا أَنْتُ مُنْذِرُ مَنْ يَخْشُهَا أَنْ كَأَنَّهُ مْ يَوْمَ يُرَوْنَهَ الَّهُ يَلْبَثُوْ اللَّا عَشْتَهُ أَوْفُعْمَا شَ

عُلُوبُ يُؤمِّنِهِ وَاحِفَةً ٥ الصارفاخاشعة ٥ ؽڰؙۏڷۏؘؽءٙٳػؙٲڵؠۯؙڎۏۮۏؽڣٳڵۼڵۏڔڲ[۞] ءَ إِذَا كُنَّاعِظُ مُا كَخِرَةً شُ قَالُوْاتِلُكَ إِذَّاكَرُهُ خَاسِرُهُ ﴿ كَاكْمًا هِي زَجْرَةٌ وَاحِدَةٌ شَ فَإِذَا هُمُ مِالسَّاهِرَةِ ١٠ هَلُ اللَّهُ حَدِيثُ مُؤسى ١ إذْ تَادْمُهُ رَبُّهُ مِالْوَادِ الْمُقَدِّسِ مُوِّيْ إِذْ هَبِ إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَعَى فَعَ فَقُلْ هَدل لَكِ إِلَّى إِنْ تَذِكُّ فَى وَاهْدِيكَ إِلَّى رَبِّكَ فَتَخْشَى أَنَّ فَأَرْبُهُ الْأَيْهُ الْكُبْرِي 6 الكَنْ بَ وَعَمَى اللهُ الْغَ أَذْبُرُ يَسْلَمُ اللَّهُ فَحَثَهُ وَ فَنَادَى ١ 尚述到此近近近





SURA: NABĀ'

mthe name of Allah the Rahman the Rahim

1 *** 55

Whispers prevail

- 2 Regarding the great new teaching
- 3 About which opinions differ;
- 4 But verily they shall soon know!
- 5 Verily, again, they shall soon know!
- 6 Have We not made the earth to spread?
- 7 And the mountains to rise?
- 8 And ye also We made complementary one to another;
- 9 Gave you sleep for rest,
- 10 And the night for covering;
- 11 We made the day for your livelihood.
- 12 Above you We provided the seven heavens
- 13 And made the sun to illumine them;
- 14 We send from the clouds, rain in abundance,
- 15 With it We draw forth seeds and foliage
- 16 And gardens rich in shade.

2 *** 56

- 17 The day of decision too, will come in due time!
- 18 When the trumpet actually sounds, ye shall come forth in throngs,

- 19 The roofs themselves will let you out as if they were doors,
- 20 And mountainous obstacles shall disappear as if they were mirages!
- 21 It will be like watching hell, from a watch-tower,
- 22 A resort for the transgressors
- 23 Where, for long, they shall abide;
- 24 Tasting no fresh breeze, no cool drinks,
- 25 Suffering from extremes of heat and cold,
- 26 A fitting recompense
- 27 For those that failed to reckon,
- 28 And scoffed at our illustrations with scorn;
- 29 But everything is recorded in Our account-books
- 30 Taste then, We shall add nothing—but misery!
- 31 For those who took heed: fulfilment,
- 32 Gardens and grape-vines,
- 33 And youthful company
- 34 Brimming with pastoral happiness;
- 35 Therein shall they hear no folly nor scoffing
- 36 Rewards from your Lord, according to your meed!

- 37 Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between; the *Rahman*.

 to whom none dare (even) suggest!
- 38 On that day shall stand before Him spirits and angels in rows; none shall dare plead, except those permitted by the *Rahman* and who plead for a just cause.
- 39 That day will come in truth; those who will, may return to their Lord.
- 40 We have warned you that retribution is at hand; the day on which will be seen what was sent ahead; and those who hid the truth from themselves will say: "Would that we were dust!"

*

عَنَى يَكُسَاءُ لَوْنَ ۞
عَنَى النّبَا الْعَوْلِيْهِ ۞
الَّبِنَى هُمُ فَيْنَهُ مُنْ هُمُ الْبَنِى هُمُ فَيْنَ الْمُونَ ۞
الَّذِى هُمُ فَيْنَهُ مِهُ فَتَالُوْنَ ۞
الَّهُ عَلَى الْمُونَ ۞
الْمُحْعَلَى الْوَارَعَى وَهِمُ الْ۞
وَمَنَا لَقَالُوْنَ مَنْ هُمُوا ۞
وَمَنَا لَقَالُونَ مَنْ هُمُوا ۞
وَمَنَا لَمُنَا لَوْنَ الْمَا ۞
وَمَنَا لَمُنَا اللّهُ مُولِينَا اللّهُ ۞
وَمَنَيْنَا لَوْفَكُوسُهُ اللّهُ وَلِينَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِينَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِينَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِينَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِينَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِينَا اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ



SURA: MURSILĀT

h the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 58

Remember the Messages clear—
(Like fresh winds from heaven)

- 2 They wafted away the chaff;
- 3 Remember those that spread the seed far:
- 4 Made distinct what was indistinct before.
- 5 Remember those (Messengers) who broadcast the message far;
- 6 Persuaded at times, and at times warned:
- 7 Verily, what they promised will come to pass.
- 8 (They mock:)
 "'When the stars will be dimmed,
- 9 'When the heavens are rent asunder.
- 10 'When the mountains are torn from their roots.
- 11 'When the promised moment arrives!'
- 12 When is that moment going to arrive?"

2 *** 59

- 13 Ah! that will be the Day of Decision
- 14 And what shall make thee know what the Day of Decision is!
- 15 Woe to those on that day who called it a lie!
- 16 Have We not destroyed those of old?
- 17 Then replaced them with their successors?
- 18 That is how We act against the transgressors!

19

Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!

- 20 Have We not created you from fluid despised?
- 21 Then We placed it in a safe resting place
- 22 For a period that is clearly specified;
- 23 Then We gave it a shape— We the Best of Shapers!
- 24 Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!
- 25 Have We not made the earth fit
- 26 To hold matter, living and dead?
- 27 And put on it lofty mountains, and from them brought you cool water to drink and refresh?
- 28 Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!
- 29 Crawl ye, to that which ye called a lie!
- 30 Or, crawl ye, to the three-fold protection of your tribe!
- 31 That protection will not save you from the fire.
- 32 For it sendeth forth its sparks even to palaces,
- 33 Like golden chords thrown from afar-
- 34 Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!
- 35 This is the Day on which they will not be able to speak

36 Or permitted to put forth excuses!

37

Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!

- 38 This is the Day of Decision! We have gathered you and your predecessors
- 39 And if ye have some tricks to play, play ye now!

40

Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!

3 *** 60

- 41 Those who took heed they are midst shades and springs
- 42 With the fruits of their desire.
- 43 Eat and drink to your heart's content as a reward for what ye did;
- 44 Verily this is how We reward those that are righteous.

45

Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!

- 46 Oh ye who transgress, eat and enjoy what little you can, now!
- 47 Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!
- 48 When it is said to them, "Bend ye (if ye will not prostrate);" they will not (even) bend!

49

Woe to those on that day, who called it a lie!

划別問

وَيُلُ يُومَهِ ذِيلُهُكُذِ بِينَ @ إِنْطَالِقُوا إِلَى مَا كُنْتُونِهِ تُكُذِّ بُونَ ٥ انْهَا تَرْبِي شَرَ رِكَا لَقَصْرِ أَنْ كَانَفُ جِبْلَتُ صُفْرٌ ﴿ وَيُلُ يَوْمَهِ إِلْمُكُنِّينِينَ @ وَلا يُؤْذُنُ لَهُمْ فَيَعْتَنِ رُونَ ۞ وَيُكُ يَوْمَهِ ذِيلُهُكُدِّينِينَ ۞ هٰذَايَوْمُوالْفَصُلِّ جَمَعُنكُمُوالْوَكُونِيَ وَانْ كَانَ لَكُوْرَكُ فُرِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّه وَيُلُّ يَوْمَهِ إِلْلْمُكُنِّى بِينَ ۞ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي ظِلْلِ وَعُيُونٍ ﴿ وَ فَوَاكِهُ مِمَّا يَشْتَهُونَ ۞ كُلُوْا وَاشْرَكُوْا هَنِيَّكَا يُمَا كُنْتُمُ تَعَلُّونَ ۖ إِنَّاكُذُ إِلَّكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ۞ وَيُولُ يَوْمَهِ ذِيلُهُ كُلِّي مِنْ الْمُكُلِّي مِنْ الْمُكُلِّي مِنْ الْمُكُلِّي مِنْ الْمُكُلِّي مِنْ الْمُ كُلُوْا وَتُنتَعُواْ وَلِيُلاِ إِنَّكُوْمُ مُونَ® وَيُلُّ يَوْمَهِ ذِلِلْمُكُنِّ بِيُنَ ۞ وَاذَا قِيُلَ لَهُمُ الْكُعُوالِكُونَ ۞ وَيْلُ يَوْمَهِ إِلْمُكُدِّبِينَ۞ فَيَأَيِّ حَدِيثٍ بَعْدَهُ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿

وَالْعُصفَةِ عَصفًا ﴿ وَالنُّسُوتِ نَشْرًا مُ فَأَلْفُرِقِتِ فَرُقًا ﴿ فَالْمُلْقِبْ ذِلْرُاكُ عُذِرًا أَوْ نُذِرًا ۞ إِنَّهَا تُوْعَدُونَ لَوَاقِعُ أَنَّ فَأَوَاالنَّجُومُ مُطْبِسَتُ ٥ وَإِذَا السَّمَّاءُ قُرِجَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا الْجِبَالُ نُسِفَتْ ١ وَإِذَا الرُّسُلُ أَقِتَتْ أَنَّ وَمَا أَدُرُهِكَ مَا يَوْمُ الْفَصْلِ ﴿ وَمُنْ ثُنُ مُدِيدُ لِلْمُكُذِّبِينَ @ أَلَوْنُهُ إِلَّ الْأَوْلِيْنَ ٥ ثُمَّ نُتِبُعُهُ مُ إِلَا خِرِيْنَ ٠ كَذٰلِكَ نَفْعَلُ مِالْمُجُومِيْنَ ۞ وَيُلْ يَوْمَهِ ذِيلُمُكُنَّ بِيُنَ ۞ إِلَىٰ قَدَرِهُمُعُلُوْمٍ ﴿ وَيْلُ يَوْمَبِ لِلْمُكَدِّبِيْنَ @

*

50 What discourse, after this, will imbue them with faith?

Sura : $INS\bar{A}N$

m the name of Allah the Rahillian the Rahilm

1 *** 61

Was there not a time when Man had no identity?

- 2 Then We brought forth an individual from the union of two cells, like a plant at first, and then endowed with sight and hearing.
- 3 Verily, We showed him the right path—whether, grateful, he follows it, or, in defiance, goes astray.
- 4 For those who hide the Truth, and go astray, We provide encumbrances and inflictions.
- 5 But those who follow Our right path:
 (they are)
 refreshed from cups as if of camphor;
- 6 Fountains, for those who served their Lord, to splash at will.
- 7 Those who fulfilled their tryst and feared the widespread evil day
- 8 Who, though needing it themselves, gave what they had to those in want, to those who have no guardians, to the helpless ones:
- 9 "Verily, we feed you hoping thus to please our Lord; from you we ask no recompense or thanks;

- 10 Only from our Lord we seek grace on the long and dreary day."
- 11 Allah shall guide them from the evils of such days and shall bestow upon them joy and peace.
- 12 And those who persevered will be rewarded with ease and freedom blessed:
- 13 Reclining there on banks and facing, neither intense heat nor cold,
- 14 Fruits bending low and to be gathered at their ease;
- 15 Being served in shining silver plate and goblets as of crystal made;
- 16 Silver cups to measure as desired;
- 17 Brimful of ginger-flavoured ale.
- 18 Beside perpetual streams-
- 19 And midst them moving, liveried youth who seem to you like scattered pearls.
- 20 Behind all this you will discern a land of wealth and graciousness:
- 21 Enriched with light and heavy silks and green embroideries and silver bracelets; water pure, bestowed upon them by their Lord.
- 22 And, verily, that's how We shall reward you too, and that is how We'll thank you for your toil!

61



61

- 23 Verily, We do impart to thee the Quran as only We can!
- 24 So persevere thou at the bidding of thy Lord; and none obey among these men who sin by what they do or else by what they fail to do!
- 25 Continue thou to warn, as enjoined by thy Lord, at early dawn and late at night.
- 26 Lie thou down a while for rest but, for a long while, strive.
- 27 Surely these are they who love the transient and draw upon themselves a heavy day.
- 28 It is We who made them and gave them strength, and, when We please, We shall replace them with their likes.
- 29 Verily this is a warning: so those who will, may follow the path shown by their Lord.
- 30 But alas! they will not will unless Allah wills,

 He who is All-knowing and All-wise.
- 31 He in his benevolence accepts whom He wills,

المُنْ الْمُنْ وُحُلُوا أَسَاوِرُمِنُ فِظَّةٍ وَسَفْهُمُ إِنَّ هِٰذَاكَانَ لَكُمْ خِزْلَةً وَكَانَ فاضبر لحكه رتك ولاتطغ ونفكم وَمِنَ النَّفِلِ فَأَسْجُدُ لَهُ وَسَيِّحُهُ لَيْلًا تَعْرُ عَلَقُنْهُمْ وَشَكَ دِنّا أَسُرَهُمْ وَإِذَا شَنْنَا مَدَّالْنَا آمُثَالَهُ وَتَبْدِيلاً إِنَّ هٰذِهِ لِمَا لَكُ كُورُهُ * فَكُنُ شَاءًا أَخَارُ الىرتەسبئىلا⊙ وَمَا تَشَاءُ وْنَ إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءُ اللَّهُ ﴿ إِنَّ الله كان عَلَمًا حَكُمُ اللَّهُ يُنْ حِلُ مَن يَشَاء فِي رَحْمَتِه وَ الظَّلِمِينَ آعَدُ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا أَنْ 則則問

هَا ۗ إِذْ عَلَى الْانْسَانِ حِدُنَّ مِنْ الدَّهُ مِ لَهُ تَكُنُّ شِئًّا مِنْ أَنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَنْ أَوْلُولُ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَنْ أَوْلُولُ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَنْ أَوْلُ انكاخكفنا الإنسكان مين فمطفته أخشابيخ إِنَّا هَدُمُنْهُ السَّمِينُ لِمَا شَاكِرًا وَإِنَّا إِنَّا أَعْتَدُهُ مَا لِأَكْفِرِينَ سَلَّمِ الْإِكْفُولِينَ سَلَّمِ الْإِوْلَالَا وزَاجُهَا كَانُورًا ق عَنْنَايَتُشْرَبُ بِهَاعِيَادُ اللهِ نُفَحِّرُ وْنَهَا تَفْجِيْرًا ۞ يُونُونَ بِالنَّذِرِ وَيَخَافُونَ يَوْمُاكَانَ شروع مستطيران ويظعِمُونَ الطَّعَأَمَ عَلَى حُبِّهِ مِسْكِينًا انتنا نُطَعِمُ كُوْ لِوَجُهِ اللَّهِ لَا نُورُ رُمِنَكُمُ جَزَآءُ وَلَا فَكُونُا ۞ إنَّانَحَاثُ مِنْ زَبِّنَا يُومَّا عَبُوسًا فَوَقْهُمُ اللَّهُ شَرَّ ذِلِكَ الْيَوْمِ وَلَقُلْهُمُ نَصْرَةٌ وَسُرُورًا ١٠ وُجُزْيِهُ مُرِيماً صَيْرُواجَنَّهُ وُحُرِيُونُ مُثِّكُونَ وَمُهَاعَلَ الْإِرَّالِكِ الْايترون فَيُا ثَنَّمُسًّا وَلاَزَمُهُويُرُاقَ وُ وَانِيَةً عَلَيْهِمُ ظِلَّا لِهَا وَذُلَّكَ ثُطَّافُهُمَّا وَيُطَأَفُ عَلِيْمٍ بِأَنِيَةٍ مِنْ فِطَّةٍ وَ أَحُوابِ كَانَتُ ثَوَارِبُرَافَ

and for those who have transgressed, gives just decree of reprimand severe.





SURA: QIYĀMAH

in the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 63

Nay! Forget not the Day Inevitable!

- 2 And overlook not your own self-accusing soul!
- 3 Does man think that We cannot re-vivify his bones?
- 4 Verily, it is within Our power to resuscitate his every finger!
- 5 But man pretendeth ignorance:
- 6 He asks, "When will this Day Inevitable arrive?"
- 7 When the sight is dazed
- 8 And the moon becomes indistinct,
- 9 The sun and the moon become confused
- 10 On that day man will say:
 "Where is one now to escape?"
- 11 Verily, there shall be no way out!
- 12 With his Lord alone will be man's asylum:
- 13 Then shall (each) man know wherein he went too far ahead or where he lagged too far behind!
- 14 Man is the best judge of himself,
- 15 Although he, for himself, invents excuses.

- 16 Do not move thy tongue and anticipate words.
- 17 It is with Us to gather them and string their utterance,
- 18 So only when We have announced (clearly) then do thou pronounce:
- 19 It is then for Us to make their meaning clear.
- 20 Verily, they love to hasten with what is nigh;
- 21 And think but little of what shall surely follow:
- 22 (Some) faces on that day will be bright,
- 23 Expecting the grace of thy Lord.
- 24 (Other) faces will be gloomy
- 25 Surmising what awaits them in the dark.
- 26 Ah! when it reaches one's throat
- 27 And men bewail, 'O, what magic can now save? !'
- 28 And when one knows that the time of parting is near;
- 29 When convulsion doth follow convulsion,
- 30 To thy Lord alone will they be driven.



- 31 He neither affirmed nor acquiesced,
- 32 Instead, he spurned the warning, turned his back
- 33 And returned to his people strutting!
- 34 Wait thou, the time for thee is near!
- 35 Again, wait thou, the time for thee is near!!
- 36 Does man count on being left to wander without aim?
- 37 Was he not once but a germ?
- 38' Then a piece of flesh; He gave him life and perfected his limbs;
- 39 And made the twain, man and woman:
- 40 Has He not then power to resuscitate those alive or even dead?

الأأفرة بهذه الفيقة أن المتورد المتور





SURA: MUDDATHTHIR

mithename of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 65

O thou! on whose shoulders the mantle (now) lies!

- 2 Awake, arise-to warn,
- 3 And thy Lord magnify.
- 4 Let not thy heart be stained,
- 5 And from giving hurt, beware!
- 6 Expect not over-much, and
- 7 For thy Lord's sake! Persevere ...
- 8 When the drums beat, the horn sounds,
- 9 That will, indeed, be a difficult day;
- 10 For the faithless, a day without ease.
- 11 Leave Me to deal with him whom I made lone,
- 12 Endowed him then with riches vast
- 13 And sons on whom he looks with pride;
- 14 Made smooth for him the path.
- 15 But, still, he looks for more and more.
- 16 And, at the same time, contradicts Our messages!
- 17 I shall, therefore, engulf him with his dues!
- 18 He thought and thought and schemed;
- 19 Confound him! how he schemed.
- 20 Be he confounded! how he schemed!

- 21 He looked around,
- 22 Then frowned and scowled;
- 23 Then, proudly strutting, said,
- 24 "This is naught but delusion by magic wrought!
- 25 "This is naught but mortal speech!"
- 26 I shall put him into the lowest hell
- 27 And what shall make thee know what the lowest hell is?
- 28 Nothing remains, nothing is spared;
- 29 It transforms men
- 30 And within it are nineteen (other punishments).

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- 31 We have made none but angels keepers of the fire, and their number is nothing but
 - a point of dispute for the faithless:
 - a source of satisfaction to the peoples of the Book;
 - a means to increase faith for those who do believe;

the self-deceivers and the hypocrites are lost in dispute arguing, "What does Allah mean by this parable?"

That is how Allah confuses those whom He wills and guides those whom He wills. And none but He knows of the many means at the disposal of thy Lord. This is naught but a warning to mankind.



I SURBIREIO

	2 00			السااليا
32	Nay, witness ye the moon,			出出同
	(how it pales at dawn)	1 48.4.		
	•	كُلَّا وَالْقَمُرِ الْمُ	0,5	ڽؘٲؿۿٵڶؙٮؙڎؘڐؚ <i>ۯ</i> ڽٛ
33	And the night, how it slinks away	وَالْكِيلِ إِذْ أَدْبَرُ ۞	لَاتُنْقِيْ وَلَاتَنَارُ ۞	ڰؙٛ _ۿ ۏۜٲڬ۫ۮؚۮ۫۞
		وَالصُّبْحِ إِذَا ٱسْفَرْ اللَّهِ	<u>لَوَّاحَةُ لِلْبَصَرِ</u> فَ	ۅؘۯؾۜڮٷؘڡٞڴؾ _ۣ ۯ۞
34	When the sun shines forth!	ِإِنَّهَا لَإِخْدَى الْكُبَرِهُ	عَلَيْهَا تِشْعَةُ عَثْمُ أَنْ	وَثِيَابَكَ نَطَّهُوْرُ ﴾
		نَوْيُرُالِلْبَشَرِ۞	0, -,,,-	وَالرُّوْجُزَنَاهُجُرْ۞ وَالرُّوْجُزَنَاهُجُرْ۞
35	This is but one example out of many.	لِمَنْ شَا الْمُمِنْكُمُ إِنْ يُتَقَدَّمُ الْمِيتَ الْحُرَقَ		ۅٙٳۛ۫ڗۻڔ٥ڝڔۅ ۘۅؘلاتمئن تَسْتَلْثِرُڽٛ
36	A proclamation unto men.	كُلُّ نَفْنٍ بِمَالْكَبَتُ رَهِيْنَةً ۞		رو معناق مستعاري وَلِرَبِّكَ فَاصُارِرُ فَ
30	A proclamation unto men.	إلاَّ أَحُوْبَ الْبَيانِينَ ۞		ۅؠؚڒٮؚ۪ڡڡڡؠڔؖؽ ۄؘٳڎٳٮؙٛۊڒ <u>؈</u> ٛٳڶؾؘٲڎ۬ڔ۞ٚ
37	Then he among you who wishes,	فُ جَنَّتِ الْمَيْكَالَةُ أَوْنَ ۞	*	
	may step ahead (to meet the dawn)	عَنِ الْمُجْرِيدِينَ ۞		ڬڵ۬ٳڮٙؽۏؙڡؠڹۣؾؘۏۿۧڔۼڛؽؙڗٞڽٛ ؆ڎٷڂ؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞؞
	or, lag behind (in groping night).	مَاسَلَكُكُونُ فُسُقَرُ		عَلَىٰ ٱلْكُفِرِيْنَ عَيْرُيَسِيْرِ ۞
		قَالُوْا لَهُ نَاكُ مِنَ الْمُصَلِّيْنَ ﴿		ذَرُ فِيُ وَمَنْ خَلَقْتُ وَحِيْدًا ﴿
38	Lo, every soul is mortgaged by its deeds,	وَلَهُ نَكُ نُطُعِمُ الْمِسْكِيْنَ ﴾ وَلَهُ نَكُ نُطُعِمُ الْمِسْكِيْنَ ﴾		وَجَعَلْتُ لَهُ مَا لَا مِّهُ مُدُودًا ﴿
39	Except the men of righteousness:	ۅڒۄڷػڝۅۛۄۅڝۄؽؽ۞ ڒؙڴؙڴٲڬٷؙڞؙڡؘ؆ڶۼؖٳٚڛؽڹؽ۞	*	ۊؙؠؘڹؚؽؙ <u>ڹ</u> ٛؿٛۺٛۿؙۅٛڐٳڝٛٚ
		ۅڽؽؠۅۛٮڽۻڔڟۄؖڿڽ؈ ڒڰؿٲڴڵێ۪ڔؙؠؽؚۏۅڶڶؾؚؽؙڹ۞	ጥ	ۊؘۜمَهۡدُتُ لَهُ تَنْهِيۡدُا۞
40	From midst their blessings they will ask,			تُغَيَظْمَعُ أَنْ آزِيْدَ ﴿
40	From must then blessings they will ask,			كُلُا و إِنَّهُ كَانَ لِالْيَتِنَا عَنِينُدًا ۞
41	Of those who transgressed,	فَمَا تَنْفَعُهُمُ شَفَاعَةُ الشَّافِعِيْنَ ۞		سَأَرُهِقُهُ صَعُودًا في
		فَمَالَهُمْ عَنِ التَّذَكِرَةِ مُعْرِضِيْنَ ﴿	25 T-50 160 - 12557-151	إِنَّهُ قُكُرُ وَقَدَارَكُ
42	"What led you to your fall?"	كَالْهُمُ مُحُمِّرٌ مُّسُتَنْفِرَةٌ ۞	وَمَاجَعُلْنَا أَضْعُبُ النَّالِ الْأُمَلِّكُةُ مِ	ڔۣڿڡ۬ٷڔٷڽ ؘڡؙٛؿڷڰؽؙڡؘٛڎٙڎۯ؈ٛٚ
		فَرُّتُ مِنْ قَسُورَةٍ ﴿	وَمَاجَعُلْنَاعِدًا لَهُمُ إِلَّا فِتْنَةً لِكُنِيْنَ	
43	They will say,	<u>ڹۘڷؿڔۣؠ۫ؽؙڰؙڴٷٵڡؙڔؽ۠ۊٞڹؙۿڂٲ؈ٛؽٷٙؿٚ</u>	كَفُرُواْ لِيَسْتَنْفِقَ النَّهِينَ أُونُواالْكِتُ وَيُؤَاهُ	ؿؙۊؘؿؙؾڵڲؽڬۊؘڎۮ۞ ؿؙؙۯؙڗؙؿٵۯ
	"We failed to do our duty,	مُعُفًّا مُنَتَّرَةً ﴿	النيان أمَنْوَالشائاؤكيرَة ابالكيان أوْدُا	ثُوْنَظُرُ أَنْ
44	44371	كُلَّا بَلَ لَا يَخَا ثُؤنَ الْأَخِرَةَ ۞	الْكِتْبُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِيَعُولَ الَّذِينَ فِي	ثُقَوَعَبَىٰ دَبُسُرَ ﴾ دورست
44	"We were not of those who helped the needy;	ٷؙٳؿؘڎؾؙۯؽٷۿ ٷٳؿڎؾۯؽٷۿ	مُكُنْدِيمٌ مُرَضَّ وَالْكَفِيرُ وْنَ مَا فَالْرَادُ الْسُمِيفَةُ	ثُمُّا أَذْبُرُ وَاسْتَكُبْرُ ﴾
	who helped the needy;	فَمَنْشَاءَ ذُكَرَة ۞	مَثَلُاءَكُذُ إِلَكَ يُضِلُّ اللهُ مَنْ يَشَاءُو	ئَقَالَ إِنْ هٰذَا إِلَّا سِحْرُ بُ وْتَرُ
45	"Instead, we wrangled and we argued	وَمَا يَهُ كُرُونَ إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ	يَهُ مِي مُنْ لِكُنَّا أَوْ وَمَا يَعُلُو جُنُودُرُبِكَ	ٳؽ۫ۿؙڵٲٳڷٳٛٷڷؙٲڶؽۺؘڔۣۿ
	among ourselves,	هُوَا هُلُ التَّقُوٰى وَاهْلُ الْمَغْفِرَةِ ﴿	ٳڵۘٳۿؙۅ۫ٷػٳۿؚؽٳڰؙٳؽٙڷڒؽڶؚڷڹۺؘڔۿ۬	سَأُمُلِيْهِ سَقَرَ ۞
		52 D		

- 46 "Denied the day of reckoning
- 47 "Until the truth, indeed, became reality;
- 48 "And then (it was too late) no longer could intercessors intercede!"
- 49 What aileth them that from the warning they turn back
- 50 And run-like asses (kicking in the air)
- 51 When fleeing from a lion?!

- 52 Does each expect a book to be revealed to him?
- 53 Verily, they know what they are in for!
- 54 Verily, this is but a reminder,
- 55 Let him, who will, take warning
- 56 But warning they will not take unless Allah wills;He who is worthy of all reverence, and He alone, who gratitude deserves.



SURA: MUZZAMMIL

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 67

O thou who art ordained!

- 2 Keep up at nights and only rest awhile—
- 3 For half the night, a little more, a little less—
- 4 Rehearse the Word as thou wouldst have it read;
- 5 For soon We shall charge you with words more weighty still.
- 6 Verily, the advancing night is suited best for strong impressions and for proper stress.
- 7 Right through the day thou hast to strive—
- 8 Speak at the bidding of thy Lord and give thyself entirely to thy task.
- 9 Lord of the East and West! no deities are there but He: put thou thy trust in Him.
- 10 Endure with patience what they say and in the end withdraw with grace.
- 11 Leave Me and these who call thee liar men blessed with ease and plenty! Bear thou with them for a while.

- 12 We know how to put the chains on them and for them We shall make it hot.
- 13 Their very blessings will soon choke their throats and they will suffer punishments;
- 14 One day their very base will shake, and men who are, like mountains, firm, will crumble into dust.
- 15 Verily, We have sent to you a Messenger, as witness just as We did send a Messenger to *Fir'aun*.
- 16 But Fir'aun did defy our Messenger: so We o'ertook him with a grievous chastisement!
- 17 And if, ye too, choose to defy, what hopes have ye to save yourselves from the intense severity of that one Day, which will turn children grey?
- 18 And when the skies themselves upon you fall fulfilling what was promised?
- 19 But this is nothing more than a word of caution; let him then who will, take refuge in His path.



- 20 (i) Thy Lord is well aware
 that thou and some of thy
 companions
 keep up the greater part of night—
 two-thirds, a half, (perhaps) a third.
 But Allah has apportioned night and day
 (for rest and work respectively);
 He knows that thou
 canst not keep this up:
 so He absolves you now,
 (from keeping in your mind
 the whole recital you have learnt),
 thou mayest then revise each night
 as much as comes to you with ease.
 - (ii) He is aware that in your midst are sick, and those who travel in the land in search of what the Lord provides; and also those who fight in the cause of Allah:

 Therefore, rehearse from it each time as much as comes to you with ease.
 - (iii) And stand in line for prayer and contribute to public fund, and loan to Allah a goodly loan; whatever goods ye offer of yourselves they will be renewed by the Lord with better and with greater goods in recompense.
 - (iv) And seek ye refuge in the Lord, for verily, He is Forgiving, Merciful.

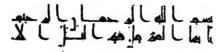
كَتَمْمَى وَوْعَوْنُ الْوَسُولُ فَا كَذَا فَا لَذَا لَا لَكُونَا فَكُلُّ وَعَلَيْكُ الْفَالَدُونُ وَالْمَالُونُ وَالْفَالَدُونُ وَالْمَالُونُ وَالْمِنْ وَالْمَالُونُ وَالْمِنْ وَالْمَالُونُ وَالْمِنْ وَالْمَالُونُ وَالْمِنْ وَلَا مِنْ مُنْ وَالْمُؤْلُقُ وَالْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْلُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونُ وَالْمُؤْلُونُ ولِلْمُؤْلُونُ وَالْمُؤْلُونُ وَالْمُ

رِقَ رَبِّكَ يَعْلَمُ الْكَ تَقُوْمُ أَوْ فَرِينَ الْكَثِي الْكِيلِي مَعْلَقَ وَالْشَكِيَةِ وَالْكِيفَةَ قَتِنَ الْكَيْلِيَّ مَعَكَ وَالشَّكِيةِ وَالْكِيلَ وَ اللَّهُمَارِّ عَلِمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَمَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَمَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَمَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَمَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْعُلِمُ اللْمُلْكُولُولُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

脚腿

الأفاالدُوْنِيلَانَ نَوْسَكُمُ الْانْفَلْ مِنْ عَلَيْكُانَ اَوْنِهُ عَلَيْكُونَ وَلَوْنَقِيلُانَ اَوْنَهُ عَلَيْكُونَ وَقَرْلُونَ اِوْنَا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَلَا تَقِيلُانَ اِوْنَا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهِ مَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ اِوْنَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ وَالْمُوالِمُنَ اللّهُ وَلَيْلُانَ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَيْلُونَ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

*





SURA: JINN

hithename of Allahithe Rahillian the Rahill

1 *** 69

Say thou:
"The conversation,
among the aliens skilled,
has been revealed to me:

(One of them said:)
"Surely we have heard a wonderful discourse:

- 2 "It guides us to righteous endeavour; I agree with it entirely and never again shall I join another with my Lord."
- 3 (Another added:)
 "It shows us that He—
 exalted be His Majesty—
 has neither a consort nor a son!"
- 4 (Still another said:)
 "It was the fools amongst us who used
 to thus blaspheme against Allah!"
- 5 (One said:)

 "(In our simplicity)

 we had believed

 that none among us aliens,

 or from among these locals

 would ever dare to tell a lie

 regarding Allah!"
- 6 (Another added:)
 "Some men from 'mong these locals
 used to seek shelter with some of us
 (in our homes; but it now seems)
 these had only misled us."
- 7 (Another said:)
 "They told us that they thought, as we did,
 that Allah would raise none!"

- 8 (One mimicked then a kahin:)
 "'We tried to reach the heavens but found it filled with guards, large and shining!'"
- 9 (Another mimicked:)
 "'In former days we used to sit
 in places high
 trying to eavesdrop on the heavens;
 but he who would try to listen now,
 would find a meteor hurling after him!'"
- 10 (Still another mimicked:)
 " 'We know not if for men this doth forebode good or evil.'
- 11 (One observed philosophically) "O some of us are good and others evil; we all follow different ways."
- 12 (Another added:)
 "Only this we all know:
 we cannot frustrate Allah's plans
 either while we lead a worldly life
 or by flying away from it."
- 13 (Another added:)

 "And we certainly believe
 the guidance that we heard:

 "Whoever has faith in his Lord
 he need fear neither
 loss (in reward),
 nor excess (in punishment)."
- 14 (One quoted:)

 "Some among us are Muslims;
 and some of us are shirkers,
 those that are muslims
 they strive and endeavour."
- 15 (Another added:)
 "And those that shirk
 (their duties)
 they go to hell!"



16 (One said:)

"If these people were only to abide by the rules set down, we should inundate them with water copiously;

- 17 "Enough for it to become a problem to them; but for those who evade the commandments of their Lord, their meed is barren affliction!"
- 18 (Another observed:)

 "All places of worship
 are for Allah, (alone);
 therefore, invoke not in them
 any other deity but Allah."
- 19 (Another said:)
 "When Allah's servant
 stood calling His message,
 we crowded around him
 well nigh to suffocating him!"

2 *** 70

- 20 Tell them: "Verily I invoke my Lord, and join with Him no other!"
- 21 Tell them: "I am in possession of no power to do you good or evil!"
- 22 Tell them: "For me there is none to encourage except Allah; and, no power beside Him, to restrain!"
- 23 This is nothing but an admonition from Allah and a message; those who rebel from Allah and His Messenger, for them is fire of hell in which they will abide.
- 24 Until they see what was promised to them and realize which ally was the weaker and which numbered less!

ٷڵٳؾٛٙڰٳڶؠڸڡؙڰڋ؋ۼۘٷٙٳٷڮۯۺؽڰ ڰڷٳڮٞڶؽؙڲڿؽڒؽ۬؞ؚڝؘڟۿٳڂڴؙ ٷٙڶؽؘڮ؞ؘ؈ٛٷۏڹ؋ؙڡؙؙڶؾؘػڰٳۿ

ٳڷڒؠٚڵۼؙٲڞؚؽؘٲۺۄۘۅڔڛؗڵؾڋۉڡۜڽٛڲڣڝ ٲۺڎؘۯۺٷڵڂٷٳڽۜڶڎؘٵڒۻۿػٞؠۼڸؽؠ۠ؾ ۼؿٵؙؙٞۘڔڽؖٵۿ

ىيە بېنان خَتَّىَ اِدَّارَادَا مَالُوْعَكُوْنَ فَسَيَعْكُوْنَ مَنْ اَضْعَفْ نَاھِلُوادَ اَدَلُّ عَكُدًا ﴿

قُلْ إِن اَدْوِقَ اَكُورِيَّ مَا اُلُّوْعَدُونَ اَمْ يَجْعَلُ لَهُ رَبِيُّ اَمْدُاْ ﴿ عَلِيْهُ الْغَنِي فَلاَ يُظْهُرُ عَلَّ عَلَيْهِ اَ اَحَدُانُ الْاَصْرِ النَّهُ مِن اللهِ الْاَلْمُ اللَّهِ اللهِ الْعَلَيْدِ اللهِ

لِاَمْنِ ارْتَعَىٰ مِنْ رَسُولِ مَالِتَهُ يَسُلُكُ مِنْ مُنْ يُونِدَ مَنْ مُؤْمِرُنُ خُلُومِ رَصَدُ أَنْ لِيُعُلُمُ أَنْ تَدَّا بُلُغُوا رِسُلُتِ رَبِّهِ مُودَ اَعْمَالُمُ مِنْ مُؤَلِّفُنِي كُلُّ الْمُثَوْلِ

لِتَفْتِهُمُ فِينَا وَمَن يُعْدِ صِنْ عَنْ لِآلَا اللهِ عَنْ الْأَلْفَ اللهِ عَنْ الْأَلْفَ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ الل

وَ ٱتَّامِنَا الصِّلِحُونَ وَمِنَّا دُوْنَ ذَٰلِكُ *

وَ أَيَّا لَتُمَاسِمُعُنَا الْهُلِّي أَمْنَا بِهُ فَمَنَّ

يُؤْمِنُ بِرَبِّهِ فَلَا يَخَاتُ بَخْسًا

ةَ أِنَّا مِنَّا الْمُسُلِمُ وَنَ وَمِ

وَّ أَنْ لُوالسَّتَظَامُوُاعَلَ الطَّلْ مُقَاةً

مَّاءُ عَدَقًا ۞

كُنَّا طُوَّ آيِقَ قِدَدًا ١٠

وَ إِيَّا ظَلِيَكًا اللهُ لِمُنْ ثَعُ

نَفَقًا شَ

ڠ۠ڶٲۏؾؽٳڷٛٲڎؘڎؙٲٮڞڰڡؘۄؘٚۿٷۜؿؽڶؙۼٟؾٚ ؿٙڡؙڵٷٛٳڷٵڛٙڡۼٵڠؙۯٵؾڲڹٵٞ۞ ؾٙؿ۫ؠؽٙٳڷٵڶڗؙۺڔۣڡؘٲڡػٵڽؚ؋ۨۅؘڶٮؽ ؙ۠ڞٞۄۣڡٙڽؚڔؾڹٞٲڂڡۜٵ۞ ۊؘٲؾؘؿؘڟۘۿڂڿڰڗؠؾؚٵؘڞٵڰٚۼڰڽڞٳڿڹڎٞ

ورون الله وَ اَنْهُ كَانَ يَعُولُ اللهِ مِنْهَا عَلَى اللهِ مُسْطَطًا وَ اَنَّا عُلْمَناً اَنْ كَنْ تَقُولُ الْإِنْسُ وَالْحِنُ عَلَى اللهِ كَانِياً ﴾ عَلَى اللهِ كَانِياً ﴾

ۊٙٲؽٷٷڹڔۼٵڷٷڔٵڵڐٛٷۯٵڵٳڐ۬ڔؽٷٛٷۮؙؽ ؠڔۼٳڸؾٚؽڵۼٟٷٷۯٷۉۿۿۯڡؘڰٲ۞ ۊٵڴۿؙۮڟۼ۠ٳڪؠٵڟڹؿۼؙؠٵ؈ٛػؽ ؿؠٞۼؿڶۿؙٲڂڋٲ۞ ٷٵڴڶڷۺؙڹٵڶڞٵۼٷڿٷڹؠ۬ڶؠؙڴؿڠ ڂۯۺٵۺؠؽڋٵٷۺۿؙۿڹٵ۞

ٷٳٙڲڴٵڷڠۘڡ۠ػٲۄؿ۫ػٲڡڟۼۘۮڸڵۺٙۼؖڟ ڠؿڽٞؿٮؿۧڝؚٳڵۯؽڿۣۮڶڎؿڣڵٲؿڞڴڰ ٷٵڰٳڎؽۯؿٙڰؿڐٞٲۣڔؽۘۮۑۺۏڸٚڵۯۻ ٵۄؙٵۮؠۿۄؙۯؠڰۿؙۄ۫ۯۺؖڴٳ۞۫

- 25 Tell them: "I know not if it is close at hand —what you had been promised—or whether my Lord has ordained it for a distant date.
- 26 Knower of the Future!

 He discloseth the future to none—
- 27 Except to him whom He chooses among His apostles; then to him are vouchsafed knowledge of what was and what will be.
- 28 So that he may know whether they have conveyed appropriately the message of their Lord and in order that he might meet the needs of the people comprehensively and in due proportion."



Sura : $N\bar{U}H$

mithe name of Allahithe Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 71

Verily, We sent *Nuh* to his people:
"Warn them, before there
comes upon them severe chastisement."

- 2 He said, "O my people, I am, manifestly, your warner;
- 3 Therefore take heed of what I say: Serve Allah and fear His wrath.
- 4 "He will forego your sins and leave you to prosper for another while; but if once Allah's due moment is upon you, it will accept no delay: O, if ye only knew!"
- 5 He prayed:
 "O, my Lord,
 verily, I invited my people
 night and day.
- 6 "Nothing does my invitation increase but their desire to flee from it!
- 7 "Every time I have invited them so that Thou mayest give them grace, they have put their fingers in their ears, closed their hearts against me and moved away in great disdain.
- 8 "Verily, I invited them openly,
- 9 "Then I called to them in public and persuaded them in private:
- 10 "I told them, 'Ask ye forgiveness of your Lord, for, verily, He is most forgiving.
- 11 'He will send you clouds pouring rain in plenty.

- 12 'He will help you with wealth and children and grant you gardens flowing with streams.
- 13 'What has come o'er you that you look not forward to favours or bestowals from your Lord?
- 14 'Verily, He evolved you in an ascending scale,
- 15 'Do ye not see how He created the seven heavenly planes, each in harmony with the other?
- 16 'How He placed in them the moon to shine, and the sun to burn like a torch?
- 17 'And Allah hath caused you to spring forth from the earth like a vegetative growth.
- 18 'Later will He evolve you further and will bring forth a new creation
- 19 'And Allah has provided you on earth a vast expanse,
- 20 'So that ye may traverse different paths!' "

2 *** 72

- 21 (Later) Nuh said, "O, my Lord, they spurn me and follow them whose wealth and progeny only increase their misery!
- 22 "They have even spread a great conspiracy:



- 23 "They tell them:

 'Abandon not your deities
 abandon not Wadd, nor Suwa:
 nor Yaghus and Ya'uq and Nasr.'
- 24 "They have led astray many (therefore, O, Lord) do thou increase for them naught but going astray."
- 25 (And We decreed:)

 Because of their sins,
 they shall meet with floods and fire;
 they shall find no helper against Allah.
- 26 And Nuh said: "Leave not (O, Lord) upon this earth a single one from among these who lead astray,
- 27 "For, surely, if Thou leave but one, he will mislead Thy servants and will bring forth none but wicked and ungrateful progeny.
- 28 "O, my Lord, favour me with Thy grace, my parents, all who with faith, enter my house, and all the men and women among the faithful; but to these transgressors, grant them no increase, except in extinction!"

الْهَنْرُوالْيُفْ عَلَىٰ الشَّسَعُهُ مُعْلَمْ بِ
عِبْنَافًا۞

وَهَمُلَ الْفَسْرَ وَيْهِنَ أَوْرَا وَعِمَالُمْنَ

وَاللّهُ الْفَسْرَ وَيْهِنَ أُورًا وَعِمَالُمْنَ

وَاللّهُ الْمُعْمَلُ وَيَعْمُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ وَيَعْمُلُوالْمُنَافِّ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُولُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُولُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُولُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِ الْمُعْمُلُولُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِ الْمُعْمِلِ الْمُعْمِلِ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِ الْمُعْمِلِ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعِلْمُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلُ الْمُعْمِلِيلُ الْمُ

副圆帽

اوقا اَرسَدُنَا اَوْحَالِا اَوْمِهِ اَنَ اَنْدِهُ

عَوْمَكُ مِنْ قَبْلِ اَنْ يَأْلِيكُمْ عَنَاكُ

الْمِيْمُ ۞

عَالَ يَقْوَمِ إِنِّى لَكَ كُمْ مَنْ يُنْ وَالْمِيمُ عَنَاكُ وَالْمَاعُ عَنَاكُ وَالْمَاعُ عَنَاكُمُ عَنَاكُمُ عَنَاكُمُ عَنَاكُمُ عَنَاكُمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَالْمِلِيمُونُ ۞

مَنْ عَنْهُ وَانْ مَنْ عَنْهُ اللهُ وَالْمَاعُونُ ۞

عَلَى مَنْ اللهُ مَنْ عَنْهُ مُنْ اللهُ وَالْمَاعُ وَالْمُوالِ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُولُ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُولُ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُ اللهُ وَالْمُوالُ اللهُ وَالْمُولُولُ اللهُ وَالْمُولُولُ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَالَّ اللهُ وَالْمُولُولُ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُولُولُولُ اللهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُولُولُ اللّهُ وَالْمُولُولُ اللّهُ وَالْمُؤْلُولُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَالْمُؤْلُولُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّه



SURA: MA'ĀRIJ

mthe name of Allighthe Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 73

${ m H}_{ m e}$ asked for infliction to descend

- 2 Upon the faithless? None can avert it;
- 3 But remember (O, MUHAMMAD!) it cometh from Allah, the Master who attains his purpose by degrees!
- 4 The angels and the revelations (working in time and space) attain their goal in a day whose duration may be fifty thousand years!
- 5 Be patient then for patience is graceful!
- 6 Verily they see it far;
- 7 We see it nigh!
- 8 The day when
 (those sitting) on high
 will just be dregs left over;
- 9 And (those as firmly ensconced as) the mountains, shall be as weightless as is carded wool!
- 10 No friend shall succour friend,
- 11 Though he see him in distress; the criminal, (on that day) will fain redeem himself by offering his sons.
- 12 His consort, his brother.

- 13 E'en him, the nearest of his kin, who gave him refuge;
- 14 All, all on earth! only so that he himself be freed!!
- 15 Verily, verily, it will be a sudden conflagration,
- 16 Dragging by the hind lock
- 17 Him who turned his back
- 18 And wealth amassed.
- 19 Verily, man is hasty!
- 20 The moment evil touches him he broadcasts it complainingly;
- 21 The moment that good comes he hoards it for himself!
- 22 Except the (true) worshippers:
- 23 (i) Those in real worship constantly engaged;
- 24 (ii) Those in whose means is recognized a portion;
- For those (in need) who ask and those that are tongue-tied;
- 26 (iii) Those who testify (by deeds) their recognition of a day of reckoning;
- 27 (iv) Those who grow pale at the thought of Allah's anger—
- 28 Verily Allah's anger leaves no place of refuge:
- 29 (v) Those who their modesty preserve-
- 30 Save with their wives, or slaves whom they already have (according to old custom) they shall be blameless;



- 31 But those who indulge beyond this are transgressors;
- 32 (vi) Those who by their trusts and engagements abide;
- 33 (vii) Those who waver not in giving evidence;
- 34 (viii) Those who are watchful of their duties.
- 35 These shall enjoy bliss and happiness, honour and respect.

- 36 And what has come to these of little faith that they do mill around thee
- 37 In crowds to right and left?
- 38 Does every one expect a pass for entrance into heavenly bliss?
- 39 Indeed! they're themselves well aware of what We have prepared for them!
- 40 But no! I call to witness the Lord who makes the sun rise from many Easts, and set in many Wests, verily, We have power
- 41 To bring another and a better people in their stead;
 We are not perplexed!
- 42 So leave them to wrangle and to jest until they meet the day that they've been promised.
- 43 The day on which they shall come forth (as if) the dead were rallying, to a standard, from their graves:

ورويين من ورودور ميدول وروي وروي وروي وروي و والزيان مُمْ المُوْوَن عَلَامُ الْمُوْنِ فَي وَالْمَوْنَ فَي وَالْمُوْنَ فَي وَالْمُوْنِ فَي وَالْمُوْنَ فَي وَالْمُوْنَ فَي وَالْمُوْنَ فَي وَالْمُوْنَ وَعَنَى الْمُوْلِي وَالْمُوْنَ وَالْمُوْنَ وَالْمُوْنِ وَالْمُوْنَ وَالْمُونَ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْوِلُونَ وَالْمُؤْنِ وَالْمُؤْوِلِ وَلَالْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَلَا الْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِونَ وَالْمُؤْمِونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلِمُؤْمِونَا وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِهُونُ وَلِهُونُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَ

脚剛門

سَالُ سَآيِلُ يَعَدَّا الْهُوْ فَنَ الْمُوْ فَنَ الْمُوْ فَنَ الْمُدَّنِ فَا الْمُوْ فَنَ الْمُوْ فِي الْمُؤْوِنُ الْمُؤْوِنُ فَا الْمُؤْوِنُ الْمَثَانَةِ فَالْمُؤْوِنُ الْمُؤْوِنُ الْمُؤْونُ الْمُؤُونُ الْمُؤْونُ الْمُؤْونُ الْمُؤْونُ الْمُؤْونُ الْمُؤْونُ الْمُؤُونُ الْمُؤْونُ الْمُؤُونُ الْمُؤْونُ الْ

44 Yes, that will be the day which had been promised them!



Sura : $H\bar{A}QQA$

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 75

Inevitable Retribution!

- 2 Retribution inevitable!
- 3 O, what shall make thee know how inevitable is retribution!
- 4 The *Thamud* and the 'Ad ignored the coming of the great certainty
- 5 So the *Thamud* were destroyed by a screaming thunderbolt.
- 6 And the 'Ad succumbed to a murmuring, scowling dust-storm
- 7 Which He caused to blow, unceasingly, for seven nights and eight days; thou couldst have seen the people scattered one upon the other like stumps of decayed palms!
- 8 Seest thou any of them still?
- 9 Or take Fir'aun and those that went before the cities which transgressed.
- 10 They who spurned the Messenger sent to them by their Lord; so We gripped them with a tightening grip.
- 11 Surely, We bore you up in the ship when the water rose high;
- 12 So that We may make it a lesson to you and to those who, hearing from you, may remember.
- 13 But when the horn blows finally, it shall be but a single blast!

- 14 All that the land holds and the mountains contain will waver and fall at a single push.
- 15 On that day will happen the great happening.
- 16 Olympus on that day, like brittle glass, will split.
- 17 And Allah's throne then will be held aloft by the common man.
- 18 Then will ye be laid bare no unseen privilege will remain.
- 19 He who finds his account on the credit side he will say:
 "Lo, see my record!
- 20 "I knew what balance I should find."
- 21 For him, therefore, will be ease and contentment.
- 22 In lofty gardens
- 23 With fruits that hang within his reach:
- 24 "Partake and be refreshed for this is what you've earned for deeds in bygone times."
- 25 He who finds his account on the debit side, he will say: "O, would that this record did not exist!
- 26 "O, Would that I had known how my balance stood!
- 27 "O, would that I could even now pay up and settle.
- 28 "My assets have availed me naught.
- 29 "My credit has forsaken me!"



- 30 "Lay hold and bind him!
- 31 "Cast him into dungeons deep!
- 32 "And leash him with the seventy chains!
- 33 "He would not put his faith in Allah's greatness;
- 34 "Nor would he strive to help the needy.
- 35 "Therefore, this day he hath no friend.
- 36 "Nor food, except revolting gruel,
- 37 "Which convicts feed on!"

- 38 But nay! I swear by what ye see
- 39 And what ye do not see!
- 40 Verily this is the speech of a gracious messenger,
- 41 'Tis not a poetaster's verse how little ye discriminate!
- 42 'Tis not the auguries of an astrologer how little ye discern!
- 43 It comes to him direct from the Lord of all mankind!
- 44 If he had quoted Us in what We had not revealed
- 45 Right then We should have tripped him
- 46 And pierced him through and through.
- 47 Not one of you could then save him from Our wrath!
- 48 Verily this is only warning for those who would take heed;

عُطُونُهُمَا دَائِينَةٌ ۞ كُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا هَيْتِكَائِمَا اَسْلَفْنُو فِي الْوَيَامِرِ الْخَالِيَةِ ۞ وَإِمَّا مَنُ أُوفَى كِشْبَهُ فِيْزَالِيْهُ فَيَطُوْلُ وَإِمَّا مَنُ أُوفِي كِشْبَهُ فِيْزَالِيْهُ فَيَطُوْلُ

ۯٲڡٞٲڞؙٲؙۏڐؽٙڷۻڮۿۿٵڸۿ ڹؽؾػؿ۠ڷۏٲۏػڷڂۑؽۿ۞ ۮڷۄؙٲڎڔڡٵڿٮٵؠؽۿ۞ ؠؽؿؿؠٵػٲڹڿٲڷڟۏڛؿڎ۞ منٙٲڴؽػؿؽ۩ڶؽۿ۞ ۿڵڰػؿٞۺڶڟڹؽۿ۞ ۿڴڰٷڰۿڰؙۿۿ

ثُمَّالْجَحِيْمُصَّلَاهُ ﴾ ثُمَّ نِيسِلْسِلَةِ ذَرْعُهَاسَبُغُونَ ذِرَاعًا

وسعود ي انته كان لا يؤون باشوالعظيو في كا يحص على طعام المسكين في

ۅڔڽڝڝڝڡڡڡڔڔۅڛڔڽ؈ ڡٚڵؿڽؘڵڎؙٲڶؽۅؘڡؘڔۿۿڹٵڂؠؽڠۨ۞ ۊٙڒڂۼٵڰڔڷڵٳڡ؈۫ۼؚٮڵؚؽڹ۞ٞ

ورعه مرزه حن يحيي

نَلاَ أُقْنِيمُ بِمَاتُبُّحِوُدُنَ۞ وَمَالاَتُبُورُونَ۞

ٳٮٞٞٷڶڡٞٷڷؙۯۺؙۏڸۭڴڔؽڿڴ ٷٵۿڒڽڠٙٷڸۺٙٵۼڒۣٷڸؽؖڐ؆ٲٷٛڡٷڽۨ

وَلا يِقَوْلُ كَاهِ مِنْ تَلِيُّلُا ثَمَّا تَذَكَّوُوْنَ هُ تَنْزِيُلُ مِنْ زَبِّ الْعُلِيدُينَ ﴿

٥ لَوْتَقَوَّلُ عَلَيْناً بَعُضَ الْأَكَاوِيُلِ

ڒۘڬؙڶ۫ؠؙڵۄؽؙڎؠٳڵؽؚڮؽڽۿ ؙٛڎؙٛڰؘڷڠڶۼٵڡؽؙٵڶڎؾڽؙؽؙڰ

تولطعناوت الوين الكان المان المان المان المان الكان المان الكان المان الكان المان ا

وَ إِنَّهُ لَتَذْكِرَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينِينَ@

وَإِنَّالَتُعُلُواَنَ مِنْكُوْمُكَنِّ بِيُنَ۞ وَ إِنَّهُ لِتَعْمَرُهُ عَلَىٰ الْكُفِرِيْنَ۞

الحنمرة على الكفيرين @ يوريوناته و

ۄؘٳؾؘڎؙڵڂؿؙؖٲڶؙؽۼؚؽؗڹ۞ ڡٞٮۜؠٞڂ؇ۺۄڒؠۜڮٲڶۛۼڟۣؽٚۄ۞۫

49 We know that 'mong you some there are who would reject;

- 50 And in it lies despair for those who would themselves deceive!
- 51 But, all the same, in it is Certain Truth.
- 52 So in the name of thy great Lord do thou strive on!



則則問

कुरहाएप सहार وْمَادُولِكُ مَا الْحَالَةُ فُ كَنْ بَتْ تُمُودُ وَعَادُ بِالْقَارِعَةِ @ هُلُ تَا يَا يُلَامُ مُنِّنُ مُا قِيمَةٍ وعدن ومن قدكه والمؤتفك لنَحْعَلْهَا لَكُنُّ تَذْكُنُّ أَنْ كُنَّةً وَّتُعَا فَاذَا نُفخَ فِي الصُّورِنَفُخَةُ وَاحِدَةً ﴿ وَّحُملت الْأَرْضُ وَالْحِيَالُ فَكُرُكُتَ ؞ۣ۬ڗؙڰؙۼڒٷؙۏؘڶٳڗػڂۿ۬ؠڡؙؙػؙ

* 76

75-76

SURA: QALAM

In the name of Allighthe Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 77

Nūn!

- (O MUHAMMAD!)
 Witness is the pen
 and what they've noted down:
- 2 Thou art not, (by Allah's grace), possessed.
- 3 Verily, for thee is reward unbeholden;
- 4 Thou art deservedly on a lofty mission:
- 5 Thou wilt see and they shall see,
- 6 Who among you is demented.
- 7 It is thy Lord, He knows who has strayed from His path and He knows who is the one that is guided aright.
- 8 So do not compromise with these who call thee liar.
- 9 They fain would have thee dissimulate and they would themselves then dissimulate!
- 10 Yield not in particular to that mean bully;
- 11 Reviler, backbiter, carrier of tales
- 12 Obstructer of good, instigator of evil,
- 13 Base, not withal, highly esteemed,
- 14 Because he hath wealth and sons!
- 15 When Our verses are recited to him, he says, "Mythology of the ancients!"
- 16 We shall brand him on his snout!

- 17 And then We shall chastise as We chastised the Owners of the Garden when they decided suddenly to harvest the first fruit in the early dawn.
- 18 A whirlwind from thy Lord whirled around their garden while they slept.
- 20 (And) before dawn it was a garden as if reaped!
- 21 When morning broke, they woke each other,
- 22 "Hasten early to your fields if ye would finish harvesting."
- 23 So on they hurried forth, whispering,
- 24 "Let not upon you come today the poor!"
- 25 At early dawn they went with confidence.
- 26 But when they came upon it, they (at first) thought that they had strayed!
- 27 "No," they later realized,
 " It is we who have been fleeced!"
- 28 The best among them said:
 "Did I not tell you
 not to be unscrupulous?"
- 29 They said, "Our Lord!
 Deserving of our best!
 We have been guilty of excess!!"
- 30 Then they began to outdo one another, in expressing grief.
- 31 They said, "O, woe to us!

 We have certainly transgressed!
- 32 "Perhaps, Our Lord will, in its stead, give something better, if we would to Him return..."



Qalam

33 Such was the chastisement: yet that which is to come will be severer still, if ye but knew!

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- 34 For those who do beware and cautious are, there shall be gardens with their Lord.
- 35 Would you have Us make no difference between those who submit (to Our Law) and those who contravene?
- 36 What has come to you, how ill ye judge?
- 37 Have ye a scripture from which ye quote?
- 38 Perhaps in it is only what you'd like to find!
- 39 Or have ye entered into covenant binding until doomsday that ye should be the ones to judge? !
- 40 Ask them, "Is there one who thus contends?"
- 41 Or do they know of any partners who share Our sovereignty?

 Let them bring these forth, if they are speaking truth.
- 42 Ah, when confusion overtakes them it will not then be possible for them to submit even if they want to.
- 43 Afraid, with eyes downcast shall stand in humiliation they who had refused submission when they could have submitted.

وَعَدُواعَلُ حَرْدٍ قَادِرِيْنَ @ فكتارا وها قانوا كالضا لؤن ٥ بَلْ نَحْنُ مَحْرُومُونَ ٠ فَالَ أَوْسَطُهُ مُ أَلَهُ أَقُلُ لِكُنُولُا قَالْوَاسُبُحْنَ رَتِنَا إِنَّاكُنَا ظِلِمِنُنَ[©] فَأَقْدُلَ يَغْضُهُمْ عَلِيَعُضِ يَتَلَا وَمُونُ وَالْوَالِوَلْلِنَّا إِنَّاكُنَّا اللَّهِ مُنْكَا اللَّهِ مُنْكَا اللَّهِ مُنْكَا اللَّهِ مُنْكَا اللَّهِ مُن عَلَى رَبُّنَا أَنْ يُبُدِلُنَا خَيْرًا مِّنْهَا إِنَّا إلى رَبْنَارَاغِبُونَ 🕣 از للذلك تخليزن الم سَلْهُمْ أَيْدُمْ بِذَٰلِكَ زَعِيْمٌ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْكَ زَعِيْمٌ اللَّهُ أَمْلَهُ مِنْ مَرِكًا إِنَّ فَلْيَأْتُوا الشِّرَكَّا لِهِمْ إِنْ كَالْوَاصْدِقِينَ ﴿ يُوْمَ يُكْشَفُ عَنْ سَاق وَيُدُعُون إلى وَأُمْنِيْ لَهُمُو إِنَّ كِينِهِ مُعَانِّنٌ ﴿

نَ وَالْقَلِمِ وَمَا يَسُطُونُونَ أَن مَا ٱنْتَ بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِّكَ بِمَجْنُونِ ﴿ وَإِنَّ لَكَ لَاجُرَّاعُيْرُ مُمْنُون ﴿ وَإِنَّكَ لَعَلَى خُلِّي عَظِيْمِ ۞ لسَتُبُورُ وَيُبُورُونَ ٥ ماً يَتَكُوُالْمَفْتُوْنُ⊙ إِنَّ رَبُّكَ هُوَاعُكُمُ بِمَنْ ضَلَّ عَنْ سَبِيْلِهُ وَهُوَاعُكُو بِالْمُهُتَدِينِينَ فَلا تُطِعِ الْمُكُذِّبِيْنَ وَوْوْلُولُونُ وَكُنْ هِنُ فَيْكُ هِنُونَ ۞ وَلَا تُطِعُ كُلُّ حَلَّا بِي مَهِيْنِ فَلَ هُمَّازِمُّثُمَّا وَبُهُمُ يُولُولُ مَنَاعَ لِلْخَيْرِمُعُتَدِ أَثِيْمِ @ عُتُلْ بُعُدَ ذٰلِكَ زُنِيْمِ ﴿ أَنْ كَانَ ذَامَالِ وَبَنِيْنَ ﴿ إذائتل عَلِيُوالِثُنَاقَالَ أَسَاطِيرُ الْأَوْلِيْنَ @ سننبه على المخرطؤم اتَّا بَكُوْلُهُ مُوكَمَا بَكُوْنَا أَصْعُبُ الْجُنَّاةِ ۖ إِذْا قُنْهُ وَالْيَصُومُنَّهَا مُصْبِحِيْنَ ﴾ وَلاَيَسْتَثْنُؤنَ @ فطاف عَلَيْهَ الْحَالِيثُ مِنْ رَبِّكَ وَهُمُونَا إِيمُونَ ﴿ وَأُصْبَحَتُ كَالْقَونِيوِ ﴿ فَتَنَادُوْامُصْحِيْنَ ﴿ أَنِ اغْدُواعَلَى حَرْثِكُمُ إِنْ كُنْتُمُ صَارِمِيْنَ فَانْطَلَقُوا وَهُمُ يَتَخَافَتُونَ ﴿ أنٌ لَا يَدُخُلَنَّهَا الْيَوْمَرِ عَلَيْكُمْ

- 44 Leave them to Me, those who called this message, lies! We shall encompass them, by slow degrees, without their knowing it!
- 45 Just now I merely bear with them for My strategy is strong!



- 46 Dost thou ask them for reward, so that they're burdened?
- 47 Or dost there come to them fore-warning merely for their noting?
- 48 So thou just wait for a decision from thy Lord, and do not be like that 'Companion-of-the-fish,' who just abandoned hope!
- 49 Had not the grace of His Lord reached him, he would have been cast forth on the naked shore in shame.
- 50 But his Lord chose him and made him 'mong the righteous.

نَاجْمَهُ مُرَكُهُ تَجْعَلَهُ مِنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ مَانَ يَكَا الْآلِيُنَ لَكُفُوُ الْكِلُو الْوَلِهُ بِأَبْصَالِهِ مُولِنَّا الْمَعْدُوا الْإِلَّمُ وَكَافُونُونَ إِنْهُ لَكُهُ مُنْنَ ۞ وَنَا هُوَ الْاَذْنُو لِلْالْمَهُ مَنَ أَنْ ٲڡٛؾۜٮؘٵۿڡؙڟۘڔؙۼٵۺؠٚڗ؈۫ۼٷڿڟٷؽؖ ٲڞۼٮڎڡؙڟڶڡؿٮٛٷؠؙؠؙؽڵؿؙڋٷ؈ ۼٲڞڽۯڶڰڴؠڒؠڮڰۯؽػڵڽؙػڝڶڿٮ ڵڞٷڗ۩ڴؠڒؠڮڎؽڎڰۯػڟٷۿ ڵٷڰٲؽؙڗڬۯڰڂۼۿڞٷڗؠؠڶڮڽۮ ڽٳڵڞڒٳۄۿٷڝۯۿٷۿ؈ٛ

- 51 Almost would these self-deceivers strike thee down with their very looks; when they hear thee warning, they say, "He's certainly possessed!"
- 52 And yet, 'tis nothing but a warning to all men..



SURA: MULK

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 79

Source of all Blessings!
He in whose hands is all Power!
Master, Omnipotent!

- 2 He who created Death and Life to test you therein as to who is best in endeavour He, the Exalted, Source of all Grace!
- 3 He who created the seven firmaments, one above the other; no fault wilt thou find in the *Rahman*'s handiwork:

 Raise thy eyes to heaven, canst thou find a single flaw?
- 4 Look up again, again and yet again; thy eyes will be lowered, tired and dimmed, having searched in vain!
- 5 We Ourself adorned the nearest heaven, with twinkling lamps which serve as targets of conjecture for devilish astrologers; We have for them prepared punishment severe.
- 6 (And as for) those who do deceive themselves, about their Lord: for them (as well) is smouldering punishment and evil destiny.
- 7 When they are cast therein they'll hear it sighing as it blazes forth.
- 8 Almost to burst with fury; every time a group is cast therein its keepers ask: "Did not a Warner come to you?"

رة الفؤافية الميغواتها تشهيقاً وَهُنَّ لَعُوْرُ فَ
تَعُورُ فَن الْعَيْدِ عُمُلَمَّا الْفِي فِنَا
تَعَادُتُسَكُرُ مِن الْعُيْدِ عُمُلَمَّا الْفِي فِنَا
تَعَادُتُسَكُرُ مِن الْعُيْدِ عُمُلَمَّا الْفِي فِنَا
تَعَادُ اللَّهِ مَن الْعُرْدِ فَي اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ فَي اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ فَي اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

تَكَبُرُكُ الكَنِى تُبِيدِهِ الْمُلْكُ وَهُوَ
عَلَى كُلِّ تَمَّنُ قَدِيدُ ﴿ ثَ النِّينَ عَلَى المُوتَ والْحَيْوة الْبَيْلُوكُوْ النِّينَ حَلَقَ المُوتَ والْحَيْوة الْبَيْلُوكُوْ النِّينَ حَلَقَ سَبْعَ مَمُوتٍ طِبَاقًا • مَا النِّينَ حَلَقَ سَبْعَ مَمُوتٍ طِبَاقًا • مَا تَوْ وَفِي حَلَقِ الرَّحْمُونِ طِبَاقًا • مَا تُوَوَّلُوكُونَ الْمُؤْلِقِ وَلَيْكُونِ وَلَعْتَلُولِكِ وَلَوْ الشَّيْلِيلُونَ وَلَقَدُ التَّيْلُالشَّاءَ اللَّهُ فِيلُونِ وَاعْتَدُنَا اللَّهُ وَلَقَدُ التَّيْلُونَ الشَّعِلِي وَاللَّشَيْلُولِي وَاعْتَدُنَا اللَّهُ وَلَكُنُ وَلَيْلِينَ اللَّهِ فِيلُونَ وَاللَّشَاءِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنَ وَاعْتَدُنَا اللَّهُمُ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّلَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

- 9 They say: "Yes, indeed, a Warner had, no doubt, arrived; but we did count him false; we said, 'Allah sends down naught!' " "Verily, ye had gone far astray!"
- 10 They will say, "Had we only listened and only used our common sense, we would not be now companions of suffering."
- 11 And then they will recount their sins: "Be damned then, friends of Hell!"
- 12 For them who feared their Lord within their hearts is grace, remuneration great.
- 13 Whether ye hide your (thoughts by minced) words or show them openly, verily, He is aware of what is in your hearts.
- 14 Would He not know, He who created? He who is the Sensitive, the All-Observant?



- 15 He it is who smoothened out the earth for you; so live amidst its wonders; partake of joys He has provided you; To Him alone must you return!
- 16 Are ye sure that those (whom ye consult) in heaven, will save you from being engulfed in earth's catastrophes?
- 17 Are ye sure that those
 (whom ye consult) in heaven
 will not themselves
 bring tornadoes (of grief)?
 Then, indeed, will ye realize
 My warning!
- 18 Even so had others scoffed

 —those that had gone before—
 what then was My reaction!

- 19 Do they not see the birds
 (of evil presage)
 how they spread their wings
 to fold them in?
 None can withhold (these wings)
 but Rahman!
 Verily, He is aware of all.
- 20 Who is there to ward these hosts from you except the *Rahman*? Verily, these self-deceivers have nothing but conceit!
- 21 Or who is there to feed you if He doth withhold your food? Verily, they still persist in folly and perversion!
- 22 Is it he who shuffles, bent, likely to guide you right? Or one who walks upright more likely to lead you to the highway safe?



- 23 Say: He it is who brought you forth, and gave you hearing, sight and heart to feel. How little do ye render thanks!
- 24 Say: He it is who spread you on the earth and to Him alone will ye all gather.
- 25 They ask: "When comes this promised doom if ye speak the truth?"
- 26 Say: "Of that the knowledge is with Allah.
 I am no more than a Warner plain."
- 27 When its shadows begin to fall,
 dark will grow
 the faces of the self-deceivers.
 It will be said to them:
 'This is what you had been promised.'
- 28 Ask them this:

 "Whether Allah were to destroy me and those with me, or whether He were to bless me, what will save these self-deceivers from due punishment?"
- 29 Say thou: "He is the Rahman.

 We do believe in Him

 and on Him we rely.

 Soon will ye see

 who is in error plain."

عُلْ هُوَالَّن ثَى أَنْشَأَكُمُ وَجَعَلَ لَكُمُ النَّهُ وَالْاَبْصَارَ وَالْاَفْدَةُ * قَلِيلًا كَالْكُلُومُ الْكُلُورُ قُلُ هُوَالَٰنِي ُ ذَرَاكُمُ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ النوتُحُشَرُون @ وَيَقُولُونَ مَنَّى هُـذَا الْوَعُدُ إِنَّ كُنْهُ طەرتۇنى @ كُلُ إِنَّمَا الْعِلْمُ عِنْدُ اللَّهِ كَانَّمَا أَنَّا فكتاراؤه زلفكة سيتث وجؤه الكاين كَفُرُوا وَقِيلَ هُ ذَا الَّذِي كُنْتُمُوبِهِ كُلُ ارْءَيْتُمُ إِنْ اَهُلَكَ نِي اللهُ وَمَنْ مَّعِيَ ٱدْرَحِمْنَا ۚ قَمْنَ يُحِيْرُ الْكُفِرِيْنَ مِنْ عَذَابِ أَلِيهِ عُلْ هُوَالرَّحُمٰنُ أَمَنَايِهِ وَعَلَيْهِ نَ كَلْنَا اللَّهُ فَسَتَعُلَمُونَ ، مَنْ هُو فِي قُلْ إِنَّ يَنْمُ إِنَّ أَصْبَحُ مَا وَكُومُ عُورًا فَمَنُ يَأْتِيْكُمُ بِمَاءِ مُعِيْنِ ﴿

هُوَالِّذِي جَعَلَ لِكُهُ الْإِرْضَ ذَلُولًا فَامْشُوا فِي مَنَاكِيهَا وَكُلُوا مِنْ رِزْقِيةً وَ إِلَيْهِ النُّشُورُ @ ءَ آمِنْ تُمُونَى فِي السَّمَاءِ أَنْ يَخْسِفَ بَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ وَإِذَا هِيَ تَدُورُ ﴿ آمُ أَمِنْتُهُ مِّنُ فِي السَّمَآءِ أَنْ يُرْسِلُ عَلِيْكُمُ عَاصِبًا فَسَتَعُلُمُوْنَ كَيْفَ نَذِيرٍ[®] وَلَقَدُكُذُكُ بَالَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبُلِهِمْ قَلَىٰفَ كَانَ نَكِيْرِ۞ أو لَهُ يَرُوا إِلَى الطَّايْرِ فَوْقَهُ مُ صَّفَّتِ وَيُقْبِضَنَ مَ مَايُمُسِكُهُنَّ إِلَّالْوَحْمَنَّ انَّهُ بِكُلْ ثَنْ أَبْصِيْرُ ۞ ٱمَّنَ هٰ نَا الَّذِي هُوَجُنْدٌ لَّكُمْ يَنْفُهُ لِكُمْ مِنْ دُونِ الرَّحْمٰنِ إِن الْكُفِرُونَ إِلَّا فِي عُرُورِ أَنْ أَمِّنُ هٰذَا الَّذِي يَرُزُوْكُ كُولُونَ أَمْسَكَ رنْ قَدُ مَن كَالَجُوان عُمُور وَنُور

30 Ask them:
"Do ye not see,
if one fine morning
your wells were all dried up
who then would bring you
water that sustains your life?"



Sura : $Q\bar{A}F$

Qaf

m the name of Alliah the Rahilman the Ruhim

1 *** 81

OAF!

(O, MUHAMMAD!)
The lustrous credential
is itself witness:
(Thou art Our Messenger)

- 2 But they are amazed that a Warner should have come to them from 'mong themselves; so these self-deceivers say:
 "This is certainly a strange thing!
- 3 When we are dead as dust!

 This is certainly a strange rally!"
- 4 Verily, We know how much of them has dust become; with Us is the record of what has been preserved.
- 5 But they deny the genuineness of him who has come to them; perplexed therefore is their state.
- 6 Will they not scan the sky above them: how we've reared it high and decked it so that in it there's no flaw!
- 7 And the earth, We spread it wide and placed thereon some hills; We cause to spring forth from it beauteous plants in harmony.
- 8 So that those who wish to serve may see and be encouraged.
- 9 And from above We send down joyous rains and make to grow therefrom gardens of fruits and fields of grain.

- 10 Palm trees that rise above and send down piles and piles of fruit,
- 11 As nourishment for men on us dependent.

 Thus give We life to this dead earth
 and that is how shall be
 your rising too!
- 12 Before them others too would not believe, the people of *Nuh* the men of *Ras, Thamud!*
- 13 And 'Ad and Fir'aun and brothers of Lut.
- 14 Those living in the forest; those of *Tuba*, all these refused to have faith in Our Messengers who came to them with promise true.
- 15 (Do they think) We have become bankrupt by Our first creation? or are they in grave doubt about Our capacity to re-create afresh?

2 *** 82

- 16 Verily, it is We who made man;
 We know what passeth in his soul;
 We are nearer still to him
 than e'en his jugular vein!
- 17 To right and left (of him) there stand two imitators imitating!
- 18 He utters not a word that is not seconded by one (or other) of his servitors!
- 19 Then comes finally, at death's door, the truth: that from which thou fain would escape!
- 20 Then will blow the trumpet: that will be the promised day!



- 21 All gather then, each, with him who drove him on to evil; and him who restrained him from doing good.
- 22 "Of this day didst thou live in heedlessness:

 But We have taken off thy veil from thee;
 today thou seest clearly!"
- 23 His companion, (turned approver), he will say: "This is what I have against thee."
- 24 "To hell, to hell! with all these wrangling self-deceivers!
- 25 "Hinderers of good, hostile, contentious;
- 26 "Those who worshipped beside Allah, other deities!

 Cast them into severe punishment!"
- 27 His (other) companion will say, "Our Lord, I did not make him transgress; he himself was in the wrong."
- 28 He will say, "Wrangle not in My presence; long before had I sent you warning.
- 29 There is no change in My decree; nor am I unjust to My servants."
- 30 When We shall ask of hell,
 "Art thou filled?"

 It shall ask, "Are there more?"

- 31 Soon shall the garden be brought close for those who observed caution.
- 32 "Here is what was promised for all who turned (to Allah), abided (by His laws)."
- 33 For those who feared Rahman, in secret, and turned to Him with all their hearts.
- 34 "Enter ye in peace!" that will be indeed a pleasant day.

وَنُفِخَ فِي الصُّورُ ذَاكَ يَوْمُ الْوَعِيْنِ كَانَ فِي ضَلَلِ بَعِيْدٍ ۞ <u>تَ</u>َالَ لِآغَغُتَصِمُوالَدَيِّ وَقَدُ قَدُ مُثُ دَامَاتُهُ عَدُونَ لِكُلِّ أَوَّابِ حَفِيْظٍ ﴿

قَ ﴿ الفُرْانِ الْمَجِيْنِ ﴿ وَ عَلَا الْمُؤْوَنَ هَذَا اَتَنْ عَجِيْدٍ ﴿ وَمَهُمُ وَ الْمَحْوَدُ الْمَوْدَ وَمَنْهُ وَ الْمَعْوَدُ الْمَوْدُونَ هَذَا الْمَعْوَدُ الْمَوْدُونَ هَذَا الْمَعْوَدُ الْمَعْوَدُ وَمَعْمُ وَهُمُونَ وَمَعْمُ وَهُمُ وَ وَمَعْمُ وَهُمُ وَالْمَعْمُ وَالْمُعْمَ وَمُعْمُونَ وَمَعْمُ وَالْمَعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُولُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُولِ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُولِ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُعِلِقُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَلِمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُونُونُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُولُونُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُو

35 For them shall be all that they wish, and more from Us, besides!



- 36 How many peoples have We blotted out before them,
 Peoples who were mightier than they in strength!
 They were effaced from the earth:
 Is there of them a sign?
- 37 In these, indeed, are warnings for those who have hearts; for those who ears possess to hear, or eyes to see.
- 38 Verily, We created all that which is in heaven and earth in six (long) stages; We were never resting idle!
- 39 So bear a while with what they say and strive on at the bidding of thy Lord before the sun doth rise, (all through the day) and when it sets.
- 40 And even in the night, strive on, when others have succumbed (to sleep).
- 41 Look out for the day when the caller shall call forth from close at hand:
- 42 The day on which they'll hear the blast in earnest: that will be the day of rising!

وَاسْقِهُ فَيْوَ مُرِيُنَا وَالْسُنَادِ مِنْ مَكَانِ لَهُ مَرْيُنِ ۞

تَوْمَكُمْ مُعُونَ الصَّيْحَةَ بِالْحَقِّ الْحِلْقِ الْحَقِ الْحَقِ الْحَقِ الْحَقِ الْحَلَقِ الْمُسْتَلِقِ الْمُعَلَقِ الْحَلَقِ الْحَلَقِ الْمُعَلِقِ الْحَلَقِ الْحَلْمُ الْحَلْمُ الْمُعْلِقِ الْحَلْمُ الْحَلْمُ الْحَلْمُ الْحَلْمُ الْحَلْمُ الْمُعْلِقِ الْحَلْمُ الْمَلِيقِ الْحَلْمُ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْحَلْمُ الْمُعْلِقِ الْحَلَقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمَلْمُ الْمُعْلِقِيلُ الْمُنْفِقِ الْمُعْلِقِيلُولُولُ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِيلُولُ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِيلُ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُعْلِقِ الْمُ

وَكُواْهَالْكُنَائِبُلُهُوْ وَنَن دَوْنٍ هُمُ الْسَدُّهُ وَمُعْلَمُ الْنَقْئِرَانِ الْسِلَادُ مَمْنُ وَمُن وَلَا فِي الْسِلَادُ وَمَن وَمَن اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ وَمَنْ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَمَنْ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَمَن اللهُ وَاللهُ وَمَن اللهُ وَاللهُ وَمَا مَسْلِمُ وَاللهُ وَمَا مَسْلِمُ وَمَا مَسْلِمُ وَاللهُ وَمَا مَسْلِمُ وَمَا مَسْلِمُ وَاللهُ وَمَا مَسْلِمُ وَاللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَاللهُ وَمَا اللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَاللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَمِن اللهُ وَمُن وَمِن اللهُ وَمُون وَمِن اللهُ وَمُون وَمِن اللهُ وَمُون وَمَن اللهُ وَمُون وَمِن اللهُ وَمُن وَمِن اللهُ وَمُون وَمَن اللهُ وَمُون وَمَن اللهُ وَمُون وَمَن اللهُ وَمُون وَمِن اللهُ وَمُن اللهُ وَاللّهُ وَمُن اللّهُ وَمُن اللهُ وَمُن اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَمُن اللهُ وَمُن اللّهُ وَمُن اللّهُ وَمُن اللّهُ وَمُن اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَمُن اللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالِمُ وَاللّهُ و

- 43 Verily, it's We who bestow life, and We who bring you death; to Us must all return.
- 44 The day when the land shall split and a way is laid between; that will be the consequence, for Us a simple task.
- 45 We know best whate'er they say.

 But thou art not to them a dictator:

 Only through this oral message
 warn thou all who heed.





Sura : DHĀRIYĀT

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 84

Even as the winds of heaven which come as storms of dust,

- 2 Or pour down floods of rain;
- 3 Which only glidingly go by,
- 4 Or rain proportionately, as He commands!
- 5 Verily, that which ye are promised, will come to pass.
- 6 And, verily, reckoning is inevitable.
- 7 But divergent, as the orbits of the stars,
- 8 Are ye in what ye do profess!
- 9 Only they delude themselves who fain would be deluded!
- 10 Woe then to these poor fools
- 11 Who flounder without knowing in the waters of uncertainty!
- 12 They ask, "When is the day of reckoning?"
- 13 For them that day will be the day on which they will be roasted o'er the fire!
- 14 "Taste ye your deserts:
 this is what ye had been asking for!"
- 15 But those who had restrained themselves and taken heed: in gardens amidst springs.
- 16 Enjoying what their Lord hath given them in compensation for their goodness in the past:

調圖

وَالذَّرِيْتِ وَدُوْا ۞ وَالْخَيِلْتِ وَقُرُا ۞ وَالْخَيلَتِ وَمُثَرًا ۞ وَالْمَا لُوْعَدُونَ لَصَاوِقٌ ۞ وَالْمَا لُوعَدُونَ لَصَاوِقٌ ۞ وَالْمَا لَوَعَدُونَ لَصَاوِقٌ ۞ وَالْمَا لَوْمَ وَمَنْ أَوْكَ ۞ وَلِمُنْ الْمَوْنَ ۞ وَلِمُونَ الْمَارِيُونَ إِلَى الْمُؤْدَى ۞ مِنْ الْمَوْنَ الْمَارِيُونَ وَالْمَوْنِ ۞ مِنْ الْمَوْنَ الْمَارِيُونَ وَالْمَوْنِ ۞ مِنْ مَوْمُونَ ﴿ اللّهِ الْمُؤْمَدُونَ ۞ مِنْ مَا لُونَ اللّهُ مَلْ اللّهِ اللّهُونَ ۞ مِنْ مَوْمُونَ فَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُونَ ۞ مِنْ مَوْمُونَ فَلَى اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الل

- 17 Little they had slept at night,
- 18 And in the early mornings they had asked forgiveness and protection:
- 19 And in their property (had been recognized as) a right: a part for those who asked a part for those who could not ask.
- 20 All o'er the earth are signs for those who will perceive
- 21 And in yourselves if you will only see!
- 22 (See!) from the heaven comes your sustenance as well as what you have been promised.
- 23 And, by the Lord
 of heaven and earth!
 Verily this (Qur'an) is the truth
 as clear
 as conversations 'mong yourselves.



- 24 Has the story come to thee of the worthy guests who came to *Ibrahim*?
- 25 When they came to him they said, 'Peace!'

 He answered, 'Peace!'

 (To himself he said,)

 "Wayfarers, probably."
- 26 Hurried he to his household, brought forth a fatted calf.
- 27 Placed it he before them: "Will ye not eat?"
- 28 He looked at them suspiciously, they said, "Fear ye not," and gave him tidings of a knowledgeable son.
- 29 His wife came forward, amazed; she smote her face and asked, "What! to old and barren me?"
- 30 They said, "That is how the Lord decrees: He truly is the Wise, the Knowing."
- 31 Said he, "And, what, O messengers, is your errand?"
- 32 They said, "Indeed, we have been sent to a people who've transgressed,
- 33 "To bring disaster through their very soils.
- 34 "Commissioned by thy Lord for those that bounds exceed."
- 35 From them We withdrew those who had faith.
- 36 We found not there but one household that would submit.

- 37 We left behind a spectacle to inspire fear of grievous chastisement.
- 38 Or (the tale of) Musa: when We sent him to Fir'aun with injunctions clear.
- 39 Addressed he scornfully his chiefs: "Sorcerer! or one possessed!"
- 40 So We hurled him and his forces into the sea; but his was all the blame.
- 41 Or (the tale of) 'Ad when We against them sent the devastating wind.
- 42 Nothing it left that came against it but in ruined rottenness.
- 43 Or (the story of) *Thamud*when it was told to them,
 "Enjoy yourselves for yet a while."
- 44 But of this warning of their Lord they took no heed; then came upon them suddenly the blast of quaking earth while they looked on.
- 45 Then they could neither stand themselves nor found they any help.
- 46 The people of *Nuh*, before them, How infamous they were!



- 47 The firmament,
 We decked with care,
 for We, indeed,
 are Masters of all space.
- 48 The earth have We laid out for We are best designers of environment.
- 49 And everything We made in complements and pairs: so that ye may discern (their unity as well as difference).
- 50 Flock then to Allah! and I am plainly (sent) from Him as warner.
- 51 Associate not with Allah another deity—no, never! for I am plainly (sent) from Him as warner.
- 52 That is how it's ever been:

 No messenger came to them of yore,
 but that they said,

 "Sorcerer! or one possessed!"
- 53 Is this a legacy they have acquired?

 Nay, they're themselves a stubborn race.
- 54 So turn thou from them; the blame is not on thee.
- 55 But still, continue thou to warn for warning may yet be of profit to such as may have faith.
- 56 For We created all denizens and citizens for naught but that they may serve Us.
- 57 I ask them not for sustenance nor that they feed me.

فعتواعن أمرزة فأخأخن تماالض وَمُنْ يَنْظُرُونَ ﴿ قمااستطاعوامن تامركماكانوا مُنْتَوِرِيْنَ 👸 وَقَوْمِ أَنْ بِهِ قِينَ كَبْلُ الْهُ مُوكَا لُوَا قَوْمًا يىقىنىن 🖒 وَالْرَحْرِ وَرَشْنَهَا فَيْعُمَ الْمَاهِدُ وْنَ وَمِنْ كُلِ ثَنَّيْ خَلَقْنَا زُوْجَيْنِ لَعَالَمُ تَذَكَّرُونَ۞ تَعَرُّوْالِلَ اللهُ إِنْ لَكُمْ مِنْ مُنْ فَعُنْ الْأُ وَلَا تَجْعَلُوا مَعَ اللهِ الْهَا أَخَرُ إِلَيْ لَكُمُّمِّنْهُ ثَنِي يُرَّمِّينِينُ @ كَذْلِكَ مَا أَنَّ الَّذِئِنَ مِنْ قِبْلِهِ وَمِنْ رَسُولِ إِلاَّقَالُوْاسَاجِرُ أَوْمَجُنُونُ ﴿ الْوَاصَوْابِهِ بَلْ هُمْوَتَوْمٌ طَاعُونَ ﴿ مُولَّعَنْهُ مُوتِمَا أَنْتَ بِمِلْوَمِ لِمُ انَّ اللهُ هُوَ الرَّزَاقُ دُوالْفُوَّةِ الْمُعَارِّ لَيْنُ فَالْمُوا وَنُونًا مِّنْكُ وَدُوب أَصْلِيهُمْ فَلَا يَسْتَعُجِلُونِ @ وَيُلِ لِلَّذِي يُنَ كَفُرُوا مِنْ تَوْمِهُ الَّذِي

هَا ْ ٱتُّنكَ حَدِينَتُ ضَيْفِ إِبْرُهِيْمَ اؤد خالوا علقه وتقالوا سلما تال @035Cb85 دُواغَ إِلَىٰ اَهُلِهِ فِئَاءَ بِعِجْلِ سَمِيْنِ۞ فَقَتِ مَا اللَّهِ مِقَالَ الرَّبَا كُاذِنَ أَنَّ اللَّهِ مِقَالَ الرَّبَا كُاذِنَ أَنَّ اللَّهِ مِقَالَ الرَّبَا كُاذِنَ أَنَّا فَأَوْجَسَ مِنْهُمُ خِنْفَةً * قَالُوالِأَتَخَفُ رَبَشْرُوْهُ بِعُلْمِعَلِيْمِ ۞ فَأَقْلُكُ امْرَأَتُهُ فِي صَرِّةٍ فَصَلَّكُ وجهها وكالت بجوز عقيده عَالْوَاكِذِ لِكَ قَالَ رَبُّكِ إِنَّهُ هُوَالْتِكِيمُ كَالُ فَمُأْخَطُكُمُّةُ أَيْفِا الْمُزْسِلُونُ[©] عَالْوَالِنَّا أُرْسِلْنَا إِلَى تَوْمِمُ جُرِمِنْنَ ﴿ لِلْوُسِلُ عَلَيْهِمْ جَارَةٌ مِنْ طِلْنِ فَي المُستَوْمَةُ عِنْدَرَبِكَ الْمُسْوِفِينَ ﴿ فأخرجنا من كان فيهامن المؤمنان فتكاوك كافيها عنير بينت إتن الْمُسْلِيدُنَ ۞ وَتُرَكُنَا فِيُهَا أَيِثُهُ لِلْإِنْ يُنَ يَخَافُونَ الْعَدَاك الْأَلِيثُورَةُ وَ فَيْ مُوْسَى إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَاهُ إِلَّا فِيزِعُونَ َوْلُى دِرُلْنِهِ وَقَالَ سَجِوْزَادِ عَجْزُونُ @ خَذُنْهُ وَجُنُودُهُ فَنَكِلْ لَهُمْ فِي الْمِ حَعَلَتُهُ كَالرَّمِيْمِ شُ

- 58 Verily, Allah is the Sustainer who hath all power.
- 59 For those who now transgress the punishment is like the one that those before this met. Let them not therefore show undue haste.
- 60 For woe will be to those, who still deceive themselves, on the day that has been promised.

86

(15)

Sura : $T\bar{U}R$

mthe name of Allahthe Rahillanthe Rahill

1 *** 87

Tur itself is witness.

- 2 And the records writ
- 3 On vellum serve as testament!
- 4 Look at the moving mansions,
- 5 The lofty vault of heaven,
- 6 The ebb and flow of seas!
- 7 Verily, retribution from thy Lord will surely come.
- 8 Nothing can avert it.
- 9 The day when your olympus shatters,
- 10 And (those, as stable as) mountains, wander here and there,
- 11 Then woe on that day, to those who called it a lie!
- 12 Those who (today) in sport do wrangle
- 13 On the promised day shall they find themselves suddenly in hellish flames,
- 14 "This is the fire which ye were wont to call a lie!
- 15 "Is this also merely sorcery, which ye cannot understand?
- 16 "Roast ye therein!

 Be stubborn now or not—

 (it makes no difference)—

 ye but receive the recompense
 for that which ye had done."

- 17 The wary and the righteous they will be, indeed in gardens blest,
- 18 Enjoying what their Lord hath given them, and saved by their Lord from the very breath of hell:
- 19 "Eat and drink with relish, (in recompense) for what ye did."
- 20 Reclining here on couches neatly ranged and We have put them midst companions beautiful and good.
- 21 And to those who have believed, whose offspring followed them in faith, We will again unite their offspring; nor of the meeds of their good works, shall We at all deprive them:

 Every man is pledged for what he earns!
- 22 We have provided them with fruits and flesh as they desire;
- 23 Therein the cup is passed between them; no wranglings and no distinctions.
- 24 Around them serve the youths whose smiles hide seried pearls.
- 25 They will approach each other making enquiries;
- 26 They will say, "Indeed, we were worried oft, about our kith and kin.
- 27 "But Allah, He has been good to us and rescued us from fiery winds.
- 28 "We wish now that we had called on Him before; for verily, He is the Good, the Merciful."



- 29 So thou, continue warning; not art thou, by His grace, a soothsayer, nor one possessed.
- 30 Do they say: "He is a (mere) poetaster, let us wait, his muse, in time, will desert him?"
- 31 Tell them: "Wait! I too shall be among the ones who bide."
- 32 Are they urged on by their wit or are they but a race of fools?
- 33 Do they say: "He has plagiarized?" Nay, they do not that believe!
- 34 But, if so, let them bring its original if truth they speak.
- 35 Have they been made of something else than matter? Have they made themselves?
- 36 Have they made the heavens and the earth? No, they are not so convinced.
- 37 Do they possess the treasures of thy Lord? Are they its dispensers?
- 38 Have they access by which to hear?

 Then let them submit proofs
 of what they hear.
- 39 Are there for Him only daughters, while for you there are sons?
- 40 Art thou asking for thy wages so that they are loaded with heavy obligations?
- 41 Does there come to them a secret message which they write down?

يتنازعون فيهاكأسالا لغوفهاولا تَالْوَا إِنَّالُكَا فَيُلُ فَيْ آمُلِنَا مُشْفِقِتُهُ تَمَنَّ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا وَوَقَينَا عَنَ ابَ السَّمُوجِ إِنَّاكُنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ نَدْعُولًا إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْبَرُ الرَّحِيمُ أَن فَنُأَكِّرُ فَمَا الْتَ إِنِيْعُمَتِ دَيِّكَ كِكَاهِن ٳؙۿڔۑۼٷڷٷؽۺٵۼٷؾۜ۫ػۯڲڞؠ؋ڒؠؽؚ<u>ؠ</u> الْمُثُونِ 🕞 قُلْ تَرَبُّصُوا فَإِنِّي مَعَكُمْ مِنَ الْمُتَرَّبِعِيدُينًا أوتأمره وأخلامه فمعلف أأؤهم تَوْهُ طَاعُونَ شَ ادُ مَقُولُونَ لَقَوْلَةً بِلْ لِكَا يُؤْمِنُونَ أَنْ فَلُمَّا ثُوَّابِحَدِيْثِ مِّثْلِمَ إِنْ كَانُوْاصْرِيْنِ⁶ أَوْحُلِقُوا مِن عَايِرِ ثَنَيُّ أَوْهُ مِهُ 南山湖道 أَمْ خَلَقُوا التَّمَاوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضُ بَلْ لَا يُوْوَنُونَ هُ أَهْءِنْنَ أَلْمُ خُزَّآيِنُ رَبِّكَ أَمْرِهُــمُ اللهُ مُسُلَمُ يُسْتَمِعُونَ وَيُهِ فَلَيَأْتِ سَمِّعُهُمُ إِسُلْطُن مُّبِينِ ﴿ أَمْ لَكُ الْمُنْتُ وَلَكُمُ الْمِنْوَنَ الْمُ أهُ تَسْتُلُهُ مُ اَجُرًا فَهُ مُومِّنَ مَخْرَمٍ مُثَقَادُنَ أَن أَمْ عِنْكَ هُمُ الْغَيْبُ ثَهُ مُ يَكْتُبُونَ ۞ أَمْ يُرِدُ لُ وَنَ لَيْدُ أَ فَالَّذِ يُنَّ كُفُرُوْا هُمُ الْكُنُدُونَ أَمَّ

脚腿

وَالطُّوْرِ ﴾ وُكِنْبِ مَسْطُوْرِ ﴿ وَتُسِيْرُ الْحِبَالُ سَيْرًا أَنَّ الَّذِيْنَ هُنُهِ فِيُ بَحُوْضِ تَلْعَبُوْنَ ﴿ يُؤمِّينَ عُونَ إِلَّى نَارِجُهُنَّمُ دَعَّا ﴿ كُلُوْا وَاشْرُ زُوْاهَ نَنْكَأَ بِكِمَا كُنْتُهُ وَأَمْدُونَهُ مِنْ الْهُمْ يِفَالِهُ وَوَ لَحُمِرِهِمْ مَا يَشْتَهُوْنَ 🕝

42 Are they plotting stratagem?

Those who deceive themselves will be involved in their own stratagem!



- 43 Have they other gods beside Allah?
 Glory be to Him! He is far above that which they join with Him!
- 44 If they should see a part of heaven itself falling, they would say, 'A mass of clouds!'
- 45 So leave them till they meet the day on which they will be stunned!
- 46 The day on which no stratagem will them avail nor help will come to them.
- 47 Indeed, for those who so transgress await some more afflictions still, but most of them are unaware.
- 48 Continue thou to persevere, obedient to thy Lord, for, verily, thou art in Our eyes. Strive on, to carry out the wishes of thy Lord from the moment thou dost rise;

يَوْمَ (اَيُغْنِيْ عَنْمُ أَيْدُا هُمُوَشِيْكَا وَرَحُمْ مُنْحَمُوْدَى ﴿ وَانَ الْمَايِّنِ طَلْمُوْاعَدَ الْبَادُونَ فَالِكَ وَلَكِنَّ اَحْمُنُ مُنْكِيْدَ الْمُنْوَاعِدَ الْبَادُونَ ﴿ وَاصْبِرْ لَحَمْلُورَ تِلِكَ وَالْتَقَوْمُ ﴿ سَبِّحْمُ مِعْمُدُورَ تِلِكَ وَالْتَقَوْمُ ﴿ سَبِّحْمُ مِعْمُدُورَ تِلِكَ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةُ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةُ وَالْمَالِيَةُ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيَةِ وَالْمَالِيْمِ وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمِلْمِينَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمَالِينَ وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمَلِينَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمِنِينَا وَالْمِنْ وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمَلْمِينَا وَالْمَالِينَالِينَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمَلْمِينَا وَالْمُولِينَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمَلْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْ وَالْمِنْ وَالْمَالْمِينَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمِنْمَالِينَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمِنْفِيلَا وَالْمَالِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنَالِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْمُولِينَا وَالْمِنْمِينَا وَالْمِنْ

اَهُلَهُمُهُ الْفَقَائِدُالِشَٰوِّ سُبُحْنَ اللَّوِعَتَا يُشْرِلُونَ ﴿ وَالْنَيْرُوَالِسَفَّا الْمِنَالِسَمَّا ﴿ سَاقِطُا يَقَوْلُوا سَوَاجُ مَرَّكُومُ ﴿ فَنَارُهُمُ مَعْنَى يُلْقُولُومُ هُمُوالَكِ فَى وَيْدُومُ مُعْمَّدُونَ ﴿

*

49 And late at night too, strive for Him—and up betimes when stars depart...



SURA: NAJM

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 89

Witness are these lustrous starlets as they waft down from above!

- 2 Your comrade is not distraught, he has not gone astray;
- 3 Nor does he vent his personal thoughts.
- 4 This is naught but what is self-revealed
- 5 By Him of Mighty Powers!
- 6 Endued with physical and mental strength, he built upon his legacy,
- 7 And soon stood shoulders high (among his fellow men) against the horizon.
- 8 Then he approached, in humbleness,
- 9 Until the two bows became one or closer still!
- 10 Then He revealed to him, His servant, what He revealed!
- 11 The heart deceived him not, nor did his sight deceive!
- 12 Wouldst you dispute then as to what he saw? !
- 13 Indeed, he had had a vision once before.
- 14 Beneath the Sidra at the boundary
- 15 Where lies the garden of repose.
- 16 Then, there covered the Sidra, trees what covered it!

وَلَقَدَارَاٰ وَكَوْلَكُ أَخْرَى ﴾ عِنْدَسَدُرَةِ الْمُنْتَعْلَى ۞ عِنْدَمَا حَتَّهُ الْمُأْدَى ۞ مَا زَاعَ الْبَصَرُومَ الْعَنْدَى ۞ مَا زَاعَ الْبَصَرُومَ الْمَعْنَى ۞ وَمَنْوَدَ الشَّالِينَةَ الْمُخْرى ۞ وَمَنْوَدَ الشَّالِينَةَ الْمُخْرى ۞ وَمَنْوَدَ الشَّلَةِ الْمُخْرى ۞ وَمَنْوَدَ الشَّلَةِ مَا الْمُخْرى ۞ وَمَنْوَدَ الشَّلَةِ مِنْ الْمَارَةِ الشَّيْعُةُ وَمَا النَّعْمَ وَمَنْوَدَ الْمَالِقَةُ الْمُخْرى ۞ وَمَا يَوْدَ الشَّلِينِ الْمَالَةِ الشَّمِينَةِ الْمُنْوَى ۞ وَمَا يَوْدَ الشَّلَةِ مُنْ اللَّهِ المَّلَقَةُ وَمَا النَّعْمَ وَمَا النَّعْمَ وَمَالَعُونَ الْالطَالِقُ وَمَا النَّعْمَ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا الْمُنْعَالَ وَمَا النَّعْمَ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهِ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَالَةُ اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا الْمُؤْلُقُولُ وَاللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا الْمُؤْمَ اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَا الْمُؤْمِدُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمُواللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمَالِكُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُ اللَّهُ وَمَا الْمُؤْمِدُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِدُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِدُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْمُؤْمُونَ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْمُؤْمُونُ الْمُؤْمُو

划別問

وَالنَّجُورِ اِذَاهُوٰى ۞ مَا صَلَّ مَا حِبُكُوْدَ كَاكُوْى ۞ وَمَا يَنْطِقُ عَنِ الْهَوْى ۞ إِنْ هُوَرُقَةٌ وَاشْتُوْى ۞ وَهُوَ إِلَّانُونِ الْوَعْلِي ۞ وَهُوَ إِلَّانُونِ الْوَعْلِي ۞ تَكُورَ وَالنَّتِي لُلِي ۞ فَاوْتَحَوْلُ كَذِي الْمُؤَلِّي الْمُؤَلِّي ۞ فَاوْتَحَوْلُ كَذِي الْمُؤَلِّونَ الْوَحْقِي ۞ وَالْمَوْدُونَ وَعَلَيْهِ مَا الْوَحْقِي ۞ وَالْمَوْدُونَ وَعَلَيْهِ مَا الْمُؤَلِّي الْمُؤَلِّي الْمُؤَلِّي الْمُؤَلِّي وَالْمَارِي ۞ وَالْمُؤْلُونُونَ وَعَلَى المُؤَلِّي الْمُؤَلِّي وَالْمَارِي ۞ وَالْمُؤْلُونُونَ وَعَلَى المُؤلِّي الْمُؤلِّي الْمُؤلِّي الْمُؤلِّي وَالْمَارِي ۞

- 17 The eye, it wavered not, nor it deceived.
- 18 Experienced he the great enlightenment endowed upon him by his Lord!
- 19 Have ye ever given serious thought to Lat and Uzza?
- 20 And Manat the last of these 'illustrious' three!
- 21 What! sons to you and to Him only daughters?!
- 22 That, indeed, would be unfair!
- 23 No! Naught are these but names given them by yourselves and by your forefathers! They have no power vouchsafed to them by Allah. They cater not but to man's fantasies and vain desires.
 Verily, from their Lord alone doth come to them this Guidance.



- 24 Is man to have it as he wants?
- 25 Nay! It shall be as Allah wants from first to last!

- 26 How many angels are in heaven who have no power to intercede unless Allah Himself permits him whom He chooses.
- 27 (Only) those who have not acquired real faith give female names to angels.
- 28 They have no knowledge; they only build on surmise and through surmise only, one cannot reach the truth.
- 29 Therefore, turn away from one who turns his back upon Our warnings; he cares for naught except the living moment.
- 30 That is all they care to understand; but, verily, thy Lord alone knoweth who has strayed from the right path and who has been rightly guided.
- 31 For Allah alone, is all that is in heaven or on earth so that He may reward accordingly

those who evil do and those who actively pursue righteousness.

32 Those who keep themselves aloof from grievous sins and shameful deeds
—unless by inadvertence—
for them doth Allah have wide forgiveness;
He knows you from the time that you were being born of earth and when you were within the darkness of your mother's wombs;
Therefore, assume not sinlessness,
He knows exactly the extent to which you're pure.

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- 33 Seest thou him who turns his back,
- 34 Gives in for a while and then withholds?

 Doth there come to him
 the knowledge of the future?
- 35 Has he got clairvoyant powers so that he can foresee?
- 36 Is he not aware of what is in the chronicles of Musa
- 37 And of Ibrahim-where both concur?



38 (i)	Tha	t none	shall	bear
	the	burden	of an	other;

- 39 (ii) That man shall have nothing but what he strives for;
- 40 (iii) That what he strives for he will soon begin to see;
- And later, there will come his full reward;
- 42 (iv) That to thy Lord one comes at last;
- 43 (v) That He it is who granteth laughter, causeth tears;
- 44 (vi) That He it is from whom there cometh life and death;
- 45 (vii) That He it is who creates pairs of men and women
- 46 From the seed born of desire;
- 47 (viii) That it is up to Him to re-create;
- 48 (ix) That He it is who giveth wealth and satisfaction;
- 49 (x) That He it is who is the Lord of Sirius;
- 50 (xi) That He it is who destroyed 'Ad of old:
- 51 And Thamud, it was He who did not spare;
- 52 And the tribe of *Nuh*, even before these, who did excess commit and were perverse;
- It was He who overthrew the cities that were then destroyed.
- 54 By being covered with that which covered them.
- 55 Which then of thy Lord's powers wilt thou still dispute?
- 56 This is but a reference to the lessons taught of old.
- 57 The harvest is about to be now harvested!
- 58 None but Allah can hold it back.

ٱلاَتَزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وَزُرِ أَخُوى ﴾ وَأَنُ لَيْسَ الْإِنْسَانِ الْإِمَاسَعِي أَيْ المُ الْحُزَالِةُ الْحُزَالِةِ الْأَوْلِيَّةِ الْحُزَالِةِ الْحُزَالِةِ الْحُزَالِةِ الْحُزَالِةِ الْحُزَالِةِ وأن المارتك المنتأة وَ النَّهُ وَ الْحَدِينَ وَ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّ وَ أَنَّهُ هُو أَمَاتَ وَأَخِلِي ﴿ وَاتَهُ خَلَقَ الزَّوْجَيِّنِ النَّلُكُو وَالْأَنْفُ® مِنْ نُطْفَةِ إِذَاتُهُمْ فَي وَأَنَّ عَلَيْهِ النَّشَأَةُ الْأَخْرِي أَمَّ وَأَنَّهُ هُوَاغُنِّي وَاقْنِي ﴿ وَ أَنَّهُ هُورَبُ الشِّعْرِي ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ الل وَثُمُوْدَ أَفَعَا أَيْقًى ﴿ وَ قَوْمَ نُوْمِهِ مِّنْ قَدِلُ إِلَّهُ مُكَانُواهُمُهُ أَظْلُمُ وَأَطْغِي ﴿ وَالْهُ تَعَلَّقُ أَهُوى فَهُ فَغُشْسًامًا عَشْرٍ رَهُمْ ياًى الأورتك تتمازي@ مِنَ إِنَانُ وُقِينَ النُّذُرِ الْأُولِي هِ سُ لَهَا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ كَأَيْسُفَةٌ هُ وَتَضْعُكُونَ وَلا تَسْكُونَ فِي وَانْتُمُ سَامِدُونَ ۞

أَمْ لِلْانْسَانِ مَاتَكُنَّى أَنَّ فَلله الْأَخِرَةُ وَالْأُولِي هُ وَكُوْمِنْ مَّاكِ فِي السَّمَا إِسْ لَا تُغْنِيُ شَفَاعَتُهُمْ مُشَيِّنًا إلا مِن بَعْدِ أَن يَأْدُنَ الله لِمَنْ تَشَاءُ وَيُرْضَى ۞ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْاِحْرَةِ لِلْكُمُّونَ الْمَلْكِكَةُ تَنْمِيَةُ الْأُنْثَى @ وَمَالَهُمْ مِنْ عِلْمُ إِنْ يَتَّمِعُونَ إِلَّالظَّنَّ وَإِنَّ الظَّنَّ لَا يُغْنِي مِنَ وَلَهُ يُودُ إِلَّا الْحَلْوَةُ الدُّنْيَأَ فَيَ ذلك مُنْكَعُهُمُ مِنْ الْعِلْمُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَاعُكُمُ بِمَنْ ضَلَّ عَنْ سَدِيلا وَهُوَ اَعُكُوبِمِن اِفْتَلٰى@ وَيِنْهِ مَا فِي السَّمَا وْتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جُزِيَ الَّذِن يُنَ أَسَاءُ وَابِنَا عَمِلُوا وَ أَعِنْدَهُ عِلْمُ الْغَيْبِ ثَهُو يَرِي @ أَهُ لَهُ مُنْتَأْسِمَا فِي صُحُونِ مُوسَى ﴿

59 Does not this discourse make you wonder now?

فَأَسْعُورُوا يِنْهِ وَاغْمِدُوا فَعُ

- 60 Will ye still laugh? Will ye not weep?
- 61 Ye are wasting time.
- 62 Submit ye to your Lord and serve Him earnestly.



SURA: QAMAR

9 Before them, spurned even thus, the tribe of Nuh, rejected they Our servant; they called him mad and thus ignored him.

10 He called upon his Lord, "I am overcome; come thou to my aid!"

11 So opened We the gates of heaven pouring rain in torrents.

12 And there gushed forth from 'neath the earth springs of water rising up to destined levels.

13 And We bore him upon a thing of planks and nails

14 Which floated 'neath Our eyes a recompense for him who would not be misled;

15 And We left him an example;

But is there one sho'll seriously reflect?

insminsinuq yM saw nshi iqa woH (bssh ion bluow ohw seohi rol) gninsaw yM

Facile, indeed, have We now made the Qur'an for recital But, is there one Who'll seriously reflect?

ાર્તા મારે કાર્યા મારે કાર્યા કર્યા મારે ક્ષ્યાં મારે ક્ષ્યા ક

76 ... I

is the Moon!
2 Still, when they see a sign
they turn away
and they say,

igh draws the hour rent asunder

'Transient illusion.'

3 They call it a deception and follow their own fancies; but all things are ordained!

4 Apostles! Warnings, not to be ignored, have come to them before

5 Through mature wisdom; but, still, they heed them not.

6 So turn thou from them; the day on which the Caller calls the muster:

With downcast eyes they'll gather from their holes like scattered grasshoppers,

8 With outstretched necks, hastening to the call.
These self-deceivers will then say, "Indeed this is a toilsome day!"



LI

91

18 And 'Ad, they too rejected,

How apt then was My punishment, (for those who would not heed) My warning.

19 We sent a wind incessant against them on a day of ceaseless misery,

20 Laying low the men as if they were trunks of fallen palms.

21 How apt then was My punishment, (for those who would not heed) My warning.

22 Facile, indeed,
have We now made
the Qur'an for recital:
But is there one
who'll seriously reflect?

2 *** 93

23 Belittled also the Thamud, Our warning.

24 They said:

"Is a single man
from 'mongst ourselves
to thwart our will?

That would certainly
mislead us to distress!

25 "Amongst us all has he alone been given sense? No, he's a liar, mischievous!"

26 Tomorrow, shall they know who was liar mischievous!

ۇلقىڭتركىخىمالىيە ئۆكلىرىن ئەتكىرى ئىكىف كان عَدَانِى دَنْدْر ۞

وَلَقَدُينَتُونَاالْقُرْانَ لِلنِّهُ لُونَهُلُ مِنْ مُدَّكِرٍ ۞

ػڒٞۺٙٵڐڎٙڰڣڬٵڽۼڒٳؽۯۮؙۯ[۞] ٳڴٵۯؘڝڵڹٵۼڷؿۿۯڔؽڿٵڞۯڝۘٷٳڹ ؿڒۼٮؙڂڛ۪ڰؙڛڎڗۺ ؿڒۼٵڟ؆ػٵڰۿؙڟۼٵڗؙؽڂڸۣڰ۫ؽۼۅؖ ڰڲؙؽڡؘػؙڶؽڡ۫ڎڸؽۯۮۮ۫ڕ۞

وَلَقَدُيَتُ وَنَا الْقُوْانِ لِلذِّ لَوِفَهَ لَ مِنْ مُدَّكِرٍ أَ

كَنْ بَتُ تُمُوُّدُ بِالنَّدُو ۞ فَقَالُوَا اَبْشَرُاتِهُ عَالَا عِدْ التَّقَيْعُ لَهُ ﴿ إِنَّا إِذَّا لَقِنْ صَلْلِ وَسُعُمٍ ۞ عَالِمَى النِّيِّ لَكُوْعَلَيْهِ مِنْ يَكِيْنَا بَـٰ لَ شَيْعُكُمُونَ عَمَّا أَضِ الْكَذَابُ الْوَشِرُ سَيْعُكُمُونَ عَمَّا أَضِ الْكَذَابُ الْوَشِرُ إِنَّا مُرْسِلُوا النَّاقَةِ فِيْتَنَةً لَهُمُونَا لَقَيْمُ أُو وَاصْطِعْرَ ۞ 27 Then shall We send the she-camel for testing them; so thou be close at hand and watch them patiently;



- 28 And warn them that the water must be shared between them; the rights of all being observed.
- 29 But they called out to their comrade; he took the case in hand and hamstrung her.
- 30 How apt then was My punishment, (for those who would not heed) My warning!
- 31 We sent against them one blast of evil wind and lo! they were like stubbles scattered o'er the field!

32

Facile, indeed, have We now made the Quran for recital: But is there one who'll seriously reflect?

- 33 Belittled, the tribe of *Lut*, Our warning:
- 34 We sent against them stones erupted: only the followers of *Lut* saved We in time,
- 35 As grace from Us:

 That is how We reward those who are grateful.

- 36 They had been warned of Our punishment but they had dallied long about Our warning.
- 37 They had gone so far
 as even to ask for his guests:
 We therefore blinded them,
 "Taste ye then Our punishment,
 (which follows fast)
 Our warning."
- 38 And when the morning dawned on them they were engulfed in lasting misery!
- 39 "Taste ye then Our punishment (which follows fast) Our warning!"

40

Facile, indeed, have We now made the Qur'an for recital: But is there one who'll seriously reflect?

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- 41 Even so had come upon the people of Fir'aun Our warning.
- 42 Belittled they Our warnings all:

 We put them in the grip
 of uncontested power.
- 43 Are then your self-deceivers more powerful than these?

 Or, do not lessons from the past, apply to them?



44 Or do they say,
"We shall, like faggots,
hold together, save ourselves?"

45 Soon shall their union burn away and they shall fall to pieces!

46 Nay! Their promised hour is nigh: compelling hour of misery.

47 These oppressors then, will stray like those gone mad.

48 Then shall their faces blackened be with fire of suffering:
"Taste ye the touch of misery!"

49 Verily all things have We created in due proportion.

50 Our will, to be fulfilled, needs but the raising of an eye.

51 How many things like you, have We destroyed

But is there one who'll seriously reflect?

- 52 Every act of theirs is stamped upon their hearts.
- 53 All things small and large are recorded.

دَامُمُوْ۞ إِنَّ الْمُجْرِيئِنَ فِيْ صَلْلِ تَسُعُو۞ يَوْمَ يُسْحَبُونَ فِي النَّارِعَلُ وْمُخْوَمِهِمُ وُدُوُّامَ سَنَسَقَرَ۞ اِنَّا كُلُّ شَيْعًا حَمَلَقُلْهُ يِقِمَدٍ۞ وَمَا امْوَكَالْشِيَّةُ وَاحِدَةً كُفْهُمِ إِلْلِيَّهِ۞ وَمَا امْوَكَالْهُ وَاحِدَةً كُفْهُمِ إِلْلِيَّهِ۞

وَلَقَنْ اَهْلَكُنَّ الشَّيَاعَكُمْ فِهَالُ مِنْ مُّدَّكِرٍ @

وَكُلُّ شَّنُ قَعَلُوهُ فِي الأَبُّرِ @ وَكُلُّ صَغِيْرٍ قَلَيْدُومُّ سَتَطُرُ @ إِنَّ الْمُتَقِيْنَ رِفْ جَنْبٍ وَنَهُورٍ ۞ فِي مَقْعَدِ صِدُنِ عِنْدَ رَبْلِيهِ مُقَعَى إِنْ وَتَقِمُّهُمُّ اَنَّالُمَا أَقِدُمُهُ أَنِّينَهُمْ شُطُلُّ شِرْبٍ مُّحَتَّمَةُ فَ۞ تَنَادُواصاً جِمُّمُ اتَنَاظَى مَقَقَر ۞ فَكُلِيفُ كَانَ عَلَالِينَ وَثُنَّارٍ ۞ إِنَّا الرَّسَلْنَا عَلِيْهِمْ مَسِّخَتُهُ قَاصِدَ ةً فَكَانُوْالَهُ شِنْدِاللَّهُ خَلْدٍ ۞

۞ ٷڷڨؙۯؙؽؾۜڡٝۯؽٵڶڨؙڗٳ۫ڹٳڵڋۣڴڔۣڟۿڵڡؚڽۛڹڠؙ؞ٙڲڔٟ

> كَنْبَتْ قَوْمُلُو طِيَالتُذُرِ ۞ اِكَّالَّرَسُلْنَا عَلَيْهِ مُرحَاصِبًا الْأَلْلُ أَلْ أُوْلٍ نَجْمَنْهُ مِّنَ مِنْ مِنْ مَا لَكُنْ الِكَجْوَثُ الْكَنْ شَكْرَ ۞ مُلَمَّدُ الْمَنْدَوْمُونَ مُنْ الْمَنْ الْمَالَقُونَ الْمَلْمَ اللَّهُ الْمَنْ مُلْمَدُنْ الْمَنْدُونُونَ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهِ مُنْكَمِّمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مُنْسَقِقًا ﴿ مُلْمَدُنُونُونَ مَنْ اللَّهِ مُنْ اللَّهِ مُنْ اللَّهِ مُنْسَقِقًا ﴿ مُلْمُدُنُونُونَ مَنْ الْمِنْ مُنْدُرِ ۞ مُلْدُنُونُونَا عَمْدَ الْمِنْ وَمُنْدُرِ ۞

وَلَقَدُيتَ رُنَا الْقُرُانَ لِللِّهِ كُرِفَهُ لِّمِنْ مُلْكِيرٍ ﴿

- 54 Verily, those who feared to soil their conscience are now midst gardens lined with streams.
- 55 Within a capital of truth protected by a sovereign king!





Sura : $RAHM\bar{A}N$

m the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 95

 ${
m T}_{\scriptscriptstyle {
m HE}}$ rahman!

2 He who revealed the QUR'AN!

3 He who created Man,

4 And (all that is manifest) taught him to scan!

5 The sun and the moon follow His schedule

6 The blades of grass, the lofty trees, do Him obeisance; their movement He set—

7 The heavens He raised, their movement He set—

8 (Saying) "Transgress not the measure!

9 "Hold to the balance! Lag not in tread!"

10 And the earth He made for the living:

11 With fruit and blossom-bearing palm,

12 Chaff-covered grain and scented herbs!

13

He, the Lord of ye both!

Which then of His varied signs

will ye continue to ignore?

14 The citizens He moulded as clay on potter's wheel;

15 The denizens He shaped in smokeless desert sheen!

16

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore? 17 Lord of the two Easts!

Lord of the two Wests!

18

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

19 The two waters meet at His command,

20 Between them a barrier which neither may go beyond!

21

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

22 In them He maketh pearls both rosy white and coral dark!

23

He, the Lord of ye both!

Which then of His varied signs

will ye continue to ignore?

24 He maketh the heaving ships float lightly on waters deep like penants on land!

25

He, the Lord of ye both!

Which then of his varied signs

will ye continue to ignore?

2 *** 96

26 All that IS shall CEASE TO BE!

27 Thy Lord's magnificence and grace in all their glory, will endure!

28

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of his varied signs will ye continue to ignore?



95

29 All that is on earth or in heaven is ever beholden to Him;He is ever in glorious creation engrossed!

30

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

31 Soon shall We attend to you, ye burdened twain...

32

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

33 O ye two groups
made out of fire and of clay!
If you think you can cross
the line of heaven and earth,
then try to cross!
Ye will not cross
because you do not have the power!

34

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

35 Against the fiery smokeless heat —like sparks from anvils red you cannot save each other!

36

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

37 And when the sky is hardened it seems like molten copper!

38

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

39 Then will no one criticise
or blame another—
neither the softened dweller of the town,
nor fiery tempered dweller of the cave?

40

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

فَيَأَيِّ الْآءِرَبَّكُمَا ثُكُلِّيْ بْنِ ﴿ فَأَى الْإِورَيْكُمَا ثُلَذِينِ مَسْئَلْهُ مَنْ فِي السَّمْلُوتِ وَالْزَرْضِ كُلُّ يَوْمِهُوَ فِي شَأْنِ أَنْ فَيَأْتِي الْآءِ رَبُّكُمَا تُكُذِّين ﴿ فَيا يِ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكُذِّبن ۞ نُ عَلَيْكُما شُوافِظ مِن زَازٌ وَعُمَاسٌ فَاتِي الْأُورَتِكُمَا ثُكُنَّ لِن ۞ فَإِذَا انْشَقَّتِ السَّمَاءُ فَكَانَتُ وَرُدَةً كَالدِّمَانِ ﴿ فَيأَيِّ الْآوَرَيْكُمُ الْكُنِّيْ بن 🕤 فَيُوْمَهِ إِلاَّ يُسْتَلُعَنْ دَنيهِ وَإِنْسُ عَبَأَيِّ الْأَءِرَبِّكُمَاثُكُذِينِ⊙ يُعْرَفُ الْمُجُرِمُونَ بِسِيمُهُ مُرِقِيلُ خَلَهُ مِالنُواصِي وَالْكَوْرُ أَمِنَ نَدِي أَلْوَرَيَكُما ثُكُدِين

الوَحْمَلُ فِي عَلَمُوالْقُوْالَ أَنْ خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ أَ عَلْمَهُ الْبَيَانَ ۞ ٱلتَّكُمُسُ وَالْقَمَرُ بِيحُسْبَانٍ ٥ وَّالنَّجُمُ وَالشَّجَرُ يَسُجُدُ بِن وَالسَّمَاءُ رَفَعَهَا وَوَضَعَ الْمِنْزَانَ ٥ الانتظفوافي المنزان وَأَوْمِهُوا الْوَزْنَ بِالْقِسْطِ وَلَاتَحْشِهُ وِالْلِيْزُالِ وَالْارْضَ وَضَعَمَالِلْا نَامِنُ فِهُا فَأَلِهَةً وَالنَّخْلُ ذَاتُ الْأَلْمَامِ اللَّهِ الْأَلْمَامِ اللَّهِ الْمُعَامِلًا لَهُ الْم وَالْحَبُّ دُوالْعَصْفِ وَالْزَيْحَانُ ﴿ فَيَأَيِّ الْآءِرَبَّكُمَ الْكُلِّيْ الْإِن @ خَلِقَ الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ صَلْصَالِ كَالْفَتَالَ وَخَلَقَ الْجَانَةِ مِنْ قَارِجِ مِنْ نَارِ فَي نَباً يَ الرُّورَ بَكُمَا تُكُذِّبُن ۞ رَبُ الْمَشْرِقَيْنِ وَرَبُ الْمَغْرِبَيْنِ ﴿ فَيا يِي الرُّورِ بَكُمَا ثُكَدِّينِ @ بَيْنَمُابُرْزَخُرُلَايَبْغِيْنِ ﴿ فَياَ يِنْ الْآءِرَبَكُمَا ثُكَدِّبُنِ @ مَخْرُدُ مِنْهُمَااللَّوْلَوْ وَالْمَرْجَانُ 6

41 The looks on faces of those gone astray will show their agony... dragging themselves as if being pulled at every step by their own forelocks!

42

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?



- 43 This is the hell which you deserters did belie!
- 44 They will wander round and round amidst the fiery heat and bright mirage!

45

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

3 *** 97

46 But he who fears for him are with his Lord two gardens...

47

He, the Lord of ye both! which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

48 Adorned by Nature and by Art...

49

He, the Lord of ye both! which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore!

50 In both are mountain springs that splash..

51

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

52 In them are myriad fruit both large and small.

53

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

54 Recline on couches lined with thick brocade, within their reach there hang the fruits of myriad kinds...

55

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore? 56 Therein are maidens shy who've never met before our town or desert folk ...

57

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

58 Treasured like rubies, fairer than pearls ...

59

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

60 What return is there for kindness but kindness.

61

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

62 Besides these two there are two others

63

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

64 Both are emerald-green with foliage ...

65

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

66 In them two rivers flow...

67

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

68 In them are varied fruits juicy dates and pomegranates ...



69

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

70 All things good and beautiful ...

71

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

72 Large-eyed damsels, sheltered under canopies ...

73

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

74 Never have they met before our town—or country-folk...

75

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore?

76 Reclining on green and verdure carpets ...

77

He, the Lord of ye both! Which then of His varied signs will ye continue to ignore? كَانَ الْآوَرَتِكُمَا ثَلْدَيْنِ الْ

 كَانَ الْآوَرَتِكُمَا ثَلْدَيْنِ الْ

 مَن دُونِهِ مَا حَتَة بِن الْ

 مَن دُونِهِ مَا حَتَة بِن الْآوَرَتِكُمَا ثَلَوْنِي الْ

 نَهْ مِن الْمَا تَعْلَى الْآوَرَتِكُمَا ثَلَوْنِي الْمَا فَلَا يَنْنِي الْآوَرَتِكُمَا ثَلَوْنِي الْمَا ثَلَوْنِي الْمَا ثَلَوْنِي الْمَا ثَلَقَ الْمِن الْمَا ثَلَقَ اللهِ اللهِ مَن اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهِ مَن اللهُ اللهِ مَن اللهُ اللهِ مَن اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ مِن اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ مِن اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ ال

هذية تَمْمُ التن يُكَدُو بِهِ اللّهُ وَمُونَ يَكُونُونَ يَهُمُمُ التن يُكَدُو بِهِ اللّهُ وَمُونُ عَلَوْنُونَ يَهُمَا كَيْنُونَ حَدِيمُ اللّهُ وَمُونُ عَلَى اللّهُ مَن اللّهُ مَن اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ

وَ الْمُعْمَانِ لِلَّهِ الْمُعْمَانُ ۞

78 Blessed be the name of your Lord, the Lord of Glory and of Grace..



SURA: WĀQI'AH

m the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 98

When happens that which has to happen

- 2 —There is no gainsaying that it will happen—
- 3 Debasing (some), exalting (others):
- 4 When the land shakes and quivers,
- 5 The mountains topple;
- 6 And ye turn loose like scattered dust:
- 7 You will then become three groups:
- 8 (First) Adherents of the Right! Ye deservedly blessed!
- 9 (Next) Those who have lagged or strayed, O ye deservedly accursed!
- 10 And (last, by no means least) the Foremost of the Fore!!
- 11 They who lead as pioneers!
- 12 In gardens fair-
- 13 Many from the blest
- 14 A few from the foremost
- 15 At laden tables
- 16 Facing one the other;

- 17 While liveried youths among them move,
- 18 With bowls and ewers ... serving nectared wines
- 19 —Let not these dull the heads nor cloud the reason!—
- 20 Fruits they may choose;
- 21 Game which they relish;
- 22 Companions fair with beauteous eyes,
- 23 Like pearls encased in shells-
- 24 A guerdon for their righteous deeds.
- 25 There is there no bickering nor calumny;
- 26 All that they hear is Peace! and Peace!
- 27 Then those Adherents of the Right, deservedly blessed:
- 28 Midst thornless shrubs
- 29 And broad-leaved seried trees
- 30 Extending shade;
- 31 Midst gushing springs,
- 32 Abundant fruits,
- 33 Accessible, unforbidden!
- 34 Dwellers of mansions,

- 35 We have raised them up in rare surroundings—
- 36 Spotless, chaste, bubbling with mirth,
- 37 Companions meet
- 38 For these Adherents of the Right
- 39 A throng of those that lead in front
- 40 A throng of those that follow.

- 41 And those who refrain from the Right—the obstinates, accursed!
- 42 'Mid burning winds and boiling waters
- 43 No shade but that of smoke,
- 44 Neither cool nor refreshing;
- 45 How comfortably they had lived before!
- 46 And how they had persisted in their disbelief!
- 47 Those who had said:
 "What! when we're dead
 and turned to dust,
 we will be raised?
- 48 "E'en our ancient ancestors?"
- 49 Say thou: "Yes, all of ancient and of recent times,
- 50 "Shall be raised upon the appointed time!,
- 51 "And so shall ye, ye led-astray, ye who denied!,
- 52 "Eat now the bitter fruit (of what ye planted)

في سِدُرِيِّخُضُودِ ﴿ لأمقطوعة وكامنوعة ٷٞڟؙۯۺۣڡٞٮؙۯٷؘٷۼ**ڿ**۞ إِنَّا ٱنْشَأْنُهُنَّ إِنَّا أَنْشَأَنُهُ أَنْهُنَّ إِنْشَاءُ ﴿ فَيُعَلِّمُ فَالْكُارُا ۞ عُرِيًّا أَثْرَابًا فَ لأصُّعُب الْمَرِيْنِ 6 ؿؙڲڎ*ؙۺ*ڹٳڰۊڸؽؽڰ وَثُلَّةً فِينَ الْإِخِرِيْنَ أَن وَأَصْعِبُ النِّمَ إِلَّ مَا آصَعِبُ النِّمَ الْ فْسَمُوْمِ وَحَسِيْمِ اللهِ ٳڵۿؿٚۄڲٵٛٮؙٷٲػڹڷ؋۬ڸڬڡٞڡؙؿۯۏؽڹ۞ؖ وَكَانُوالِيُورُونَ عَلَى الْحِنْبُ الْعَظِمْ الْ وَكَالُوَا يَقُولُونَ ۗ أَهِنَ إِمِنْنَا وَكُنَّا كُلَّنَا تُوالِبًا وَعِظَامًاءَ إِنَّالْمُبُعُوثُونَ ١ أَوَا بَا قُوْنَا الْأَوْلُونَ ﴿ عُلْ إِنَّ الْاكَوْلِيْنَ وَالْرِخِوِيْنَ ۞ لَمُجُمُوعُونَ فَمِ إِلَى مِيقَاتِ يَوْمِرْمُعُلُومِ ثُمَّ إِنَّهُ إِنْهَا الطَّلَاقُونَ الْنَكَيِّ يُوْنَ[©] ڵڒڲؙۅؙڹڡؚؽۺڿڔۺڹڒٷٛۄۿ فَهُ الْحُونَ مِنْهَا الْبِطُونَ ﴿ فَشَارِيُونَ عَلَيْهِ وَنَ الْمَعْمِينَ الْحَمِينَ الْحَمِينَ الْحَمِينَ الْحَمِينَ الْحَمِينَ الْحَ هٰڽؘٳػٷڷۿڞؘؽۏڡٳڶؾؽڹ؈

別別問

الأوقت الواقعة في الموقعة في الموقعة الموقعة الموقعة في الموقعة الموقعة في الموقعة في الموقعة الموقعة في الموقعة الموقعة الموقعة في الموقعة الموقعة الموقعة في الموقعة الموقعة الموقعة في الموقعة الم

- 53 "Have your fill!
- 54 "Gulp it down with water hot
- 55 "Even as a thirsty camel drinks;
- 56 "This repast waits for you upon the day of reckoning!"

- 57 Have We not created you? Why do ye not (unconditionally) admit?
- 58 Have ye considered the life-germ ye impart?
- 59 Are you its maker or are We?
- 60 We have decreed among you Death

 -We shall not be forestalled-
- 61 So that We may replace you with others like you, or, with those ye know not of.
- 62 When you are conscious of your own existence, why then do ye not resort to inference?
- 63 Have ye thought of the seed ye sow:
- 64 Do you mature it or do We?
- 65 If We had wished, We could have surely let it perish!
- 66 Then would ye squeal:
- 67 "Surely, we have been deprived, the fruits of our own gardens!"
- 68 Do you see the water that you drink?
- 69 Is it ye who rained it from the clouds, or have We?
- 70 If We had pleased
 We could have made it brackish:
 why then are ye not grateful?

- 71 Do ye not see the fire which ye strike?
- 72 Do you produce the fuel or do We?
- 73 It is We who made of it a sign to guide the wayfarer.
- 74 Therefore, in the name of thy Lord, strive on and persevere. . .

- 75 Verily, I swear by the very process of these starlet utterances!
- 76 —This is, indeed, a great oath, if ye knew—
- 77 Verily, this is a recital of grace
- 78 Conveying truths of cosmic magnitude
- 79 —Let none aspire for them except the pure, unprejudiced!—
- 80 Vouchsafed from Him the Lord of all mankind!
- 81 Why then do ye regard this discourse to be light, unworthy of regard?
- 82 Decrying it anon?
 Would ye have that be your means of daily bread?
- 83 Why then—when it reacheth your own throats,

- 84 And ye can but gaze helplessly
- 85 —We are near you even then but ye know not—
- 86 Why then, if ye are subject to no law,
- 87 Can ye not hold the soul from flight?
- 88 If it be one of those who, having been foremost, had reached closer to Allah,
- 89 Then peace and bliss are for him with his Lord.
- 90 If he be from Adherents of the Right.
- 91 Hail then to thee, O thou, Adherent of the Right!
- 92 But if he be from 'mong the spurners of the truth or those who've gone astray,
- 93 Welcome to him then with water hot.
- 94 And entrance into hell.
- 95 For such as these, indeed a certainty.

وَالْعُالْقَدُمُوْلُوْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ عَظِيمُوْفُ اِلْمُنْ اَلْفُوْلُوْكُوْلُوْفُ فَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ ا

96 Still, in the name of thy Lord, continue thou to strive.





Interlude Three

POSTSCRIPT to Book III—AL-HUDA

In the Prelude to Al-Huda we had drawn attention to the following Suras to be found in it: Sura Tin (Sec. 21); Sura Duha (Sec. 23); Sura Mursilat (Sec. 58-60); Sura Ma'arij (Sec. 73); Sura Najm (Sec. 89); and Sura Rahman (Sec. 95-97). In retrospect we shall mention three other Suras which are likely to have raised questions in the minds of diligent readers: Sura Jinn (Sec. 69-70); Sura Qalam (Sec. 77-78); and Sura Qaf (Sec. 81-83).

The first of these three has offered scope for much speculation to those inclined to supernatural phenomena who resent other interpretations. It is said that Sir Syed Ahmad Khan (d. 1898), who laid the foundation for the Aligarh Muslim University of our own times, had to cease the pursuit of Quranic translation because, among other objections, the violent opposition to his understanding of this Sura obstructed the help which he needed from his community for the development of the educational project which was so dear to him. Likewise, one of the charges against the Qadianis is that to them the word *jinn* does not exclusively mean a distinct form of creation in the world of spirits. 13

The other two Suras, *Qalam* and *Qaf*, are noteworthy as the two earliest ones to open with enigmatic letter-openings that have puzzled the readers of the Qur'an almost since they were revealed. The 29 Sura-openings of this category had tantalized the present writer too from 1939, when he began to study the Qur'an with Mirza Abul Fazl, till 1959 when, sitting in the same spot as he is occupying now, and chaffing under the problem of how he should render these puzzles in an English translation, he suddenly realized¹⁴ that they were vocatives addressed to the Prophet himself.

It was obviously the chronological study of the Qur'an which led to this realization. Only three Suras earlier, he had come across Suras *Mudhdhaththir* and *Muzzammil* (Sec. 65–68), which opened with vocative words addressed to the Prophet, "O thou on whom has fallen the Mantle!" "O thou who hast been ordained!" If words can represent clauses, why can

^{13.} M. Zafarullah Khan's English translation of the Qur'an (1971) provides in its Introduction an excellent analysis of the word *jinn* which is used in different meanings in different passages of the Qur'an.

^{14.} The Lord inspires even the honey-bee (Sec. 301).

not letters represent words? Why, for example, can the single letter NUN of the Arabic alphabet not represent "O Nun!"; or the other single letter *QAF* not be a vocative, "O Qaf!" and so, on and on, in all the 29 instances?

The late Professor J.B.S. Haldane (d. 1968), with whom the writer was to be associated not long after that inspiration, remarked that it was obviously the simplicity of the explanation which had kept away from it those who looked only for something far more didactic as an interpretation.

Anyway the thesis was written down in detail until it assumed the proportions of a lengthy article and then condensed, and condensed until it diminished to two pages. These pages were printed in Islamic Culture, Hyderabad, in its issue of January 1961. It is this article which is now reproduced verbatim as Appendix B at the end of this volume. A medium sized article in Urdu, entitled Al-Huruf al muqatta'at, appeared in the November 1961 issue of the monthly magazine entitled Jamia published by the Jamia Millia Islamia, Delhi.

The publication of this thesis in the above two journals, one in English and the other in Urdu, has assured its having reached at least some of those learned in the Quranic lore. None has, however, openly either accepted or rejected it. It is left for the reader of this volume to judge for himself as to whether the Quranic text following each of these 29 Sura Openings confirms or confutes this thesis.

While still engaged in writing this Interlude, however, I have noticed with joy that the opening of Sura *Shura* (Sec. 216) provides further Quranic corroboration of my thesis.

Another glance at the table of contents at this stage will remind the reader that at the end of these three Books, Al-Fatihah, Ar-Ruh and Al-Huda, we have come only to the end of the first hundred out of the 600 Sections in which we have here classified the Quranic text. The bulk of the Qur'an, consisting of the 300 sections of Al-Kitab and the 200 sections of Al-Mizan is still to follow.

There is not sufficient evidence to indicate clearly when the period in which the foregoing brief but expanding Suras of Al-Huda gave place to the later Meccan period in which the relatively longer Suras of Al-Kitab commenced. But we can surmise that the very initial, highly nascent period preceding the first emigration to the Christian king of Habash, and that closely following the return of the refugees, has come to an end. The change in the nature and colour of circumstances is reflected in the Suras that come at this stage of our perspective presentation.

A period of initial and sudden awakening is over. Consternation prevails. A relatively quiet but dormantly dangerous period is about to commence. A long but seeming lull is to be discerned in Al-Kitab; only to be followed by the righteous storm of the Medinan period reflected in Al-Mizan. We can, meanwhile, browse in the fascination of the 36 multicoloured Suras of Al-Kitab.

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PRELUDE to Book IV-AL-KITAB

No less than half the Qur'an lies before you in Al-Kitab. If the 36 smaller Suras of Al-Huda reminded you of the Zubur, or Psalms of David, the substance of the 36 longer Suras that follow here will bring back to your memory the Taurat or the Old Testament. But you must not fail to keep in mind that the book Al-Kitab before you now, is not an imitation of THE BOOK in the exclusive meaning which that phrase has even today for the Jews and the Christians.

The Bible which has come down to us from earlier times, however inspired its contents, is a compendium of chronicles compiled for the purpose of preserving the Jewish, and the later Christian, tradition intact. The 36 longer Suras of the Qur'an presented here under the title, Al-Kitab, are not records of the past as such. They are records of sublime communion, audiences Divine, experienced by a man endowed with a heart capable of receiving Divine messages and blessed with the power to remember and repeat, for purpose of recording by others, what has been revealed to him. The references to the chronicles of the Old Testament, which are often found in these recordings, have been communicated not for the stories themselves but as cogent and relevant examples to illustrate some problems of the time in which they are revealed, as also for posterity.

Sura Yusuf (Sec. 261-272), for example, provides the most connected story and has many lessons: the value which men of God place on chastity; the reward to Joseph for his right conduct, the punishment to his jealous brothers—both of which are inevitable in the moral order; the trust which their father Ya'qub places in the mercy of Divinity; the hope expressed between the lines, that a neglected relative of the Quraish too will, one day, achieve recognition;—the Sura ends with a peroration and a prayer.

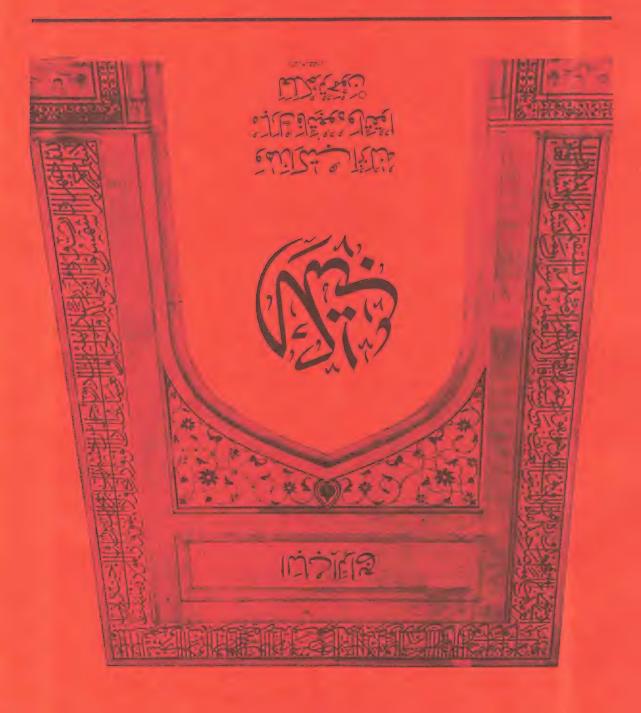
The more important verses in all these passages are here highlighted by the use of bold type and cannot therefore go by unnoticed. Still, a passive attitude on the part of the reader will fail to bring him proper understanding. As already mentioned earlier, it is only those who seek that will find; and even they shall find only to the extent that they seek.

As recognized by some modern students of the Qur'an, the last few years in Mecca were the hardest to bear both for the Prophet and for his followers. The days of excessive vituperation and physical torture on his adherents, with which the message had been greeted, were now over. A silent but nonetheless bitter ostracism served as a war of nerves. The Prophet's movements were restricted to the boundaries of his uncle Abu Talib's neighbourhood. Only during the four sacred months (Rajab in spring, and Dhu'l Qa'd, Dhu'l Hijja and Muharram in autum) could he move out. Since no one was allowed to buy from, or sell to, the Prophet his business journeys presumably came to an end. Prosperity gave way to want.

Reassurance for himself and for his small band of the faithful was the most urgent need of the hours that lingered in fear and hope. Their spirits had to be kept buoyant and he, as their sole source of help, was still more in need of re-assurance from the Power that launched him on this mission.

It was an excellent opportunity for imbuing the small band of the servants of Allah with the highest moral instructions through Divine revelations.

It is these facts that must be kept in mind when reading all the 36 Suras of Al-Kitab.



BOOK FOUR

THE BOOK

This too is a covenant which We have graciously revealed: follow it with diligence, so that ye may be blessed;

(Sec. 380)

Contents:

36 Later Meccan Suras:

- 5. T.S. 25 to 32 (T.S. 33 shifted)
- 6. T.S. 34 to 46 (T.S. 47 to 49 shifted)
- 7. T.S. 10 to 21 (T.S. 22 shifted)
- 8. Sura 23 (T.S. 24 shifted)
- 9. T.S. 6 and 7

Border inscription on title page: T.S. 81 Sura *Takwir*—Sec. 45

Sura : $FURQ\bar{A}N$

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

*** 101

Source of all Blessings!

He who endowed His servant,
with discrimination and insight
so that he may be, to all peoples
a warner.

2 He whose sovereignty extends over the heavens and the earth; He who hath taken no son (to inherit Him); nor can there be a partner to share His domain; He who created all things and assigned to them their capacities.

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- 3 (Alas) They serve, apart from Him, deities who create nought but are themselves carved; who have no power to hurt or to help them; who can neither cause death nor life, nor revival.
- 4 And these of little faith say:

 "This is nought but borrowings from other peoples, adapted and adorned!"

 Unjust is what they say, and false!
- 5 They say:
 "Tales of the ancients—
 written down and dinned
 into him day and night!"

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ لَقَمُ وَالِنَ هَذَا الِآلَ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ الْمُعَلَّمُ وَالنَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَلَّمُ وَالنَّهُ اللَّهُ وَقَدَّمُ الْمُحَرُّونَ أَنَّ مَعْلَمُ الْمُحَرُّونَ أَنَّ مَعْلَمُ الْمُحَرُّونَ أَنَّ مَعْلَمُ الْمُحَدِّدُ الْمُحَدِّدُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللْمُنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْل

划測圖

6 Say thou:

"It comes from Him who knows the secrets of the heavens and the earth; Verily, He is the Overlooker (of shortcomings) and Bestower of grace."

- 7 They say,
 "What kind of (heavenly)
 messenger is this?!
 He eats (like us)
 and mixes with the crowd
 in market squares;
 why has he not
 an angel to proclaim him?
- 8 "Why is he void of wealth and treasures? Not even a garden for his sustenance?!" These cruel ones tell others: "Ye follow none but one who's mad!"

- 9 See! what conjectures
 they make regarding thee!
 It is only because they are
 confused
 and know not what to make of thee!
- 10 Source of all Blessings! He can bestow on thee gifts greater than these palaces and gardens laden with streams!

- 11 They deny the inevitability of retribution; and for them who deny the inevitability of retribution Our Law makes misery inevitable.
- 12 When it approaches even from its distant source, they shall hear it hissing and sizzling.
- 13 And when they are enclasped, caught firmly in its tentacles, they shall wish that they would die—
- 14 "Nay, call not for one death call for many deaths!"
- 15 Ask them:

"Is that what ye'll prefer?

Or heavenly peace that is promised to those who guard themselves 'gainst evil."

For that indeed is what they've earned—
the wages which they have been promised and which they can demand from their Lord!

16 For them therein always what they want; thy Lord has promised their wishes to fulfil!

- 17 And when these shall be faced with those whom they worshiped besides Allah, He will say: "Did you Our servants lead astray? Or did they go astray themselves?"
- 18 They will say:

 "Glory be to Thee!

 'Tis not for us
 to instigate revolt!

 Or make them seek protection
 elsewhere than from Thee!

 But thou didst favour them
 and their forefathers so long
 that they forgot themselves
 and ceased to care!"
- 19 Indeed, they shall deny that which ye say; they will neither save nor help those who had gone astray; then will punishment descend.
- 20 We sent no Apostles before thee but that they ate and moved among the crowd; We have made some men to test the others; thou just persevere: thy Lord sees all.

- 21 Those who think they'll never meet
 Us face to face,
 they ask:
 "Why are not angels sent to us?"
 Or, "Why doth our Lord Himself
 not appear?"
 Now have they gone beyond
 themselves and blasphemed greatly!
- 22 The day, on which
 they will see angels
 for them will bring no tidings:
 they will cry and plead:
 "O, let there be a wall between us!"

- 23 Then We shall turn to what they've built and scatter it to dust.
- 24 The Paradise-deserving on that day in comfort placed, an excellent abode.
- 25 On that day the sky, cleared of clouds, angels descending ranks on ranks;
- 26 The Rahman, on that day truly sovereign: that day, for those of little faith, will be hard.
- 27 The day transgressors
 bite their hands
 and each doth say,
 "O woe is me,
 would that I had followed
 on the Prophet's path!
- 28 "O, woe, O woe to me! Would that I had not taken so and so for a guide!
- 29 "Verily, it was he that made me disbelieve this warning after it had come to me. Verily, the evil ones misguide sorely!
- 30 The Messenger calls out in dire distress, "O Lord, my people have now crippled this discourse!"
- 31 That is how We send, for all Apostles, enemies from 'mong the evil doers. Sufficient unto thee is thy Lord, the Guide and Helper.

وَقَالَ الرَّسُولُ لِيَرِبِ إِنَّ قَوْمِي اتَّخَذُوا

أنظر كيف حَرَيُوالك الأمنال فضاؤا تَابِرُكَ الَّذِئَى إِنْ شَآءَ جَعَلَ لَكَ خَيْرًا بَلُ كُذَّ بُوْامِالْتَاعَةِ وَأَغْتَدُ مَالِمَنُ كَنَّ بَ بِالسَّاعَةِ سَعِيْرًا ﴿ إذارًا تَهُمُ وَقِنُ مَكَأَنِ بَعِيْدِ سَمِعُوْا لَهَاتَغَتُظُاوَزُ فِأَرُّا ۞ وُعِدَ الْمُتَّقُونَ كَانَتُ لَهُ وَجَزَاءُ وَ وَكَالُوٰ الْخُوالَةِ فَالْكُوْلُ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّه فَقَدُ لَكُ ذُوكُمُ مَا لَتُوكُونَ فَمَا تَسْتُولِينُونَ وكأفكؤن الطعامر وكيشون في

32 And self-deceivers ask:

"Why is not the teaching revealed all at once?"

It is thus in order that it may adhere in your hearts.

We have revealed it as and when it was to be revealed!



- 33 They shall bring to thee no problem but We shall answer it in truth and in all detail—
- 34 They who gather with their faces towards hell—evil their abode and stray their path!

- 35 Verily, We gave to *Musa* the Commandments and made his brother *Harun* his *wazir*.
- 36 We said to them,
 "Guide ye your people."

 They who (still) denied Our signs.

 We then destroyed—destroyed completely.
- 37 The tribe of *Nuh*, when they denied the Messenger, We drowned them as a sign for men; there came upon these transgressors intense punishment.
- 38 And Ad and Thamud and dwellers of ar-Rass—many generations in between.
- 39 To each We showed examples, and (when they heeded not) each was destroyed annihilated—annihilated completely.
- 40 Often have they passed the City rained upon with evil rain; have they not stopped to ponder?!
 Nay, nay, they are beyond redemption!

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- 41 And when they see thee they do scoff:
 "Is this he whom Allah made His Messenger?!
- 42 "Indeed, he well might mislead us from our deities if we aren't careful!"

 Yes, they shall know when they really come to see who misleads them from the path.
- 43 Dost thou not see
 how they make their own whims
 the objects of their worship?
 Dost thou still
 expect to influence them?
- 44 Dost thou think
 that most of them
 even hear and think?
 They are not but animals—
 in fact more liable
 to being led astray.

- 45 Dost thou not see how thy Lord lengthens the shadows?

 Had it been His will

 He could have made them constant.

 But he makes the sun their guide;
- 46 And, in due course, gradually He shortens them.
- 47 He it is who made the night a veil for you; and sleep for rest; the day for your revival.



- 48 He it is who sends
 the (ozone-laden) wind
 to herald blessings
 that are on the way
 and sends you, from the heavens,
 water limpid, clear
- 49 In order to give life to a land that's dead; to quench the thirst of cattle and other myriad living things.
- 50 All this We explain to men but most men go their way themselves deceiving.
- 51 If We had wished We could have raised for every tribe a warner.
- 52 So thou obey not those of little faith; and continue thou to strive against them as before.
- 53 He it is who hath let loose the two waters this one sweet and fresh the other salty, brackish between them transition like a separating wall!
- 54 He it is who fashions man from liquid drops, and yet bestows on him both inheritances and individuality. So great is the power of thy Lord!
- 55 But they serve instead of Him those who can neither help them nor do them harm; these faithless ones are ranged against their real Lord!
- 56 We did not send thee but as a herald of good tidings and a warner plain against disaster.

وَهٰذَامِلْكُ أَحَاكُ وَحَعَالَ ئَادَّحِهُرُّاءوَكَانَ رَبُّكَ قَدَيْرُا⊕ وَيَعِيدُ وْنَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ مَا لَا يَنْفُعُهُمْ وَلاَ يَضُرُّهُمْ وَكَانَ الْكَافِرُ عَلَىٰ رَبِّهِ آآئناً لكُوْعَلَتْ وِمِنْ آجِرِ إِلَّا

وَقُلْنَا اذْهُمَا إِلَى الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ كُذَّيُوا ا ﴿ فَدَمُّونِهُمُ تَكْمِيرًا ٥ وَقَوْ مَنْ إِلِيَّا لَكَ يُواالرُّسُلَ آغَ فَيْهُمْ وْ كُوْفَتُمْ نِنَالُهُ الْأَمْثَالُ وَكُلْأَتَهُمْ نَالُهُ الْأَمْثَالُ وَكُلْأَتَهُمْ نَا وُلِقَانُ أَتَوْا عَلَى الْقُرِيَّةِ الْكِتِّي أُمُطِرَت مَطَى التَّوْءُ أَفَكُمْ يَكُوْنُوا يُرُونَهَا وَبِلْ كَانُوالْأَيْرِجُونَ نُشُورًا ١ وَإِذَا زَاوَكِ إِنْ نَتَعَدُونَكِ اللَّهُ مُنَّارُولِهِ أَهْنَ اللَّهُ يُعَتَّ اللَّهُ رَسُولًا إِنْ إِنْ هُمُ إِلَّا كَالْأَنْعَامِ بِلَّ

- 57 Say thou:

 "I ask of you no recompense;
 but he who will,
 towards his Lord
 may take the path."
- 58 Trust (thou) in Him
 who always is,
 in Him who always will be,
 and strive on at His bidding;
 enough that He,
 His servant's weakness knows.



- 59 He who made the heavens and the earth, and all that is between, in six stages: then ruled in all His glory: ask them who are aware.
- 60 When they are asked to do obeisance to *Rahman* they say:
 "Who is this *Rahman*?
 Shall we worship anyone whom thou wouldst have us worship?"
 It only adds to their resentment.

- 61 Source of all Blessings is He who decked the heavens with constellations and placed He in their midst the sun, the moon, that brightly shine.
- 62 He it is who made the night succeed the day: one so that they see, the other for their gratitude.
- 63 The true worshippers of ar-Rahman are:
 - (i) Those who move among the humble of the earth and, if the ignorant provoke them, pass them by in peace.
- 64 (ii) Those who pass the nights (too) observing their Lord's discipline.

- 65 (iii) Those who pray:
 "Our Lord! Ward off from us
 all hellish tribulations,
 for these tribulations continue
 to pursue
- 66 And place us ever in an evil state."
- 67 (iv) Those who, when they spend, are neither extravagant nor niggardly but choose a path between;
- 68 (v) Those who ask not favours from others (beside Allah);
 - (vi) Those who take not any life which Allah has sanctified unless it be in justice;
 - (vii) Those who commit not adultery whose does that shall be guilty;
- 69 Repeated shall be his punishment on the day of reckoning— (here) he will languish in disgrace;
- 70 Except those
 who genuinely repent—
 and repair (their wrong) by
 goodly deeds;
 them Allah will turn
 from evil unto good,
 Verily, He is Forgiving, Gracious;



- 71 But he who turns to virtuous deeds let him remember, he has repented before Allah;
- 72 (viii) (True worshippers are those)
 who bear not witness false
 (even) under pressure;
 and who, when they meet profanities,
 withdraw themselves
 with courtesy:
- 73 (ix) Those who, when they're shown, the manifestations of their Lord, do not appear as deaf and blind;
- 74 (x) And those who say:

 "Our Lord
 through our wives and children,
 let joy be in our eyes;
 make us Thou, exemplars
 for those who heed."
- 75 These shall be rewarded by eminence for their fortitude; and therein they shall find life and peace.
- 76 There shall they abide a blessed place for resting, or to dwell in.

اخروا يقاء والقش التي حوم الشاركة المحتالة والقدارة ومن الشاركة المحتالة المائة ومن المنطقة المنطقة والمنطقة و

الترق عَلَق التَمْوَ وَالْحَرْضَ وَمَا الْمَرْضَ وَمَا الْمَرْضَ فَا الْمَا فِي الْمَا الْمَا فَا الْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا ال

77 Say thou to them:
"My Lord rebukes you not because you call not (on Him); but since ye have ignored (His signs), ye'll surely suffer.





Sura : $\underline{SHU'ARA}$

m the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 109

TA! SIN! MIM!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 These revelations are themselves witnesses!
- 3 Wouldst thou torture thyself because they do not, in their hearts, accept?
- 4 If We had wished
 We could send down
 from above witnesses
 that would bend their necks!
- 5 There comes to them no mention of the *Rahman*, but to it they object:
- 6 The truth of that which they now laugh to scorn will dawn upon them soon!
- 7 Do they not see the earth how from it We bring forth many kinds of useful plants?
- 8 Surely in that is an example:
 which most of them
 have not the heart to see.
- 9 But, verily, your Lord is the Mighty One, the Gracious, the Rahim.

- 10 When thy Lord called *Musa*: "Go thou to the transgressors—
- 11 "The people of Fir'aun; will they not take heed?"

- 12 He said, "Lord, I fear they will only scoff,
- 13 "My heart will cringe my tongue will cling: so send Thou *Harun* with me.
- 14 "Besides, they have a crime against me, so I fear they'll slay me."
- 15 He said, "Nay, nay! (But) go ye both, bearing Our signet, We shall be your watch,
- 16 "Go to Fir'aun and say,
 "We are the Envoys
 from the Lord of all peoples
- 17 '(Come here) to take back with us the Bani Isra'il."
- 18 He (Fir'aun) said, "Did we not nourish thee in thy infancy? Hast thou not lived with us for many years?
- 19 "And thou didst do what thou didst do; was it not ingratitude?"
- 20 He (Musa) said, "I did that long ago when I was in bewilderment;
- 21 "Then fled from thee for fear.

 But now my Lord has

 charged me with a mission
 and sent me as His Envoy!

- 22 "And this—is this the favour which thou dost taunt me with: enslavement of (my people), the Bani Isra'il?!"
- 23 Fir'aun
 (evading Musa's taunt)
 continued:
 "And who is this;
 the Lord of all mankind?"
- 24 He answered:

 "Sustainer of the heavens and the earth, and all that is between!

 O, wouldst that all of you believed!"
- 25 Fir'aun asked of those assembled: "Do ye hear?"
- 26 (Musa went on)
 "Yes, your Sustainer
 and the Sustainer of
 your forefathers
 of old."
- 27 (Fir'aun to his staff aside) observed, "Surely this Envoy of yours, who brings a message, has gone mad!"
- 28 (Musa went on):

 "Lord of the East
 and of the West
 and all that is between.
 O, wouldst that you
 did understand!"
- 29 He said,
 "If thou dost take
 a deity beside me
 I shall have thee prisoned."
- 30 He (Musa) asked,
 "Even if I were to
 bring thee testimony clear?"

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- 31 He said, "Bring it then if thou be 'mong the truthful."
- 32 He threw his staff and lo! it was (apparently) a serpent!
- 33 And he withdrew his hand and it appeared as white to those who saw!



- 34 He (Fir'aun) said to the nobles around him, "Indeed, this is a cunning sorcerer!"
- 35 "He'll fain expel you from your own domain with his own sorcery: what then do you suggest?"
- 36 They said:

 "Let them both awhile,
 him and his brother;
 let messengers proclaim
 in all the larger towns
- 37 "That they should bring thee all the greatest sorcerers."
- 38 A search went on for sorcerers until the appointed day.
- 39 And people were persuaded: "Will ye not join the gathering?
- 40 "Perhaps we shall accept the sorcerers if they win!"
- 41 The sorcerers, when they gathered, asked of Fir'aun "Shall we be well rewarded if we are of the vanquishers?"
- 42 He said, "Yes, indeed, in that case ye shall be among my courtiers."
- 43 Musa said to them:
 "Put forth what ye have to put forth."
- 44 So they put forth their (twisted) ropes and (steady) staffs and said, "By the majesty of Fir'aun we shall surely win!"

- 45 Then *Musa* cast his rod and lo! it swallowed their deceits!
- 46 The sorcerers, vanquished, bowed their heads.
- 47 They said,
 "We believe
 in the Lord
 of all peoples!
- 48 "The Lord of Musa and Harun!"
- 49 He (Fir'aun) said,
 "Do ye dare submit
 to him before we give you leave?
 He must be your chief—from whom
 you've learnt your magic;
 wait and see—if I do not
 sever your limbs alternately—
 and hang you all!"
- 50 They said:

 "So be it,
 but, to our Lord
 our hearts have turned.
- 51 "We hope, our Lord,
 Thou wilt forgive us,
 for we are foremost
 among the persons who believe.

- 52 We counselled *Musa*:

 "Lead thou at night, My people: surely, they will be pursued."
- 53 Fir'aun sent forth his musterers to all the larger towns:
- 54 "Lo, these are a puny band,
- 55 "But, (by escaping), have enraged us.
- 56 "We must search for them in multitudes!"



- 57 That is how We turned them out from their gardens and their springs,
- 58 Their treasures and their sumptuous dwellings.
- 59 That is how

 We brought them after
 the Bani Isra'il.
- 60 They followed them at dawn:
- 61 When they saw each other, the companions of *Musa* said, "Lo, we are overtaken!"
- 62 He said, "No, indeed!

 The Lord is with me,

 He will show the way!"
- 63 Then We counselled Musa:

 "Strike out with thy staff across the sea!"

 Then, when it was dawn, all the parts were seen as boulders huge!
- 64 The last of them crossed over,
- 65 Musa and all those with him, they were saved.
- 66 Then We drowned those who followed.

67 Surely in that is an example

which most of them have not the heart to see.

68 But, verily, your Lord is the Mighty One, the Gracious, the Rahim.

5 *** 113

- 69 Recount to them the case of Ibrahim
- 70 When he said to his elder and his people, "Whom do ye serve?"

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- 71 They said,
 "We serve our idols,
 attending to them constantly."
- 72 He said,
 "Can they hear you when you call?
- 73 "Can they help you?

 Can they do you harm?"
- 74 They said,
 "We only follow
 our forefathers,
 this is what they did."



112-113

- 75 He said,
 "Have ye then
 not yourselves
 considered whom ye serve?
- 76 "Neither ye nor your forefathers?
- 77 "All these deities to me abhorrent are except (The Deity) the Lord of all peoples!
- 78 "He who created me and gave me guidance:
- 79 "He who giveth me
- 80 "And when I am ill, it is He who healeth me;
- 81 "He who will take my life and give me life,
- 82 "He who, I hope, will pardon me my sins at the time of reckoning:
- 83 "O Lord!

 Thou grant me wisdom let me be among the righteous,
- 84 "And grant to me a goodly word among posterity.
- 85 "And grant to me a portion of the heavenly bliss;
- 86 "And pardon Thou my fathers for they had not yet found their way.
- 87 "Discountenance me not when they are raised,
- 88 "The day when neither wealth nor children count (to man),
- 89 "Unless he brings to Allah a heart unblemished."

- 90 Heaven shall be brought nigh to those who fear transgression;
- 91 And hell shall be opened to those who go their way.
- 92 It shall be asked of them:
 "Where are those whom you were wont to serve
- 93 "Apart from Allah? Will they not help you, or themselves?"
- 94 They will be thrown therein along with those that were misled—
- 95 The devil's companions all!
- 96 They shall say in their mutual bitterness:
- 97 "By Allah! we had erred indeed
- 98 "When we made you equal to the Lord of all communities.
- 99 "And those who misled us were none but criminals!
- 100 "For us there are no intercessors
- 101 "No friend in our distress.
- 102 "If we could but for once return, we should be true believers"
- Surely in that is an example which most of them have not the heart to see.
- 104 But, verily your Lord is the Mighty One, the Gracious, the Rahim.

- 105 The people of *Nuh*, they too scouted at their Apostles.
- 106 When their own kinsman, Nuh, said to them,
 "Will ye not mind and mend your ways?
- 107 "I am to you a Messenger (of Allah) and one whom you yourselves do trust.
- 108 "So fear ye Allah and, to me, pay heed!
- 109 "For this, I ask of you no wage: my wages are with none but the Lord of all peoples.
- 110 "So, fear ye Allah and, to me, pay heed!"
- 111 They said, "Shall we put our trust in thee whom only low-castes follow?"
- 112 He said, "What know I of what they do?
- 113 "My Lord alone can bring them to account—if ye but knew.
- 114 "I urge not men to faith;
- 115 "Naught am I but a warner plain."
- 116 They said, "If thou desist not, Nuh, thou shalt surely be thyself outcasted.
- 117 He said, "My Lord, my people charge me falsely.

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الكَانَوَيَنَمُ الْكُنْمُونَكِهُ وَنَكُونُونَ فَي الْمُنْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمُونُونَ فَي الْمُنْمُونَكُمْ مَا الْحُوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُونُونِكُمْ وَالْمُونُونِكُمْ وَالْمَوْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمُونُونِكُمْ وَالْمُونُونِكُمْ وَالْمُونُونِكُمْ وَالْمُونُونِكُمْ وَالْمُونُونِكُمْ وَالْمُونُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْوِنُكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونَكُمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونَكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ والْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمْ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونِكُمُ والْمُؤْمُونِكُمُونِكُمُونِكُمُونِكُمُونِكُمُونِكُمُونِكُمُونِكُمُ

- 118 "Therefore do Thou pass judgment between them and myself; do Thou rescue me and those with me among the faithful."
- 119 And We rescued him—
 and those with him in a laden bark—
- 120 Then We drowned the rest.
- 121 Surely in that is an example which most of them have not the heart to see.

122

But, verily your Lord is the Mighty One; the Gracious, the Rahim.

7 *** 115

- 123 The 'Ad, they too scorned the Apostles
- 124 When their kinsman said to them, "Will ye not mind and mend your ways?
- 125 "I am to you a Messenger (of Allah) and one whom you yourselves do trust.
- 126 "So fear ye Allah and, to me, pay heed.
- 127 "For this I ask of you no wage; my wages are with none but the Lord of all peoples.
- 128 "Wouldst ye build in vanity on every height a monument?
- 129 "Ye carve yourselves palaces of art as if they'd last for ever.
- 130 "And ye requisition labour like tyrants loose!
- 131 "So fear ye Allah and, to me, pay heed.
- 132 "Fear Him who has enriched you with your talents.
- 133 "Enriched you with cattle and with families.
- 134 "Gardens and springs.
- 135 "I fear for you the evils of a calamitous day!"

- 136 They said,
 "Tis all the same to us.
 thou counsel us
 or cease to be
 among the counsellors.
- 137 "Nought is all of this but morals of a bygone day;
- 138 "On us no calamitous day will come."
- 139 Thus they spurned him—
 so We destroyed them!
 Surely in that is an example
 which most of them

which most of them have not the heart to see.

140
But, verily your Lord is
the Mighty One,
the Gracious, the Rahim.

- 141 And the *Thamud* they too scorned the Apostles.
- 142 When their kinsman Salih said to them:
 "Will ye not mind and mend your ways?
- 143 "I am to you a Messenger (of Allah) and one whom you yourselves do trust.
- 144 "So fear ye Allah and, to me, pay heed:
- 145 "For this I ask of you no wage my wages are with none but the Lord of all peoples.
- 146 "Will ye be left alone enjoying what is here:
- 147 "Gardens and fountains



- 148 "Corn-fields and palm-trees laden with fruits,
- 149 "Dwelling in fine houses absorbed in your art?
- 150 "So, fear ye Allah and, to me, pay heed.
- 151 "Be not carried away by these spendthrifts.
- 152 "Who spread misery among people and care not to set things right!"
- 153 They said,
 "Verily, it is thee
 who hast been carried away.
- 154 "Thou art naught but a mortal like ourselves; show us an actual instance (of our faults) if thou art 'mong the truthful."
- 155 He said,
 "Here is a camel
 (freed in gratitude);
 let there be a time fixed
 for her drinking
 and a time for (cattle) yours.
- 156 "And let not evil come upon her lest the scourge of a dreadful day descend upon you."
- 157 But, (one night), they hamstrung her and the morning next they came to repent.
- 158 For, We had brought upon them chastisement!

Surely in that is an example which most of them have not the heart to see. الثقراالله وَالِمِلْعُونِ الْمَوْ وَمَا اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَمَا اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَمَن الجَوْاللهُ وَاللهُ وَمَن الجَوْاللهُ وَمَن الْحَوْلَ وَمَا اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَوَاللهُ وَوَاللهُ وَوَاللهُ وَوَاللهُ وَاللهُ واللهُ وَاللهُ وَا

159

But, verily, your Lord is the Mighty One, the Gracious, the Rahim.

- 160 The people of *Lut* they too scouted at the Apostles.
- 161 When their kinsman said to them "Will ye not mind and mend your ways?"



- 162 "I am to you a Messenger (of Allah) and one whom you yourselves do trust.
- 163 "So fear ye Allah and, to me, pay heed.
- 164 "For this I ask of you no wage, my wages are with none but the Lord of all peoples.
- 165 "What! do ye cohabit with males of the community?!
- 166 "And leave those whom your Lord has made to be your mates! "Verily, ye are a people who transgress (all bounds of modesty)"
- 167 "O Lut," they cried,
 "if thou wilt not desist
 thou shalt surely be among the
 banished."
- 168 He said,"I am in truth of those who do detest your deeds.
- 169 "O Lord, Thou deliver me and my kith and kin from the evil of their ways."
- 170 So, We delivered him and all his family.
- 171 Except a woman old who chose to stay.
- 172 Then We destroyed the rest.
- 173 We rained incessant rain upon them.

 O dreadful was the rain on those who heeded not the warning!
- 174 Surely, in that is an example
 which most of them
 have not the heart to see.

175

But, verily, your Lord is
the Mighty One,
the Gracious, the Rahim.

- 176 The dwellers of the forest town, they too spurned the Apostles.
- 177 When Shu'aib said to them, "Will ye not mind and mend your ways?
- 178 "I am to you a Messenger (of Allah) whom ye yourselves do trust.
- 179 "So fear ye Allah and, to me, pay heed.
- 180 "For this, I ask of you, no wage, my wages are with none but the Lord of all peoples.
- 181 "Give full measure: be ye not among the ones who cheat.
- 182 "Weigh ye with balance just.
- 183 "Defraud not men of what is due to them nor spread ye evil in the land.
- 184 "Fear Him who made you and made the peoples that preceded you."
- 185 They said, "Thou art among the crazy.
- 186 "Thou art no better than ourselves: only, one who doth pretend.
- 187 "Drop us an extra portion of the heavens if ye are so true!"
- 188 He said, "My Lord knows well of what ye do."



189 But they, persistently disclaimed their guilt and there seized upon them the evil days of darkness; verily, the evil of that day is severe indeed!

190

Surely in that is an example which most of them have not the heart to see.

191

But, verily, your Lord is the Mighty One, the Gracious, the Rahim.

11 *** 119

- 192 Ah, verily, this too doth come from the Lord of all peoples.
- 193 Conveyed through revelation that is trustworthy.
- 194 Directly to thy heart so that thou might be among those who warn.
- 195 In the plain Arab tongue.
- 196 And, verily, all this is in the Scriptures old.
- 197 Is it not enough of proof that learned men among the Bani Isra'il acknowledge it?
- 198 If We had vouchsafed this to one who was an alien—
- 199 And he had then conveyed it to them—they might not then believe.
- 200 But We have carried it to the very hearts of these defaulters.

وَلَاخِتُواالنّاسَ الْمَيْآءُهُوْ وَلَاتَعْتُوا وَلَاَعْتُوا الْمَيْسُ مِنْ فَي فَالْاَوْمِنْ مُهُمْسِ مِنْ فَي الْاَنْعِنْ مُهُمْسِ مِنْ فَي الْاَنْعِنْ مُهُمْسِ مِنْ فَي الْاَنْعِلَا الْمَيْسُ مُهُمْسِ مِنْ فَي الْمَيْسُ الْسَجَوْمِيْنَ فَي فَالْمَالْ الْمَيْسُ الْسَجَوْمِيْنَ فَي فَالْمَالِمِيْنَ فَي مَالْمُولِمِيْنَ فَي مَالَمُونِهُ الْمَيْسُ الْمُيْسُ الْمُيْسُ الْمُيْسُ الْمَيْسُ الْمُيْسُ الْمُيْسُلِيلُونَ فَي الْمُعْسِ الْمُعْمِيْسُ الْمُعْسِلُولُ الْمُيْسُ الْمُيْسُلِيلُونَ فَي الْمُعْسِ الْمُعْمِيْسُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُونَ فَي الْمُعْسِلُولُ الْمُعْسِلُولُ الْمُيْسِ الْمُعْسِلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْسِلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْسِلِيلُولُ الْمُعْلِيلُولُ الْمُعْلِيلُ الْمُعْلِيلُولُ الْمُعْلِيلُولُ

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- 201 And yet they will not realize until there actually comes upon them retribution.
- 202 It shall come upon them suddenly when they expect it least.
- 203 Even then will they ask:
 "Can we not see it?"



- 204 Would they wish to expedite chastisement from Us?
- 205 Think: (even) if We allowed them to hoard for many years,
- 206 And then the scourge came on them suddenly.
- 207 What good will be their hoarded wealth to them?
- 208 No habitation did We destroy but We sent to it due warners
- 209 To remind; We are never unjust.
- 210 No!
 'Tis not suggested by the evil ones.
- 211 They neither want to nor they can.
- 212 They are too far even to hear of it.
- 213 Call not on any deity
 but THE DEITY
 lest thou he of the chastised.
- 214 And warn the nearest of thy relatives.

- 215 Be courteous to the men of faith who follow thee.
- 216 If they obey thee not, say thou: "I am not accountable for what ye do."
- 217 Put thy trust only in the Mighty One the Gracious, the Rahim,
- 218 He who sees thee even when thou art all alone
- 219 Or when thou art among thy followers.
- 220 Verily,

 He is the One who hears
 the One who knows.

- 221 (Say thou):

 "Shall I tell you
 upon whom
 devils descend?
- 222 "They descend only on the lying, the imposters.
- 223 "Who but repeat what they have heard and most of them exaggerate.

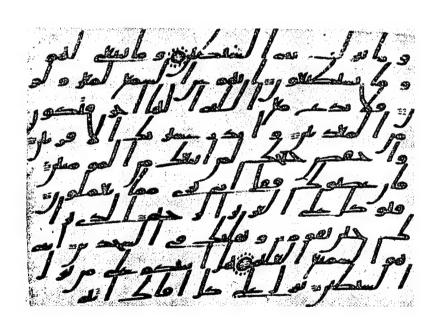


- 224 "And upon poetasters who can influence only those who have no judgment.
- 225 "Behold how aimlessly these wander in the valleys,
- 226 "Preaching what they seldom practice.
- 227 "Not on the men of faith
 who are engaged
 in righteousness,
 who render help
 even after being wronged!"

But those who've wronged them shall soon know what retribution lies in wait for them!

اتوَكَدُالْمِنَالِيَسْتَحْجُلُونَ ۞ اَلْوَكُنَالِمِنَالِيَسْتَحْجُلُونَ ۞ مَا اَطْهُى عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوالْمِنْكُونَ ۞ وَمَا اَطْلُكُنَا مِن تَرْيَةِ إِلَّا لَهَا مُنْلِكُونَ وَمَا اَطْلُكُنَا مِن تَرْيَةٍ إِلَّا لَهَا مُنْلِكُونَ وَمَا اَنْهُو عَنْهُ اللّهِ الشّيطِيةِ فَي ۞ وَمَا اَنْهُو مِنْ الشّيطِيةِ فَي ۞ وَمَا الْمُنْكُونَ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ الْمُنْلِكُونَ ۞ وَمَا الْمُنْكُونَ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ الْمُنْكُونُ ۞ وَمَا الْمُنْكُونَ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ الْمُنْكُونُ ۞ وَمَا الْمُنْكُونَ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَمِنْكُونَ ۞ وَمَا الْمُنْكُونُ مِنْ مِنَاكُونَ الْوَقْمِيدُونَ ۞ وَالْمُؤْمِنِيدُنَ ۞ الْمُؤْمِنِيدُنَ ۞ الْمُؤْمِنِيدُنَ ۞ الْمُؤْمِنِيدُنَ ۞

*





SURA: NAMAL

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 121

TA! SIN!

Verily, these are reflections of a universal revelation, plainly writ.

- 2 Guidance and tidings for men of faith.
- 3 Those who are ever prepared to discharge their duties, to clear themselves of obligations; those who implicitly believe in the (inevitability of) consequence—
- 4 But those who do not pay heed to the future to them We make their deeds seem fair; they are like the blind.
- 5 These are the ones who will find themselves in distress; and, in the end, to be the losers.
- 6 Verily, the Recital cometh to thee direct from the All-Wise, the All-Knowing.

2 *** 122

7 When said Musa to his people, "Lo, I think I saw a fire: I shall return to you with news; even, perchance, a brand of fire, so that ye may warm yourselves."

- 8 But when he reached it, a voice spake:
 "Blessed is that which is in the fire and he who is near it, and glory be to Allah, the Nourisher of all...
- 9 "O Musa! Lo! it is I, Allah, the Mighty, the Wise.
- 10 So throw thou down thy staff."

 But when he saw it
 writhing like a python
 he turned his back
 and fled;
 he would not even look back!
 "O Musa, do not fear;
 indeed, no fear need come
 to Envoys in My presence.
- 11 "No, not even to those who, once having been guilty of excess, have expiated their transgression with goodly acts: for, verily, I am the Forgiving, the Merciful.
- 12 "Enfold thy hand upon thy breast, it will come forth all white without a blemish-(let this be) of the several signs for *Fir'aun* and his people; indeed, they are a fraudulent, deceitful people."
- 13 But when it came to pass that they beheld Our signs, they said, "This is patent magic!"
- 14 Within their heart of hearts they saw the truth, but, out of spite and chagrin, they fought against it.

 Behold! what was the end of these corruptors!



- 15 And We vouchsafed knowledge to Dawud and to Sulaiman: They said, "Worthy to command is Allah who has raised us above His many faithful servants!"
- 16 And Sulaiman followed Dawud.

 He said, "O men, we have been taught the art of avoiding evil, and given of the good things in abundance:

 indeed these are favours clear."
- 17 And Sulaiman mustered his forces: the swarthy stalwarts from afar, soldiers from towns and cities, and the archers who contest with arrows, raining evil, all these were there arrayed.
- 18 When they approached the Valley of the Ants, said one such to the others: "O Ants! enter ye your holes lest Sulaiman and his hordes crush you all entirely, and hardly be aware!"
- 19 He smiled, on learning, what was being said, and, inwardly, he prayed: "O Lord, do Thou guide me to be forever grateful for the gifts that Thou hast given me and my parent, so that I might keep to the path of righteousness which pleases Thee: do Thou enlist myself through Thy grace—among Thy righteous serfs."
- 20 When he reviewed the 'Birds', he asked, "Why do I not see 'Hudhud'?

划別門

- 21 "I shall chastise him severely, dismiss him outright, if he does not have a good excuse!"
- 22 He (Hudhud) was not long delayed (and hurrying up) he said, "I have become aware of something that was not well-known: I come from Saba with confirmed news:



- 23 "I came upon a woman ruling over them and they have all things in abundance, hers is a mighty throne.
- 24 "I found her and her people professing homage to the Sun instead of Allah; Shaitan has made fair-seeming to them their practices and turned them from the path so that they are not rightly guided!
- 25 "They pay not homage to The Deity, He who controls the working of the heavens and the earth; and is aware of what ye hide and what ye do declare,
- 26 "Allah (The Deity), beside whom there is none—
 The Lord of the Mightiest Throne."
- 27 He (Sulaiman) observed: "We shall soon find out if what thou sayest is true or if thou art among the liars.
- 28 "Hasten on thy way with this my letter, present it to them, then turn aside and see."

4 124

- 29 She said, "O Nobles mine, a gracious note indeed has been received by me.
- 30 "It is, in fact, from Sulaiman and it is couched:

 'In the Name of Allah, the Rahman, the Rahm.'
- 31 "It says,
 'Rise ye not in my way.
 But come to me in peace.'"

- 32 She said, "O Chiefs, advise me in this matter; I take no firm decision until ye are made aware."
- 33 They said, "We are endued with strength, endued with valour; but, to command is thine, Consider then what thou wilt ask of us."
- 34 She said: "When kings make entry into cities, they despoil them, and abase the highly placed among inhabitants; this is what invariably they do.
- 35 "I shall, therefore, send them a rare gift, and wait to see what messengers bring back."

- 36 So when her Envoy came to Sulaiman
 (with gifts) he cried, "What!
 Would ye impress me with your glory?!
 Allah hath bestowed on me
 more of these
 than He has given you;
 exult not therefore
 in the rareness of
 your gifts.
- 37 "Return thou to them!
 We shall surely come to them
 with hosts that will be irresistible
 and we shall surely
 turn them out in shame,
 drowned in ignominy!"
- 38 (And, later to his courtiers)
 he said, "O ye of all my retinue!
 Is there 'mongst you one
 who can produce a throne
 identical to hers
 before they come to me in peace?"



- 39 Then Ifrit,
 a giant 'mong the genii,
 arose:
 "I shall bring it to thee
 before thou risest
 from this audience,
 I am, indeed, capable
 and worthy of thy confidence!"
- 40 And one who was a learned man, offered:
 "I shall have it brought before thou dost bat an eve!"

Then, when he saw it standing before him he cried exultantly, "This is by the grace of my Lord so that He may judge if I have persevered in gratitude or have been negligent, ungrateful—for he who works in gratitude doth serve himself and he who is negligent and ungrateful, (he hurts himself); verily, the Lord Himself is Mighty, Gracious."

- 41 He ordered, "Alter her throne, so that we may see if she is frank, intelligent or tries to simulate."
- 42 So, when she came in, she was asked,
 "Is this your throne?"

 She said,
 "It is as though it were the same!

 We too know this (art)—

 and we are given
 to peace (and its pursuits)"
- 43 What still constrained her
 (inwardly)
 was that which she did worship,
 instead of Allah.
 Verily, she was from a people
 who were very obdurate.

وَالْوَيْ الْفَ عَدُوْمِينًا الْمُكُولُ الْمُنْهُ

هِ الْمَهِ الْمُنْكُولُومِينًا الْمُكُولُ الْمُنْهُ

هِ الْمِهِ الْمُنْكُولُ الْمُنْهُ وَهُورِهُ اللّهُ الْمُنْهُ وَالْمُنْكُولُ اللّهُ الْمُنْهُ وَمِنْ الْمُنْهُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللللللللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الل

44 It was said to her,
"Enter ye the hall"
but, when she came to it,
she mistook
the floor for water spread
and was confused.
He said (to her),
"'Tis only paved with glass!"
Exclaimed she then,
"O Lord,
how much I misled myself!
In Allah's name,
I crave for peace,
submit I to Sulaiman!"



- 45 And to the *Thamud* We sent their brother, *Salih*, so that they (all) may worship Allah; but lo! they split into contending parties.
- 46 He said, "O my people!

 Why do ye, hasten
 after evil—instead of good?

 Why do ye not forbear
 so that Allah may show you mercy?
- 47 They said, "These evils—
 thou and those with thee
 are responsible for them."
 He said, "Your evils
 are the punishment of Allah,
 indeed, on you is judgment
 now pronounced."
- 48 And in this town there was a gang of several persons who spread evil and would not mend their ways.
- 49 They said among themselves:

 "Let us make a pact,
 and swear by Allah
 to kill him in the night
 together with his household;
 then to his friends
 (who may arise to take revenge)
 we shall say: "We saw not
 who it was that killed their relative
 and, verily, we are of the truthful.
- 50 Designed they this design; We too were designing a design for them: but they were not aware!
- 51 So, see thou for thyself how ended their design destroyed We them and all their tribe.

- 52 There stand their homes in ruin!

 Because they had transgressed
 they are, indeed, a warning
 to those who know (their tale).
- 53 But, from among them
 We saved those who were men of faith
 who exercised restraint.

7 *** 127

- 54 And *Lut*: when he told his people "What! Will ye commit indecencies in public sight?
- 55 "Will ye come with lust on men instead of women?! Nay, ye are a people without sense."
- 56 No response did his people show, except:"Expel the house of Lut from midst our city.These who would be pure!"
- 57 So We delivered him and all his house except his wife; whom We ordained to stay behind:
- 58 Upon the remnants
 We rained down rain!
 Evil was the rain
 for those who had been warned.

8 *** 128

59 Say thou:

"Worthy to command is Allah! and peace be upon those whom He hath made His envoys.

Is Allah the Source of all Blessings? Or those whom they associate with Him?



60 "He who created
the heavens and the earth
and rains upon you water
from the sky
thereby raising
these luxuriant groves,
which you, try how ye might,
would fail to grow:

Another deity beside THE DEITY?!

Nay, Nay, they are a people

without judgment!

61 He who moulded the earth, made rivers flow along its valleys; who raised upon it mountains and kept a barrier between the seas;

Another deity beside THE DEITY?! Nay, Nay, most of them are ignorant!!

62 "He who listeneth
to the distressed when he calls,
He who doth relieve affliction,
He who has made you inheritors
of earth's blessings:

Another deity beside THE DEITY?!

How little do ye think!

63 "He who guides you in the darkness of the seas and deserts—
He who sends you winds as harbingers of His grace:

Another deity beside THE DEITY?!

Exalted is He above what they
join with Him!!

64 He who is the Originator of creation,
He who keeps on re-creating,
He who sustains you
with (the bounties of)
the heavens and the earth.

Another deity beside THE DEITY?!

Say thou, bring ye proofs
if ye are of the truthful!!

65 Say thou, "No one knows the future, on earth or in heaven, except Allah; and they know not when they shall be raised.

أَمِّنُ جَعَلَ الْأَرْضَ قَرَارًا وَجَعَلَ خِلْكُمَّا ٱلْهُرَّاوِّجَعَلَ لَهُارُوَاتِيَ وَجَعَلَ بَيْنَ الْحُرُيْنِ حَاجِزاً عَالَهُ مُعَالِمُهُ كِلَّ أَكْثَرُهُمُ لَا يُعْلَمُونَ ۞ أحَن تُعنث الْمُضْطَرّ إِذَا دَعَاهُ وَ رُحْمَتِهُ ءَ إِلَّهُ مَعَ اللَّهِ تَعَلَّى اللَّهُ عَمَّا أَمْنُ يَبِيدُ وَالْخُلْقُ ثُكَّاكُ عُبِيدُهُ وَمَنْ تَرُزُوْكُوْمِنَ التَّمَاءِ وَالْأَمْضُ ءَ إِلَّهُ مَّعَ اللَّهُ قُلْ هَاتُوا أَبُوهَا نَكُمُ إِنَّ كُنَّمُ قُلُ لِأَيْعُكُمُ مِنْ فِي التَّمَانِ وَالْرَبْضِ 000343401616916

وَلَقَدُ أَرْسُلُنَا إِلَّيْ تُعُودُ أَخَاهُمُ مِطْلِعًا آناعُبُ واللهُ فَإَذَاهُ مُونِينَينَ فَالْدُاتَقَاسَمُوامالله لَنُسَتَنَاهُ وَأَهْلُهُ ثُمُّ لَنَقُولُنَ لِوَلِيّهِ مَاشَهِدُ نَامَهُ إِكَ أَهُلِهِ مَكُونُوا مَكُمُوا وَمَكُونَا مَكُونَا مَكُوا وَهُمُولًا فَانْظُلْ كُفْكُانَ عَاتِمَةُ مُكْرِهِمُ النَّا وَمُ الْهُمُ وَتَوْمَهُمُ أَجْمَعِينَ @ فَ ذَلِكَ لَا يُعَالِّمُ لِقَوْمِ لَكُمُ لَوْنَ فَ وَانْحَنْنَاالَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا وَكَانُواْ يَتَقُونَ € وَلُوطًا إِذْ قَالَ لِقُوْمِهِ أَتَأْتُونَ الْفَاحِشَةَ تَتَطَهُرُونَ ۞ فَأَنْحُنْنُهُ وَأَهْلُةَ إِلَّا امْرَاتُهُ ثَدُّرُنُّهَا مِنَ الْغُيرِيْنَ ۞

66 "Topsyturvy is their knowledge of the hereafter; indeed, they can only (guess or) doubt;
Nay! they can only grope in vain—like the blind!"

9 *** 129

67 (And yet) these self-deceivers continue to prattle:

"Shall we be raised when we and our forefathers have been turned to dust? ...



- 68 "This is what we have been threatened with—
 we and our forefathers—
 but this is not
 but tales of old!"
 - 69 Say thou:

 ("Why are you bothering about what ye cannot possibly foresee?")

 "Travel o'er the land, see for yourselves, what is left of those who transgressed!"
- 70 Grieve not thou, (O MUHAMMAD!) for their cussedness; nor be distressed at their circuitous questioning.
- 71 (For now) they ask: "If you (thou and those before thee) are truthful, (and ruination faces us on earth) tell us then, when shall this come to pass?"
- 72 Say thou: "Perhaps e'en now, what ye would hasten on, doth ride behind you!"
- 73 But, verily, (0, MUHAMMAD!) thy Lord is full of grace towards mankind; but few of them are grateful.
- 74 And, verily, thy Lord is well aware of what is in their hearts and what they fain would manifest.
- 75 And nought is hidden in the earth or heaven but is (to Him) an open book.
- 76 Verily (this discourse) this Qur'an doth clarify to the *Bani Isra'il* most of that on which they dispute

- 77 And, verily, it is Guidance as well as Grace for men of faith (and comprehension).
- 78 Thy Lord will judge between them in His wisdom, for He is both Omnipotent and Wise.
- 79 So put thy trust in Him: thou art surely on the path of truth.
- 80 Thou canst not make the dead to hear; nor can thy call reach those who're deaf and also turn their backs!
- 81 Thou canst not guard
 those who're blind
 from error and illusion.
 Thou canst not reach
 but those who possess faith,
 perceive our signs
 and, therefore, bow submissively.
- 82 And when there comes to pass that which We have promised them, We'll raise a monster in the land who'll deal with them—the people who would pay no heed to Our repeated signs.

- 83 On that day there shall be gathered—
 from 'mong the followers of different creeds—
 those who'd shown no faith in what We had revealed:
- 84 He shall say,
 "Did you reject My signs
 because you could not
 comprehend them?
 What did ye think
 that ye were doing?"



85 And judgment shall descend on them because they'll have no answer.

86 Do they not see how We had made the night for them to rest, and the day for them to see? Surely, in these were signs for men who comprehend!

- 87 The day on which the trumpet shall be blown the mighty and the lowly shall tremble all with fear save those excepted by Allah—and all shall bow to Him.
- 88 The 'mountainous', who seem so firmly ensconced they shall disappear as if they had been only mirages! (This shall be) the work of Allah who disposes (justice).

 Verily, He is aware of all ye do.
- 89 He who cometh with good deeds for him shall be good in abundance secure from the terror of that day.
- 90 And they who are burdened with evil their faces shall be blackened with fire: "Would ye have reward other than what your actions did deserve?"
- 91 (Say thou:)
 "I am commanded only
 to serve the Lord
 who has made this City sacred.
 All is for Him.
 I am commanded only to submit

and do His bidding.

فِيْهِ وَالنَّهَارُمُبُومًا ﴿إِنَّ فِي ذَٰ إِكَ لَائِتِ وَكُوْمُ يُنْفُخُونِ فِي الصُّورِ فَفَيْنَاءَ مَنْ رِفِي التَّمَاتِ وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ اللَّهُ مَنْ شَاءُ اللهُ وكُلُّ أَتَّوْلُا دَاخِرِينَ ٠ وَأَنُ أَتُكُوا الْقُرُانَ فَهِن اهْتَلْي فَإِلَّمْنا وَمَارَتُكَ بِغَافِلِ عَتَاتَعُمُكُونَ ﴿

لَقُدُ وُعِدُنَاهٰذَا تَعُنُ وَأَبَّآ وُنَامِنَ أَنَّا إن هٰذَا الآآساطِيُوالْأَوْلِيْنَ ۞ وَ نَقُو لُوْنَ مَنَّى هٰ فَاالْوَعْدُ إِنْ كُنْتُمُ الَّنَاءُ أَسْتَعُجَاوُنَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ رَبُّكَ لَنُوْفَضُ إِعْلَى النَّاسِ وَ لكِنَ أَكْثَرُهُمُ لَا يَشَأَرُونَ @ وَإِنَّ لِنَّاكَ لِيعَالُمُ مَا تَكِنُّ صُدُورُهُمْ ومَأْمِنُ غُلِّهِ فِي التَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ إِلَّا

92 "It is for me only to announce: he who accepts guidance does it only for his own good. To him who strays, say thou: 'I am only of those who warn!'

93 And say:

"To command is for Allah alone. He will show you his signs which ye will understand—thy Lord is never unaware of what ye do."

*



SURA: QASAS

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 131

TA! SIN! MIM!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 These are examples from the (working of the) manifest Law (of Allah).
- 3 We reveal to thee in truth

 Musa's mandate to Fir'aum

 (so that thou mayest solace)
 a people who (in Us) believe.
- 4 Verily Fir'aun had exalted himself in the land and split its people into groups: one such group had he weakened (so much that) its sons were slain and its daughters (dishonourably) preserved: verily, he was among the spoilers (of mankind).
- 5 We wished to favour those who were oppressed in the land and make them leaders and heirs (to their lost heritage);
- 6 To give them power on earth and to show Fir'aun, Haman and their kindred what they dreaded.
- 7 We solaced Musa's mother:
 "Feed him (at ease)
 and when thou art afraid for him
 cast him into the waters
 and fear no more, nor grieve;
 We shall return him to thee;
 and, later, make him Our envoy."

- 8 So the people of Fir'aun picked him up; (knowing not that) to them he would be the greatest enemy and cause of dread!

 Verily, Fir'aun and Haman and their people were transgressors!
- 9 And Fir'aun's wife said to him, "Light of mine eyes and thine! Slay him not! Maybe he will bring us luck or, we may adopt him as our son!" How little did they know!
- 10 At dawn his mother was forlorn and would have gi'en herself away if We had not instilled her heart with faith.
- 11 She said to his sister,
 "Follow him."

 So she kept watch
 (as if she were a stranger)
 arousing no suspicion.
- 12 We had, till then
 forbidden him to suckle.
 So, she said,
 "Shall I lead thee to a housewife
 who will feed and nourish him
 and also give him good advice?"
- 13 Thus did We bring him back to his own mother, her heart to soothe, her fears to subdue; and, so that, she may know that Allah's promises are to be trusted.

 But most of them are not aware!



- 14 And when he reached maturity attaining manhood full, We gave him knowledge, judgment. That is how We do reward those who are good.
- 15 (On one occasion) he entered the metropolis when men sleep peacefully and found two men engaged in fightingthis one from his own community this one of his enemies: he of his party solicited his help against the one who was from 'mong his enemies. So, Musa hit him thereby causing his despatch! Then, (to himself repentantly,) he said. "This is the work of Shaitan! How clearly he misleads!"
- 16 He prayed, "O Master! I have wronged myself; be Thou kind to me!"

So He was kind to him. Indeed, He is the Kind, the Merciful!

- 17 (Anon,) he mused, "O Lord! Thou hast been kind to me: ne'er again shall I take sides with evil doers!"
- 18 (Sometime later, and) at dawn, with fear and hesitation, he entered (once again) the City and lo! he whom he had helped before was calling for his help again!

 Musa said to him,

 "Apparently thou art quarrelsome!"

وَقَالَتُ لِأُخْتِهِ ثُصِّيلُهُ فَبُصُرَتْ بِهِعَنْ ڡۜڵٲۮؙڵؙڬۄؙۼڷٙٲۿڶڔؠؽؾڲٛڵڡؙٛڶۅؙڬ^ۿ وَلِتَعُلُمَ اَنَّ وَعُدَاللَّهِ حَتَّ وَلَكِنَّ ٱلْثَرَهُمُ

المستقن بالكاليث الكيب الميكين و

تفاوا عَلِيْكَ وَرُنَّ وَكُونُونَ وَ

والْحَقِّ لِقَوْمِ وَنَّ وَالْمُونُونَ وَ

والْحَقِّ لِقَوْمِ وَنَجْعَلَمُ الْمَرْفِي وَجَعَلَ الْمُلْكِ
وَيَحْرَيْكُونَ عَلَا فِي الْمَحْمُونَ وَ

المَّنَا عَمْمُ وَكَيْنَ مَنِي مَنَا الْمُحْمُونُونَ وَ

والْحَرْمُينُ الْمُعْمِينُ فَى اللَّهِ فَي المُحْمُونُونَ
وَمُورِينُ المُعْمُونَ وَمَعَلَمُ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ وَالِهُ وَالْمُولِ اللْمُولِ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَا

19 And when he tried to hold him who was the enemy of both, he said, "O Musa! Wouldst thou kill me even as thou killed a man the other night? It seems thou too would rather be a tyrant in the land than one who settles quarrels peacefully!"



- 20 Then came a man panting from the outskirts of the City; he said, "O Musa! The elders are deliberating... they would have thee hanged! Get thee hence..

 I am among thy well-wishers!"
- 21 So he withdrew fearful and vigilant praying, "O Lord save me from those who would commit excess!"

- 22 He headed for Madyan
 praying (in his heart),
 "I trust my Lord will
 guide me by the safest path!"
- 23 And when he found himself in the oasis of Madyan he came across a gathering of men watering (their flocks).. Apart, there stood two young women waiting. He asked, "What would ye have?" They said, "We women (by ourselves) may not draw out water until the shepherds leave; and our Father, he is hoary old."
- 24 So he drew water for them, then withdrew to a shade and there, he mused:
 "O Lord,
 I am sure in need of whatsoever blessings
 Thou mayest deem to send."
- 25 And lo! there came to him one of the girls approaching bashfully and said, "My sire invites thee, to reward thee for thy having drawn for us the water."

So when he came to him and narrated his narrative, he said, "Fear no longer, thou hast (well) escaped from midst the inconsiderate!"

- 26 Said one among the girls,
 "O Father, hire him; for,
 the best that thou canst hire
 is one who is
 both strong and honest."
- 27 He said, "I would fain offer thee in marriage one of my daughters on the understanding that thou wouldst serve me for eight years or ten, if thou shouldst wish; I have no mind to burden thee unduly and thou wilt find me, Allah willing, among the upright."
- 28 He said, "Let that be binding for me, also for thee; whichever period I decide; beyond that my duty ceases and Allah is witness to what we have now agreed."

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29 And when Musa
had completed
the stipulated term,
and went forth (in winter)
with his kin,
he thought he saw a fire
towards the mountain.
He said to his wife,
"Thou wait here, below,
I think I saw a fire on high,
I'll bring thee news of welcome
or at least
a lighted brand
so that ye may warm yourselves."



30 As he approached
a call was heard
from the right bank of the valley,
(then) from a pleasant cavern,
(then) from a tree in it:
"O Musa!
Verily, I am Allah,
the Lord,
the Nourisher of all peoples!

31 "Cast down thy rod!"

So when he saw it writhing—as if it were alive—he turned his back and fled, he would not even look behind!

"O Musa! Come nearer, do not be afraid.

Thou art, verily, among the safe.

- 32 "Thrust thy hand into the bosom of thy robe it will come forth white, without hurt, and guard thy heart from fear. Then these shall be two proofs from thy Lord unto Fir'aun and his chiefs: lo! they are evil-living folk."
- 33 He said, "O Lord,
 I have slain a man
 among them
 and fear that they will
 slay me too.
- 34 "And, my brother Harun, he is more eloquent in speech than I; send him Thou with me so that he may bear witness for me; I fear that they will take me for a liar."

كَانْ فَلِكَ يَبْنِيْ وَيُنِينَكُ الْمُكَالُوكِيلُونُ

 تَعَنْيَتُ فَلَا فَلْمُكَانُ فَقَ وَاللهُ عَلَى

 مَا لَقُولُ وَكُنْ وَاللهُ عَلَى

 مَا لَقُولُ وَكُنْ وَاللهُ الْحَبَى وَ اللهُ عَلَى

 مَا لَكُولُ وَلِي الطُّنُورِ وَاللهُ عَلَى الْمُكُولُ اللهُ السَّتَ الأَلْولُ اللهُ اللهُ وَعَنِينَ التَالِيكُ المِنْ اللهُ وَعَنِينَ التَّالِيكُ المُكُولُ وَاللهُ وَعَنِينَ التَّالِيكُ اللهُ اللهُ وَعَنِينَ التَّالِيكُ اللهُ وَعَنِينَ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَعَنِينَ اللهُ وَعَنْ وَاللهُ وَعَنْ وَاللّهُ وَعَنْ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَعَنْ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَعَنْ اللهُ وَعَلَيْلُولُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَعَنْ اللهُ وَعَنْ اللهُ وَعَنْ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَعَنْ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَعَنْ اللهُ وَاللّهُ وَال

﴿ إِنَّىٰ لِمَا ٱنْزَلْتَ إِلَّ مِنْ خَيْر

35 He said,

"We shall strengthen thy arm with thy brother and clothe ye both with such authority that they shall not avail against you:

(Go) with Our signs—
ye both and those with you shall o'ercome them."



- 36 So when Musa met them with Our clear signs, they said, "This is nought but magic, casuistry; we have not e'en heard of such from our forefathers.
- 37 And *Musa* said, "My Lord knows best who comes with guidance and whose the ultimate success will be. Verily, those who transgress shall never prosper."
- 38 And Fir'aun said,

 "(Who is this Lord of Musa?)

 O my courtiers, I am not aware of any Lord of yours beside myself!

 O Haman, assemble thou strong bricks and build for me a tower high so that I too may see the Lord of Musa, for, verily, I think he is among the liars."
- 39 Arrogant were he and his hordes (lording it) o'er all the land without a right to it. And felt they sure.. that they would never be brought before Us (for their reckoning).
- 40 So We seized him and his hosts and drowned them in the waters! Behold the end that comes to all transgressors.
- 41 And We turned them into those heading foremost towards disaster and on the day of reckoning they shall not be helped.
- 42 A curse pursued them in this life and on the day of reckoning they shall be among the spurned.

- 43 When We had thus destroyed the earlier peoples, unto Musa We gave a law, an eye-opener to men, to guide and bless all those who would pay heed.
- 44 Thou wast not on the mountain-side When We commissioned Musa; thou couldst not then have been a witness.
- 45 But (even after him) We raised several successors (who said what he had said) and lengthened them their days. Thou wast not 'mong the people of Madyan to point to them Our evidence; but envoys We did send.
- 46 Nor wert thou even close to *Tur* when We did call.

To thee comes grace directly from thy Lord so that thou mayst warn a people amongst whom no warner had appeared before thee: haply, they may now take heed.

- 47 For, otherwise,
 when they come face to face
 with retribution
 for their evil ways
 they would say:
 'O Lord, if thou hadst
 only sent an Envoy
 to convey to us Thy signs
 surely we would
 have then believed!'
- 48 When comes the Truth to them from Us they say, "Why has he not been sent with credentials like those of Musa?"



But do they not themselves discredit the evidence of Musa? (They say:) "Falsehood supporting falsehood! Accept we neither!"

- 49 Say thou:

 "Then bring some other code from Allah which more than both will serve to guide—so that I too may testify."
- 50 And when they cannot meet thy challenge know thou then that they are merely framing arguments to justify their inclinations; and who can be misguided more than he who doth believe what he himself doth wish and not what He inspires? For, verily, Allah doth not guide those who commit excess.

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- 51 In truth

 We had sent them too

 Our Word

 so that they may

 to this pay heed.
- 52 Those to whom the Law had come before do testify.
- 53 And when this is read out to them they say:
 "Indeed we do believe that this is (also) from our Lord; we have, indeed, been Muslims ere this came.

يبالظُّوْرِإِذْ كَادَيْنَا نَمَةُ مِّنُ لِآلِكَ لِتُنْذِر تَوْمًا المُرْمِّنُ تَنْ يُرمِّنْ فَيُلْكَ لَعَلَّمُ مَلَهُمُ قَالُوۡۤا اٰمَنَّا بِهِ اِلَّهُ التناآاتاك تأمِن قبلِم

ذُهُ الْقِلْمَةِ هُمُرِينَ الْمَقْبُوْحِيْنَ ﴿ وَلَقُدُ أَتَدُنَّا مُؤْسَى الْكِتْبَ مِنْ بَعُد مَا ٱهۡلَكُنَا الْقُرُونَ الْأُولَ لِصَابِرَ لِلنَّاسِ دَهُدِّي وَرَحُمَةُ لَعَلَّهُمْ سَنُكُلُونُونَ @ وَمَاكُنْتَ بِجَانِبِ الْغَرُونِ الْوُتَصَيْنَآ إلى مُوسَى الْأَمْرُ وَمَاكُنْتُ مِنَ الشُّهِدِينَ أَنُّ ولكنا أنشأنا فرونا فتطاول عليهم العبرة وماكنت فاوياني أهل مدان تَتُلُوْا عَلَيْهِمُ الْمِنَا ۚ وَالْكِئَّا كُنَّا

54 Indeed, these shall be
doubly blessed
because they have continued
to endure with fortitude.
They offer good for evil
and from what We have given them
they spend (on others).

- 55 And when they hear trash, calumny, they withdraw and merely say, "To us our deeds, to you your deeds.

 Peace be on you; we entangle not ourselves with those who do not (care to) understand."
- 56 No, thou canst not guide all those thou lovest it is Allah who guides whom He pleases, and He alone doth know who is really guided.
- 57 They say, "If we accept
 thy guidance,
 we shall lose our means of
 sustenance."
 Is it not We who have housed them
 in a sanctuary to which
 are offered products of all kinds,
 where, from Us
 comes their maintenance?
 But most of them
 are not conscious of this fact!
- 58 And (on the other hand),
 how many cities sure of their
 self-sufficiency
 have We not utterly destroyed?!
 There! There stand their ruins!!
 Few, if any, lived in them again.
 And We became their sole inheritors!
- 59 But thy Lord never destroys
 a people
 until, in its midst,
 He has sent
 an Envoy who points out to them
 Our evidence; nor do We
 ever bring about a city's doom
 unless its people transgress
 beyond bounds!

60 What We have given you of things are but provisions and adornments—transient all!

And things which Allah has in store for you are better and more lasting.

Do you not understand?

- 61 Whose lot would ye prefer?

 His to whom We have fulfilled
 Our goodly promises?
 Or his, who, after having enjoyed
 worldly wealth,
 is hauled before Us
 for his reckoning?
- 62 On that day they shall be asked, "Where are the gods whom ye alleged to be My partners?"
- 63 The ones responsible,
 those for whom this call
 would really be,
 will say,
 "Our Lord, these are they
 whom we misled,
 misled them even as
 we were ourselves misled!
 Before Thee, we absolve
 ourselves of them:
 it was not ourselves
 we made them worship!"
- 64 It shall be said,
 "Call ye then
 on your associate gods
 (whom ye worshipped
 and made others worship)."
 They shall pray to them
 but no answer shall they get;
 and, in distress, they'll say,
 "O that we had been
 rightly guided!"
- 65 Then they shall be called and asked again "What welcome did ye give Our Envoys?"



- 66 This will stun their senses, they will be incapable of even murmuring excuse!
- 67 But, he among them,
 who now repents,
 acquires faith
 and does good deeds,
 may yet be 'mong the prosperous.
- 68 Thy Lord determines what
 He wills,
 Omnipotent is He—
 these, idols, have no power
 for good—
 Glory be to Allah! High is He
 beyond what they associate
 with Him!
- 69 Thy Lord, He knows what lies within their hearts and what they'd fain profess.
- 70 He alone the Deity;
 no Deity is there but He!
 His will prevails from first
 to last;
 and to command
 is only His prerogative—
 to Him alone ye shall return.

- 71 Say thou: "Just imagine:
 if Allah were to shroud you
 in perpetual darkness
 till the day of reckoning,
 what deity, beside the Deity,
 could give you light?
 Have ye no ears to hear?"
- 72 Say thou: "Think ye once again: if Allah were to inflict on you perpetual day until the day of reckoning, what deity, beside the Deity, could bring to you the night for you to rest therein?

 Have ye no eyes to see?"

وَقِيْلُ ادْعُواتُهُ كَاءَكُمْ فَدَعُوهُمْ يَجِيْبُوْالَهُمُ وَرَأَوُاالْعَنَابَ مُكَانُوٰ اِيَهُتَدُونَ @ نَادِنُهُ وَنَكُونُ أَنَّ مَاذَّا أَجُ كَنْ تَابَ وَامَنَ وَعَبِ صَالِحًا فَعَلَمَى أَنْ تَكُ نُن مِن وَرُونُونَ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَال كَانَ لَهُ مُوالَّحِيْرَةُ الشَّلِحِينَ اللَّهُ وَعَلَّى عَمَا يُشْرِكُونَ ۞ وَهُوَاللَّهُ لِآلِهُ إِلَّاهُ إِلَّاهُ وَاللَّهُ الْحُمَّدُ فيالأولى والإخرة وكهالحكموك وَمِنْ تَحْمَتُ مِجْعَلَ لَكُمُّ النَّلِ وَالنَّهَارُ لتَسْكُنُوْ افْتِهِ وَلِتَنْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَ لَعَلَكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ @ وَنُوْمُ بِنَادِ يُغِيمُ فَيُقُولُ أَيْنَ شُرِكًا عِي الذين كُنتُهُ تَزُعُهُ وَالْمُعَمُونَ ۞

وَإِذَا سَمِعُوا اللَّغُو آغُرَضُوا عَنْهُ وَ عالناك أغمالكا ولكذ أغمالكة لدُّعَلَكُمُ لَا لَكِنْتُغِي تَكَ كُلاَتُهُ مِي مُنَ آخُينَتُ وَلَكِنَّ الله يَهُ بِي يُمَنِّ يَشَاءُ وَهُوَاعُكُمُ المعتدين 💬 نَعَوْتُمَا عَنْ مِنْ أَرْضِنَا ۚ أَوَلَهُ مُسَكِّنْ لَهُمُ حَرَّمُا أُمِنَّا يُتُجْنَى النِّهِ ثَمَّرْتُ كُلِّ فَهُمُّ رِنْهُ قَامِنِ لِكُونَا وَلَكِنَّ ٱلْمُوَّهُمُ الانعليون @ وَكُهُ آهُلُكُنْ أَمِنَ قَرْيَةٍ إِ فَتِلُكَ مَسْكِنُهُ مُلِكُمُ تُسْكُنُ مِّنَ بَعْدِهِمْ الْاقلىٰ لَا وَكُنَا مَكِنَا الْمُنْ الْوَرْثِينُ وَهِ وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ مُهُلكَ الْقُرْي حَتَّى وَمَآ أُونِينُهُ مِنْ شَيْ فَكُنّا عُالْحَيْوِية التأنيكا وزنيئتها وماعندالله بخير وَ ٱللَّهُ إِنَّا لَا تَعْقَلُونَ أَمُّ تَالَ الَّذَيْنَ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِ مُوالْقَوْلُ رَتَنَا فَعُ أَذِي إِلَّانُ إِنَّ أَغُونُنَا ۗ أَغُونُنَا مُ أَغُونُنَا مُ مُ كَاعُونَا تَبَوّانَا الْهُ فَا مَا كَانُوْا اِتَانَا يَعْمُدُونَ ۞

- 73 It is through His grace that He has alternated night and day so that ye may rest: then seek of His gifts and be among the grateful.
- 74 On that day they shall be asked "Where are the gods whom ye alleged to be My partners?

75 From every people We shall call for witnesses and We shall say, "Bring ye your proofs."

Thus challenged, they will realize that truth exists in Allah only, and illusion shall appear what they had set up beside Him.

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- 76 Now Qarun was among
 the followers of Musa
 but he was wont to flout them.
 We had bestowed on him treasures
 great
 the keys of which alone
 would weigh down
 several sturdy men,
 His people said to him,
 "Do not be proud,
 Allah doth not love
 the insolent."
- 77 "From what has thus been given thee build thee for thyself a fit abode for thine own future; break not thou the ties with those who're near to thee and do thou favour others as Allah Himself hath favoured thee.

 Do not bully people for Allah doth love not those who cause distress."
- 78 He said,
 "This wealth has come to me through my own acumen!"
 Did he not realize that Allah had destroyed, before his time, many who were cleverer than he was, who had accumulated more?
 Will not evildoers be questioned about their evil deeds?

- 79 He strutted midst his people in his splendour, and those who valued transient pleasures, said, "Ah, would that we too had what *Qarun* has, he doth enjoy abundantly!"
- 80 But they who had more knowledge said, "Woe be to you; for those of faith and righteous deeds there's greater guerdon than this: but that shall be for only those who persevere."
- 81 Qarun We made to vanish as if the earth had swallowed him and his household!

 None was there to help him against Allah,
 nor could he be helped!
- 82 And those who only yesterday had coveted his lot turned round and said, "Behold! Allah prospereth, among his servants, whom He wills, and straitens circumstances for others as He wills. Had He not wished us well, we too would have been overwhelmed! Indeed, indeed, the ungrateful never prosper!"

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83 That final home
(beyond which there is none)
We shall provide for only those
who scrupulously eschew
aggrandisement
and spread of mischief
in the land.
The ultimate success
will be, of course,
for those who mind the Lord.



- 84 Whoso cometh with good deeds shall have reward beyond his merit:

 But he who comes with evil deeds his punishment will be not more than that which he deserves.
- 85 He who bestowed on thee the duty of revealing the Qur'an,
 He himself will lead thee to thy goal!
 Say thou only this:
 "My Lord alone doth know who is really guided and who doth grope in error manifest."
- 86 Thou didst not even dream that thou wouldst be entrusted with a code! This is not but grace abundant from thy Lord. So do thou nothing which these faithless ones would like to have thee do.
- 87 Let them not keep thee from revealing the messages of Allah after they have once reached thee.

 Only invite them to thy Lord and compromise thou not with those who others deify.
- 88 Call not on any deity beside The Deity!
 No deity is there but He!

الدُونونَة تَنْفُرُونَهُ وَنَهُ وَنُونُونَاهُ وَالْمُونُونَاهُ وَالْمُونُونَاهُ وَالْمُونُونُونَاهُ وَالْمُونُونَاهُ وَالْمُنْتُونِيَة ﴿

وَاصْتِيَالُونُونَكِيَّا الْمُعْانَةُ الْآخِينِ وَالْمَيْنَةُ وَلِمُعْنَاءُ الْآخِينِ وَلَا لَا لِلْمُنْفِقَالُونَ وَالْمُعْنَاءُ وَالْمُعْلِعُونَا وَالْمُعْنَاءُ وَالْمُعْنَاءُ وَالْمُعْنَاءُ وَالْمُعْنَاءُ وَالْمُعْلِعُونَا وَالْمُعْنَاءُ وَالْمُعْمِعُمْنَاءُ وَالْمُعْنَاءُ وَلَامُعُلِعُمُونَا وَالْمُعْلِعُمُونَا وَالْمُعُمِعُمُونَا وَالْمُعْلِعُمُونَا وَالْمُعْلِعُمُونَا وَالْمُعْلِعُمُونَا وَالْمُعْلِعُمُونَا وَالْمُعْلِعُمُونَا وَالْمُعُمُونَا

All things shall perish but His presence! For Him alone it is to judge: to Him alone shall ye eventually return!!

*



Sura : $ANKAB\bar{U}T$

mahename of Allahahe Rahiman the Rahim

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ALIF! LAM! MIM! (O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 Do people count on being accepted if they only say, "We believe", without their being tested?
- 3 We did, indeed, try those before them so that Allah may know those who are genuine and those who merely pretend.
- 4 And those who commit evil deeds. do they count on escaping from Us?
- 5 He who hopes for Allah's grace, his fulfilment is nigh, for He hears all. knows all!
- 6 Whoever strives, strives, indeed, in his own interest. For, verily, Allah can do without the striving of mankind.
- 7 Those who have faith and do good deeds their sins shall be buried deep and We shall compensate beyond their deserts.

- 8 We have enjoined on man kindness to his elders; but if they strive that thou shouldst ioin with Me. something of which thou hast no knowledge, obey them not. Yea, verily, to Me ye all return and I shall let you know all that ye did.
- 9 And those who retain faith (amidst adversity) and continue to perform good deeds them We shall include among the upright,
- 10 There are among the people those who say, "We do believe," but when in Allah's service they meet the hurt which men inflict, they think it is infliction from Allah himself! And when aid comes to thee from thy Lord they say, "We are, indeed, with thee!" Doth not Allah know what lies within the hearts of men?
- 11 Allah knoweth those who are trustworthy, He knoweth who are hypocrites.



- 12 Those then of no belief say to those of faith, "Follow on our path, and we shall share your burdens." Not a burden will they share; they are naught but liars!
- 13 They shall, indeed,
 bear their own burdens
 and other burdens
 with their own!
 On the day of reckoning
 they shall be questioned
 as to falsehoods
 they had fabricated.

- 14 We sent Nuh to his people and he lived among them (what seemed) a thousand years!

 But the deluge overtook them (because) they continued to transgress.
- 15 But We rescued him and his companions in the Ark and made them an example for mankind.
- 16 And *Ibrahim*!

 He said to his people:

 "Serve ye Allah

 and mind Him constantly

 for that, indeed,

 is best for you

 if ye only knew.
- 17 "Instead of Allah ye serve images and thus create a host of myths!

وين التاس من يقول المقابات وي وي المقابات وي المقابات وي التوجعل وي القول المقابات وي المقابات والمقابات وا

القَّدُّ أَحْسَبُ النَّاسُ انْ يُكُرْكُوَّ انْ يَكُرْكُوْ اَحْسَبُ النَّاسُ انْ يُكُرْكُوْ اَلْكَامُ اَنْ يُكُرُكُوْ اَلْكَامِينُ مِنْ فَيْلُوهُمْ وَلَا يُعْتَمُونَ الْكَيْدِينُ مَن مَكَوْنا وَ فَلَيْعُمْكُونَ النَّيْقِ الْمُكَلِّدِينُ مَن مَكَوْنا وَ لَيْعُمْكُونَ النَّيِّالِةِ الْمُكْمِدُ الْمُكَلِّدُونَ هِنَ النَّيْقِ الْمُكَلِّدُونَ هَمْكُونَ النَّيِّالَةِ مَنْ النَّهُ الْمُكَلِّدُونَ هَمْكُونَ النَّيِّالَةِ مَن النَّهُ الْمُكَلِّدُونَ هَمْكُونَ النَّيِّالَةِ مَن النَّهُ الْمُكَلِّدُونَ النَّيِّالَةِ النَّهُ وَالْمَكُلُونَ النَّيِّالَةِ مَن النَّهُ الْمُكَلِّدُونَ المَكْولَةِ مَنْ اللَّهُ الْمُكَلِّدُونَ النَّيْكُ الْمُكْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَقُونَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْم

These whom ye serve beside Allah they bestow not on you your sustenance; seek ye, therefore, sustenance from Allah, serve Him and render Him your gratitude, for unto Him ye shall return!

18 "You may (if you will)
reject (this) teaching;
others before you,
likewise,
spurned their teachers;
'tis incumbent
on a Messenger
only the message
to make clear."

.

19 Do they not see how Allah originates and then replaces? That, indeed, for Allah is not difficult!

20 Say thou:

"Roam ye o'er the earth
and see how Allah
here, creates anew,
and, there, transforms
His own creation!
Indeed, Allah is
Omnipotent!

- 21 "Afflicts He whom He wills and pities whom He wills; To Him eventually, shall ye return.
- 22 "Ye cannot have it your own way on earth or in the heavens; nor for you is there, beside Him, another friend or rescuer!"
- 23 Those who refuse to see the proofs of Allah's might and grace deny themselves My pity; and thereby bring upon themselves pain and affliction.

- 24 But no response
 did his people give
 except to shout:
 "Slay him!
 Consign him to the flames!"
 But Allah saved him
 from their flery wrath!
 These, in truth,
 are examples
 for a people
 who believe!
- 25 He said, "Maybe, ye have accepted, beside The Deity these (tribal) deities, for mutual concord in your daily life. But, mind! Eventually, (through these) you will deny each other and curse each (tribe) the other! Simmering discord there will be. and none shall help the other..."
- 26 Only Lut believed in him and said,"I shall go forth to serve my Lord,He is AlmightyHe is Wise!"
- 27 We entrusted him Ishaq and Ya'qub and blessed his progeny with gifts of apostolic leadership. He was rewarded in his daily life and till the end he (was and) shall be among the revered patriarchs.



28 And Lut;

When he said to his people "Ye have, indeed, surpassed all precedents in crime!

- 29 "Ye waylay men and commit robberies ye band yourselves in gangs!" They only answered: "Bring thee then upon us the wrath of Allah if thou art his true Envoy!"
- 30 He could only say:
 "O Lord, Thou help me against this evil lot!"

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- 31 And when Our Messengers came to *Ibrahim* with their glad tidings—they said, "We shall, in truth, destroy that town; its people have transgressed all bounds."
- 32 He said,
 "But Lut too is there!"
 They said, "We are well aware who all are there.
 We shall rescue him and his household, except his wife—she shall be left behind.
- 33 And lo! when Our Messengers came to Lut, he was worried and anxious for their sakes; they said, "Fear not thou, nor grieve, We shall surely rescue thee and thy household—except thy wife who will remain behind!

في دُرِيتِيهِ النُّبُوَّةَ وَالْكِتْ وَاتَّيْنَهُ أجُرَة فِي الدُّنيا ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ فِي الْخِرَةِ لَينَ الصَّلِحِينَ ٠ وَلُوْطُاإِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ إِنَّكُمُ لِتَأْتُونَ الْفَاحِشَةُ مُاسَعَكُمُ بِهَامِنُ آحَدِ قِنَ الْعُلَمِينَ أَبِنَّكُمُ لِتَأْتُؤْنَ الرِّجَالَ وَتَقْطَعُونَ التبين فأوتأتؤن في ناديكو المنكر فسا كَانَجُوابَ قَوْمِهِ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا الْبِيَالِيَدُابِ اللهِ إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّدِيْنِ ٠ وَالْوَالِثَافُولَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَكُوا اللَّهُ لَكُونَ اللَّهُ لَكُونَا لَكُونُ لَكُونَا إِنَّ آهُلُهَا كَأَنُوا ظُلِينِنَ رَبُّ قَالَ إِنَّ فِنْهَا لُوْطًا ۚ قَالُوْا تَحُنُّ اَعْلَمُ مِنْ فنف لَنُغَتِنَ ذُواَهٰلَةَ إِلَّا الْمُوَاتَةُ ا كَانَتُ مِنَ الْعَبِرِينَ ۞ وَلِيَّا أَنْ جَاءَتُ رُسُلُنَا لِوْطَالِيْنَ يَهُمْ وَضَاقَ بِهِ مُودُرُعًا وَقَالُوا الْانْخَفْ وَلاَتُحُونُ إِنَّا كَامُنْحَةُ لِوَ وَآهِ لَكَ الْآ امْرَأْتَكَ كَأَنْتُ مِنَ الْغَيرِيْنَ ⊙ إِنَّا مُنزِلُونَ عَلَى آهُلِ هٰذِهِ الْقَرْبَةِ رِجْزًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ بِمَاكَ أَنُنَ ا وَلَقَدُ تُرَكِّنَا مِنْهَا آلِيَّةٌ بُكِّنَةٌ لِقَوْمٍ

وَالْكُوْدُونَهُ وَمَاعُلَا الرَّسُولِ الْالْلَمُ وَمَاعُلَا الرَّسُولِ الْالْلَمُ الْمُونُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ الْالْلَمُ الْمُونُونُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُونُونُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُونُ وَالْمُولِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُونُ والْمُؤْلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِمُ وَالْمُؤْل

- 34 "We shall, then bring down upon the people of this town a doom from heaven itself because they have transgressed all bounds."
- 35 In them We have left an example for any people who reflect.



- 36 And to Madyan

 We sent their kinsman,
 Shu'aib

 He said, "O my people,
 serve ye Allah,
 keep in mind the final day,
 Indulge ye not
 in corruption.
 Spread ye not mischief
 in the land!
- 37 But they too mocked him:
 so they were engulfed
 in a cyclone
 and morning found
 their bodies
 scattered in their homes.
- 38 Likewise 'Ad and Thamud—
 their ruins tell you plainly
 of what became of them:
 the devil made their deeds
 fairseeming to them—
 stood in the way
 of their right path,
 although they were farseeing!
- 39 So also with Qarun, Fir'aun and Haman.

 When Musa came to them with Our evidence proud of their land and power were they!

 But they outstripped Us not!
- 40 All, all of these, We punished for their sins; among them there were those upon whom came a shower of stones: others there were whom tornadoes did seize: still others whom the earthquakes swallowed; and others whom the waters drowned! It was not Allah who wronged them: it was they who wronged themselves!

- 41 Those who depend on others beside Allah are like the spider which too builds a shelter; but what shelter can be frailer than a spider's? Ah, would that they
- 42 In truth Allah is aware of all those whose help they solicit in various ways:
 He is Omnipotent,
 Omniscient!
- 43 These similes
 We strike for all
 but none doth understand
 except the knowledgeable.
- 44 Allah hath created
 all that is
 in the heavens
 and the earth
 with true intent.
 These are replete
 with evidence of Him
 for those who
 have the hearts to feel.

45 Read out aloud
from what has been
revealed
to thee as Scripture
and establish
(congregational) service;
verily, regular prayers
keep men away
from evil and indecency.
Besides, your foremost
duty is
to think of Allah constantly.
Allah knoweth how (by this)
ye are transformed.



- 46 And dispute not with those who have been given other Scripturesunless it be with utmost courtesybut (avoid argument) with the aggressive amongst them and say to them: "We do believe as much in what has been revealed to us as in what has been revealed to you. Our Deity and yours is one, the same. to Him we do submit."
- 47 That is how

 We have bestowed on thee
 a Scripture
 and (even) those on whom
 We bestowed earlier
 Scriptures,
 accept it—
 and so do also some
 from these (thy people).
 'Tis only those,
 who will not see
 that still reject
 its genuineness.
- 48 Thou hadst not read before this any Scripture; nor hadst thou noted down with thy right hand. Had you done either, then they might have justly doubted.
- 49 (However), to the hearts of those who know (the nature of revelation) these are signs that need no proof.

 None doth, in fact, reject these signs except the obstinate.

عَنَى الله التعاليث والترقي بالمنتخ النه في فالهذات المنتخ والفائدة المنتخ وعين في المنتخ والمنتخ والفائدة المنتخ والمنتخ وال

وراك مَدُينَ اعَاهُ مُشْعَيْبًا فقال يَقْوَمِا عُبُدُوا الشَّوَا رَجُوا الْمُو مَا لَاحِرَ مَنْ مُعْمِدُ مِنْ وَالْحَرَ وَالْحَوَا الْمُو مَا لَاحِرَ مَنْ مُعْمِدِ مِنْ وَقَعْلَمُ وَالْحَرَ مُمُّولِهُ مَنْ الْحَدُونُ وَقَعْلَمُ الْحَجْعُلُمُ الْحَجْعُلُمُ الْحَجْعُلُمُ الْحَجْعُلُمُ الْحَجْعُلُمُ الْحَجْعُلُمُ الْحَجْعُلُمُ الْحَدَا الْحَدْ الْحَدَا الْحَدْ اللَّهِ الْحَدْ اللَّهِ الْحَدْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْحَدَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْحَدَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْحَدَا اللَّهُ الْحَدَا اللَّهُ الْحَدَا اللَّهُ الْحَدَا اللَّهُ الْحَدَالِي اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الل

50 They (continue still to)
say,
"Why are not miracles
bestowed
on him by his Lord?"
Say thou, "Allah alone
performeth miracles;
I am naught
but a plain warner."

51 Is it not sufficient
for them
that We reveal to thee
a Scripture which
you read to them?
Verily, in that lies
the grace of Allah
and a constant reminder
for a people
who believe

- 52 Say: "Allah is sufficient between me and you,
 He knows all in heaven and earth.
 And those who believe falsely and elude Allah 'tis they who are the losers."
- 53 They defy thee to hasten punishment?
 If the time for it had not been fixed, it would by now have come upon them.
 It will, indeed, descend on them when they are least prepared.
- 54 They defy thee to hasten punishment! Hell itself shall then engulf these obdurates!
- 55 Then will punishment
 descend from 'bove their heads,
 ascend from 'neath their feet,
 as if to say,
 "Enjoy the consequences
 of your deeds!"
- 56 O ye who serve Me, and have faith! My earth is vast serve ye none but Me!

- 57 All those who live must taste of death and then to Us must they return!
- 58 And those who display faith and strive towards righteousness,
 We shall provide for them retreats in lofty gardens, with streams that flow beneath, for their abodes.
 Ah! fit rewards for those who strive.
- 59 Those who persevere and trust their Lord.
- 60 How many beasts there are who carry no provision for themselves.
 'Tis Allah who feeds them and you.
 He sees, He knows!
- 61 If thou shouldst ask them,
 "Who made the heavens
 and the earth?
 Who harnessed the sun
 and the moon?"
 They will answer (blankly):
 "Allah".
 How then can they
 be free (of His domain)?
- 62 Allah provides abundantly or limits sustenance for His servants as He wills.

 He is, o'er all things, Omnipotent.



63 If thou wouldst
ask them,
"Who is it that
sends down rain
from the sky?
Who doth rejuvenate
the earth
when it is dead?"
They will answer
(blankly): "Allah!"
Say thou,
Praised be Allah!
Ah, most of them
they do not think!

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- 64 Life here is nothing but fatuous frivolity!
 Compared to this the ultimate abode offers life, indeed!
 O, if they only knew!
- 65 When they embark,
 with fervent earnestness,
 they call on Allah; but
 when He brings them back
 safe to land,
 they worship other deities
- 66 Ungratefully
 forsaking Him
 and revelling
 in wanton ease!
 But soon,
 soon they shall know!
- 67 Do they not see what peace
 We have bestowed
 upon their sanctuary
 while all around
 the people are
 despoiled?
 Will they then
 continue to believe
 in their false idols
 and ignore Allah's bounty?

الشهرة أنها و التأخرة و فوالتينه الويهم و لمن ما التهرية الويهم و التهرية المنافر و التهرية المنافر و التهرية المنافر و التهرية و التهر

- 68 And who doth greater wrong than he who attributes a lie to Allah or falsifies the truth which comes to him? What place but hell can be a fit abode for such maligners?
- 69 But those who strive towards Us, to them We show the path to Us: indeed, Allah is ever with the righteous!

Sura : $R\bar{U}M$

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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ALIF! LAM! MIM!

- 2 ('Tis true that)

 Rum has been overwhelmed
- 3 In a neighbouring land; but—(do not thou lose heart) despite defeat, they shall be conquerors
- 4 In a decade—
 or more, or less—
 as Allah wills.
 Then will the faithful
 rejoice
- 5 By the grace of Allah.

 He helps whom He wills.

 He is the Sovereign,

 He the Merciful.
- 6 This is Allah's promise and Allah doth not go back from His promises; but most men do not realize.
- 7 They are aware
 of only what is obvious
 at the moment;
 heedless of what
 for them
 is yet to come.
- 8 Do they never, never ponder among themselves?

 Truly Allah hath not created the heavens and the earth and all that is between except with clear design and definite plan in time!

And still a vast majority of men deliberately ignore the very existence of Allah!

- 9 Do they not journey
 o'er the land
 and themselves see
 the end which came
 to others who preceded them?
 Mightier they were—
 they tilled the land
 and built upon it
 more than these have built!
 To them too came their Prophets
 blazoning the signs of Allah.
 Allah did not wrong them
 they wronged themselves!
- 10 O! how evil will the end be of evildoers who spurn the signs of Allah and even scoff at them!

- 11 Allah originates creation, He doth revive, He doth resuscitate; and, finally, ye shall to Him return!
- 12 When retribution faces them these evil-doers will despair:
- 13 Those whom they deify shall themselves be helpless and these shall not be able to dissociate themselves from those false deities!



- 14 And when the hour faceth them they shall be clearly distinguished:
- 15 Those who believed and strove to do good deeds for them the gardens of delight!
- 16 But those who spurned, and did reject Our testament, of justice ultimate, shall be encircled in affliction...
- 17 Allah is glorified when ye do fall asleep and when ye awake refreshed.
- 18 His law prevails in heaven and on earth, at eventide and when ye witness noon.
- 19 Brings He forth
 the living from the dead.
 Transformeth He
 the living into dead.
 He wakeneth the earth
 which has been lying dead!
 And that is how
 He will awaken you.

- 20 Among His miracles is this:
 He made you
 out of inert earth
 and yet,
 as human beings,
 ye are mobile—
 o'er the earth ye spread.
- 21 Another of His miracles is this:

 He made ye complementary to each other so that ye may comfort one another.

 And He endowed between you sympathy, compassion!

الشيد، و المستخاف القيفيد المؤتملة المنتقبة و المستخدمة المنتقبة و المنتقبة

القرق عُلِيتِ الأؤمر ﴿

المَّذَى الْرَبْضِ وَهُمُ وَلِنَ الْمُومِنَ وَكُورُمُ وَالْمَوْدُونَ ﴾

وَفَيْ الْمُعْلِينَ فَيْ الْمُلْمِينَ وَكُورُمُ الْمُعُودُونَ ﴾

وَمُنْ اللّهُ الْمُعْلِينَ الْمُعْلِينَ الْمُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ الْمُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ اللهُ المُعْلِينَ المَعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المَعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المَعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المَعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ المُعْلِينَ الْمُعْلِينَ الْمُعْلِي

Verily, in these His signs are manifest for a people who reflect!

22 Among His miracles are these:

Creation of the heavens and the earth; the variegated patterns of your languages; the different colour-tones of your complexions!

Verily, in these His miracles are manifest for all mankind!



23 And of His miracles

is your sleep at night and at early dawn; your endeavour in the search for livelihood provided by His grace!

> Verily, in these His miracles are manifest for those who possess ears to hear!

24 Among His miracles:

He makes you see
the lightning,
inspiring you
with fear and with hope!
He sends down
from the clouds
the rain
which enliveneth
the deadened earth!

Verily, in these are miracles for those who have intelligence!

- 25 And, among His miracles is this: the heavens and the earth stand at His beck and call! And when He calleth you by a single call from the earth, forthwith, life ye quit!
- 26 All that is in the heavens and the earth is constantly engaged in serving Him!
- 27 He doth originate
 He doth revive, resuscitate,
 with ease;
 He is above comparison
 with anything
 in heaven and on earth,
 He is the Sovereign,
 He is the Wise!

- 28 Consider an example from midst yourselves:
 Do you treat as partners those who depend on you?
 Do ye share with them as equals whatever We bestow on you?
 Do ye give them as much deference as ye give each other?
 Thus do We illustrate in detail to those who understand!
- 29 Nay, those who commit wrongs are led astray by their own selfish wants; and because, they do not think! But who can guide those whom Allah leads astray and who can lend them aid?
- 30 Keep thy face therefore steadfastly, towards the (simple) faith adopted by the *Hanifs*: the mould of Allah in which He has moulded man (is best); the laws of His creation are not variable; that is the only reckoning that doth not change!

 But most men do not know!
- 31 Turn thou, in all humility, to Him; keep thou Him in mind, fulfil thy duties and, by no means, be among the deifiers!
- 32 (Or among) those who fragmentate the Truth and become sects; each boasting in his share!



- 33 When harm
 doth even touch these men,
 they call upon their Lord
 and cringe before Him.
 But when His mercy
 they as much as taste,
 a group among them turns
 to other deities than Allah.
- 34 Disowning what
 We have bestowed on them;
 "Well, well, enjoy yourselves.
 in time you'll come to know!"
- 35 Have We sent to them aught that would justify what they associate with Him?
- 36 When grace, bestowed by Us, these people taste they tend to boast.

 But when they meet with hardships as an outcome of their own past deeds they do resent!
- 37 Do they not see that Allah enlargeth or restricteth life's provision as He (in justice) wills?

Verily, in these are miracles for a people that perceives!

38 And give to those of kin their dues and to the silent poor, as also to the homeless way farer; that is best for those who hope to face Allah, they, indeed, will be among the prosperous.

الخان المؤولات الزين الفيلا والبرق المنافرة والمتاركة والمتوالة والمتوافقة و

وَرِنُ النِهِ مِنَا مُكُوْ النَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَا اِدَ الْفَادِ الْفَهِ الْفِهِ الْفَهِ الْمَعْلَى وَمِنْ النِهِ الْمَيْعُونُ وَ الْفِقَالَةُ اللَّهِ الْمَعْلَى وَالْفَكَةُ اللَّهِ الْفَهُ وَالْفَكَةُ اللَّهِ الْفَهُ وَمِنْ النِهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

39 What ye invest in usury, to draw the wealth of others, does not add to your investment with Allah.

But that which ye invest in charity, for pleasing Allah only, will be returned to you twice over!



40 Allah it is who creates you
He doth nourish you
He causes you to die
He wakens you to life:
Is there one
whom ye associate with Him
who can do aught of this?
May He be glorified!
Far above is He
from those that they
associate with Him!

- 41 Destruction doth come
 by land and sea
 to make men taste
 the consequences
 of their deeds,
 and, haply,
 they will modify
 their ways.
- 42 Say thou:

 "Travel ye o'er the earth
 and see
 what was the fate of those
 who were
 in advance of you—
 the vast majority of them
 were naught but pagans!
- 43 Set thou then thy face towards the eternal faith, before there comes the irrevocable hour of Allah in which ye shall be sifted:
- 44 He who is slothful, for him slothfulness. . . and they who do the right will, for themselves, prepare a prosperous place.
- 45 For He rewards abundantly those who have faith and do the right.

 He loveth not the faithless!

- 46 Among his miracles is this:

 He doth make the winds to blow to bring glad tidings and the scent of His benevolence!

 The barks sail at His bidding to enable you to seek His bounty and, perhaps, be grateful!
- 47 Indeed, indeed!
 We sent before thee,
 several Messengers
 to their respective peoples;
 they emphasized to them
 these signs (these miracles).
 We punished those
 who paid no heed.
 But, as a right they earned
 from Us,
 We helped the men of faith!
- 48 Allah it is
 who doth raise the wind,
 uplifteth He the clouds,
 and, as He pleaseth,
 spreadeth them on high!
 Then they are crushed
 and lo! you see the rain
 falling from their midst!
 And when He showers it
 on whom He wills
 among His servants,
 lo! they are filled
 with hope!!
- 49 Although, before it came to them, they had foreseen despair.
- 50 Behold ye then
 the unfolding of His grace—
 how He enliveneth
 the earth
 after its demise . .
 That is how, indeed,
 He quickeneth the dead!
 Verily, He is Omnipotent!

- 51 But if We send
 the searing wind
 and their fields
 are yellow, barren.
 lo! they are led astray
 and are undutiful.
- 52 Thou canst not make the dead to hear nor can the deaf hear thy call when they, deliberately, do turn their back!
- 53 Thou canst not lead
 the blind
 back from their strayings—
 none will hear, except,
 those who perceive
 Our evidence
 and so submit!

- 54 Allah it is
 who creates you weak,
 then, after weakness,
 He makes you strong,
 then, after strength,
 makes you infirm, grey.
 He creates as He wills
 He is the Wise,
 the Omnipotent!
- 55 And on the appointed day when there faces them the moment (of awakening), the wicked, they will swear: "O! We have hardly lived an hour!!"

 Thus have they oft deceived themselves...

الفدائرة في يُرسِلُ الرَّيْحُ تُشْفِيرُوسَكَا عَيْسُمُطُلَا فِي النَّمَا لِيَعْتَ يَشَاءُ وَيَجَهُ كِمَا فَاكْرَى الْوَدُق يَخْرُمُ مِنْ فِيلًا عَلَا الْمَا مُنِيسَةَ شِعُولُونَ ۞ وَلَنْ كَالْوَا مِنْ قَبْلِ النَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ فَيْلِهِ وَلَنْ كَالُوا مِنْ قَبْلِ النَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ فَيْلِهِ وَلَنْ كَالْوَا مِنْ فَيْلِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ فَيْلِهِ اللَّهِ عَيْدُهُ مُنْ فَعَلَا اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مُونَ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مُونَ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مُنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مُونَ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مُنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ وَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ وَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمِلِي اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ الْمُ الله الذي تكالله و المنافرة ا

56 But those of knowledge and of faith, they will observe, "Ye have, indeed, lived till the day of waking ordained for you by Allah; for this, in truth, is your day of waking!

But ye, ye did not realize."

57 And at that moment
no apology
will profit those
who transgressed,
nor shall they have a chance
to make amends.

ۘػڶٳڡڮؽڟؠٛٷڶۺٛٷڴٷ؈ؚٲڷۑڹؽڹ ڵػؽڡؙؙػٷؽ۞ ڡٞٵڞؽڔ۬ڶٷؘۮۼۮڶۺ۠ۅؘڰٛٷڰؽڿڿۣٛؿٷ ڵڵڔ۫ؽڬڵؽٷڎٷ؈ٛ ٲڵڔ۫ؽڬڵؽٷڎٷ؈ٛ ئَيْرَمِ بِهِ لَا يَنْفَقُرُ الْذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا مَعْنِ نَقَامُ وَلَاهُمُ يُسْتَعَتَّبُونَ ۞ وَلَقَلُ فَمَّرَ لِنَبَالِطَالِسِ فِيْ هَٰذَا الْفُرْأُونِ مِنْ ظِلِّ مَثِلًا وَلَهِنْ مِكْتُمُ إِلَيْهِ لِيَّوْلُونَ الْذِيْنِ كَفْرُواْ الْنَالْفُولُونَ الْفَالِكُونَ الْفَرْدُونَ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونَ الْفَرْدُونَ الْفَرْدُونَ الْفَرْدُونَ الْفَرْدُونَ الْفَرْدُونَ الْفَرْدُونَ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ اللَّهُ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفُرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفُرْدُونِ الْفُرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَالْونُ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفُرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَرْدُونِ الْفَالْوِلَ الْفَالْوِنُ الْفُرْدُونِ الْفَالْونُ الْفِلْونِ الْفَالْونُ الْفَالْونُ الْفَالْونُ الْمُؤْلِقُونِ الْمُؤْلِقُونُ الْفِيلُونُ الْمُؤْلِقُونُ الْفَالْونُ الْفَالْونُ الْفَالْونُ الْمُؤْلِقُونِ الْمُؤْلِقُونُ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ الْمُؤْلِقُونِ الْمُؤْلِقُونُ الْفَالْونُ الْمُؤْلِقُونُ الْفَالْونُ الْمُؤْلِقُونِ الْمُؤْلُولُونِ الْمُؤْلِقُونِ الْمُؤْلِقُونِ الْمُؤْلِق

58 Verily,

We have coined for men, in this Qur'an, so many similes!
But if thou wert to point to them, the actual evidence, they who shun the truth will only say:
"Thou art deluded!"

59 That is how Allah imprints the hearts of those who have no knowledge.

60 But do thou persevere
with patience!
Allah's promise
will come true.
Let not those
who doubt
drive thee to despair!

*





Sura : $LUQM\bar{A}N$

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 154

ALIF! LAM! MIM!

- 2 These are gleanings from the Book of Wisdom:
- 3 Guidance and grace for those who would themselves be gracious;
- 4 For them who stand fast to their duties; who free themselves from obligations; and who, to their future, look with confidence.
- 5 To such comes guidance from their Lord: for them is all prosperity.
- 6 There is among the people one who barters a distorted version (of the Book) in order to mislead those of little knowledge from the path of Allah—and to subject it to ridicule, For such shall be disgracing chastisement!
- 7 And when
 the verses We reveal
 are read to him,
 disdainfully,
 he turns his back
 as if he had not heard—
 as though he were but deaf!
 Convey to him the tidings
 of infliction and of pain.

- 8 But those who do believe and righteously behave, for them are gardens of felicity
- 9 Wherein they shall abide— Allah promiseth in truth: He is Sovereign, He is Wise...
- 10 He made the firmament without pillars visible to you and set upon the earth the stable hills for you to scour—filled them with animals of various kinds. . . We sent down from the sky the rain and made it nourish symbiotic life of myriad noble kinds.
- 11 All this
 Allah hath created:
 show Me
 what has been made
 by those beside Him.
 Nay, nay,
 these transgressors,
 evidently,
 have been led astray.

2 *** 155

12 To Luqman

We gave wisdom:

"Be grateful to Allah:
for he who is grateful
doth good unto himself;
but if he is ungrateful
(he wrongs himself):
Allah is Self-sufficient
Above all gratitude!"



13 And as admonition
to his son, he said,
"O my son!
Join naught with Allah:
to associate aught with Him
is great transgression!"

14 Our advice to man about his parents:

('Tis true) His mother beareth him through spasms of pain and feedeth him for two years—
(But) thank Me—
then thy parents; for, to Me all things go back!

15 If thy parents should, therefore, strive to make thee place beside Me something thou wouldst not, obey them not!

Bear with them kindly for the moment; but keep thou on the path of him who comes towards Me, and I shall show you what ye did.

16 "O my son!

(a good deed)
be it minute as a mustard seed,
hidden in the heart of rocks,
be it high up in the firmament,
or deep within the earth,
Allah will bring
it out to light:
He is Gracious,
All-informed.

17 "O my son!
Stand fast to thy duties;
spur men to good deeds,
detract them from iniquity
and, persevere,
whatever may befall thee;
these are basic rules
to be observed
with due resolve.

واقد التبدأ الفسن الجمدة ان السلا و مَنْ كَفَرْ فَلِكُلُّ الْفَالِمُ الْمُؤْلِفَ الْمُلْكُلُولُ الْفَلِيدُ وَمُوْلِكُ الْفَلِيدُ وَمُوْلِكُ الْفَلِيدُ وَمُوْلِكُ الْفَلِيدُ وَمُوْلِكُ الْمُؤْلِكُ الْمُلْكُ الْمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُوْلِكُ الْمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُوْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُوْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُوْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُوْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُوْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُوْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُولِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُولِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُولِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ وَاللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ ولَاكُولُولُكُولُولِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ وَاللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِكُ وَاللَّهُ ولِكُولُكُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُكُولُولُكُولُولُكُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُولُكُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُولُكُولُكُولُولُولُكُولُولُولُولُكُولُولُول

القرق بناف اليش الحكيم الحكيم في مدن وقد عدة الدخورة المناف الكلوة والمؤلف التراق المناف الم

- 18 "Do not thou treat men
 with disdain,
 nor strut about
 the earth in pride!
 Remember, Allah loveth not
 the supercilious,
 nor the one who boasts.
- 19 "Be modest in thy bearing and subdue thy voice; for, of all sounds, the donkey's bray is harsh!"



- 20 Do ye not see
 how Allah hath harnessed
 all things
 in heaven and earth
 to serve you?
 And how He has
 bestowed on you
 all blessings
 visible and those unseen?
 And yet there are people
 who dispute regarding Him
 without knowledge,
 without cause,
 and, without a Scripture
 to support!
- 21 And when they are advised to act according to what Allah hath ordained—they say, "No! We shall only follow the path our fathers tread!" What! even if the devil led you on that path to hell?!
- 22 Ah! he who bends his head to Allah and does good he has caught the rope that leads to safety and to Allah he entrusts all his affairs.
- 23 But he who still denies,
 let not his stubbornness
 grieve thee.
 To Us is his return
 and We shall make him know
 what he had done.
 Allah, indeed, is Knower
 of the heart's content.
- 24 Transient pleasure
 We allow them,
 then, We pull them up
 towards their severe doom!

- 25 If thou shouldst ask them,
 "Who hath made
 the heavens and the earth?"
 they will answer, "Allah".
 Say thou, Glory be to Allah!
 For (even that)
 most men do not know!
- 26 For Allah is all that is in heaven and earth, and He is Self-sufficient, worthy of subservience!
- 27 If all the shrubs on earth were mobilized for pens and all the oceans, re-filled seven times, (were used for ink) the glory of Allah could not be inscribed!

 For, Allah doth surpass all wisdom!!
- 28 Neither We create you nor do We raise you (from the earth) except as individuals with limited capacities Allah alone doth hear all Allah alone doth see all.
- 29 Do you not see
 that it is Allah
 who evokes the darkness
 out of light
 and who makes light emerge
 from out of darkness?
 He keeps the sun and moon
 in harness,
 each running on due time?
 And, verily, He is aware
 of what ye do!
- 30 This is because
 Allah alone is Trustworthy
 and those you pray to,
 in His stead, are false.
 He alone is Lofty
 He alone is Great!



31 Do you not see how the barges sail upon the seas with Allah's grace so that ye may His wonders see?

These, indeed, are signs for all who persevere and render thanks.

- 32 When they are in the midst of waves that arch above them they earnestly profess their faith.

 But when He rescues them to safety and dry land, among them some do. compromise—

 None but the ingrate renegades, deny Our signs!
- pay ye heed to Him
 who is your Lord
 and fear the day
 when fathers shall not
 help their sons
 nor sons shall be of any use
 to fathers!
 Verily, what Allah promises
 comes true;
 so, do not be deceived
 by the fleeting present moment;
 nor, let others fool you,
 about Allah,
 through your pride!
- 34 With Allah alone
 is knowledge of
 the hour of (your death);
 He sends down rain
 when He doth please;

مَاخَلَقُلُو وَلاَيَعْكُو الْالْفَهِنَا وَالْمَافِي الْالْفَهِنَا الْمَافَعِلَمُ الْمَافِلُونَ الْمَافِلُونَ الْمَافِلُونَ الْفَالَا وَالْمَافِلُونَ الْفَالَا وَالْمَافِلُونَ الْفَالَا وَالْمَافِلُونَ الْفَالَا وَالْمَافِلُونَ الْفَالَا وَالْمَافُونَ اللَّهُمُ وَالْمَافُونَ اللَّهُ مِمَا الْمَافَعُونَ اللَّهُ مِمَافَعُمُ الْوَلَا وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّمِ وَاللَّهُ وَالْفَالَعُلُونَا وَاللَّهُ وَا

الترترفا القالفة تقرّ الكرّة إن التيزية وما إلى المنتخفر الكرّة إلى التيزية ومن الكاس من في المنتخفرة المرتفق المنتخفرة المنت

He knows the secret
of the womb;
and no man knows
how he will fare
on the morrow:
nor can he ever know
where he will die...
Allah alone has knowledge
He alone sees all!

*



SURA: SAJDA

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 158

ALIF! LAM! MIM!

- 2 The revelation of this Book is, undoubtedly, from the Lord of all communities!
- 3 Do they say,
 "He doth himself invent?"
 Nay, nay!
 It comes, in truth,
 from thy Lord,
 so that,
 thou mayest warn
 a people unto whom
 no warner came before
 to guide them.
- 4 Allah it is who made
 the heavens and the earth
 and all that is between
 in six stages
 His reign He then
 established over all.
 There is none beside Him
 to befriend you!
 None to intercede!
 Do ye not understand?!
- 5 His wisdom doth envelop heaven and earth; everything evolves according to His law in a Day the duration of which is equal to a thousand years according to your reckoning.
- 6 Because—He is the Knower of all things unseen and visible. He is the Sovereign, the Benevolent!

- 7 He it is who perfects all creation— from clay He hath made man!
- 8 Continueth He man's progeny through semen drops of water mean!
- 9 He then moulds it into shape and breathes therein— His inspiration. He gives you hearing, sight, and feeling! You can never render enough gratitude!
- 10 (And yet), they say:

 "When we have become
 (as lifeless as the) dust
 will He regenerate
 (even) us?!"

 How they deny their Lord
 when (every moment)
 they are face to face
 with Him!!
- 11 Tell them that (even if)
 death's angel were himself
 to hold you in his hands
 you could (even then)
 return towards your Lord!

2 *** 159

12 Couldst thou be present
thou wouldst witness
these erring men,
with their dejected faces
plead before their Lord:
"Our Lord! we now
can see and hear!
Return Thou us (to life)
and we shall do the right,
indeed, we now do understand!"



- 13 If We had had Our way, all living beings would be guided!
 But what I said is but too true:
 I shall fill all hell with men and jinn!
- 14 Taste ye then the terror
 of this day to which
 you paid no heed...
 We too pay no heed to you...
 taste ye now
 the lingering agony
 for what ye had engaged in!
- 15 They alone believe
 Our testaments
 who, when they are reminded
 of them,
 acquiesce in all humility
 striving to obey!
 They are not of those
 who, in their pride,
 disdain!
- 16 When rising from their beds they call upon their Lord with fear and hope and, from what We have given them they spend on others.
- 17 None can foresee what sight's delight lies in store for them, in compensation for their deeds.
- 18 Is he, who doth believe, to fare no better than the ones who err? There can be no comparison!
- 19 For those of faith and righteous conduct there shall be gardens of felicity—bestowed on them for their good deeds.

وَلَوْتَرَاى الْوَالْمُحُوِّرُونَ الْكُوْاوُدُورِهِمُ
عِنْهُ مَنَ وَالْمُحُوِّرُونَ الْكُوْاوُدُورِهِمُ
عَنْهُ مَنَ وَهُوْ مَنَا الْمُحْوَدُونَ الْمَعْوَدُونَ الْمَحْوَدُونَ الْمَعْوَدُونَ الْمُعْوَدُونَ الْمَعْوَدُونَ الْمَعْوَدُونَ الْمَعْوَدُونَ الْمَعْوَدُونَ الْمَعْوَدُونَ الْمُعْوَدُونَ الْمُعْوَدُونَ الْمُعْودُونَ الْمُعْوَدُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمِدُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمِدُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمِدُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمَودُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمُونُ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمِودُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمُونَ الْمُعْمُونُ الْمُعْمُونُ الْمُعْمُونُ الْمُعْمُونُ الْمُعْمُونُ الْمُعْمُونُ ال

過間促促

القرق فَكُونِكِ الْكِنْ الْالْكِنْ الْالْكِيْ الْمَاكِنْ فِيهِ

مَن تَتِ الْعَلَمْ فَن هُو الْمَاكِةُ فَيْ الْمَاكِةُ وَنَ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَمَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَنَ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ ال

- 20 For them who did gross deeds there shall be fiery agony; and, every time they try to rise therefrom they shall be hurled back—(as if) someone had said to them: "Taste ye the agony of fire which ye had so denied!"
- 21 And We shall make them taste minor afflictions even prior to the major final doom, so that, perchance, they may reform.

22 Who, then, does more wrong than he who, despite his being shown the testimony of his Lord, upon it turns his back? We shall surely retribution send upon such ingrates!

3 *** 160

- 23 We Ourself
 gave unto Musa his law—
 have thou no doubt
 about its revelation—
 and made it a guide
 for the Bani Isra'il.
- 24 And We ordained among them teachers who taught by Our command, (only) when they had persevered in faith acknowledging Our signs.
- 25 The Lord alone will judge between them on the day of reckoning in what they differ.
- 26 Will nothing make them see
 how We have destroyed
 the generations
 that preceded them—
 through whose ruins
 they come and go?
 These are, indeed, His signs!
 Why, then, do they not hearken?
- 27 Do they not see how We shower the sterile earth with rain and raise from it the crops which feed their animals and their own kind? Are they blind?!

وَمَنَ اَظْلَمُ مِنْتُنَ فُلْزَرَالِيتِ رَبِّهِ تَكْتَا عُرَضَ عَنْهَا الْآلَامِ اللَّهُجْرِيئِنَ مُنْتَقِئُونَ شَ وَلَقَنَ الْتَيْنَا مُوْسَى الْكِتْبَ فَلَا تَكْنُ فِيْمِنْ رَقِيَةِ مِنْ لِقَالِمِ وَجَعَلْنُهُ هُمَّى لِيَّنَى الْمُلَامِنُ الْقَلْمِ وَجَعَلْنُهُ هُمَّى رَجَعَلْنَا مِنْهُ هُمْ إِلَيْقَيْقَهُ مُونَ مِنْ الْوِيَا لِيَّا مِنْكُونَ اللَّهُ وَكَا لُوْلَ لِيلَائِنَا لِنَّ رَبِّكَ هُونَيْفِ مِنْ الْمُنْكَانِونَ اللَّهِ الْمِلْوَقِينَ فَيْ الْوَيْمَ تَوْفِي لَهُ مُرْكَعًا هُلَالُونِ فِي يَخْتِلُمُونَ فَي الْمِلْمُ

- 28 They ask, "When is this victory to come, if thou doth speak the truth?"
- 29 Say thou:

 "The day of victory, when it doth come, will do no good to those who, (till then), evaded faith, nor shall they then be given reprieve."
- 30 So leave them
 to themselves, and wait—
 they too are only
 playing for time!

*



Sura : $SAB\bar{A}$

hite name of Allahithe Rahman the Rahim

1 *** 161

Befitting is command to Allah!
He to whom
all that is in the heavens
and the earth
belongs.
His rule extendeth
over all eternity:
He is the Wise
the All-informed!

- 2 He is aware of all that sinks into the earth and all that rises from it; all that descendeth from the sky, and all which doth ascend to it: He is all Mercy, all Benevolence!
- 3 These scoffers say,
 "The hour of doom
 is not to come upon us!"
 Say, "No! By the Lord!
 It will surely come upon you...
 He is the Knower
 of the unseen;
 not a mote in heaven or earth
 escapeth Him
 nor is there aught
 smaller or greater than this
 but is accounted for
 within His record manifest
- 4 "So that He may reward those who believe and righteously endeavour. They are the ones for whom awaits appreciation and a gracious livelihood.

مِن وَلاكَ وَلاَآكَ مُنَّ الْدَفْتَكُمُ مُنَّ الْدَفْتَكُمُ مُنْ وَمُنْ الْدَفْتَكُمُ مُنَّالِ فَيْكُولُمُ مُنْ وَكَالَمُ مُنَاوَعَ لِمُوالِمُنْ لِلَّهِ الْمَنْ وَلَمْ الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمِنْ وَلَمْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْفِقِي مِنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ وَلِي الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْفِقِ الْمُنْ الْمُنْفِقِي الْمُنْ الْمُن

則則

المسكونيوالن عَلَمَا فَالْ التَّلَوْتِ وَقَا الْمَالُوتِ وَقَا الْمَالُونِ وَلَهُ الْمَالُونِ وَلَهُ الْمَالُونِ وَلَهُ الْمَالُونِ وَلَهُ الْمَالُونِ وَلَهُ الْمَالُونِ وَمَا يَخْرُهُمُ يَنْهُ الْمَالُونِ وَمَا يَخْرُهُمُ يَنْهُ الْمَالُونِ وَمَا يَخْرُهُمُ يَنْهُمُ الْمَالُونِ وَمَا يَخْرُهُمُ يَنْهُمُ الْمَالُونِ وَمَا يَخْرُهُمُ وَلَا الْمَنْهُمُ وَلَا الْمَالُونِ وَلَا الْمَالُونِ وَلَا فَيْ الْمَالُونِ وَلَا فِي الْمَالُونِ وَلَا الْمَالُونِ وَلَا فِي الْمِنْ وَلَا فَالْمُؤْنِ وَلَا الْمَالُونِ وَلَا فِي الْمِنْ وَلَا الْمَالُونِ وَلَا فِي الْمِنْ وَلَا فِي الْمِنْ وَلَا فِي الْمِنْ الْمَالُونِ وَلِي الْمِنْ وَلِلْمُ الْمَالِمُونِ وَلِي الْمِنْ وَلِي الْمِنْ وَلَا فِي الْمِنْ وَلِي الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ ولِي الْمِنْ وَلِي الْمِنْ وَلَالْمِنْ وَلَانِهُ وَلَا فِي الْمِنْ الْمِنْ وَلَا فِي الْمُؤْمِنُ وَلَا الْمِنْ وَلِي الْمِنْ الْمِنْ وَلَا فِي الْمُؤْمِنُ وَلَا فِي الْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِي الْمُؤْمِنُونِ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِي الْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلَالِمُؤْمِنُونُ وَلَا فِي الْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَلِمُؤْمِنُونُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونُ والْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَلِي فَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ الْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ و

- 5 "But those who strive to nullify Our evidence on them shall be inflicted disgrace and pain."
- 6 And those endowed with knowledge clearly see that what has been bestowed on thee from thy Lord is Truth indeed and guidance right towards the path of Him who is the Sovereign—the One-to-be-obeyed!
- 7 Some of these unbelievers say, "Shall we show you one who prophesies that (even) when you are torn all to pieces ye shall be enlivened as if ye were a new creation?



- 8 "Doth he attribute a lie to Allah or is he but possessed?" Verily, those who give no thought to consequences inevitably shall find themselves grossly led astray!
- 9 Do they not see
 (the forces operating)
 all around them:
 above, below,
 before them and behind them?
 If We but wish
 this earth would cleave apart
 and swallow them.
 Or a bolt, from midst that sky,
 would fall on them!
 These are facts
 to be remembered
 by all those who would serve
 obediently.

10 On Dawud
We bestowed
Our blessings:
"O sturdy Chiefs
and ranks well-disciplined!
Obey ye him!"

And softened We even iron for his use...

- 11 "Make ye plates and coats of mail. . . but act ye righteously for I shall watch you!"
- 12 For Sulaiman

 We subjected the wind:
 a month it blew
 towards the sunrise
 a month to where it set!
 And We made
 to flow for him
 a veritable font
 of molten copper!

Ingenious craftsmen
worked for him
at the bidding of His Lord!
And whoso overlooked
Our laws
We would chide him
with a scorching punishment.

- 13 They made for him what he desired: lofty halls, mighty figures, pans as wide as pools and cauldrons that stood high and firm... 'Work on, O Dawud's children, thankfully..!

 But few among My servants offer gratitude. . .
- 14 When We decreed for him his death, no one made it known except an earthly creature that ate away his staff: and, when he fell, the hordes of workmen realized that if they'd only known before they would not then have borne the burden of incessant, grinding toil.
- 15 Over Saba too
 there lay
 a constant sign (of danger)—
 verdant fields to right and left!
 "Eat of the abundant fruit
 provided by your Lord
 and be grateful to Him...
 a healthful land—
 a mild and kindly Master!"
- 16 But (midst this ease)
 they ignored it!
 We sent upon them
 the flood of 'Arim
 and changed their gardens fair
 in to wilderness
 with only here and there
 the bitter fruit
 of tamarisk and lote!



- 17 That is how We punish those who ignore (the Laws of Allah)!

 Do We ever punish any but the ones who persistently ignore?
- 18 Between the cities
 made opulent by Us
 We placed
 conspicuous hamlets—
 which served as stages visible:
 "Travel ye along these
 night or day in safety!"
- 19 But they said;
 "Our Lord,
 prolong the intervals
 between our journeys."
 They wronged themselves;
 so We made of them legends
 and tore them all to pieces!

Verily, in these are signs of warning for those who would be grateful those who would persevere!

- 20 What *Iblis* had foreclaimed was verified through them: all followed him except a group of (true) believers!
- 21 He had been given
 no claims over them:
 it was only to distinguish
 those who believed
 in consequences
 from those who always doubted...
 Over all things
 thy Lord is guardian!

3 *** 163

22 Say thou, "Invoke then those in whom you put your faith apart from Allah! لقن كان إستان في مستيم التلاية عنائي المتنافرة التلاية المتنافرة التلاية المتنافرة التلاية المتنافرة والتنافرة والتنافر

افترى على الله كذا بالأمريه حِنَّةُ الْكَارِن كَلْمُؤْمِّ وَن الْلَهْرَةِ فَى الله وَالْحَلْلِ الْمِيْنِ ۞ الْمَكَالِ وَالْحَلْلِ الْمِيْنِ ۞ الْمَكَالِ وَالْحَلْلِ الْمِيْنِ ۞ كَالْمُكَانِ اللهُ الْمُعْنِ أَن الْمَكَانُ وَالْمَعْنُ أَن الْمَكَانُ وَالْمَعْنُ أَن الْمَكَانُ وَالْمَكْلِيةُ وَمَكَانَ الْمُكَانِ وَالْمَعْنُ اللهُ الْمُعْنِي ۞ كَمْنَا مَنْ النّكَالُمُ الْمَكَانُ الْمُكَانُ وَالْمَكَالُمُ الْمَكِنَ الْمُكَانُونَ وَالْمَعْنُ اللّهُ الْمُكَانِ وَالْمَعْنُ اللّهُ الْمُكَانُ وَلَا اللّهُ الْمُكَانُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللللللّهُ اللل

They hold no sway over a single particle in the heavens or the earth; nor do they share the governance of either; nor do they even help Him in their governance!"



- 23 No intercession
 shall avail with Him—
 except of those
 whom He allows to intercede.
 But when
 (without intercession
 having played a part)
 their hearts are freed
 from fear,
 they ask (exultantly),
 "What had your Lord proclaimed?"
 Others answer: "The truth!"
 He is Great, Sublime!
- 24 Ask thou,

 "Who provides you
 out of the heavens and the earth?"
 Ask, "Is it not Allah?"

 (Say) "Then both of us
 are either guided right
 or both of us
 are obviously wrong!"
- 25 Say thou:

 "Ye will not be questioned for our sins;
 nor shall we be held responsible for what you do!"
- 26 Say thou:
 "Our Lord
 will gather us
 both together
 and shall judge
 between us:
 True Judge is He,
 He who knoweth all!"
- 27 Say thou:

 "Let us see
 those whom ye join
 with Him
 as partners—
 ye dare not!
 He is all-Sovereignty
 all-Wisdom!"

- 28 And We have not
 sent thee but
 to be a herald
 of glad tidings
 and a warner sufficient
 to all men
 but most men do not know!
- 29 They ask,
 "When is this forecast
 to come true
 if thou art
 'mong the truthful?"
- 30 Answer thou:

 "The time will come for you eventually:
 you cannot postpone it an hour, nor hasten it!"

- 31 These pagans say:

 "We accept neither this revelation nor had we e'er accepted those that preceded it."

 If thou couldst only see these transgressors ranged before their Lord, reproaching one the other!

 The oppressed shall say to those of might:

 "If ye had not barred our way we would have been among the faithful."
- 32 The high ones
 to the low will say:
 "Did we bar your path
 after ye had found your way!
 Nay, it was you who were guilty!"



33 The weak ones
to the strong will cry:
"Cunningly, by night and day
you (constantly)
ordered us about
so that We eschewed Allah
and looked to others
beside Him."
They can only hide their shame
when thus confronted!

We shall put rings round the necks of those who would not bend! Is there any punishment but this for what they did?

- 34 We sent no Warner
 to a people
 but the opulent
 among them said:
 "We challenge that with which
 thou hast been sent!"
- 35 They say: "We have plenty of possessions and progeny: We cannot, therefore, be among the accursed!"
- 36 Say thou:

 "My Lord outspreads or straitens
 (life's) provisions
 for whomsoever He wills;
 but men do not know all!"

5 *** 165

37 Neither your wealth
nor your progeny
will bring you
nearer to Us
by a hair-breadth—
except those who have faith
and behave righteously;
for them is reward twofold
for their deeds—
they alone dwell on high
safe and secure!

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- 38 But those who strive to nullify Our evidence shall be engulfed in punishment!
- 39 Say thou:

 "My Lord outspreads
 (life's) sustenance
 among His servants
 or He restricteth it
 as He wills.
 You spend not aught
 (for Him)
 but He replaceth it:
 He is the supreme Sustainer!"



- 40 When He will gather them together, He will ask His angels:

 "Are these those who used to worship you?"
- 41 They will say:

 "Glory be to Thee!

 Thou art Thyself

 our witness against them!

 Nay, they worshipped
 their own phantasies;
 most of them believed therein!
- 42 So, on that day
 no one shall have
 the power to help
 or harm another;
 and We will say
 to those who had transgressed:
 "Taste ye the fire of agony
 which ye had called a lie!"
- 43 When Our clear evidence is recited unto them, they say:
 "This man is only trying to divert us from the things our fathers worshipped!"
 They say: "This is naught but new-fangled heresy!"
 And (even) when the truth begins to dawn on them these stubborn people say: "This is naught but obvious casuistry!"

- 44 Had We sent to them no code for guidance? Had We, before thee, sent to them no warner?
- 45 ('Tis true that)
 those before them too
 had oft denied:
 but We have not
 yet given these
 a tenth of that
 which We had given them!
 (And yet, already)
 they deny My messages:
 How intense My disgust!

- 46 Say thou:

 "One point, at least,
 I would urge:
 Sit ye, singly or in twos,
 facing Allah
 and consider calmly:
 your fellow citizen
 is not obsessed;
 he is naught
 but one who warns you all
 against the terrible calamity
 that stands before you!
- 47 Say thou:

 "What I ask of you
 is only for your good;
 no recompense is there
 (for me)
 except from Allah
 for He alone
 doth witness all!"

48 Say thou:

"My Lord hath hurled the truth (against all falsehood) for He doth know all that is hidden!"

49 Say thou:

"Truth hath come: illusion will neither rise afresh nor be restored!"

50 Say thou:

"When I am led astray,
I am myself to blame.
But when I am guided right
it is my Lord
who hath inspired me.
He heareth all,
He is always close!"

- 51 Couldst thou have only seen them disillusioned not dead yet but at death's door—
- 52 They will then plead (piteously)
 "O, we do believe therein!"
 But how can one
 fetch back
 an opportunity
 left far behind?!
- 53 How they repudiated it conjecturing from afar!

كَلُوْرَبُونَ يَدِنَى عَنَاكِ شَدِيْهِ ۞

﴿ مَا سَالْتَكُوْرُ فِنَ اَجْ وَقَوْرَ اَحْمُ الْ

﴿ اَنْ اَجْرَى الْاَ عَلَى الْنَةَ وَقُوعَا كُلُّ وَالْحَبْ ﴿

﴿ الْمُحْدُونِ ۞

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54 But there is a veil between themselves and what they long for even as there was for cynics that preceded them—those who were perpetually in doubt!

*

Sura : $F\bar{A}TIR$

m the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 167

Il worship is for Allah!
Creator of
the heavens and the earth,
who imbues his Messengers
with winged inspiration,
two-fold,
three-fold,
four-fold!
Adds He to His revelation
what He wills—
Indeed, o'er all that is
He exerciseth power!

- 2 What Allah
 doth disclose to men,
 through His grace,
 none can withhold;
 and what He keepeth secret
 none can that unfold:
 He is the Sovereign,
 He the Wise!
- 3 O ye people!

 Bear in mind Allah's blessings bestowed on you!

 Is there a Creator, apart from Allah, who feedeth you from (bounties out of) heaven and earth?

 No deity is there but He!

 How then are ye deluded?
- 4 Do they repudiate thee?
 So, indeed, they refuted
 the Messengers before thee!
 But Allah is the final Referee!

2 *** 168

- 5 O ye people!

 Verily, Allah's promise will come true:
 let not the immediate present
 mislead you:
 be ye not deceived
 by this great deceiver!
- 6 The devil is your avowed enemy so fear him as an enemy. He doth invite only to increase his company headed towards destruction.
- 7 Those who will not believe, for them is dire affliction.

 And those who possess faith and endeavour righteously for them is forgiveness and great reward!
- 8 Is he not one
 whose gilded, evil deeds
 seem fair to him?
 That is how Allah
 deceiveth whom He wills
 and guideth whom He wills!
 So, waste thou not thy energy
 in vainly sighing for them.
 Allah knoweth what they fabricate!

3 *** 169

9 Allah it is who sendeth forth the winds which raise the clouds aloft; then We direct them to the parched land enlivening the deadened earth! That is resurrection!



- 10 Would one rise to honour?
 All honour lies with Allah!
 Every word of truth
 raises one to Him;
 every righteous deed
 He doth exalt.
 But those who plot for evil,
 for them is punishment
 and vain will be their plots!
- 11 It is Allah
 who created you from dust;
 then through sperm;
 then made you into sexes;
 no woman doth conceive
 nor gives ye shape
 without His knowledge;
 no man ageth
 nor doth life foreclose
 for any one except
 within His law!
 All this for Allah is facile!
- 12 Nor are the two seas quite alike:
 this one sweet and fresh
 and good to drink;
 this other saltish, bitter!
 And from each
 you get fresh meat
 and ornaments to wear.
 Thou seest boats
 that cleave them with their prows—
 that ye may seek His bounties
 and be grateful.
- 13 Darkness He extracteth
 from light, and light
 He doth extract from darkness—
 He harnesseth the sun, the moon:
 each fulfils
 its prescribed schedule!
 That, that is Allah
 the Lord of Majesty!
 But those on whom ye call,
 apart from Him:
 Not on one shred of husk
 do they hold power!

سَكَا الْكُنْ عَنْ الْوَالْ اللهِ عَنْ عِنْ الْحَيْفِينَا فِي الْمُلْكِنْ الْمَلْلُونَ الْمُلْفِقِ الْمُلْفِقِ الْمُلْفِقِ الْمُلْفِقِ الْمُلْفِقِينَا الْمُلْفِقِ الْمُلْفِقِينَا الْمُلْفِينَا الْمُلْفِقِينَا الْمُلْفِينَا الْمُلْفِينَا الْمُلْفِينَا الْمُلْفِقِينَا الْمُلْفِقِينَا الْمُلْفِقِينَا الْمُلْفِقِينَا الْمُلْفِينَا ال

調問

14 When ye invoke them
they cannot hear your prayers,
and, if they hear,
they cannot grant your prayers!
Upon the day of dire need
they will disown you.
No one can instruct thee
like the One
who knoweth all.

- 15 O ye people!

 It is you who have the need to beg of Allah,
 while Allah, He is Rich!
 Deserving of obeisance!
- 16 If He wished, you could be swept aside yielding place to new creation.
- 17 That would matter little to Him who holds all sway!
- 18 No substitute can bear another's burden in the end! And if one, heavy-loaded were to ask for help no fraction of his load can be borne by someone else even though he be his kinsman. But thou canst only warn those who fear their Lord in (the) secret (recess of their hearts)those who are awake to their own duties! Verily, he who aims at purity doth purify his self alone. Towards Allah is the destined end.
- 19 The blind, and those who see, can never equal be.
- 20 Nor can darkness be equivalent to light.
- 21 Nor is (chilly) shade like (warm) sunlight.
- 22 Nor are those alive
 the same as those
 who're dead.
 It is Allah who can make
 those, whom He wills,
 to hear!
 Thou canst not make those
 who are in their graves
 to hear!

- 23 Thou art not but one who warns!
- 24 We have in truth, sent thee as a herald of glad tidings and a warner; no people ever were without a warner.
- 25 If they repudiate thee,
 did they so refute
 those who preceded thee.
 There came to them
 so many Messengers
 with ample evidence,
 with lucid presentation
 and with clear codes.
- 26 Then I gripped such unbelievers!

 How (exemplary) was My sentence!

- 27 Dost not one see that it is Allah
 who sends down rain from heaven?
 We then raise produce
 various in hues.
 And in the mountains, too,
 are streaks
 of different colours—
 white and red or
 mixed in colour—
 some of rayen black.
- 28 Likewise, among men
 and beasts and cattle
 colours and complexions vary:
 Verily, only those
 among His servants,
 who have knowledge,
 are in awe of Allah!
 He is Mighty
 (also) All-forgiving.
- 29 Those who (strive to) read the laws of Allah, who stand fast to their duties and magnanimously spend, secretly and openly,



from that which We have bestowed on them, these have indeed, embarked upon an enterprise which cannot fail.

- 30 He will repay them their due wage and add to it His bounty for He is the Considerate, the Acknowledger of deeds.
- 31 That which We have now revealed to thee is Truth, corroborated by what is before thee. Verily, Allah of His servants, is Aware, Observant.
- 32 Then We made the Book the heritage of those whom We had chosen among Our servants; but, midst them are some who wrong themselves (by being negligent) some who tread the middle path and others vet who vie among themselves in righteous action. By the grace of Allah! That is the greatest virtue.
- 33 In glades of peace they'll find themselves adorned with jewelry of gold and pearls their garments there shall be of silk.
- 34 They shall murmur: "Thanks be to Allah who hath unburdend us of grief. Verily, our Lord is Gracious, Acknowledger of deeds!
- 35 "He who hath bestowed on us, out of His bounty, this lasting place wherein there is neither toil nor weariness.

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ وَالدَّوْآتِ وَ الْإِنْعَامِ مُخْتَلِفُ ٱلْوَانُهُ كَذَٰ لِكَ إِنَّا كُنَّا لِمُنَّا يَخْتُى اللَّهُ مِنْ عِبَادِ بِالْعُكَمَةُ ۚ أَوْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَزِيْزٌ الصَّلُونَةُ وَٱنْفَقَةُ امِتَارُزَقُنْهُمْ سِرًّا وَّ عَلَانِكُةُ يُرْجُونَ عِجَارَةٌ لَكُنْ تَبُورَ ﴿ لِيُوتِيهُمُ أَجُورُهُ مِ وَيَرِيدُهُ مِنْ فَصَلِهُ

Fatir

وَالْحَاشِ الْمُصَدُّونَ وَمَايَسْتُوى الْأَعْلَى وَالْبَصِيرُ فَ وَلَا الْقُلُلْتُ وَلَا النُّورُ فِي وَلَا الظُّلُّ وَلَا الْحَرُورُ لَ وكاكشته والخشأة ولاالكم الشاق اللهُ يُسْفِعُ مِنْ يَشَاءُ وَمَا أَنْتَ بِمُسْمِعِ انُأنُتُ الْأَنْنُ رُّسُ نَدْتُ الَّذِينَ كَفَيُ وَاقْكُفُ كَانَ

K 10

36 But they who compromise with falsehood for them there is unending, scorching miserythey neither die nor do their troubles cease. That is how We punish infidels!



37 They moan:

"Our Lord, let us return! We shall do good deeds—
not the deeds we used to do."
"Did We not provide
ample opportunity,
for those who would,
to mend?
There even came to you
a Warner!
Continue then to suffer!
For those who would
continue to transgress,
there is (now) no help."

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- 38 Verily, He is the Knower of the hidden in the heavens and the earth. He also knows the secrets of men's hearts
- 39 It is He who has made you
 (O, ye mankind)
 Vicegerents on the earth:
 so he who keeps to unbelief
 doth so only to his cost;
 their unbelief only doth enhance
 the abhorrence of their Lord;
 their unbelief can only bring
 the unbelievers
 to their grievous loss.

40 Say thou:

"Have ye really thought upon these deities whom ye invoke apart from Allah, Show me, what have they created on earth what share have they in the (ordering of the) heavens? Have We bestowed on them a revelation on which they base their claims? No! these transgressors fool each other only with delusions.

41 It is Allah who prevents
the heavens and the earth
from dissolution,
for if they were once dissolved
there would be no one to
resuscitate them afterwards.
Verily, He is unperturbed
and oft-Forgiving

- 42 They swore by Allah solemnly that if a Warner were to come to them they would heed his guidance more than others.

 But when a Warner came to them nothing increased except their recoil.
- 43 Conceited arrogance
 and cunning subterfuge
 entangle none
 except their authors!
 What do they then expect
 except the justice which
 their predecessors met?
 In Allah's justice
 there is never change
 In Allah's justice
 there never is postponement.
- 44 Do they not sojourn in the land and themselves see what was the end of those before them even though they were far more mighty? No, there is not a thing in heaven and earth that can hinder Allah! He is Omniscient, Omnipotent!
- 45 If Allah were to punish men as they deserved there would be left (upon this earth) no creature that could crawl! But He bears with them for an appointed time. And when that time expires: Allah surely knows who are His servants.

*

٥٢ المُمَوّا والْهَ عَلَىٰ الْمَالِهُ مُلَاكِيْنُ الْهُ حُلَىٰ مِنْ وَكَوْلُكُونُنَّ الْهُ الْحَكَٰنُ الْمَاكِنُ الْمَالِمُ الْمَاكِنُ الْمَاكِنُ الْمَاكِنُ الْمَاكِنُ اللّهِ الْمَالِمُ الْمَاكِنُ اللّهُ الْمَاكِنُ اللّهُ الْمَاكِنُ اللّهُ الْمَاكِنُ اللّهُ الْمَاكِنُ اللّهُ الْمَاكِنُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

وهُمُويَضِعَلِخُون فِيمَا أَرَبِنَا آخُرِضِنَا الْمُوْمِضَا الْمُوْرِضِنَا آخُرِضِنَا الْمُوْمِنَا آخُرِضِنَا الْمُوْرِضَا الْمُورِقَةُ قَالِمَنْ أَرَاكُو الْمُؤْمِنَّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُلِمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيقُونِيقُومِ الْمُؤْمِنِيقُومِ الْمُومُ الْمُؤْمِيقُومِ الْمُؤْمِيقُومِ الْمُؤْمِورُمِيقُومِ الْمُؤْم



SURA: YĀ SIN

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 174

YA! SIN! (O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 The wisdom of the Qur'an is itself evidence:
- 3 Thou art among the Apostles.
- 4 On the right road!
- 5 (And this is) Revelation conveyed from Him who is Mighty and Benevolent,
- 6 That thou mayest warn a people whose forefathers had ne'er been warned, and who are, therefore, heedless!

2 *** 175

- 7 Retributive justice has o'ertaken most of them (that is why) they cannot now believe:
- 8 We have put rings round their necks upto their very chins; they cannot, therefore, bend!
- 9 We have set curtains in front of them, curtains behind them and We have covered them from above: so that they nothing see!
- 10 It is all the same for them:
 thou warn them or not warn them—
 they will not believe!

- 11 Thou canst only influence him who needs advice and fears the *Rahman* within his heart; convey to such as these the tidings of forgiveness and magnanimous reward!
- 12 It is We
 who shall wake these dead!
 We note their antecedents
 and their influences:
 all things We record
 on a clear seal!

- 13 Face them with the example of the peoples of the town to which came messengers:
- 14 When We sent two of them they spurned them outright. Then We enhanced them with a third. They said: "We have been sent to you as Messengers."
- 15 They said:

 "But ye are naught
 but men like us;
 and the Rahman
 sends down no such thing—
 ye are naught, but liars!
- 16 They said: "Our Lord is witness, we have been sent as Messengers.
- 17 "But 'tis for us to do no more than warn you plainly."

- 18 They said: "We augur ill of you! If ye desist not, we shall certainly stone you and ye shall meet from us grievous punishment!
- 19 They said:
 "The evil you forebode is with you now!
 Will ye not, even so, take heed?
 What a recalcitrant group you are!"
- 20 Then came from the outskirts of the town a man laboriously.He said, "O people, pay ye heed to these envoys.
- 21 "Pay ye heed to these who ask of you no fee and are themselves enlightened.
- 22 "Why should I not serve Him who me created and the One to whom all must return?
- 23 "Shall I take beside Him other deities? If the Rahman were Himself to inflict evil on me they could neither intercede nor intercept.
- 24 "I would then, indeed, be in groping error!
- 25 "(Messengers!), I accept your Lord. (O my people!) Heed ye them!"
- 26 (At his demise) it was said:"Enter thou the glades of peace!"He said:"O would that my people knew
- 27 "How my Lord had favoured me and put me 'mong the blest!"

كَ الْقُوْانِ الْعُكِينِهِ (أَنْ اللهُ الْعُلَيْهِ (أَنَّ اللهُ ال

نَّلَ آكُ تُرْهِيمُونَهُمُ الْأَ بَلِّ آكُ تُرْهِيمُونَهُمُ الْأَنْ فَالِهُ مَلِّ الْمُؤْدِّ بَلِّ آنَ تُوْمُوا تَقْمُ الْمُرِينَةُ وَهُ وَهِمُ آغُلُالا نِهِمَ إِلَى اللَّهِ مِنْ الْمُؤْمِلِينَ وَاللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ وَالْهِمُ آغُلُلا نِهِمَ إِلَى اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ

الْنَّهُ وَامَّنُ لِاَيْنَاكُوْ الْجُرَّا وَهُمْ مُنْتَكُدُونَ۞ وَمَا لِيَ لَاَاعُنُهُ النَّهُ وَمَعْلَا فَا مَلْكِهِ

وەرى رەعبىلىرىنى ھىرى دىيە ئۇنچۇرى ﴿ مَاتَخِدْنُ مِنْدُونِةِ الْلِمَةَ اِلْنَائِدُونِ الرَّحْدُنُ رِنْعَةٍ لِآلَائْدِنَ عَنْنَ شَمَائَعُمُّمُ شَيْغًا دَلْائِمُنِوْلُدُونِ ﴿

ڔڡڔۘڔڐ؈ڝڛؠڽڽ؈ ٳؽٚٲڡؙڹؙڎؙؠڔؾڴٷٵۺؙٷ؈ؚۿ ؿؽڶٳۮڂڶٳڶڮؾؘڎٵڶڶڵؾػٷؽؽ

بِمَاعَصْ لِي رَبِي وَجِعْلَقِي مُرْتِلِكُونِيَ وَمَا أَنْزُلْنَا عَلَى فُولِهِ مِنْ بَعْدِيهُ مِنْ خُذِي مِّنَ النَّمَا يُومَا لَكُنَا مُنْزِلِيْنَ وَرَجَارِيْهُ الْهُمَارِيُّهُ مَا النَّجَارِيْنَ هِ

ڝٷڡٷڰ ڮۼؙٮٞۯٷٞۼڶٲڵۼؠٵڐؚۧڡٵؽٳ۫۫ڗؽٷٟۿڞۣڽ ڗڛؙٛۏڸٳڰٚػٲٷؙٳۑؠؽٮۜؿۿڕ۫ٷؽ۞ الكَّهُ لَمِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ فَيْ

اللَّهُ لَمِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ فَيْ

عَلَيْ مِنَا الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ فَيْ

عَلَيْ مِنَا الْحَرْيُ الْحَرْيُولِ الْحَدْيُونِ فَيْ

عَلَيْ لَوْنَ مَنَا فَعَلَمُ الْمَالَقُولُ مَنَا الْمُنْ رَا الْكَلَّمُ مُوْمُرُهُمُ لَالْمُونُ وَكُمْ الْمَالُونُ مِنَا الْمَوْنَ وَعَلَيْهُمُ الْمَالُونُ مِنَا الْمُنْ وَمُحْمُلُهُ الْمُنْ وَمُحْمُلُهُ الْمَالُونُ مِنَا الْمُنْ وَمُحْمُلُهُ الْمَالُونُ مِنَا اللَّهُ وَمَالُونُ مِنَا اللَّهُ وَمَعْلَمُ مُونَ وَهِ مَنَا اللَّهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ اللَّهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ اللَّهُ وَمَعْلَمُ مُنْ اللَّهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ اللَّهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ اللَّهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ اللَّهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ اللَّهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ اللَّهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ وَمُحْمُلُهُ وَالْمُنْونُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمُعْمَلُهُ وَالْمُنْوِلُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ وَمُعْمَلُهُ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْفِقُ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْفِقُولُونُ الْمُنْ اللْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْفُولُونُ الْمُنْ الْم

الرَّحْنُ مِنْ ثَنَىُ الْآنَ ٱنْتَمُ الْآنَكُانِ بُوْنُ

- 28 When he was gone
 We sent no troops from heaven;
 We never send down these!
- 29 There was no more than just one shrieking blast and they had ceased to be...
- 30 O miserable servants Mine! No Messenger doth come to them but that at him they scorn and scoff!



- 31 Do they not see how We annihilated preceding generations (because) they would not turn?
- 32 But each and every one shall be arraigned before Us!

- 33 A sign for them
 is the soil that was dead:
 We rejuvenated it
 and drew therefrom
 the grain
 which they do eat.
- 34 We raise thereon groves of date and vineyards; and from it bubble springs.
- 35 They eat its fruits
 with little manual toil:
 why then are they not grateful?
- 36 Glory be to Allah
 who creates in pairs
 all that comes forth
 from the earth
 and of themselves
 and what they do not know.
- 37 A sign for them is the night: We take away the light, and lo! they are in darkness!
- 38 The sun revolves
 conforming to a schedule
 fixed for it
 such is (its function
 as) decreed
 by One who rules,
 the One who knows!
- 39 The moon:

 We have decreed for it stages (for its journey) till it returns bent like a withered twig!

- 40 The sun is not allowed to overtake the moon nor does the night outpace the day; each glides along obediently in space.
- 41 Another sign for them: for ages We have carried their predecessors in laden barks.
- 42 And for them

 We have evolved

 new types on which
 they ride (the seas)!
- 43 If We will, We drown them; then there cometh from them not a sound nor is there one to help!
- 44 Except through mercy from Us and unless We wish to spare them for a while;
- 45 In that case
 they are given timely warning:
 "Pay heed to that
 which faces you and that
 which lies behind you
 if you would be
 among the saved!"
- 46 But to them no warning comes from the warnings of their Lord but they evade the issue!
- 47 When it is hinted to them:

 "Spend ye on others
 from that which
 Allah hath provided you;"
 the unbelievers say
 to those of faith:

 "Shall we feed those
 whom Allah too could feed
 if He but wished?
 Ye are, surely, quite misled!"



- 48 And they ask:
 "When is all this due
 if what you say is true?"
- 49 They wait for naught but one single blast which can envelop them while they are still engaged in quibbling!
- 50 They will not be spared the time to make bequest nor even to return to their own kind!

- 51 A trumpet as of doom doth sound and lo, as if long dead, they waken to their Lord:
- 52 They'll wail and cry:

 "Woe unto us!

 Who hath startled us
 from our beds of rest!

 Ah, this is what
 the Rahman had himself
 warned us of!
 His Messengers
 were true indeed!"
- 53 Nothing but a single blast and lo, they're gathered in Our presence.
- 54 On that day
 no wrong shall be done to you
 nor punished shall ye be
 but for your actual deeds.
- 55 The aspirants of heaven on that day engage in quiet pursuits.
- 56 They and their kindred resting peacefully in shaded glades.

بالكنمض وحن أكفشهيرة

- 57 For them are fruits and whatsoever else they need.
- 58 "Peace! Peace!"

 And blessedness

 from their benevolent Lord!

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59 "From these, stand ye apart! Ye sinners!

- 60 "Did I not warn you,
 O ye Adam's progeny:
 obey not Shaitan
 who is your inveterate enemy?
- 61 "Instead, serve Me! for therein lies your true and correct destiny!
- 62 "But he has led astray a greater part of you: could you not exercise your own intelligence?
- 63 "This is the hell of which you had been warned!
- 64 "Wallow ye now in what ye had denied!"
- 65 Upon their faces on that day
 We shall make the brands appear.
 Their hands will speak
 before Us!
 Their feet shall witness bear
 to what they had been engaged in!
- 66 Had it been Our will

 We could have (even now)
 blotted out their eyes—
 headlong they would rush
 towards the path (of doom)!
 But, then, how would they
 see (their error)?
- 67 Had it been Our will

 We could deprive them
 of their power to move!

 But, how would they
 then retrace their steps?
- 68 Those whose life-span
 We prolong,
 We shrivel up their powers:
 will they not then foresee?

- 69 We have not taught him minstrelsy; nor is it worthy of him; this is nothing but a thought-provoking discourse on things manifest,
- 70 Provoking thought in those who are alive and proving truth to unbelievers.
- 71 Do they not see that midst Our handiwork it is We who have created the cattle owned by them?
- 72 We have subjected them to their will: some carry for them, on others they do feed.
- 73 They bring them profits and provide them (milk to) drink. Will they not be grateful?
- 74 And still they continue to invoke deities apart from Allah hoping for their help!
- 75 They do not have the power to help them:
 abjectly they are all arrayed before Us.
- 76 So, let not what they say depress thee:
 We are all-aware of what they hide and what they openly declare!
- 77 Doth Man not realize that We have made him out of mere sperm? And yet, he stands forth as Our adversary!



- 78 And sets for Us conundrums forgetting his own origin! He asks: "Who can bring back life to bones that are decayed?"
- 79 Tell them:
 "He will bring back life to them who gave them first their origin!
 He knoweth all the arts of creation!
- 80 He who makes a (once) green plant yield sparks for you from which you kindle your own fires.
- 81 Is not He
 who did originally create
 the heavens and the earth
 capable
 of making their facsimilies?
 O certainly!
 He is the great Creator
 who knoweth every thing!
- 82 When He intends a thing to be: He willeth; "BE!" and, so, it IS!

يَا كُلُونَ ۞

وَاتَحَدُّوْا مِن وُدُونِ اللّهِ الْاَدْتِيْلُونِ ۗ

وَاتَحَدُّوْا مِن وُدُونِ اللهِ اللّهَ الْعَلَمُونِ وَمَنَا إِلَيْ الْاَدْتِيْلُونِ ۗ

يَعْمَلُونَ ۞

لاَيْسَتَعِلْمُعُونَ تَعَامُهُ مُودُهُ مُولَكُمُ مُن الْمَنْ عَلَمُونِ اللّهِ اللّهَ الْعَلَمُ اللّهُ وَمَن اللّهُ عَلَمُ وَهُمُ وَلَمُعُولُونَ ۞

وَمَا يَعْلَمُونَ ۞

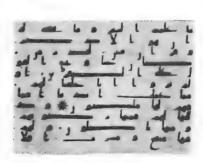
وَمَا يَعْلَمُونَ ۞

وَمَا يَعْلَمُ مُن اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مِن اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَمَ اللّهُ اللهُ ا

المُواعَهَنُ الكِنُهُ المِنْ الْوَمَانُ لَا تَعْبُرُ واالشَّيْطُنَ الْعَلَا الْحَمْدُمُ وَقَا الْمَعْدُمُ وَالْمَعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعِلَمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعِمُومُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعِمُومُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْدُمُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعِمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعِمُومُ والْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعُمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُومُ وَالْمُعْمُمُ وَالْمُع

83 Glory be to Him in whose hands lies all the cosmic power towards Him will all of ye proceed...







SURA: ŞAFFĀT

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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See ye: those who worship ranged in ranks;

- 2 Those who calmly preach restraint;
- 3 Those who chant admonition:
- 4 Verily, O verily, the Deity of all of you is One!
- 5 The Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between the Lord (accepted) of all the East!
- 6 We have, indeed, adorned the nearer heaven with some planets,
- 7 But safe are they from these soothsaying devils!
- 8 No message from celestial spheres doth reach their straining ears: futility doth face them on all sides.
- 9 Rejected thus, they are perpetually perplexed.
- 10 Except a few, who by chance, steal a piece of truth and are pursued by flaming darts!
- 11 Ask them:
 Are they more difficult to create than (what they've watched of)
 Our creation?
 From sticky soil
 We have evolved them!

- 12 Well might thou wonder at their stubbornness:
- 13 When warned, they pay no heed;
- 14 When examples are placed before their eyes they cover them with ridicule,
- 15 And say, "These are nothing but palpable illusions!
- 16 "What! when we're dead and turned to dust and bones shall we still become a living people?
- 17 "And what about our forefathers of old?"
- 18 Say thou:
 "Yes, to your disgrace!"
- 18 This is but one call of caution but they are scared!
- 20 They say:
 "O, woe to us,
 this is the day
 of reckoning!"
- 21 (No!) This is the day of sentence, which ye denied!

- 22 Round up those transgressors, their mates, and those they worshipped
- 23 Beside Allah; lead them to the path of hell!



- 24 Halt them!

 They are to be questioned:
- 25 "What is the matter with you that ye now abet not one another?"
- 26 Ah! today they are submissive!
- 27 Some face others questioningly.
- 28 They ask:
 "Was it not you
 who influenced us?"
- 29 They answer:
 "Ye were by yourselves incapable of faith;
- 30 "We had no authority o'er you; ye were yourselves rebellious!
- 31 "So, just is the sentence of Our Lord; We ourselves now realize.
- 32 "We misled you only because we were ourselves astray!"
- 33 And thus they share their days of woe.
- 34 And thus We deal with those who transgress.
- 35 When they were told:
 "No deity is there
 but the Deity,"
 they had disdained!
- 36 They had said:

 "Shall we forsake our deities
 because a balladmonger mad
 (has told us to)?"

وَكَالْوَالِيَكِنَا هَذَا الْوَكَ كُلْمَةُ بِهِ

هَذَا الْوَالِيَكِنَا هَذَا الْوَكَ كُلْمَةُ بِهِ

الْكَيْدُونَ فَ

عَالْوَالِيَكِنَا فَلَكُوا وَازَوَا تُحْمُونَا

عَالْوَالِيَكِنَّا فَلَكُوا وَازَوَا تُحْمُونَا

عَالْوَالِيَكِنَّا فَلَكُوا وَازَوَا تَحْمُونَا فَلَكُوا وَازَوَا تَحْمُونَا فَلَكُوا وَازَوَا تَحْمُونَا فَلَكُوا وَالْعَلَمُ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ وَلَيْ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُولِينَ وَالْمُؤْونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُولِينَ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُولِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤُمُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِولِونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُولُومُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُومُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُومُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُومُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْ

別別門

والضّفَ عَنِ صَفًّا ﴿

وَالْشَفْتِ صَفًّا ﴿

وَالْمُ كَفَّلُوا ﴿

وَالْمُ كَفَّلُوا ﴿

وَالْمُ كَفَّلُوا ﴿

وَالْمُ الْمُعْلِينَ وَالْرَضِ وَمَالِينَهُمْ اوَ

وَالْمُ الْمُعْلِينِ وَالْرَضِ وَمَالِينَهُمْ اوَ

وَعِفْظُ امِنْ عُلِي الْمُؤْلِقِينِ وَالْمَالِينِ وَهُو اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللللّهُ ا

- 37 Nay! He had come with truth; he but confirmed the Messengers (preceding him).
- 38 Taste ye then the dire punishment.
- 39 Your deserts are no more than ye deserve for what ye did.
- 40 But those who served Allah with sincerity—



- 41 For them awaits a bountiful repast:
- 42 Fruits (of their labours): favours, dignity,
- 43 Abodes of comfort:
- 44 Communion, 'midst the honoured.
- 45 Passed around among them crystal glasses
- 46 Holding limpid drinks that clarify the minds of those who drink.
- 47 No headiness therein, nor does it put them out of their senses.
- 48 Beside them large eyed women, modest, chaste,
- 49 Like pearls inset in jewelry...

- 50 Some face others conversationally:
- 51 One of them asks another: "I had a neighbour
- 52 "Who was wont to ask,
 'Art thou amongst the ones
 who do believe
- 53 'That howsoever dead and dust and bones we may be now, we shall be, nonetheless, reunified?'''
- 54 The other says:
 "Wouldst thou search?"

- 55 He searches: lo! he sees him in utter misery!
- 56 And he says,
 "By Allah!
 Thou hadst well-nigh
 made me also outcaste!
- 57 "If it had not been for Allah's grace, I too would have been among the punished!
- 58 "Dost thou still contend that we die not
- 59 "Except once and that there is no further punishment?
- 60 "(Didst thou not say:)

 'Life offers pleasures great
- 61 "And that it is for them that strivers strive?"
- 62 "(Now tell me)
 Which is better:
 those pleasures
 or this bitter desert fare?"
- 63 For We have made the zaqqum tree for those who stray...
- 64 It is a plant that springs from desert heat—
- 65 Its fruits like devil's skulls;
- 66 Therefrom they eat to quench their hunger,
- 67 And assuage their thirst with its sour sap;
- 68 Returning once again to their hot abode—

- 69 They had found their fathers straying:
- 70 Hence they had headlong followed them...
- 71 Many had thus gone astray before them:
- 72 We had sent them Warners:
- 73 See thou the fate of those who were warned in vain!
- 74 And (in contrast with that of) those who strove for Allah in sincerity—

- 75 Nuh called to Us, who best respond to prayers.
- 76 We rescued him from dire distress
- 77 And We gave him descendants that still survive
- 78 We leave them to posterity

79 Honoured be Nuh among all communities.

80 Thus, indeed, do We reward those who do good deeds!

He was, verily,

81 He was, verily, among Our faithful servants!

- 82 The rest We drowned (in due oblivion).
- 83 Of his ilk was Ibrahim
- 84 Who served his Lord with simple earnestness

النه المناكاة دُوُهُونُ الشَّيْطِيْنِ ﴿
الْمُهُونَ ﴿
الْمُهُونَ ﴿
الْمُهُونَ ﴿
الْمُهُونَ الْمُعَالِمُونَ وَهُمَا الْمَعْلَونَ وَهُمُ الْمُعْلَقِينَ ﴿
الْمُهُونَ الْمُعْمَمِ الْمُعْلَقِينَ ﴿
الْمُهُونَ الْمُعْمَمُ الْمُعْلَقِينَ ﴿
الْمُهُونَ الْمُعْمَمِ الْمُعْمَمِينَ الْمَعْمَمِينَ وَقَلَ وَالْمَعْمَمُ الْمُعْمَلِينَ وَقَلَ وَالْمَعْمَمُ الْمُعْمَمُ الْمُعْمَلِقِينَ ﴿
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ادلاك المردر في تعلوه في في الموالة المردر في تعلوه في في خير التجاهد في خير الموالة المردر في تعلوه في في خير التجاهد في خير

- 85 Harangued he
 his father and his people:
 "What is this ye worship?
- 86 "This monstrosity!
 Would ye set up this as deity
 beside the Deity?
- 87 "What a conception have ye of the Lord of all peoples?!"
- 88 He looked up to the heavens (helplessly),
- 89 And muttered: "O, I am sick!"



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- 90 So they turned their backs on him.
- 91 But he
 approached their idols:
 (Coaxingly) he whispered:
 "Will ye not eat
 the offerings before you?
- 92 "What is the matter with you that ye do not speak?"
- 93 He smote them with a blow right earnest...
- 94 They turned towards him and approached in anger...
- 95 He asked:
 "Would ye worship
 that which ye (yourselves)
 have shaped
- 96 "Instead of Allah who created you and what ye shape?"
- 97 They shouted:
 "Bind him stiff!
 Fling him
 to the (desert) heat!!"
- 98 Despite what they wished We made them all discomfited!
- 99 He mused:
 "I am a seeker
 of my Lord:
 He will guide me...
- 100 "O my Lord! Grant me Thou a wholesome one..."
- 101 In time, We gladdened him with a thoughtful son...

- 102 And when,
 brought up in his care,
 he reached manhood—
 he said, "O my son,
 I have been dreaming
 that I'm sacrificing thee:
 what dost thou think of it?"
 He answered, "O my father!
 Do as thou art bid!
 Thou shalt find me,
 by Allah's will,
 among the resolute!"
- 103 When they had mutually resigned themselves (to Allah's will) and he (in gratitude) threw himself upon his forehead...
- 104 We called to him, "O Ibrahim!"
- 105 "Well hast thou now fulfilled thy dream!

 This is how, indeed,

 We do reward the gracious.
- 106 This was naught but open trial..."
- 107 We compensated him with the Mighty Sacrifice (which annually commemorates his deed).
- 108 And made of him a heritage for posterity!
- 109 Honoured be Ibrahim'.
- This is how
 We do reward
 the gracious.
- 111 Verily he was among Our faithful servants.



112 We blessed him with Ishaq, a seer among the righteous

113 And exalted We him and Ishaq: but, among their progeny there are, apparently, some who're gracious, others who do wrong themselves...

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114 Likewise, We showered blessings on Musa and Harun

115 And rescued them and their people from dire affliction.

116 We helped them till they were victorious.

117 We gave them the Law which makes things clear,

118 And guided them to the path secure,

119 And made of them a heritage for posterity.

120 Honoured be Musa

and Harun

This is how
We do reward
the gracious.

122 Verily they were among Our faithful servants

123 So also was *Ilyas* among Our envoys.

124 When he said to his people, "Will ye pay no heed? سَلُوْعَلَى الزهيهُمَ ۞

الذَّهِ عَلَى الزهيهُمَ ۞

الخَيْعِنَى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ۞

وَبَكْنَ وَعَلَى الْمُعْنَ يَبِيَّا فِنَ الْمُعْلِيْنِ

وَبَكْنَ وَعَلَى الْمُعْنَ يَبِيَّا فِنَ وَمُن الْمُعْلِينِ

وَبَكْنَ مُمَنَّ عَلَيْهِ وَعَلَى الْمُعْنَى وَهُو وَن وَقَيْبَهِمُ وَمُونِينَ ۞

وَتَعَمُّونَهُ وَوَعَمُنا مِن الْمُونِينَ ۞

وَتَعَمُّونَهُ وَوَعَمُنا مِن الْمُونِينِ وَهُو وَن ۞

وَتَعَمُّونَهُ وَمُونَا وَالْمُنْسِينِ وَهُو وَن ۞

وَتَعَمُّونَ مُن الْمُونِينِ ۞

وَتَعَمُّونَ الْمُنْسِينِ وَالْمُونِينِ ۞

وَتَكُنُ الْمُنْسِينِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَتَكُنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَتَكُنُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَتَكُنُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَتَكُنُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَمْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَكُنْ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَكُنُ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَمْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَكُنُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَمْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَكُنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَكُنُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَكُنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَكُنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَلَمْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَمُثِلُنَا عَلَيْهِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

وَمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُومِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُ

تَوَوَّنَاعَنَهُ مُمْنِينِينَ ۞

مَالَكُوْكُوْنَاعَنَهُ مُمْنِينِينَ ۞

مَالَكُوْكَةَ لَلْهُوْنَ ۞

مَالَكُوْكَة لَمْنِينِوْنَ ۞

مَالَكُوْكَة لَمْنِينِوْنَ ۞

مَالَكُوْكَة لَمْنِينِوْنَ ۞

مَالَكُوْكَة لَمْنِينِوْنَ ۞

مَالَكُوْكَة لَمْنِينَا مَالَكُومُونَ ۞

مَالَا الْمُوْلِكُونَ مَا تَحْمَلُونَ ۞

مَالَوْنَ الْمُنْ الْمُحْمَلُونَ ۞

مَالَوْنَ الْمُنْ الْمُحْمَلُونَ ﴾

مَالَوْنَ الْمُنْ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ ﴿

مَالَوْنَ الْمُنْ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ ﴿

مَالَوْنَ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُحْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُعْمُلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفُونَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُنْفُونَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُنْفِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ الْمُنِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَا الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَا الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَا الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِينَا الْمُنْفِقِينَا الْمُن

125 "Ye invoke Ba'l and forsake the best of all Creators,

126 "Allah is your Lord, the Lord of your forefathers of old."

127 They repudiated him and, therefore, were arraigned:

128 Except Allah's servants true.

129 We made of him a heritage for posterity.

Honoured be Ilyas

130

131

This is how We do reward the gracious.

132

Verily, he was among Our faithful servants

- 133 Lut too was among the Envoys:
- 134 We rescued him and all his kin
- 135 Except a woman elderly who was reluctant.
- 136 Then We destroyed the lingerers.
- 137 Ye still pass by their ruins, morn
- 138 And evening—
 will ye not understand?

- 139 So also was Yunus among the Envoys:
- 140 Lo! he stowed himself within an overloaded bark:
- 141 Lots were cast and he was doomed.
- 142 So the sea did swallow him, and, condemned was he,
- 143 Had it not been that he was 'mong the best of swimmers,
- 144 He would have tarried in its bosom till the day of rising!

- 145 We cast him on a lonely shore and he was sick—
- 146 We grew for him a plant among the gourds.
- 147 We sent him to a people hundred thousand strong or more.
- 148 When they believed, We made them flourish for a time.
- 149 Cross-question them:
 Why should thy Lord
 choose daughters
 while sons they choose?
- 150 Have We made our agents females, have they seen them?
- 151 And, do they not themselves invent the term,
- 152 'The son of Allah' and, thereby, lie?
- 153 But did he not
 (as ye just said)
 prefer daughters
 over sons?
- 154 What is the matter with you: how ye contradict yourselves!
- 155 Will ye never stop and think?
- 156 If ye have any solid grounds for your beliefs
- 157 Then bring ye forth your evidence if ye are honest!



- 158 Descent from Him
 they do ascribe
 to genii
 although the genii themselves,
 if they but knew,
 would plead their innocence!
- 159 Glory be to Allah! How they mislead (all)
- 160 Except Allah's servants true-
- 161 For neither you nor those ye serve
- 162 Can be seducers to them!
- 163 Except, (perhaps), for those already prone to go to hell!
- 164 There is none amongst us but he knows his place.
- 165 Indeed, we work in groups
- 166 To render him obeisance.
- 167 And some (among these infidels) there are who say:
- 168 "If only these ideas had come to us from our own forefathers
- 169 "We too would now have been among the sincere servants."
- 170 And (on such flimsy self deception) they themselves reject what comes to them!

 But soon, they too shall come to realize!

مَالَكُمْ مُدِفَ عَلَمُونَ ۞

أَمُرَاكُمُ مُدِفَ عَلَمُونَ ۞

أَمُرَاكُمُ مُلْفَنَ مُحَمِّدُنَ ۞

عَلَمْ المَّكُمُ لَمْ الْكُمْ مُدُونَ ۞

عَلَمْ المِحْمَلُمُ الْكُمْ الْكُمْ مُدِونِينَ ۞

عَلَمْ الْجِهَا اللَّهِ الْمُحْمَلُمُ مُودِينَ ۞

عَلَمْ اللَّهِ المُحْمَلُمُ الْكُمْ ال

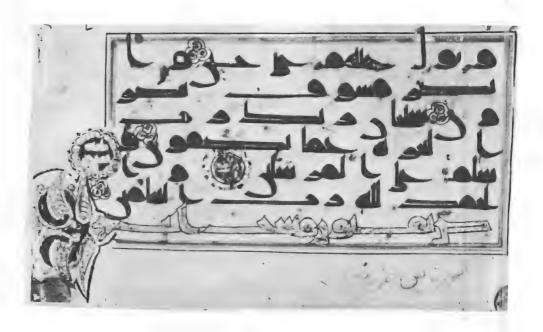
- 171 There already stands
 Our word
 given to Our servants
 the Envoys:
- 172 "We shall by all means succour them,
- 173 "And those who strive on Our behalf will certainly succeed."
- 174 So bear thou with them for a while,
- 175 And watch them even as they do watch thee.

- 176 How they hasten retribution from Us!
- 177 But when calamity descends while they are still asleep, sad will be the plight of those who had been warned!
- 178 So bear thou with them for a while
- 179 And watch them even as they do watch thee.
- 180 Glorify thou
 only thine own Lord,
 the Lord deserving of esteem,
 by far beyond whatever
 they might attribute to Him.

ڎٞٲڹۻٷڝۜٷػؽڹۻٷٷڽ۞ ۺؙۼؙڶڽڗڽٳڰڗٮڗ۪ٵڵۼڒۼۜٵٚؽڝؚڤۏڰ ۅؘۺڶۿڟڸٙٲڵڡ۠ۯۺڸؽڹ۞ۛ ۘٷڵػؙڡؙڰؠڵۼۯؾؚٵڵۼڵڮؽڹ۞ ٱقِيَعَنَا إِمَا اَسْتَعْجِلُونَ ۞ قَادَانَوَلَ بِسَاحَتِهِ هَ فَسَاءَ صَبَاحُ الْمُنْذَرَبُونَ ۞ وَتُوَلَّ عَنْهُ يَحِثْى حِيْدٍ ﴾

- 181 (Remember thou) the former Envoys with salutations kind
- 182 And render thou obeisance only to the Lord of all mankind.

*





Sura : SAD

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 187

SAD!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Witness is the *Qur'an*, full of instances:

- 2 But these faithless ones are in a rift with their own dignity!
- 3 How many generations have We swept away who wailed when there was left no time for refuge!
- 4 They wonder that a Warner should arise from 'mong themselves! These unbelievers say: "This is a cunning liar!
- 5 "Has he fused all deities into one Deity?

 This is a strange idea!"
- 6 The great among them go their ways (as if to say)
 "Tread ye old paths and be content with your own deities; this is only a design!
- 7 "No such thing have we ever heard from former faiths: this is nothing but concoction!

مَامُوَعُنَاهِدَانِهِ الْمِلَّةِ الْخِوْرَةِ الْأِنْ هُذُا الْآ الْحَيْلَانُ فَيْ الْمَالَةِ الْمِنْ الْمِيْنَاء بَلُ اَوُنُولَ عَلَيْهِ الْمِنْ الْمِيْنِاء بَلُ لَكَنَا يَنْ وَقُواعَلَ الِنِي فَيْ اَمْرِيْنِ الْوَهَالِي فَيْرِيْنِ وَمَا الْعَرِيْنِ الْوَهَالِي فَيْرِيْنِ وَمَا الْعَرِيْنِ الْوَهَالِي فَيْرُولُونِ وَمَا الْمَرْمُونُولُونَا فِي الْرَسْرِي وَمَا بَيْنَمُا "فَلْيَرَتُولُونَا فِي الْرَسْرَابِ وَالْمَرْفِي وَمَا جُنْدُةً الْمُعَالَيْكَ هَنْرُوفًمْ قِينَ الْخَوْرَافِي الْمَنْرَابِ

划別問

ص والفران و البّ كُرِنُ بَلِ الْدِيْنَ كَفَرُوا إِنْ عَزَّوْ وَشِقَائِ كَوَ اَهْلَكُنَا مِنْ تَبْرِهُوهُ مِّنْ فَكَرِن كَوَاهُلَكَا اَوْلَاتَ حِيْنَ مَنَاصِ ﴿ وَعَجُنْوا اَنْ جَاءُهُمُ وَمُنْذِرُ وَتَنْهُمُونُ وَعَلَى الْمُلَوْرُونَ هَنَا الْمِولَكَةً الْمِقَا اَلْمَالَ الْمُلَوْمُونَهُمُ الْمِنَا الْمِقْلِقَا الْمِقَالَةِ الْمَالِقِيلِةِ الْمَالِقِيلِةِ الْمَالِقِيلُونَهُمُونُونَ عَلَى الْمِتَوَالْمُونَهُمُ الْمِنَا الْمُشْتُونُونَ هُونَا الْمَعْلَوْلَهُمُ الْمِنَا الْمُشْتُونُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ هَوْلَ الْمَنْفَعِيلُونَ هَلَوْلَ الْمَنْفَقِيلُونَ الْمَنْفَقِيلُونَ الْمَنْفَقِيلُونَ الْمِنْفَالِهُ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمَنْفَعِيلُونَ الْمَنْفَالِقَالِقَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُنْفَعِيلُونَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِينَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِونِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَا الْمُؤْمِونِ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِونِي الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْم

- 8 "Has the message come to him alone among us all.."
 Yes, they are all in doubt about My message; they have not tasted yet My punishment.
- 9 Is all the treasured grace of thy Lord the Sovereign and the Bounteous, reserved for them?
- 10 Is heaven and earth and all that is between, their property? Then let them rise and take possession!
- 11 This group is no more important than hordes already put to flight.



- 12 Thus vilified,
 before them,
 the 'Ad
 the compatriots of Nuh,
 the people of Fir'aun,
 so firmly ensconced!
- 13 The *Thamud*, the companions of *Lut*, the 'Dwellers of the Woods' all these were hordes:
- 14 Not one among all these but called its Messenger a liar! Just was their punishment..

- 15 Do they not see that a single blast they shall not stand?
- 16 And yet they (dare to) mock: "Our Lord, hasten thou our sentence without (our waiting for) the day of judgment!"
- 17 Endure thou
 what they say
 and keep in mind
 Our servant, Dawud—
 he of mighty arms—
 who humbly turned to Us.
- 18 It was We
 who subjected the mountain-sides
 to him
 resounding to Our bounties
 at eventide and dawn!
- 19 His swarming (human) flocks looked humbly to him.
- 20 We made his kingdom strong and endowed him with wisdom and the power to finally decide!

- 21 Hast not the story reached thee of how the disputants had found access to the inner chamber (of his mind)?
- 22 When they faced Dawud
 he was frightened of them,
 but they said:
 "Fear not, we are only
 two who've fallen out—
 one thinks that the other
 has wronged him;
 so judge thou
 rightly betwixt us
 and be not partial;
 lead us thou towards
 the right solution.
- 23 "This man here is my brother: he has ninety and nine ewes but I have only one.

 And yet he says, "Trust her to my care' And he is even harsh in his demand!"
- 24 Dawud said:

"Truly he doth wrong thee in seeking to increase his large flock with thy single ewe!"

(And then he mused:)
How many partners there be
who seek to wrong each other!

And those who feel and act only righteously, how few they be!

Then did *Dawud* suddenly realize that he himself had been tested!

He asked forgiveness of his Lord and bent his head in shame and penitence.

25 So we forgave him for the past; he drew near Us achieving an exalted rank.



26 "O Dawud!

We have, indeed, made thee Vicegerent in this land; so judge thou justly between men! Obey not thou thine own desires; for, they will lead thee far astray from the path of Allah: and those who go astray from the path of Allah, for them is grievous chastisement, because they overlook the consequences.

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- 27 Not without a purpose have We created the heavens and the earth and all that is between! That is only what the cynics think! But, Oh the fire (of unbelief) in which they burn!
- 28 Shall We mete out
 equally (of happiness)
 to those of faith
 and righteous deeds,
 and those
 who tend to spread.
 evil in the land?!
 Shall We treat as equals
 the mindful and the dissolute?
- 29 This code We have
 revealed to thee
 so that it may usher joy
 to those who ponder
 on its message;
 and be a source of thought
 to those who understand

- 30 We bestowed on Dawud
 Sulaiman:
 excelled he in Our service
 and he too
 humbly turned (to Us).
- 31 When, after dusk, he was, respectfully, reminded of the tired steeds waiting patiently

- 32 He said, "Truly,

 I have been engrossed
 in the love of lovely things
 beyond the precepts of my Lord,
 until these had been veiled
 from my memory!
- 33 "Bring them to me!"

 Patted he their necks
 and stroked their knees.
- 34 Then We tested Sulaiman making him fall dead-tired, fainting, on his throne: when he revived.
- 35 He said, "My Lord, forgive me (my absorption in the lovely things) and grant to me a kingdom without a parallel even after me! Verily, Thou art the Granter of all boons!"
- 36 We made the winds
 (of commerce)
 serve his will—
 his sails glided
 slow or fast
 to places he decreed.
- 37 And giants diverse
 all served him
 as divers (in the depths)
 and builders (on the heights).
- 38 And also others bound in fetters—
- 39 "These are Our gifts preserve them or expend them (as thou wilt) without having to account."
- 40 Truly, he drew near Us achieving an exalted rank.

- 41 And tell them
 of Our servant Ayyub
 when he cried
 to his Lord:
 "Oh this desert-devil
 (this awful thirst)
 has (well-nigh)
 crippled me!"
- 42 "Dig in thy heels!
 (Spur thou on!)
 There! There!!
 So near!!!
 You'll wash and drink
 and rest in comfort!"
- 43 We reunited him
 to his wife,
 his kith and kin
 by Our grace
 and, as an example
 to those who understand!
- 44 "Content thyself with little; let it last thee long; do not thou succumb!"

 Verily, We found him persevering:

 Devotee par excellence.

 How he put his trust in Us!!
- 45 And speak
 of Our servants
 Ibrahim and Ishaq
 and Ya'qub
 men of action
 and foresight!
- 46 We have chosen them with care and have decreed for them among the exemplars a special place.
- 47 They are
 Our chosen ones
 among the virtuous.



48 Also recall to them Isma'il and Yas'a and Dhu'l-Kifl and others among the virtuous!

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- 49 These stories are indeed, illustrations beautiful to earn them lofty stations.
- 50 Perennial gardens gates of which are always open to them.
- 51 Reclining in them regaled with 'bundant fruit and cooling drinks—
- 52 Beside them large eyed mates modest and companionable—
- 53 "This is what ye were promised for the day of reckoning."
- 54 This is how We bless; there is no end
- 55 To this. But, for the insolent rejectors a miserable abode—
- 56 Hell itself. Therein they scorch, a dismal resting place
- 57 This. Therein, they taste but intense heat and intense cold!
- 58 And other things of kindred sort besides!

وَاقْتُوْعِيدُ وَالْمُعْوَدُ وَالْمَعْوَ وَ يَعْفُوْتِ الْوَالْمُوْدُ وَالْمَعْوَدُ وَالْمَعْوَدِ وَالْمَعْوَدِ وَالْمَعْوَدِهِ وَالْمُعَادِقِهِ وَالْمَعَادُ وَالْمَعْوِدُ وَالْمَعْوَدُ وَالْمُعْوِدُ وَالْمَعْوِدُ وَالْمَعْوِدُ وَالْمَعْوِدُ وَالْمَعْوِدُ وَالْمُعْمِدُ وَالْمُعْوِدُ وَالْمُعْمِودُ وَالْمُعْوِدُ وَالْمُعْمِودُ وَالْمُعْمِودُ وَالْمُعْمِودُ وَالْمُعْمِودُ وَالْمُعْمِودُ وَالْمُعْمِدُودُ وَالْمُعْمِعُودُ وَالْمُعْمِدُودُ وَالْمُعْمِدُودُ وَالْمُعْمِعُودُ وَالْمُعْمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعْمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعْمُودُ وَالْمُعْمُودُ وَالْمُعْمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعْمُودُ والْمُعُلِقُولُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُودُ وَالْمُعُمُ نقال (إِنَّ اَحْبَهُتُ مُنِهُ الْحَيْرِعَنُ وَوُرْهَا عَنَ فَعَلَوْقَ اَسْفَا كِالْفُوْقِ وَ وَاقْنَ فَتَنَا اللَّهِ الْمَنَّ وَالْقِينَا عَلَى الْوَسِّةِ وَاقْنَ فَتَنَا اللَّهِ الْمَنَّ وَالْقِينَا عَلَى الْوَسِّةِ وَاقْنَ فَتَنَا اللَّهِ الْمَنَا وَ الْقِينَا عَلَى الْوَسِّةِ وَاقْنَ فَتَنَا اللَّهِ الرِيْعَ جَوْنَ إِنْ مُلْكَالًا الرَّقَالِ اللَّهِ الرَّيْعَ جَوْنَ إِنْ مُلْكَالًا وَالشَّيْطِينَ اللَّهِ الرِيْعَ جَوْنَ إِنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْفَا اللَّهِ الرَّيْعَ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

- 59 "This rabble that ye did mislead— no good reception does it meet, all of them are bound for hell."
- 60 The (damned cry):

 "But these misleaders too!

 No good reception

 shall await ye either!

 It was you who misled us
 to this evil plight!"
- 61 They wail: "Our Lord, those who misled us to this, increase their punishment twofold in this agony!

- 62 They wonder:
 "What is this?
 We do not see among us
 the man whom we regarded
 as the evil one
- 63 "At whom we laughed!
 (Were we then deceived?)
 Or, do our eyes
 deceive us now?"
- 64 That is how, in truth, the damned go on quarrelling...

- 65 Say thou: I warn you truly: There is no deity but Allah the Only and the Irresistible.
- 66 Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between, the Sovereign, the Benign!
- 67 Say thou:
 "That is the fact supreme.
- 68 "And that itself ye do deny!
- 69 "I have no knowledge of the higher spheres o'er which they wrangle.

- 70 "Nought is entrusted to me but that I emphasize a plain and simple fact!"
- 71 When thy Lord said to the angels: "I shall raise a man from clay."
- 72 "And when I have instilled in him My power ye shall be subject to him and render him obeisance."
- 73 All angels bowed, in unison and did obeisance—
- 74 Except *Iblis!*He haughtily disdained and openly rebelled!
- 75 He said, "O Iblis,
 what doth prevent thee
 from submitting
 to what I have created
 with Mine own hands?!
 Art thou presumptuous?
 Dost thou claim
 to be the highest
 among My creatures?



- 76 He said,
 "I am better than he!
 Thou hast raised me
 from the fire
 and raised him from
 (mere) clay!"
- 77 He said, "Get thee hence: thou art expelled!
- 78 "My curse upon thee till the day of reckoning!"
- 79 He pleaded, "Lord! Let me watch them till the day that they are raised!"
- 80 He said, "So be it:
 be thou among the watchers
- 81 "Till the day and time appointed!"
- 82 He said, "By Thy Power I swear!I shall lead them all astray,
- 83 "Except the ones who serve Thee solely!"
- 84 He said, "Right then! And I say this, in all earnestness:
- 85 "I shall fill all hell with thee and those who follow thee!"

الكفيرين @

إلكانكلف بيدت التشكير التشكير والكيان التفكير والتكافر والتكاف

وَكَانُوامَالْنَا الاَنْوَى بِجَالَا كُنُكُمُّ الْكَانُونُ الْاَشْدَادِ ﴿
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- 86 Say thou, "I ask for this no recompense; nor am I one who claims to toil:
- 87 "This is naught but a simple lesson to all peoples.
- 88 "Ye shall realize the truth of what I preach after a while..."

*



SURA: ZUMAR

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 193

This (exposition of the Law) cometh from Allah the Sovereign, the Wise!

- 2 We have, verily, revealed the Law to thee in truth: serve thou therefore, Allah only and count on none but Him!
- 3 Is not Allah alone
 the One to reckon with?
 Those who adopt
 other patrons
 (indulge in casuistry):

"We worship them only as a means to reach Allah still more closely."

Verily, Allah doth judge their inner selves: how they equivocate! Allah guideth not those who prevaricate...

- 4 Had Allah wished
 He could adopt as son
 any one
 from 'mong His creatures:
 but glory be to Him!
 He is the One and Only,
 He is All-Mighty!
- 5 Created He
 the heavens and the earth
 in harmony:
 He maketh the night
 give place to dawn;
 at His command
 the day gives place to night.

He harnesseth the sun, the moon, each running on appointed time: is He not the Sovereign, the Benign?

- 6 He has made you all a unity, then introduced diversity vouchsafed for you animals of numerous kinds; He doth evolve you in your mothers' wombs—in darkness thrice intensified. That is Allah, your Lord! For Him is all dominion, there is none but He! Why then would ye evade?
- 7 If ye blaspheme—
 Allah is far above
 (your blasphemy):
 but He liketh not
 His servants to be callous:
 your recognition
 (of His gifts) doth please Him—

No burdened one shall bear the burden of another burdened soul!

Only when all of ye return to Him will He inform you (of the value) of your deeds! Indeed, He is the Knower of the hearts of men!



- 8 When adversity doth touch (this) man. he supplicates his Lord; but when he is relieved, through His blessing, he doth forget his former supplication and soon begins to attribute rivals unto Allah. misleading others from His path! Say thou: "Indulge thyself for a while in this blasphemy: thou shalt eventually, be damned?"
- 9 And there is he who offers prayers at night, standing or prostrating, mindful of the future and hopeful of the mercy of his Lord? Ask thou:

 "Shall they be equal—he who knowledge hath and he who hath not?"

Ah, but only those will respond who can understand!

2 *** 194

- 10 Tell those of My servants
 who believe:
 "Fear your Lord!
 For those who do good,
 in this world there is good.
 Allah's earth is vast
 and, for those
 who persevere with patience
 there is reward without count."
- 11 Say thou, "Verily,
 I have been bidden
 that I should serve Allah
 exclusively
 and reckon Him alone.

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- 12 "I have been bidden to be the foremost among those who submit."
- 13 Say: "If I (dare to) question my Lord, I fear 'the chastisement of the fateful day."
- 14 Say: "Allah alone I serve, His Law alone I reckon.

- 15 "Serve ye others if ye will."
 Say: "They are real losers
 who lose themselves
 and their kith
 upon the final day:
 is not that a loss indeed?"
- 16 For them are flames above and flames below: That is how Allah putteth fear in his servants' hearts; so, My servants, fear ye Me!
- 17 Those who eschew idols
 and their worship
 and turn to Allah—
 for them are tidings glad:
 "Rejoice ye then My servants!"
- 18 Those who listen
 to the discourse
 and heed the most thereof:
 they are the ones
 whom Allah guides,
 they are the ones
 with understanding!
- 19 Are these alike to him who is deservedly in hell? Wouldst thou then rescue him from his punishment?
- 20 But those who fear their Lord for them are terraces built on terraces— below them streamlets flow. This Allah promiseth: He never does go back from His promises!
- 21 Dost thou not see how Allah sends water from the heavens; makes it bubble forth from springs within the earth? Then from it He brings forth crops of various hues; then they yellow and ye see them

wither and then crumble. These, indeed, are lessons for those of unspoiled hearts.

3 *** 195

22 Is (he) not one whose heart Allah hath opened to *Islam* so that it serveth him as a guiding light?

Woe to those who lock their hearts against the teaching of their Lord: they grope, indeed, in darkness deep.

- 23 Allah hath now revealed a Scripture excellent resembling and repeating (former scriptures). On hearing it the skins of those who fear their Lord thrill with ecstacy, their bodies relax, their hearts respond to Allah's message. That is how Allah guides those who would be guided. But he who strays from Allah, for him there is no other guidance.
- 24 Is he not one
 who has to fear
 facing the fire
 on the day of judgment?
 To such as these that stray
 be it said:
 "Taste ye the wages
 ye have earned!"
- 25 Repudiated even thus those who were before them and there came upon them calamities from whence they did not know!



- 26 Allah made them taste humiliation in the immediate present and still more waits for them in the future: but they are unaware!
- 27 We, for men,
 have struck,
 in this Qur'an
 numerous analogies:
 if they would only think!
- 28 A (plain) recital in Arabic itself no ambiguousness therein so that they may heed.
- 29 Allah giveth an example:
 a man who owes allegiance
 to several partners
 at variance 'mong themselves;
 another who submits
 to only one:
 are their plights the same?

Praise be to Allah! But most of them do not perceive (the difference)!

- 30 Indeed, thou art mortal and they too have to die.
- 31 Then lo, at the time of judgment in the presence of your Lord, ye will settle all your differences.

4 *** 196

32 Who can do more wrong than one who attributes a lie to Allah and rejects the truth from Him?

Is not hell the only place for such blasphemers?

تَقُونَ 🖸

مِنْ تَخْتَمْهُ ظُلِكَ مُ ذَلِكَ يُحَوِّفُ اللَّهُ بەعِبَادَةُ العِبَادِ فَاتَّقُونِ 🕦 وَالَّيْنِينَ اجْتَنَبُواالطَّاعُوتَ أَنْ وْهَا وَأَنَّا ثُوْلَا إِنَّهِ لَهُمْ ئ يَسْتُمُعُونَ الْقَوْلَ فِي تَشَعُونَ لَهُ أُولِيْكَ الْإِنْ يُنَ هَذَّ كُمُ اللَّهُ

- 33 Those who proclaim the truth and those who accept it: these are the ones who fear the Lord.
- 34 For them is all they want from their Lord!
 Such is the recompense for all the gracious.



196

- 35 Allah forgives the sins they did commit and doth reward them for their virtuous deeds.
- 36 Is not Allah sufficient to (guard) his servant? But they would have thee fear those beside Him! Whom Allah leads astray for them can be no other guide.
- 37 And those whom Allah guides none can lead astray! Is not Allah, the Sovereign, able to defend?
- 38 If thou wert to ask them. "Who made the heavens and the earth?" They would surely say, "Allah".

Say: "Do ye not then see?

These whom ye pray to beside Allah. if Allah wished to hurt me, would these defend me? Or, if He wished to confer grace on me could these withhold it?"

Say, "Allah is my all, let those who trust. trust in Him alone."

- 39 Say thou, "O my people, do ye as ye wish, I too go my way: soon shall ye be made aware
- 40 "On whom falls (transient) suffering and who do prove themselves deserving of a punishment that doth abide!"

41 We have revealed to thee, in essence. the lesson for all men: he who accepts guidance does it for his good; and he who disregards it does it at his cost: thou art not their guardian.

5 *** 197

42 Allah holds in bond the souls of men in their unconscious state: when they only sleep or when they're dead: He keepeth back the latter and returns the former for another term. In these, indeed, are signs for those who think!

43 Wouldst they seek patrons beside Allah 'mong such as had no power, no intelligence?

- 44 Say: "All patronage is from Allah only. His Sovereignty extends o'er heaven and earth: vou'll turn to Him eventually!"
- 45 When the name of Allah, the One and Only. is mentioned. the hearts of those who have no faith in the future shudder in disgust; but when (the names of) those beside Him are ever spoken of their faces brighten!



- 46 Say, "O, Allah, Originater of the heavens and the earth, Knower of the unknown and the manifest!

 Do thou decide between Thy servants in that in which they differ?"
- 47 If all that's in the earth, and its like besides, were to be available to these transgressors they would gladly offer it as ransom, to be saved from the torment of Our scourge on the Day of judgment; but Allah will confront them with something which they did not reckon with.
- 48 He will confront them
 with the consequences
 of their deeds
 and that at which they scoffed
 will then envelop them.
- 49 When trouble toucheth man he calls on Us; but when, through Our grace, We have relieved him, he says, "This has come about through my intelligence!" No! This was meant only to try him; but most of them are unaware.
- 50 So said those before them, but this attitude of theirs brought to them no gain.
- 51 They were overtaken
 by the evils of their deeds:
 and so will these
 transgressors
 be overtaken by
 the evil of their deeds—
 and they will never make Us
 helpless.

التفايت والتنفئ تحقيقا ملذ ملك و التفايت والتنفي التفايت والتنفيخ التفاية وتحقيقا ملك ملك و التفايت و الت

52 Do they not know that it is Allah who makes flourish whom He wills and doth impoverish (whom He desires)? In these are signs for a people who believe!



- 53 Say: "O My servants,
 who have wronged themselves
 through excess—
 despair not of the grace of Allah;
 for, verily, Allah
 doth forgive all sins.
 He is the great Forgiver,
 He the great Rahim."
- 54 Draw ye near to Allah and submit to Him before there comes on you the punishment ye will not then be helped.
- 55 Accept the values
 which have come to you
 from your Lord
 before there swoops on you
 retribution
 while ye are unprepared!
- 56 Lest one has to say
 to one's self:
 "O, woe is me!
 I was hasty
 in abandoning
 the path of Allah!
 I was one who mocked!"
- 57 Or, lest one has to say:
 "If Allah had
 but guided me
 I would have been
 among the careful."
- 58 Or, when face to face with doom, one has to say, "If I were but to have another chance I would be among the gracious."

- 59 "But! there came to thee My warnings which thou didst challenge and, disdainfully, sided with the faithless."
- 60 When judgment falls on these who challenged Allah's truths they will see their faces blackened.

 Is not hell the only place for those who haughtily disdain?
- 61 Allah doth rescue
 those who're cautious
 and leads them
 to abodes of peace
 where no evil
 toucheth them
 where they never grieve!
- 62 Allah createth all and of all He is the Guardian.
- 63 Holdeth He the keys of heaven and earth; it is those who turn away from Him who are the losers!

- 64 Say:
 "Others beside Allah
 do ye bid me worship
 O ye ignoramuses?"
- 65 But it has already
 been revealed to thee,
 and those before thee:
 'If thou dost ever
 join (others with Allah),
 all thy efforts
 will be nullified!'



- 66 So worship Allah only and be among the grateful.
- 67 Of Allah's greatness little do they know: all Space He ruleth, all Time, all Cosmos is (as if) within His hand. Glory be to Him—and yet, with this Supremity, they associate their idols!
- 68 Just one burst
 of sound and fury, and lo!
 all forms
 in heaven and earth
 are stunned—
 except such as Allah wills;
 another burst, and lo!
 they stand and wait!
- 69 The earth reflecteth
 the Glory of its Lord.
 The Law is unfurled.
 Apostles come as witnesses,
 and judge between men justly:
 none are wronged.
- 70 And every one is paid for his own deeds: for He doth know all that they have earned.

71 Those who have no faith
are sent to hell
in companies
and when they reach
its gates,
the keepers say,
"Did not Prophets come to you
and tell you

قال أفغيرًا لقوتا مُدُونيَّا عَبْدًا لِهُمْ

الجُهْلُون ﴿

الجُهْلُون ﴿

الْجُهْلُون ﴿

الْجَهْلُون الْمُرَافِينَ عَلَى الْلَيْنِينَ مِنْ

الْجُهْلُون مَن الْجُهِرِيْن ﴿

اللّهِ اللهُ وَاعْبُدُ أَمُّن مِنْ الْجَهْرِيْن ﴿

اللّهِ اللهُ وَاعْبُدُ أَمُّن مِنْ الْجَهْرِيْن ﴿

اللّهِ اللهُ وَعَلَى اللهِ اللهِ وَاللّهُ وَالّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُولُونُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّ

عُلْ لِعِيَادِي الْذِينَ الْمُوَّاعِنَ الْفَرِهُمُ الْمُوْرَعُ الْمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْفَرْهُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِعُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِلِ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُو

of the signs of Allah and warn you of this plight of yours?" They answer, "Yes," And this only doth confirm the promises of punishment given to those who spurned belief.

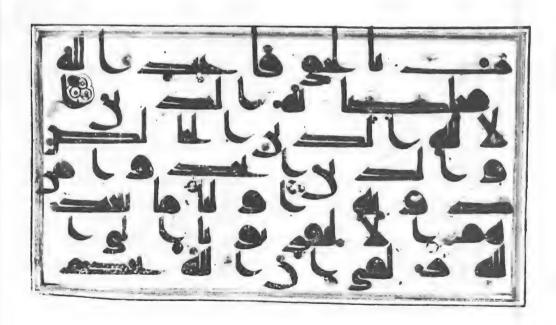
- 72 "Enter ye the gates of hell and dwell therein!" Evil is the plight of those who haughtily disdain!
- 73 And those who fear the Lord are sent to heaven in companies and when they reach its gates the keepers say, "Peace be on you; well have ye fared, enter and abide!"
- 74 They say, "Glory be to Allah
 He who hath fulfilled
 His promises
 and given us this land
 as our (due) heritage.
 We roam in gardens
 as we will!"
 Yes, well-rewarded
 are the righteous!

وقالواالحند ليفوالكونى مكد فكاوغاله وأورث الكونية ومن الجمئلة حيث وقد المراجعة والمسالحة والمحالة وال

يَيْلَ الْحُلْوَ الْبُوابَ تَهَمَّمُ خَلِيهُ يَنْ فَهُمَّا فَيْسُ مَنْوَى الْمُثَكِّرِيْنَ ﴿ وَمِيْنَ الْرُيْنِ الْفَوَارَ لِهُمُ اللَّهِ الْمُثَوِّقِةُ رُمُوا حَتَّى وَاجَاهُ وَعَا وَثُوْتَتُ الْوَاهُمَا وقال لَهُ يَتَوْتُهُمُ السَّارِيْنِ ﴾ وقال لَهُ يَتَوْتُهُمُ السَّارِيْنِ ﴾ فَاذْ خُلُوهَا خَلِيهِ بْنِ ﴾

75 And thou seest
the powers of Allah
encircling the high
and striving to obey
their Lord
correctly and harmoniously
proclaiming thus
the Majesty
of the Lord of all creation.







SURA: MU'MIN

h the name of Allah the Ralithan the Ralith

1 *** 201

HA! MIM! (O MUHAMMAD!)

2 (Here comes) a revelation

- 2 (Here comes) a revelation from Allah, the Sovereign, the Omniscient.
- 3 Forgiver of sins,
 Acceptor of repentence,
 the Severe in punishment,
 the Far-reaching—
 no deity is there but He,
 no recourse is there
 but to Him.
- 4 None can dispute
 His manifestations
 except the wilfully blind—
 let not, therefore, awe thee
 their strutting in the towns.
- 5 Quibbled even thus
 the tribe of Nuh
 and many factions
 after him—
 Every tribe did heckle thus
 their Messenger
 to corner and defeat him
 through false arguments,
 and thereby to suppress
 the truth.
 But I cornered them
 and O, their punishment.
- 6 So true did prove the promise of thy Lord against these self-deceivers that they were self-consumed.

بدِ الحَقِّ فَاحَدَاثُمُّهُمْ فَلَيْفَ كَانِعِقَاكِ وَلَذَالِكَ حَقْتُ كُومَتُ رَبِّكَ عَلَى الدِّيْنَ الْمُنْ وَالْمُهُمُّ الْمُعْرِقُ وَمُنْ حُولَهُ الْمُنِينَ يَحْمِلُونَ الْعَرْشُ وَمُنْ حُولَهُ الْمَنْ مُنْ وَنَ اللّهُ يُمِنَ الْمُؤَوَّ مِنْ اللّهِ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللل



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- 7 Those who uphold and manifest
 His power and panoply function at the bidding of their Lord; replete with faith themselves, they pray for those of faith: "Our Lord! Thou encompasseth all matter, knowledge, grace! Forgive Thou those who turn, in penitence, to Thy path.
 Thou rescue them from their scorching shame.
- 8 "Our Lord!
 grant Thou entrance to them
 in the shades of peace
 which Thou hast promised
 them and all of those
 who mend their ways—
 elders, mates and progeny.
 Thou art the Sovereign,
 Thou the Wise...



9 "Absolve them Thou from evil, and if Thou dost absolve them it would be only through Thy grace: and for them a favour great."

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- 10 To those who did persist in their error they say:
 "Allah is even more disgusted at you than you are disgusted with yourselves; when ye were called to Him you did resist."
- 11 They themselves do plead:
 "Our Lord!
 Twice hast Thou taken life from us, twice hast Thou given us life: we do admit our sins.
 Is there now no way out for us?"
- 12 That is because
 when you are called
 to Allah as the only One
 you do resist:
 but when you're called
 (to Him) along with others
 you accept.
 But sovereignty
 is Allah's only,
 He alone is High
 He alone is Great.
- 13 He it is who manifests to you His signs: sends you from the heavens your sustenance... but none can heed except the penitent.
- 14 Call ye then to Allah only,
 O ye steadfast ones,
 however irksome
 that may be
 to the unbelievers.

the is above all comparisons—
the absolutely High.
Enlightenment
comes, at His bidding,
to His servants, as He wills,
to warn against
the time when men will face
(the consequences of their deeds).

XL

- 16 The time when
 nothing covers them
 and naught is hid
 (of their deeds)
 from Allah.
 Whose judgment shall pervade
 at such a time?
 Only that of Allah,
 the One, the Mighteous!
- 17 Then will every individual be paid exactly what he has earned—no excess then, for He is swift in reckoning.
- 18 Warn them thou
 of the time
 that is ever drawing near,
 when hearts
 leap up to their throats
 and choke them.
 Transgressors, at such times,
 have neither ardent friends
 nor intercessors who can plead.
- 19 He seeth through the furtive glance, the secret thought.
- 20 And Allah doth decree with justice; while they on whom they call beside Him, do not decide at all. In truth, Allah alone is He who hears, who sees!



- 21 Do they not travel
 o'er the land
 and see
 what was the end
 of those before them?
 Greater was their power,
 wider was their influence!
 But Allah caught them
 for their sins.
 And none had they
 to safeguard them
 from Allah.
- Apostles came to them with evidence, but they denied it, so Allah punished them. Truly, He is Strong, Severe in justice!
- 23 For instance, We had sent *Musa*, with Our signs and manifest authority
 - 24 To Fir'aun, Haman and Qarun: they called him lying sorcerer!
- 25 He had gone to them
 with truth from Us!
 And (yet!) decided they
 to kill the sons of those
 who did believe in him
 and let their daughters live!
 But—no strategy of evil
 ends but in frustration!
- 26 Fir'aun said,

 "Leave me to kill Musa—
 let him call upon his Lord—
 I am afraid he will upset
 your faith
 or spread sedition in the land!"

27 Musa said,
"I call upon
my Lord and your Lord
to save me from all
haughty ones
who heed not
the day of reckoning!"

- 28 A man from Fir'aun's kin, who secretly believed. spoke out: "Will you kill a man because he says, 'My Lord is Allah'; and comes to you with witness from your Lord? If he lies the lie is on him; but, if he's right, a part (at least) of what he cautions you against will fall on you. Allah guideth not those who transgress and lie.
- 29 "O my people! Today, no doubt, you do hold sway o'er the land; but, who will help us from Allah's vengeance if it comes?"

 Fir'aun said,
 "I show you only what I see I guide you not but to the correct path."
- 30 Then said he
 who did believe:
 "O, my people, I fear for you
 a fate like that
 of (many) other hordes—
- 31 "Like that which came upon the tribes of Nuh, the 'Ad and the Thamud and others after them— Allah never does injustice to His servants.
- 32 "O, my people I fear for you a day of wailing anguish.
- 33 "A day when you will turn your backs and flee—none to succour you from Allah, and those whom Allah doth confound there is none to guide.

- 34 "Yusuf had come to you before with witness manifest—but ye did not cease to doubt what he had brought, until he died, and then you said, 'Allah will never send another Messenger again!'
 That is how Allah doth delude those who transgress and who doubt!
- 35 "Those who contend against the signs of Allah with no authority to back them are very irritating to Allah and to those of faith. Thus doth Allah seal the hearts of all arrogant oppressors."
- 36 Fir'aun said, "O Haman, build me an observation tower so that I may reach the vantage-point—
- 37 "The vantage-point of heaven itself— and look for Musa's deity; for, verily, I think he lies!" Thus was made fair-seeming to Fir'aun the evil of his ways and thus was he diverted from the path (of truth). But Fir'aun's wiles led only to destruction!

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38 But he who did believe (once more) intervened, "O, my people, listen ye to me
I shall lead you to the correct path!



- 39 "O my people!

 The living moment
 (being transient)
 needs but little care;
 the future holdeth promise
 of a lasting state
 (to strive for).
- 40 "One who evil does meets naught but evil, and one who does good, —be it man or woman—and is imbued with faith, it is such who meet felicity and have abundance without measure.
- 41 "O, my people!

 I invite you only
 to salvation, and ye
 invite me to perdition!
- 42 "Ye would have me blaspheme against Allah and join with Him those I do not recognize. And I invite you all to the One, Supreme, the All-forgiving!
- 43 "Ye would have me worship one who, by no means, can be invoked in matters of the moment nor for guidance in the time beyond.

 I take recourse to Allah: those who transgress shall be damned.
- 44 "But ye will

 (in the near future)
 bring to mind
 what I (now) tell you
 and I entrust myself
 to Allah, for, verily,
 Allah doth keep watch
 o'er His servants."

يْقَوْمُوانَّهُمَّا هَٰذِي الْحَيْوِةُ الدُّنْكِمَا مَتَاعُونَ قُ إِنَّ الْلاَخِرَةَ هِي دَارُ دَعُولًا فِي النُّهُ لِيَا وَلا فِي الْخِيرَةِ وَ أَنَّ مُ كَاناً إِلَى الله وَأَنَّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ هُمُ أَعْمِثُ النَّادِي فستذلكون مااتول تكثمو أَقَةِ صُ أَشِرِ كَي إِلَى اللَّهِ ۗ إِنَّ اللَّهُ قوقمة التفسيات مامكرواو عاق فَرْعُوْنَ سُوءُ الْعَذَابِ ٥ رَحْنُونَ عَلَيْهَا غُدُوًّا أَوْعَشَيًّا رُبُوْمَ تَقَوْ مُرالسَّاعَةُ سَادُخِـا فَأَالَ فِرْعَوْنَ أَشَكُ الْعَدُابِ الله إنْ جَاءَنَا • قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ مَا أُرْيَكُمُ وْ قَالَ الَّذِي أَمْنَ لِقُوْمِ إِنَّ أَخَاتُ

- 45 So Allah saved him from the evils that they planned and *Fir'aun's* folk were encompassed by the evil scourge.
- 46 The (brink of) fire they face morning and evening and daily doth arise the knell: "Cast the folk of Fir'aun in the deepest maze!"



- 47 In this dire predicament they wrangle: the humble say to the erstwhile great:

 "We had only followed you—can you not save us from at least a part of this affliction?"
- 48 The (erstwhile) great, they say,
 "We are all together,
 Allah hath, indeed,
 passed judgment on His servants."
- 49 These inmates of the fire plead to the guards of hell, "Beseech your Lord to rescue us for a while from this constant pain!"
- 50 The keepers ask,
 "Had there not come to you
 Apostles with clear signs?"
 They answer, "Yes".
 The keepers say,
 "Pray ye then (yourselves)!"
 But no, the prayers of those
 who have no faith
 can lead nowhere!

- 51 In truth, We shall help
 Our Messengers
 and the men of faith
 in their immediate present
 and also when
 the witnesses arise;
- 52 When no excuse doth profit the evil doers and upon them lies a curse a miserable abode!
- 53 We certainly did guide Musa, and made the Bani Isra'il inheritors of the Law—

- 54 A source of guidance, a reminder to those who possess hearts!
- 55 Be thou patient then,
 Allah's promise is in truth.
 Apologize thou
 for thy weaknesses
 and keep on striving
 at the bidding of thy Lord
 night and day.
- 56 Those who cavil
 at the signs of Allah
 with no evidence
 to support them—
 naught is there in their hearts
 but self-assertion
 which is never satisfied.
 So, seek thou refuge in Allah,
 for He doth hear, He doth see!
- 57 Surely, the creation
 of the heavens and the earth
 is more (resplendent)
 than the creation of man!
 And yet, most men,
 are not aware!
- 58 Equal are not the blind to those who see! Nor are the evil-doers equal to the men of faith and righteousness! Seldom do ye weigh and think!
- 59 The (promised) hour will come; there is no doubt of it: but the majority of men do not believe!
- 60 Your Lord has said,
 "Call ye on Me!

 I shall hearken unto you.
 But those who would disdain to serve Me,
 they shall enter hell,
 humiliated!"



- 61 It is Allah
 who hath made the night
 for you to rest in
 and the day to let you see.
 Verily, Allah is Gracious
 unto man—but most men
 are not grateful!
- 62 Everywhere is Allah,
 your Lord;
 He hath made all things:
 there is no deity but He!
 Where else would ye turn?
- 63 It is, therefore, (all in vain) that they who would evade the signs of Allah, seek to turn elsewhere!
- 64 It is Allah
 who hath made the earth
 for you to rest on
 and the firmament as canopy.
 He hath given you shape
 —and well hath He shaped you—
 and feedeth you
 with wholesome food.
 That, that is Allah, your Lord!
 All glory be to Allah,
 the Lord of all peoples.
- 65 He is the Ever-living!

 No deity is there but He!

 So, call on Him,

 reckon ye on Him exclusively.

 To command is for Allah only
 the Lord of all mankind!
- 66 Say, "I am utterly dissuaded from worshipping those whom you worship beside Allah, because to me has been revealed the glory of my Lord and I am (thus) compelled to worship only the Lord of all communities!

ٳؖڵۜٳۿؙۅؘ^ڒڡٚٵؽۜؿٷؙڰٷؙڹ؈ كَذَٰ الْكَ يُؤْوَكُ الْأَنْ يُنَ كَالْوَامَا لِيَ الشاكن في بحك الكفالان في قدارًا رُبُّكُمُ الْعَلْمِينُ فَتَنْبُرُكَ اللهُ رَبُّ الْعَلْمِينُ الْعَلْمِينُ هُوَالْحَيُّ إِلَّالَهُ الْأَهُوَ فَادْعُوْهُ مُخْلِصِيْنَ لَهُ الدِّيْنَ الْحَمْلُ قُلْ إِنِّي نُهِيْتُ أَنْ أَعُبُدُ الَّذِي يُنَ تَنْ عُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ لَتَاجَاءُ فِي يُونُ زِنِّيْ وَأَمِرْتُ أَنْ أَسْلَمَ

وَ إِذْ يَتِّعَا جُوْنَ فِي التَّارِفَيَفُولُ الضُّعَفَوُّ ا لِلَّنِيٰنِيَ السَّمَّلُمُ وَإِلَا قَالُقَالُكُمُ تَنَعَا فَهَا ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ مُّغُنُّونَ عَنَّا نَصِينًا مِّنَ قَالَ الْكُنْ يْنَ الْسَتَكُدُرُ وْآلِانَّا كُلُّ إِنَّ اللَّهُ تَذْخَكُمُ بَائِنَ الْعِبَادِ ۞ وَقَالَ الذِّينَ فِي النَّادِيُّ كَنْ نَهِ يَكُمُّمُ ادْعُوْارَتَكُومُ يُخَفِّفْ عَنَاكِوْمًا مِنْ لَعُنُهُ اللَّغُنَةُ وَلَعُنْهُ مُنَّا عُالِدًا لِ وَلَقِينَ أَمَّنُنَا مُوْسَى الْفُلُوي وَأَوْرُثُنَا

67 "He it is

who makes you out of dust, then sperm, then embryo, then brings you out as infant, then nourishes you to manhood and maturity, then makes you old, respectable—though some of you die ere that stage—so that in the appointed time ye may understand.



68 He it is
who gives you life
who gives you death
and when He has
conceived a thing
He willeth,
"BE!" and, so, it IS!

- 69 Dost thou not see how those who cavil at the evidence of Allah exceed their limitations?
- 70 These are the ones
 who spurned the Law
 and the Messengers
 whom We had sent!
 O would that they did know!
- 71 Collars round their necks, and chains they drag along.
- 72 In waters scalding, and in misery they burn.
- 73 Then they're asked, "Where are the ones whom you deified
- 74 Apart from Allah?"

 They answer,

 "They have forsaken us
 as if there was none at all
 whom we had worshipped!"

 That is how Allah
 doth delude the faithless.

- 75 That is because
 you took your current life
 so lightly
 and cherished values false;
 because you,
 superciliously, disdained,
- 76 So enter ye the gates of hell to dwell therein for long: such is the punishment for those who would be proud!
- 77 So persevere in patience,
 Allah's promise will come true.
 Whether We let thee see
 a part of what
 We have promised them,
 or We let thy life-term end
 (before that)—
 to Us they shall
 (assuredly) turn.
- 78 We did, indeed,
 send Messengers before thee;
 of some among them,
 We have told thee;
 of others midst them
 We have not told thee.
 No Envoy can convey
 credentials from Us
 unless ordained by Allah.
 But whosoever comes
 as Allah's advocate,
 he upholds the truth,
 and does frustrate
 those who uphold
 untruth!

- 79 It is Allah
 who provideth you
 with animals—
 ye harness some
 and some ye eat.
- 80 For you they have advantages besides: through them attain ye what ye wish within your hearts; and (on the desert) ye are carried (as) in ships.
- 81 Witness ye His evidence (all around you): why then do ye deny Allah's signs?
- 82 Do they not look around them in their journeys o'er the land?
 Do they not see what was the end of those before them?
 They were more numerous than these, and more capable of leaving traces on the earth: yet, what they did achieve was, to them, of no avail.
- 83 For when their Envoys
 came to them
 with signs (of Allah)
 they proudly boasted
 of the knowledge
 they themselves possessed—
 but soon encompassed them
 that which they had ridiculed!
- 84 Then, when they saw the working of Our power they confessed:

المُراللهِ تُعِنَى بِالْحَقِّ وَحَرَوَهُ الِكَ
الْمُبْوِلُونَ ﴿
الْمُبْوِلُونَ ﴿
وَلَكُو مُنِهَا مَا الْمُولِوَنِهَا الْمُولِونَ الْمُولِونَ ﴿
وَلَكُو مُنِهَا مَا الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُولِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيِّ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيِّ الْمُؤْلِونِيِّ الْمُؤْلِونِيِّ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيِّ الْمُؤْلِونِيُّ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِونِيُّ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِونِيَّ الْمُؤْلِينِيِّ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَا الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَا الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَا الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَ الْمُؤْلِقِينَا الْمُؤْلِقِينَا الْمُؤْلِقِينَا الْمُؤْلِقِينَا الْمُؤْلِقِ

هُوالْنِ فَهُو رَئِينِكُ وَاوَاهَمَ الْمُوْا وَالْمَالُونُ فَا الْعَلَى الْمُوْلُونُ فَى الْمَالُونُ فَا اللّهِ وَمِيا الْسَلْنَا لِهِ الْمُلْكُانُ فَتَوْنِ فَا الْمَالُونُ فَي وَالْمَالُونُ فَى الْمَالُونُ فَي وَالْمَالُونُ فَي وَالْمَالُونُ فَى الْمَالُونُ فَي وَالْمَالُونُ فَى الْمَالُونُ فَي وَالْمَالُونُ فَى الْمَالُونُ فَي وَالْمَالُونُ وَي اللّهِ وَمَالُونُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَمَا اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَاللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَاللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَاللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَاللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَاللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَاللّهُ وَمَا اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَلِي اللّهُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَا اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَاللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَاللّهُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَمَالُونُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمَالُونُ وَمِنْ اللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونُ اللّهُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَلّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَلِمُونُولُونُ اللّهُ وَلِمُونُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَلِمُولُولُونُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِمُونُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِلْمُولُولُونُ ول

"We do believe in
Allah as the only One,
and abjure those
whom we had joined with Him."

85 But, of no avail
is such confession
when they see face to face
Our prowess:
that has been the way of Allah
with His servants
and (that is how),
end in futility
all unbelievers.

*



SURA: FUSSILAT

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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Ha! Mim!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 Revelation from the Rahman, the Rahim:
- 3 Memorandum
 with clear articles—
 an announcement
 in Arabic (itself)
 for the people
 to clearly comprehend.
- 4 Forerunner of hope, forewarner of danger... but most of them (deliberately) evade that is why they do not perceive!
- 5 They say,
 "Our hearts are insulated from that to which you call us; our ears are blocked; a curtain hides thee from us, so do thou what thou wilt and we, we shall go our way!"
- 6 Say thou,
 "Indeed, I am
 a man like you; (but) to me
 has been revealed
 that the Deity of all of you
 is one, (the same):
 so stand ye all for Him.
 Ask His forgiveness.

"Woe to those who would others deify—

- 7 "Those who will not carry out their obligations and are oblivious of their future,
- 8 Those who have faith, and righteously endeavour for them are wages, unbeholden."

- 9 Say thou:
 "Would ye be oblivious of Him who made the earth in two (short) days? And would ye give Him equals? Him who is the Lord of all mankind!
- 10 "He raised on it mountains high and blessed it, endowing it with power (of sustenance and growth) all in four days, enough to meet the needs of those who seek.
- 11 "He then attended to the firmament that was primeval dust and said to it as to the earth, 'Combine ye! if ye will or will not!'

 They said, 'We come, and all too willingly.'
- 12 "So He decreed them into seven firmaments, (all) in two days, and set for them their respective roles.



Adorned He then the nearest firmament with lanterns bright to guard such is the structure constituted by (Him who is) Supreme, All-knowing!"

- 13 If they are listless still, say thou,
 "I warn you of calamity—calamity like that of 'Ad and of Thamud!"
- 14 When there had come to them
 Apostles, right before them,
 and afore them (all saying):
 "Serve (and worship) ye
 none but Allah,"
 they said,
 "If our Lord had so desired,
 He would have sent down angels:
 we are sceptical
 of the message which you bring!"
- 15 The 'Ad had terrorized the land beyond limits.
 "Who", they said,
 "is mightier than ourselves in strength?"
 Did they not realize that Allah, who had made them was mightier in strength than they?
 But they continued to ignore Our signs.
- 16 So We sent upon them scorching winds that blew and blew over evil days, so that We might make them taste humbling punishment in the earthly life; that in the realm beyond is more humbling still and they have no help.

كَرْهَا وَ قَالْتَا اَدَيْنَا طَالْمِونِنَ ۞

تَقَضْهُ فَنَ سَبُمْ سَكُوا بِ فَنْ يُوْمَيُنِ

وَاكُونُ فِي كُلِّ سَمُمَ اَمْرَمَا وَرَقِيكًا

وَاكُونُ فِي كُلِّ سَمُمَ الْمَرْفِيلَ وَرَقِيكًا

النَّمَا اللَّهُ لِيَا لِمَعَلَى الْمَرْفِيلَ الْمَعْلِيْدِ ۞

وَالْنَا تَعْرُفُوا فَقُلْ الْنَانُ وَلَمَّا الْمُوعِقَةُ

وَمِنْ خَلُوهُ مَا الْاَسْلُمُ مِنْ الْمَيْنِ الْمِيلَةُ وَلَيْكُلُلُلُكُ وَمِنْ مَنْ لِيلَا لِمَا الْمُعْلَى وَلَمْ وَلَوْلَكُمْ الْمُعْلَى الْمَنْ الْمُعْلَى اللَّهِ الْمُعْلَمُ وَلَوْلَا اللَّهُ وَمَنْ الْمُؤْلِقِيلَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقِيلُونَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقِيلُونَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

حدَّ أَتَكُونِكُ مِن الرَّعُوالَوَهُمُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُولِوَّ الْمُنْ اللَّمْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَقَلِيلًا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّمِنِيلُونِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

- 17 As for *Thamud*We offered them Our guidance—
 but they preferred
 their blindness
 to being shown the way:
 so there gripped them
 the humbling punishment
 which they had earned.
- 18 But We rescued them who did believe and had taken heed.



19 A day shall come when the enemies of Allah will be gathered and marched towards the fire (of judgment).

- 20 When they have reached it, their hearing, their sight, their very skins will bear witness to what they had done.
- 21 They will say
 to their own skins,
 "Why do you thus
 give us away?"
 The skins will answer,
 "Allah has bestowed on us,
 as on all things,
 the power to communicate.
 It was He who gave you life,
 to Him you must return."
- 22 You cannot hide yourselves from your own eyes, your own ears, your own skins—and yet, you fondly are convinced that Allah does not know much of what ye do!
- 23 It is this fond conviction
 which ye do entertain
 of Allah
 which, when truth dawns,
 will make you find yourselves
 among the helpless:
- 24 If they accept
 (their punishment)
 the fire becomes
 their perpetual home:
 if they plead forgiveness,
 forgiveness is denied!
- 25 We have provided them with boon companions

who boost their future and their past; they truly now present the state which their forbears among the *jinn* and *ins* had reached... because they are completely lost.

- 26 These sycophants advise:

 "Do not listen ye
 to the Qur'an,
 but babble 'mong yourselves,
 so that ye may drown
 (its recital)."
- 27 But We shall make these heathens taste dire punishment and will penalize them for the evil of their deeds.
- 28 The punishment
 of Allah's enemies
 is such that midst it
 they shall linger long—
 requital just
 for spurning thus Our signs!
- 29 (They strongly disavow that they are being prompted.) These faithless ones (with sarcasm,) protest: "Our Lord, show us the ones among both jinn and ins (who mislead us). We shall trample them beneath our feet and make them into filth."
- 30 Those who announce
 "Our (only) Lord is Allah,"
 and are then steadfast,
 the angels comfort:
 "Fear ye not nor fret
 but joyously expect
 the heaven which
 ye have been promised.



- 31 "We shall be your friends in the current life and in the realm beyond. Nothing that ye need shall ye lack, and ye shall have all that you ask for.
- 32 As blessing from the All-forgiving, the *Rahim*!"

- 33 Who can be more eloquent than one who calls (men) to Allah— whose deeds are upright and who admits, "I am, indeed, among the bondsmen of Allah?"
- 34 Not equal (in strength)
 are good and evil:
 React (thou) with good,
 and he between whom
 and thou was enmity
 will have become
 thy warmest friend.
- 35 But none attaineth
 (such success)
 unless he perseveres;
 and none, again,
 will meet success
 unless he doth possess
 a great deal of
 equanimity.
- 36 And if the devil ever doth incite thee to discord, seek thou refuge in Allah. For He, indeed, is One-who-Hears the One-who-Knows.
- 37 The night, the day, the sun, the moon are only 'mong His signs:

احداثا من الجن والإش بخداهما
عند الناد المناون الإخراج المنطقات
عند الناد المناون الإنكانا من الإنتقالا المنطقات
عند الناد من الأوليا المنطقات المنطقة المنطقات المنطقة المن

وَيَوْمَ عُشَرًا عَدَاهُ اللّهِ إِلَى الدّارِفَمُمُ

عَلَيْ وَيُونَ ۞

عَمْ اذَا مَا عَا عَدَا عَاهُمُ اللّهِ الْحَادِهُ عَلَيْهِ عَمْ

عَلَمُوا الْمَا عَلَيْهُ وَهُ الْمَا عَدَا عُلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عِلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عِلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ

worship not the sun nor the moon but worship Allah who created them if ye would really worship!

38 If they (these pagans)
are too proud,
(it matters little),
for, those
in the presence of thy Lord
pay homage to Him
night and day
and they are never weary.



- 39 And 'mong His signs
 one sees the earth
 tired and drooping
 but when We send to it
 the rain,
 it stirs and swells!
 Surely, He who thus enliveneth,
 can bring to life these dead.
 Indeed, He is Omnipotent.
- 40 Those who refuse to see
 Our signs
 are not hidden from Us.
 Which is better—
 to face the fire of hell
 or come through peacefully
 on the appointed day?
 Do what ye will;
 He is, indeed, aware
 of what ye do.
- 41 They do reject
 what comes to them
 as a reminder?
 (But, nonetheless,)
 it is a worthy proclamation.
- 42 No falsehood comes from it about the future or about the past; it is revealed by One who's Wise, Worthy of Obeisance.
- 43 Nothing has been told to thee but what was said to Messengers before thee: Thy Lord is Most-Forgiving and yet,
 He is Most-Strict.
- 44 Had We revealed the Qur'an altogether in an unfamiliar tongue, they could have said, "Why are not its verses explained simultaneously? But the language of the Qur'an is both—familiar, also unfamiliar.

Say thou, "For those who once accept it, it is guidance and a cure (of their deficiency).

But for those who will not accept it, their ears are blocked, it is to them incomprehensible; they are the ones who hear it (only as a murmur faint) from a distance.

- 45 We had, indeed,
 bestowed a Law through Musa
 but they differed about it
 and if a promise of thy Lord
 had not preceded it
 (to defer punishment)
 judgement would be passed
 to end their differences.
 They are in helpless doubt.
- 46 He who doeth right
 does it for his good
 and he that doeth wrong
 does it at his cost.
 It is not thy Lord
 who forces (good or evil)
 upon His servants.
- 47 To Him is borne
 all knowledge
 of the hour:
 no flower doth emerge
 from its bud,
 no woman doth conceive,
 nor brings forth young
 outside His knowledge.
 He ever asketh them,
 "Where are my partners?"
 They say, "We do assure Thee,
 none amongst us
 doth bear witness to them!"



- 48 Those whom they were wont to call, forsake them and they realize: there is no escape for them.
- 49 Man never wearies of supplicating for his good, but the moment evil touches him, he is discouraged and despairs of the future.
- 50 And when We make him taste blessings from Us after evil hath touched him, he boasts, "This is mine (by right); believe I not the end is near and even if I were to face my Lord, there is awaiting me much good!"

But We draw attention, of those who spurn, to what they're doing and We shall make them taste dire punishment.

- 51 When We shower blessings upon man he withdraweth from Us; but when evil toucheth him he comes with lengthy prayers.
- 52 Say thou,
 "You know this is
 from Allah really,
 and yet you reject it:
 who is more lost
 than one who doth,
 (knowingly) persist?"
- 53 Anon!

We shall make them see Our signs on all horizons and amidst themselves, until it becomes manifest to them that this is Truth.

وَسِنَ الْبِيَهَا قَالَةَ تَرَى الْرَصَ خَلِيَةً

الْقَالَةِ الْمَاكَةَ الْمَاكَةِ الْمَوْلُ وَرَبُثُ

عَنْ كُلْ الْمَنْ عَلَيْهُما الْمُعْيِ الْمَوْلُ وَلِيَّةُ

عَنْ كُلْ الْمَنْ عُلَيْ الْمَنْ الْمُعْيِقِ الْمَوْلُ وَلِنَّهُ

الْفَالْوَلِيْ مِنْ عَلِيْنَا الْمَنْ فَيْلِقِي الْمَنْ الْمِنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ الْمِنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ الْمِنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ

54 What if they are in doubt about their facing Him?

Doth he not encompass all?

*



Sura : $SH\bar{U}R\bar{A}$

m the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

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HA! MIM!
(MUHAMMAD!)

AIN! SIN! QAF! (O MUHAMMAD!)

- 3 Thus doth call thee, and those before thee, Allah, the Sovereign, the Wise!
- 4 To Him (subservient)
 is all that is
 in heaven or on earth:
 He is the absolutely High
 the absolutely Great.
- 5 The heavens are about
 to cleave asunder
 far above them—
 the (winds and clouds,
 like) angels, waft
 at the bidding of their Lord
 to bless
 the dwellers on the earth!
 Is not Allah, indeed,
 Bountiful and full of Mercy?
- 6 Those who seek patrons beside Him, Allah is their watcher thou art not responsible for them..
- 7 We bestow on thee the Qur'an in familiar Arabic so that thou mayest warn the 'mother-city' and those surrounding it—those in comfort, those in misery—warn them (both) of the day of which there is no doubt.

- 8 If Allah had desired
 We could have made
 them as one group;
 but He admits to His mercy
 whom He likes
 and those who wrong
 (themselves) there are for them
 no friends, no helpers.
- 9 Why must they seek patrons beside Allah? He is the (real) Patron who can bestow life even on these dead for Him all things are possible!

- 10 That in which ye differ
 (from me):
 arbitration on it
 rests with Allah—
 Allah your Lord and mine—
 in Him I trust; to Him I turn..
- 11 Definer (of the roles)
 of heaven and of earth,
 He who establisheth relations
 among yourselves
 and among animals,
 and thereby multiplies you:
 Nothing is like unto Him
 He is All-hearing, All-observing.
- 12 Holdeth He the keys of heaven and earth; enlargeth or restricteth He life's sustenance to whom He likes. He knows all things.
- 13 Showeth He to you the self-same reckoning which He vouchsafed to Nuh—the same which We revealed



to thee (O MUHAMMAD), and that which We bequeathed to *lbrahim*, to *Musa* and to '*Isa*—Be steadfast to that (simple) reckoning and do not split yourselves into sects.

Difficult it is for pagans to accept the path to which thou callest them.

Allah chooses 'mong them whom He likes and guideth He those who turn to Him.

- 14 They continue to dispute through mutual envy even after knowledge has been given them. And if it had not been for a promise erstwhile given by thy Lord, to respite them for a time appointed, disputes among them would have been settled. These are the ones (who would fain) leave behind a heritage of Truth and yet, themselves, they are in doubt.
- 15 Therefore, invite them, but stand (thou) firm on what thou hast been bidden; yield not to their whims. Say thou, "I stand by whatsoever Allah has revealed in the Scripture: I have been bidden to be fair to you. Allah is our Lord and your Lord; we have our duties you have yours; Let there be no argument between us. Allah will unite us; to Him is our resort.

الذاجا الميذر وُكُونِهِ لَيْسَ كَوْنُهُ وَلِهُ لَيْسَ كَوْنُهُم الله مُقَالِيدُ السّهَمُ الْبَصِيدُ (المَصِيدُ فَلَهُ السَّهِ اللهُ مَعَالِيدُ السّهَمُ الْبَصِيدُ وَاللهُ وَعَلَيدُ اللهُ اللهُ مَعَالِيدُ السّهُمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمَعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَالْعُلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَالْعُلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُع

المحيير في والمنطقة المويز في المويز في والمنطقة والمنطق

脚腿

خة أُعْسَق ⊙ كذلك يؤيئ النك وإلى الكذين أفئ التَّمُوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَهُوَ المُحْتُوناً الْمُتَاعِلُهُمْ

16 But those who argue about Allah after once accepting Him—their arguments are specious in the sight of their Lord for them is wrath and severe punishment.



- 17 Allah it is who doth reveal the Law with truth and justice.

 And what will make you understand that the hour (of justice) is, at hand?
- 18 Only they who have no faith in it would have it hurry on them; but those of faith do stand in awe because they are aware of its reality!
 How utterly deluded are those who think the hour is far!
- 19 Allah is benign to His servants enricheth He whom He likes— He is the Strong, the Sovereign!

- 20 He who would till
 for the (values) beyond
 shall have his harvest;
 and he that tilleth
 for those at hand
 he too shall have somewhat:
 but little shall there be
 his share in the beyond.
- 21 Have they partners (of Allah)
 who guide them
 to a reckoning
 unjustified by Allah?!
 Had there been the final word
 the wrangling would have ceased
 among them:
 those who transgress
 for them is dire punishment.
- 22 Thou wilt see
 these transgressors
 huddled anxiously
 when that which they have earned
 falls on them.
 Then, those who did believe
 and acted rightly
 shall be in gardens of felicity—
 for them, from their Lord,
 all that they want—
 such is His bounteous grace.

23 That is what Allah promises to those among His servants who do believe and do good works.

> Say thou, "I ask of you for this no wage beyond the loyalty (which is due) to kith and kin."

He who doeth good
We heap more good on him;
for Allah, verily,
is both Forgiver
(of men's evil)
and Acknowledger
(of their good).

- 24 Do they say, "He has ascribed an untruth unto Allah?"

 If Allah had desired

 He could have sealed thy heart.

 But He blots out only falsehood and confirmeth He the truth by His words.

 He knows full well what lies within the hearts.
- 25 He it is who doth accept repentance from His servants and forgives their sins. He is aware of all ye do.
- 26 Respondeth He to those of faith and righteousness and addeth of His grace. But for unbelievers, there is dire affliction.
- 27 If Allah
 were to spread His bounty
 (boundlessly, as He can)
 for His servants,
 they would turn truant
 over all the earth.
 So He provides in measures
 He deems fit: indeed, He is,
 of His servants' (needs),
 Well-informed, Observant!



- 28 He it is who showers rain
 —after hope is lost—
 and spreads it
 through His grace.
 He is the real Friend
 worthy of obeisance.
- 29 His miracles abound in the creation of the heavens and the earth and in all the creatures broadcast over them; and as and when He wants to garner them—He has the power.

- 30 No evil fortune visits you but which you have yourselves invited by your deeds, (and even then) much is forgiven.
- 31 For you there is no escape from the earth and you have, beside Allah, no friend, no helper.
- 32 Among His miracles are ships at sea— like warning penants.
- 33 When He doth wish
 the winds do cease to blow
 and they ride motionless
 on their keels.
 In that are, truly, signs
 for all the patient
 and the grateful.
- 34 Or, He wrecketh them for what they've earned— and yet—He pardons many.
- 35 So that those
 who would overlook Our signs
 may know:
 there is no way for them
 (apart from Us).

- 36 What (little) has been given you is only for the while; but that which is with Allah is greater and more lasting—
 - (i) that is for those who possess faith and trust in Allah.



- 37 (ii) (And) those who refrain from major sins and indecencies:
 - (iii) those who even when aroused to anger, would forgive.
- 38 (vi) (And) those who hearken to their Lord,
 - (v) stand fast to their duties,
 - (vi) act as per counsel 'mong themselves
 - (vii) and freely give of what We have on them bestowed.
- 39 (viii) (And) those who, when calamity befalls them, protect themselves.
- 40 ('Tis true that)
 evil deserves evil
 in equal measure:
 but he who would forgive
 and thus be reconciled—
 his deserts are with Allah.
 He doth not love aggressors.
- 41 But they who would defend themselves against assault— they are those for whom there is no choice.
- 42 The choice doth lie with those
 who would oppress their fellow men
 and aggrandise the land
 without cause.
 They are the ones
 for whom is dire punishment.
- 43 But, to endure with fortitude and to forgive, is to resolve affairs.

- 44 Those whom Allah
 hath allowed to stray
 for them there is no friend
 thenceforth—
 thou wilt find
 those who oppress,
 when faced with punishment,
 saying (to themselves),
 "Is there now no way
 to exercise our choice?"
- 45 Thou wilt find them brought forth humbled and disgraced, ashamed to meet men's eyes—
 Those who believe will say,
 "These are the ones who have lost their souls and their kindred for all time.
 These who did oppress are now perpetually oppressed.
- 46 There is for them no friend to help them beside Allah; and they whom Allah doth forsake, for them there is no guide-post!
- 47 Hearken ye to your Lord before there comes the day when there remains no chance for escape from Allah—

 There will then remain for you no place of refuge, and, to deny, no means.
- 48 But if they still
 go their way,
 (remember thou)
 We have not sent thee
 as their guardian.
 Thou art but to preach!



When man doth taste Our mercy, he exults thereat; but when some evil consequences of his own deeds overtake him, then, indeed, man doth complain.

- 49 Allah's alone is sovereignty o'er heaven and earth—
 Creates He what He likes; bestows He if He likes (only) daughters bestows He if He likes (only) sons.
- 50 Or, He bestows in pairs sons and daughters; makes He, if He likes, a person barren... He, indeed, has Knowledge, also Power.
- 51 It is vouchsafed not to mortals that Allah speak to them except as inspiration, or from behind a veil, or else He sends a Messenger who doth suggest, at His command, what He wills.

 He is the Great, the Wise.
- 52 And thus have We communed to thee the essence of Our will.

 Thou knew not what was the law (of Musa) nor what was faith—
 (as taught by 'Isa) but We have made it (this Qur'an) a guiding torch.

 We guide by it such among Our servants as We will.

 Thou wilt surely lead them to the path secure...

مِن سَيْلِ الْ

الْسَجِيدُ الْمِرْعِيْ الْمَاكِنَةُ الْمَاكِةُ الْمَالِعُلُولِي الْمَاكِةُ الْمَاكُولِي الْمَاكِةُ الْمَلْكُولُولُ

53 The path of Allah—
on which
treads all that is
in heaven and on earth!
Is not Allah (Himself)
the final goal
of all endeavour?

التواحق عَنْ الأَنْ الْمَا الْمُلَمِّ الْمُوالِي اللَّهُ الْمَا اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ ا

*

SURA: ZUKHRUF

h the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

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Ha! MIM!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 (Here is) Revelation clear.
- 3 We have indeed made it a teaching in plain Arabic so that they may understand.
- 4 It is from the very womb of knowledge, from Us sublime and full of wisdom:
- 5 Shall We deprive you of warning altogether because you are a people who transgress?
- 6 How many Warners We did send to those before!
- 7 No Warner came to them at whom they did not laugh!
- 8 So We destroyed the worst among them and made of them examples of the past...
- 9 If thou shouldst ask them, "Who hast made the heaven and the earth?" They will certainly reply, "They were made by the Sovereign and the Wise.
- 10 "He who made the earth a cradle for your growth and laid out paths in it for your guidance...

- 11 "By Him who sends down rain from the heavens in due proportions and doth revive the deadened earth—even as ye wake...
- 12 "By Him who made all things complementary who made the ships and animals for you to ride on...
- 13 "So that ye may rest in comfort on them and remember the bounties of your Lord when riding them, and say, 'Glory be to Him who has subjected these to us; We could not have (ourselves) accomplished this...
- 14 'We should heartily respond (in gratitude) to our Lord!"
- 15 (They say all this)
 And yet they attribute
 to some among His creatures
 a part of His domain!
 Indeed, man doth
 glaringly blaspheme!!

- 16 Hath Allah chosen to adopt daughters among His creatures while ye do prefer sons?
- 17 When news is brought of one resembling (in sex) the image which they set forth for the *Rahman*, his face doth darken and he is aggrieved.



- 18 (To himself he says)
 "A thing to be
 reared in trinkets,
 and, in fighting,
 scarcely to be seen!"
- 19 The powers of Allah that are at His command, they (too) they represent as females!
 Have they in person seen them?
 Their evidence shall be scrutinized and they shall be cross-questioned!
- 20 They say,
 "If Rahman had so willed
 we would not have
 worshipped these."
 Of that they are not
 really convinced:
 they only prattle!
- 21 Had We given them an edict before this (telling them to worship these) to which they cling?
- 22 No, they only claim,
 "We found our forbears
 conforming to a people
 (preceding them)
 and we do nothing, but
 follow in their footsteps."
- 23 Even so—
 no Warner did We
 send before thee
 to a town but that
 the easy-going 'mong them said,
 "We found our forbears
 conforming to a people
 (preceding them)
 and we do nothing but
 follow in their footsteps!"

اوالتخذوستايخائى بنت قاصفكم والتخذون المنادية والتخذون والتجذوب والتخذوب والتخديد و

影別門

خون والتنبي النبية وق وقائدة والتنبية والتنبية وقائدة والتنبية والتنافة وقائدة والتنبية والتنافة وقائدة والتنبية والتنافة وقائدة والتنبية والتنافة وقائدة و

- 24 He said, "What if I bring you a guidance better than the one your forbears followed? They said, "We are sceptical of the message which you bring!
- 25 So We made them pay (for their unbelief). And see ye for yourselves the end of those who did deny...

- 26 Ibrahim to his father and his people said,"I withdraw my allegiance to all ye worship—
- 27 "Except to Him who has made me and He alone will guide me."
- 28 He left that saying as a (sacred) heritage to his posterity so that they may (likewise) free themselves.
- 29 Yes, I had given these and their fathers reprieve until there come to them the Truth and a message clear.
- 30 And yet, when Truth
 has come to them,
 they say, "This is casuistry;
 we are not convinced!"
- 31 They say, "Why was this Qur'an not revealed to one who was revered by high and low?"
- 32 Would they apportion
 Allah's grace?!
 It is We who distribute
 among them
 their material wealth
 and raise We some
 in status over others
 so that some
 may employ others—
 but thy Lord's grace
 is more valuable
 than what they garner.
- 33 If it had not been that man would altogether form a (blasphemous) community We would provide the ingrates of Our mercy

with houses lined with silver and staircases adorned—

- 34 Gateways to their houses and couches to recline—
- 35 And jewelled ornaments.

 But all such things

 are of a transient nature only:
 the wealth that is in store
 with thy Lord,
 for those who heed
 exceedeth far beyond.

- 36 To him who is oblivious remembering not the Rahman— We assign devilish sycophants as close companions.
- 37 Away they lead him from the correct path while he believes that he is being guided—
- 38 Until he comes to Us—
 (To his false companion)
 he says,
 "O, would that we had been
 two poles apart!
 How false was thy
 companionship!"
- 39 There shall be no consolation then— O ye, who transgressed that, in suffering too, you are companions...
- 40 But wouldst thou make the deaf to hear?
 Wouldst thou guide the blind, who are totally astray, to see?
- 41 For even if We do withdraw thee, We shall, nonetheless, pay them their dues.



- 42 Perhaps, We'll let thee see that which We have promised them: namely that,
 Our will prevails!
- 43 So hold thou firm to what has been revealed to thee—thou art, indeed, on the highway safe.
- 44 It is, in truth, a memorandum for thyself and thy people and soon will ye be tested.
- 45 Ask thou,
 "Has any one among
 Our Heralds
 whom We did send before thee,
 (has any single one of them)
 taught them to worship others
 beside the Rahman?"

- 46 Musa We sent
 with credentials from Us
 to Fir'aun and his hosts.
 He said, "I am a herald
 of the Lord of all mankind."
- 47 But when he put Our credentials before them, they made light of them.
- 48 We pointed out to them
 the signs
 (of Our Omnipresence),
 one greater than another,
 and (even) made them suffer
 calamities
 so that they may,
 (perchance), reform.
- 49 They said, "O, thou beguiler, pray thou to thy Lord for us to bestow what He has promised through thee (then) we would fain be guided."

مَيْكُ كَهُ مُدَالُتُ وْكِيْنِ وَهُمْ الْقَوْلِيُّ وَلَا الْقَوْلِيُّ وَلَا الْمَعْلَمُو الْكَوْمُ الْقَوْلِيُّ وَلَا الْمَعْلَمُو الْكَاكُمُ الْكَلُمُ الْكَاكُمُ الْكَلُمُ الْكَاكُمُ الْكَلُمُ وَالْمَالُونِ الْمَعْلَمُ الْكَلُمُ الْمَعْلَمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِم

وَإِذَ قَالَ الْبَرْهِ بُعْدُ الْمَنْهِ وَقَوْيَهِ الْفَيْ

الْالْلَيْنِ فَكَرِيْنَ فَالْفَاسَمُورُونِهِ الْفَيْ

الْالْلَيْنِ فَكَرِيْنَ فَالْفَسَمُورُونِي ﴿

وَحَمَلَهُ عَلِيهُ فَا فَالْمَنْ عَلَيْهُ الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمُلْمِينَ ﴿

وَمَا الْمَلْفِ الْمَنْ فَلَمْ الْمُلْوَلُونُ مِنْ فَيْ ﴿

وَمَا الْمَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمِينَ الْمَلْمُ الْمُلْمِ اللَّهِ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

- 50 But when We cleansed them of their scourge they soon forgot their pledge!
- 51 Fir'aun addressed his people.
 He said, "O, my people,
 this land of Misr,
 is it not mine?
 This great river
 flowing at my feet,
 is it not subject to me?
 Do ye not see



- 52 "That I am mightier than this puny Musa who can hardly make his meaning clear?!
- 53 "Why has he no insignia of golden bracelets? Why has he no retainers in his train?"
- 54 Thus did he beguile his people and they bowed to him—they were impious all...
- 55 When they had vexed Us so, with a vengeance
 We drowned them all...
- 56 And made of them a people of the past, an example to all posterity...

- 57 When the Son of *Maryam* is held up as an example, lo, thy people, clamour joyously
- 58 And say,

 "Are not our deities
 on par with him?"

 They do not cite to thee
 (his presumed divinity)
 except to wrangle.
 They are a people quarrelsome.
- 59 He was no more than a servant Ours, whom We had blessed, We made of him an example (of Our Power) to the Bani Isra'il.
- 60 If We so desire

 We can, even among you,
 raise angels
 as your progeny on earth.

- 61 That is all the knowledge needed for the present.

 Do not, therefore, raise ye doubts...

 Obey ye only Me that is the correct path.
- 62 Do not let the devil bar your path; He is avowedly, your enemy.
- 63 When 'Isa came with clear proofs, he said, "Verily, I come to you with wisdom and will resolve for you some of the points on which ye dispute—Fear ye Allah, hearken ye to me.
- 64 "Allah, indeed, is my Lord and your Lord so worship Him all of ye that is the correct path."
- 65 But differed groups among themselves.O, woe to those who transgressed, on the day of judgment.
- 66 Do they wait for aught but the moment of sudden calamity to come on them while they are unaware?
- 67 Friends will turn foes, one to the other, on the day except those who heeded.

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68 "O servants Mine, ye need not fear today; no harm shall come to you

- 69 "Who did perceive Our signs, and humbly bowed:
- 70 "Enter ye in paradise —ye and your spouses joyously."
- 71 Passing midst them
 cups and bowls of gold—
 all that their hearts desire
 all that delights their eyes—
 "Rest ye here for long:
- 72 "This is the paradise which ye have earned by your own deeds.
- 73 "Fruits (of righteousness) abundant, and which satisfy."
- 74 The sinners in the plight of hell shall dwell...
- 75 From it no means of escape and in it, they are crushed!
- 76 We have not been unjust to them—
 they have done injustice to themselves.
- 77 They cry (in anguish)
 "O, dispenser of justice!
 Let thy Lord dispose of us!"
 He only answers:
 "Here you must remain!"
- 78 We brought the Truth to you but most of you abhor the truth.
- 79 Have they finalized (the outcome of) their plan?
 But it is We alone who finalize (the outcome)!

مَلْ النَّا الْمِنْ الْ السَّاعَة الْ اَلْهُ الْمُعْلَمُ وَلِيَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ وَلِيَعْمُ وَلَا الْمَاعِة الْمَالَيْكُمُ الْمُعْمُ وَلِيَعْمُ وَلَا الْمُعْمُ وَلِيَعْمُ وَلَمْ الْمُعْمُ وَلِيَّعْمِي عَدَّةً الْمَالِمُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَمُ وَلِيَعْمِي عَدَّةً الْمُؤْمِنَ وَلَا الْمُعْمُونِ وَلَا الْمُعْمُونِ وَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْمُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ

غَلَةِ لَا ٱلۡقِىٰعَلَيۡتِهِ ٱسُورَةٌ مِنۡنُوهُ أذَخَاءً مَعَهُ الْمُلَلِكَةُ مُفْتَرِينُنَ @ مُوسَلَقًا وَمَثَلًا لِلْإِخِرِيْنَ أَنَّ وَلِتَاحْوِبَ ابْنُ مَرْكِيمُ مِثَكَّ إِذَا تَوْمُكَ وَقَالُوْاءَ الْفَتُنَاخُهُ وَالْهُمُومُ مَا خُمُ يُوْالُكُ الأَجَدَالُا بُلْ هُنْ وَنُوْمُ خَصِمُونَ @ إن هُوَالْاعَدُ الْعَيْنَاعَلَنْهِ وَحَعَلْنَهُ وَلُوْنَشُاءُ يُعَمِّلُنَا مِنْكُوْ مُلْكِحُمُّ فِي وْنْ هَٰذَا مِرَاظُ مُسْتَقِيْدُ ۞ اِنَّ اللهَ هُوَرَيِنِيُ وَرَبِّكُمُ فَاغُمِّدُونُهُ ۗ هٰذَاصِرَاطُ مُسْتَقِيْمُ ۞ مَا خُتَلَفَ الْآحُزَابُ مِنَ بَيْنِهِ مُوْ فَوْيُلُ لِلَّذِيْنَ ظُلَّمُوا مِنْ عَدَّابِ

- 80 Or do they count on
 Our being unaware
 of their secrets and their plots?
 Indeed, Our agents
 record all details.
- 81 Say thou:
 "The Rahman hath no son!
 Above all, that I deny!"

- 82 Glory be to the Lord of heaven and earth and Lord Supreme! Far is He from that which they impute to Him!
- 83 Leave them then to prattle and amuse themselves until the menaced day doth dawn on them...
- 84 He is the Deity of the heavens.
 He is the Deity on earth,
 He is the Wise,
 He is the Omniscient!
- 85 So blessed be He
 whose is the kingdom
 of the heavens and the earth
 and all that is between.
 With Him lies knowledge
 of the hour and to Him
 shall ye return...
- 86 No power, apart from Him, have these whom they invoke for intercession— except for those who bear witness to the truth and are aware.

وَلاَ يَمَنْ إِلَّهُ الْوَبُنَ يَدْ عُوْنَ مِنْ وُدُوْنِهِ الشَّفَاعَةُ إِلاَّ مَنْ شَهِ مَهِ الْحَقِ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُوْنَ ۞ وَلَهِنْ سَالَتَهُمُّ مِّنَ حَلَقَهُمُ لِيَعُوْلُنَ اللهُ قَالَىٰ يُؤُوْنَكُونَ ۞ وَقِيلُهِ مِيْنَ جِلاَنَ هَوْلُاكِمَ قَوْمُ لِاللهِ يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞ يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞ وَلُومُونَ هَاللهِ اللهِ اللهُ الللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللل سُبُحْنَرَتِ التَّمُوتِ وَالْاَرْضِ رَتِ الْعَرْشُ عَتَاكِمِهُونَ ۞ فَدَّرُهُمُ مِيُمُومُمُوا وَيَلَعَبُوا حَثَّى يُلْفُوا يَوَمَهُ مُلِلَيْ فَيُوعَكُونَ ۞ وهُوالْنَ فَ فِي التَّمَاء اللَّهُ وَفِي الْاَرْضِ والهُّ وَهُوالْنَيْ فُلِهُ مُلْكُ التَّمُوتِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَمَا يَبُنُهُمُ الْوَعِنُدَ وَهُوالْالتَّالَةِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَمَا يَبُنُهُمُ الْوَعِنُدُ وَهُوالْالتَّاعَةِ وَالْدَرْضِ وَمَا يَبُنُهُمُ الْوَعِنُدُ وَهُوالْالتَّاعَةِ وَالْمُلْكِعَلَا التَّاعَةِ وَالْمُرْضِ

- 87 If thou shouldst ask them who created them, they will surely answer, "Allah."
 Why then do they turn (to others)?
- 88 So that he (My herald)
 has to cry (in anguish)
 "O, my Lord,
 these are a people
 who will NOT believe!"
- 89 But bear thou with them, and say, "Peace."

 They soon shall know!







Sura : $DUKHKH\bar{A}N$

h the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 228

HA! MIM!

,

- 2 (Here is) revelation clear!
- 3 We reveal it in the blessedness of night for We would have them warned...
- 4 Therein are conveyed precepts wise...
- 5 Precepts from Us for We would have (Our Laws) announced.
- 6 As a mercy from thy Lord who is, indeed, the One who Hears, the One who Knows!
- 7 The Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between if ye would only be, convinced...
- 8 No deity is there but He.

 He gives you life
 He gives you death—
 your Lord and the Lord
 of all your ancestors of yore...
- 9 And yet they play with doubt!
- 10 Watch thou then the day which clearly dawns with skies smoke-laden.
- 11 Men cower with fear—
 "This is affliction great

- 12 "Our Lord, save us from this blight: We do, indeed, believe (in Thee)!"
- 13 But what has brought belief to them? For when a Herald manifest had come to them
- 14 They had turned their backs on him and scoffed: "That parrot mad!"
- 15 We shall certainly remove this puny blight anon: but soon, you will recant!
- grasp you with a mighty grasp and then you will be duly recompensed!

- 17 We had, indeed, before them tried the people of Fir'aun and sent to them a gracious herald...
- 18 "Deliver unto me Allah's servants! Lo! I come to you as a trusted Envoy!
- 19 "Do not challenge Allah, lo, I come to you with (His) manifest authority...
- 20 "And lo, I seek protection of my Lord and your Lord if ye would injure me...



- 21 "So, even if ye do not put your trust in me keep yourselves aloof."
- 22 Then called he to his Lord:
 "These are, indeed,
 a callous lot!"
- 23 "Set thou forth at night with My servants—
 for you will be pursued.
- 24 "Cross o'er the sea while it is still agape: so that the lot of them (who follow later) are drowned!"
- 25 What gardens and what springs they left behind!
- 26 Luxuriant fields homesteads full of luxuries.
- 27 Abundance and prosperity in which they took delight!
- 28 So it was...

 We made a later people their inheritors.
- 29 The heavens shed no tears on them nor the earth—none turned on them a glance...

- 30 The Bani Isra'il
 We rescued from
 degrading servitude
- 31 To Fir'aun—
 he was, indeed,
 most prominent
 among oppressors!

則則問

ختر أن والكيني الفيانين ﴿

الْكَا الْتُوْلُدُهُ لِلْ الْعَلِيدِ الْفِيانِينِ ﴿

مُنْدُورِثِينَ ۞

الْمُوالْمُونُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُعْلَمِينِ الْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُومِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمِنِي وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِونِ

- 32 And We distinguished them for knowledge among communities,
- 33 And We impressed on them
 Our signs—
 without ambiguity...
- 34 And yet, forsooth, they say,
- 35 "Naught is there beyond decadence nor can we again be raised.

- 36 "Bring us (evidence from) our forefathers if ye speak the truth."
- 37 Are they any better than the people of *Tubba* who were before them? We annihilated them—they too were recalcitrant.
- 38 Not in sport have We created the heavens and the earth and all that is between.
- 39 We have not created them except in seriousness—but most of them are unaware...
- 40 Truly it is only on the final day that they will all submit.
- 41 The day when no friend, to friends, can render help.

42 Except those to whom Allah himself showeth mercy:
He is, indeed, the Sovereign and the Merciful!

- 43 Bitter-bitter as zaggum
- 44 Is the taste of regret.
- 45 Like molten lead it reaches to the abdomen;
- 46 It seethes like boiling water.
- 47 "Seize him! Drag him to the brink of hell!
- 48 "Then on his head pour boiling liquid...
- 49 "Taste thou this!

 Thou who wast so mighty and so noble!"

- 50 "This is what ye did deny and scoff at!!"
- 51 But those who did pay heed in realms of safety,
- 52 In gardens laid with springs...
- 53 Adorned in silks and rich brocades conversing lightly.
- 54 So it is—
 We have provided them
 companions fair and large-eyed...
- 55 They have at their wish all the fruits of peace.
- 56 Therein no taste of death beyond the former death safe and secure from punishment...
- 57 All this is bounty from thy Lord—this is the greatest blessing...

كَانُوهُ كَاغُولُولُ السَّدَاءِ الْمَجَوِيْهِ

 جُمُعُبُّوا الْاَنْ الْمَدْرِيُّةُ الْاَنْ الْمَدْرِيُّةُ الْمُكَالِيَةُ الْمَدْرِيُّةُ الْمَدْرِيةُ الْمَدْرَةِ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمَدْرَةِ الْمَدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدُرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدُرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدُولِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُولِيةُ الْمُدُولِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدُرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدُرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدْرِيةُ الْمُدُرِيةُ الْمُدُرِيةُ الْ

58 We have made it facile on thy tongue so that they may be warned.

59 Wait thou...
even as, indeed,
they are waiting...

عَالَانِ إِنَّ إِنَّا إِن كَنْفُوْ الْمِدِ وَفِينَ ۞ مِنْ تَنَالِهِ هُوْ أَوْلَتُهِ وَالْكَرِيْنَ مِنْ تَنَالِهِ هُوْ أَهْ لَكُنْهُمْ وَالْمَرْهِ مَا لَوْا مُعْمَدُونِنَ ۞ مَا مَنْفُلُهُمُ الْفَيْفُلِ مِنْ الْمَنْقَ وَلَكُنَّ الْفَرْهُمُو مَا مَنْفُلُونَ ۞ لِاَيْفُلُونَ ۞ لِوَيْفُلُونَ ۞ لِوَيْفُلُونَ ۞ لَوْمُمُنُونَ هُولِيَّ مَنْ الْمُنْفَقِيلِ مِنْ الْمُنْفِقِيلِ الْمِنْفِقِيلِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْفِقِيلِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْفِقِيلِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْفِقِيلِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْفِقِيلِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ ﴾

السَّمُونِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ



SURA: JĀTHIA

h the name of Allah the Rahillian the Rahill

1 *** 232

HA! MIM! (O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 (Here comes) the revelation from Allah, the Sovereign Lord, the Wise...
- 3 All that is in the heavens and the earth is evidence (of Him) for those who realize!
- 4 And in your own creation, as in all living creatures, are marvels for a people who perceive!
- 5 In the changing patterns
 of nights and days,
 and in what Allah
 sends you from the skies
 for sustenance—
 reviving once again
 the deadened earth—
 the winds that waft:
 all these are evidences
 for those who have good sense.
- 6 All these are evidences of Allah; to them, in truth, We point through thee. By what narrative apart from Allah's, by what other signs will they be (yet) convinced?

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7 Ah! Woe to every callous, careless one

- 8 Who hears
 the signs of Allah
 being pointed out to him—
 yet struts
 as if he had not heard...
 Promise be to him
 of retribution, pain;
- 9 And even when he doth perceive some aspect of Our marvels he doth make a joke of it for such as he is retribution mean.
- 10 Hell faces them,
 goods they have garnered
 will be of no avail;
 nor those on whom
 they do rely,
 beside Allah,
 will (e'er) befriend them.
 For them is retribution great.
- 11 Plain guidance this:
 those who are insensitive
 to the blessings of their Lord,
 for them is retribution,
 sorrow, pain.

- 12 Allah it is
 who hath spread out for you
 the seas; and barks
 sail at His bidding
 so that ye may
 set forth to seek
 His blessings
 and be grateful—
- 13 He hath bestowed on you all the wonders of the heavens and the earth; in all of them, in truth, are marvels manifest for those who think.



- 14 Say thou, to those of faith that they forbear with those who look not forward to the days of Allah—
 It is for Him to recompense every people for that which they have earned.
 - 15 He who acteth right serves his self, and he who wrongs, wrongs himself: then to your Lord will ye all proceed.
 - 16 Indeed, upon
 the Bani Isra'il
 We bestowed
 freedom, law and leadership.
 We blessed them with
 good in abundance—
 We distinguished them
 amongst communities.
 - 17 Bestowed We on them clear proofs of Our behests: they differed not until they became learned; and then, amongst themselves they quibbled.

 The Lord alone upon the judgment day will settle that in which, among themselves, they differ.
- 18 We then led thee
 to the essence
 of the matter.
 Follow it, therefore,
 and be not led astray
 by the fantasies
 of those who know not.
- 19 They shall avail thee not with Allah.
 It is transgressors who are abetters one to another
 Allah alone
 befriends the cautious.

وَسَعْرَالُمُوْمَا فِالعَدْرِبُومَا فِالاَوْمِ عَيْمَا مِنْ فَالْ فَا فِالعَدْرِبُ وَمَا فِالاَوْمِ عَيْمَا مِنْ فَعْلَ اِنْ فِي ذَلِكَ لَا يَهْ فِلْوَا فَالْلِلْوَنِ فَالْمَوْلِيَّةِ فِي فَوْمَا لِمَا فَالْمَلِيْدِينَ فَى مَنْ عَيْلِ مَا الْحَالَةِ فَيْمَ الْمِنْ فَالْمَا الْمَلْوِينِ فَى مَنْ عَيْلِ مَا الْحَالَةِ فَالْمَا الْمَلْوِينِ فَى اللَّهُ الْمَلْوِينِ فَى الْمَالِمَةِ فَى اللَّهِ الْمَلْوِينِ فَى الْمَلْمِينِ فَى الْمَلْمِينِ فَى اللَّهِ الْمَلْوِينِ فَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ فَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ فَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ فَى اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهِ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنَالِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْم

剧剧叫

- 20 Insights are these and guidance unto men in general; and grace to those who implicity believe.
- 21 Do they in whose account
 evil has been recorded,
 presume that they shall
 in life and in death
 be equal to
 those who do believe
 and righteously endeavour?
 Falsely, indeed, do they presume!



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- 22 Allah has created
 the heavens and the earth
 in true adjustment—
 so that all beings
 receive what they have earned
 and none are wronged.
- 23 Hast thou (not) seen
 one who follows
 only his own fancies?
 Allah has, (therefore),
 made him insensitive
 to what he hears,
 to what he feels
 and He hath dimmed his eyes
 (to what he sees).
 Who then can guide
 whom Allah has forsaken?
 Will ye not heed?
- 24 They say,
 "What else is there
 beside our earthly life?
 We (as individuals) die;
 we, (as race) survive.
 Nought but time
 (eventually) destroys..."
 Not on knowledge
 is their thinking based:
 they merely do surmise.
- 25 And when Our marvels manifest are pointed out to them they have no argument except to say:

 "Bring then evidence from our forbears if ye do speak the truth."

26 Say thou,
"It is Allah
who gives you life,
who gives you death
who will gather you
on the day of judgement.
There is no doubt therein
but most men do not know."

- 27 Allah's sovereignty
 alone pervades
 the heavens and the earth
 and when the hour dawns
 vain their arguments.
- 28 Thou seest
 peoples of all followings
 kneeling in submission.
 Each people with its records:
 "Today ye shall be
 compensated
 for all that ye have done."
- 29 This is Our record which accurately tells of all your deeds. We did, indeed, keep record of all ye did.
- 30 Then, as for those who did have faith and acted righteously, their Lord will place them 'neath His grace—that is, indeed, felicity!
- 31 But to those who (erstwhile) scoffed: "Were not my signs pointed out to you?



Were you not supercilious then? Were ye not a recalcitrant people?

- 32 "When it had been said,
 "The pledge of Allah
 is not false, the hour,
 there is no doubt of it'
 ye said,
 "We know not what the hour is.
 We think it is
 nought but fancy..
 We are not convinced.""
- 33 Then will dawn upon them the evil of their deeds and will envelop them that at which they laughed!
- 34 Then it will be said to them:

 "Today We are oblivious
 of you even as
 ye yourselves were oblivious
 of facing this your day!
 Fire doth envelop you
 and helpers you have none.
- 35 That is because you took the pledge of Allah for a joke and life's immediate good deluded you. So now there is no escape, no means to make amends.'
- 36 So, to command is for Allah only:
 Lord of the heavens,
 Lord of the earth,
 Lord of all communities.

هذا الناتانيخ ماتية الحق الحق الا المتناف ال

وَعَنَى الله السّنوتِ وَالْاَصْ الْحَقِ

وَلَيُّ عَلَى مَلْ الْسَهْ السّنَفُ وَهُمْ

وَلَيُّ عَلَى مَنْ الْمَسْ الْمَاكَسِّتُ وَهُمْ

الْمَيْفَلَمُونَ ۞

وَعَلَى الْمَا الله هُوْ مَنْ الله هُولِ الله وَعَلَى الله وَعِنْ الله وَعَلَى الله وَعِلَى الله وَعَلَى الله

37 All majesty
over heaven and earth
belongs to Him
He is the Sovereign
He the Wise!





Sura : $AHQ\bar{A}F$

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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Ha! Mim!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 (Here comes) the announcement from Allah the Sovereign, the Wise:
- 3 Not have We created
 the heavens and the earth
 and all that is between
 except as testimony
 (to Ourself the Creator)
 and for an appointed term.
 But those who deny
 would fain be blind
 and turn away
 from that which
 for them should be a lesson.
- 4 Say thou:

"Just see what ye invoke beside Allah!
Show me what they have created on this earth!"
Have they a share in the making of the heavens?
Say, thou:
"Bring to me an inspired Law preceding this, or even traces of its knowledge—
if ye speak the truth."

5 Who is more astray than he who doth invoke, beside Allah, one who responds not till the day of judgement—one who is oblivious of their prayers?!

- 6 When men awaken and arise, they will eschew them and deny them worship.
- 7 And when (abounding) signs of Ours are pointed out to them, those who would deny the truth when it touches them (evade and) say "This is a simple spell (of words)!"
- 8 Do they say,
 "He has fabricated it?"
 Say thou:
 "If I have forged it,
 ye can, in no degree,
 affect the judgment
 He will mete to me.
 He knows what ye impute.
 Enough is He as witness
 between you and me.
 He is the Forgiver
 He the Merciful!"

9 Say thou:

"I add no innovation to (the teaching of) the (former) Apostles; I know not what awaiteth me or you; obey I not but what

or you;
obey I not but what
I am commanded;
I am no more
than a warner plain."

10 Ask thou:

"Consider ye:

if this be from Allah

and ye reject it;

even when a witness from

among the Bani Isra'il



doth witness its corroboration (to the former Scriptures) and doth believe in it and ye still disdain..! (Will ye not be then transgressing?)" Indeed, Allah guideth not a people who transgress!

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- 11 The pagans say,
 about the faithful:
 "Had there been
 some value in it,
 they would not have been
 before us in accepting it!"
 What! Even when
 they have paid no heed to it
 and only said,
 "These are antiquated tales!"
- 12 Before this there prevailed the Law of Musa as a guide and blessing; and this confirms it in the language of the Arabs to warn those who transgress and bring tidings glad to those who work in righteousness—
- 13 Indeed, (even) those who (only) say, "Allah is our Lord," and stand firmly by their word: no fear need haunt them, nor shall they be grieved.
- 14 They are the ones who will live in bowers green for long as compensation for their deeds.
- 15 We have enjoined on man kindness to his parents:
 In pain his mother had borne him, in pain she gave him birth!
 His bearing and his weaning

قى النت بداعات المساوا الرسل و الدرا المساوا الرسا و المرسوا المرسوا

خون أن تؤيل المكنب من الله المنافع ال

cover thirty months! And (only) when he has matured and reached the age of forty, He says "O, Lord! Do thou guide me to be forever grateful for the gifts that Thou hast given me and my father, so that I might keep to the path of righteousness which pleases Thee. Improve me Thou in my posterity. To Thee I turn and to Thy will, submit!"



16 These are the ones from whom We shall accept

We shall accept
their noblest deeds
and whose misdeeds
We shall overlook.
(They shall be)
among the happy blest:
a solemn promise
hereby given them.

- 17 But he who tells his parents,
 "Off with you!
 Would ye promise me a rising when
 for aeons none has risen?!"
 While they, beseeching Allah, cry,
 "O! Woe to thee! Believe!
 Allah's promise is in truth!"
 And he, he says,
 "Not are these
 but folk-tales of the ancients!"
- 18 Such are the ones
 on whom falls justly
 the decree which fell
 on those who did precede them—
 Whether they were denizens
 or citizens—
 they were, indeed,
 among the lost!
- 19 For all there are degrees of compensation according to their deeds, so that they may be justly compensated and no one may be wronged.
- 20 The day when these evaders are mustered at the fire:
 "Ye didst pursue the good things in your earthly life and had your fill.
 Therefore this day shall ye be recompensed with humbling punishment for having been unduly disdainful on earth; and because ye were transgressors!"

- 21 Recall to them 'Ad's cousin, when he warned his people, on the (sand-dunes of) Ahqaf—there have been warners before him and after him—"Serve ye not but Allah, I fear for you the torments of a lasting day."
- 22 They said,
 "Hast thou come to us
 to cozen us away
 from our deities?
 Bring thou down on us
 what thou dost promise us
 if thou art of the truthful."
- 23 He said,
 "The knowledge (of the future) is with Allah only;
 I but proclaim to you the message
 I'm entrusted with.
 But this I see:
 ye are a people steeped in ignorance."
- 24 Then when they saw
 a cloud advancing
 towards their vale,
 they murmured,
 "This cloud
 will give us rain!"
 Nay, that is what
 ye would hasten on—
 the hurricane
 embodying great distress.
- 25 Burieth it all things
 at the bidding of its Lord.
 When light returned
 there was nothing to be seen
 except their entombed dwellings.
 That is how We recompense
 a people who transgress.



26 We had established them more firmly than We have established you.

We had endowed them with hearing, sight and feeling; but neither what they heard nor what they saw, nor what they felt, did they in the least profit by—
continued they to strive against the signs of Allah.

And then encompassed them that at which they scoffed!

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- 27 Thus have We destroyed cities in your environs and thus do We broadcast Our signs so that haply they may yet return (to sanity)!
- 28 Why then did they not help them, those beside Allah whom they worshipped as intermediaries to Allah? Nay, it was they who had misled them. This was all the consequence of their delusions and what they had invented!
- 29 (Recall thou) how
 We made aware to thee
 a band of jinn
 who overheard
 the Qur'an being recited:
 'Hush! Hush!' they said
 when hearing it,
 and when it ended,
 returned they to their people
 as harbingers.

الآيان الذين تتقبّل عنهم احسن ما علوا وتنها وقرق من المنافعة المن

30 Said they, 'O! Our people!

We have heard
a Law announced
resembling that of Musa
in full accord
with that which lies
before your eyes.
Guides it to the truth
and to the correct path!

- 31 "O! Our people!
 accept ye him
 who doth summon you
 to Allah.
 Believe in Him
 He will free you from your sins
 and save you from distress.
- 32 "Those who respond not to Allah's Summoner hinder not His plan on earth; nor, beside Him have they (real) friends.

 They are in error plain!"
- 33 Do they not see
 that it is Allah
 who has made
 the heavens and the earth,
 who tires not
 in their making,
 and who has the power
 o'er life and death?
 O! Truly, He hath power
 o'er every thing!!
- 34 And when these, unbelievers, are mustered at the fire:

 "Is this not the truth?"

 They will say,

 "Yes! By our Lord!"

 It will be said,

 "Then taste ye punishment for that which ye denied!"

كُلِّ ثَنْيُ قَدِيدُ ۞ وَيُوْمَ يُفْرَضُ الْرَيْنِيَ لَقُرُوا عَلَى النّارِهِ اَلَيْسَ هُمْ اَلِالْحَقِّ قَالُوا بَلِ وَرَبْنَا قال قَدُّ وَقِهِ الْعَنْدَاتِ مِنَا لَمْثَمُ الْفُرْدِي فاضيرَ لَنَا صَبْرَ أُولُوا الْفَرْمِ مِنَ الزَّمْلِ وَلاَسْتَخِيلَ لَهُمْ كَانَهُمْ يُوْمَ يَرُونَ نَوْعُدُونَ لَا لَمَهُمُ كَانَهُمْ يُومُ يَرُونَ بُلُمُّ وَمُكْرُونً لَوْمِلِيكُوا الْقَرْاء الْفَوْرَ الْفَوْرَ الْفَوْرَة الْفَوْرَةُ الْفَوْرَةُ الْفَالِيمُونَا الْمُؤْمِدُونَ الْفَالِيمُونَا الْفَرْدِيرَا الْفَوْرَةُ الْفُورَةُ الْفَوْرَةُ الْفُورُونَا لَنْهُ الْفِلْوَالِورُونَا الْفَوْرَةُ الْفُورُونَا الْفَرْدُولُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلُونِ الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلِينَا الْمُؤْمِلُونِ ال ێٷڡٙٮؙٵٚڲؠؽؠؙٳۮٵۼٵۿۅۮٳڡؽٷٳۑ؋ ؽۿۏۯڬڴۄڞ٥ٷٷؠػۉۅؽڿؚڒڲۿؽ ڡڞڶڰؽڝ۪ڣڎٵؿٵۺڡؙڬؽۺٷۼۼ ڣٵڒؠٛ؈ۮڮۺڶۿ؈ؽۏۊٳڎڵڲڷ ٳؙۏڵٷؽٷڝڵڸؠٞٞؿؠ؈۞ ٷڵۯڞؘۯٵڰؘڎڶؿڰؠڿڶۼۼ؆ڟڛؽ ٷڵۯڞؘۯۮڶڎؽۼؽؠڿڶڣؠڹٙ ٷڵۯڞؙۯۮؿڮٷؠؠڂڣؠٷ ٵڵۯ۫ڞٷۮڶڎؽۼؽؠڿڶڣؠڹٙ

35 Be thou patient then and persevere even as the inflexible ones among the Apostles. Be thou in no haste concerning them. On the day when they see what had been promised them it will be as if there had lapsed no more than a single hour of a day. Continue thou to warn. Who else can come to grief except the ones who would (themselves) deceive?







SURA: YŪNUS

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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ALIF! LAM! MIM! RA!

(O. MUHAMMAD!)

Here come flashes from the book of wisdom:

- 2 How strange it seems to men that We should, from amidst them, inspire a man, saying, "Warn thou men; and, to those who do believe, convey assurance:

 They truly have a place in the presence of their Lord!" "The pagans only (pass by) saying, "This man is obviously a skilled enchanter!"
- 3 Truly, the Lord of all of ye is Allah who created the heavens and the earth in definite stages:
 His reign He then established over all; ordained all things in wisdom. No redeemer can there be unless He doth permit.
 Such is Allah, your Lord. Therefore, serve ye Him! Will ye never heed?
- 4 To Him return all things.
 Allah promiseth in truth.
 He doth initiate creation
 He doth repeat—
 so that He may reward,
 incessantly
 those who believe
 and do good deeds.
 But those who would deny—
 their pleasures become luke-warm,
 their sufferings are enhanced,
 for lack of faith.

- 5 He it is who gave
 the sun its light
 and the moon its lustre.
 Ordained He stages for them
 so that ye may
 learn to reckon (time)
 and count the years.
 Not has He created these
 except in perfect order.
 He maketh plain His signs
 to those who know.
- 6 In the interchange of night and day—indeed, in all that Allah has created in the heavens and the earth, are signs for a people who pay heed.
- 7 Those who never hope to face Us, are pleased and satisfied with the immediate present—those who are oblivious of Our signs (around them)—
- 8 It is these whose place lieth in the fire for that which they have earned.
- 9 But, those who do believe and righteously endeavour, their Lord will guide them through their faith streams of felicity flow at their feet, they live in verdured peace.
- 10 They wake with,
 "Glory be to Allah."
 They while away in
 "Peace! Peace!"
 Their vespers are:
 "Befitting is command
 only to Allah—
 the Lord of all mankind!"



- 11 If Allah had hastened
 their retribution
 as much as they would hasten
 their rewards,
 their doom would be upon them!
 So those who look not
 to encounter Us,
 We leave them
 on the wave-crests
 of their arrogance
 blind (to what awaits them).
- 12 When adversity (so much as)
 toucheth man,
 he prays to Us
 lying, sitting, standing!
 But, the moment We relieve him
 from his misery
 he is again as if
 he ne'er had prayed to Us
 to save him from adversity.
 Thus fair doth seem,
 to those who would transgress,
 the (evil of) their ways.
- 13 Repeatedly have We destroyed peoples before your time because, there came to them Apostles pointing to Our signs but they persisted and would not realize, Thus, always do We deal with sinful peoples.
- 14 Then made We you their heirs in (this) land so that We may see how you behaved.
- 15 But when Our clear evidence is read out to them they, who look not to encounter Us, heckle: "Recite to us some other theme, or this one modify."

則則則

اكان التأور عجماً ان او حَيْنَا الْ الْ الْحَيْنَا الْ الْ الْحَيْنَا الْ الْحَيْنَا الْ الْحَيْنَا الْ الْحَيْنِ اللَّهِ الْمَانِ اللَّهِ الْحَيْنِ اللَّهِ الْمَانِ الْمَانِ اللَّهِ الْحَيْنِ اللَّهِ الْحَيْنِ اللَّهِ الْمَانِ الْمَانِي الْمَانِ الْمَانِي الْمَانِ الْمَانِي الْمَانِ الْمَانِي الْمَانِ الْمَانِ الْمَانِ الْمَانِي الْمَانِ الْمَانِ الْمَانِي الْمَانِي الْمَانِي الْمَانِ الْمَانِي الْمَانِ الْمَانِي الْ

Say thou:
"It is not with me
to modify what is
imprinted on my soul.
Obey I not but what
has been communed to me.
If I be false against my Lord
I fear the chastisement
of the final day."



16 Say thou:

"If Allah had so willed
I should not have
recited this to you—
nor would you even
come to know of it.
Did I not spend a (quiet) life-time
amidst yourselves?
Will ye not (try to) understand?

- 17 "Who can transgress more than one who would counterfeit for Allah or forge His signs? Never shall such prosper!"
- 18 They worship beside Allah
 idols who can neither
 injure them nor do them good;
 they say,
 "These will plead for us
 with Allah!"
 Ask thou, "Would ye (presume to)
 inform Allah
 of something that He knoweth not
 (be it) in the heavens
 or on earth?"
 Glory be to Him!
 He is far above
 those whom they deify.
- 19 Not are men but one community—but they wrangle 'mong themselves! Had not a promise of thy Lord (to give respite) gone forth ere this there would long ago have ended the differences among them.
- 20 They say, "Why doth not his Lord reveal through him a prophecy?" Say thou, "Verily, the future is known to Allah only.

 Wait ye, I too wait with you (in expectancy)."

- 21 No sooner We let men taste of Allah's mercy, after some adversity hath touched them, lo, they engage in stratagems to nullify Our revelations! Say thou, "Allah is more swift in strategy!"

 Our envoys record all your schemings.
- 22 He it is who doth enable you to roam by land and sea— and even glide in boats enjoying in them breezes pure.

 Lo, there stirs a gale and waves surround them on all sides. Dismayed are they at being overwhelmed by them. Pray they then to Allah in all earnestness:

 "If Thou wouldst only save us (from this plight) we would be ever grateful!"
- 23 But when He hath rescued them
 lo, they strut on land
 insolent, ungrateful—
 O ye men!
 Ye (only) wrong yourselves,
 flushed with the immediate present—
 Anon, ye will return to Us
 and We shall make you realize
 what you had done.
- 24 Material wealth is (evanescent uncertain, unreliable)—
 as when We shower rain from heaven;
 from its interaction
 (with the soil)
 there grow up plants
 the food of men and beasts—



the land adorns its golden robe
and its inhabitants
are sure of harvest—
lo, there comes,
perhaps at night, perhaps at dawn,
Our decree
which makes it into waste
as if it had not flourished
just the day before!
Thus do We explain in detail
to those who ponder.

- 25 Allah inviteth you to the state of peace and guides He whom He wills, along the path secure.
- 26 For those who would do good, is good, beyond their desert; their faces never grimed with selfishness nor shame.

 They are neighbours of felicity, dwell they there for aye.
- 27 And, for those who would do evil is evil, in exact measure.

 Shame doth envelop them and none can save them from (the justice of) Allah.

 Their countenance is over-cast with shadows of the night.

 They are proximates of fire and dwell they there for aye.
- 28 One day We shall gather them all at once.

 To those who blasphemed:

 "To your places!"

 We shall make them stand aside and those whom they had deified will say.

 "It was not us (but your own lusts) ye followed!
- 29 "Sufficeth Allah as a witness between us and yourselves; we were, with your blasphemy, unconcerned."

30 Thus shall they all realize the folly they had prized—
returning to Allah, their true Master, and forsaken by those whom they had fabricated.



31 Ask thou:

"Who provideth for you from the sky and earth? Who empowers you with hearing and with sight? Who doth awaken you from torpor and puts the alive to sleep—ordains all things in wisdom?" They will answer—"Allah"! Say thou, "Why then will ye not (in your actions) heed?"

- 32 If Allah is, in truth, your Lord what else are others if not misleading falsehoods? Why then do ye o'er-step?
- 33 Thus (their imperviousness to all thy reasoning) proveth true what thy Lord had said, about these pertinacious ones—
 "They will not (be persuaded to) believe!"
- 34 Ask thou,

 "Can those you deify initiate creation?

 Keep on renewing it?"

 Say thou,

 "It is for Allah only—creation to initiate creation to renew!

 How long would ye evade?"
- 35 Ask thou,

 "Can those you deify
 give guidance towards truth?"
 Say thou,

 "That is for Allah only."
 Only He can guide to truth!
 Who then is more worthy
 to be followed:
 One who guides to truth
 or those incapable

of finding their own way unless they are guided? How (thoughtlessly) ye judge!

- 36 But most of them follow not but wishful thinking; and wishful thinking never, never leadeth unto truth.

 Allah is well aware of what they do.
- 37 There is nothing in this Qur'an which suggests fabrication by others than Allah. It doth corroborate what lies before you and explains the Laws (of Allah). Undoubtedly, it is from the Lord of all peoples.
- 38 Do they say:

 "He hast plagiarized?"
 Say thou,

 "Then bring to me
 a Sura like it—
 and call on whom ye can
 to help you
 beside Allah—
 if what you say be truth."
- 39 Nay, reject they that
 which knowledge such as theirs
 doth not encompass—
 the import of which
 escapes them.
 Even thus, rejected those
 who did precede them.
 But see, see,
 what was the end of such
 transgressors!
- 40 Among them some there are who are believers; among them, also, some there are who don't believe.

 Thy Lord knoweth those who would mischief make.



- 41 If they regard thee false, say thou,
 "To me my work to you your work.
 Ye are not to blame for what I do nor am I to blame, for what ye do."
- 42 Some of them give ear to thee: but canst thou make the deaf to hear even if they have no sense?
- 43 And some would stare at thee:
 but canst thou point the way
 to those who're (mentally) blind
 and do not want to see?
- 44 Indeed, Allah in no way wrongeth men—
 but men do wrong themselves!
- 45 One day He will gather them as if they had not tarried beyond a morning hour.

 They shall greet each other:

 "Lost indeed are those who did deny in the face of Allah and would not be among the guided!"
- 46 Whether We let thee see
 a part of that
 which We have promised them
 or cause We thee to die
 (ere then)—
 to Us alone is their resort
 and Allah is himself the witness
 of all they do!
- 47 To every people
 (comes) an Envoy;
 and, when their Envoy comes
 they're truly judged:
 never are they wronged.

بَرَنَّهُ وَقُوْمُ الْمُحْفِيطُ إِجِلْهِ وَلَكُا

يَا الْهِ حْمَا أُورِيَّا أُكْلُ الْهُ كَمَا الْمُ الْمُكُنّ

مِنْ تَبْرِيغِمْ فَالْظُرْكَيْنَ كَانَ الْمُكَانَّ الْمُكِنْ عَلَيْهُ الْطُلِمِينَ ۞

عَلَيْهُ الْطُلِمِينَ ۞

عَلْمُكُوْ الْمُلْمِينَ وَمَا الْمُحْمَلُ وَكُولُو اللَّهِ عَلَى الْمُكَانُّ وَلَمُنْ الْمُكَانُ وَكُولُو اللَّهِ عَلَى الْمُكَانُّ وَكُولُو اللَّهِ عَلَى الْمُكَانُّ وَكُولُو اللَّهِ عَلَى الْمُكَانُّ وَكُولُو اللَّهِ عَلَى الْمُكَانُّ وَكُولُو اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُعْلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُعْلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْلُونَ مِنْ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْ

فُل مَنْ يَرْ وَكُلُّهُ مِنَ التَّمَا وَ الْأَوْنِ

آمَنَ عَبِلِكُ الشَّمَةِ وَ الْاَصْرَ وَتَنَعِّمُ وَمُ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ وَالْاَصْلَرَةِ وَتَعْلِمُ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ مِن مَنْ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ مِنْ الْمَيْتِ وَيَعْمُ الْمَيْتُ وَيَعْلَمُونَ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مُلِكُونُونَ ﴿

مَنْ الْمِنْ اللَّهِ مُلْكُونُونُ اللَّهُ مُلِكُونُونَ ﴿

مَنْ اللَّهِ مُلْكُونُونُ اللَّهُ مُلِكُونُونَ ﴿

مَنْ اللَّهُ مُلْكُونُونُ اللَّهُ مُلْكُونُونَ ﴿

مَنْ اللَّهُ مُلْكُونُونُ اللَّهُ مُلْكُونُونَ ﴿

مَنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُلْكُونُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّلِي اللَّهُ اللَ

48 They ask,
"When will this promise
come to pass,
if ye speak the truth?"



49 Say thou,

"(Even) on myself
I have no power
to make or mar—
except as Allah wills.
For every people is a term
and when their time is nigh
not an hour can they delay
nor hasten it."

50 Ask thou.

"Are you sure His punishment will (not) come to you tonight or on the morrow? What part of it then would these recalcitrants hasten?

- 51 Or would ye rather realize only after it has come on you? "There! There! Is this what ye would hasten?!"
- 52 Then it will be said
 to them that transgressed;
 "Taste ye abiding pains!
 Are you being recompensed for aught
 but that which ye have earned?"
- 53 (With mock-seriousness) they ask:

 "Is that really true?"

 Say thou,

 "Yes! And by my Lord!

 It is true indeed!

 Ye cannot daunt (Him by your taunts)."

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54 If, available

to every sinner
were all that is on earth—
each would offer it as ransom,
in all humility,
when he beholds his retribution!
But justly will they all be judged;
they shall not be wronged!

- 55 Lo! To Allah doth belong, all that is in the heavens and the earth! Lo! Allah promiseth in truth! But most of them are not aware.
- 56 He giveth life, He causeth death; to Him shall ye return.
- 57 O ye people!

 There hath come to you counsel from your Lord, balm for your hearts, guidance and grace for those who would believe.
- 58 Say thou,
 "This is Allah's bounty,
 His mercy this!"
 Let them rejoice therein
 for it is better far
 than what they hoard.
- 59 Say thou.

 "See ye for yourselves
 how Allah has provided
 you with (variegated) sustenance
 while ye (yourselves)
 make some of it
 allowed and some as disallowed."
 Ask thou, "Has Allah given these sanctions?
 Or, do you impute these to Him?"
- 60 And they who falsely thus impute injunctions to Allah—
 what will their excuse be on the day of judgment?
 Indeed, Allah is benign to men but most of them do not appreciate.



- 61 Indulgest thou in no thought,
 recitest thou no verse;
 no plots they hatch
 but We are witness to it
 while ye are so absorbed.
 Concealed is not from thy Lord
 an atom from on earth
 or in the heavens—
 nothing is too small
 nothing too large,
 but, like an open book,
 is (to Him) manifest!
- 62 Ah! Indeed, Allah's friends, naught need they fear, nor shall they come to grief—
- 63 Those who faith possess and heed 'gainst evil,
- 64 They shall flourish in the immediate present as well as in the future. Nothing alters Allah's promises. His grace is all-encompassing.
- 65 Let not what they say grieve thee.

 All honour lies with Allah.
 He hears, He knows.
- 66 Ah! Indeed!!

 Subject are to Allah
 all creatures in the skies
 or on the earth.

 What are they subject to,
 these who worship—beside Allah—
 their 'interceders'?

 Naught are they subject to
 but their (own wishful) fancies;
 nought do they, but self-deceive.
- 67 He it is who made the night for you to rest in and the day to let you see. In both of those are miracles for a people who perceive.

ومَايَعْمُ بُعَنُ تَرْبَكَ مِن مِثْقَالِ ذَرَةٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي التَّمَاءَ وَلَا أَصْغَرُ مِنْ ذَلِكَ وَزَّ أَكُبُرُ لِلَّا فِي وَلاَ هُمُ مَ^{نِ}خُوزَ ذُونَ شَ الكذين المنواوكانوايتَقُون ٥ لَهُ مُوالْكِثُمُوي فِي الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْسَاوَفِ الأجرة وكتبريل لكلمت الله ذلك هُوالْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ الْ وَلاَ يَحُونُ مُكَ فَوْلُهُمْ مِلْ قَالُحِمْ لَوَ الْحِزَّ لَهُ بِنَّهِ جَمِيعًا هُوَالتَّمَنعُ الْعَليْمُ عِنْ كُوتِينَ سُلْطِي بِهِنْ أَنْقُولُونَ

الزان وعَدَانته حَتُّ وَالْكِنَ ٱلْخُرُهُمْ نَا لِهَا اللَّهُ مِن قَدْجًا ﴿ نَكُوْمُ مُوعِظُهُ مِّنْ رَتَكُنْهُ وَشِفَا فَيْتِمَا فِي الصَّدُّ وَرِهُ وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَتُ يُسْؤُمِنِنُ فَي وَكُرُحُمَةً وَمِنْ فَي اللَّهِ وَمِنْ فَي اللَّهِ وَمِنْ فَي ا قُلْ بِفَضْلِ اللَّهِ وَبِرَحْمَتِهِ فَهِـ ذَيْكَ فَلْيَقْرُخُوا اهُوَخَيْرٌ مِنَا يَجْمَعُونَ۞

68 They say,

"Allah hath chosen
(for himself) a son?"

Glory be to Him! Beyond that is He!
His is all there is
in the heavens and the earth.
No right have ye to say this!
Would you blasphemously prattle
of things beyond your ken?

- 69 Say thou,
 "Verily those who
 bring false charges on Allah,
 will never prosper!"
- 70 Enjoyment for a while, then to Us they return. We shall make them taste chastisement for their blasphemies.

- 71 Relate to them the case of Nuh.

 To his people pleaded he:

 "O my People!

 If it is unbearable to you that I should stand among you and remind you of the signs of Allah then I can only trust in Allah.

 Gather ye (for counsel) your own chiefs and your equals (clarify your own designs) let not what you want be obscure to yourselves.

 Pass your sentence on me—do ye not procrastinate.
- 72 "If ye should turn (to me, remember ye) I ask no wage—
 my wages are from Allah only—
 and I have been instructed
 to acquiesce with humility."
- 73 But they ignored all his pleas.

 So We rescued him,
 and those who sided with him,
 in a boat
 and made them their survivors.
 Drowned We those
 who did ignore our signs!
 Behold—the end of those
 who had been warned.
- 74 Then, after him We raised Apostles 'mong the progeny. They pointed out the truth but they would not accept

that which had been rejected by their forebears. Thus seal We the hearts of the obstinates.

- 75 Then We commissioned Musa and Harun to Fir'aun and his hosts with Our credentials but they disdained they were an unjust people.
- 76 For when the truth did dawn on them from Us they (only) said, "This is simply casuistry!"
- 77 Musa said,
 "When truth has dawned on you is this how you circumvent?
 Is this casuistry?
 But casuists (you know),
 can never hold for long!
- 78 They said, "Hast thou come to us to make us turn away from the path we found our fathers following? Would ye have the land acknowledge only both of you? You two we never will believe!"
- 79 Fir'aun decreed:
 "Gather unto me
 all the learned in debate!"
- 80 When those enchanters had assembled Musa told them: "Propound ye what ye would propound!"
- 81 When they had had their say,

 Musa said,

 "What ye put forth
 is quibbling chicanery.

 Anon will Allah nullify it.

 Allah doth not, indeed,
 rectify the efforts of those who would deceive!



82 Allah proveth to be true only what is true according to His law.

however irksome that might be to those inclined to error."

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- 83 None did acknowledge Musa
 —except a few among
 his own people—
 for fear that Fir'aun and his hosts
 would persecute them.
 Truly, Fir'aun was mighty
 in the land and one
 who would transgress all bounds.
- 84 And Musa called,
 "O, my people,
 if ye have faith in Allah
 put your trust in Him
 if you would be true muslims."
- 85 They responded,
 "We trust in Allah!
 O, Our Lord,
 make us not victims
 of this cruel people—
- 86 "Save us, through thy grace, from these infidels!"
- 87 We counselled Musa
 and his brother,
 "Both of you make dwellings
 among your people—
 in Misr itself
 and make your dwellings
 into meeting places—
 establish ye communal prayers
 and thus enhearten ye
 the faithful!"
- 88 And Musa prayed,
 "Our Lord! Thou hast, indeed,
 on Fir'aun and his people
 bestowed pomp and wealth
 in the immediate present
 and hence, Our Lord,
 they lead astray

التَّالِقَةُ سَيْنُطُلُّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَى خَوْبِ مِنْ فِرْعُونَ وَمَلاَ لِهِ مُر قَالُوْآ أَجِئْتَنَالِتُلْفِتَنَاعَتَا وَجَدِنَاعَلَيْهِ

(men) from Thy path.
Our Lord!
Obliterate their wealth.
Let their hearts be stricken
because believe they will not
until they face affliction dire."

89 He said,

"Accepted is the prayer
of both of ye.

But (thou and thy people)
ye both stand firm
and follow not the path
of those who have no knowledge."



- 90 We led the Bani Isra'il
 across the sea—
 Fir'aun and his hosts
 followed them
 in anger and in hate
 until the waters overwhelmed them—
 He said, "Believe I now in Him.
 No deity is there but He
 whom the Bani Isra'il
 believe in.
 I (too to Him) submit!"
- 91 "Ah, ah! thou wert a while ago rebellious, bent on mischief!
- 92 "We shall today save thy body only so that thou mayest be example to posterity.." But, oh! How many from among mankind are heedless of Our signs!

- 93 We then settled
 the Bani Isra'il
 in goodly settlements
 and provided them
 with healthy nourishment.
 Nor wrangled they until
 they had acquired learning!
 Thy Lord alone will settle
 on the day of reckoning
 that on which they quarrel!
- 94 If thou art (still) in doubt regarding what We have bestowed on thee ask thou of those who read the Scriptures that preceded thee.

 In truth it comes to thee from thy Lord.

 Be thou, in no-wise, among the doubters.
- 95 Nor be thou among those who deny Allah's revelations. For, thou thyself will be among the losers.

- 96 Verily, those to whom applies the sentence of thy Lord will not believe in it—
- 97 Even if
 all the signs are brought
 before them—
 until they're face to face
 with dire affliction.
- 98 (If that were not so)
 why did then no city
 accept belief
 to its own advantage—
 except the tribe of Yunus?
 When they believed
 We cleansed them of the scourge
 of shame, and,
 in the current times
 We enriched them for a while.
- 99 If thy Lord had so desired all those on earth would have a common faith. Wouldst thou then compel all men to one belief?
- 100 None can acquire faith
 except by Allah's leave.
 But He debaseth (only) those
 who will not (try to)
 understand.
- 101 Cry thou (as thou may):

 "See! see all that is
 in heaven and earth!"

 But, neither what they see,
 nor those who warn,
 can enlighten those
 who are averse to truth.
- 102 What then can these expect
 but (evil) days
 like those which came upon
 the ones who passed away
 before them?
 Say thou, "Wait ye then.
 I too, with you, shall wait."
- 103 Thus do We rescue
 Our Messengers and those of faith.
 (In fact) it is incumbent on Us
 to rescue men of faith.



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104 Announce thou (plainly)
"Hear ye, O, men,
if ye are (still) in doubt
about my creed:
I pay no homage
to those whom you pay homage
beside Allah.
I serve only Him
who doth recall you.
I have been bidden that
I be among the Faithful."

105 And also: "Stand firm to the creed of the upright!? Be not among the deifiers!

106 "Nor call on any
beside Allah—
such can neither profit thee
nor harm thee.
If thou dost ever do this
thou shalt, indeed, transgress.

107 "If Allah should allow
some harm to even touch thee
none can cure thee except He.
If He should wish thee good
none can screen His blessings:
Confers them He
on whomsoever of His servants
He wishes.
He is the great Forgiver,
He the Merciful."

108 Say thou, "O ye men!
Verily, there has come to you true guidance from the Lord.
He who would be guided will be guided for his self.
And he who preferred still to stray,
would lead himself astray—
I am not appointed to control you."

مَا يُوْتِي الشِّكَ وَاصْدُرُ حَثُّمَ كَ حُكْمَ اللَّهُ ۗ وَهُنَ خَارُ

الكالكالكنة أمكت مكثرا كَنْ عَصَنْتَ قَنْلُ وَكُنْتَ خَلْفَكَ أَيَةً ﴿ وَإِنَّ كَتِنْ يُرَّامِّنَ النَّاسِ

109 (And as for thee:)
Follow thou what thou art bid.
Wait thou patiently
until He doth command.
None can command as He.





Sura : $H\bar{U}D$

m the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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ALIF! LAM! RA!

(O. MUHAMMAD!)

Here comes the Revelation: precise in command and then explaining direct from One who is Wise, Omniscient:

- 2 "Ye shall worship none but Allah. I am unto you, from Him, (both) a warner and a herald of glad tidings
- 3 "Seek ye forgiveness of your Lord then turn to Him—
 He will requite you with a worthy requital for the present and bestow (lasting) grace on those deserving grace.
 But if ye turn away (from Him) I fear for you lasting punishment.
- 4 "Towards Allah ye will all (eventually) return and He hath power o'er all."
- 5 See how they double-fold their garments as if they would hide the contents of their hearts! However much they hide their evil thoughts He knoweth well what they would hide, what they would show. He is aware of all within their hearts.

6 No creature crawls on earth whom Allah doth not nourish He knoweth its (essential) nature and its (varying) forms every detail has its place in the obvious Plan.

- 7 He it is who made
 the heavens and the earth
 in definite stages.
 His domain extendeth
 o'er the waters—
 that He may test you
 as to who is best among you.
 But shouldst thou say
 "Ye shall, indeed, be resurrected
 after death,"
 the pagans would surely say:
 "This is plain delusion!"
- 8 And if We postpone punishment a while for a certain group they say, "What hinders it?" Aye! On the day it comes to them none shall avert it—that at which they taunted shall them envelop.

- 9 If We let man taste of Our blessing and then withdraw it from him lo, he despairs and blasphemes!
- 10 And if We let him taste
 our benediction,
 after distress hath touched him,
 he boasts:
 "Evil keeps away from me!"
 How exulting, vain is he!



- 11 But there are some who display fortitude and perseverance in good—
 for them there is forgiveness and a rich reward.
- 12 Wouldst thou withhold
 a part of what has been
 revealed to thee?
 Wouldst thou shrink or shrivel
 lest they say,
 "What wealth has he to back him?
 What guardian angel to defend him?"
 But, verily, thine is but to warn.
 It is Allah, who controls all things.
- 13 Do they say,
 "He himself invents it?"
 Tell them,
 "Then invent ye just one tenth
 of a Sura like it
 and call to aid
 whom you like,
 apart from Allah,
 if you would be
 among the truthful."
- 14 If they fail to respond
 (to the challenge)
 know ye then
 that this is from Allah
 and that there is no deity
 but He.
 Will ye not submit (to Him)?
- 15 He who'd rather have current enjoyment and all its glitter,
 We shall compensate him for his labours—
 such will not be cheated.
- 16 They are the ones for whom nothing lies beyond but disillusionment:

 Vain whatever excuse they may make; of no avail what they have done.
- 17 Are they the same as one who stands upon clear evidence from his Lord and brings a witness—

عَنْ مِنْ زَيْكُ وَلِكُونَ أَلْكُورُ اليَّ سِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞

學別問

like the Code of Musa which preceded it—
to guide and bless?
They have full faith in it.
But men who would deny for them is misery.
Doubt thou not therefore: it is in truth from thy Lord—no matter if the people disbelieve.



18 Who can trangress more than one who would ascribe

falsely to Allah?

When mustered in the presence of their Lord. those who had heard them (charge): "There stand the ones who attributed falsely to their Lord! The curse of Allah be on such transgressors

- 19 "Who others turn away from the path of Allah and make it appear crookedheeding not the evil that must follow!"
- 20 None in the land do they deceive. No helpers have they beside Allah. Two-fold, therefore, is their punishment: they can neither feel, nor see!
- 21 They are the ones who inflict loss upon themselves; and that which they invent leadeth them astray.
- 22 And doubtless in the end they are the greatest losers.
- 23 But those who possess faith and do good work humbly for their Lordin heaven shall they dwell and dwell for long.
- 24 The difference between them is like unto the difference between the dumb and deaf and those who see and hear. Can those be (trusted) equally? Why then will ye not heed?

- 25 Sent We Nuh to his people: "I come in truth, to warn you plainly:
- 26 That ye should serve no deity apart from Allah-(for otherwise) I fear for your distress and evil days.
- 27 The pagan elders 'mong his people said: "We see in thee none but a man like unto us. And 'mong thy followers we none do find but lowly men of little insight. We see in thee no merit to accept thee as above us. In fact, we think Your Honour an imposter!"
- 28 He said, "O, my people! Suppose, I come to you with clear evidence from my Lord and that on me He hath bestowed His blessings which ye cannot see. Can you be convinced if ye are disinclined to it?
- 29 "O, my people! I ask of you (for myself) no wages, no recompense is due to me except from Allah. But I shall not forsake those who believe (in me); for they aspire to meet (the wishes of) their Lord, while ye, I see, are obstinate!



- 30 "O, my people!
 Who will save me
 from (the wrath of) Allah,
 if I forsook them?
 Will ye not reflect?
- 31 "I do not tell you that I have the power to dispense Allah's bounties. I claim no knowledge of the unknown. Nor do I claim to be an angel. And these whom ye look down upon I cannot say that Allah never will enrich them. Allah alone hath knowledge of that which lies in store for each among them. If I did make such claims, I would transgress!"
- 32 They said, "O, Nuh!

 Thou hast harangued us so long; just bring thee down upon us that with which thou dost threaten us if thou art indeed true!"
- 33 He said, "It is Allah
 who will bring that down
 when He wills—
 and then ye shall not
 divert it.
- 34 "Of no avail to you
 my counsel—however much
 I wish to counsel you—
 if Allah wishes
 that ye go astray.
 He is your Lord—
 to Him will ye return."
- 35 Do they say,
 "He himself invents it?
 Answer thou,
 "If I do forge it
 the crime is mine.
 I am innocent of all the crimes
 which ye commit."

- 36 To Nuh it was suggested,
 "None of thy people will believe
 apart from those
 who have believed already;
 so grieve not thou
 at what they do.
- 37 "Construct a bark as We inspire and show thee. No more invoke Me on behalf of these transgressors. They are to be drowned."



- 38 The bark begins he to construct; the leaders 'mong his people, every time they pass by, snigger at him.

 He says, "Smile ye now.

 We too shall smile at you even as ye smile.
- 39 "Anon, ye'll come to know on whom calamity and shame descend; on whom they longer linger."
- 40 And then came Our command:

 The ovens were afire—

 We called, "Embark therein in pairs—by twos.

 Thy household—

 except the one who has been barred—
 and those who have believed!"

 But few there were who did believe!
- 41 He said,
 "Embark ye in the name of Allah!
 Be it floating, be it still,
 My Lord is Gracious, Merciful!"
- 42 And lo, it floated
 'midst the waves
 each (rising) like a mountain.
 Nuh called out
 to his son who lingered,
 "O my son! Embark with us,
 linger not among the faithless!"
- 43 He answered, "I shall take myself
 to a mountain
 which will safeguard me
 from the waters."
 Warned he,
 "Nothing can today safeguard
 a person from the word of Allah
 unless He himself shows mercy!"
 And lo, the waves between them came
 and he was as if drowned!
- 44 In time, came word:
 "O earth! Absorb thy waters.
 And cease! O Sky!"
 The floods receded.
 The crisis passed.

And calm returned.
"Good riddance," it was said,
"of an evil people!"

45 Prayed Nuh to his Lord:
"O, my Lord, my son, indeed, is my own blood—
Thy promises are true.
And Thou,
Thou art the final judge."

46 He answered:

"O, Nuh, he is indeed not of thy kind.
This act (of his) was incorrect.
So ask not thou for that of which
I warn thee lest thou be (classed among) the stupid."

- 47 He said, "O my Lord!
 I do, indeed, beseech Thy grace lest I (again) surpass my bounds of knowledge.
 And unless Thou forgive me and be merciful
 I shall, indeed, be lost!"
- 48 It was announced:
 "O, Nuh! Land thou
 assured of peace from Us.
 Blessings be on thee
 and on the progeny of some
 who're with thee.
 Others—some shall prosper
 and some, from Us,
 will earn
 severe chastisement."
- 49 These are among the narratives of by-gone times which We communicate to thee. Thou didst not know—thou nor thy people before this—Do thou (therefore, likewise) persevere—success eventually doth crown those who are mindful!



- 50 And to 'Ad We sent their kinsman Hud.

 He said: "O, my people!

 Serve ye Allah—

 No deity is there for you but He.

 (All others) ye yourselves invent.
- 51 "O my people!

 I ask of you no wage—
 no wage is there for me
 but from Him who created me.
 Will ye never understand?!
- 52 "O, my people!
 Seek ye pardon from your Lord and turn ye in repentence to Him.
 He will make the heavens send you copious rain, He will make you strong and still more strong.
 Turn ye not as ingrates:"
- 53 They countered,
 "Oh, Hud!
 Thou hast brought no clear proof.
 And we are not the ones
 to forsake all our deities
 upon thy word.
 (In fact) we (just) do not
 believe thee.
- 54 "We cannot even say
 that one of our own deities,
 hast not inflicted thee!"
 He said, "Allah I call upon
 to witness,
 and ye, yourselves to witness,
 that I hold myself aloof
 from that which ye would worship
- 55 "Beside Him!
 So scheme against me
 all of you together
 and then delay not—

تَارِكِيَّ الِهَتِنَاعَنْ قَوْلِكَ وَمَا غَخُنُّ ان نَقُ لُ اللَّا اعْتَرْمِكَ بَعْضُ الْهَتِنَا سُوِّةً قَالَ إِنَّ أَشْهِدُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ لَأَا أَنْي بَرِينَ مِمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿

وَقِيْلُ نَا رُضُ الْكِينُ مَا عَلَيْهُ مَا عَلِيهُ مَا عَلِيهُ مَا عُرِيهُ مَا عُرُ ٱقْلِعِيۡ وَغِيۡضَ الۡمَآءُ وَتَغِيَ الْإِمَرُو استون على الجؤدي وقيث ل بعثا لْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِينَ @ وَنَادَى نُوحَ تُبَّهُ فَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ ابْنِي مِنَ أَهْمِلْ وَإِنَّ وَعَمَاكَ أَعُقُّ وَأَنْتُ آخُكُمُ الْخُكِمِيْنَ ۞ عَالَ يُنُوْحُ إِنَّهُ لَيْسَ مِنْ اَهْلِكَ ۚ إِنَّهُ عَمَا أَغَيْرُ صَالِحَ فَلَاتَسْكُلُونَ مَالَيْنَ لَكَ يِهِ عِلْمُ وَإِنَّ أَعِظُكَ أَنْ تُكُونَ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّيَ أَغُوْدُ مِكَ أَنْ أَسْتُلَكَ

56 "I put my trust in Allah—
my Lord and your Lord—
There is no creature
whom He holds not
by the forelock.
Indeed, my Lord
befriendeth ever
those on the correct path.

- 57 "If ye turn away—
 I have, at least conveyed to you that with which
 I was commissioned.
 My Lord will make another people succeed you as His agents
 In no way
 will ye obstruct His purpose.
 Indeed, my Lord
 against all exigencies
 holdeth power."
- 58 So when Our decree
 was enforced
 We rescued Hud
 and those with him
 who did believe
 in grace from Us.
 We saved them from
 a rugged scourge!
- 59 There lie the 'Ad!

 They had denied the signs of their Lord.

 Rejected they His Envoys and followed at the bidding of every headstrong tyrant.
- 60 Crushed in the transient and cursed forever!

 O how firm the 'Ad had stood against their Lord!

 Where are now the 'Ad, the people who had defied Hud?

61 And to Thamud
their kinsmen Salih:
He said, "O my people!
Serve ye Allah.
No deity is there for you
but He.
He it is who raised you
in the land
and made you grow therein.
Seek ye, therefore, pardon,
from your Lord
and turn ye in repentence.
My Lord is ever-near
and ready to respond."

- 62 They said, "O Salih!

 Thou wert, heretofore.
 one of us—
 a centre of our hopes—
 and now!

 Dost thou ask us not to worship
 those whom our fathers worshipped?
 We are, indeed, surprized
 and that to which you call us,
 causes us misgiving!"
- 63 He said, "O my people!

 Do ye not see
 that I am clearly
 guided by my Lord
 and that from Him
 blessings pour on me?
 Who then will succour me
 against my Lord
 if I were
 to sin against Him?
 Would ye then
 enhance my loss?
- 64 "O my people!

 Here is the camel
 dedicated-to-Allah
 as a test to you.

 Let her freely graze
 on Allah's earth.

 Let harm not touch her;
 otherwise, shortly will calamity
 seize you."
- 65 But they hamstrung her—
 He murmured:
 "Prosper in your homes
 but for a while,"
 That is a saying
 not to be believed!
- 66 So when Our decree came to pass,
 We rescued Salih
 and those who did believe with him,
 through grace from Us,
 from the passing scourge.
 In truth,
 thy Lord is Sovereign, Powerful.



- 67 There overtook
 those who had transgressed,
 an evil wind
 and lo, when morning came,
 they lay in their homes
 as mere corpses
- 68 As if they never had been flourishing—
 Oh the *Thamud!*How they denied their Lord!
 How swiftly swept into the past were the *Thamud!*

- 69 And lo, Our messengers came to *Ibrahim* with tidings glad. "Peace!" said they. He said, "Peace!" and hurried he to offer them the best of what he had.
- 70 But when he saw
 their hands withheld
 from touching it
 mistrusted he and feared them.
 They said, "Fear thou not.
 We have been sent
 as messengers to Lut."
- 71 His wife was standing by—
 she laughed.
 (Through Our Messengers)
 We promised her Ishaq,
 and from Ishaq,
 (We promised her)
 Ya'qub:
- 72 She said, "O, woe is me! Shall I bear a child when I am but a hag and when my husband too is venerably old? This is, indeed, a strange prediction!"

كَنْ دُوْهَا تَاكُلُ فَنَ آرْضِ اللهِ وَكُلُّ مَنْ مُرُوهَا الْحُوْدُ فِي الْمُودُكُ مِنْ اللهِ وَكُلُّ مَنْ مُرُوهَا الْحُودُ فَا الْمُكُومُ مَنَا الْحَكْمُ الْحَدُونِ اللهِ وَكُلُ مَنَا الْمُكُومُ مَنَا الْحَكْمُ الْحَدُونِ اللهِ وَكُلُ مَنْ المُكُومُ مَنَا الْحَدُونِ اللهِ وَكُلُ مَنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ مَنْ اللّهِ اللهُ وَمَنْ الْحَرْدُونِ اللهِ وَكُلُ اللّهُ وَمَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَمَنْ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَكُلُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ و

نان توكو اققان المنفائة قا الرسك والكفرة وتفقيلا التفارة وتفقيلا الترقيق على المن المنفائة المنافقة المنافقة المنفقة وتفقيلا الترقيق على المن المنفقة المنفق

- 73 They said, "Dost thou marvel at Allah's decrees?
 Allah's blessings and His grace be with thee, Housewife!
 His is to command
 His is to be obeyed!"
- 74 Hardly had fear departed from *Ibrahim*, and the glad tidings reached him, he importuned Us for the people of *Lut*.



- 75 Really, *Ibrahim* was gentle; tender-hearted and devout.
- 76 "O Ibrahim!

 Desist from this!

 Thy Lord hath thus decreed.

 Affliction now descends on them and cannot be reverted!"
- 77 And when Our Messengers came to *Lut* he was troubled, helpless. Said he (to himself) "This is a sorry plight!"
- 78 His people crowded on him—
 they were used to evil deeds.
 He pleaded, "O my people!
 My daughters
 are more meet for you.
 Fear ye Allah.
 Cast not shame on me—
 molest ye not my guests.
 Is there not a single
 righteous man among you?"
- 79 They said, "Well dost thou know we do not claim thy daughters. Thou knowest well what we desire."
- 80 He said, "Would that I had power to subdue you or could resort to some one powerful."
- 81 They advised: "O, Lut,
 We bring thee comfort
 from thy Lord.
 They shall not tarnish thee.
 Hie thee with thy family
 while darkness yet prevails.
 Let none among you tarry
 —except thy spouse
 she will suffer what they suffer—
 morning is the appointed time:
 is not the morning night?"
- 82 So when Our decree came upon them

- the highest came to be the lowest! We rained upon them showers of stones layers upon layers
- 83 Bearing thy Lord's stamp! Nor is such punishment, from transgressors, ever far!

- 84 Shu'aib, their cousin,
 We sent to the people of Madyan.
 He said, "O my people!
 Serve ye Allah;
 no deity is there for you
 apart from Him.
 Stint not in your measures
 or your weights.
 I find you prosperous,
 but fear for you a day
 when evil will envelop you.
- 85 "O, my people,
 Measure ye and weigh ye
 with generosity
 tempered with reason.
 Stint not to men
 in goods accruing to them.
 Spread not corruption
 in the land.
- 86 "What Allah leaves is best for you if only ye did know— I cannot be (perpetually) your guard!"
- 87 They said, "O Shu'aib,
 Dost thy creed bid thee
 to have us quite forsake
 those whom our fathers
 worshipped?
 And that we do not spend
 our wealth as we pleased?
 Thou art, indeed,
 most modest and considerate!"



- 88 He said, "Judge for yourselves,
 O people mine,
 how I am clearly ordained
 and how my Lord himself
 doth nourish me
 with goodly nourishment!
 In restraining you
 I have no wish
 merely to oppose you.
 Aspire I only to improve you
 to the extent of my power.
 No guidance to success
 doth come except from Allah only.
 In Him alone I trust,
 to Him alone I plead.
- 89 "O my people!

 Let not your umbrage against me lead you to iniquity lest ye too deserve the suffering which came upon the people of Nuh of Hud, of Salih and of Lut who were not far removed.
- 90 "So seek ye refuge with your Lord and turn repentant to Him. My Lord is, indeed, Merciful, and full of love."
- 91 They said, "O Shu'aib!

 Much of what thou sayest we do not understand.

 Indeed, we see thee weak amongst us:
 if it were not for your coterie we would have stoned you.
 Thou hast thyself no standing amidst us."
- 92 He said, "O my people, is my coterie of more import to you than Allah? Would ye overlook Him as if He were not there? My Lord, indeed, encompasseth all that ye do.

يَعْبِدُ أَبَّا ذُنَّا أَوْأَنَّ لَفُعُمّا ، فَيَ أَمُوالِنَا مِنَا لَشَكُّوا التَّلَكُ لَا نَتَكَ لَا نَتَكَ لَا نَتَكَ لَرُجَمُنْكَ وَمَآ أَنْتَ عَلَيْنَا بِعَزِيزِ ۞ قَالَ نَقَهُ مِ أَرَهُ عِلَى أَعَرُ عَلَىٰ كُوْمِ مِنَ اللَّهُ

جَاءَتُ رُسُلُنَا لُوْطَامِنَ بِهِمْ وَ ضَاقَ بِهِ مُذِرُعًا وَقَالَ هَٰذَا يَنُ مُ وَحَاءَهُ وَوَمُهُ لِهُ رَعُونَ الَّذِيدُ وَمِن قَدُا مُ كَانُوا لِعُمَلُونَ السَّمَاتِ عَالَ نَقُومِ هَذُ أَخْمِنَا قَيْمُ أَنْ أَطْفُ لُكُمْ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَلِانْتُخْزُونِ فِي ضَيْفِي ٱلَّذِي مِنْكُوْرَجُلُّ زَشْنُدُ ۞ عَالَهُ الْقَدْعَلِمُتَ مَالَنَا فِي يَنْتِكَ مِنْ وَانَّ لِي لِكُمْ تَوْكُو أَوْ أُو فِي إِلَٰ

93 "So, O my people!

Do ye what ye can
I shall do (my part):
soon shall ye know
on whom ignominy descends
and who it is that lies.
Watch ye as I, with you,
am watching."



- 94 And when Our decree came to pass,
 We rescued Shu'aib
 and those who believed with him, through Our grace.
 But those who transgressed an evil wind did seize:
 At dawn they lay as corpses in their homes
- 95 As if they never had moved about therein. Thus were the *Madyan* cast away even as were cast away the *Thamud!*

- 96 We sent *Musa* with clear signs and credentials from Us
- 97 To Fir'aun and his chiefs but they obeyed the orders of Fir'aun and the orders of Fir'aun were not righteous.
- 98 Foremost will he be among his people on the day of judgment too— he will lead them to the fire!

 Dismal destination!

 Dismayed they who reach it!
- 99 Cursed here and cursed on the judgement day! Miserable bequest! Pitiable the recipients!!
- 100 Thus do we narrate to thee the lessons from of yore; some are still extant others to oblivion lost.
- 101 We wronged them not!
 On the contrary,
 it was they
 who wronged themselves!
 The deities on whom

they called beside Allah, did not profit them in the least when there fell on them thy Lord's decree! Nought did they enhance for them but their frustration!

- 102 Thus doth thy Lord seize upon communities when they transgress— His grasp, indeed, is firm and painful!
- 103 In these, indeed, are lessons for those who would beware of what must follow at the time when men must gather unto Him with their scrolls of deeds.
- 104 Postpone We not that day but for a definite time!
- 105 When that day comes not a soul shall speak unless He permits! Among them there will be both the wicked and the virtuous!
- 106 The wretches—to perdition: therein for them nought but sighs and sobs!
- 107 Lingering therein
 till heaven and earth endure—
 unless thy Lord
 will otherwise—
 thy Lord, indeed,
 effecteth what He wisheth!
- 108 Those who are (deservedly)
 the blest
 for them is paradise
 they dwell therein
 till heaven and earth endure
 —unless thy Lord
 will otherwise:
 gift in perpetuity!



109 So be not thou in doubt
as to what
these people really serve:
none do they serve
but them whom their fathers
served before them:
We shall return to them
their dues without discount!

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- 110 And it was We, indeed,
 who gave the Law to Musa
 but they quibbled on it;
 and if it had not been
 for a promise of thy Lord,
 (to respite them,
 and allow for differences)
 a settlement
 would have been decreed!
 They are still in doubt
 concerning it!
- 111 Presently thy Lord
 will recompense
 every one of them
 fully for their deeds:
 He is well aware
 of what they do.
- 112 Therefore, stand thou firm
 as thou hast been commanded—
 thou and those who, with thee,
 have renounced.
 But do not over-do your part:
 for He, indeed, observeth
 all ye do.
- 113 Lean ye not,
 lest ye be singed,
 on those who would transgress.
 No friends have ye
 beside Allah
 and none to rescue you.
- 114 Be at thy duty
 when the dawn doth break
 and even when the night doth spread.

 وَلِمُنَا عِنْ اَمْوُرُنَا عَيْنِنَا هُمَدِيْا وَالْبَرْنَ الْمُنَا مَعْ فَرِعَا مِنْ الْجَدِيْنَ هُمَا الْبَدْنَ وَالْمَعْوَا وَنَ الْمَعْوَا وَقَى الْمَعْوَا وَقَعَ الْمُوالْفَيْنِي فَيْ وَالْمَعْوَا وَمَعْوَا الْمُوعُونَ وَمَعْوَا وَهُو الْمُعْوَا الْمُوعُونُ وَمَعْوَى الْمِعْوَا الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمَعْوَا الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمَعْوَا الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمَعْوَا الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمَعْوَا الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمِنْ الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمَعْوَا الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمَعْوَا الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمِنْ الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَمِنْ الْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَالْمُؤْوَدُونَ وَالْمُؤْوَدُونَ الْمُؤْوِنُ الْمُؤْوَدُونَ الْمُؤْوِدُونَ الْمُولُودُونَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَلَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَمَعْلَمُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَمَعْلَمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمُونَ وَمُعْلَمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُعْلَمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَمِنْ الْمُؤْمُونَ وَمِنْ الْمُؤْمُونَ وَمِنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُعْلَمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُعْلَمُ وَمُؤْمُونَ وَمُؤْمُونَ وَمُؤْمُونَ وَمُؤْمُونَ وَمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُعْلَمُونَ وَمُؤْمُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا وَالْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُونِ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِلُونَا الْمُؤْمِنِهُ

K 23

Remember:
good deeds make amends for evil deeds.
That is something
to be kept in mind
by those who mind!

115 And persevere thou patiently.

For Allah never maketh fruitless endeavours of the righteous.



- 116 Would that there had been among the generations preceding you men of understanding who would save the land from iniquity; but there were only few and these We rescued: but they who would transgress followed they their whims and remained iniquitous!
- 117 Thy Lord is not the one to annihilate a town for minor lapses if it's dwellers (on the whole) lead a life of rectitude.
- 118 Had thy Lord so wished
 He could have made
 all mankind
 one community:
 but even so
 they would have
 differed 'mong themselves
- 119 —Excepting those
 whom thy Lord blessed.
 This is what He made them for.
 Fulfilled will be
 the sentence of thy Lord:
 "Hell will be filled
 with the simple
 and the clever
 mingled all together."
- 120 It is to give thee confidence that We relate to thee these stories of (former) Envoys;

مِن الْجِنَةُ وَالنَّاسِ اَجْمَعِيْنَ ﴿
دَكُوْ لَقُصُّ عَلِيْكَ مِن اَبْهَا َ الرُّهُلِ
مَا أَخْتِ مِن اَفْقَادُ وَجَاءَكُونُ فَونَةُ
فَوْ مَمُونُونَ الْمُمُّورِيْنَ وَكُونُ الْمُمُّورِيْنَ وَكُونُونَ اعْمَالُواعَلَى
مَكَانَتِكُورُ الْآلِكُولِيُّ وَكُونُونَ اعْمَالُواعَلَى
مَكَانَتِكُورُ الْآلِكُولِيُّ وَكُونُونَ اعْمَالُواعِلَى
وَلْتُحِيِّرُونَ الْآلُولُيُّ وَلَاكُونُونَ الْكِيوِيِّ وَالْآرُضِ وَالْكِيوِيِّ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَالْكِيوِيِّ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَالْكِيوِيِّ وَلَلْكِيوِيِّ وَلَلْكِيوِيِّ وَالْكِيوْنِ وَالْكِيوِيِّ وَلَلْكِيوِيِّ وَالْكِيوِيِّ وَالْكِيوِيِّ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَيْكِيمُونَ وَهُولِيَالِيمِوْنَ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَيْكُونُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمِوْنَ وَلَائِيمُونُونَ وَهُولُونَ وَهُولُونَ وَهُولِيمُولُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْ وَمَارَبُونِ وَلَائِيمُولُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُولُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْلِيمُولُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْمُولُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْلِيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْلِيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَالْمُؤْنِ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونَ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُونَ فَيْكُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ وَلَائِيمُونُ ولَائِهُمُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُونُ وَلِهُمُونُونُ وَلِهُمُونُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُ وَلَائِهُمُونُ وَلِيْكُونُ وَلِهُمُونُونُ وَلِهُمُونُونُ وَلِيْكُونُ وَلِهُمُونُونُ وَلِهُو

نَلَوُلا كَانَ مِنَ الْفُرُوْنِ مِنْ تَغَلِيْكُمُ الْوَلْمِلْمِيَةٍ يَسْمُونَ عَنِ الفَسَادِ فِي الْوَيْنِ الْمَا كَلِيدُ وَمِنَ الْجَيْنَا مِنْمُمُ وَاخْمَرُ الْنَوْنِ طَلْمُوْا مَا الْوَرْفُقُ ا وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكُ لِمُعْلِقِ الْوَرْيِ طُلْمِهِ وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكُ لِمُعْلِقِ الْفُرْي وَلَمْلَامُ الْمَدَّةِ وَالْمِنَ وَلَمْ الْمَانِ الْمَالَةِ مَنْ الْمَالِمُونَ فَي اللّمِنَ الْمَكَةَ الْمَارِيةِ وَلَا الْمَالِمُونَ فَي اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللّه

there come to thee in them the facts as well as precepts: points to ponder for those who realize.

- 121 Tell thou those
 who will not realize:
 "Do ye what ye can,
 we too shall do (our part).
- 122 "Or wait ye; we too shall wait and see ..."
- 123 The future of all that is in heaven and earth is known to Allah only; to Him all matters are referred.

 So, serve thou Him and put thy trust in Him Thy Lord is not unmindful of your efforts.





SURA: YŪSUF

In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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ALIF! LAM! RA!

Here comes testimony from the records clear.

- 2 We send it as a declamation in Arabic so that ye may understand.
- 3 Relate We unto thee
 the best among the stories
 that We have yet revealed to thee
 in this Qur'an;
 ere now Thou too had paid it
 no attention:
- 4 Yusuf tells his father,
 "O, my Father!
 I saw eleven stars
 and sun and moon:
 and I saw them all
 bow down to me!"
- 5 He said, "My son!
 Relate thee not thy dream
 unto thy brothers,
 lest they bear thee ill!
 And Shaitan is an vowed enemy
 of man.
- 6 "Thus doth thy Lord choose thee and doth prepare thee to foretell the future on the basis of the past; He will perfect thee, —through His grace—and the house of Ya'qub even as he perfected thy forefathers

副開催

الر تياك إيث الكتي الكيدين آن الرقائد أن التحكيم التعادي والقائد المنافقة عن التعاديق التعاد

before thee:

Ibrahim and Ishaq.

Omniscient is the Lord,
and Wise!"

- 7 Indeed, in Yusuf and his brothers lies an apt example for those who think.
- 8 (Among themselves)
 they counselled:
 "Yusuf and his brother
 are dearer to our father
 than ourselves:
 though we are of one flock!
 Our father is, indeed, obsessed.
- 9 "Let us slay Yusuf or rid the land of him, so that your father's favours be bestowed on you: then you can pose to be among the innocent."



- 10 Among them one spoke up: "Slay not Yusuf; if something you must do, cast him into the dried-up well; he will be picked up by some caravan."
- 11 They said, "O, father ours, why dost thou not trust us with Yusuf? We can surely be his wardens.
- 12 "Send him with us on the morrow, he will enjoy himself and play and we shall take good care of him."
- 13 He said,
 "It would, indeed, worry me
 to have you take him.
 I fear the wolf
 will devour him
 while ye are inattentive
 to him."
- 14 They said,
 "If a wolf were to attack
 and we were all aflock
 we shall all be lost!"
- 15 Eventually, they took him, and, all together, cast him in the dried-up well.

 We put the thought in him: "Thou wilt (one day) chasten them for this their deed while they are unaware!"
- 16 At dusk they went back, weeping, to their father.

- 17 They wailed "O father ours, we were racing mong ourselves and Yusuf we had left to guard our things.

 The wolf devoured him.

 But thou wilt not believe us however truthful we may be!"
- 18 They came forth with his shirt falsely stained with blood He said, "Nay, ye have concocted mong yourselves a story which doth seem plausible to you: Patience only is becoming. Allah alone is to be sought against the stand ye jointly take."
- 19 There passed a caravan; they sent their scout for water; a bucket was let down. "What luck!" he cried, "Here is a lad!" So they hid him as their merchandise. But Allah knoweth what they do.
- 20 They sold him cheaply for a paltry sum a few *dirhams* only: for, of him they would rather be unburdened.

21 In Misr,
the man who bought him
told his wife,
"Treat him kindly
in our midst.
May be, he will bring us luck;
or we may take him
for a son."
Thus did We settle
Yusuf in the Land
to teach him how to forecast
on the basis of the past.



Allah doth overcome all obstacles but most men do not realize

- 22 And when he reached his manhood We bestowed on him judgment, knowledge. Thus do We reward the good.
- 23 She, in whose house he lived, desired him for his person—she closed the door and beckoned him. He said, (to himself) "Allah be my refuge! My master has reposed his trust in me. And those who transgress escape not punishment."
- 24 She strove for him, he strove against her—

Had he not felt the presence of his master?! There! Sure enough!

Thus We saved him from evil and ignominy; for, indeed, he was among Our sincere devotees!

25 Raced they both
to the door:
(in her fright)
she wrenched his shirt
from his back:
faced they both,
at the door,
her lord!

(Breathlessly) she raved, "What punishment is there for one who doth insult thy wife, except imprisonment or chastisement severe?" وَقَالَ الّذِي الشَّرْرُهُ عِنْ وَهُمَّ لِإِمْرَاتِهِ مَا الْمِعْ مَا الْمَعْ الْمَارَةِ مَا الْمِعْ مَا الْمُعْ الْمَارَةِ وَقَالُمُ الْمَا الْمَعْ الْمَا الْمَعْ الْمَا الْمَعْ الْمَا الْمَعْ الْمُعْ الْمُعْلِقِيْنَ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْ

قَالَ تَآيِلُ مِنْهُمُ لِا تَقْتُلُوا يُوسُفَ وَ وَالْوَا رَاكَانَا مَالُكُ لَا تَأْمَنَا عَلَى يُوسُفَ ٳؽؙڲۼؙۯؙۮؽٚٲؽؙڗۮ۫ڡؙؽۏٳڽ٥ۅؘ ف انتاك النف وانتاذ

26 He murmured, "It was she who sought my person."

One of her companions suggested a solution:

"If his shirt is rent in front, she speaks the truth, and he doth lie!

27 "But if his shirt is rent in the rear, then she doth lie and he is truthful!"



- 28 So when he saw his shirt rent in the rear, he said, "This is women's guile.

 And women's guile is great!
- 29 "O, Yusuf, let this pass!

 And thee, ask thou pardon
 for thy sin:
 thou hast, indeed, done wrong!"

- 30 Women of the neighbourhood gossipped 'mong themselves: "The noble wife desires her slave for his person: he hath, indeed, aroused her passion: clearly, she has gone astray!"
- 31 When she heard of their malice she invited them to prepare a feast; to every one of them she gave a blade. Then called to him,

"Come out, attend to them!"

So when they saw him, they were all absorbed in him— and bruised their hands! They murmured: "May Allah save us! He is no mortal! None but a noble angel!"

- 32 She said, "There is the one regarding whom you blamed me! Indeed, I craved his person, but he was admant. Still, if he will not do my bidding, he will be be-schooled and made to yield!"
- 33 He mused: "My Lord!

 The dungeon is more welcome than that to which they now invite me!

Unless Thou dost save me from their wiles

I shall succumb to passion and be myself among the impetuous!"

34 His Lord did hear him and removed him from their wiles. Verily, He hears! He knows!

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- 35 Now when they saw such signs (of virtue and intelligence) they thought it best that he should be sent to a lyceum for a time.
- 36 There had entered with him in the lyceum two other youths.

 Said one of them: "I dreamt that I was pressing wine."

 The other said, "I dreamt I carried bread upon my head and birds did eat thereof.

 Forecast for us the future, for, we see that thou excellest."
- 37 He said, "These (dreams) forebode no food that you will eat; but I shall tell you what they presage before it comes to pass. That is because my Lord (Himself) has taught me. I have rejected the mores of a people who have no faith in Allah, and who deny the future.
- 38 "I conform to the creed of my fathers, *Ibrahim* and *Ishaq* and *Ya'qub* We must never, never join aught with Allah!



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That is the grace which Allah has bestowed on us and on mankind but most men are not grateful.

- 39 "Fellow students!
 Is it better to have many lords or only One who governs strictly?
- 40 "Leaving Him aside
 ye worship naught
 but names which ye
 yourselves have coined,
 ye and your fathers;
 Allah hath provided
 no authority for this.
 It befitteth none but Allah
 to command!
 And He hath ruled
 that ye serve
 none but Him.
 That is the eternal reckoning!
 But most men do not understand.
- 41 "Fellow students!
 One of you
 will serve the wine-cup
 to your master.
 The other will be crucified
 and the birds will eat
 from off his head—"
 That is how he disposed of
 their twin enquiries.
- 42 And to the one whom he considered saved. he said, "Mention me to your lord."

Shaitan had made him overlook his (own) Lord! So he was retained in the Lyceum for some years.

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43 The king said, "I saw a vision:

وَيَعُقُونَ مَا كَانَ لِنَا آنُ نَشْرِكُ مِاللَّهِ مِنْ أَثُنَّ وَالْمُلْكِ مِنْ فَضُلِ اللَّهِ عَلْنَنَّا وعلى النَّاس وَلا ينَّ أَكْثَرُ التَّاس لا @ () () لصاحبي التعين ءَازَمَاكُ مُتَفَرَّ تُونَ عَيْرُ أَمِ اللَّهُ الْوَاحِدُ الْقَتَارُ (مُ يَاتَعُهُ يُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِيَهِ إِلَّا ٱلسَّمَاءُ عَنَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ النَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالّهُ وَاللّهُ ينه أَمَرا لا تَعَمُدُوا إِلَّا إِنَّالُا ذَٰلِكَ النَّهُ أَنَّ الْقَيْمُ وَلَكِنَّ أَكُثُرُ التَّأْسِ اَابِعُلْمُونَ ۞ يْصَاحِبِي اليِّخِن أَمَّا آخَدُكُ كُمَّا فَيَسْقِيْ رَبُّهُ خَمْرًا ۚ وَامِّأَا أَذْخُوفُصُلُكُ الَّذِي فُهِ تَسْتَفُتِينِ ﴿ وَقَالَ لِلَّذِي عَلَّتَ آتَكُهُ نَاجِرِ مِّنْهُمَّا اذُكُرُ فَيُعِنْدُرُبِّكَ نَانُسُمُهُ الشَّبُطُنُ ذِكْرَ رَبِّهِ فَكَتَ فِي البِيْجُنِ تَعَيْرُونَ 💮

فكتَّارَ الْقِيمِيصَة ثُكَّ مِنْ دُبُرِقَالَ إِنَّهُ ڡۣڹؗڪٮؙۮڴڽۜٙ؞ٳ۬ؾؘۜڲؽ۫ػڰڽۜ وَ قَطَعُونَ إِنْ مَكُنَّ نَوْ قُلْنَ كَالْنَ كَالْنُ مَا شُكَّ مَا هٰذَا اَبْشُرُ أَإِنْ هٰذَاۤ ٱلۡاَمَلَاٰكُ عُدُوْاتًا كُلُّ الطَّلِيُّ مِنْهُ أَيَّتُكُنَا بتأويلة إنائزمك حن المخسنين

seven fat kine
were being eaten up
by seven lean ones:
seven green ears of corn
and others withered!
O ye, assembled in my court!
Expound to me its meaning
if visions ye can read."



44 They said,
"Tangled reveries!
We are not learned
in forecasting
from such dreams."

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- 45 He who had passed
 (through the lyceum)
 reflected for a moment
 and then said,
 "I shall inform your honour:
 of its meaning,
 if ye will
 spare me for a while."
- 46 "Yusuf, trusty friend, explain to us a vision:

Seven lean kine eat up the seven fat, seven green ears of corn and others withered:

So that I may soon go back to the people and they may comprehend."

- 47 He said, "For seven years ye shall sow with care and the harvest that ye reap, leave it in the ear, except the little which ye eat.
- 48 "Then, after these, will come seven droughts; they will eat up what ye will have laid by for them—except the little that you have safeguarded.
- 49 "Then, after that, will come a year: men will rejoice and press the grape!"

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- 50 The prince said,
 "Bring him to me!"
 But when the messenger
 came to him, he said,
 "Return thou to thy Lord
 and ask him,
 "What about the women
 who bruised their hands?
 My lord doth need to be aware
 of all their wiles."
- from his women-folk):

 "What is this about
 your having tried
 to seduce Yusuf?"

 They exclaimed: "Allah help us!
 We entertained
 no evil thoughts for him."
 His own wife spoke up:

 "Truth must be out:
 It was I who wanted him
 for his person.
 He is, indeed,
 among the trustworthy"
- 52 "Thus (say I) in order that
 he may know
 I have not been false to him
 deceiving him
 in his absence.
 Allah guideth not
 the stratagems
 of the deceitful!
- 53 I claim not conquest over self; for self is prone to evil—excepting those to whom my Lord has shown mercy.

 Verily, my Lord is the Forgiver, the Merciful."



- 54 The prince said,
 "Bring him to me.
 I shall keep him to myself."
 And when he spoke to him he said,
 "Truly from this day thou art absolved and trusted."
- 55 He said, "Set me o'er the granaries, I shall guard them carefully."
- 56 And thus did We establish

 Yusuf in the Land;
 he lived therein
 as and where he pleased.

 Thus do We bestow Our grace
 on those We like:
 never are neglected
 the deserts of the virtuous!
- 57 Bright is the final prospect of those who do believe and are forever careful.

- 58 Then came Yusuf's brethren, entered they his presence, he recognized them, but, no awareness did they show of him.
- 59 When he had loaded them with their loads, he said,
 "Bring to me your brother whom ye have from your father.
 Do ye not see
 I give full measure and extend to you all courtesy?
- 60 "If ye will not bring him, no measure shall ye have from me; come not even near me."
- 61 They said,
 "We shall ask his father

يُرْجِعُونَ 💮

to let him come with us, we shall do our best."

62 Said he to his servants,
"Put the goods they brought
(for barter)
back in their saddles,
so that they discover them
when they have reached
their folks.
Mayhap they will return!"

63 Returning to their father, they announced, "Father ours!
Forbidden is more grain to us; so send with us our brother to get more.
We shall be his guardians."

K 24

- 64 He said, "Shall I trust you with him any more than I did trust his brother with you?

 But Allah is the Protector and He, above all, is Merciful."
- 65 Then when they unloosed their bags, they found their goods returned to them.

 They exclaimed, "Father ours!

 What more can we want?!

 Here is the price returned to us!

 We shall enrich ourselves and guard our brother.

 Full camel-loads we'll bring.

 To get full-measure there is easy!"
- 66 He said, "By no means
 will I send him with you,
 until ye pledge
 in Allah's name
 to bring him back to me
 unless it is beyond
 your power."
 And when they had
 thus pledged themselves he said,
 "May Allah witness be
 on what we have agreed!"
- 67 "O, my sons," he said,
 "Enter ye not all together
 through one gate
 but through different gates;
 though nothing can
 put you beyond the pale
 of Allah's will.

- In Him I trust; and all who trust can only trust in Him!"
- 68 They entered as their father had bade them; but that did not put them beyond the pale of Allah's will.

 Ya'qub had merely given vent to his affectionate concern.

 He was wise, indeed, for We had endowed him with wisdom—although most men do not know.

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- 69 When (next) they entered in Yusuf's presence, he took his (younger) brother unto him aside and whispered, "I am thy brother so be not thou distressed at what they do (anon)!"
- 70 Lo, when their loads
 were being loaded,
 he hid the standard measure
 in his brother's sack:
 and lo! a crier
 cried aloud:
 "Sojourners! Ye are thieves!"
- 71 Turning to them suddenly, they asked, "What is it ye miss?"
- 72 They said, "We miss
 the measure of the king.
 A camel load to him
 who finds it!
 I shall be the guarantee!"
- 73 Averred they strongly:
 "By Allah! ye know well,
 we have come not
 to pilfer in the Land
 and, by no means,
 are we thieves!"



- 74 "And what indemnity?" he asked, "if ye be liars?"
- 75 They answered,
 "Indemnity!

 Let him whose sack
 reveals it,
 be himself indemnity!

 Thus do we punish those
 who do transgress!"
- 76 So he began
 with their own sacks
 before his brother's
 and finally,
 he extracted it
 from his brother's sack!
 Thus We made Yusuf kid!

According to the law prevailing in the land, he could not take his brother, unless Allah willed.

Exalt We in degree whom We will. And over all is He who is Omniscient!

77 (Digustedly), they said,
"(No wonder) he has stolen;
his brother too preceded
him in stealing!"

But Yusuf kept his feelings, to himself, revealing nought to them; he only said, "Ye are in evil plight and Allah only knows what ye are talking of."

78 They pleaded,
"O exalted one!
He has an aged,
revered father
(who will grieve for him)
so take thee into custody
any one of us.

فَلْنَا الْجُهْرَهُمْ وَجُهَا إِهِمْ حَمَّلُ التَّهَا لِمُنْ الْحَالَمُ الْحَالَمُ الْحَالَمُ الْحَدِينَ التَّهَا الْحَدَرُ الْحَدُونَ الْحَدَرُ الْحَدُرُ الْحَدَرُ الْحَدَرُ الْحَدَرُ الْحَدَرُ الْحَدَرُ الْحَدُرُ الْحَدَرُ الْحَدَرُ

خَلْتُارَجُوْرُالُ إِلَيْهُمْ قَالْوَالْ إِلَّا إِلَّمُونِهُمُ قَالْكِيلُ الْمَعْتَا الْعَاتَا كُلُمُلُو

 مِنَّالْكُوْلُ وَارسِلْ مَعْتَا الْعَاتَا كُلُمْلُو

 مَلْتَالْكُو عَلَيْهِ وَالْاَلْكِلْ الْمَلْكُو

 مَلْكُونُ عِلَى الْمَعْتَالُمُو مِن كَبْلُ فَاللهُ وَلَمْكُولُو مِن كَبْلُ فَاللهُ وَلَمْكُولُو مِن كَبْلُ فَاللهُ وَلَمْكُولُو مِن كَبْلُ فَاللهُ وَلَمْكُولُو مِن كَبْلُ وَلَمْلَاكُومُ مِن كَبْلُولُو اللهُ الله

We see that thou art of the gracious!"

79 He said, "Allah forbid!

That we should chastise any other than the one with whom we found our property.

We should then transgress!"



- 80 Despairing his release,
 they conferred:
 The eldest said,
 "Do ye remember not
 how your father
 took a pledge of you on Allah
 and how, ere this, ye failed him
 with regard to Yusuf?
 I will not, therefore,
 leave the Land
 until my father permits me
 or Allah doth command me!
 He is the best to judge.
- 81 "Go ye back to your father and tell him, 'Oh, our father, thy son committed theft! We vouch for naught but what we saw. We could not guard against the unforeseen!
- 82 "Inquire thou in the city where we were, or of the caravan which has preceded us, we tell, indeed, the truth."
- 83 He only said,
 "Nay, ye have concocted 'mong yourselves a story which doth seem plausible to you:
 Patience alone is becoming!
 May be Allah will restore them to me all together:
 He is, indeed, the knower and the Wise!"
- 84 He turned aside lamenting, "Yusuf! Yusuf!"
 His eyes were dulled through grief; he was oppressed with silent sorrow.

- 85 They fumed, "By Allah! Wilt thou not cease to talk of Yusuf until thou dote or die?"
- 86 He murmered,
 "Only to Allah complain I
 of my anguish and my grief!
 What I know of Allah,
 ye do not know!
- 87 "O my sons!
 Return ye and inquire
 about Yusuf and his brother.
 Despair ye not of Allah's
 guidance
 None but heathens
 do despair
 of Allah's guidance"
- 88 So when again they were before him, they said, "O, exalted one! Distress has seized us and our kin; we come with little of our own; be generous with the scales and bestow charity on us! For Allah doth reward those who display charity."
- 89 He said, "Do ye remember how ye dealt with Yusuf and his brother, in your ignorance?"
- 90 Exclaimed they,
 "Art thou really Yusuf?!"
 He answered,
 "I am Yusuf,
 this is my brother.
 Allah has been gracious to us.

Those that keep from evil and endure with fortitude, Allah never holdeth back the wages of the righteous!"



- 91 "By Allah!", they gasped,
 "He has raised thee above us!
 It was, indeed, we
 who had erred!"
- 92 He said, "Let no reproach be cast on you this day. May Allah forgive you. He is Most Merciful!
- 93 "Return ye
 with this shirt of mine,
 cast it on my father's face;
 he will regain his sight.
 Come ye back together
 with all your families."

- 94 When the caravan approached their father said, (to those about him), "I seem to feel the scent of Yusuf!

 Though fun you'll make of me!"
- 95 They said, "By Allah!

 Thou art yet beset with thy old delusion!"
- 96 Lo! the herald comes.

 Joy beameth in his face!

 His eyes begin to shine!

 He says, "Did I not tell you,
 that I know of Allah
 what ye do not know?"
- 97 Gladly they confess, "O, father ours! Ask pardon for our sins, we were, indeed, at fault."
- 98 He said, "Gladly shall I pray to Allah to forgive you, He is both the Pardoner and the Merciful!"

قال هَلْ عَلِمْ تُمْ مَّا اَعَدَامُمْ بِيُوْهُ وَ اَنْ عُدِيدًا مُوْدَى ﴿
قَالَوْا مَا لِكُونُ مُكَا اَعْدَامُمُ بِيُوهُ وَ اَنْ كُونُ مِكْ قَالَ الْكَارُونُ هُ فَالَ الْكَارُونُ هُ فَالَّا الْكَوْمُ مُكَا يَتُونُ مَكْ قَالَ الْكَارُونُ مُكْرِيدُ وَكَمْ مَنَ اللَّهُ وَيَعْمِرُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ الْكُونِيدُ وَيَعْمِرُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمُولِيدُ وَيَعْمِرُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمُولِيدُ وَيَعْمِرُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ وَيَعْمِرُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ وَيَعْمِرُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ وَيَعْمِرُ وَهِ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُولُولُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُولُولُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُولُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُو

إرْجِعُوْ الْآلَا لَيْكُمْ فَقُولُوْا يَأْمَانَآ إِنَّ وَ وَ أَنَّ عَنْهُ وَقَالَ ثَالَهُ

99 When they reached Yusuf he lodged his father with himself, saying, "Welcome ye to Misr! Here, Allah willing, ye will be in peace!"



- 100 He raised his father to the dais; they all bowed down to him. He said, "O my father! Fulfilled is now that early dream. Allah has made it all come true. He has been gracious: He called me from the lyceum; He brought you here from the desert after all the discord sown by Shaitan between me and my brothers. Indeed, my Lord is gracious to whom He wills. He is the Knower and the Wise!
- 101 "O Master mine!
 Thou hast given me power!
 Thou hast taught me
 to predict the future
 from the past!
 O Creator
 of the heavens and the earth!
 Thou art my friend
 in the present and the future.
 Let me die
 submitting to Thy will;
 admit me Thou
 among the righteous!"

- 102 This is an instance from the lessons of the past which We commune to thee. Thou wast not with them when they gathered secretly and planned.
- 103 But, however much thou mayest wish, few will believe!
- 104 Thou dost not ask of them a fee for this!'Tis nothing but a moral for all peoples.

- 105 How many, many instances (of the working of Our law), in the heavens and the earth, do they not come across?!

 And yet, from them, they turn aside!
- 106 And few believe in Allah without associating others with Him!
- 107 Are they sure
 that Allah's wrath
 will not come
 to envelop them?
 Or that a gobbling moment
 will not descend on them
 while they are unprepared?!

108 Say thou,

"This is my way:
To Allah I invite you
on the basis of
the obvious itself!
I and those who follow me:
Glory be to Allah!
I am not
among the quibblers!"

109 Sent We no Messenger
before thee
who was not human!
We communed with none
but those who were
from 'mong themselves!
Do they not travel
o'er the land?
Do they not themselves see
what was the end of those
before them?

If they would only use their common sense they would understand that future happiness is for those who are circumspect. Will ye never understand?

apostles have despaired and even think that they have been beguiled, there reaches them Our help!
We rescue those We wish!
Nor ever is Our punishment withheld from a people who transgress!

اقاوَمُوْاانَ تَادِيمُمُ عَاشِيدَةُ فَعُمُو الشَّوَادُتَادِيمُمُ السَّاعَةُ بُغُتَةً وَهُمُو الْكِيشْهُمُوْدَنَ ﴿ الْكِيشْهُمُونَ وَالْمَالِيَالِيَّالِيَ الشَّيِّ عَلَيْمِهُ وَمَا النَّهِ مِنَ الشَّهْرِلِيْنَ ﴿ اللَّهُ وَمَا النَّهُ المَّنْ الشَّهْرِلِينَ ﴿ وَمَا السَّلْمَا مِنْ الشَّهْرِلِينَ ﴿ وَمَا السَّلْمَا مِنْ الشَّهْرِلِينَ وَاللَّهُ وَمُلْكُونَا اللَّهُ فَى الشَّهُ وَاللَّهُ فَى الشَّهُ وَاللَّهُ فَى الشَّهُ وَاللَّهُ فَى اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فَى اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فَى اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فَى اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فَى اللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللْهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّ وَرَفَعُ آبُورِهُ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ وَحَوُّوْلِلَهُ

عُمِّنَ آ وَ قَالَ يَابِهِ هَنَا حَالُودِيْلُ

وَمَنَا عَرَفِ وَقَلْ الْمَرْفِقَ الْمَرْفِقَ الْمَوْلِيَةِ الْمَنْ الْمَوْلِيَةِ الْمَنْ الْمَوْلِيَةِ الْمَنْ الْمَوْلِيَةِ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمَنْ الْمُنْ الْمُ

111 Their stories only serve
as lessons to those who understand.
They are not invented tales.
Confirmed, are they by evidence
before you,
giving more details,
as guidance and as grace
to a people who believe!

*



Sura : RA'D

In the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 273

ALIF! LAM! MIM! RA!

Here are the flashes from the Book. And that which is revealed to thee, from thy Lord, is truth: but the majority of men do not believe.

- 2 Allah is He
 who raised the heaven
 without pillars visible.
 His reign He then established over all
 harnessed He the sun, the moon,
 each doth revolve
 according to a fixed time;
 ordained He all in wisdom
 and made He plain His signs
 so that convinced ye may be
 of the glory of your Lord!
- 3 And He it is
 who has outspread the earth
 and gave to it
 its hills, its rivers;
 every fruit He made
 through pairing
 of two principles;
 with night He doth enveil the day—

In all of these are surely proofs for those who would reflect.

4 And on the earth
are variegated tracts—
gardens of grapes,
and furrowed fields,
date palms
with clusters and without,
enlivened all
by the same waters, and yet,

some more delectable to eat than others!

In all of these are surely proofs for those who think!

2 *** 274

- 5 Well dost thou marvel:
 strange, indeed,
 is what they ask:
 "When we have turned to dust
 shall we be made anew?"
 These are the ones
 who would deny their Lord.
 Shackles wear they
 round their necks;
 wallow they
 in (self-made) hell
 and long will they
 therein remain.
- 6 They will have thee hasten evil more than good; and that despite their having instances before them: thy Lord for long forbears the sins of men and (only then) is stern in punishment.
- 7 And those who would deny thee, say, "Why are not portents revealed to him by his Lord?"

But, thou, indeed, art no more than a Warner and a Guide for all communities.



- 8 It is only Allah who doth know what each woman bears or when the wombs are sterile or fertile.

 All things with Him are correlated.
- 9 The real Knower of the hidden or the seen the Great, the Self-Exalted.
- 10 Alike to you is one who veils his words and one who speaks out plainly; he who skulks at night and he who comes forth at the break of dawn.
- 11 For there are guardians before them and behind them protecting them at the bidding of Allah.

Verily Allah alters naught for a people until they have wrought something by themselves. And when upon a people His wrath is turned, naught can resist it! Nor is there for them, beside Him, a rescuer.

- 12 He it is who flasheth lightning inspiring fear and hope and rolleth He the laden clouds.
- 13 The thunder claps
 at His command.
 Silenced angels are
 in fear of Him.
 The thunderbolts He sends
 to strike down whom He wills!

And these:
against Allah
would show fight—
against His great Majesty?

وَإِنَّ رَبُّكَ لَشَدِيدُ الْحِقَابِ ﴿ الزئحاء وماتذ داد وكان مَا مَا نُفُسِهُ ۚ وَإِذَا آرَادَ اللَّهُ بِقُومِ فَلاَ مُرَدِّلُهُ وَمَالَهُمُ مِّنْ دُونِهِ

脚側腿

التراسياك اليك الكيف و الدين التراسياك اليك و الدين المثالات المتحاوب الحقادة و الدين المثالات المتحاوب الحقادة و المتحاوب المتح

14 To Him alone are prayers justified; for, those beside Him, whom they call upon, can fulfil naught.

> It is like raising hands to inert water expecting it to rise and fulfil thirst it can not rise.

The prayers of heathens are in vain.



15 All that is

in the heavens and the earth, zealously or grudgingly, does obeisance to Allah even as the shadows that lie prostrate at dusk as well as dawn.

4 *** 276

16 Ask: "Who is the Lord
of heaven and earth?"
Answer: "Allah!"
Add thou, "Is it not Allah?"
Then ask: "Would ye then,
apart from Him,
resort to others who can do,
for their own selves
no harm nor good?"

Ask thou: "Are they who see, and those who cannot, equal? Why then do ye (who see) equate the light with darkness?"

Or have they ascribed equals unto Him because those others too have created things resembling His creations?

Say thou: "Allah alone creates He is the One, the Irresistible!"

17 He sends down water from the skies; the lowlands hold to their capacity; the surplus and the refuse pass as overflow—

The ore they melt on fire for armaments of war therein too a scum arises. Thus doth Allah distinguish the real from the spurious. The useless passes off as froth and that which is of benefit to man the earth absorbs! Thus doth Allah strike analogies.

18 For those who respond to their Lord awaiteth good; but those who respond not—had they all that earth contained, and twice as much, they would surely offer all as ransom!

They are the ones who'll have an evil reckoning: hellish their abode. comfortless their bed.

5 *** 277

19 Is then one who is convinced that what has been revealed to thee from thy Lord is truth, is he like one who's blind?

Only those who understand perceive-

- 20 (i) Those who fulfil the role expected by Allah, and fail not in their plighted word;
- 21 (ii) Those who keep together what Allah hath enjoined should be together;
 - (iii) those who hold their Lord in awe and fear an adverse reckening;
- 22 (iv) Those who faith maintain in the benevolence of their Lord;
 - (v) who fulfil their duties
 - (vi) who secretly and openly give of whatWe have provided them;
 - (vii) who subdue (others') evil with (their) good for such awaits success.



- 23 Perennial gardens
 shall they enter
 along with other righteous ones
 from 'mong their elders
 their spouses
 and their progeny—
 angels shall greet them
 from all sides:
- 24 "Peace be on ye for that ye persevered! How rewarding is the final outcome!"
- 25 But those who break their covenant with Allah after having given their word—those who break apart what, through Allah's will, has joined, those who spread mischief in the land, for them is execration and evil is their destination.
- 26 Allah enlargeth or restricteth sustenance to whom He wills.

 They bask in the present luxury but the present after all, is nothing if not transient!

27 Those who have no faith complain,
"Why are not some distinctions sent to him from his Lord?"
Say thou, "Allah deludeth whom He wills and guideth He those who would be penitent."

28 Those who have faith—
those in whose hearts
the words of Allah
usher peace—
O, what peace
the words of Allah
usher in their hearts!

- 29 Those who have faith and who act righteously for them the summit, for them their cherished goal!
- 30 Thus have We sent thee
 amongst a people—
 before whom many peoples
 passed away—
 so that thou convey to them
 that which We reveal to thee.

They are adverse (only) to Rahman; say thou, "He is my Lord!
There is no deity but He. In Him I trust.
To Him alone I turn."

31 Could not this Qur'an have crumpled up the mountains? (Could it not) have spread over all the earth? (Could it not) have raised to life the very dead?

But all command is with Allah.

Do not, (at least) the faithful, understand that if Allah had so wished all mankind would be guided (to the path)?

Calamities will not cease to fall upon the wicked for their dire deeds, or cease to pester them by lying close, until the time that Allah promised comes. Allah, verily, postponeth not fulfilment of His promises.

7 *** 279

32 Indeed, scorned were Messengers before thee; but I forebore for long with their traducers; then My scourge overtook them! How awesome was their end!

- 33 Is it not (only) He who doth ensure to every soul the wages it has earned? And (yet) to Allah they ascribe partners! Say thou: "Summon them! Would ye to His knowledge of the world add something which He knoweth not? Or, is this calling (on others beside Allah) merely (ritual) meaningless? Fair seem their ways to these deceivers and stand they in the way of their salvation-But he whom Allah leads astray for him there is no guide.
- 34 For them is pain today and greater pain tomorrow. To help them against Allah there is none.
- 35 The like of heaven itself
 is promised to the wary.
 Beneath it rivers flow,
 perpetual its produce
 permanent its shade.
 Such is the requital
 of those who fear Allah,
 The requital of the spurners:
 fire!
- 36 Those on whom We have bestowed the Book rejoice at what has been revealed to them; some only of the clans deny it partly. Say thou, "Indeed, instructed I have been that I serve Allah and join no others with Him To Him alone I call. To Him alone I turn."
- 37 Thus have We revealed it as an injunction in Arabic itself (so that there may be no ambiguity for thee)



If thou wert then to be affected by their vanities after knowledge has thus come to thee no helper nor defender would there be for thee from Allah!

8 *** 280

- 38 We did, indeed, send Messengers before thee;
 We gave them wives and progeny, never was foretelling by a sign incumbent on a messenger except by Allah's leave.
 For every epoch is a Law.
- 39 Effaceth or maintaineth He what He wills
 In Him doth vest the (eternal) source of Law.
- 40 Whether We let thee see
 a part of that
 which We have promised them
 or We recall thee to Us—
 yours it is only to announce.
 It is for Us to reckon.
- 41 Do they not see
 that We have been reducing
 their proud domain
 in its periphery?
 When Allah doth decree
 none can reverse
 what He decrees.
 And He is swift
 in calling to account.
- 42 Those before them,
 they too schemed
 but Allah's scheme
 prevails o'er all.
 He knoweth what
 each one hath earned;
 and soon the faithless ones
 will come to know
 who in the end
 doth reach
 the goodly goal.

إِنْ مَّا نُورَنَّكَ بَعْضَ الَّذِي نَعِدُهُمْ أونته فكنك فانتاعلنك السلة وعَلَمُنَا الْحِمَاكُ @ أوَلَمْ يَرُوْا أَيَّا نَأْتِي الْأَرْضَ نَنْقُصُهَا مِنْ أَطُ افِهَا وَاللَّهُ يَخِكُمُ لَامُعَقَّبَ

رَبِينَ لَا إِلْهُ الْأَهُ الْأَهُو عَمَلُتُهِ كَ كُلْتُ وَالْدُهِ مَتَاب ۞ العَتُ بِعِ الْأَرْضُ أَوْكُلَّمَ بِهِ الْأَوْتُي للنان كفر والتواكية للقرائد

43 The faithless ones keep on saying, "He is no Envoy!"

Say thou,
"Sufficient witness is Allah
between yourselves and me—
and those who know the Law."

*



SURA: IBRĀHĪM

mthename of Allahthe Rahiman the Rahim

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ALIF! LAM! RA!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Descends on thee the Revelation so that thou mayst lead them from darkness into light by the grace of their Lord, to Him who is the Sovereign and the one Worthy of Obeisance!

- 2 Allah is He for whom is all that is in heaven and earth.
 And woe to those who have no faith and linger in perdition.
- 3 Those who give preference to the immediate present over that which is more lasting in the future, and bar the way to Allah or give to truth a twist! They are the ones who are utterly misguided.
- 4 No Messenger We sent
 who spoke not
 in the language of his people
 so that he may clarify
 (the message).
 Allah confoundeth whom He wills
 and guideth whom He wills
 He is the Sovereign
 He the Wise!
- 5 Of yore We sent Musa with signs from Us:
 "Deliver thou thy people out of darkness into light and tell them of the glories of Allah."

In that, indeed, are lessons for the patient and the grateful.

6 (Remind them of the time)
when Musa told his people:
"Remember ye
the favours of Allah
when He delivered you
from the people of Fir'aun—
they heaped upon you
cruel tasks,
they killed your sons,
preserved your daughters—
in all of this there was
a trial great
from your Lord."

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- 7 (Remind them of the time)
 when your Lord
 announced:
 "If ye are cognizant
 I shall give you more.
 But if ye are insensible,
 retribution is, indeed, severe."
- 8 And Musa had told them:
 "If ye and all
 the dwellers of the earth
 should show ingratitude
 it matters not to Allah;
 unaffected
 is His Sovereignty."
- 9 Has no story reached you of people who preceded you? The folks of Nuh— of 'Ad and of Thamud? Of those who followed them —none but Allah knows them all. Their Envoys came to them one by one



with inspiration, but they only gagged them and persisted: "We just deny that you are sent by Allah and entertain we doubts about the path to which you call us."

- 10 Their Envoys asked, "Would you doubt in Allah the Creator of the heavens and the earth? It is He who calleth you so that He may retrieve you from your sins and respite youfor an appointed time!" They said: "Nay, ye are no more than human like ourselves! Ye want us to forsake those whom our fathers served! Bring ye then convincing credentials."
- 11 Answered them their Messengers:

 "('Tis true that)
 we are only human
 like yourselves.
 But Allah bestows grace
 on whom He wills
 among His servants;
 'tis not for us
 to bring some credentials
 unless Allah doth provide.
 It is in Allah that
 believers put their trust.
- 12 "How can we help putting our trust in Allah? He has, in truth, launched us on our path and helped us to withstand the hurts which you inflict on us. They trust in Allah only—those who trust."

وَقَالَ مُوْسَى إِنْ تَكُفُرُوْآ ٱنْكُمْ وَمَنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيْعًا "فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَغَنِيًّا فَالْتُ لَهُمْ رُسُلُهُ مِرَانُ يَحْنُ إِلَّا بَنَّارٌ مَثْلُكُمُ وَلَا إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَمُنُّ عَلَى مَن تَشَاءُ مِنْ عِنَادِهُ وَمَا كَانَ لَنَا أَنْ التكمُ سُلطر الريادين الله و عَلَى اللهِ فَلْمُ تُوكِّلُ الْمُوْمِنُونَ ٠ مُ النَّا أَلَّا نُتُوكُلُ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَقَدْهَ لِنَا يُسكنًا وكنصر فَعَلَ مَا أَوْنِيْمُونَا

الرسية الترافع الين فالمنتها التربية الترافع التنافع المنتها المتافعة المنتها التنافعة التنافعة التنافعة التنافعة المنتها المنتها التنافعة و من المنتها التنافعة و من المنتها التنافعة و من المنتها التنافعة و من المنتها الم

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13 Those who are pagans said to their Messengers:
"Either to our creed shall you return or, we will turn you out from our land!"
But their Lord communed:
"We shall destroy these transgressors!"



- 14 "And We shall, after them, make you abide instead."This for him who keeps in mind My laws and fears retribution.
- 15 They cried for help and lo! Crushed was every one that would suppress.
- 16 Hell faced him while in brackish water wallowed he—
- 17 He gulps and yet
 he cannot swallow.
 Death doth encompass him
 and yet he does not die.
 Before him lies
 intense affliction—
- 18 A simile
 of those who are oblivious
 of their Lord:
 their deeds as ashes are
 on which the wind doth blow
 on a tempestuous day!
 Nothing of what
 they have achieved
 remaineth with them
 so grossly have they gone astray!
- 19 See ye not that Allah
 has made
 the heavens and the earth
 with a purpose?
 If He wills
 He could obliterate you
 and come out
 with a new creation.
- 20 But that will matter little to Allah the Sovereign Lord.
- 21 Together they are all mustered before Allah.

The ones who yielded, to those who had commanded, do complain:
"We had indeed obeyed you: will ye be then of no avail at all against the scourge of Allah?"
They answer:
"If Allah had shown us the way we too would have guided you aright.
Alike to us it is today if we protect or we endure—there is no way of escape!"

22 Shaitan,

when 'tis all decided will absolve himself: "It was Allah's promise that was true I too had promised you in order to mislead you but I, o'er you had no authority. I only called you and lo! you did respond! So blame me not but blame yourselves. Now I can be of no avail to you nor can you be of any help to me. I now regret outright your erstwhile mixing me with Allah! Those who transgress for them is suffering in store."

23 But those of faith
and righteousness
they enter gardens
wherein
streams meander—
they dwell therein
permitted by their Lord
enjoying life in peace.



- 24 Hast thou not come across that divine proverb—
 "A goodly word is like a goodly tree: its roots reach deep its branches soar to heights.
- 25 It gives forth sustenance perpetually at the instance of its Lord." Allah strikes out similes so that they may oft consider.
- 26 An evil word
 is like an evil plant—
 easily uprooted
 from the earth
 and having no stability.
- 27 Allah firmly will establish,
 those whose faith
 is firm,
 in the immediate present.
 and for long in future.
 And Allah will
 allow to stray
 those who transgress!
 Allah doth achieve what He wills!
- 28 Hast thou not seen those who, through ingratitude, have forfeited Allah's grace and made their people deserving of a lowly state?
- 29 In hell itself they burn and awful is their dwelling.
- 30 And for Allah himself
 they set up symbols
 misleading (others)
 from the path!
 Say thou, "Please yourselves
 for a while—
 ye are leading straight
 for hell..."

وَجَعَلُوْالِيُهِ أَنْدَادًا لِيُصِادُوا عَنْ سَلْهُ قُلُ تَمَتَّعُوا فَأَنَّ مَصِيرًكُمُ الصَّلُودُ وَيُنفِقُوا مِتَارِينَ فَنَهُ مُوسِرًّا ۏۜۼڵٳڹؠڎؙڝؚٙؽۊ*ؠ*ڶڰڛڵ؈ؘٵٚؾٷۿ لاًبنعُ فِنْهِ وَلاَخِلاُ ۞

الْمَوْتُ مِنْ كُلِّ مَكَانِ وَمَاهُوَ مَيَّةٍ كرَمَاد اشترت بوالزنخ في يؤم شَيُّ و ذلك هُوَالصَّلْلُ الْبَعِيْدُ @ ٱلَهُ تُرَانُ اللهَ حُلَقُ السَّهُ السَّهُ تَ الأرض بالحق إن كشأت هنكه

31 And to My servants
who believe in Me, call thou,
"Arise ye to your duties
and give
secretly or openly
from what We have
bestowed on you—
before the day arrives
when there will be
no buying, no bargaining.



- 32 Allah is He
 who made the heavens
 and the earth.
 He showereth water
 from the clouds
 and from it raises fruits
 for your sustenance.
 He has given you boats
 which, at His bidding
 skim the seas.
 And rivers too
 He has provided you.
- 33 For you He makes
 the sun, the moon revolve
 incessantly.
 For you He has created
 the night, the day.
- 34 He bringeth to you all that you desire of Him and if ye were to try to count all His favours ye would never cease."

(And yet) man is, indeed ungrateful, loath to acknowledge favours.

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- 35 Lo, *Ibrahim*, he prayed:
 "Master mine!
 Make Thou this town
 believe (in Thee)
 and make Thou me
 and my progeny
 strangers to idolatory.
- 36 "Master mine!
 They have, indeed,
 deluded many
 among the people;
 only those who follow me
 are really mine.
 And those who obstruct me—
 well, Thou art, in truth,
 Forgiving, Merciful.
- 37 "Sustainer ours!

 I have settled

some of my family in a barren valley in the precincts of Thy hallowed House in order that they may be able to establish worship. Soften thou the hearts of men towards them and provide them with the fruits of earth—so that they may live contentedly.

- 38 "Our Lord!
 Indeed Thou knowest
 what we hide
 and what we do declare!
 Naught on earth or heaven
 can be hidden
 from Allah!
- 39 "Praise be to Allah who, in my old age, has given me Isma'il and Ishaq! My Lord, indeed, is one who responds to our prayers.
- 40 "My Lord!
 Provide for me a place
 in worship as also to
 some of my progeny.
 Our Lord!
 Fulfil Thou my prayer!
- 41 "Master ours!

 Forgive me, my ancestors,
 and the faithful,
 on the day of final reckoning!"

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42 Deem not thou that Allah is oblivious of transgressions. He only respites them till the day when eyes are open wide in horror—



- 43 Necks outstretched—
 faces turning
 right nor left—
 hearts empty of all hope—
- 44 So warn these people against that day which bringeth wrath when those who transgressed will bewail:

"Master ours!
Respite us
if only for a moment!
We will respond to Thy call—
we will heed Thy Messengers."
"But did ye not
aforetime boast
'For us is no reverse?""

- 45 Dwell ye in those very houses in which had lived those who had wronged themselves; clearly We showed you how We had dealt with them: for you We struck them as example!
- 46 What plots they plotted!

 But Allah foiled their plots
 although their plots
 were deep enough
 to undermine the mountains.
- 47 Deem not thou that Allah ever fails in His promises to His Messengers! Allah is, in truth the Great Avenger.
- 48 One day this earth
 will have become
 (as if) another earth,
 (this sky as if) another sky!
 Stilled in the presence of Allah
 the One the Irresistible.
- 49 And thou shalt see these criminals chained in fetters.

الآنجوان الذين طلقوار تبنا آخران الآنجوان المنافر الذين المنافرة المنافرة

رُونَ التّابِي تَهْدِقَ الْيُعْدِهُ وَارْدُوْهُمُّ الْمُوْدِ الْمُدُونُ الْيُعْدِهُ وَارْدُوْهُمُّ الْمُؤْدِنُ وَ مَالَتُعْلِمُ وَيَعْلَمُونَ الْيُعْدِنُ وَالْعُلُونُ وَ وَمَا يَعْفُى عَلَى اللّهِ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهِ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهِ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَال

الشّالَذِي حَلَى التّمَاوِد وَالْرُفِيّ

وَالْوَلِ مِن المُمَّا وَالْمُوْدُ وَالْمُوْرُ وَالْمُوْرُ وَالْمُورُ وَلِي وَالْمُورُ وَالْمُمُورُ وَالْمُورُ ولَالْمُورُ وَالْمُورُ ولْمُورُ وَالْمُورُ وَالْمُورُ وَالْمُورُ وَالْمُورُ وَالْمُورُ ول

- 50 Shabby garments black as pitch their faces all aflame like fire!
- 51 Thus doth Allah recompense every soul for what itself has earned:
 In truth is Allah quick in reckoning.
- 52 This is a proclamation for all peoples:
 let them from it warning take and let them realize that there is only one Allah—
 Let them ponder—
 those who understand.

*



SURA: HIJR

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

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ALIF! LAM! RA!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

Here come renditions from the Book—the manifest Qur'an:

- 2 Anon, those who (still) reject will wish that they too had believed!
- 3 Leave them thou
 to eat and enjoy life;
 let their delusion
 beguile them—
 soon they'll come to know.
- 4 No people did We punish except according to a law.
- 5 No people can forestall their time nor hasten it.
- 6 They say, "O thou to whom the message is revealed! Truly thou art possessed by a jinn!
- 7 "Why dost thou not show us angels if thou art truthful?"
- 8 We send no angels, unless needed; nor, if they come, can they be seen.
- 9 It is We who send the Messenger and it is We who guard him.
- 10 Indeed, We sent such Messengers to preceding groups.

- 11 But, no Messenger comes to them but they of him make fun.
- 12 That is how We make the hearts of the wicked to react.
- 13 They will not acquire faith afresh and older faiths are obsolete.
- 14 If we had opened for them heaven's door and they ascended higher and more high,
- 15 They will still say, "Our eyes deceive us, we have been bewitched."

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- 16 It is We
 Who have set forth
 in the heavens
 shining stars
 enchanting to behold.
- 17 And We protect them from all cursed devils.
- 18 And even he who, stealthily, would hear is pursued by a bolt of fire.
- 19 And the earth

 We have spread wide
 and raised upon it hills—
 therein all things
 grow in harmony.
- 20 Therein We provide sustenance for you as also for those whom it is not for you to feed.



- 21 And there is nothing that We possess not in abundance, but We release it in measured quantities.
- 22 We send the fertilizing winds; then, from the heavens We send rain by which We flush your thirst you certainly did not control its storage.
- 23 It is, indeed,
 We who make you live,
 We who make you die,
 and We alone
 are your inheritors.
- 24 To Us, in truth, is known which one among you doth precede;
 We know who follows.
- 25 And, 'tis your Lord who gathers them;
 He is the Wise
 He is the Knowing.

- 26 Evolved We citizens from black tilth;
- 27 And denizens, We had earlier forged them out of desert flames.
- 28 And when thy Lord addressed the angels: "I shall raise a being from lowly clay
- 29 "And when I have instilled in him My power ye shall all be subject to him and render him obeisance!"
- 30 All angels bowed collectively and did obeisance—

وَمَانُ زُلُهَ إِلاَ بِقَدَ رِمَّعُكُومِ ۞ وأرسكنا الزنج كولتح فانزلنامن التَّمَاءَمَاءً فَأَسْقَيْنَكُمُونَهُ وَمَّا أَنْثُمْرُ ولقن عَلَمُنَا الْسُتَقُومِينَ مِنْكُمُ وَلَقَدْ عَلَمْنَا الْمُنْتَأْخِرْنِيَ @ وَانَّ رَبُّكَ هُوَ نَخِتُهُمُ هُمْ ۚ إِنَّا كَكُمْمُ وَلَقَنْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ صَلَّمَ مِّنْ حَمَا مِّسْنُونِ فَي والتحالة خلفنه من تبك من تار التَّمُو مِرِ ۞ واذقال رئك المكلسكة انفخالق بنثر امِنْ صَلْصَالَ مِنْ حَمَامَنُونُ فَأَذَا سَوَّيْتُهُ وَنَكَفَتُ فِيهِ مِنَ رُوحِي فَقَعُوالَهُ لِيعِدِينَ ۞ فَنَعِينَ الْمُلِّلِكُهُ كُلُّهُمُ أَجْمَعُونَ فَ إِلاَّ إِنْلِيْسُ أَيْنَ أَنْ يُكُونُ مَعَ الشجدين 🕝 مَّالَ يَايُلِيْسُ مَالَكَ ٱلْأَتَكُونَ مَعَ السّجِدِينَ @

ذَرْهُمْ مَا كُلُوْاوَتَمَّتُكُوْا وَيُلْفِعُمُ الْمَا الْمُنَانُ تَعْلَمُونَ ۞ ومآآ هُلَكُنَامِنُ قُرْيَةِ إِلاَّ وَلَهَا كتَاكَ مَعْلُؤُمُّ ۞ اتَا تَحُنُ نَزُّلْنَا اللِّي كُرُوا تَاكُمُ لقَالُوْآ إِنَّمَا سُحِرْتُ أَنْصَارُنَا بَلْ كُنْ تُوَمُّرُ مَنْ حُوْرُونَ 💩 وَلَقَدُ جَعَلْنَا فِي النَّمَا ءِ بُرُوْجًا وَرَتَّهُمَا

- 31 Except *Iblis*!

 Refused he altogether to be among the ones who bowed.
- 32 He said, "O Iblis! what ails thee that thou art not among the ones who bow?"



- 33 He answered,
 "I am not the one
 to bow to one
 whom Thou hast raised
 from mere clay!"
- 34 He said,
 "Get thee hence!
 Thou art expelled!
- 35 "And cursed shalt thou be until the day of reckoning!"
- 36 He pleaded,
 "Master mine!

 Let me watch o'er them
 till the day they rise."
- 37 He said,
 "Thou may keep watch on them
- 38 "Until the very moment of the appointed day!"
- 39 He said "Master, since Thou hast cast me out I shall appear to them so fair on earth that I shall outcaste all!
- 40 "Except the really genuine ones among Thy servants!"
- 41 He said,
 "Theirs is the path
 leading straight to Me.
- 42 "Upon My servants thou shalt have no power unless they themselves become outcastes;
- 43 "And hell itself is promised for all such."
- 44 It has its seven entrances; to each a group of sinners is assigned—

- 45 The righteous surely shall be midst fountained glades:
- 46 "Welcome ye, and be in peace."
- 47 We shall efface from their hearts what rancour there remains; they shall dwell as brothers enjoying luxury—
- 48 No ennui shall touch them nor shall they unwelcome feel.
- 49 Explain thou then to My servants I am Forgiving, Merciful;
- 50 And (also) my punishment is punishment severe!
- 51 Narrate to them about the guests of *Ibrahim*
- 52 When they appeared before him and said (suddenly),
 "Peace be on you!"
 He said,
 "You frighten and alarm us!"
- 53 They answered,
 "Be not alarmed!
 We bring thee tidings
 of a son endowed with wisdom!"
- 54 He asked "Do ye
 these tidings bring
 although old age has touched me?
 Wherefore do ye raise
 (our) hopes?"
- 55 They said,
 "Tidings true we bring:
 Be not among the hopeless!"



- 56 He said,
 "Who can lose hope
 in Allah
 except the cynical?!
- 57 "(But, tell me), on what exact errand have ye come O, Messengers?"
- 58 They said,
 "We have been sent
 to a criminal tribe—
- 59 "Only the family of *Lut*—them we are to rescue,
- 60 "Except his wife, we have surmised that she remains behind."

- 61 Eventually the Messengers arrived among Lut's people.
- 62 He said, "Ye seem to be utter strangers here."
- 63 They answered,
 "Nay, we have
 come to (rescue) thee
 from that which they ignore.
- 64 "We come to thee in all sincerity and we do speak the truth.
- 65 "Set forth with thy family at midnight and do thou follow behind them. Let none among you turn around but go straight on as ye are commanded."
- 66 Thus We decreed for him because the last of them was to be left behind when morning dawned.

اِنَّا مِنْكُوْ دَجُلْزَنَ ۞

اَلْوَالْاِنْوَجُوْلِنَ ۚ الْمَائِدُونُونَ عَلَى الْمُخْلِدُهِ الْمُحْلَدُونُونَ عَلَى الْمُخْلَدُهُ الْمُحْلَدُونُونَ عَلَى الْمُخْلَدُهُ مِنْ الْمُثَلِّدُونَ وَالْمُخْلِدُهُ مِنْ الْمُحْلَدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ مِنْ الْمُحْلَدُهُ مُحْلَدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ مُحْلَدُهُ مُحْلَدُهُ مُحْلَدُهُ مُحْلَدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ الْمُحْلِدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ الْمُحْلِدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ الْمُحْلِدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ الْمُحْلِدُهُ مُحْلِدُهُ الْمُحْلِدُهُ الْمُعُلِي الْمُحْلِدُهُ الْمُحْلِ

تال نوائن لا بحدرابته خالفته من مسلما له بن حياشه بالمسلم المسلم المسل

- 67 The people of the town gathered as if they had received glad tidings.
- 68 He pleaded
 "These are, in truth, my guests
 molest them not!
- 69 "Fear ye Allah and disgrace me not!"
- 70 They said,
 "Did we not forbid thee
 to plead for all and sundry?"

- 71 He groaned,
 "Here are my daughters
 if ye must enact!"
- 72 By thy life (O, MUHAMMAD)! they milled around as if dead drunk.
- 73 Until there seized them the blast before the east was bright!
- 74 We turned them upside down and rained upon them showers of stones.
- 75 In these are surely signs for those who ponder.
- 76 (The remnants of) their (cities) linger still by the high road!
- 77 Provide they lessons striking for those who will be righteous.
- 78 So also were the Peoples-of-the-Wood transgressors.
- 79 We overwhelmed them with retribution. Both stand as glaring landmarks along the open road!

- 80 The people dwelling in the stony tracts of *Hijr*—they too did spurn their Envoys.
- 81 Our proofs We brought before them but they evaded issues.

- 82 Out of mountains hewed they houses and thought they were secure.
- 83 But torment seized them before it dawned.
- 84 Of no avail to them was aught they wrought.
- 85 Not in vain have We created the heavens and the earth and that which lies between.

Their hour is nigh. So tolerate them thou with graceful tolerance.

- 86 Thy Lord is, indeed, Creator-Supreme. He knoweth all.
- 87 We have revealed to thee in two (portions)
 the seven itemed miniature (to be oft repeated)
 and the great Qur'an.
- 88 Cast thou not longing eyes on blessings We have given to (other) couples nor give in thou to grief, Extend thy wings over the faithful.
- 89 Assure them: "It is plain, I am myself a warner.
- 90 "Like those who were sent down to men who were divided;

- 91 "And who split the truth announced, to bits.
- 92 "Thy Lord will question them for all
- 93 "That they have done."
- 94 Announce thou publicly what thou art bid and break away from these deifiers.
- 95 Sufficient unto thee are We against the scoffers.
- 96 Those who elevate idols to the level of the Deity! O, soon, they'll come to realize!
- 97 Well are We aware: at times thy heart is stricken at what they say.
- 98 But strive thou on at the bidding of thy Lord and be among those who silently obey.

وَلَقُنُ الْمِنْ الْمَعْلَاتُ الْمَعْلَاقِ الْمَعْلَاقِ وَ الْمُنْ الْمَعْلَاتُ فَ وَ الْمُنْ الْمَعْلَاتُ فَ وَ الْمُنْ الْمَعْلَاتُ فَا وَ الْمُنْ الْمَعْلَاتُ فَا الْمُنْ الْمُنْ

قال كَهُ الْوَسَنِيْنَ ان الْنَاهُ الْعِلَيْنَ هُ تَعْمُ الْوَالِهُ الْوَلْفِي مَكْرَبُهِ مَتَعَمَّدُنْنَ هُ الْمُعَلَّنَا عَلَيْهِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْرَبِينَ هُ جَعَلَنَا عَلَيْهِ الْمَعْمُلِينِ هُو الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمَعْمَلِينَ الْمَعْمُلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمِلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمِلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمِلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينِ الْمُعْمِلِينِ الْمُعْمِلِينِ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمِلِينِ الْمُعْمِلِي الْمُعْمِلِينِ الْمُعْمِلِينِ الْمُعْمِلِي الْمُعْلِي الْمُعْمِي الْمُع

99 Keep on thou
to serve thy Lord
until there comes to thee
that which is certain.

SURA: NAHL

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 293

(O MUHAMMAD!)

ometh nigh
Allah's decree!
Be (thou) not impatient.
Glory be to Him
He is far above
what they associate
with Him.

- 2 Angels descend
 with revelations
 at His instance
 on whom He wills
 of His servants
 so that He may remind:
 "There is, indeed,
 no deity but I.
 Therefore, worship (only) Me."
- 3 Created He the heavens and the earth with purpose He is far above what they associate with Him!
- 4 Evolved He man from sperm and lo! man dares to openly oppose!
- 5 Cattle He made for you a source of warmth and of many things beside, and (some) of them ye (also) eat.
- 6 What beauty they provide you when driven home at eventide or when they are led out to graze at dawn!
- 7 They carry burdens for you to lands ye could not reach without distress unto yourselves.

Your Lord, indeed, is most considerate, most Merciful.

- 8 Horses, mules and donkeys to ride on and take pride in many other things He has provided you of which you are not e'en aware!
- 9 It is for Allah
 to show
 the direction (of the goal)
 but (in that direction)
 are (devious) paths;
 had He willed
 He could have guided you
 in detail.

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- 10 He it is Who sends for you rain from clouds, from it ye drink and from it grows the pasture on which you graze (your herds).
- 11 Through it He raiseth for you grain, olives and dates and grapes and other kinds of fruits.

In all of this indeed, are blessings for people who reflect!

12 Harnessed He for you the night, the day, the sun, the moon, the stars all ply according to His law.

> In all of this, indeed, are blessings for people who do think!



13 What all has He produced for you of varying hues!

In all of this indeed are blessings for people who consider!

- 14 He it is who has
 enlivened the seas
 that you may get therefrom
 fresh and tender food
 and fish out ornaments
 for your adornment.
 You see your boats
 plying on its surface
 so that you may
 with His bounty
 prosper and be grateful.
- 15 And on the earth He has raised hills to give you sustenance and streams and roads to guide you.
- 16 (By) landmarks and by stars they guide themselves.
- 17 Is then He
 who hath created all,
 like unto him
 who createth nothing?
 Why then do ye not think?
- 18 If you would count the bounties of Allah you'd never compute them. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving Merciful.
- 19 And Allah knoweth what ye hide, what ye profess.
- 20 Those whom they call upon, apart from Allah, they nought create they are (themselves) fashioned (by man).

الغيل والاعتاب وف خوا الغريط الغراط المناطقة والتعالم والفي المناطقة والقفات والفي الغرط والفي والفي المناطقة والقفات والفي والفي والانتهاء والفي والفي والمنطقة والقفات والفي والانتهاء والفي والانتهاء والفي والانتهاء والقالمة والقالمة والقالمة والمناطقة والمناطة والمناطقة والمناطقة والمناطقة والمناطقة والمناطقة والمناطقة وا

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الَّهُ اَمُوالِهُ وَالاَسْتَعِفُولُوا الْمُعْدَنَةُ وَيَعْلَمُ الْمُعْدَنَةُ وَيَعْلَمُ الْمُعْدَنَةُ وَيَعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ

21 Corpses without life—
devoid even of the hope
of being resurrected
at some time!

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22 The Deity of all of you is (really) one Deity; so, those who, to the end, will not admit belief it is their hearts that they deny; it is their pride (that holds them back).



- 23 Undoubtedly, Allah is aware of what ye would conceal and what ye would profess Verily He loveth not the proud.
- 24 So when they are asked,
 "What has your Lord revealed?"
 They (pertly) answer:
 "Tales of the ancients!"
- 25 They alone will bear, on the Day appointed, the burden of their (saucy) attitude and the burden also of those whom, unknowingly, they had (thereby) led astray! Alas, how heavy will this (double) burden be!!

- 26 Their predecessors too had set up camps (against Allah); but Allah weakened the bases of their pillars and the roofs fell down upon them from above. Calamity befell them—from whence they did not know.
- 27 Then on the appointed day
 He will humble them.
 He will ask,
 "Where are my partners
 with regard to whom
 ye were wont to quibble?"
 And those to whom
 hath knowledge come,
 will murmur,
 "Today, indeed, the pagans
 are discomfited
 and full of misery."
- 28 Those whom death's angels whisk away, while actually engaged in doing themselves wrong will assume innocence: "We have done no harm!" "Yes, yes, Allah knoweth all that ye have done.

- 29 "So enter ye the gates of hell and long live there! Low indeed is the abode of those presuming to be high!"
- 30 When those who had paid heed to what your Lord had sent are asked, "What has your Lord revealed?" They answer: "Grace!"

For those who would do good, in this life itself awaiteth good and in their future home is added grace.
Gracious indeed is the final resting place of those who evil shun.

- 31 Gardens of delight
 they enter;
 streams flow at their feet,
 for them is all they want:
 that is how Allah
 doth reward
 those who evil shun.
- 32 Those whom death's angel whisk away while actually engaged in righteous work. to them it will be said "Peace be on you enter ye these heaven's gates for what you did."
- 33 What do they await other than the visitation of (death's) angels, or the decree of Allah?

 Exactly thus behaved those preceding them Allah wronged them not; it was they
- 34 They were overwhelmed by the evil of their deeds and there enveloped them that at which they scoffed.

who wronged themselves!



35 Taunt those who blaspheme:
"If Allah had so wished
we would not have served
aught but Him
neither we nor our fathers—
nor would we have hallowed
aught but Him!"

Exactly thus behaved those who preceded them.

But what (O, Muhammad!), is expected from the Messengers except to deliver the message clear?

36 Undoubtedly, We raised amongst every people a Messenger: "Serve ye Allah, eschew idols!"

> Amongst them Allah guided some; and some proved themselves deserving of being led astray.

Travel o'er the land and see what was the end of those who spurned (the truth).

- 37 Yearnest thou, indeed, that they be guided. But verily Allah guideth not those who (want to) go astray. For them there is no help!
- 38 They swear by Allah
 in their strongest oaths:
 "Allah raiseth not him who dies!"
 But, no!
 His promise to them standeth firm:
 only, all men do not realise.
- 39 (He will raise them) to prove (His pledge)

to those who did dispute in the matter—and to let the pagans realise that they were liars,

40 When We decree to name a thing all that We will is: "BE!" And, so, it IS! 6 *** 298 .

- 41 Those who migrate in the cause of Allah often being persecuted We promise them prosperity in the present; greater is their guerdon in the future— if they could only know.
- 42 (Let them) persevere in patience and in their Lord put trust.
- 43 Never did we send
 Messengers before thee
 except men
 whom We inspired; ask ye
 the men with Scriptures
 if ye are not aware.
- 44 (We sent them)
 with plain and prosaic proofs
 and truth enhanced in poetry.
 On thee We have bestowed
 expression clear
 so that thou may'st clarify
 to men what We
 had earlier sent to them,
 and that they may reflect.
- 45 Those who evil plot
 (against thee)
 are they sure the earth
 will not soon swallow them
 or that there might descend
 on them
 calamity
 from whence they know not?
- 46 (Are they sure)
 He will not
 call them to account
 while they move about
 and they be helpless
 in resisting Him?

- 47 Or that He will not call them to account through lingering wastage? But your Lord is the Compassionate, the Merciful.
- 48 Do they not see
 there is not a thing
 in Allah's creation
 whose shadow doth not bow to Allah—
 and lieth prostrate
 on the right or left?
- 49 And all living creatures in heaven and on earth worship Allah; so do angels, none shows arrogance.
- 50 All fear their Lord above them and do as they are bidden.

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- 51 Allah hath said,
 "Accept ye not two deities.
 There is only one Deity
 To Me (alone) give reverence."
- 52 For Him is all that is in the heavens and the earth He is to be reckoned always: why then would ye fear others beside Allah?
- 53 No blessing have ye which is not from Allah; when evil toucheth you, you moan before Him.
- 54 But when He has cleansed you of your suffering some of you associate others with their Lord



- 55 As if denying what We have given them— Enjoy ye for a time soon will ye come to know.
- for what they know not a portion of Our bounty!
 By Allah!
 Ye shall, certainly, be called to answer for these innovations!
- 57 Assign they to Allah daughters and for themselves what they desire:
- 58 When one of them
 is brought the tidings
 of a female child
 his face is shadowed dark
 he has to keep back wrath;
- 59 Sulks he from his people for the evil news he's had. Shall he retain it along with its disgrace? Or thrust it in the earth?! How callously they judge!
- 60 The lowest similes
 apply to these blasphemers—
 the highest
 are befitting to Allah.
 He is the Sovereign
 He the Wise.

61 If Allah had forthwith seized men for their transgressions no creature would go free. But he respiteth them for a certain term and when the term expires not an hour can they delay, not and hour anticipate.—

نَ يِنْهِ الْبِنَاتِ سُخُنَهُ * مُعِلَّكُ بِهِ اللهُ مَا تَرُكَ عَلَمُا مِنْ دَآنِيَةٍ وَالْكِنْ آنً لَهُمُ النَّادَ وَٱنْهُمُ

62 They attribute to Allah what they themselves disdain; their lying tongues claim all that's good for themselves.

No doubt the fire of hell awaits them, therein they will be huddled.



- 63 By Allah! We had sent
 (Apostles) before thee
 to (different) peoples;
 but Shaitan made (their)
 evil deeds seem fair to them;
 to this day he is their friend;
 for them is painful punishment.
- 64 For naught have We sent down to thee the Book but that thou shouldst explain to them their points of difference; and as a guide and mercy to a people who believe.
- 65 And Allah sends down rain from the heavens and enliveneth the earth after it is dead.

 In that, indeed, is miracle for those who can perceive.

- 66 And in the (milking) cattle too there is for you a thing to wonder at:
 From their bellies, interspersed with filth and blood, there comes forth milk pure and delectable to those who drink.
- 67 And from the fruit
 of date and vine you make
 intoxicants and nourishments:
 therein too lie miracles
 for those who understand.
- 68 And thy Lord inspires
 the honey bees
 to make their nests
 on mountain cliffs,
 on (sheltered) branches,
 or, in what they hang on high.
- 69 Then to feed on variegated blossoms

and pursue meekly
the paths shown by its Lord.
From their bodies issues forth
honey having different hues
(and different flavours).
In this again are miracles
for those who think.

70 It is Allah
who creates you
and later doth recall you;
and there are some
among you who
are left behind to senile age
and cease they to remember
what they had once known well.
Verily, Allah is all-Knowing

and all-Powerful.

- 71 Allah enricheth
 some among you
 over others
 with regard to wealth.
 But no rich one
 distributes his wealth
 among those in his care
 to make of them his equals.
 "Must they forego
 the blessings of Allah?"
- 72 Allah it is Who gives to you mates from among yourselves; and from your mates
 He brings forth sons and ready helpers, and ample benedictions.
 Will they still believe in falsehood and, deliberately, ignore Allah's blessings?
- 73 Continue they to serve others beside Allah—
 they who have no power to give a shred of sustenance from heaven or earth, who can no power have.



74 Therefore, strike no likeness for Allah!
Allah, indeed, knoweth, ve know not.

XVI

- 75 Giveth Allah a comparison:
 A slave securely owned
 possessing no self-volition
 And, (on the other hand),
 one whom We enrich;
 he spends therefrom
 secretly and openly:
 are they equals?!
 Praise Allah, (No)!
 And yet among them
 many do not see
 the difference.
- 76 Giveth Allah (yet another)
 constrast: two men—
 one a mute, and with
 no power of volition,
 an utter burden
 on his masters—
 whichever way he turneth him
 he brings no good.
 Can he be taken as an equal
 to one who doth command
 in fairness
 and followeth the correct path?

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- 77 The knowledge of the future in heaven or on earth lies with Allah.

 The matter of the moment lasteth no longer than the twinkling of an eye or less and Allah, over all, holdeth power.
- 78 Allah it is
 who rears you
 in your mothers' wombs,
 ye know not how,
 and gives you hearing
 sight and feeling,
 so that
 ye may be grateful.

وَ يَعْدُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللهِ مَا لا يَمُلِكُ لَهُمُ مِن زُقًا مِنَ السَّمَا فِي تِ ۘۅؘٳڵڗۻۺٛۼٛٵۊٙڮڛۺڟۑٷڹ؈<u>ٙ</u> فَلِا تَصْرِبُواللهِ الْأَمْنَالَ إِنَّ اللهَ يَعْلَمُ وَانْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ وَهِ خَدَرَ كَاللَّهُ مُثَالِّكَ مِنْ الْمُدُوِّعُ لِلَّا الْمُدُوِّعُ لِكُ نَفُورُوعَلِي ثَنِيُ أَوْمَنْ زَنَرَ فَنِهُ مِنَّا وَجَهُ الْهُلْ يُسْتَوْنَ ﴿ أَكْمُدُ اللَّهِ يلُ أَكُثُرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ @ وضرب الله متكر ترجلين أحداقا كالأعلام وللفائنكا يوجفة *ڰ*ٚؽٲؾؠڂؽؙڗ۠ۿٮڶؽٮؙؾۘۏؽۿٷ وَمَنْ تَامُرُ بِالْعَدُلِ وَهُوعَلِي وبله غنث التماؤت والزرجن ومآ أمرالساعة الآكلمه البصراد فو الْ يُنْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيًّا فَكُلُّ مِنْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلُّ شَيًّا فَكُلُّ مُن ر

تَاللهِ لَقَدُ أَرُسَلْنَا إِلَى أُمَرِهِ مِّنْ وكاآن لكاعكنك الكث مِهِ الْأَرْضَ يَغْدَ مَوْتِهَا ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ مِّمَّا فِي بُطُونِهِ مِنْ بَيْنِ فَرُثِ وَدَمِ مَنْ يُرَوْ إِلَّ أَرْدُلِ الْعُمُولِكُ لَا

79 Observe they not the birds that wing their flight in heaven's vaults? None doth sustain them but Allah. In that, indeed, are miracles for those who understand.



- 80 And Allah gives you comfort in your homes and, from the skins of cattle provides you cover when ye travel as also when you rest. And from their wool, their fur, their hair, are goods and profits according to your timely needs.
- 81 In His (barren) plains
 He hath given you (also) shade.
 In the mountains He provideth
 resting places;
 He provideth garments
 to protect you from the heat
 and garments to protect you
 in your wars.
 Thus doth He lavish favours
 on you so that ye may
 acknowledge Him.
- 82 But, if they slide back (in their unbelief thou art not to mind); 'tis thine only to plainly warn!
- 83 They acknowledge Allah's favours then they deny them!

 Most of them are ingrates.

- 84 One day We shall raise from every people a witness and then no excuse will prevail, no favours shown.
- 85 When those who transgressed face the retribution for them no leniency, no respite.
- 86 When they, who called on others beside Allah, see those on whom they called, they will exclaim:
 "There, our Lord!

are those whom we associated with Thee, on whom we called beside Thee!" But they will retort "Ye are, indeed, liars!"

- 87 To Allah shall they turn that day and abjectly submit bereft of their myths.
- 88 Those who blaspheme, and also others lead astray from the path of Allah, for them will be punishment on punishment for that they had been also mischievous.
- 89 We raise for every people
 a witness from among themselves.
 We have called thee
 as a witness against these.
 And We have given thee
 a testament,
 which clarifies all things,
 a guide, a benediction,
 and a harbinger,
 for those who submit!

- 90 Allah, indeed, commandeth justice and kindness and generosity to kin. And He forbids selfishness, ingratitude and greed. He doth expostulate so that ye may heed!
- 91 Fulfil the covenant
 with Allah
 when you have made one;
 let not a promise lapse
 when firmly made;
 ye have, indeed,
 made Allah witness:
 and Allah is aware
 of all ye do.



- 92 Be not like a woman
 who splits the fibres
 after having made strong yarn.
 Weaken not the contracts
 entered into mutually,
 simply to enlarge one group
 beyond another group;
 Allah testeth you in this.
 He will, on the appointed day,
 make clear to you
 the points on which you differ.
- 93 Had Allah wished He could have made you all but one community;

Leadeth He astray whom He wills and guideth He whom He wills.

But ye will certainly be questioned about your actions.

- 94 Let not perfidy
 make loose your compacts
 lest your feet do slip
 after having got
 a foothold;
 and ye taste the evil
 for having swerved
 from the path of Allah;
 and lest ye be deserving
 of dire consequences.
- 95 Nor barter away cheaply your covenant with Allah. For Allah's (compensation for those who keep their faith) is far greater if you only knew.
- 96 What comes to you
 must leave you
 but that which is with Allah
 doth endure.
 And those who persevere
 in patience We reward
 with wages greater
 than what their actions
 call for.

وَ أَوْ قُوْا لِعَنْ مِاللَّهِ إِذَا عَاهَ مُ تُتُمَّ وَلاَ تَنْقَصُوا الْأَنْمَانَ بَعُنَ تَوْكُونُوا وَقُلُحَعُلْتُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ كَفْلُو انَّ اللَّهُ تَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ ٥ وَ لَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّكُونُ لِقَاضَتُ عَنْ لَهَا مِنْ المَعْدِ فَقَ مَا أَنْكَأَثُمَّا التَّخْذُ وْ نَ آئنانكة وخلائنتكة أن تتكون مَا كُنُدُهُ فِنْهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ ۞ وَالْكُرُ، لِمُصَافُّ مَنْ النَّيْظَ وَهُوْ هُوْ كُونُ ئىنَانْ وَلَتَّنَّكُنَّ عَنَالَنَمْ ثَعَلُونَ[©] وَلِا تَشْتُرُوْا بِعَهٰ مِ اللَّهِ ثُمَّنَّا قَلْمُلَّا اتْمَاعِنْدَاللهِ هُوَخَيْرٌ لَّكُوْران كُنْتُمْ تَعَكَّمُونَ @ عُندَكُهُ مَنْفَدُ وَمَاعِنْدَ اللهِ بَاتِيْ وَلَغِوْزِينَ الَّذِينَ صَيْرُوْآ أَجْرَهُمُ

وَاللَّهُ حَعَلَ لِكُوْ مِنْ يُكُوْتِكُمُ سَكِّنًا فَأَنْ تُوكُوا فَانْكَاعَلِتُكَ الْمُلْعُ الْمُنْكُ هُ ٱكْنُونُهُ مُوالْكُونُونَ فَ وَ لَا مَ نَسْعَتُ مِنْ كُلِّ أَمَّةِ شَهِيلًا لُمَّ لِالْفِحْدَنُ لِكُنائِينَ كُفُرُاوًا يَلِاهُمُ وَإِذَا إِلَّا إِلَّا إِنَّ فَكُمُوا الْعَدَابَ فَلا المَعْدُونَ عَنْدُولُا وَمُنْ لِنظُورُ وَنَ ١٩ وادارا الكون أشركوا شركاء هم عَالُوا رَبِينَا هَوُ لِآءِ شُرَكًا وُنَا الَّذِينَ كُنَّا نَدُ عُوْامِنُ دُونِكَ فَأَلْقُوْا إِلَيْهُمُ الْقُوْلِ إِنْكُوْلِكُنْ أَنَّ فَيْ وَٱلْقُوْا إِلَى اللهِ يَوْمَهِ فِي السَّكُمُ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوا يَفْتُرُونَ @ ٱلْأَنْيُنَ كُفُرُوْا دَصَلُّوْا عَنْ سَبِيل اللهِ زِدْنَهُ مُوعَدَانًا قَوْقَ الْعَدَابِ بِمَا كَانُوا يُفْسِدُونَ ۞ تۇقۇنىغىڭ فى كان أخمة ئىسى ئى اغلىد مِّنْ أَنْفُهُمْ وَجِنْنَا لِكَ شَهِيْدًا عَلَى هَوْ أَرِوْ وَمَنَّوْ لَمَا عَلَيْكَ الْكِتْ يَنِيانًا كُلِّ شَكُمُ وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً وَكُثِيرِي لْمُسْلِيدُنَ أَنَّ

97 He who acteth rightly
—be it man or woman—
and faith possesses
on him We bestow
new and fresh existence.
And We reward them
with greater wages
than what
their actions call for.



- 98 Whenever thou reciteth
 the Qur'an
 entrust thyself to Allah
 against the promptings of Shaitan.
- 99 He hath, indeed, no power o'er those who possess faith, and in their Lord put trust.
- 100 He exerciseth his domain only on those who take him as their patron and who (through his worship) commit blasphemy.

101 And when We substitute
one revelation
for another revelation—
and Allah knoweth best
What He revealeth—
they say:
"O now! thou dost improvise!"
Most men know so little!

102 Say thou:

"Holy revelation doth descend from thy Lord, in truth so that those of faith may be strengthened and it may serve as guidance and as grace to those who have submitted."

- 103 We are, indeed, aware
 that they do often say:
 "There is a man who teaches him!"
 (But) the speech of him
 whom they suspect
 is foreign while this is
 plain and simple Arabic.
- 104 They are the ones
 who put no faith
 in Allah's miracles;
 Allah (therefore)
 does not guide them
 and they suffer grossly.

105 'Tis only those
who have no faith
in Allah's miracles
that make false claims.
'Tis they who lie.

106 He who denieth Allah
after having aquired
faith in Him—
excepting him whose heart
is firm in faith
and he is forced—
he whose very heart
inclines to unbelief;
on such descendeth wrath of Allah,
for such is severe chastisement.

- 107 That is because
 they love the present
 rather than the future.
 (They are time-servers)
 And Allah guideth not
 —a band of cynics.
- 108 'Tis they whose hearts, whose hearing and whose sight are sealed by Allah and they are unaware!
- 109 Without a doubt they will be losers in the end.
- 110 Then, verily, thy Lord to those who did migrate on being persecuted, and who continued even then to strive and persevere—verily, thy Lord considering all, will show compassion, mercy.

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111 On the day when every soul will strive for its own self and all will compensated be for what they did none shall be overlooked.



- 112 Allah presenteth a parallel:
 a town secure and safe
 its sustenance pours in
 from all sides
 and yet it is oblivious
 of Allah's bounty!
 Allah therefore envelopes
 it with indigence and fear
 for the myths that they invent.
- 113 There came to them an Envoy from 'mong themselves; but they repudiated him!

 Lo, calamity seized them while they were still iniquitous.
- 114 Partake ye then
 of what Allah
 hath provided you
 of all that is permitted,
 all that is clean and pure
 and be ye grateful
 for the bounties of Allah
 if 'tis He
 whom ye would serve.
- only carrion, blood
 and flesh of swine
 and that which has been
 consecrated
 to others than Allah.
 But if one is compelled
 (to eat of even these)
 and does, without keenness
 or deliberate intent,
 Allah is Forgiving, Compassionate.
- 116 Say not, as your tongues are wont to wag:

 "This is allowed and this prohibited," thereby making charges false on Allah. Those who lay false charges upon Allah do not prosper.
- 117 Their gain is small their loss is large.

وْهُ فَأَخَذُهُمُ الْعَذَاتُ وَهُمُ

مْعَضَكُ مِّنَ اللهُ وَلَهُمُ ذلك بأنقه ماستحثوا الحبوة الأنيا عَلَىٰ الْأَخِرَةُ ۚ وَأَنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُصْدِي كَالْكَذِيْنَ طَيْعَ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوْءِهُ

118 And to the Yahud

('the Guided,' too)

We prohibited (only)

what We have mentioned

to you, 'Tis not We

who have encumbered them;

'Tis they who have inured

themselves!



119 To those who err through ignorance and subsequently mend their ways—thy Lord, considering all, is Forgiving, Merciful.

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- 120 Ibrahim, indeed,
 was of the group
 that is devoted to Allah—
 the upright one.
 He was not one
 among the deifiers.
- 121 Grateful for the favours bestowed; chosen and led along the sure path.
- 122 Bestowed We favours on him in the life immediate; and forever, he is among the righteous.
- 123 Likewise We inspire thee.

 Follow thou the creed of *Ibrahim* the *Hanif*He was not among the deifiers.
- 124 The Sabbath was ordained for those who squabbled over it. Thy Lord will judge between them on the judgment day about the things they dispute on.
- 125 Invite thou
 to the pathway of thy Lord
 with wisdom
 and with courteous precepts;
 persuade them thou
 with better arguments
 than theirs;

thy Lord alone doth know who strays away from His path; and He alone doth know who are rightly guided.

- 126 If you would importune them importune only so as you would have them importune you.

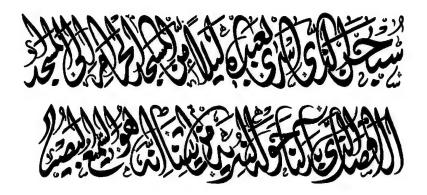
 But if you would (prefer to) be patient, the best results await the patient.
- 127 Be thou patient:
 for thy patience is
 with none but Allah.
 Grieve not thou
 o'er them
 nor be perplexed
 at what they plot.
- 128 Allah is with those who beware (of doing wrong) and those who strive to do the right.





SURA: BANI ISRĀ'ĪL

لسهالله الوحمر الوحلم



In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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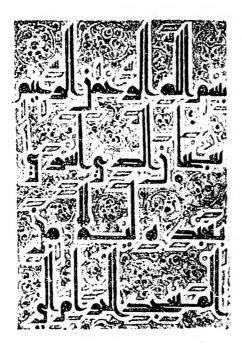
Glory be to Him
who carried over night
His servant
from the sacred place of worship
to the distant place of worship—
whose precincts We have blessed
so that We may show him
of Our miracles—

Verily He is the one who Hears the one who Sees.

別別問

سُبِحُنَ النَّانِي آمَانُوى بِعَبْوِهُ لِيَالُا مِنَ النَّيْعِدِ الْحَرَامِ إِلَى السَّرِجِدِ الْاقْصَا الذَّذِي بُرَكْنَا تَحْوُلُ لُؤِرِيةً مِنْ الْيَدِنَا الذَّهُ هَوَ السَّحَافُةُ الْمَعْرُمِيَّةً





2 Unto Musa

We gave the Law and made it the Guide for the Bani Isra'il "Take ye none other than Me as your Patron."

- 3 You are descendents of those whom We retrieved along with Nuh— He was, indeed, a grateful devotee.
- 4 In the Book We solemnly declared to the *Bani Isra'il*: "Repeatedly will ye commit evil in the land and display extreme arrogance."

- 5 So when the first occasion came to pass
 We made to rise against you an army sent by Us.
 which carried havoc to the very recesses of your land and thus fulfilled the warning.
- 6 Then We gave back to you dominion over them and multiplied your wealth and progeny and made of you again a people numerous.
- 7 Whatever good ye do you do that good unto yourselves; the same applies to evil.

So when the second promise came to pass (another people) blackened you with shame; desecrated they your Temple even as their predecessors had done before, and destroyed all that they could possibly destroy.

- 8 Possibly, your Lord will (once again) show mercy to you. (But), if ye revert, so will We. Hell We have made like a prison for (habitual) offenders.
- 9 This Qur'an certainly guides those who would rise. and herald to the men of faith: for the righteousness that they would do is great reward.

- 10 And to those who would put no faith in the future (it announces that) We have provided dire punishment.
- 11 And yet man desires evil as intensely as he desires good: hasty indeed is man.

- 12 The night, the day (they both) display Our miracles.

 The miracle of night has hardly faded when the miracle of day has dawned, and ye can seek the bounties of your Lord, and learn to calculate the annual cycle.

 All things have We laid here before you plainly.
- 13 Every person's deserts

 We have tied around his neck;
 on the day of judgment
 it will emerge like a book
 which he will see open before him:
- 14 "Read thy record!

 Sufficeth for thyself this day
 what thou thyself hast recorded."
- 15 He who would be guided would be guided to his own advantage; and he who'd rather stray would stray to his own cost.

No burdened one shall bear the burden of another. Nor do We ever punish a people

Nor do We ever punish a people until We have sent to them a Messenger to warn.

16 When We decree
destruction for a people
We warn its well-to-do;
and when in evil they persist,
and prove themselves deserving
of what befalls them,
there comes annihilation
annihilating them entirely.

وَيَدُهُ الْإِنْ الْأَنْ وَكُولُونَ وَعَاءَهُ وَيَكُولُونَ الْإِنْ الْمُلْكُولُونَ وَعَاءَهُ وَجَعَلْنَا الْيَكُولُونَ الْهَالُولُ النَّهَا وَايَتَهُونَ وَجَعَلْنَا الْيَكُولُونَ وَجَعَلْنَا الْيَكُولُونَ وَمَحَمَلُنَا الْيَكُولُونَ وَمَحْمُونَا الْيَكُولُونَ وَمَعَلَنَا الْيَكُولُونَ وَمَعَلَنَا الْيَكُولُونَ وَمَعْمُولُونَ وَمَعْلَنَا الْيَكُولُونَ وَمَعْلَنَا الْيَكُولُونَ وَمَعْلَنَا اللَّهِ وَمَعْلَمُ وَلَيْعَلَمُونُونَ وَمَعْلَمُ وَكُولُونَ وَمُنْ وَمَلُكُ وَمَعْلَمُ وَكُولُونَ وَمُنْ وَمَلُونَ وَمَعْلَمُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَمُنْ وَمُلُكُنا وَمِنْ الْمُؤْلُونُ وَمَا لَكُنَا وَمَنْ الْمُؤْلُونُ وَمَا حَتَالَى الْمُؤْلُونُ وَمَالَعُلَيْكُمُ وَلَا اللَّهُ مَعْلَمُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَمُولُونَ وَمَا حَتَالَى الْمُؤْلُونُ وَمَا حَتَالَ وَمَنْ الْمُؤْلُونُ وَمَالَعُلُكُا وَمَا حَتَالَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ وَلَوْنَ وَمَا حَتَالَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ وَلَوْنُ وَمِنْ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَمِنْ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَمِنْ وَلَائِقُونُ وَمِنْ وَلَائِقُونُ وَمِنْ وَلَائِقُونُ وَمِنْ وَمَنْ وَلَائِقُونُ وَمِنْ وَلَوْنُ وَمِنْ وَلَوْنُ وَمِنْ وَلَائِقُونُ وَمِنْ وَمُونِ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُونِ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمُ

وَاتَيْنَامُوْمَ الْكِنْبَ وَجَعَلْمُهُمُّ مُنَى الْعَنْبَ وَجَعَلْمُهُمُّ مُنَى الْمَنْبَ وَجَعَلْمُهُمُّ مُن الْمِنْفِ وَوَفَرْوَ وَلَا مِن وَوَقَعْ الْمَائِمِيُّ وَفَيْ وَلَا مِن كَانَاعَمُ وَفَيْ وَلَا عَنْ حَمْلَنَامَعُ وَفَيْ وَلَا عَنْ عَنْمَ النَّكُولُ الْمَنْفَقِيدُ وَالْمَيْفِ وَوَقَعْ الْمَنْفَى الْمُنْفِقِ وَقَعْ مَنْ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهِ الْمُنْفِقِ وَقَعْ الْمُنْفِقِ وَقَعْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْفِقِ وَقَعْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِ اللْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِ اللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ ا

- How many people after Nuh
 We thus destroyed.
 Sufficiently informed is thy Lord
 about His servants' sins.
 He knows, He sees.
- 18 He who prefers the quick returns
 We quickly bestow on him
 what he wants—
 then We consign him
 to the (consequent) suffering,
 disillusioned and despised.

- 19 They who aim at the future and strive with all their strength, and also faith possess, they are the ones whose labour shall be prized.
- 20 To all—to these and also those—
 the bounties of thy Lord
 are there to seek; to none
 are bounties of thy Lord denied!
- 21 See thou for thyself:

 We have favoured some
 more than others. The future holdeth
 greater grandeurs and greater title.
- 22 O, take no other than Allah as patron lest, in the future, you face disgrace, and ignominy.

- 23 The Lord enjoineth that ye serve none but Him. Be ye kind to parents: if one or both of them attain old age with thee. Say no harsh word to them, nor rebuke them: address them (always) with a kindly speech.
- 24 Extend to them all humble courtesy and tenderness, and pray: "O Thou Nourisher! Cherish these even as they nourished me in my infancy!"
- 25 Your Lord is all-aware of what is in your hearts, if you would only be desirous of being righteous. To those who would repent He is Forgiving.
- 26 Render to your kinsmen their deserts; (assist) the helpless and the homeless. But spend not like a spendthrift;

- 27 The spendthrifts are the kin of Shaitan and, like Shaitan, ungrateful to their Lord.
- 28 And even if thou must turn away from them in the pursuit of the blessings of thy Lord, even then address them kindly.
- 29 Keep not thy hand slinged to your neck, nor open it entirely; lest you be looked upon as miserly or become destitute.
- 30 It is for thy Lord to expand riches or to curtail them for whom He wills. His servants' needs He knows, He sees.

- 31 Kill not your children for fear of want: It is We who provide sustenance for them as for you: killing them is, verily, a serious crime.
- 32 Nor come nigh to adultery—
 it is an obscenity and a perversion.
- 33 Take no life
 that Allah has made inviolate,
 except in just cause;
 if one is killed unjustly,
 We have given his heirs
 the right (to penalty)
 but (even so) be not prone to kill
 (merely) because (you are) permitted.
- 34 Come not nigh
 to orphans' property—
 unless it be to make it better—
 until he comes of age
 and ye fulfil your undertaking;
 for, verily, all undertakings
 are accountable.



- 35 Give full measure when you measure and weigh ye with an even balance. That is only fair and leads to understanding.
- 36 Follow no path of which thou hast no knowledge: for hearing, seeing, feeling all are held accountable.
- 37 Strut not vainly in the land; thy weight will not cleave the earth, not wilt thou reach the hills in height.
- 38 All these things are odious to thy Lord, and things to be avoided.
- 39 These are among the words of wisdom revealed to thee by thy Lord.

Raise not even near to Allah a deity of any sort whatever lest ye be of the damned, dejected and demented.

40 Has your Lord
preferred to give you sons
and chosen for Himself
daughters from 'mong angels?
O, what monstrosities ye utter!

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- 41 Alas! We have in this Qur'an.
 repeated oft
 so that they may grasp well,
 but it only enhances their defiance
- 42 Ask thou:

 "If there had been, as you claim, other deities besides Him would each not seek supremacy?"
- 43 Glory be to Him and His supremacy! Far, far above is He from their conjectures!
- 44 The seven firmaments, the earth and all that is between, are engaged in His service.

أَوْقُوا الْعَدُدُ إِنَّ الْعَهُدَكَ كَأَنَّ وأذفوا الككاراذا كلثه ويرثن أة يطاس المستقيم ولالك خير وَلِا تَقْفُمُ الْكُيْلِ الْقَيْمِ عِلْمُ وَإِنَّ السمع والبصر والفؤاد كال أوللك وَلاَ تَمُشِ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَرَحًا "إِنَّكَ فخرق الزرض وكن تبلغ الحال ولا ومثا أوتى النك رثك مِنَ الْمُلِّكُةِ إِنَاثًا ۚ إِنَّكُمُ لِيَّقُوْلُونَ وَلَقَدُهُمَّ فَعَالِقُ هِلْ ذَا الْقُرْانِ وْأَوْمَا يَوْدُنُ هُمْ إِلَّا نُفُورًا @

وَقَضَى رَبُّكَ إِلَّا لَعَنَّا وَالدِّلَا إِنَّا لَا لَكُوالِكُوا الدِّلا الدَّالِكُ النَّالَةُ وَمِالْوَالِدَيْنِ احْسَانًا ۚ إِمَّا مِنْكُخُرَّ، عِنْدَ لِوَالْكِبُرَ أَحَدُ هُمَّا أَوْ كِالْهُمَا فَا الْقُدُّالِ الْفُدِّا الْفَ وَلاَتَنْهُ وَهُمَا وَ فالكناك أف أكلنا وَاخْفِظْ ، لَقُمْ اَجِنَا حِالَةً لَ مِنَ الرّخمة وقل رّب ارْحَمْهُما كَمُا وَ تُكُمُ أَعُلَمُ بِمَا فِي نَفُوسِكُمُ اللهِ فِينَ زَيْكَ تَرْجُوهَا فَقُلُ لَهُمُ مُ قَلُى لَا وَلِآخِعَلَىٰ كَالِهُ مَغَنُولَةً إِلَىٰ عُنْقِكَ

There is not an atom
which does not strive
at His command. It is you
that do not understand their striving.
He is, indeed, Forbearing and Forgiving.

- 45 When thou recitest the Qur'an
 We put between thyself
 and those who will not see
 what lies ahead, a hidden barrier;
- 46 We cast a veil upon their hearts and make them hard of hearing. lest they understand it. That is why on hearing thee read in the Qur'an about thy One and Only Lord. they turn their backs in flight.
- 47 We are quite aware
 of why they listen to thee
 when they do.
 When they are 'mong themselves
 these aggressors say,
 "Ye follow none but a madcap!"
- 48 See what epithets they use for thee!

 But they are merely confused
 and cannot find their bearings.
- 49 They observe.
 "When we are (dry and dispersed as) bones and dust.
 can we rejuvenate anew?"
- 50 Retort thou "(Aye!) Be ye (dead and hard as) stone or steel.
- 51 "(As lost as) anything ye can imagine in all creation!"

Then they will ask. "Who will rejuvenate us?"

Say thou.
"He who gave you life the first time!"

Then they will wag their heads at you and say.

"When will this be?"

Answer thou: "Possibly, anon!

52 "The moment He calls you.
ye will respond to his command
and ye will feel
that ye had waited but a while."

- 53 Say thou to My servants,
 "Speak ye always kindly.
 It is Shaitan
 that arouses strife among you and Shaitan is, indeed.
 man's well-known enemy.
- 54 Your Lord doth know you best.

 If He wills, He will prosper you
 and, if He wills, He will burden you.
 We have not sent thee
 to be their advocate.
- 55 And thy Lord knoweth best of all that is in heaven and on earth. He has, indeed, exalted some Prophets over others On Dawud (for example), We bestowed the Zabur.
- 56 Say thou.

 "Call ye on whom ye trust apart from Him but they have not the power to rid you of your suffering or change your circumstance."
- 57 Those whom they call upon.
 themselves seek access to their Lord
 vying with each other to be near Him.
 They crave His mercy.
 fear His punishment.
 For. indeed thy Lord's ire
 is something to be feared.
- 58 There is no town
 which We shall not destroy
 before the final Day.
 or not punish with dire punishment—
 that is decreed in the eternal Law.



- 59 Naught doth hinder Us
 from sending signs
 except that those of yore
 ignored them.
 Before the very eyes of the Thamud
 We brought the she-camel
 and yet they tortured her!
 Besides. We send no signs
 except to instil fear.
- 60 Then We made it clear to thee how thy Lord encompasseth mankind. We brought no vision unto thee except to preach and warn mankind—(vision such as hell) in the Qur'an with its accursed tree.

But all Our warnings only make them still more obdurate.

7 *** 315

- 61 And when We asked the angels.
 to be subservient to Man.
 they all obeyed, except *Iblis*.
 He asked,
 "Shall I subserve a creature
 that Thou hast made of clay?"
- 62 He continued.

 "Art Thou sure that this is he whom Thou wilt bless above me? Then leave him to me till his final Day, and his progeny
 I shall humble and disgrace—except perhaps a few."
- 63 He said, "Go thy way! But whosoever among them follows thee will go to hell with thee—
 a variegated recompence.
- 64 "Enchant thou whom thou canst among them with thy whisperings.

 Exhort them with thy cohorts and thy legions.

 Ingratiate thyself (with them) through (their love of) wealth and children.

 Make them promises—
 the devil's promises are naught but vanity.

وَ إِذُ قُلْنَا لَكَ انَّ رَبُّكَ آخَاطُ النَّاسِ وَمَا حَكُلُنَا الرُّونَ الكُّونَ آرَيْنَكَ إِلَّا فتنكةً لِلتَّاسِ وَالنَّحَى لَا الْمُعُونَكَةُ تُكُوُ الْذَيْ يُرْزِيُ لَكُوهُ الْفُلُكَ فِي الْخُ أامن فَضُلة إنَّهُ كَانَ بِكُمُّ

هُ وَ فِي أَذَا نِهِ مِودَةُرًا * وَإِذَا وَلَوْاعَلَ أَدْمَارِهِ مُؤْتُونُونَ عُوْنَ الْنَكَ وَإِذْ هُمُ مُجُوِّي وْلُ الطَّالُمُونَ إِنْ تَشْبِعُونَ أنظ كنف فه بُوالِكَ الْحَيْثَا الْفَالْحَيْثَا الْفَكُوا فَلاَيَسْتَطِيْعُونَ سَيِنُلا ٢ وَقَالُوْا ءَ إِذَا كُنَّا عِظَامًا وَرُفَا تُاءَ إِنَّا وُثُونَ خَلْقًا جَدِيْلًا ﴿ كُا كُنْكُ إِنْ كِارَةً أَوْجَدِينَكَ اللَّهِ فَلَا يَمُلِكُونَ كَشَفَ الضَّرْعَ نُكُمُ

- 65 "My devotees thou shalt not succeed with them. Thy Lord is (unto them) sufficient Trustee..."
- 66 Your Lord is He who makes the ships to glide upon the waters so that ye may seek bounty; He is, indeed, to you, benevolent.



- 67 When you meet storms upon the seas you are left astray by those you call upon, apart from Him.

 And then when He has brought you safe to land, you prevaricate!

 Man is, indeed, an ingrate!
- 68 Are you sure the shore (you reach) will not cave in with you?

 Or that He will not send a sand-storm against which there will be none to fend for you?
- 69 Or, are you sure He will
 not send you back another time
 and raise against you
 a hurricane and drown you
 because of your ingratitude?
 Then will ye find none to help you!
- 70 We have indeed been gracious to Adam's progeny—borne them on land and sea. We have nourished them with fresh and wholesome food and raised them high above the rest of what We have created.

- 71 One day We shall call all men as well as those that led them. And each will find his record right not a hair-breadth of excess will he encounter.
- 72 He who is blind here will continue to be blind, and groping for the path until the end.
- 73 They would indeed divert thee from that which We reveal to thee so that thou mayest attribute something false to Us.

 Then, undoubtedly, they would be friends.
- 74 Had We not made thee firm thou might have been inclined to lean a little towards them.

75 In that case

We would have made thee taste twice the pains of life and twice the pains of death!

No helper wouldst thou find against Us.

- 76 They tried, indeed, to have thee flee the land in order to be rid of thee. But they themselves would then have tarried little behind thee.
- 77 (This is) the usual way with all Apostles whom We accredited before thee.

 Thou wilt find no change in Our ways.

- 78 Arise to prayer at sunset.

 Pray till the night
 has been established.
 Recite the Qur'an at dawn.
 Indeed, reciting the Qur'an at dawn
 is worth witnessing.
- 79 A part of night too expend thou thus for thy personal good. Mayhap thy Lord will raise thee to exalted height.
- 80 And pray thou
 "O my Lord!
 Permit me entrance
 through the gate of Truth.
 Allow me to emerge
 through the gate to Truth.
 And grant me
 from Thyself
 authority
 to succour me!"
- 81 Say thou, "Truth has come, falsehood vanished: falsehood is bound to vanish."



- 82 We reveal in the Qur'an that which heals and blesses those of faith. For those who transgress it enhanceth naught but their loss.
- 83 When We enrich Man he turns about or moves away; but when adversity doth (even) touch him he (soon) despairs.
- 84 Say thou,
 "Every striver strives
 according to his light;
 and only Allah knows
 who is, how far, right."

- 85 They question thee about the (nature of) Revelation. Say thou, "Revelation is an imperative from my Lord—ye cannot comprehend it, except vaguely."
- 86 If We had wished (even now)
 to withhold from thee
 that which We reveal to thee
 then, wouldst thou have no one
 to plead thy cause with Us—
- 87 Except the mercy of thy Lord Himself— of His Grace He has, indeed, given thee much.
- 88 Say thou,
 "If all citizens and denizens
 were to join their efforts
 to compose (a recital)
 like unto this Qur'an
 they could not bring one like it
 even if they backed each other."

مُمَاتُّ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۚ وَكَا يَزِيْدُ نَّ مَثَالُ فَأَلِيَ آكُتُرُ النَّاسِ

خُرِي فَكُرُسِلَ عَلَيْكُمُ قَاصِفًا مِن الْإِخِرَةِ أَغْمَى وَاضَانُ سَيْلًا ۞ وَ إِنْ كَادُوالْكُفْتُنُونِكُ عَنِ الْكُنِيِّ الألا أن تكفيك لقدر كم الما تركن إذًا لِآذَ قُنْكَ ضَعْفَ الْحَاوِةِ وَضِعْفَ المتات ثُمِّ لا تَجِدُ لَكَ عَلَمْنَا وَإِنْ كَأَدُوْالْكَسْتَفِيُّ وْنَكَ مِ الأرُض لِيُغْرِجُولَا مِنْهَا وَإِذَّا لَاَّ ىَلْنَتُوْنَ خِلْفَكِ إِلاَّ قَلْبُلاً ۞

سنتة من قذا ذسلنا فسنكك مِن

89 We have, indeed, set forth for men all kinds of similes in the Qur'an but most men try only to evade.



- 90 (Speciously) they say,
 "We shall not
 put our faith in thee
 until thou make for us
 a fountain to gush forth
 from the earth...
- 91 "Or thou possesseth a veritable heaven of vine and dates and water—channels interlaced:
- 92 "Or cleavest thou the heavens into pieces showering on us; or bringest thou Allah and the angels before our eyes.
- 93 "Or thou possessest
 a dwelling made of gold;
 or thou ascendest a ladder
 to the firmament:
 we shall not even then
 believe in thee
 unless thou throwest
 down on us
 a book which we can read."

Say thou "Good Lord! Am I any more than an inspired human?!"

11 *** 319

- 94 Nothing doth prevent the people from believing when guidance is at hand except their musing, "Has Allah sent a man as His emissary?"
- 95 Say thou, "If angels there had dwelt on earth in peace and harmony He would have sent an angel from above as His emissary.

- 96 Say thou,
 "Sufficient is Allah as Witness between me and you;
 He is, in truth, Aware.
 Observant of His servants.
- 97 (Only) he whom Allah guides is guided right; for he, whom He doth leave astray, finds no friend apart from Him. And We shall, at the moment inexorable, raise them, appearing as if blind and dumb and deaf, their destination hell; everytime it doth abate We add to it a blaze.
- 98 That is their reward
 because they did evade Our signs
 and (mockingly) they asked,
 "When we are bones and dust,
 shall we be raised again
 into a new creation?"
- 99 Do they not see that Allah,
 who made the heavens and the earth,
 doth have the power
 to make the like of them?
 He has only set for them a term,
 of that there is no doubt.
 But the transgressors
 still do nothing but evade.
- 100 Say thou, "If ye possessed (even) the (unbounded) treasure of my Lord's bounty, ye would have held it back fearing to exhaust it: man is, in truth, petty and ungenerous.

12 *** 320

101 Upon Musa We bestowed nine clear signs—
ask the Bani Isra'il.
When he came to them
Fir'aun said to him, "O, Musa!
I think thou art obsessed!"



102 He said "(No!)

Thou Knowest well
that none has sent these signs
except the Lord of heaven and earth
as clear proofs!
It is thou, O Fir'aun,
who, I think, art doomed."

103 He tried his best to banish them from the land; but We, (instead), drowned him, along with all his hordes.

104 Thereafter We advised the Bani Isra'il,
"Dwell ye in this land.

And when the final promise
comes to be fulfilled
We shall gather you
into a compact group."

105 Justly had We sent it (then) and justly doth it (ever) come. We have not sent thee except to warn and to felicitate.

106 The Qur'an—We have apportioned it so that thou mayest read it out to men from time to time. And We reveal it when it doth need to be revealed.

107 Say thou,
"Believe it or believe it not:
those who have been vouchsafed
revelation before this,
when this is read out to them,
prostrate themselves in rapture.

109 In tears (of joy) they bow and bend in humbleness and gratitude.

110 Say thou: "Call ye on Allah or call ye on *Rahman*, no matter what you call Him, All goodly names are meant for Him."

Exhibit not thy worship nor be thou bent on hiding it: follow thou a middle path.

فَأَرُادُ أَن تَسْتَفرَّهُمْ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ فَأَغْرَ قِنْهُ وَمَنْ مَّعَدْ بَمِيعًا ﴿ وَّ قُلْنَامِنَ بَعْدِهِ لِبَنِي إِنْمَآءِ لَلَائِنُوا الأنرض فاذاحآة وغر الاجرة حكنا رُسَلُنْكَ إِلَّا مُنَيِّمًا وَنَدْيُرًا فِي وَقُوْانًا فَرَقْنُهُ لِتَقْرَ أَلَا عَلَى النَّاسِ يَغِرُّوْنَ لِلْأَذْ قَالِ سُجِّدًا أَنَّ لْوْنَ سُغِفِي رَتَّنَّا إِنْ كَانَ وَعُدُ قُلِ ادْعُوا اللهَ أوادْعُوا الرَّحْمُنَ ﴿ مَكُنْ لَهُ وَلِمَا مِنَ الذَّلَّ وَكُيْرُهُ

وَ وَاكْوَا مَا إِذَا كُنَّا عِظْمًا قَارُ فَا ثَاءَ إِنَّا وَالْاَرْضَ فَأَدِرْعَنَّى أَنْ تَخْلُقَ مِثْلُقُهُ

111 Say thou, "Befitting is command to Allah who hath taken for Himself no son; no partner can there be in His domain; nor needeth He a friend to save Him from ignominy—nor to exalt Him in His Supreme Majesty!"





SURA: KAHF

mihename of Allahihe Rahinanihe Rahim

1 *** 321

Glory be to Allah
who sendeth to His servant
a revelation in which
there are no ambiguities.

- 2 Firmly it stands—
 warning of a punishment from Him;
 conveying to the men of faith,
 who do good work,
 the promise of magnanimous reward
- 3 Which will be theirs for certainty.
- 4 (Sternly) it reprimands those who say, "Allah hath begot a child!"
- 5 They have no knowledge concerning this; nor their fathers had.

 Of grave import is what their (glib) tongues utter; what they say is naught but calumny.
- 6 And yet thou wouldst kill thyself grieving at the prospects which await them, if they believe not in this Message!
- 7 We have, indeed, made all that is on earth fair-seeming make-up so that We may test those who would be good.
- 8 But We shall make all this (make-up) that We have given her disperse like barren sand-dunes.

- 9 Dost thou think that the story of the People of the Cave, as chronicled, doth represent an unusual miracle of Ours?
- 10 "Some acolytes (it says) entered they a cave and prayed. 'Our Lord! bestow on us mercy from Thyself and, for our tasks prepare us well.'
- 11 "So We made them lose their consciousness remained they in the cave for several years—
- 12 "And then We woke them so that We may test which of them could calculate correctly the duration of the time that had elapsed!"

2 *** 322

13 (But) We shall (now) relate to thee the facts concerning them:

They were youths who, in their Lord, believed and We had favoured them with guidance.

- 14 We braced their hearts they rose and they resolved: "Our Lord is, verily, the Lord of heaven and earth. If we had called on anyone but Him we should, of blasphemy, be guilty.
- 15 "Alas! our people have taken unto other deities beside Him. Why then do they not bring any clear proofs?



Who can transgress more than those who, against Allah, indulge in falsehood?

- 16 "Away with them and what they worship beside Allah! Let us take ourselves to a cavernous retreat.

 Your Lord will raise you through His mercy and guide you in your tasks with ease."
- 17 Thou couldst have seen
 the sun when it arose
 pass by on the right
 and when it set
 it left them on the left
 while they remained
 within the space between.

Such are Allah's signs: he whom He guides is guided right, but whosoever goes astray he finds no friend or guide—

18 Thou wouldst have thought them living but they were dead; We faced them some to left. and some to right. And their dog lay stretched on its paws at the entrance! If thou hadst peeped at them thou wouldst have been inclined to turn and flee overcome with awe!

3 *** 323

19 In such manner did We bring them back to life that they began to question each the other.

Of them one speaker spoke:
"How long have you been resting?"

Others said, "A day or a part thereof."
(With growing consternation) they said, "Your Lord alone doth know how long ye have rested! Send one of you with a note of yours—there lies the city, let him go and see

وريطناعل فلوبهم إذقاموا فَقَالُوارَ يُنارَبُ التَّمَاوِتِ وَالْأَمْنِ لَىٰ يَنْ عُوَامِن دُونِهَ الْهِالْقَالَاتُ الولاياتون عكيهم بشلطين وَ إِذَاعُتُوَ لَمُّوهُ هُودَمَا يَعْبُدُونَ إلاَّ اللهُ فَأَوَّا إِلَى الْكَهْفَ مُثَّمُّ لَكُمْ رَتُكُوُ مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ وَيُفِيِّينُ لَكُهُ رُنْكَفُفِهُ ذَاتَ الْمَهُنِ وَإِذَاعُونَتِ

剝別跇

وَالاَ صَهُمُ كَانُوا مِنَ الْمِنَا عَجُمًّا ۞

that he finds pure food and brings back some to eat. Let him be courteous and let none recognise him.

20 "Verily if they should recognise you they will either stone you dead or force you to their creed; then wouldst thou be lost for ever."



21 Thus did We impress upon the people—so that they may know that Allah's promise is not false and that about the final hour there is no doubt...

But then they only disputed among themselves concerning them. Some said, "Bury them in some old vault; their Lord alone knows who they were. Those who prevailed in their decision said "Let us build a chapel for them."

22 Some say they were three and that their dog made four. Others say they were five and that their dog made six; still others fling at random and say they were seven and that their dog made eight!

Say thou, "My Lord knows best their number..."

What knowledge they possess is little. Therefore, enter not into any controversy about them beyond what is relevant. Nor do thou make a single enquiry about them.

4 *** 324

- 23 Never say, "I shall do that, without fail, tomorrow."
- 24 Unless (ye add), "If Allah wills."

When thou forgetest, call thy Lord to mind and say, "Possibly, my Lord will guide me nearer to the truth than this."

25 (Some say) they lay within their caves

three hundred years others add nine (more).

- 26 Say thou, "Allah knoweth best all that is unknown of heaven and earth.

 He is Supreme as Seer.

 No one beside Him have they to help them.

 None there is to share His Majesty!
- 27 Report (to them) what is revealed to thee of thy Lord's injunctions. None can alter His decrees. And none wilt thou find as Refuge beside Him.
- 28 Be thyself content with those who call upon their Lord at morn and eventide seeking His grace.

Let not thine eyes ever rove from them towards the glitter of the transient.

Listen not to those whose hearts have turned immune to Us—
one who followeth his fancies, whose case has gone beyond excuse.

29 Announce thou:

"Here is Truth from your Lord; so, he who wishes may believe and he who wishes, may evade."

We have prepared a fire for those who transgress it doth encompass them like an enclosure. When they cry athirst there is thrust a shower of molten brass across their countenance. Alas! Alas! their thirst! Alas! their tryst!

30 Those who have real faith and do good works—
no righteous deed of theirs shall We allow to go to waste.



XVIII

31 For them there shall be gardens ever green with streams beneath them, with golden light and greenery—silken raiments, rich brocades, leisurely reclining on couches soft—O, goodly compensation, rich repose!

5 *** 325

- 32 Or, give them the example of the two to each of whom We gave vineyards two surrounded both by groves of date palms and interspersed with fields of corn—
- 33 Both gardens brought forth fruit and failed they in no way. Between the two We made to flow a goodly stream.
- 34 So rich was one that in a palavar he said to his neighbour, "I am more rich than thou in wealth, and I command more esteem among men."
- 35 Entered he his garden in a self-deceiving mood."This, I am sure," he mused, "will never change.
- 36 "Believe I not in the destined hour; were I even to go back to my Lord, I would surely find something better in exchange."
- 37 His neighbour chided him:
 "Wouldst thou evade Him
 who transformed thee from dust
 to living sperm
 and fashioned thee into a man?"
- 38 "But, as for me,
 The Deity alone
 I recognise as Lord—
 and none I join with my Lord.

وَلَوْ لَا او وَخَلْتَ جَنْتَكَ قُلْتَ مَاشًاء

39 "When thy garden thou didst enter why didst thou not say, 'Whatever Allah wills! No power is there apart from Allah's.'

ٱقُلُ مِنْكَ مَأْكُرُ وُولَكُ اللهِ

If thou dost see me not so rich as thee in wealth and progeny,



- 40 "Possibly, my Lord will give to me a better garden than is yours and send upon (your garden) some calamity from heaven itself so that dawn finds it transferred into slippery slopes!
- 41 "Or it may be that morning finds its water diverted to distances from where thou canst not recall it."
- 42 (And so indeed it happened)
 His vineyards were destroyed and morning found him wring his hands with grief at all that he had spent—for all the vines had tumbled down upon their trellises
 "O woe is me!" he cried,
 "Would that I had not overlooked my One and only Lord."
- 43 No friends or servants could help him against Allah; nor could he help himself!
- 44 Allah alone, in truth, is to be counted on on such occasions.

- 45 And strike for them life's simile:

 When moisture doth descend
 from the skies above,
 earth's vegetation flourisheth.

 And, overnight, it turns to stubble,
 scattered by the winds.

 Allah alone doth excercise all power.
- 46 Wealth and sons
 are transient adornments;
 but things of lasting value,
 deeds of righteouness,
 are worth much more
 to thy Lord
 for wages and reward!

- 47 One day We shall make
 the "mountains" flee
 and one will see the "earth"
 come to its own.
 All shall We raise and,
 no one shall be left behind.
- 48 They will be presented in seried ranks before thy Lord: "Now have you come to Us even as We had created you. Arrogantly you had said, "We shall not keep the tryst with Thee!"
- 49 The bill before them—
 thou wilt see the spendthrifts
 flushed at seeing its contents
 and wailing, "Woe to us!
 What a bill is this?
 Leaves it nothing big or small
 without accounting for it!"
 The total record of their deeds
 will be before them.
 No wrong will thy Lord
 do to any one.

- 50 And when We bade the angels:
 "Bow to man!",
 all bowed except Iblis.
 He was of the haughty;
 he disobeyed the order
 of his Lord.
 Would ye then take him
 and his progeny
 rather than Me
 in spite of their avowed enmity?
 Evil this alternative
 for those who would persist.
- 51 I call them not
 to witness the creation
 of the heavens and the earth;
 nor of themselves;
 Nor is it for Me to help
 those who mislead men.



- 52 One day He will say,

 "Call ye on my partners
 those on whom you banked,
 They will call them
 but to them
 they will respond not!
 Between them We have placed
 a void as barrier.
- 53 The fire which the evil doers face—
 it seems to wait for them—
 and there is no way of escape.

- 54 We have, indeed, been lavish in providing for mankind examples of all kinds in this Qur'an. But man is oft contentious.
- 55 And what preventeth people
 from believing
 when guidance
 (for the future)
 is at hand and their Lord
 forgives them (for the past)—
 but that the mores
 of their fathers bar their way:
 or is it that
 their punishment approacheth near?!
- 56 No Envoy did We send
 except to hearten and to warn;
 but those intent on not believing
 argue falsely to evade the truth;
 they treat My signs and their portents
 as jests!
- 57 And who doth transgress more than he to whom the marvels of his Lord are pointed out but he evades them forgetting what his own hands have sent before him.

 We have screened their hearts from understanding and deadened their perceptions. Even if thou wert to invite them to guidance they will, in no wise, be guided.

يُضِ وَلاَ خَلْقَ أَنْفُهُمْ مُ وَمَا كُنْتُ نى وَيَشِتَغُفِمُ وَارْتِهُمُ وَالْآنَ تَأْتِيَهُمُ مُنَّةُ الْإِذْلِيْنَ اَذْيَاتِهُمُ وَمُنْذِدِينَ وَيُحَادِلُ الَّذِينَ كَفُرُوْا أَلْبَاطِل لِيُنْحِضُوابِهِ الْحَقَّ وَالْخُنْدُا اليتي ومَّا أُنْذِرُوا هُنُ وَا ١ ومن اظلومين دُلِر باليت ريه فَاعْرُضَ عَنْهَا وَلَتِي مَاقَلُ مَتْ يَلُاهُ ا إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا عَلَا مُلْكُوبِهِ مُواَكِنَّهُ أَنْ يَّفْقَهُوْكُ وَفَيُ أَدَانِهِ مُودَثِّمًا وَإِنْ تَنْهُمُ الى الْهُذِي عَكَنْ يَهُدُنُ وَاإِذًا أَيْنُ الْ مَاكْسُوْالْعَيْلَ لَهُمُ الْعَنَابُ بِلْ لَهُوْمَ مُوعِدًا لَنْ يَجِدُوا مِنْ دُونِهِ

دُوْنِ اللهِ وَمَاكَانَ مُنْتَعِمًا ﴿ هُنَالِكَ الْهُلَامَةُ بِلَّهِ الْحَقِّ هُوَخَمُرُ تَذَرُوْهُ الرِّيْءُ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ فالضلخت خيرعنكرتك يرُ الْجِيَالُ وَتَرِي الْأَرْضَ نَارِينَ وَ وَكُثُهُ نَفْهُ فَكُمْ نُفَادِرُمِنُهُمْ النَّ وَعَمْدُهُ النَّ يَخْعَلُ لَكُهُ

58 Thy Lord is most Forgiving, twice Merciful:

If he had meted out to them what they deserved they would soon have been in torment.

But there is for them a respite beyond which they will find no succour.



59 There lie the towns that We destroyed when they transgressed. But for their destruction We had fixed a time.

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- 60 Said Musa to his servant,
 "I shall not rest until I reach
 the place where two seas meet;
 till then I shall go on and on."
- 61 But when (without perceiving)
 they passed the confluence,
 between them, they forgot
 the fish (they carried)
 and (silently) it found its way
 amidst the current.
- 62 When further they had gone, he asked his servant, "Let us have our morning meal. We have, indeed, tired ourselves in this task."
- 63 He answered,
 "Dost thou remember passing by that cavern?
 It was there I lost the fish!
 It was only Shaitan,
 who, I should think,
 made me overlook it, and, strangely, it found its way into the sea."
- 64 He said, "That is the spot we seek." So they retraced their steps with diligence.
- 65 And there they found
 a devotee among Our devotees.
 We had blessed him
 with Our grace
 and endowed him
 with knowledge from Ourself.
- 66 Musa said to him,
 "May I follow thee
 so that thou mayst teach me
 something of thy wisdom?"

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- 67 He said,
 "Thou wilt not have the patience
 to bear with me.
- 68 "In fact, how can thou bear with me when thy knowledge doth not encompass all?"
- 69 He said, "Allah willing, thou wilt find me patient and in no matter shall I disobey thee."
- 70 He said,
 "If thou must follow me
 ask thou then no questions
 until I myself
 relate to thee the facts."

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- 71 So they proceeded smoothly until, sitting in a barge he scuttled it!
 (Impetuously) Musa pleaded: "Hast thou scuttled it to drown its occupants?
 A strange thing thou hast done indeed!"
- 72 He said, "Had I not told thee thou wouldst not be able to bear with me?"
- 73 He begged:
 "Hold not thou this lapse against me;
 make not my task more difficult."
- 74 (And once again)
 they went on smoothly,
 until they met a youth
 and he did slay him!

He (Musa) remonstrated:
"Hast thou slain an innocent without a single blame?
A deed unheard of thou hast done indeed!"

75 He said,
"Had I not told thee,
thou couldst not bear with me?"



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76 He beseeched:

"If I ever question thee on any matter after this, keep me not as thy companion. I would then be left with no excuse."

77 (Once again)
they went on smoothly
until they reached
the outskirts of a town.
They asked its people
for some food,
but they refused
to entertain them.
Therein they came upon
a wall inclined to fall—
he buttressed it.

He (Musa), importuned:
"If thou hadst wished
thou couldst have asked them
for some wage."

78 He said,

"Here is parting between me and thee! So I shall now propound to thee the explanation of that regarding which thou couldst not bear with me.

79 "As for the barge
it served some poor people
to ply upon the sea;
I wished to blemish it because
there was soon to follow
a king who seized
by force all barges.

80 "As for the youth his parents were people of great faith and we feared that he would grieve and overwhelm them with ingratitude.

ال الافانية بمائييث ولا شوهني من أمرى عُمْرًا ﴿

الله الله المستقل الإلهاء المنافقة الله المنافقة المنافقة

وَ تِلْكَ الْقُرْبِي آهُلَكُنْمُ لَتُنَّاظُلُمُوْا وَ وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوْسَى لِفَتْمَهُ ﴿ أَبُرُكُ حَتَّى أَبْلُغُ مَعِمْمُ عَالَمِهُ أَيْنَ أَوْامُضِي حُقّان فَأَتَّخَذَ سَيِيلُهُ فِي الْعَوْسَرِيَّانَ فكتاحا وزاقال لفشه أيتنا غداءنا لَقَدُ لَقَدُنَا مِنْ سَفَى نَاهِ نَا انْصَبّا ۞ قَالَ آرَءَ بْتَ إِذْ آوَ بْنَالِلْ الصَّخْرَةِ النُ أَنْ أَذُكُوهُ وَالْحُونَ سَيِلًا أغمِيُ إِنَّ أَمْرًا ﴿ قَالَ فَإِن النُّبُعْتَ فِي فَلَا تَسْتُلْفِي عَنْ شَيْعُ حَتَّى أُخْدِثَ لَكَ مِنْهُ ذِكْرًا ٥ فانطلقا سختى إذاركها فيالشفننة خَرَفَهَا ۚ قَالَ ٱخْرَفْهَا لِتُعْرِقَ الْمُلْكَأَ لَقُدُ حِثْتَ شَكًّا إِمْرًا ۞ مَالَ اَلَهُ اَقُلْ إِنَّكَ لَنَّ تَسْتَطِيعُ مَعِي صَبْرًا ؈

81 "So we wished that their Lord would give them in exchange a better one than him in purity, to earn their love.



82 "As for the wall. it was meant for two orphaned youths of the town, and, underneath it, lay a treasure left for them by their father who was an honest man. So thy Lord wished that they should reach full age before they drew their wealth. (It was) thy Lord's mercy; I acted not on my own.

> These are the explanations of that for which thou couldst not bear with me."

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- 83 They question thee concerning Dhulqarnain. Say thou, "Very well, I shall convey to you something about him:
- 84 We had enthroned him in the land and gave access to him in all directions.
- 85 Advanced he first in one direction,
- 86 Until he reached the place where the sun doth set. Witnessed he its sinking in the murky waters (of the sea). And there he caught up with the horde. We said to him, "O Dhulgarnain! Annihilate them if thou wilt or, if thou wilt, be thou kind to them (they are at thy mercy).
- 87 (But) he announced, "Only those who (henceforth) transgress I shall punish forthwith. the rest I leave them to their Lord.

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He will punish them with a punishment in due course.

- 88"But he who acquires faith, and renders righteous service, he shall be rewarded well and we shall ourselves allot to him facilities."
- 89 Advanced he then along (another) way.
- 90 Until he reached the place where the sun doth rise. He found it rising on a people whom We had provided with no covering against it.
- 91 Thus it was We knew what problems did encompass him.
- 92 Advanced he then along (another) way
- 93 Until he reached the vale between two cliffs. Below these he came upon a people who could not understand a word.
- 94 They begged of him, "O Dhulgarnain! Yajuj or Majuj, (one or another of these nomad hordes) oft ravishes our land; shall we gather for thee tribute so that thou mayest build, between them and ourselves, a wall?"
- 95 He said, "That which my Lord has placed me on is more (effective). But help you me with your labour and I shall raise between yourselves and them a mighty rampart.



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- 96 "Bring me only iron crowbars."

 Then when he had levelled the gap between the cliffs, he said, "Now blow (upon the bellows)!"

 And when he had made it red hot, he said, "Bring now to me the molten lead to pour."
- 97 Thus neither could they scale it nor could they pierce it through.
- 98 He said, "This is
 through the mercy of my Lord.
 And yet when my Lord's
 plan is fulfilled
 He will crumble it to dust.
 My Lord's design
 will, truly, be fulfilled."
- 99 We shall leave some on that day to surge like waves on others. Lo! the trumpet blows and We have gathered them into a mighty gathering.
- 100 There shall face them hell, as a fact, for those who did evade.
- 101 Those whose eyes
 were sheathes against My signs,
 who could not use their ears!

- 102 Do these evaders think that they will take My devotees as patrons beside Me? Truly! We have prepared hell to welcome all such sneaks.
- 103 Ask ye,
 "Shall we tell you who they are
 whose actions are entirely in vain?
- 104 Those whose energies have been vainly spent in matters of the moment

and who think that they are worthily engaged.

105 They are the ones
who would evade
the presence of their Lord
and His Omnipotence.
Vain are their efforts!
Nor by the day of judgment
will they have gathered weight.



- 106 They are the ones whose wage is hell, because they, (persistantly) evade; and of Our signs and Envoys make a jest!
- 107 But for those who do believe and do good work for them, indeed, gardens in paradise itself await.
- 108 Therein they shall stay wishing for no change.
- 109 Say thou,
 "If the seas all served as ink
 to record my Lord's glory,
 the seas would emptied be
 before (the evidence)
 of my Master's glory
 had been recorded—
 even if We were to refill them.

ڔٙؽڵؾؘۅٚۮٵڷؠڂۯڣڽڶٲ؈ٛؾڡ۬ؽ ػؙؠڶڞڔۊٷڶۅڿؿؙڒؠڟؚؠؽڕ؞ڲٳ؈ ڰؙڵٳؿڽٵٵؾۺڒۧۼؿ۠ڶڬؽٷ؈ٳڬ ٵؿڽٵٳۿڬڎؙٳڶۿٷٳڝڰ۫ۨ ڡٚٮٮڽ ػڶؽڋٷٳڶڡٞٵڗڽڄ؋ؽؙۼ۫ڡڵؿڒ ڝڵڲٲۊڒؿؿؖڔڮڽؠٵڎٷڗڽڄٲػڽؖٲ۞ ذلِكَ حَزَا فَهُ فَرَكَّتُ ثَمُّ بِدَ لَكُمُّ وُا وَالتَّحَنُّ وَالْبَيْنَ وَرُسُونُ فَرُوَا إِنَّ الْرَبْنِ اَمَنُوا وَعَيلُوا الْفَيْطَةِ كَانَتُ لَهُمُّ وَتَنَّ الْفِرَدُوسِ ثُوْلِيُّ خْلِدِينَ وَيَ الْاَيْمُعُونَ عَمَّا حَوْلُاهِ فُلْ يُوَكَانَ الْبَعُونَ عَمَّا حَوْلُاهِ فُلْ يُوَكَانَ الْبَعُومِ وَالْوَلِكِلِمِنْ

110 Say thou,

"I am, indeed, a man like you. Revealed has been to me:

The Deity of all of you is One Deity!

So those who seek the Presence of their Lord, let them engage in righteous deeds and never, in the worship of their Lord, admit another!



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SURA: MARYAM

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

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KAF! HA! YA! 'AIN! SAD! (PAY THOU HEED! O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 A (true account of thy Lord's grace on his servant, Zakaryyah:
- 3 He prayed, "O, my Lord! Fast ebbeth strength from me; my hair is hoary white; still, in praying to Thee, Lord. I have never been unmindful.
- 5 "I fear my kinsmen after I am gone; my wife is barren,O, give me, by Thy grace, a son
- 6 "To inherit me and to inherit the posterity of Ya'qub, and, make him, my Lord, well pleasing to Thee."
- 7 "O Zakariyya!
 We promise thee a son,
 his name Yahya—
 of those We have distinguished
 none has borne that title."
- 8 He mused, "My Lord! How can I have a son when my wife is barren and I have become old?"
- 9 He reflected, "Thus doth it (sometimes) happen."
 He mused on, "Thy Lord hath (ere now) said,
 'Tis easy for me: I made thee when, indeed, thou wast naught!"
- 10 He prayed, "My Lord! Give Thou me guidance." He mused on, "What thou shouldst do is this:

امُرَاقَ عَاقِرَاقِ فَلْ بَلْغَتُ مِنَالِكِيْرِ عِنِيَّا ۞ قَالَ كَذَٰ إِلِكَ قَالَ رَكِّكَ هُوعَانَ عَيْنُ قَالَ كَذَٰ إِلِكَ قَالَ رَكِّكَ هُوعَانَ عَيْنُ عَلَى رَبِّ اجْعَلْ إِنْ إِنَيْ * فَالْ الْيَكْ الاَّكُولُمِ الْكَالِمِ مِنَّ الْبِحْدَابِ فَالْتَ لِيَالِ مَوْلًا الْيُحْمُلُ أَنْ سَجِعُوا الْكُرْةُ قَا عَنْيِيًّا ۞ لِيَحْمُلُ خُواالْكِرَبِ الْمِحْدَابِ فَالْتَ لِيَالِ مَوْلًا الْيُحْمُلُ أَنْ سَجِعُوا الْكُرْةُ قَا عَنْيِيًّا ۞ لَيْخِمُ مُنْ الْكُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُحْدَابِ فَالْتَوْلِكُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُحْدَابِ فَالْتَوْلِكُ وَمَنَا نَا هِنَ لَكُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ مَنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ مَنْ اللَّهِ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ مُؤْمِنًا وَ وَمَنَا نَا هُونَ لَكُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ مُؤْمِنُ مُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَلَمْ مُؤْمُنُ مُؤْمِنًا وَمَنْ وَلَمْ مُؤْمِنُ وَالْمَنْ مُؤْمِنُ وَلَمْ مُؤْمِنُ وَمِنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمَنْ مُؤْمِنُ وَالْمَنْ مُؤْمِنُ وَالْمَنْ وَلَمْ مُؤْمُنُ مُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمَنْ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمَنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُعْمِلِ الْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُونِ وَمُؤْمِنُونَ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمَعُونِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَمُؤْمِنُونِ وَمُؤْمِنُونِ وَمُؤْمِنُونِ وَمُؤْمِنُونِ وَمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِهُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِونُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِونُ وَالْمُؤْمِون

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speak not to men; be dumb for full three nights."

- 11 (In due course) he re-appeared to his people on the altar and led them in prayer mornings and at eventides...
- 12 "O, Yahya!

 Hold thou fast to the Law!"

 And We gave wisdom to the youth,
- 13 Abundant life as from Ourself.and diligence.He was conscientious,
- 14 Considerate to his parents neither aggressive, nor given to sin.
- 15 May blessed be his birth, his death, and his awakening to life.



- 16 Mention in the Book, Maryam: when she retired from her people to the eastern niche.
- 17 And covered she herself from them, lo! We sent Our will! Appeared it to her like a handsome man.
- 18 She murmured:

 "In the name of Rahman
 I seek refuge from thee
 if thou hast any conscience!"
- 19 He said, "I am but a messenger from thy Lord, to promise thee a son all pure."
- 20 She said,
 "How shall I have a son
 when no one hath touched me,
 nor am I of the profligates?"
- 21 He said,
 "Thus doth it (sometimes) happen..."
 Thy Lord hath (ere now) said,
 "Tis easy for Me,
 so that We may make of him
 a sign for men
 and a blessing from Ourself:
 it is a thing decreed!"
- 22 So she conceived him and betook him to a distant place—
- 23 The birth pangs came upon her when leaning on a date palm. She moaned in anguish, "O wouldst that I had died long, long before this and had been quite forgotten!"

- 24 (A rippling sound nearby)
 reassured her:
 "Grieve not, thy Lord
 has set a spring below thee—
- 25 "And shake thee on thyself the date tree—
 it will shower on thee its ripened fruit.
- 26 "So eat and drink
 and rest thine eyes;
 and if thou seest anyone,
 say thou,
 "This day I keep a fast for Rahman
 and wouldst not speak
 to any man."
- 27 (In time) she rode with him to her people...

 They said, "O Maryam!

 What an outright radical hast thou brought forth!
- 28 "O Harun's sister!

 Thy father wast no apostate, nor wast thy mother of the wayward!"
- 29 She merely pointed to him.

 They fumed:

 "How shall we discuss with him who is (still)

 a baby in the cradle

 (compared to us)?!"
- 30 He meekly said,
 "I am (only) a servant of Allah
 He hath shown to me the Law
 and made of me an Envoy.
- 31 "And he hath blessed me at all times and places and He hath enjoined me to do my duty, fulfil my obligations as long as I do live,



- 32 "And be considerate to my mother. He hath not enjoined on me aggressiveness nor ingratitude!
- 33 "Blessed my birth, my death, and my awakening to life!"

- 34 Such were the facts concerning 'Isa son of Maryam, a true account which they contest—
- 35 It is just not for Allah to beget a son!
 Glory be to Him.
 When he decrees a thing He only wills:
 "BE!" and so, it IS!
- 36 "('Isa only said:)
 "Surely Allah, my Lord,
 is the Lord of all of you;
 therefore serve ye (only) Him
 this is the soundest path."
- 37 But the denominations squabble 'mong themselves; woe then to those who thus evade when they witness for themselves (the truth) on the final Day.
- 38 How well they'll see and hear on the Day when they appear before Us!

 Today all these obstreperous ones are in apparent darkness.
- 39 Warn them of the Day of their despair when things are settled finally while they are still oblivious and without realising!

يَاخْتُ هُمُونَ مَا كَانَ الْإِلَا الْمَرْتَدُوّ وَمَا كَانَتُ الْعُلِي بَعِيًّا اللّهِ الْمَرْتَدُوْ فَا شَارَتُ الْبَائِةُ قَالُوالْ يَمْتُ كُوْمُ مَنْ خان فِي الْمَهْ مِن مِيًّا ﴿ اللّهِ مِنْ الْمِرْتَبُ وَجَعَلُونَ مَيْنًا ﴿ اللّهِ مِنَ الْمُرْتَبُ وَالْمِنِ وَجَعَلُونَ مَيْنًا ﴾ اللّه وَمَا أَدُمْتُ كُولُونِ وَجَعَلُونَ مَيْنًا إِنَّ اللّهِ وَمَا أَدُمْتُ كُولُونِ وَالسَّلُوعُ وَالزِّحْوَةُ وَالزِّحْوَةُ وَلَا اللّهِ مَنْ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللهِ اللهُ وَالْآلُونِ الْكِنْ مَرْيَحَ اوالْتَبْدَنُ وَالْكُونِ الْكِنْ مَرْيَحَ اوالْتَبْدَنُ وَالْمُولِيَّ الْمُولِيَّ الْمُولِيَّ الْمُولِيَّ الْمُولِيَّ الْمُؤْدُ وَالْمُولِيَّ الْمُؤْدُ وَالْمُولِيَّ الْمُؤْدُ وَالْمُولِيَّ الْمُؤْدُ وَالْمُولِيَّ الْمُؤْدُ وَالْمُولِيَّ وَالْمُولِيَّ الْمُؤْدُ وَلَا الْمُؤْدُونُ وَلَا الْمُؤْدُونُ وَلَا الْمُؤْدُونُ وَلَا الْمُؤْدُونُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا الْمُؤْدُونُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الل

40 It is, indeed, We who survive the earth and all that on it lies: to Us shall all return.

- 41 Mention in the Book

 Ibrahim.

 He too was a true Apostle.
- 42 He asked his father,
 "O my father!
 Why dost thou worship
 that which neither hears
 nor sees
 nor profits thee at all?
- 43 "O my father! Verily, truth is now revealed to me, which has not come to thee so, follow me. and I shall guide thee along an even path.
- 44 "O my father!
 Worship thou not Shaitan
 for Shaitan is the opposite
 of Rahman!
- 45 "O my father!

 I fear lest chastisement from Rahman touch thee and thou become a vassal of Shaitan!
- 46 He burst out:

 "Darest thou to insult
 my deities, O *Ibrahim*?!

 If thou desist not
 thou shalt be stoned to death!

 Get out and keep away for aye!"
- 47 He (meekly) said,
 "Fare thee well!
 I shall pray for thee
 to my Lord
 for He is to me gracious.
- 48 "Withdraw I from you all and all ye worship beside Allah; I shall rely upon my Lord; may be that, with the blessing of my Lord, I need not be ungrateful."

- 49 Because he turned away
 from them all
 and what they worshipped
 beside Allah,
 We bestowed on him
 Ishaq and Ya'qub
 and each We made an Envoy.
- 50 And on them showered We Our grace and made of them lofty penants of the Truth.

- 51 And mention in the Book, Musa. He too was devoted and came to be an Envoy and a Messenger.
- 52 Called We unto him right from the Tor (of Sinai) and drew him near to Us for converse.
- 53 We bestowed on him, through Our grace, his brother *Harun*, himself an Apostle.
- 54 And mention in the Book, *Isma'il*. He too was steadfast in his promises and came to be an Envoy and a Messenger.
- 55 He was wont to enjoin on his people service, and responsibility; he had endeared himself to his Lord.
- 56 And mention in the Book, *Idris*. He too was a true Apostle.
- 57 And We raised him to a high degree.



58 These were the ones whom Allah ordained as Apostles from the progeny of Adam; from 'mong those whom We bore with Nuh; from among the progeny of Ibrahim and Isma'il from those (of others) whom We chose and guided... When the marvels of Rahman were pointed out to them they would bow and, in tears, prostrate themselves.

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- 59 But after them have followed those who do neglect their duties and follow they their lusts, soon then will they be disillusioned.
- 60 Save those who would repent, who would believe and do good work. These will enter heaven; they shall, in no way, meet injustice.
- 61 Peaceful havens
 which the Rahman
 has promised to his servants
 in the future—
 this promise must, indeed,
 come true.
- 62 They will therein find no slander—only peace and for them all they need, day or night.
- 63 That is the kind of heaven which Our devotees inherit for their aloofness from evil.
- 64 (The angels say:)
 "Descend we not
 but at the bidding of thy Lord:

His is what has gone before and His what is before us and that which lies between them. Thy Lord forgetteth naught!

65 "The Lord of the heavens and the Earth and all that is between! So worship Him and to Him constant be. Dost thou know one worthy to be named with Him?"



- 66 Man wonders:

 "After I am dead
 shall I be raised to life?"
- 67 But doth not man realize We created him before when he was naught?
- 68 Yes, by thy Lord!
 We shall raise them
 and their instigators too
 and We shall offer them,
 on their knees, to hell!
- 69 We shall draw forth from all sects the one which was disdainful most to accept the Rahman.
- 70 Then We shall choose from these those who, for broiling, are most ripe!
- 71 And none shall escape muster. That is the pledge of thy Lord and has to be fulfilled.
- 72 We shall therefrom draw those who were cautious and leave the ones who transgressed still standing on their knees.
- 73 And when Our revelations are read out openly those who would evade (suggestively) inquire of those who would believe: "Which of us two contestants has more rank and more following?!"
- 74 How many groups have We destroyed ere this who had more power and pomp!
- 75 Say thou, "Those who wish to go astray,

- the Rahman helps them in their wish—
 until they see
 what had been promised,
 or the approaching hour:
 then they will realize
 who was low in rank
 and poor in following!
- 76 And Allah doth enhance
 His guidance
 to those who themselves wish
 to be rightly guided.
 And things of lasting value,
 the goodly deeds,
 are valued more by thy Lord
 and bring in more returns.
- 77 Hast thou seen the person who denies Our evidence and yet doth boast:
 "I shall have wealth and children."
- 78 Has he pierced the future?

 Or, has he received assurance from the Rahman?
- 79 Nay! We have noted what he says and shall his punishment extend.
- 80 To Us doth reach
 whate'er he says;
 and he shall come to Us alone.
- 81 They have taken beside Allah other deities so that it may bring them prestige.
- 82 Nay, they shall (soon) deny them and become their opponents.

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83 Dost thou not see that We send furies to these evaders and that they make them furiously exasperated?



وَيَقُولُ الْإِنْسَاكُ ءَ إِذَا مَامِتُ كُسُوتَ

- 84 Therefore, hasten not against them. We merely count their days.
- 85 That day We shall present the righteous as an embassy before the *Rahman*.
- 86 The evil doers
 We shall drive to hell.
- 87 None shall have the power to intercede—
 except the ones
 who have been given an assurance
 from the Rahman.
- 88 They say the Rahman has begot a son!
- 89 Now have ye said a monstrous falsehood!
- 90 The heavens well might cleave!
 The earth be torn asunder!
 The mountains crumble into dust!
- 91 That they should attribute to the *Rahman* a son!!
- 92 It doth not behove the *Rahman* to have a son.
- 93 There is nought in the heavens and the earth that dost not bow in service to the *Rahman*.
- 94 He takes account of all and has assigned to each his duty.
- 95 And on the appointed day each cometh to Him singly.
- 96 On those of faith and righteousness the *Rahman* doth bestow appreciation.

كالمستكتب مائقة الاؤندة كذون امِنُ دُونِ اللهِ إِلهَا مُ لِيَكُونُوا

اَقِهُ الرَّحُوٰسِ عَبْدُهُ الْوَ الرَّحُوٰسِ عَبْدُهُ الْقَالَ الْحَوْسِ عَبْدُهُ الْقَالَ الْحَوْسِ عَبْدُهُ الْقَالَ الْحَوْمِ الْعَلَيْدُ اللّهِ عَلَيْهُ الْحَوْمِ الْقَالَةِ وَوْدًا اللّهِ اللّهُ الْمَالِيَةِ اللّهُ الْمَالِيَةِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ الللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللللللللّ

98 But O! how many groups have We destroyed before them! Canst thou glimpse of them a trace? Canst thou hear of them a whisper?

who clamour.



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Sura : $T\bar{A} H\bar{A}$

In the name of Allahthe Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 341

Ta! Ha!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 We have not bestowed the Qur'an on thee that thou shouldst be distressed—
- 3 'Tis only a reminder to those who would beware...
- 4 Revelation from the One who created the earth, the heavens on high,
- 5 The Rahman who o'er the cosmos holdeth sway.
- 6 For Him all that is in the heavens, all that is on the earth, all that lies between them and underneath the soil.
- 7 Thou needest use no words. He is aware of secret thoughts and that which is more hidden still.
- 8 The Deity!
 No deity is there but He:
 for Him
 are all the beauteous names!
- 9 Hast there come to thee the story of *Musa*?
- 10 When he beheld the glow, he said to his kin "Wait here, I glimpse a fire;

perhaps I'd bring for you from it a lighted brand; or, may be, I shall find some guidance at the hearth.

- 11 When he approached it he was hailed, "O, Musa!
- 12 "I am, in verity, thy Lord! So leave thy sandles: thou art in the sacred vale of *Tuwa*.
- 13 "I have chosen thee: so heed thou (carefully) to what thou art inspired.
- 14 "In verity I am Allah.

 No deity is there but I.

 Therefore,
 serve thou (only) Me
 and rise to do thy duty
 in My name!
- 15 "Lo! there comes the hour— I can almost glimpse it when every self will be rewarded for that for which it strove.
- 16 "Therefore, let not those who have no faith in its coming, and who still are wayward, divert thee; do not thou get lost.
- 17 "And, what is that which thou dost firmly hold in thy hand O, Musa?"
- 18 He said:

 "This is my staff,
 on it I lean;
 with it I garner fodder
 for my flock; I use it
 for other purposes as well."



- 19 He said, "Cast it down O, Musa!"
- 20 He cast it and behold!
 it was a winding serpent!
- 21 He said,
 "Seize on it, and fear not,
 We shall soon
 revert it to its former state.
- 22 "Insert thy hand in thy folds! Now bring it out. (There!) it is white without blemish a foremost sign.
- 23 "Soon shall We show thee greater signs.
- 24 Proceed thou to Fir'aun.

 He hath burst all bounds!"

- 25 He prayed, "My Lord! Expand for me my vision.
- 26 "Make clear to me my duty.
- 27 "Unloose the knot upon my tongue.
- 28 "So that they may understand what I might say—
- 29 "Give me a second from my family—
- 30 "My brother Harun.
- 31 "Double Thou my strength through him;
- 32 "Let him share my tasks,
- 33 "So that we may strive unceasingly,
- 34 "And spread thy message (more) effectively.
- 35 "And Thou, Thyself, keep an eye on us."

ةَالَ هِي عَصَاىَ الْتَوْخُولُّا عَلَيْهَا وَ اَهُنَّلُ بِهَاعَلِّ عَمَى وَلِيَ فِهَامَالِكُ الْخُرى @ قَالَ الْقِهَالْيُولِي @ قَالَ الْقِهَالْيَاذِ الْحَكِيَّةُ تَسْفَى @

سِّيْرِتهَاَالُأُوْلَ۞ وَاضْمُوْيَدَاكَ إِلَّ جَنَاحِكَ تَخْرُجُ بَيْضَاءُ مِنْ عَيْرِسُوْجٍاْيَثَةُ الخري۞

ڸؿؙڔؚؽڡؘٷؽ۬ٳؽؾٵٲڬؙٛڋ۠ؠڴ ٳۮؙۿڹؙٳڶ؋ۯٷؽڶٳؾۜۂڟ۬ؿؙٝڟؙ

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وَاخْلُلُ عُقْدُهُ وَمِنْ لِسَالِقُ ۞

يىسىد. ئوپى دَاجْعَلْ كِي دَزِيْرًاقِيْنَ أَفِيلَ وَ

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ولقال مناطيات سرة استرى الا

إِذْ أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَّ أَقِكَ مَا يُوْتَى ﴿

المَهُ فَمَا اَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكُ الْقُرْانَ

اَلْتَنْذَكْرَةً قُلَىنَ يَغْنَى ﴿
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- 36 He said, "Thy prayers are granted, O, Musa!
- 37 "We had, indeed, cast Our blessings on thee once before
- 38 "When We suggested that which We suggested to thy mother:



39 'Cast him into a chest then cast it in the waters the waters will cast him upon the banks.

He will be picked up by My enemies and enemies of yours.'

And I bestowed upon thee love from Me and reared thee in My sight.

40 "When thy sister followed thee she said,
'Shall I show you one who will rear it?'
Thus We brought thee back to thy mother so that her eyes be comforted and she not grieve.

(Another time)
thou didst slay a man
but We rescued thee from harm.
Then We tried thee
with various trials
for several years
thou didst tarry
with the people of Madyan.
Then didst thou come
here as ordained O, Musa!

- 41 "Thus have I prepared thee for My purpose.
- 42 "Proceed then, thou and thy brother, and slacken not in My service.
- 43 "Proceed ye both to Fir'aun who hath burst all bounds.
- 44 "Speak to him using courteous speech: mayhap he will heed, and so beware."
- 45 They prayed, "Our Lord! we fear lest he may be

prejudiced against us both and himself take initiative."

- 46 He said, "Fear not.

 I am with you both
 I hear and see.
- 47 "So go ye both to him and say ye both:

 'We are Apostles sent by the Lord!
 So, send back with us the Bani Isra'il and burden them no more!
 We have, indeed, come with assurance from thy Lord:

There shall be peace for those who would take timely heed!

- 48 'But, we have also been assured there shall be retribution for those who lie or (merely) turn their backs.'"
- 49 He said, "Who then O, Musa, is the Lord of you two?"
- 50 He answered,
 "Our Lord is He
 who bestows on all things
 their forms and then
 doth guide them
 (in their functioning)."
- 51 He asked:

 "Then what about the fate
 of former generations?

 (Were they all astray
 and therefore lost?)"
- 52 He said,

 "Knowledge concerning them and their account, is with my Lord.

 Never doth my Lord err nor doth He forget.



- 53 "He hath made the earth
 a cradle (for your growth)
 laid out in it paths
 (for your guidance)
 He showereth heavenly rain
 to raise diverse pairs of plants
 each standing by itself.
- 54 "Eat ye yourselves and let your cattle graze! These, indeed, are miracles for those who can discern."

- 55 (Yes see the earth!)
 From it We raised you.
 To it We return you
 From it We shall raise you once again.
- 56 Many such signs
 We showed to him
 but he rejected them forthwith
 or treated them as lies.
- 57 He said, "Wouldst thou Musa with thy magic (words), oust us from authority?
- 58 "We too can call forth magic like it: so let there be between ourselves and thee a truce. We will not break it nor shalt thou until we meet on equal grounds."
- 59 He said,
 "Fulfil thy promise
 on the Festive Day
 and let the people
 gather before noon."
- 60 Fir'aun then withdrew; his strategy he planned and then appeared.

قَالَ وَمُنَا الذِّي اَعْلَمْ كُلُّ فَنَّى ﴿
قَالَ رَجُنَا الذِّي اَعْلَمْ كُلُّ فَنَّ فَلْقَهُ
قَالَ رَجُنَا الذِّي اَعْلَمْ كُلُّ فَنَّ فَلْقَهُ
قَالَ وَمُنَا بِاللَّ الْقُرُ وَنِ الْأُولُ ﴿
قَالَ مِنَا بَاللَّهُ الْفَرْوَ فِي الْوُلُ ﴿
قَالَ عِلَيْهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْوَقِيلِ الْمُنْ وَقَالِمِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

اليرقايلية والقائد والتاحل المنظمة والمنظمة والمنظمة والمنظمة والفئة والقائدة والقائدة والقائدة والقيت عليك المنظمة والمنظمة وال

- 61 Musa addressed them:

 "Woe unto you!

 Concoct no falsehood
 against Allah
 for He can overwhelm you.
 Forgers come to evil ends!"
- 62 But they concerted 'mong themselves secretly to make a plan.

- 63 They said,
 "Both of these are magicians; together, by their sorcery, they would cast you out from your domain and pervert people from your hallowed path.
- 64 "So bring together all your wiles and then put up a solid stand exalted they who win this day."
- 65 They asked, "O, Musa! Wouldst thou open? Or shall we be the first to cast?"
- 66 He said, "Alright, you open."

 And lo, their (seeming) solid premises and their sinuous sophistries, through their magic (words), seemed to stir (the assembled crowd).
- 67 So much so that *Musa*, in his heart, felt a cringing fear!
- 68 We said: "Fear thou not; thou shalt have the upper hand:
- 69 Cast ye forthwith:
 their artifice will swallowed be;
 they have only cast a spell
 with their wily magic (words).
 But such magicians reach not—
 however far they go."
- 70 And lo, the magicians cast themselves in submission and say: "We believe in the Lord of Musa and Harun!"
- 71 He (Fir'aun) thundered:
 "Would you believe in Him
 before I permit you?
 He must, indeed, be

your elder, he who taught you all your tricks.

Lo, I shall sever your hands, your feet, alternately, and have you hanged on date trees so that you may realise who can torment more and who is more abiding."

- 72 They said,
 "We cannot influence thee
 by that which now appears
 to us as obvious truth;
 nor by Him who has
 created us (anew).
 Pass thou judgment
 as thou judgest best.
 Thou canst only pass decree
 for the immediate present.
- 73 "We have, indeed, believed in our Lord.

 May He forgive our faults and the deceits which thou didst force on us. Allah, indeed, is good and more abiding."
- 74 Verily, he who cometh to his Lord as (unrepentent) sinner, hell, indeed, is for him wherein he will neither die nor live.
- 75 And he who cometh a believer with righteous deeds, for him there are degrees of honour.
- 76 Gardens evergreen
 streamlets flowing at their feet
 therein they will surely rest.
 Such is the reward
 for those who would
 fulfil their duties.

- 77 And to Musa We inspired, "Start out by night with My servants and strike for them a path across the shallow straits. Fear not pursuit nor do thou be afraid."
- 78 Then Fir'aun did pursue them with his hordes... but the waters drowned and overwhelmed them.
- 79 Fir'aun had only misled his people he had not guided them.
- 80 O, ye Bani Isra'il!

 We did deliver you from your enemy and did fulfil the tryst

 We made with you right on the Tor (of Sinai);

 We bestowed on you the best of fruits and flesh:
- 81 "Eat of all the good things
 We have bestowed on you
 but be not avaricious
 and thereby earn My wrath;
 for, he who earns My wrath,
 doth perish.
- 82 "I am forgiving too for those who would repent, believe and do good deeds and then be guided...
- 83 "And what has made thee leave thy people, and hasten (to Us) O, Musa?"
- 84 He answered:

"They follow close my footsteps. I have hastened to Thee Lord, so that Thou mayest be pleased."

قَالَ بَلُ ٱلْقُوُّا ۚ فَاذَا حِمَالُهُ مُو وَ عِصِيُّهُ مُنْ يُغَيِّنُ لِالْيُهُ وَمِنْ سِغْرِهِمْ مُلْنَا لِانْغَفْ الْكَ أَنْسَا لَاعْلَىٰ ۞ قَالَ أَمَنْتُمُ لَهُ قَيْلَ أَنْ أَذَنَ لَكُوْ رُكُمُ النَّائِي عَلَيْنَكُو النِّعْدَ * إِنَّكُ مَنْ ثَالِتِ رَبُّهُ مُخْرِمًا فَإِنَّ لَهُ

- 85 He said,
 "We have, indeed,
 put to test
 thy people in thy absence
 and the Samiri
 has scattered them astray."
- 86 So *Musa* went back to his people—indignant, sorrowful.



He said, "O, my people! Had not your Lord given you a goodly promise? Was fulfilment long delayed? Or did you (simply) want to earn His wrath on you: so you went back on your promises to me?"

87 They simulated:
"We went not back
upon our covenant with thee
of our own will;

we only threw away our metal ornaments. That is all. The Samiri threw them in the fire

- 88 "And brought forth from it the image of a calf which mooed—

 (For a while) he joked:

 'Here is your deity and the deity of Musa!'

 We then forgot about it all..."
- 89 But did they not see
 that it returned no answers
 to their queries?
 That it had no power
 to do them harm or good?

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- 90 Had not Harun
 warned them at the start:
 "O my people!
 Ye are being seduced in this.
 Your Lord is the Rahman;
 so follow me,
 and in all matters, obey me?"
- 91 They had said,
 "We shall not abandon this
 until Musa comes back to us!"
- 92 He (Musa) asked, "O Harun, what held thee back when thou didst see them stray

- 93 From my following?

 Wert thou too in any way involved?
- 94 He pleaded, "Son of my mother!
 Suspect me not nor blame me.
 I only feared
 that thou wouldst say,
 "Thou hast caused a split
 among the Bani Isra'il
 and thou didst not
 respect my word!"
- 95 He asked, "And what hast thou to say O, Samiri?"
- 96 He answered, "I see it from a different point of view from others.

 Accepted I the Apostle's teaching for a while and then discarded it.

 That is all.

 That is how I am inclined."
- 97 He said, "Go thy way!

 Thou shalt be cursed in life and made to cry,
 'O touch me not.'

 This curse thou wilt not be rid of.

Here! See the deity of whom thou art a zealous worshipper: it breaketh into smithereens; it will be scattered on the seas.

- 98 "Indeed, the deity
 of all of you
 is The Deity
 apart from whom there is no deity—
 His knowledge doth encompass all."
- 99 Thus do We relate to thee some true stories of the past. We have, indeed, conveyed to thee the message from Ourself.



- 100 He who would spurn it shall, on the Day of judgment, bear a burden
- 101 Crushing him beneath. Heavy, indeed, shall be their burden on the Day of certainty,
- 102 The Day the trumpet sounds and We assemble the criminals waking from their sleep,
- 103 And muttering among themselves "We've hardly counted ten."
- 104 We know full well how they will respond when the most discerning one among them says "Ye live not but a day."

- 105 They ask thee
 concerning "mountains."
 Say thou, "My Lord
 shall uproot them
 and scatter them as dust."
- 106 He will reveal them plain as a plane.
- 107 Thou shalt see in them no ups and downs no embellishments.
- 108 They on that day,
 their caller shall obey
 implicitly—
 no loitering then!
 All sound shall be subdued
 in honour of the Rahman.
 Nothing wilt thou hear
 except their tramp.
- 109 That day, no intercession shall avail

الكَدَّ الفَكْدُ الشَّالَكِ وَسُفَا الْ وَالْكُورُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْدُ وَمِيمُ كُلُّ مَنْ عُلِمًا اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْدُ وَمِيمُ كُلُّ مَنْ عُلِمًا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ مِنْ الْمَيْلُولُكُ مَنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّ

الأرامّ الخلقا مُوعِدُ الْإِمْ الْحِنّا الْوَلَّمُ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمَوْمِ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمَوْمِ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمَوْمِ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمَوْمِ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِيَّةِ الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِيَّةِ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيَّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيَّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيَّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِيْمِ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِنِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِيِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِيِيِّةُ الْمُؤْمِيِيِّةُ ا

except of those who the *Rahman* has permitted or those whose words are pleasing to Him.

- 110 He is aware of that
 which is before them,
 that which is behind them.
 'Tis they who cannot
 comprehend His knowledge.
- 111 Humbled shall all faces be before the Ever-Living, the Self-Existing.Woe to those who bear the burden of iniquity.



- 112 But he who does righteous deeds and faith possesseth he need fear no wrong, no loss.
- 113 Thus do We reveal it—
 a Proclamation in (plain) Arabic—
 and elaborate therein
 grave warnings
 so that they beware
 and it may serve them
 as reminder.
- 114 Allah is the Ultimate,
 the Truth Supreme.
 Be thou in no haste
 in proclaiming the Qur'an
 before its message
 is manifest to thee.
 Say thou, "O, my Lord,
 advance me Thou in knowledge."

- 115 We had made a covenant of old with man but he forgets. (although) We find in him no intention (to disobey).
- 116 When We bade the angels
 "Bow to Man,"
 all (had) bowed except *Iblis*.
 He had disdained.
- 117 We had said, "O, Man!
 This is, indeed, thy enemy
 and thy mate's
 beware lest he expel you
 from your heaven
 and ye be cast in misery.
- 118 "For you (herein) no hunger, no nakedness,
- 119 "Thou wilt not thirst herein nor suffer heat."
- 120 But Shaitan
 cast doubts in him:
 he whispered, "O, Man,

- shall I show thee an everlasting tree?"
- 121 So they both ate of it—
 became they conscious
 of their nakedness
 and used the garden leaves
 for cover.
 Thus Man disobeyed His Lord
 and was led astray.
- 122 (But even) then
 his Lord chose him,
 forgave him,
 and then guided him.
- 123 He said, "Ye both go down and live together enemies one to the other.

 But if there comes a guidance from Me whosoever follows My guidance shall not stray nor suffer death
- 124 "But he who turns his back on My reminder, for him life's opportunities will be narrowed and blind will be he on the appointed Day.
- 125 He will say, "My Lord, why hast Thou raised me blind? Ere now surely I could see."
- 126 He will say: "Just so:
 when Our reminders came to thee
 thou didst ignore them;
 just so:
 today thou too wilt be ignored.
- 127 Just so We deal
 with those who transgress
 and put no faith
 in the evidence of their Lord—
 and future misery
 will be more severe
 and more enduring.



128 How many generations, in whose houses they abide, have We destroyed.

Do these provide them with no lessons?

Therein, indeed, are signs for the intelligent."

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- 129 And had it not been
 for a forgone reprieve
 from thy Lord,
 they would have been assailed;
 but their time is fixed.
- 130 Therefore, (O, MUHAMMAD!)
 endure thou what they say
 and keep on striving
 to obey thy Lord,
 before the sun doth rise
 and ere it sets.
 Strive thou on (even)
 as the night engulfs,
 and in the precincts
 of the dawn,
 so that, perchance,
 Him thou mayest please.
- 131 Cast thou no longing eyes
 on blessings We have given
 to (other) couples—
 (mere) ornaments
 of the immediate present,
 We (only) test them with them.
 The favours of thy Lord (on thee)
 are better, more enduring.
- 132 Enjoin upon thy people worship and persist therein—
 We ask thee not for maintenance:
 'Tis We who maintain thee—
 leadeth it to discipline.
- 133 They question:

 "Why does he never bring to us some prophecies from his Lord?"

 Have there come to them no clear prophecies in the Books of yore?
- 134 Had We inflicted on them misery ere this they would have said, "Our Lord! if only

إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَا لِتِ لِأُولِي النُّهُي ﴿ وَلَوْ لَا كِلْمَةُ سَبَقَتْ مِنْ رَبْكَ أَكَانَ إِنَّا مَّاؤَ أَجَلُ تُكُمِّي أَمْ والمساعل ماكفولون وسيتخ يحمي رَبِكَ تَبُلُ طُلُوْءِ الشَّمْسِ وَقَبْلُ غُرُوبِهَا وَمِن أَنَّا يَى الْيُل أَسُمِّعُ وَ وَلَا تُمُدُّ نَّ عَنَمُكَ إِلَى مَا مُتَّعَنَّا مَهُ أز وَاحًا مِنْهُمُ زَهُمَ لاَ الْحَيْوةِ اللَّهُ نِيَاهُ سَّنَةُ مَافِي العَّحِينِ الْأَوْلِيُّ ۞ لقالوارتناكؤ كاأؤسلت الننادشه فَنَ شَعَالِبَاكَ مِنْ قَبْسُ إِنْ ثَذَٰلُ قُارِكُما فَا مُعَدَّرُ لِيضُ فَدَرُ لَكُونُواْ فستعلمون من اعطب الصِراط السّويّوَمِّنِاهُتَدْيُ

وَمَنْ يَعْمَلُ مِنَ الصَّاحَتِ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنُ فَلا يَخِفُ ظُلْمًا وَلا هَضَّالَ وكذاف أنولنه فزا ناعر بياؤه وترفنا فنه مِنَ الْرَعِنْ لِكَلَّهُ مُورَيَّكُونَ أَوْ المُن اللهُ وَلَمْ اللهِ ا فتعل التؤالماك الحقيء ولاتعجل مالْقُوْان مِنْ قَيْلِ أَنْ يُقْضَى إِلَىٰ كُ وَحُمُهُ وَقُلْ رَّبِ زِدْ يِنْ عِلْمًا ١ وَلَقَدُ عَمِدُ نَا إِلَىٰ أَدُمُ مِنْ قَبُ لُ فَنَيِي وَلَهُ يَجِهُ لَهُ عَنِمًا هُ وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَلِكَةِ الْمُحُدُّوْ الْإِذْ مَر فَتَعِكُدُ وَالِلاَ إِبْلِيْسُ أَبِي ٠ تَقُلْنَانَادُمُ إِنَّ هِٰذَاعَدُ وَ لَكَ وَلِزَ وْحِكَ فَلَا يُخْرِحَنَّكُمْ أَمِنَ الْجَنَّة وَ ٱتَّافَ كَا تَظْمُ أَوْمَهَا وَلَا تَظْمُ

thou hadst sent to us a Messenger we would surely have paid heed to thy prophecies before they came to pass and humbled us."

135 Say thou:

"All wait so wait you too!
And soon ye'll come to know
who treads the smoothened path,
who is rightly guided."



Sura : $ANBIY\bar{A}$

In the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilman

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Nigh draws the time of reckoning for the people—and yet they go about in heedlessness...

- 2 No fresh reminder from their Lord doth come to them but to it listen they with scorn and ridicule
- 3 Born of thoughtlessness.
 In secret conclave
 whisper they who would seduce:
 "What is he except a man like you?
 Will ye be ensnared by his magic
 with wide open eyes?"
- 4 (Say thou "Beware of what ye say!) My Lord is e'er aware of what is said. He is the Hearer and the Knower!"
- 5 "Nay!" they say,
 "These are tangled fantasies!
 Or rather innovations
 of a mere minstrel.
 Just let him bring a miracle
 like the ones evinced
 by those of former generations!"
- 6 Had any of the people whom We destroyed evinced belief (in miracles which they were shown)? Will then these believe?
- 7 Did We send before thee any but men whom We inspired? Inquire ye of the people of the Book if ye (yourselves) are unaware

- 8 Did We give them bodies except such as needed nourishment? Were they immortal?
- 9 Eventually We did fulfil Our promise to them and rescued them and those We wished; but those who went beyond all bounds We them destroyed.
- 10 We have, indeed, bestowed on you (O people!) a Book (a Manual, a Code recitable) to constantly remind you.
 Why then do you not use your intelligence?

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- 11 How many habitations which transgressed have We overthrown and raised others in their place!
- 12 'Tis only when they felt Our might approaching them— 'tis only then they tried from it to flee.
 - 13 "Do not (vainly try to) flee!

 Return ye to your revels

 and your palaces...

 perchance ye will be questioned!"
 - 14 They wail, "O woe to us, we had, indeed, transgressed!"
 - 15 And this their wail ceased not until We made of them a stubbled field, harvested and lonesome.



- 16 Did We create the heavens and the earth and all that is between for idle play?
- 17 Had it been Our wish to find a pastime, We could have found ones near at hand if We did wish to play.
- 18 Thus do We hurl
 the Truth against the Falsehoods.
 It knocketh out the sense in them
 and lo, they perish!
 But woe to ye who (to Us)
 ascribe such falsities.
- 19 Subservient to Him are all that are in Heaven and on earth; those nearest to Him disdain they never to serve Him nor are they ever wearied.
- 20 Strive they (in His service) night and day—never do they flag.
- 21 Have some taken deities from (foreign) lands, whom they raise on high?!
- 22 If there had been among them deities besides The Deity there would have been rebellion. Glory be to THE DEITY!

 The Lord on High!
 How they blaspheme!
- 23 What He doeth none can question; 'tis they who will be questioned.
- 24 Have some found another deity beside Him?
 Say thou, "Bring forth your proofs: here are the recitals with me and of those who were before me."
 But (alas!) most of them are ignorant of truth, and that is why they turn away.

剧剧問

الْ كُنَّافِعِلْيْنَ ﴿ وَلَهُ مَنْ فِي السَّمَانِ تِ وَالْرَهُمِنْ وَمَنْ عِنْكَ لَا لِيَسْتُكُمْرُونَ عَنْ عِبَادَتِهِ نَ الْكِلْ وَالنِّهُمُّارُ لِانْفَعُرُونَ[©] لاينظام عَمَّا لَفْعَالُ وَهُدُمُنْ عَلَانَ فَعَالُ وَهُدُمُنْ عَلَانَ الْ أَمِالُّكُنُّ وَامِنَ دُونِهَ الْهَدُّ عُلُّ هَانُواكِرُهَانَكُهُ ۚ هٰذَاذَكُوْمَنُ ومَا أَرْسَلْنَامِنُ قَدُلْكَ مِنْ رَسُول وي النهاقة واله الآانا

وَمَا ارْسَلْنَا قَنْلُكَ الْأَرْجَالُا ثُوْرِيَ النه م فَنَكُو آهُ لَ النَّه كُرِيانَ نَشَاهُ وَاهْلُكُنَا الْمُسْرِفِينَ ٠ أَوِّىٰ إِنَّ لِأَلَّالِكُمُّ كِتْمَانِيْهِ ذِلْرُكُمُّ كَهُ تُصَمِّنَا مِنْ تَرْبِيةِ كَانَتْ ظَالِمَةً وَ أَنْشَأْنَا بَعُنَ هَا تَوْمًا أَخُويُنَ ١ فكتكا أحشؤا كأسنكاإذا هشمة بنهكا

25 No Messenger We sent before thee but on whom We did enjoin: "No deity is there but We! Therefore serve ye Me."



- 26 (Impressed by an illustrious man)
 Some say, "The Rahman
 hath taken to Himself a son!"
 Glory be to Him!
 (All such) are only honoured devotees!
- 27 They have no voice before Him. They act on His behest.
- 28 He knows what lies before them and what doth lie behind them.

 None do they befriend but the ones whom He approves.

 Tremble they in awe of Him.
- 29 If any of them were to say, "I am a deity, along with Him;" for such We prescribe hell. Thus do We punish those who transgress.

- 30 Do those who would evade
 not realize
 that heaven and earth were one
 before We cleft them?
 And that all living things
 We have made of water?
 Will they not this believe?
- 31 And We have bestowed mountains on the earth lest it sway and have provided therein passes for their passage; perchance they will be guided.
- 32 And We have made the sky a canopy of safety, but still they live beneath it heedlessly.
- 33 It is He who made the Night, the Day the Sun, the Moon: they all strive silently (along their assigned paths).
- 34 We have granted to no man before thee immortality; if then, thou shouldst die, will they, for ever, live?

- 35 All those that live must taste of death.

 We test you with evil as with good, and then to Us ye all return.
- 36 Whenever those who would evade see thee, they treat thee not except with ridicule.
 "Is this," they say, "the one who speaks against your deities?" And yet, they themselves, even against Rahman blaspheme!
- 37 "Man," (they say in excuse)
 "is made of haste."
 Soon will I show My signs.
 Hasten ye not Me.
- 38 They sneer,
 "When will this threat descend,
 if what you say is true?"
- 39 If only those who would evade knew (now) the time when they will be unable to evade the fire from their faces or from their backs, when no one will be there to help them.
- 40 But no! It will descend upon them suddenly and confound them and they will be helpless in avoiding it.

 They will have no time.
- 41 Messengers before thee have been ridiculed; but, that which they had ridiculed encompassed those who mocked.
- 42 Ask thou, "Who watcheth o'er you night and day except the Rahman?"

 But remembrance of their Lord they abhor.
- 43 Have they other deities
 who guard them apart from Us?
 They have no power to help themselves
 they come not near to Us!



- 44 We did enrich these men and their forefathers until they have become decadent. Do they not see that We have been reducing their proud domain in its periphery?

 Is it they who are gaining?
- 45 Say thou,
 "I only warn you.
 as I have been enjoined."
 But hear they not
 who are deaf to warning
 even when they're warned.
- 46 But let a whiff of thy Lord's wrath but touch them and lo, they whine, "O, woe to us, we had, indeed, transgressed!"
- 47 We set up balances, that are sensitive, for the final assessment: no man do they wrong a whit. If there be weight of but a single mustard seed, they will reveal it. All sufficient are We As Reckoners.
- 48 On Musa and Harun
 We did, indeed, bestow discernment, light and guidance for the circumspect,
- 49 Those who fear their Lord, inherently, and, of the hour (of judgement), stand in awe.
- 50 And here is being bestowed a blessed reminder: will ye then deny it?

51 On *Ibrahim*, indeed,
We bestowed rectitude.
From early youth
We were aware of him.

و نَعْمَ انْفُهِمُ وَلَاهُمُ مِّنَ السَّاعَةِ مُشْفِقُونَ ۞ وَهِنَ أَذِكُو مُنْكِرُكُ أَنْزَلْنَهُ أَنَاكُمُ أَنَاكُمُ إذْ قَالَ لِرَيْمِ وَتَوْمِهِ مَا هُذِي الثَّمَ الشَّكُ أَثُلُ الَّتِيُّ أَنْتُكُولُهَا عَأَلِفُونَ @ قَالْوُا وَحَدُيْنَا أَنَّاءُ نَا لَهَا عُدِيْنَ 6

الزئن كانتارتقا ففتقتهما وأ لْنَامِنَ الْمَاءِكُلُّ ثَنُوعٌ حَيِّ أَفَلَا تَكُفَّهُ نَ عَنْ تُوجُوهِ مُوالنَّارَ وَكَا

- 52 When he said to his father and his people: "What are all these idols before whom ye supplicate?"
- 53 They said, "We found our father worship them."



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- 54 He said, "Then, indeed, ye and your fathers too were, apparently, in error."
- 55 They asked, "Dost thou speak in seriousness or dost thou only jest?"
- 56 He said, "Nay, your Lord
 (in reality) is the Lord
 of heaven and earth—
 He who gave them mass and shape—
 and I am to that, witness!
- 57 (And to himself he said:)
 "By Allah, I shall deal
 with your idols as soon as you
 have turned your backs."
- 58 So he smashed them into pieces except the biggest among them, so that to it they may return.
- 59 (When they returned) they cried, "O, who has done this to our deities! He must, indeed, be from amongst the monsters!"
- 60 (Some) said,
 "We have heard a youth
 speak lightly of them—
 they call him *Ibrahim*."
- 61 They said, "Then haul him out to face the people so that they all may see."
- 62 They asked, "Hast thou done this to our idols, O, *Ibrahim*?"
- 63 He said, "'Tis evident—
 some one has done it;
 Here (stands) their leader!
 Ask his lordship,
 if he will deign to speak!"
- 64 So they retired among themselves and conferred: "In truth 'tis ye who have been cornered!"

- 65 Then, crest-fallen, and shame-faced, (they murmered): "Thou knowest well 'they' do not speak."
- 66 He said,
 "Wouldst ye then render worship,
 besides Allah,
 to those who neither can
 help you, nor cause you harm?
- 67 "Off with you and the things ye worship besides Allah! Have ye no sense?"
- 68 They rose in babble:
 "Burn him!
 Avenge your deities!!
 If nothing else you do!!"
- 69 We decreed:
 "O conflagration, subside!
 Let *lbrahim* be safe!"
- 70 They then deliberated strategy.

 But We made themselves the losers.
- 71 We rescued him.
 and Lut
 to the land
 which We have blessed
 for all people.
- 72 And We gave him

 Ishaq and Ya'qub—
 as grandson—
 And all of them
 We righteous made.
- 73 We made them leaders they guided men as We would wish and We inclined them towards righteous deeds to stand attent at duty, their obligations to fulfil, and they served only Us.



- 74 And Lut. We gave him judgment, knowledge, and We rescued him from the town in which vile practices prevailed. They were, indeed, a set of evil reprobates.
- 75 We sheltered him beneath Our mercy. He was, indeed, among the righteous.

- 76 And Nuh when he called Us, long ago, We responded to Him and rescued him and his household from a great torment.
- 77 We succoured him amidst a people who repudiated Our signs. They too were evil people; so, all of them were drowned.
- 78 And Dawud and Sulaiman.

 when they passed judgment
 on the field in which
 a people's flock of sheep
 had strayed,
 We were, indeed, there.
- 79 And We made Sulaiman understand:

 'Tis We who bestow all understanding, all discernment.
 'Tis We who made the mountains and the birds resound to Dawud in his song.
 'Tis We who act (in all such instances).
- 80 It was We who taught him how to make protective garments for you to save you from each other's violence. Will ye not then be grateful?
- 81 And for Sulaiman
 (We provided) steady trade winds
 which carried (cargo) at his bidding
 from the Land which We had blessed.
 We are the masters of all arts.

نْهُ وَأَهْلُهُ مِنَ الْكُرْبِ عَمَلَا دُونَ ذلكَ ۚ وَكُنَّا

اى دَكُمْ أَهُنَ وَانَاعَلَى ذَلِكُمْ مِنَ نُكُو لَكِسُوْاعَلَىٰ رُءُ وبينِمْ ۚ لَقَنْ عَلِمْتَ الْفَوْ لِآءِ يَنْطِقُونَ @ قَالَ أَفَتَعُنُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللهِ مَالَا و ولماتعه كاون من ودوي

82 And among his devilish, skilled-ones were some who dived for him and who performed some other feats besides, We were their guardians.



- 83 And Ayyub,
 when he called his Lord,
 "Indeed, distress envelops me
 O, Thou who art the merciful
 beyond all Mercy!"
- 84 Responded We to him.

 Relieved We him from his distress.

 Restored We him to his people,
 and doubled them as grace from Us,
 and as an example
 for those who would serve Us.
- 85 And Isma'il and Idris and Dhu'lkifl all persevered (against heavy odds)
- 86 And We welcomed them to Our mercy.

 They were all among the righteous.
- 87 And Dhu'n-Nun
 When he was led away by anger and thought We had no power concerning Him...
 But, when, engulfed in darkness deep, he prayed,
 "Verily there is no diety beside Thee! Glory be to Thee!
 'twas I who had transgressed!"
- 88 We responded to him.

 We rescued him from dire distress.

 And thus We rescue all

 who would believe.
- 89 And Zakariyya.

 When he called to Us

 "My Lord, leave me not (to old age) all alone
 (although) Thou art the best Provider."
- 90 So We responded to him and bestowed on him Yahya and put to right for him his wife. They vied, indeed, in doing good and called on Us in love and reverence.

 On Us they did depend.
- 91 And she who maintained her virginity!

 We imbued in her from Our will and made her, and her son, a sign to all the peoples.

- 92 (This was the substance of Our message through them all):
 "Your different peoples are, indeed, one single people and I alone am Lord of all.
 Therefore, serve ye only Me."
- 93 But they split their injunctions among themselves. (Nonetheless) they will all return to Us.

- 94 Whoever acteth rightly, and is a man of faith, his effort will not be erased. We shall record it.
- 95 But it becomes imperative on Us to annihilate a city (when its dwellers) will not retract
- 96 Until, (one horde of retribution or another), Yajuj or Majuj o'ertakes the gates and from the hills:

 (like ants) on them descends.
- 97 Nigh lies fulfilment of the promise true when the eyes of those who would evade will stare in horror: "Ah, woe to us, we were, indeed, oblivious of this; we had indeed been unjust to ourselves."
- 98 Indeed ye, and those ye worship beside Allah, shall fuel hell when ye will surely enter it.
- 99 If any 'mong them had been deities they would not have entered it. But all of them shall enter it.
- 100 They'll lend their selves to its great hiss they'll hear not else! 353-354



- 101 But those for whom has gone ahead a welcome from Ourself they shall be from it far removed.
- 102 Not even as a distant hiss will they hear it. Therein they will dwell as they desire.
- 103 (Death, man's) greatest terror
 will bring them no anxiety.
 Angels themselves
 shall welcome:
 "Now dawns the day
 which ye were promised."
- 104 Then We shall roll up
 the heavens themselves,
 as keepers of accounts
 roll up their scrolls.
 And they emerge as new creation.
 That We promise
 and that We will achieve.
- 105 We had emphasized in the Zabur after due admonition: "The earth my righteous servants shall inherit."
- 106 In that, indeed, doth lie an adage for those who would sincerely serve.
- 107 Nor have We sent thee but as a blessing to all peoples.
- 108 Say thou, "All that has been made clear to me is this:

 The Deity of all of you is One Deity!

 Will ye (not) submit (to Him)?"
- 109 If they, (notwithstanding), turn their backs, say thou,"I have duly warned you.I know not if the fulfilment of that which you've been promised is near or far.
- 110 "'Tis He who is aware of that which ye profess and that which ye hold back.
- 111 "I know not whether this (intervening period) is a test for you

بُ يَعْمُمُ أَنْتُمُ لَهُا وَارِدُونَ ١٠ هَةُ إِذَا عِلْمُ أَوْمُ وَهُوا مِنْ فَعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُ فهازف وهم فهالا فَانَ ثَدُلُوا فَقُلُ إِذِنْتُكُمُّ عَلَى سَوَاءً وَإِنْ أَذِرِينَ أَقَرَبُكُ أَمْرِيَعِتُ مَمَّا انتَّهُ يَعْكُمُ الْجَهُرُمِنَ الْقَوْلِ وَ وَإِنَّا دُرِيُ لِعَلَّهُ فِتَنَةً كُنُّهُ المُسْتَعَانُ عَلَى مَاتَصِفُونَ ﴿

وَٱيْكُونِ إِذْ نَادِي رَبَّكَهُ ٱنَّىٰ مَسَّد خُةٌ وَالْمُنْ الْمُأْهُمُ لَمُ وَمِثْلُهُ وَمَثْلُهُ وَمُعَمِّهُ كُلُّ مِّنَ الصِّيرِيْنَ ۖ ٥٠ وَٱدْخَلْنُهُمْ فِي رَحْمَتِنَا ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ مِّنَ الضَّلِحِيْنَ 💮 وَذَاالنُّونِ إِذْ ذُهَبَ مُغَاضِبًا لَظُنَّ وتقدر عكته فنادى في الظُّلَّات كُنْتُ مِنَ الظَّلِينِينَ فَيْجُ فيتناله وتختنه ومن الغة وَكُذَا الْكُاثُمُ مِنْ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ هِ كَالِدُ نَادِي رَفَهُ رَبُّ أَرَتُكُ رُكُ يُحِنَّالُهُ وَوَهَنَّالُهُ يَحْنُى وَ وَالَّذِينِّ أَحْصَنَتُ فَرْجَهَا فَنَظَيْنَا فِنْهَا مِنْ يُؤْجِعَا وَجَعَلْنِهَا وَانْهَمَّا أَبَهُ إنَّ هٰذِهَ أُمَّتُكُمُ أُمَّةً وَّاحِدَةً وَّأَحَدُهُ وَّأَنَّا رَبُّكُوْنَاغُبُدُونِ ۞ وَتَقَطَّعُوا أَمْرُهُ مُ كِنْ يُنَّهُ مِ كُلُّ الْدَيَا

or just a transient phase of well-being."

112 Say thou,
"Our Gracious Lord!
Protect us all
from that which they
do attribute (to Thee)."
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Sura : $MU'MIN\bar{U}N$

h the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

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Prosperity is certain for such believers:

- 2 (i) As are humble in carrying out their duties.
- 3 (ii) Those who hold themselves aloof from profanities.
- 4 (iii) Those who strive to fulfil all their obligations.
- 5 (iv) Those who preserve their chastity—
- 6 Except with their mates or those possessed by right, for in such cases they are free from blame;
- 7 But those who stray beyond that limit, they shall have transgressed—
- 8 (v) Those who faithfully abide by their trusts and promises.
- 9 (vi) And those who faithfully observe their duties.
- 10 They shall, indeed, be the inheritors
- 11 Who will inherit a heaven on earth as their abode.

- 12 In truth, We made man from the crust of the earth.
- 13 Then We made of him a sperm and placed him in a safe abode.
- 14 Then We made the sperm into an embryo; the embryo We made into a foetus; in this foetus We developed bones; the bones We clothed in flesh; then We willed him as an individual: Glory be to Allah, the Creator sublime!
- 15 Then, after all this, surely you will die.
- 16 Then, surely, on the day inevitable, ye will be raised.
- 17 Above ye We have made seven orbits—
 We are at no time oblivious
 of Our creation.
- 18 Send We from the skies rain in due proportions. We retain some upon the land; We have the power to drain it all away.
- 19 And We provide for you thereby shady groves of date-palms and of vines. In them ye have abundant fruits from which ye eat.
- 20 And on the Tor of Sinai there grows a tree succulent with oil and with a flavour delicate for those who eat it.



- 21 And in the cattle too
 are things for you to marvel at:
 supply we drink to you
 from their bellies;
 for you are many benefits
 from them—on them ye feed,
- 22 And on their backs, as if on ships, ye ride.

- 23 We had sent *Nuh* to his people.

 He said, "O my people!

 Serve ye Allah:

 you have no deity beside Him:
 will ye not be loyal to Him?"
- 24 The influential among his people who disbelieved, disparaged him: "No more is he than a man like unto you!

 All that he wishes is to show himself superior to you!

 If Allah had so wished He would have deputed angels (to guide you).

 Never have we heard such things from our ancestors of old!"
- 25 (Some said), "He is none but a man possessed bear ye with him for a while."
- 26 He cried, "O Lord! Help me Thou against their casuistry."
- 27 So We suggested to him:

 Construct a boat in Our presence and as We bid thee.

 And when Our word doth come to pass and the oven bursts, admit therein a pair of mates of each and all thy household, except those against whom the word has gone forth—and importune Me not regarding the transgressors: they shall drown!

أنسكنا تُوتِعالى قومه فقال عُدُوااللهَ مَا لَكُوُمِ مِنْ إِلَٰهِ ألتكويت أنت وكان تكعك كل الفلك فقل الحمد بله النائ تخنا مِنَ الْقُوْمِ الظَّلِيدِينَ ﴿ ۣ ٳ۫ٮٲڹۯڶؽؙڡؙڹۯٳ۠ۺؙڹۯڰٲڎڰ خَيْرُ الْمُثَوْلِيْنَ 🔞

到別問

وَ الْمُؤْلِنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءَ مَاءً كِفَدَ رِفَاضَكُنَّهُ لِزُمُنِينٌ وَإِنَّاعَلَى ذَهَابِ كِيهِ

- 28 And when thou and those with thee have embarked safely in the boat, say thou, "Befitting is command to Allah who has delivered us from a people who had transgressed."
- 29 And say, "My Lord! Escort me Thou to a destination blest; for, verily, Thou art the best of Escorts!"



30 In that, indeed, are signs; and thus, indeed, do We try men.

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- 31 Then We raised after them another generation
- 32 And sent We unto them a Messenger from amongst themselves:
 "Serve ye Allah.
 No deity have ye beside Him.
 Will ye not be loyal to Him?"
- 33 But the influential among his people who would evade or spurn the promise of the future, whom We had exalted in the immediate present, (said)

 "No more is he than a man like unto you: he eats of what ye eat,
- 34 "If you should follow one who is an image of yourselves, ye will, indeed, be lost.

he drinks of what ye drink!

- 35 "Does he promise you that when you're dead and turned to dust and bones you will emerge again?
- 36 "Vain, O vain what you've been promised!
- 37 "Nothing is there but our present life—
 we live and we die,
 'tis not for us to rise again.
- 38 "He is no more than a man who attributes a lie to Allah! But we are not the ones to put our faith in him!"
- 39 He cried, "O Lord! Help me Thou against their casuistry!"
- 40 He mused (unto himself), "Soon will they awaken ashamed and repentant!"

- 41 Overtook them then—the blast in right earnest and We turned them into chaff!

 Long, long forgotten now is this presumptuous people...
- 42 Then We raised after them another generation.
- 43 No people can abbreviate their term nor can they extend it.
- 44 Then sent We Messengers successively.
 But every time a Messenger
 came to his people,
 they called him false.
 So We made them follow
 one the other
 and made of them
 tales of the past.
 Long, long forgotten now
 are these people
 who would not be convinced.
- 45 Then sent We Musa and his brother Harun with Our proofs and clear testament
- 46 To Fir'aun and his vassals. But they disdained. They were, indeed, a supercilious people.
- 47 They said, "Shall we put our trust in these two men like ourselves, and whose people are our slaves!"
- 48 They called them false and were themselves destroyed!
- 49 Indeed, We gave to Musa the Law so that (his people) may be guided . . .
- 50 We made the son of Maryam and his mother a sign:
 We ensconced them both on a high ground affording to them shade and a spring.



- 51 "O, ye (My) Messengers!

 Meet for you is all that is pure;
 act ye righteously:
 I am, indeed, aware of all ye do!"
- 52 (This was in fact the substance of Our message through them all:) "Your different peoples are, indeed, one single people, and I alone am Lord of all! Therefore, fear ye only Me!"
- 53 But they have split this single dispensation into different faiths, each faith rejoicing in what it has acquired!
- 54 But leave them for a while in their confusion.
- 55 Do they think that just because

 We have given them wealth and children
- 56 We shall hie them forth to the realms of happiness? Nay, they little understand!
- 57 (i) They who, in fear of their Lord, grow pale;
- 59 (iii) They who, with their Lord, no others do associate;
- 60 (iv) And they who
 give, whate'er they give,
 with hearts that thrill
 because they give back
 to their Lord—
- 61 They are the ones who hie to happiness—they are the first to reach it.

الله وَالكُوْمِنِ إله عَامُولًا مُ أَفَلًا

62 No soul do We burden with more than it can bear. And with Us is the record that bears the truth: they will not be wronged.

- 63 But their hearts are much confused and they engage in actions (beyond) their duties and in these actions they continue to indulge.
- 64 Until We seize the foremost (among them) and lo, they bleat (like sheep)!
- 65 "Oh bleat ye not today: for ye shall in no way be helped by Us!"
- 66 My omnipresence
 was pointed out to you
 but you turned back
 on your heels
- 67 Superciliously; and made of it a topic to pass away the night...
- 68 Why do they not ponder o'er the words?

 Has there come to them something which had not come to their forefathers?
- 69 Do they not recognize their Messenger? Or, do they disapprove of him?
- 70 Do they say,
 "He is possessed?"
 No! He has come with Truth;
 but most of you detest the Truth!
- 71 If this Truth had also followed their wishes, corrupted would have been the heavens and the earth and all who are therein.

Nay, We have offered them counsel good for them; but, from good counsel, they ever turn away.

72 Or, dost thou ask them for a tribute?

The tribute of thy Lord is better.

He is the great Provider!

- 73 Thou art only calling them to the correct path!
- 74 And they, indeed,
 who in their future
 have no faith
 are shying from that path.
- 75 If We took pity on them and rid them of the distress which they suffer, they will blunder still in their waywardness.
- 76 We have, indeed, ere now inflicted punishment on them but they would not humble themselves to their Lord nor will they entreat.
- 77 Until We open on them the flood gates of perdition: then they will be o'erwhelmed.

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- 78 He it is who left ajar for you the doors of sight, of hearing and of heart!

 How little is the gratitude ye show!
- 79 He it is who has broadcast you on earth; to Him ye will be gathered.
- 80 He it is who (every day) gives you life and death; alternateth He the day and night: Will ye never understand?
- 81 Instead, they echo those of old:
- 82 They say, "When we are dead, and dry as dust and bones, can we be raised again?
- 83 "Such promises were made before this to ourselves and our forefathers but these are not but ancient tales."



- 84 Ask thou, "Whose is the earth and whose are those that live upon it? Tell me if you know."
- 85 Promptly they will answer:
 "Allah's." Say thou,
 "Why then do ye keep not
 that in mind?"
- 86 Ask thou, "Who is the Lord of the seven heavens and the Lord Supreme of the highest Throne?"
- 87 Promptly they will answer "Allah!" Say thou, "Why then do ye not fear?"
- 88 Ask thou, "Who is that in whose hands lies all power; who compelleth all and none can compel Him? (Tell me) if you know."
- 89 Promptly they will answer
 "Allah." Say thou,
 "Why then are ye deluded?"
- 90 Verily, We have imbued in them the truth, but they persist in falsehood.
- 91 No offspring hath Allah begotten!
 Nor can there be
 with Him another deity;
 else every deity
 would have lorded (jealously)
 o'er his domain
 and each would try to aggrandize
 o'er the others!
 Glory be to Allah!
 He is far above their chatter!
- 92 He is the Knower
 of the hidden and the manifest!
 High, high above
 those they associate with Him.

وَالْأَفْدُونَ وَالْكُوْمُاكِشُكُونُ وَنَ @ هُ أَلَّانُ يُورَاكُمُ فِي الْأَمْضِ هُ اللَّهُ وَيُعْتُ وَيُعْتُ وَلَهُ الْخَدَلُاكُ كَا رَالْكَارُ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ۞ امِثُلَ مَا قَالَ الْأَوَّالُونَ @ ادًامِثْنَا وَكُنَّا ثُرَابًا وَعِظًّا مَّا رُنَا نَعُونُ وَأَنَّا فَيُنَاهِلُنَا الْمِنْ

أَفَلَهُ مِينٌ بُرُوا الْقُولَ أَمْرُحًا وَهُمُ مَّالَةُ مَأْتِ أَمَّاءُهُمُ الْاَقْلِينَ ۞ وَهُوجَيُرُ الرُّيْ فِينَ ٠ والك لتناغؤ هنم إلى ويراط فنت وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْأَخِرَةِ عَ الصِّوَاطِ لَنَاكِيُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ رَحِمُونُهُ وَكُشُّفُنَا مَا بِهِ مُقِينٍ فَ وَهُوَ اللَّهُ فِي أَنْكَ الْكُوالْكُمُ وَالْأَصَالَ

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93 (Thou art inclined to) say,
"My Lord!

If thou shouldst let me witness
that with which
Thou hast threatened them,

رَبِّ فَلاَّ تَجُعُلُنِي فِي الْقَوْمِ الظَّلِ

94 "Then, my Lord, include me not among these obstinates!"



- 95 We have, indeed, the power to let thee see what We have promised them.
- 96 (But continue thou to) respond with thy best against their evil.

 We know full well what they chatter.
- 97 And say, "My Lord, in Thee I seek refuge from the promptings of the devils.
- 98 "And in Thee I seek refuge lest they overcome my fortitude."
- 99 (They will continue thus)until death comes to each of themand he says,"O my Lord! Return Thou (me)
- 100 "So that I might put right what I neglected grossly."

 These are cries in vain; before them lies a void until again they rise.
- 101 So, when the Trumpet blows no bonds of lineage then exist. None doth even ask (about another).
- 102 Those whose merits heavy weigh, they prosper.

- 103 Those who are deficient
 (in their merits)
 they are the ones who have
 put themselves to loss—
 they are perpetually in misery.
- 104 Countenances scorched with misery, faces grimacing, distorted.
- 105 "Was not My omnipresence pointed out to you? Did ye not repudiate it?"
- 106 They say, "Our Lord! Our cleavages had overwhelmed us; we had gone astray.
- 107 "Our Lord! Release us from this! If we repeat our errors, then indeed, we shall be self-condemned."
- 108 He saith, "Slink ye back to your misery, speak ye not to Me!
- 109 "There were among My servants some who used to pray:

 'Our Lord! We acknowledge Thee!

 Forgive us Thou and show Thy mercy Thou art foremost in showing mercy.'

- 110 "But you treated them with ridicule so much so that laughing at them made you even make fun of Me!
- 111 "This day I have rewarded them for their perseverance... in that they are triumphant."
- 112 He asks, "How long did you spend on earth, how many years?"
- 113 They say, "We lived a day and odd; but ask Thou them who counted."
- 114 He saith,
 "Indeed, ye lived but little;
 would that ye had known!
- 115 "Had ye not then believed that We had made you all in vain and that to Us ye'd never return?!"
- 116 High, high, Exalted is Allah!

 The Sovereign in reality!

 There is no Deity but He.

 The Lord of heavenly Compassion.
- 117 He who would call upon another deity with Him has not (a vestige of) authority!

 Judgment on him lies with his Lord; but infidels they never prosper.

ظلمُون ﴿

اِنْهُ كُلُّونُ وَمُنْ الْمُعْدُونِ ﴿

اِنْهُ كُلُّونُ وَمُنْ عَلَىٰهُ وَمُعْدُونِ ﴿

اَنْهُ كُلُّونُ وَمُنْ عَلَىٰهُ وَالْمُعْدُونِ ﴿

اَنْهُ كُلُّونُ وَمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَعَلَىٰهُ وَالْمُعْدُونُ وَالْمُنْهُ وَمُنْعُمُونُ وَالْمُعْدُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُعْدُونُ وَالْمُنْهُ وَالْمُعْدُونُ وَالْمُنْهُ وَالْمُعْدُونُ وَالْمُنْهُ وَالْمُعْدُونُ وَالْمُنْهُ وَالْمُعْدُونُ وَالْمُنْهُ وَالْمُعْدُونُ وَالْمُنْهُ وَاللّهُ وَالّهُ وَاللّهُ وَلّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَلّ

118 Say thou, (only)
"O, my Lord,
Forgive me and be merciful.
Thou art all compassion!"

دُونَاعَلَ اَنْ فَرِيكَ مَا نَعِدُهُهُمُ اَعْلَمُونِكَ فَيَ اَعْلَمُونِكَ فَيْوَنَ اَعْلَمُونِكَ لِمَعَنَّ فَوْنَ فَيْفَا وَقُولَ رَبِّ اعْوَدُ لِكَ مُنْهُمْ زِبِالشَّيْفِيْنِ وَمَعْلَ رَبِّ اعْوَدُ لِكَ مُنْهُمْ زِبِالشَّيْفِيْنِ وَمَعْنَ وَاعْدُونِكَ مَنْهُمُ وَلِي فَيْ مَعْنَى اعْمَاعِكُونِ فَيْ الْهَاكِمَةُ فُوفَالِهُ هَا الْمُونُ وَلَا الْمَالِكُونَ فَالْكِورُ الْهَاكِمَةُ فُوفَالِهُ هَا الْمَوْدُ وَلَا الْسَابَ اللَّهِ فَيْهِ الْهَاكِمَةُ وَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمُعَالَى اللَّهُ الْمُعَالَمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعَالَمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعَالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعَالَمُ اللْمُلْمُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُول

*

Sura : $AN'\bar{A}M$

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

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Befitting is command to Allah only.

He who created the heavens and the earth and ordained both darkness black and radiant light!

And yet these infidels, with their Lord, (others) would consider!

- 2 He it is who moulded you from clay and set for you a span—the length of span He knows—and yet ye vacillate!
- 3 He is the Lord of the heavens and the earth; He knoweth what ye hide and what ye show; He knoweth all that ye have earned.
- 4 No sign from 'mong the signs of Allah comes to them but that they must deny.
- 5 Glibly they deny the truth when it comes to them: soon indeed will come to them news at which they shall not laugh!
- 6 Do they not observe how many of the former generations We destroyed before them? We had established them more firmly in the land than We have now established you. Upon them We had bestowed rain in plenty—streams that warbled at their feet—But lo! for their sins, We destroyed them. And raised We other generations in their place.
- 7 If We had bestowed on thee a book (inscribed) on (actual) paper, one which they could (even) handle, (even then) these doubters would have said.

"This is obviously naught but sorcery!"

8 They ask,

"Why is not an angel sent down to him (to help him, with his might, to spread his gospel)?" But if an angel We had sent the matter would have been resolved; they would not then be left to think. 9 (Besides), if an angel We would send (as a Messenger) We would (have to) send him as a man.

And then We would confuse them as they are now confused!

10 Just so were laughed at, Messengers before thee.

But they were soon beset with that at which they laughed!

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- 11 Say thou, "Scan the earth and then reflect: What was the end of those who faith denied!"
- 12 Ask thou, "To whom belongeth all that is in heaven and earth?"

Answer thou: "To Allah!"

He hath on Himself made mercy incumbent!

He will eventually invite you all together, that is certain;

'tis only they who have forfeited their innate sense who will not believe!

13 For Him: all that subsists in night's darkness or in the light of day.

And He who all perceiveth; He who all doth know.

14 Ask thou, "Would you have me take for friend some one other than the author of the heavens and the earth?

He who feedeth but is never fed?"

Say thou, "I have been bid, first and foremost, to accept the dictum:

'Be not among the deifiers.' "

15 Say thou, "Indeed I fear, if my Lord I were to disobey, the punishment of the severe day."



16 If anyone is excused that day it will be only through

His grace, and that will be, indeed, a blessing great!

17 If Allah were to touch thee, with affliction none can cure thee except He.

And if with good He were to touch thee—He hath power o'er every thing.

18 He reigns supreme o'er all His servants. He is the Wise, He is the All-informed.



19 Ask thou: "Who is the greatest as a witness?" (They will answer, "Allah")

Say thou: "(Let then) Allah be the witness between me and you: This Qur'an is revealed to me so that I may warn you and those who would be guided.

"Can you state with equal certainty that, along with Allah, there are other deities?" Say thou, "I certainly do not witness to that." Say thou, "He is, indeed, the only Deity, and I, indeed, am innocent of your deifying."

الباتات الحَمَدُ لِيْهِ الدَّيْ عَحَلَقَ السَّمُوتِ وَ

وَهُوَ اللَّهُ فِي السَّمُوتِ وَ فِي الْأَنَّهُ ضِ يَعْلَمُ سِرَّكُمْ وَجَهْرٌ كُمْ وَبَعْلُمُ مَا وَمَا تَأْتِيْمُ مِنَ ايَهِ مِنَ ايتِ رَبُّه الآكائواعَنْهَامُغِيضِيْنَ ۞ الأامالخيّ لتناحكاءُهُمْ

20 Those on whom Books have been bestowed can recognize it as easily as they can recognize their own children.

It is only they whose lives have been entirely in vain that cannot make themselves believe.



21 Who can transgress more than one who would attribute a falsehood to Allah; or, one who'd hide His revelations?

Such false witnesses can never prosper!

22 On the day when We have gathered them together, We shall ask of those who would others deify:

"Where are your co-deities?—the ones in whom you had such confidence?"

23 Then will there be no means of subterfuge for them except to say,

"By Allah! Thou Sustainer ours! We were not amongst the polytheists!"

24 See how they fool themselves!

Misleadeth them the lie which they themselves invent.

25 There are among them those who listen to thee. But We have placed veils on their hearts so that they understand not;

in their ears is heaviness;

yet are unaware.

and even though they're shown (Our) signs, believe they not in them...

And when they come to discuss with thee these doubters only say, "But these are only tales of the ancients."

26 Such as these, fail to grasp the message and hinder others too from grasping it; but they destroy nought but themselves and

27 Would that thou couldst see them on the fiery brink!

They say, "O woe to us! Would that we could re-traverse!

We would not then deny the witness of our Lord.

We would, We would believe!"

28 Then will become manifest to them what had before been hidden;

But if they were (even then) allowed to retraverse they would return to that which is forbidden—

They lie, indeed!

29 They think, "Naught is there but the present life and we are never to be raised!"

30 Would that thou couldst see them when they're ranged before their Lord!

He says, "Is not this real?"

They say, "Yes, by our Lord!"

He says, "Taste ye then the scourge which ye denied!"

31 Lost, indeed, are those who would deny the meeting with their Lord, until there comes upon them (death's) gobbling moment.

Then they wail: "O, why, why did we neglect!"
And their burdens they continue to carry on their backs!

And, O, what evil burdens carry they!

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32 And what is the life of the present except a wasteful play?

The future destination of those who're wary is better far—Have ye no sense?

33 Indeed, We know the pain thou feelest from what they say; but, in fact, it is not thee that they deny.

What Allah Himself manifests these transgressors would confute!

34 Rejected were, indeed, Messengers before thee, but persevered they midst these denials and persecutions until there reached them Our help.

Allah's ordinances none can change.

Surely there have come to thee the epics of the previous Messengers.

35 Their (never-ceasing) rejection, (of all the signs of Allah thou hast pointed out to them), is hard for thee to bear.

Dig thou, if thou canst, into the bowels of the earth, or build a ladder to the sky to bring for them a sign (which will convince them)!

(Dost thou not see?): If Allah had so wished He could have gathered them to the correct path?

Then be not thou among the vain.



- 36 Those who (still) can hear, will certainly respond:
 but the dead—Allah (alone) can wake!
 And then to Him will they respond.
- 37 They say, "Why is not a miracle bestowed on him by his Lord?"

Say thou, "Allah can, indeed, bestow a miracle!"

But most of them (of Allah's ways) are not aware.

38 No creature crawls on earth, no bird doth fly on wings, but makes up a community like unto you.

Overlooked is nothing in Our design—they all respond eventually to Us.

39 Those who deny Our miracles are deaf and dumb, in utter darkness.

Whom He willeth Allah leaves to wander; whom He wills He leads to the correct path.

40 Say thou, "Ask yourselves:

If Allah's scourge comes on you, or a sudden dreaded hour, do ye call on some one else than Allah if ye are earnest?

41 "Yea! On Him (alone) you'd call.

And, if He wished, He'd cure you of what ye did complain, and ye would fain forget what you would (ordinarily) conjoin (with Him)!"

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42 We had, indeed, sent Messengers to many peoples before you:

We (even) gripped them (lightly) with sorrows and adversity so that they may come to know their limitations.

43 Why then, despite adversity, were they not cowed down?

Instead, their hearts did harden and Shaitan made fair seeming to them whate'er they did.

44 When they had clean forgot Our message to them.

opened We to them the gates to all they wished...

And lo, when revelling in the midst of gifts from Us.

قَدْنَعُكُمُ إِنَّهُ لَكُونُ نُكَ الَّذِي يُقُولُونَ فَأَتَّهُمُ لِانْكُذَّ بُونِكَ وَلِكُرَّ الظَّلِمُونَ عَلَى مَا كُنَّا ثُوْاوَ أُونُوْا حَتَّى آتُهُ عُمْهِ نَصُهُ نَاءَ وَالْمُكِدِّ [إِكَامِتِ اللَّهِ وَلَقَدُ حَاةِ لِوَمِنْ ثَمَا ثُي الْمُؤْسَلُونَ هِ وَإِنْ كَانَ كُوْعَلَنْكُ أَعْدُاغُ اغْدَاضُهُمْ الأزض أؤسكما فبالتماء فتأتماه مائة وَلَوْشَاءَ اللهُ لِحَمْعَهُ عَلَى الْهُدْي فَلَاتَكُنُ نَتَّى مِنَ تَطِيرُ يَحْنَا حِنَا كُلُوا اللَّهُ أَمْثُوا أَكُمُ الْمُثَالِكُمُ مَا فَرَّطْنَا فِي الْكِتْبِ مِنْ شَيْ ثُكُمَّ فى الظُّلُسُ مَنْ تَشَا اللَّهُ تُصْلِلُهُ قُلْ أَرْءَيْتُكُو إِنْ أَمَّاكُمُ عَنَاكُ اللَّهِ آوْ آتَتُكُمُ السَّاعَةُ أَغَيْرَا لِلهِ تَنْعُونَ * اِن كُنْتُمُوطِيدِ قِيْنَ @ ىلى اتاكوت كون فك يُخشِفُ مَا تَنْعُونَ إِلَيْهِ إِنْ شَاءَوَتَ نُسُونَ مَا تُشْرِرُونَ ۞ وَلَقَدُ أَرْسُلُنَا إِلَّ أُمِّيمِ مِّينَ قَبْلِكَ فَاحَذُنْهُمُ مِالْيَاسَاءِ وَالثَّرُّ آوَلَعُكُمُ بَتَطَمِّ عُوْنَ 🕝 فَكُوْلِ الْمُجَاءَهُ مِنَاسُنَاتُفَتَّمُ عُوْا ۮڵڮڹڰڛؾڰؙڶۏؽۿ؞ۄؘۮڒۺۜڵۿؠؙ الشَّبْطُنُ مَا كَانُوْ اَيَعْمَلُونَ ۞ فَلَهُانَسُوْامَادُكُمُ وايه فَتَحَنَا عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَذَا لَكُلُّ شَيْنٌ مُ مَحَثَّى إِذَا فَكُوْ المِمَّا أَوْ لُوْا أَخَالُ لُهُمْ لِغُتَةً

لأن مُن أشُرُكُ آأين شُركًا وَٰكُمُ نُهُ لَهُ تُكُنُّ وَتُنْتُهُمُ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا وَ الله وتناما كنا مشوكين كَنْ كَنْ كُنَّ أَنَّا عَلَّى ٱلْفُ وَمِنْهُ مِنْ مُنْ يَنْهُمُ وَالْنُكُ وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَى قُلُوبِهِ مُ إِلَيْنَةُ أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِيَ أدَانفُهُ وَقُرُّاهِ وَإِنْ ثَرَوْا كُلِّ أَلَيْهِ لَايُؤْمِنُوابِهَا وحَتَّى إِذَاجَاءُولَا يُحَادِلُونَكَ يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كُفُرُ وَآلِنَ هٰ ذُاللَّا أَسَاطُهُ وَالْآوَلِيْنَ ۞ وَهُمْ يَنْهُ وَنَ عَنْهُ وَيَنْؤُنَ عَنْهُ ۗ وَإِنْ يَهْلِكُونَ إِلَّا أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَمَا يَتْغُرُونَ ۞ وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذْ وُقِفُوْا عَلَى النَّارِفَقَالُوْا لِلْيَتَنَا ثُرَةُ وَلَا ثُكُنَّ بَهِ إِيْتِ رَبِّنَا وَ نَكُوُنَ مِنَ الْمُوْمِمِنِينَ ۞ بَلْ مَدَالَهُ مُ مَّاكَانُوالْخُفُونَ مِنْ فَيْلُ وَلُوْرُدُوْ الْعَادُوْ الْمَانَهُوْ عَنْهُ وَالنَّهُ مُلِّكُنْ يُونَ ۞ وَقَالُوْآ إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا حَمَا تُنَاالِ ثُونُمَا دُوالْعُنْ بِعَنْقُوثِيْنَ ۞ وَلَوْ تُرْتِي إِذْ وُ وَفَوْاعَلَى رَبِّهِ مُرْقَالَ أكيس هذا بالحجق قالؤا بلي ورتبأ قَالَ فَنُ وُقُواالْعَدَابَ بِمَاكُنُنُهُ تَدُخَهُ الَّذِينَ كَنَّا ثُوَا لِلْقَاءِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ا حق إذا كماء تُفعُهُ السّاعَةُ نَعْتُهُ وَالْوَا نِحَهُ مَنَاعَلِي مَا فَرَّطْنَا فِهُا " وَهُمُ

<u></u> وَمَا الْحُمُودُ الدُّنْكَ ٱللَّالَعِثُ

آفَلاَ تَعْقِلُونَ ⊙

We gripped them suddenly and they were crushed!

فَاذَاهُمُ مُثْمُيلِكُونَ ﴿

45 Damned were thus the last survivors among the aggressors!

And glory be to Allah, Lord of all communi-

46 Say thou, "Ask yourselves,

If Allah were to take away your hearing and your sight and were to seal your hearts, could any deity but The Deity restore them back to you?"

See, O, See! How lavishly expend We Our (waves of) arguments! And yet in shells they are encased!

47 Say thou, "Ask yourselves,

'If Allah's scourge

were to descend, suddenly or well-heralded, who will be destroyed except a people who transgress?""

48 We send not Messengers except as heralds of prosperity;

so those who heed them and reform, for them there is no fear nor shall they grieve.

- 49 But those who would confute Our evidence, them shall touch adversity because of their deceit.
- 50 Say thou, "I tell you not, that for me are open Allah's treasures:

nor do I claim to know the future.

I tell you not that I an angel am!

Obey I not but what has been revealed to me."

Ask thou, "Are they equal—the blind and those who see?

Why do ye never think?"

51 Those that dread to wake before their Lord—warn them thou:

for them there is no other friend nor intercessor.

Let them beware.

- 52 Turn thou not away those who call upon their
 Lord day and night seeking His favour;
 Thou art not accountable for them;
 nor are they accountable for thee;
 if thou wouldst spurn them thou wouldst
- if thou wouldst spurn them thou wouldst be thyself among the aggressors.

53 Thus would We have some to serve as contrasts against others:

so they say, "Is it these from mongst ourselves whom Allah doth so favour?"

Is not Allah most aware of those who are sincerely grateful?"

54 When those who have accepted Our presence, come to you.

say thou, "Peace be with you."

Thy Lord hath on Himself made Mercy incumbent!

Verily, he among you who acteth ill in his ignorance, and then repents and doth reform, (he need not fear), for He is oft-Forgiving Merciful!

55 Thus do We explain in detail, Our instructions so that the stratagems of the wicked may be exposed,

56 Say thou.

"I am forbidden from worshipping those whom ye worship beside Allah."

Say thou,

"I will not follow your whims and fancies; for then I'll stray and cease to be among the guided."

57 Say thou,

"I firmly stand upon my Lord's authority but ye reject my claims.

'Tis not for me (to hasten)

what ye would hasten

None hath that power except Allah.

He truth expounds.

He is the Arbiter above all arbiters."

58 Say thou,

"If what ye seek to hasten lay with me, settled would have been the matter between you and me:

but it is Allah who knoweth best who is the aggressor!"

- 59 With Him alone are kept the keys to the future.

 None knoweth it excepting He!

 He knoweth all that lies on land and sea.

 No leaf doth fall but with His knowledge.

 No grain doth penetrate the darkness of the soil, be it fresh or withered, but is a part of His manifest Design.
- 60 He it is who makes you dead by night and knoweth what you did throughout the day; He wakes you up again so that the term appointed be fulfilled; then to Him ye will return and He will show you all that ye had done.
- 61 Supreme He reigns o'er all his servitors; guardians He appoints o'er you, until death comes to each then Our messengers take him and never fail.
- 62 Then are they returned to Allah their friend in truth.
 Is not judgment His?!

Swiftest He, of those who take account!

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63 Ask thou,

"Who is it that rescues you from gloom on land or sea when you, encompassed in distress, entreat Him silently:

'If He would only save us this time, we shall e'er be grateful'?"

64 Say thou.

"It is Allah who rescues you from this and all such distresses— and yet ye would conjoin!"

65 Say thou.

"He is the One who has the power to bring calamities on you from above, and from beneath your feet—

ثُلُ إِنَّ لُهُ يُتُ أَنَّ أَعُدُدُ الَّذِي لِنَ تَنْ عُنْ نَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ قُلْ لِكَا ٱلَّبِيمُ اهْ آيَانُهُ قَدْ مَلَكُ إِذَا وَمَا آنَا عُلْ إِذْ إِنَّا عَلَى بَيْنَةِ مِنْ أَنْ يُنَّا كُنَّ أَنَّهُمُ مة مَاعِنْدِي مَاتَسْتَعْجِكُونَ بِجُإِن النحاكة الكالمة تقطى الحق ق هر خَيْرُ الْفَاصِلِيْنَ @ كُا اللهُ الله عِنْدي مَاتَسْتَعْجِلُون به لقضى الزمركيني وكنكر والله اعْلَمُ بِالطَّلِمِينَ @ وعندة مفاتح الغنب لانعكما إلاهودونيغكم ماني البروالبخره

through tribal discord, or, by making some taste others' violence."

See thou how We lavish arguments so that they understand?!



66 But thy people reject them however true they be!

Say thou,

"No trustee am I over you."

- 67 "Every message must fulfil its mission and soon will ye too realize."
- 68 When thou seest people quibbling idly over Our revealments,

disregard them until they turn to other subjects. If Shaitan makes you overlook (this injunction and you, unwillingly, participate), then, when thou hast been reminded,

sit thou no longer among these transgressors.

69 Not that the circumspect have to account for aught (the carefree do): they need only their attention draw, so that they might, perchance, beware!

70 Leave thou to themselves those who reckon life as mere fun and frolic—

whom the immediate present has beguiled.

Proclaim hereby only this:

"One doth pledge one's self by what one does! No friend has one, no intercessor besides Allah. Even if one offered all, as compensation, no compensation is accepted.

They themselves must suffer what they've earned.

For them is bitter gall to drink, for them is suffering to bear—

they that would evade (the Truth)."

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71 Ask them:

"Shall we really invoke others, beside Allah, who can neither do us good nor harm?

Shall we retrace our steps in spite of having been guided by Allah—

like those who run amok in desert sands and run towards their homes while their friends call them frenziedly: 'Come back, come back?'"

Say thou,

"This is Allah's guidance: The Guidance! Enjoineth it submission (only) to the Lord of all mankind!

72 "And that, ye stand fast to your duties and be for ever watchful:

It is Him ye have to answer.

73 "And it is He who hath created the heavens and the earth in harmony.

when He wills

'BE!' it IS!

His every word is a command and His the sovereignty when the final trumpet has ceased to sound!

He the Knower of the Unseen and the seen. the Omniscient and the Wise!"

74 (Remind them of the time) when *Ibrahim* told his father *Azar*:

"Have you taken idols as your deities? Verily, I find thee and thy people entirely deluded."

- 75 Likewise, We made *Ibrahim* discern the movements of the heavens and the earth so that he might be well-convinced.
- 76 When twilight deepened into night he saw a star: he thought,

"Here is my Lord!"

But when it set, (to himself) he said,

"Revere I not those who set."

77 When he saw the moon in all its glory, he thought, "This is my Lord!"

But when it set, he murmured,

"Unless my Lord doth guide me I (too) shall be among the people lost!"

78 Then when he saw the sun in all its splendour, he said.

"This (surely) is my Lord. It is the greatest!"
But when it set, he cried,

"O, my people, absolve I myself from your foolish blasphemies.

79 "I have been converted to Him who made the heavens and the earth—
an upright worshipper—

I am, by no means, among the deifiers."

80 His people argued with him. He said, "Would you argue with me concerning Allah who Himself hath guided me? Naught I fear from those that you conjoin with

Him-unless my Lord should will.

The knowledge of my Lord extendeth o'er all. Will ye not realize?

81 "How should I fear those ve conjoin (with Him) when ye fear not to conjoin them with Allah without His having given you cause? Which amongst us two has a claim to (His) protection? (Tell me) if ye know!

82 "Those who have faith and do not compromise what they believe, with what is false, they are the ones who will be safe and they who will be guided!"

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83 These were the arguments concerning Us which We bestowed on Ibrahim. We raise the rank of those We wish. Thy Lord, indeed, is Wise, All-knowing.

84 We bestowed on him Ishaq and Ya'qub-each one We guided. And Nuh, We had guided him before. And in his progeny: Dawud and Sulaiman Avvub and Yusuf, Musa and Harun-Thus do We reward those who serve (Us) well.

- 85 Zakaryya and Yahya, 'Isa and Ilyas all were righteous workers.
- 86 Isma'il and Al Yas'a, Yunus and Lutall these We distinguished among (different) peoples.
- 87 From 'mongst their ancestors their progeny, and their coevals, We hand-picked them and guided them along the correct path.
- 88 Such is Allah's guidance! He guideth 'mong His servants whom He wills.

هٰذَارَيْنَ ۗ فَكُتَّأَ آفَا ۚ فَالْأَأْفُ وَالْ أَوْ أَحِثُ

مِن دُون الله وَ لَيْ وَ لَا شَفِهُ قُلْ إِنَّ هُدَى اللَّهُ هُوَ الْهُدُيِّ وَ أمرُ وَالنُّسُامَ لِرَبِّ الْعَلَمِينَ 6 وَأَنْ إِنَّهُ الصَّلْوَةَ وَالنَّفَوْدُ وَهُو وَهُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ التَّمَادِتِ وَالْرَضِ تَوْلُهُ الْحَيَّةُ وَلَهُ الْمُأْكُ بَوْمَ مُنْفَحُ

But if they conjoin (aught, or any, with lost shall be all for which they strove.



89 These are they on whom We bestowed Scriptures, wisdom and foresight.

If these, (or their posterity) evade (their legacy) We shall entrust it to a people who will not be shirkers.

90 These are they who had received Allah's guidance:

therefore, follow thou their path.

And say.

"I ask of you no wage for this: 'Tis naught but an admonition for all communities."

91 They show no cognizance of Allah's grace when they say,

"Allah sendeth naught through an individual!"
Ask thou.

"Who then sent the message which Musa brought as a light and guidance to mankind? Ye have reduced it to a parchments few, for purposes of show,

and hidden all the rest wherein ye had been taught what ye knew not,

neither ye nor your ancestors."

Answer thou, thyself, "Allah"!

And leave them, engrossed in their chattering...

92 And (now has come) this Scripture, conveyed with grace,

confirming what you have before you and warning the Mother-City and its suburbs. Those who look forward to the future Day believe in it

and their duties jealously they guard.

93 Who can transgress more than one who would invent a lie against Allah,

or, one who claimed to be inspired when he was not at all inspired?

Or (more than) one who'd say,

"I (too) can send the like of Allah's message?!"

O would that thou couldst see these sinners in the throes of death!

Angels hying at their sides:

"Give up, give up thy selves!

Today ye are to be rewarded the guerdon of shame for the lies ye uttered against Allah and for having spurned His signs!" 94 And lo! each comes to Us as solitary as We made him first;

each has left behind his back what We had bestowed on him!

Nor, do We see with you your comrades who, you thought, would share with you (your guilt). Snapped is the knot between you and ye have been bereft of that on which ye leaned!

95 Allah is He who makes the kernel, the stone, to sprout;

evoketh He the living from the dead and He it is who raiseth the dead from 'mong the living.

Such is your Allah!

Why then must ye stray?

- 96 The dawn evoketh He (from darkness); the night ordaineth He for rest; the sun, the moon for reckoning of time! Such is the order set by the Sovereign and the Wise!
- 97 Is it not He who doth provide the stars to guide you, in the darkness, o'er the lands and seas? Thus, indeed, We clarify Our signs to those who can perceive.
- 98 Is it not He who broadcasts you from a single source—

to tarry for a while and then depart?
Thus, indeed, do We emphasize Our signs to those who think!

99 Is it not He who sends the rain from the skies? By its means We raise the variegated plants—extract We verdure bright, and grow from it waving leaves of green and from them ears of grain in heaps..

And palm trees with sheaths of clustering dates, gardens of vines and olives and pomegranates—all so alike, yet each so different!

Cast your eyes upon them when they ripen and bear fruit! Are there not in all of these, miracles, for those who would believe? 100 And yet, these monsters, made by (man) himself, they would associate with Him!
And, stupidly, they attribute to Him Sons and Daughters!
Glory be to Him.
Far, far above is He from what they attribute to Him!

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- 101 Inventor of the heavens and the earth! How can there be for Him a Son when He hath no companion? Createth He all things and all about their nature He knows.
- 102 That is your Deity, that is your Lord, no deity is there but He. Created He all things, so worship Him, He is the final Trustee.
- 103 The eye can see Him not. He seeth (what you see) through the eye.Incomprehensible is He.Comprehends He all!
- 104 There have, indeed, now come to you clear evidences of your Lord: he who seeth, seeth for his self; and he who would be blind will be fore himself, (say thou) "I am not here to guard you constantly."
- 105 Thus do We expound the proofs so that they may say,"Thou hast taught us well," and that We may thereby convince the ones who know (already).
- 106 Continue to obey what thou art bid by thy
 Lord—
 no Lord there is but He—and keep away
 from all conjoiners.
- 107 If Allah had desired they would not have conjoined—
 We have not made thee their guardian—
 nor have We given them in your charge.

المُمَا فِي وَحَكُمُ النَّا مُكُنَّا وَمِنَ النَّخُلِ مِنْ طَلْعِهَا قِنْوَانُ دَانِيَّةً وَجَنَّتِ مِنْ أَعْنَابِ وَالنَّهُ يَتُونَ وَ الرُّقَانَ مُثَنِّبَهُ أَوْعَيْرَ مُتَثَابِهِ ٱنْظُرُ وْآالْ لْمُرْةِ إِذَا ٱلْمُرْوَيْعِةُ إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكُمْ لَا يُتِ لِّقَنَّ مِ بَن يُعُ التَّمَا إِن وَالْأَمْ ضِ أَنْ يَكُونُ لَهُ وَلَنَّ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَكُونَكُنْ لِهُ صَاحِبَةً وَخُلَنَ ڴڷۺٚۼ؞ۯۿۅؘڹڴؚڷۺؙۼؙۼڵؽۄٛٛ<u>؈</u> وْلِكُواللَّهُ رَكِيكُو الرَّالَةُ الْأَفْرُونَ خَالِقُ كُلِّ شَيْعٌ فَاغْيُدُ وَكُا ۗ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْ وَكِيْلٌ ﴿ كِ تُنْ رِكُهُ الْأَبْصَارُ وَهُوَيُنْ رِكُ الْأَنْصَارَة وَهُواللَّطِيفُ الْخَبِيرُ ۞ تَنْجَاءُ كُوْنِصَا أَرُمِنُ لِآتِكُوْنَنَ وُكُذَاكَ نُصُدُّكُ الْأَلْتُ كَ ليقولوا كرست ولنكيتنه لقوم

إلى الأهُوَّةُ وَأَغْرِضْ عَنِ الْكُثْمُ كِيْنُ ا

وَمَا قُكَرُوااللَّهَ حَتَّى قُدُرِتَهَ إِذْ قَالَهُا مَا أَنْزُلُ اللَّهُ عَلَى بَهُمْ مِنْ نَهُمْ أَوْلُ



108 Revile not ye those on whom they call apart from Allah—

lest they, in sheer reaction, and unwittingly, Allah revile!

Thus have We made fair seeming, to every people what they do.

Then to their Lord they all return and He will show them what they did.

109 They swear by Allah Himself that if they had clear proofs (about the revelation) they would believe in it.

Say:

"Proofs are with Allah".

But what He wishes you (thee and thy followers) to understand is this:

even if they came, they will not believe.

110 We shall divert their hearts, and their sight and, just as they had not believed at first (they still will be impervious):

We shall leave them wandering in distraction.

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111 And even if We were to send them angels, or if the dead had shouted to them (from their graves)—
and all and every evidence had been compiled

before their very eyes—
they cannot believe, unless Allah wills.

But most of them would fain be ignorant.

112 Thus did We assign for every Prophet an opposition—

(consisting of) the devils among the cultured and the coarse who fool each other with gilded speech.

If thy Lord had so desired they could not have done this.

So leave thou them and what they do concoct

113 To be relied upon by those who have no hope (to look to) in the future—
thereby they may feel satisfied to go around

thereby they may feel satisfied to go around a merry-go-round. 114 (Say thou),

"Shall I seek as arbiter—one apart from Allah—when it is He who has bestowed on you the Word explained in detail?"

They on whom We have bestowed the Word (ere now), they know full well that (this too) truly cometh from thy Lord.

So be not thou at all in doubt.

115 Replete are the decrees of thy Lord with truth and justice—none can alter them.
For He is both the Hearer and the Knower.

116 If thou wouldst (blindly) follow the majority of men they would lead thee far away from the path of Allah:

They pursue naught but passing whims, they do nothing but selfishly surmise.

117 Thy Lord alone best knoweth who from His path has gone astray; and He alone best knoweth those who are guided.

- 118 So eat ye freely of that on which Allah's name has been invoked if ye would conform to His wishes.
- 119 And why should ye not eat of that on which Allah's name has been invoked, when He has clearly laid down the foods that are forbidden—

except when ye are driven to them.

But there are many who would fain mislead through selfishness and ignorance—

Thy Lord knoweth well those who commit excess.

120 Eschew ye all iniquity, inwardly and outwardly. Verily, those who make iniquity their stock in trade earn their due returns!

121 Eat not of that on which Allah's name hath not been said—

that would be disloyal;

the wily will, no doubt, instigate their friends to harangue you.

But if you eat thereof you too will be heathens.



122 He who was dead and We enlivened him and bestowed on him lustre among men—is he no different from him who is in utter darkness with no means of escape?

Even so, We make fair-seeming, to the evil ones, what they do.

123 Likewise, in every town We raise leaders for its gangs to sabotage and plot:
but they plot not except against themselves and see it not!

124 When miracles are pointed out to them they say,

"Believe we shall not until there come to us (miracles) like those that were bestowed on Allah's Messengers."

Allah knoweth best how He doth reveal His message.

Anon, there will descend upon these supercilious ones a degradation from Allah, and chastisement severe for their evasions.

125 Whom Allah wants to guide He openeth his heart to Islam,

and whom He wants to lead astray his heart He shrivels and constricts like one who climbs the steep to heaven itself...

Thus doth He make evil cling assiduously to unbelief.

126 And this, this is the correct path to thy Lord—
We have, indeed, spelt out miracles to a people who deliberate.

127 For them abodes of peace with their Lord; He is their patron for what they had performed.

128 The day they are assembled all:
"O ye bunch of instigators!
How many decent men ye have seduced!"

The beguiled men, they say,

"Our Lord, we fooled each other till our time arrived—the hour which Thou hadst marked for us!"

He says,

"Hell then is your abode-ye will abide

سَسْلَةً وَهُوَاعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْتَدِيْنَ ١ فكأذامتاذكر اسم اللهعكب إن كُنْ تُمْ مَالِيتِهِ مُؤْمِنِيْنَ ﴿ وَمَالَكُهُ الرُّ مَا كُلُوا مِتَاذُكُوا مُمَّاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَقَدْ فَضَلَ لَكُوْمَ مَّا حَرَّمُ عَلَيْكُمُ إلا مَااضُطُ رَثُمُ إِلَيْهِ وَإِنَّ كَتِنْرُ الْيُضِلُّونَ بِأَهُو آيِهِمْ ىغەرغلەمان رتك ھُواغلە وَذَرُوْا ظَاهِرَ الْإِثْيِمِ وَبَأَطِلُ لُهُ * انَّ الَّذِيْنَ مُكِيمِهُونَ الْأَثْمُ مُنْجُوْدُنَ سَاكَانُوٰ الصُّتَرِيُونَ ٠ وَلاَ تَأْكُلُوا مِمَّا لَهُ مُذَكِّر السُّمُ اللَّهِ وَإِنَّ أَطُعُتُمْ فُهُمْ إِنَّكُمْ لَكُمْ مُرَّالًا لَكُمْ مُرَّالًا لَكُمْ مُرَّالًا أوَمَنْ كَانَ مَنْتًا فَأَحْدَنْهُ وَ لَهُنُهُ وَالْمُثَنَّى مِهِ فِي النَّاسِ كُمَنَّ مَّثَلُهُ فِي الظُّلُمٰتِ لَيْسَ بِحَادِجٍ مْنْهَأُوكُونُ لِكُونُ ثِنَ لِلْكُونُونَ مَا عَىٰ منهَالِمَنْكُونُوافِنْهَا وَمَا يَكُونُونَ الكَّالَانُفُ هِنُووَمَا يَشْغُرُونَ ٠ وَإِذَا خَاءَتُهُمُ أَنَةٌ قَالُوا لَنَ ثُؤْمِنَ حَتَّى ٰ يُؤْتِّى مِثْلَ مَاۤ اُوْتِيَ رُسُلُ رسلته وسيصنث الذان أجوموا صَغَارُعِنُدَاللهِ وَعَنَى اكْشَدِيْكُ عَا كَالْوَالْمُكُونُونَ 🕤 فكن يثر دالله أن تفيعة كي لهمدار السلمعنى رتهم وهق وَلِثُمُ بِمَا كَا ثُوْالَعُمَا ذُنِي

وَلَ شَاءً اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ كُولُو وَمَا حَكُلُلُكُ حَاءَ نَصُهُ إِنَّ أَنَّهُ لَيُونُ مِنْنَ بِهَا و ثلا انتكاالالك عندالله وما كُنْعُ كُمْ الْفُكَّا إِذَا جَاءَتُ لَا وَنُقَلْتُ أَفِّ تَهُمُ وَأَيْصَارَهُ وَلَيْا لَهُ يُؤْمِنُوا بِهِ أَوُّلُ مَرَّةٍ وَّنَذَرُهُمْ وكوآنك الإلكالكه المكا كُا ۚ شَيْ قُدُلُامًا كَالُوْ الِيُؤْمِنُوْ آلِكُ أن تَنَاهُ اللَّهُ وَلَكِنَّ أَكُثُمُ اللَّهُ وَلَكِنَّ أَكُمُّ شبطئن الإنس وانجن ويخي بغضه إلى بَغْضِ رُخُونَ الْقُولِ عُرُورًا ﴿ وَلُوْشَاءَرَثُكَ مَا نَعَكُوْهُ فَكُوْرُهُ مُنَا رُهُمُ وَمَا يَفْتُرُونَ ا وَلِتَصْغُ إِلَيْهِ أَفْنَ أَوْلَا أَلَىٰ مُنَ إِلَيْهِ أَفْنَ أَوْلَ اللَّهُ مُنَّ إِلَّا إِلَّا إِلَىٰ اللّ لُوُمِنُونَ بِالْإِخِرَةِ وَلِكُرْضَوْهُ وَ لِكُتُ مَرْنُوا مَا هُمْ مُثَمُّ فُتَرِيُّونَ ﴿ ٱفَغَهُ وَاللَّهِ ٱلنَّغِيْ حَكَمَّا وَّهُوَالَّذِي آنْدُنَ إِلَىٰكُمُ الْكِتْبُ مُفَطَّقَالُهُ وَ الذن التناهم الكثب كغنمون آته

يهاربوامه همه مهارون و المنظمة المنظم

in it for aye—unless Allah wills (it otherwise)."

Indeed, thy Lord is Wise, Omniscient!



129 Thus do We make transgressors condemn each other for their evil occupations.

16 *** 376

130 "O ye gathering of varied hues!

Had there not appeared Messengers from 'mongst yourselves, who conveyed to you My revelations and warned you of a Day like this?"

They say (humbly),

"We bear witness 'gainst ourselves."

(Yes,) it was their immediate pleasure which had lured them.

To themselves they now admit that they had been evaders!

- 131 (Yes, Messengers are thus detailed) because thy Lord destroyeth not unjustly a community whose members have not been warned.
- 132 For each and every one (among the Messengers) there are degrees according to their deeds;

Thy Lord is not oblivious of anything they do.

133 Thy Lord depends on naught, (and) is full of mercy!

If He wished He would obliterate you and make others whom he wished, succeed you—

just as He raised you from 'mong the remnants of the predecessors.

134 All that which hath been promised will come to

None among ye can frustrate it.

135 Say thou,

"O my people, strive ye as ye will! I too sit. not still.

Soon will ye know who will reach the final goal!"

Verily, aggressors do not prosper!

136 They set aside for Allah, from what He hath (Himself) produced, of crops and cattle a share!

"This," they feign, "is for Allah; and this for our Intermediaries."

From that which is for their 'intermediaries' naught doth shift to Allah;

but that which is for Him shifteth to their. 'intermediaries'!

Absurdly do they arbitrate!

137 Similarly, to most of these conjoiners, these 'intermediaries' made fair seeming the slaughter of their progeny

in order to mislead and quite confuse what was required of their religion.

If. Allah had so willed they would not have done this.

So thou (too) leave them to their machinations.

138 They (these 'intermediaries') say:

These kinds of cattle and these crops have been tabooed:

none may eat thereof but those whom, as they say, We have authorised.

And these are animals forbidden to be yoked and these forbidden to be slaughtered in the name of Allah...

False accusations all—

Soon will He recompense them for what they falsely attribute to Him!

139 And they say:

What cometh from the wombs of this (kind of) cattle is solely for our men,

and forbidden to our women-folk;

but if it comes forth stillborn they may share!

Soon will He reward them for the tributes which they pay to Him!

For He, indeed, is Wise, Omniscient!

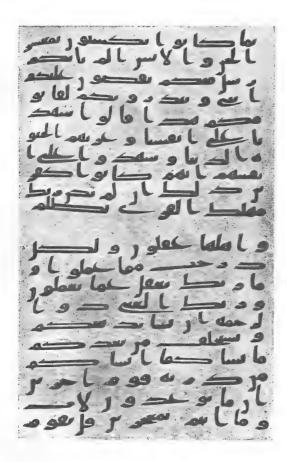
140 Damned indeed— those who mortify the children (of the people) stupidly, in ignorance, and forbid to them such food as Allah hath provided.

Invent they lies against Allah! Far have they strayed, indeed! They are beyond guidance.

141 He it is who flourisheth vineyards trellised and untrellised;

and groves of dates of various kinds; olives, pomegranates, like, unlike... Eat ye of their fruit when they are ripe... But render ye the common dues at harvest, and squander not:

for Allah loveth not those who waste.



142 And among animals some are meant for service some to be consumed:

> Avail ye freely of that which Allah hath provided,

> Follow not where'er the devil leads, for he, indeed, is enemy.

143 (For instance take their rule): The eighth (to be declared as sacred), in two complements:

(Here is) a trace of sheep a trace of goats-ask

"Are only males to be considered or the females, or the young which both the females bear?"

Answer ye with facts if ye possess the truth!

144 And here are a pair of camels and a pair of cattle, tell me:

Are only males to be considered or the females or the young which both the females bear?

Were you present when Allah decreed this rule?

Who can transgress more than one who attributes a falsehood to Allah and misleads men through their ignorance?!

Truly, Allah doth not guide a blasphemous people.

145 Say thou:

"Nothing, in what has been revealed to me, do I find forbidden for an eater who would eat—

except carrion,

blood that flows,

the flesh of swine-

for it is dirt.

and food that has become profane because of names other than of Allah having been invoked.

But, (even so), if one is in distress—and prompted neither by sheer gluttony, nor by defiance—(one may eat thereof).

Thy Lord is oft-Forgiving Merciful."

146 To the Yahud We forbade all animals with undivided hoofs;

and, of cattle, sheep and goat We forbade the fat-

except what clings upon their backs or their entrails or bones.

This was the price prescribed for their gluttony—We are always right.

- 147 When they accuse thee of falsehood, say:
 "Your Lord possesses immense mercy:
 but never is His wrath held back from an
 erring people."
- 148 Those who conjoin, quibble: "If Allah had so willed, we would not have conjoined, nor our fathers either—
 nor would we invent taboos."

Thus did dissemble those before them, until they were made to taste of Our wrath.

Say thou, "Have ye any clear proof? Produce it then before us.

Ye follow not but passing whims, you do nothing but surmise."

149 Say thou, "(Yes), with Allah lies the final argument—

He could, indeed, if He wished, have guided all of you."

150 Say thou: "Call ye forth your witnesses to testify that Allah hath forbidden this (or that)!"

> But (even) if they bring such witnesses, do not thou be taken in by them.

> Nor do thou give in ever to the wishes of those who discount all Our signs;

those who look not to the future;

those who, with their Lord Himself, would fain compete!

- 151 Say thou, "Come! I shall list for you what Allah hath enjoined:
 - (i) "Conjoin not aught with Him.
 - (ii) To parents show ye kindness.
 - (iii) Do not kill your progeny because of penury it is We who nourish you and them—
 - (iv) Go not even near to lewdness—openly or secretly.
 - (v) Destroy no life that Allah hath made sacred except in just cause.

Thus doth He command you so that ye may understand.

- 152 (vi) "Touch ye no orphan's property—unless it be to make it better—until it comes of age.
 - (vii) Weigh and balance justly.



No soul do We burden with more than it can bear.

- (viii) When ye (are called upon to) speak, speak ye the truth, even if it is against a relative.
- (ix) Fulfil all covenants made in Allah's name.

Thus, doth He command you so that ye may reflect.

153 This is the straight highway to Me: so follow it!
Follow ye no (devious) tracks
lest ye be scattered from His path.

Thus doth He command you so that ye may beware!

20 *** 380

- 154 Yes, We had given Musa a covenant to protect those who would be virtuous, and explaining in all details so that in it they may find a Guidance and a Mercy from their Lord.
- 155 And this too is a covenant which We have graciously revealed: follow it with diligence, so that ye may be blessed.
- 156 Can you any longer say,

 "A Covenant (for each) was bestowed only
 on two peoples before us;
 but of their teaching we were unaware?"

157 Or can you say,

"If a covenant had been bestowed on us we would have followed it more closely than they."

There now have surely come to you clear manifestos, from your Lord, to guide and bless!

وَ وَكُونَهُ وُالنَّهُ مِن النَّهِ النَّهُ وَالنَّهُ مِن النَّهِ فَي النَّهِ فِي النَّهِ فِي النَّهِ فِي النَّهِ فِي ڒؠٞۺؙڲٷۧۻٷڽۿ وَهٰذَ ٱلِنَّكُ ٱنْزَلْنَهُ مُهٰزِلاً فَاتَّبَعُوٰهُ وَالْقُوْالْعَلَكُمُو تُرْحَمُونَ شَ ان تَقُوْلُوْآ الْمُهَا أَنْزِلُ الْكِتْ عَلَى

الذائن أشركوا لوشآء الله ما ذكنا وكذائنا فتناولانجة مناجن

Who then (himself) oppresseth more than one who doth deny (himself) the signs of Allah and keeps himself within a shell? Retribution will soon descend on those who sealed themselves against Our signs—Evil consequences for their self-concealment!

158 What do they wait for?

(Death's) angels to descend on them? Thy Lord's judgment?

For some sign of Allah (to envelop them)?!

Oh the day when any sign of Allah doth appear before them!

No soul shall profit then by its belief—if it had not believed before or earned some wages for its righteousness—

Say thou, "Wait then, we too shall wait!"

159 And as for those who split the reckoned (Truth) and become sects—

have thou naught to do with them—their dealings are with Allah!

He will, in time, make them realize what all they did!

160 For what of good one doth for him is ten times compensation:

and what of evil one is guilty of he will be paid on par.

No one shall be wronged.

161 Say thou.

"In truth, indeed, my Lord has guided me to the safe and secure path—
the eternal path of *Ibrahim*the simple and the sturdy!—
He was certainly no deifier."

162 Say thou,

"My prayer and my abstinence, my life and my death—all, all, are for the Lord of all communities.



*

163 "No partner hath He—
this I am commanded
and this, first and foremost, I contend."

164 Ask thou,

"Shall I seek another lord when He is the Lord of all?"

No wage a soul doth earn except for itself. No burdened soul can bear the burden of another—

Eventually, towards your Lord you all return. He will enlighten you of that on which ye differed—

165 He it is who hath made you vicegerents on this earth and exalted some of you over others so that He may test you with what hath come to you.

Verily, thy Lord is quick to punish and He, indeed, is Oft-forgiving, Merciful!

مِنْهُمَّا وَهُوَهُمُ لَا يَظْلَمُونَ هَ عَلْلِ الْآَنِى هَدَا بَنِّ الْمُلَّالِ الْمِسَوَاطِ مُسْتَقِيْمَ الْمِنْيَا قِيمًا مِلْمَا الْمَسْرِاطِ مَسْتَقِيمًا الْمَنْ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلِينِيَّ الْمُلَكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ فَيَاكَى وَ مُسَاقِى لِلْمِنَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ فَيْكُونَ الْمُلْكِينَ فَيْكُونَ الْمُلْكِينَ فَيْكُونَ الْمُلْكِينَ فَيْكُونَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ الْمُلْكِينَ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ الل اوَتَوُوْلُوالُوَاكَا الْوَلَ عَلَيْنَا الْكِنْكَ

الْكُنَّآ الْمَدْى وَمُهُمْ وَقَدْمُ حَاكَمُوُّهُ

الْكُنَّآ الْمَدْى وَمُهُمْ وَقَدْمُ حَاكَمُوُّهُ

الْكِنَةُ فِنْ الْكِنْكَةُ وَهُدْى وَرَحْمُهُ

وَصَدَى عَنْهَا مَسْتَخِيقِ اللّهِ اللهِ

يَصْلُ وَثَلَ عَنْهِ اللّهِ اللهِ

يَصْلُ وَثَلَ عَنْهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللهِ

يَمْ الْكُنْكَةُ اللّهُ الْمَا اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللهِ

مِنَا الْكُنْكَةُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الل



SURA : $A'R\bar{A}F$

h the name of Allah the Rahillian the Rahilli

1 *** 381

ALIF! LAM! MIM! SAD! (MUHAMMAD!)

2 To thee comes Revelation

—let not thy heart, therefore, be straitened on that count—

so that, thereby, thou mayest warn and preach to those of faith:

3 "Obey ye what has been enjoined on you by your Lord:

look to none beside Him as your patron!

How little are you influenced by the Message!"

- 4 How many habitations have We destroyed! Catastrophe from Us descended on them while they were asleep or while they rested at their ease.
- 5 No plea had they to plead when thus beset, except to say:

"Indeed, We had ourselves transgressed!"

- 6 Cross-question shall We then those who bore the Message and those to whom it had been sent.
- 7 We shall, in fact, relate to them from Our own knowledge for We were never absent.
- 8 Exact that day will show the needle: those whose worth is heavy they will prosper;
- 9 Those who lack in weight, they are the ones who will have wronged themselves because they did not heed Our signs.
- 10 We have, indeed, established you firmly in the land and given you sustenance. How little show ye gratitude!

2 *** 382

11 We created you, then groomed you; then We told the angels.
"Pay homage ye to Adam!"
Bowed they all—except Iblis.
He alone refused to bend!

12 He asked,

"What kept thee from submission when I had ordered thee?"

He answered,

"I am better than he!

Thou hast created me of fire (pure) and thou hast made him of (common) clay!"

13 He said,

"Be thou degraded hence!
Tis not for thee to display arrogance here!

Get out! And be among the meanest!"

14 He said,

"Let me watch them till the day they rise!"

15 He said,

"Be thou among the watchers!"

16 He said.

"Because Thou hast abandoned me by the way-side, I shall way-lay them on the secure path to Thee.

- 17 "I will assail them from the front and from behind, from right and left—

 Thou shalt not find many who thank Thee!"
 - Thou shalt not find many who thank Thee!"

18 He said,

"Get out from here scorned and disgraced!

If any 'mong them follow thee, hell will I fill with all of ye!

19 "Thou, Adam! reside thee, and thy spouse, in paradise;

eat ye what ye will-

but go ye not near to this plant lest ye too be among the transgressors."

20 But Shaitan whispered to them both bringing to their consciousness their bodies, of which they had been unaware.

He said,

"Your Lord forbiddeth you this plant lest you should acquire power and make yourselves immortal!"

21 He swore to them:
"I am, indeed, your sincere friend."

22 He thus misled them through deceit—
so when they had tasted of the plant shyness
overcame them and they began to fasten
leaves from the garden on their bodies.
Their Lord then called out to them:
"Forbade I not to you that plant?
Warned I not that Shaitan was your avowed
enemy?"

23 They wailed,

"Our Lord! We have wronged ourselves; if thou dost not forgive and show us mercy we shall be lost indeed!"

24 He said, "Get ye down, one entangled in the other;

on earth ye shall reside and draw nourishment for a time—

25 "On it, ye shall live;

on it ye shall die and from it ye shall be removed."

3 *** 383

26 O ye Adam's progeny!

We have, indeed, bestowed on you raiment both to hide your nakedness and for adornment too: 別別問

المُعَادُونُ فَهُمُ قَالَمُ لُونَ @ ،قَالُوْآاتَاكُنَاظِلمِيْنَ۞ نَّ الَّذِنْ بِنَ أَرْسِلَ إِلَيْهُمُ وَ

but, to be clothed in virtue that is best of all.

These are distinctions set by Allah—if ye would only pay them heed.



27 O, ye Adam's progeny!

Let not Shaitan mislead you-

even as he caused to be exiled your own progenitors from heaven

stripping them of the veil (of innocence) and making them aware of their own nakedness. He and his ilk watch you still from places where ye see them not.

We make these devils become friends of only those who have no faith.

28 For each indecency which they indulge in, they say.

"We found our fathers doing it!"

01

"Allah hath thus bidden us!"

Ask thou.

"Would Allah ever bid what is indecent?

Would ye attribute to Allah what ye do not know?"

29 Say thou,

"My Lord has enjoined (above all) sincerity: Stand and pray in any place of worship and call upon Him in all earnestness.

Reckon Him alone.

As He created you so shall ye return to Him."

30 Some are guided:

some have earned misguidance, because they take for friends and patrons devils (incarnate)—instead of Allah—and think that they are being guided.

31 O Adam's progeny!

Maintain your elegance in all worship; eat ye and drink:

only, be ye not extravagant.

Verily, He loveth not those who waste.

32 Ask thou,

"Who hath forbidden (unto you) the good things granted by Allah:

those bestowed by Him on His servants or raised as healthy nourishments?"

Say thou,

"All these are meant for them who possess faith in the present and also in the future." Thus do We expound Our revelations, to those who understand.

33 Say thou,

"My Lord forbiddeth only the obscene—be it overt, be it hidden—

and sins.

and rebellion without cause;

(He enjoineth) that ye conjoin not with Allah those you have no right to join

and that ye impute not to Allah that of which you have no understanding."

34 Every following hath a duration appointed;

and when its time is spent, not an hour shall they overstay

nor anticipate-!

35 O ye Adam's progeny!

How many times Apostles, from amongst yourselves have arisen to communicate Our revelations unto you!

Those who take heed or mend their ways, for them there is no fear nor shall they grieve!

36 But those who treat Our illustrations as false and frown upon them (in disdain)

they are the ones to go on smouldering for aye!

37 Who can more transgress than he who'd attribute a falsehood to Allah or misconstrue His message?

Such men will have their prescribed share until Our messengers do visit them for their exit (from this life).

(The messengers), they ask,

"Where are the ones you called upon beside Allah?"

They answer,

"O, they had deluded us!"

And (thus) they witness 'gainst themselves, and prove their own depravity.

38 He saith.

"Enter ye, the company of citizens and denizens that have preceded you, to hellfire!"

And every group of followers doth curse the following that has preceded it—until they're all embroiled!



Each succeeding one tells of its predecessor: "Our Lord, because they misled us, do Thou increase twofold their misery."

He saith,
"Twofold is meant for all!
But this ye do not understand!"

39 And Io, the predecessors say:"In no way are ye better than ourselves!So taste ye too the fruits of what ye've earned."

4 *** 384

40 Those that deny Our signs and show disdain towards them—

for them will open not the gates of heaven until a snake doth pass through a needle's eye (or camels can escape through wicket gates). Thus do We reward those who are guilty.

41 Hell is their bedstead and impenetrable their covering!

Thus do We reward those who transgress!

- 42 But those who possess faith and work in righteousness—
- No soul do We burden with more than it can bear.

they are the ones to dwell in paradise and there they'll dwell for aye.

43 Cleanse We their hearts of rancour; streams murmur at their feet.

They say,

"Glory be to Allah who hath led us to this!
We, by ourselves, could not have this achieved, had it not been for Allah's guidance!
Indeed, it was the truth which our Lord's Messengers had brought to us!"
And lo, it is announced:

"This is the heaven which your own good deeds have left you as a legacy!"

- 44 The dwellers of the heavens, address hell's inmates:
 - "What our Lord had promised unto us hast truly been fulfilled.

كُلِّ مَنْبِي وَّادُعُوٰهُ عَنْلِصِلْنَ

What had been promised, by your Lord to you, hast that too been fulfilled?

They murmur, "Yes!"

A crier from amongst them cries: "The curse of Allah doth pursue transgressors



- 45 "Who stand athwart the path to Allah and make it crooked seem—
 they who are oblivious of the future."
- 46 A cliff doth stand between them, and on the heights stand those who know each other. They greet the dwellers of the gardens: "Peace be on you!"

But they (themselves) can enter not though fain they would.

47 But when they glance at those in fiery plight they say:

"Our Lord! Cast us not among these people who have transgressed!"

48 These people on the Heights hail some whom they can recognize by their faces and they ask,

"Of what avail is now to you that which ye hoarded and that which made you scornful?

49 "Are these not the very people on whom, you had sworn Allah His mercy never would bestow?!"

(And, turning to the others then, they greet) "Welcome ye to gardens fair, no fear shall be on you—nor shall ye grieve!"

50 And those with burning thirst shall call to those in gardens fair:

"Spare us ye some water or whatsoever Allah hast bestowed on you!"

They answer, "Allah hath forbidden both to the condemned

51 "Who had chosen fun and frolic as their goal and whom life's transient pleasures had deceived."

This day We ignore them even as they had ignored this day—(And We reject them) even as they had rejected Our warnings.

- 52 For We, indeed, had bestowed on them a code with clear instructions
 - a guide and blessing for those who would believe.

53 What do they await except the fulfilment of the promise?

But when the promise is fulfilled those who had until then neglected it will say,

"Had the Messengers of our Lord really come with Truth?

Have we really none to intercede for us (or, to share our guilt)?

Can we really not go back so that we may live a life different from the life we lived?" Bewildered are their souls:

Their own convictions have now impounded them!

54 Verily, Allah, your Lord, is He who made the heavens and the earth in definite stages— and then established His domain o'er all. Hastily the veil of night covereth the day. The sun, the moon, the stars do all revolve according to His bidding.

Is it not for Him (alone) to (both) create and to command?!

Glory be to Allah, the Sustainer of all.

- 55 Call ye on your Lord, humbly and in secrecy: Verily, He loveth not those who display (virtue).
- 56 And cause ye no disturbance in the land after things have been set right. Call on Him with fear and longing. The blessings of your Lord are (ever) nigh to the virtuous.
- 57 He it is who sends the winds of promise as heralds to announce His blessings: they trail the heavy-laden clouds to parched lands and shower them with rain and lo, there rises every kind of vegetation! Thus, indeed, do come to life the dead: if only ye would understand!
- 58 From a soil that is good there springs forth, at its Lord's behest, luxurious vegetation; but from that which is contaminated there springs forth naught but thorns and thistles: thus do We, elaborately, illustrate our signs to those who would be grateful.

59 Thus We sent Nuh to his people.
He said,
"O my people! Serve ye Allah (only)!
There is, for you, no other deity beside Him!
Else, indeed, I fear one day, you'll suffer grievous chastisement!"

- 60 The great among his people said, "Indeed, we see that it is thou that art entirely distraught!"
- 61 He said, "O my people! By no means am I deluded; in fact, a Messenger am I from the Sustainer of all communities.
- 62 "Fulfil I only my Lord's mission; I only tender my advice—(because) I have come to know from Allah what ye do not know.
- 63 "Why do ye marvel that a message there has come to you from your Lord; and through a man from amongst yourselves to warn you, so that ye may heed and so perchance, ye may be blessed?"
- 64 But they traduced him.
 So we rescued him and those with him in an ark and drowned We those who scorned Our warnings!
 They were, indeed, a people blind!

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- 65 And (sent We) to the Ad, their tribesman Hud: He said, "O my people. Serve ye Allah (only); no deity, for you, is there apart from Him. Will ye never heed?"
- 66 The mighty heathens 'mong his people said, "We see thou art another fool and we suspect thou art a liar too!"
- 67 He said, "O my people, no fool am I; I am, instead, a messenger from the Sustainer of all peoples!

ؙڎؙۼٛۅ۬ٳڒؾۜڰٛۄ۫ؾؘۻڗؙۼٵۊڂ<u>ڣ</u>۫ؾؘڎ۫؞ٳؾٛۿ اِدْعُوْلُا حُوْفًا وَ طَهُ عَالِمًا نَّ يَرْتُهُتُ اللَّهِ لَقَدُ ٱرْسُلْنَانُوْحَالِكَ قَوْمِهِ فَصَالَ نقَهُ مِ اعْدُدُ واللهَ مَالَكُونِ إللهِ غَارُهُ ﴿ إِنَّ آخَاتُ عَلَيْكُوْعَنَابَ فَالَ الْمَكُرُّمِنُ قَوْمِهِ إِتَّالْنُودِكَ فِي فَالَ يَقُوْمِ لَيْسَ فِي ضَالَاةٌ وَالْحِينِي رَسُولُ مِنْ رَتِّ الْعَلَيْمُنْ وَقِ الْعَلَيْمُنْ @ كنغكم والملت زنق والفخولكم واغلم عَلى رَحُل مِّنكُمْ لِيُنْفِدُ رَكُمُ وَلَيَتُعُوا وَلَعَلَكُوْرُتُرْحَمُونَ ؈ فَكُذَّ يُوْدُهُ فَٱلْجُنْنَهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ فِي الْفُلُكِ وَأَغْرَقْنَا الَّذِن مِن كُذَّ بُوا بِالْيِينَاء إنَّهُ مُكَانُوا قَوْمًا عَمِينَ ﴾ وَ إِلَى عَادِ أَخَاهُمُ هُودًا ادْقَالَ لِقُومِ اعُمُنُ واللهُ مَالَكُمُ وَمِنْ إِلَٰهِ عَنُولُاهِ السفاهة والاكتظالي من الك رُسُولُ مِّنْ رَبِّ الْعُلْمِينَ 🕤

ۏۘ ٮؙٵۮٙؽٲڞؙۼٮؙٲڵٳۼٛڗٳڣڔڿٳڷٳؿۼؠڠڗۺؙ بسيمهم قالواما أغنى عنائه بمعكم برخمة أدنحا الجنتة لاغزن علنا وناذى أهعث التارا ضحت الجحتية أَنْ أَفِيْضُواْ عَلَىٰنَا مِنَ الْمَاءِ أَوْمِمَا وَمُ وَكُدُ اللَّهُ * قَالُوْ إِلَى اللَّهُ حَالُمُ اللَّهُ حَدَّمُهُمَا إِنَّ رَبِّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خُكُنَّ التَّمَا وَتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةَ أَيَّامِ ثُرَّةً اسْتَوْي عَلَى الْعَرِينَ مُنْ يُغْتِنِّهِ النَّالَ النَّفَا أَنَّا النَّفَاعَ، والقرر والقرور الغبؤة مُمُتخزتِ يَامُرةُ ٱلآلَ الْحَالَيُ وَالْأَمْرُهُ تَهُرُكُ اللَّهُ وَتُعْرِكُ الْعُلِّمِينَ

68 "Fulfil I only my Lord's mission and I am to you a sincere adviser.



69 "Why do ye marvel that a message there has come to you from your Lord, and through a man from 'mongst yourselves, to warn you?

Rejoice ye in as much as He had made you successors of *Nuh's* people, and raised your stature in the midst of His creation!

Acknowledge ye the blessings of Allah, so that ye may prosper."

70 They said,

"Wouldst thou have us worship Allah only and entirely forsake those whom our fathers worshipped?

(Go thou!) and bring down on us what thou wilt, if thou art of the truthful!"

71 He said,

"Already have enveloped you illusions arising from the wrath of your Lord!

Would ye dispute with me (as realities) mere names confabulated by your fathers and yourselves?

No proof has Allah bestowed on them! Continue then to wait, I too shall be patient."

72 So We rescued him and those with him by blessings from Ourself.

And We pulled out by their very roots those who had denied Our signs and would not e'er believe.

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73 And to Thamud, their compatriot, Salih:

He said, "O my people! Serve ye Allah (only); no deity, for you, is there apart from Him. And now has come to you this sign of your Lord: this she-camel of Allah is for you a memento (of His mercy);

let her freely graze over Allah's earth; let no evil touch her—lest dire calamity befall you.

74 "Rejoice ye in as much as He has made you vicegerents after 'Ad and spread you o'er the land.

On (fertile) plains you build your castles; and, in the hills, you carve retreats.

Recall ye, therefore, Allah's blessings—and spread not o'er the earth as mischief-mongers!"

75 The mighty and disdainful among his people said to the weak and faithful 'mong themselves:

"Do ye think that Salih is, in truth, a Messenger from His Lord?"

They said,

"(In any case) We have faith in what has been revealed through him!"

76 Said they with scorn:

"What ye believe that we reject."

77 (Defiantly) they hamstrung the she-camel against their Lord's injunctions and called, "O Salih!

Now bring down what you had threatened, if thou art really of the Messengers!"

- 78 The earthquake seized them and morning found them on their faces, dead, in their dwellings!
- 79 (Regretfully) he forsook, murmuring, "O my people! I did, indeed, convey to you the message of my Lord and offered you good counsel.

But you never cared for those who gave advice."

- 80 And Lut when he addressed his people: "Would ye surpass every single one among the peoples who have gone before you, in lewdness?
- 81 "Would ye go to men, to quell your passions, instead of women?

 Ye do, indeed, transgress all bounds."
- 82 No answer did his people give except to say: "Drive them out from midst ourselves.

 These are the prudes who would be pure!"
- 83 So We rescued him and those with him except his wife—she was among the laggards!
- 84 And We rained calamity upon them!

 See! How it (always) ends for those (who would persist) in evil!



85 And to Madyan their tribesman, Shu'aib. He (too) said,

"O my people, serve ye Allah (only); no deity, for you, is there apart from Him! Lo, there has come to you a Message from your Lord:

Be honest with your measures and your scales. Defraud not men of their just dues;

cause ye no rift when things are going right.

That—that is best for you if ye would be believers.

86 "Waylay not men on every path making them false promises and diverting from the path of Allah, those who trust in Him, through crooked arguments.

Recall ye (days) when ye were few and He increased you, and see ye for yourselves the usual end of those who would intrigue.

- 87 "And if there be a group, among you, who believe in what I have been sent down with, and a group who disbelieve, wait ye then until Allah doth arbitrate between you—for He is Judge beyond all judges."
- 88 The mighty 'mong his people who disdained him threatened:

"We shall expel thee, and those with thee, from our town—unless ye conform to our usages!"

He said,

"What, even if we were to find them irksome?

89 "We should be guilty of betrayal towards
Allah if we should go back to your ways
after Allah has rescued us from them.
Nor could we turn to them unless Allah,
our Lord, should so wish:

The knowledge of our Lord doth all encompass and in Allah we have put our trust.

Do Thou, Our Lord, arbitrate truly between us and our people!

Thou art the final Arbiter!"

يَحُتُونَ النّصِحِينَ ٠ وَلُوطًا إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ أَتَأْثُونَ الفاحشة ماسبقك بهامن أحد وَمَا كَانَ جَوَاكَ تَوْمِتَهِ الْآأَنُ قَالُوْآ كخرجوه وتين قريبتكم المهاأناس الخينة وأهلق الأامر أتاة كأنث وَتَصُدُّ وَنَ عَنْ سَيِيلِ اللهِ مِنْ أَمِنَ يه وَتَبْغُونَهَا عِنجًا ، وَاذْكُرُوْآ إِذْ كُنْتُمْ قُلْدُلَا فَكُنَّةً كُوْمَ وَانْظُرُ وَالَّيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِيَةُ الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ ⊙ وَإِنْ كَانَ طَالِهَ أَهُ مِنْكُوا مَنْوُلِالَّذِيُّ أرسلت به وطالفة تكرين مثوا فاصرواحتى يخكوانك ينااء وَهُوَخَيُرُ الْخُكِينِ نَ قَالَ الْمُلَا الَّذِيْنَ اسْتَكُمُ وَامِنْ قۇمەلغى كىنىڭ ئىشكىك والكذين أُمَنُوْا مَعَكَ مِنْ قَوْيَتِنَا أَوْلَتَعُوْدُنَّ فى مِلْتِنَا وْ قَالَ أُولُوكُنَّا كَارِهِمْنَ فَ قَدِافُتُرَيْنَاعَلَىاللَّهِكَنِبَّاكِنَ عُدْنَا في مِلْتِكُوْرَجُكَ إِذْ نَجْتُمَا اللَّهُ مِنْهَا ۗ وَمَا يُكُونُ لِنَا آنَ نُعُودُونِيهَا إِلَّا أَنْ تَشَاءَ اللهُ رَكُنَا و وسِعَرَ ثُنَا كُلُّ شَيْ عِلْمًا وعَلَى الله تَدُ كَلْنَا ورَتَنَا فَقِيْ يُسْفُنَا وَيِنْ ثَوْمِنَا بِالْحِقِّ وَأَنْتُ خَيْرُ الْفَالِغِيْنَ ۞

إذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلُفًاءُ مِنْ بَعُدِ قُلْمِ إِنَّ نُوْجِ وَزَادُكُوْ فِي الْخَلْقِ يَصُّ فَاذُكُوْوَا الْآءَاشِهِ لَعَلَّكُوْ ثُفِكُ نَذُرَ مَا كَانَ مَعْثُ أَكَّادُ ثُنَّاءَ فَالْتَنَاعِمَا تَعِدُ أَلَانَ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصِّدِيقِ أَنَ ٥ ۊؘٳڶۊؘۮۅؘ*ۊؘۼ*ۘۼڷؽڰٛۥۣڝٚڹڗؾڲؙۥڔڿڰ وَعَضَبُ أَنْحَادِلُونَنِيْ فِي أَسْمَاءٍ سَمَنِتُمُوْهَا أَنْتُمْ وَأَيَّا ذُكُوْمُانَزُّ لَاللَّهُ رهامن سلطن فانتظر والآه معكة مِّنَ الْمُنْتَظِرِيْنَ ۞ وَقَطَعْنَادَابِرَ الَّذِيْنَ كُذَّ يُوامَّا لِيتِنَا وَمَاكَالُوامُؤْمِنِينَ أَن وَ إِلَىٰ تُمُوُّدُ أَخَاهُمُ مِصْلِحًا مِخَالًا نِقَوْمِ اغْنُدُواللَّهُ مَالَكُوْمِ مِنْ إِلَٰهِ غَيْرُهُ ۚ قُدْجَاءَ ثُكُوْرَتِينَةٌ مِّنَ رَبَّهُۥ هْنَا بِإِنَّا قُدُّ السَّالَكُمُ اللَّهُ فَذَرُوْهَا تَأْكُلُ فِي أَرْضِ اللهِ وَلَا تُمَثُّوهُ مَا سُوْءِ فَكَا خُذُكُمْ عَذَاتُ أَلِكُمْ وَاذْكُرُوْوْآ اِذْجَعَلَكُمُ خُلَفًا ٓءَ مِنْ بَعْدِ عَادِوَّيُوَّ ٱلْكُوْفِي الْمَرْخِ لِتَخْذُوْنَ مِنْ سُهُوْلِهَا تُصُوْرًا وَتَنْخِتُونَ الْجِيالَ بُنُونَا وَاذَكُونَ أَلَا اللّهِ اللّهِ وَلا تَعْتُقُ ا في الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِيْنَ @ قَالَ الْمَكَا ٱلَّذِيْنَ اسْتُلَّا بَرُوا مِنْ تَوْمِهِ لِكُنْ مِنَ اسْتُضْعِفُوالِمِنْ أَمَنَ مِنْهُمُ ٱتَعَلَمُونَ أَنَّ صَلِعًا مُّرْسَلُ فِن رَّبِّهِ قَالْوْآ إِتَّابِمَا أَنْسِلَ بِهِ مُؤْمِنُونَ@ يًا ﴿ إِلَّا مِنْ مُنَ السُّتَكُمُ وَ أَوْ إِنَّا بِالَّذِي كَا أَمَّا فَعَقَرُ وِالنَّاقَةَ وَعَتُواعَنَ أَمُرِرَبِّهِ هُ وَقَ الْوَالْصِلِحُ الْمُتِنَالِمِ التَّعِدُ كَأَ إِنْ كُنْتَ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّحِفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي فَتُوكِي عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ لِقُومُ الْقَدْ ٱلْلَغِيَّالُهُ

رسَالَةَ رَبِينَ وَتَعَغَّتُ لَكُذُ وَلَكِنْ كُوَّ



- 90 The wily chiefs among his people said:
 "If you persist in following Shu'aib, you shall, indeed, be lost!"
- 91 But calamities seized them (too) and morning found them prostrate in their homes—
- 92 They who had Shu'aib scorned—as if in them they ne'er had bossed! They who had Shu'aib scorned—'tis they who lost!
- 93 (Regretfully) he forsook them murmuring: "O my people I did, indeed, convey to you the message of my Lord and offered you good counsel.
 - O, how is one to weep o'er those who will not heed!

- 94 No apostle sent We to a community without (simultaneously) seizing them with anxiety and distress so that they may be softened.
- 95 Then we replaced their dearth with plenty until they prospered.

But they began to say:

"Yes, distress and joy had touched our fathers (too)."

But lo, We seized upon them suddenly while they were unawares!

96 If only the people of the towns were to believe and pay heed, We should, indeed, throw open to them blessings from heaven and earth! But they insisted on rejecting.

So We seized them with what they had deserved.

- 97 Do the people of the towns feel secure against the coming of Our wrath at night while they are (all) asleep?
- 98 Or do the people of the towns feel secure against the coming of Our wrath in day-time while they are awake?
- 99 Are they invulnerable against the (unseen) plans of Allah?
 None deem themselves to be invulnerable

None deem themselves to be invulnerable against the (unseen) plans of Allah—except a people doomed!

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- 100 Is there no lesson for those who inherit the land from those who had possessed it?!
 (Do they not see) that if We wish to punish them for their sins, their hearts too We can seal up so that they could not feel?
- 101 There lie the towns!

Their stories we have told thee.

Verily, their Messengers had come to them with proofs.

But they could not accept what they had, ere then, scorned!

Thus doth Allah seal the hearts of unbelievers.

102 Few, indeed, We found willing to fulfil their covenant (with Allah)—

The vast majority among them We found to be untrustworthy.

103 Then, after them, We commissioned Musa with Our signs

to Fir'aun and his chiefs but they heaped insults on them!

See (thee for thyself)!

What (dire) end there was of mischief makers!

- 104 Musa said.
 - "O Fir'aun, I am an envoy from the Lord of all peoples!
- 105 "One bound to truth, incapable of saying aught about Allah but the Truth:

I have been sent to you from your Lord with ample credentials.

So send thou back with me the Bani Isra'il!"

- 106 He said.
 - "Indeed! If thou hast come with credentials then show them forth if thou art 'mong the truthful!"
- 107 So, he threw his rod, and lo, it was a serpent clear!
- 108 He raised his hand, and lo, it was clear to all who saw!



- 109 The chiefs among the people of Fir'aun said (to themselves): "He is, indeed, a cunning sorcerer!"
- 110 "His aim is to dislodge you from your high domain."
 "What then would you suggest?"
- 111 (Aloud) they counselled:

"Put him and his brother off and despatch criers to the towns

- 112 "To gather all those learned in the magic lore."
- 113 Lo! there have come all the sorcerers to Fir'aun. They ask: "(Will ample) gifts be ours when we have
- been victorious?"
- 114 He said,
 "Yes, and ye shall be among my courtiers."
- 115 They said,
 "O Musa! Wouldst thou be the first to cast?
 Or shall we cast?"
- 116 He said,

"Cast ye!" So when they opened (the debate) they cast a spell (of fear) upon the people and so subdued them with the intense magic (of their speech).

117 So We inspired Musa:

"Now strike out with thy rod (of truth)" and lo! it had engulfed all their sophistries which they invented.

- 118 So truth prevailed and vain became all their confabulations.
- 119 They were completely beaten and made to look e'er so small.
- 120 The learned in the magic lore bowed low in all submission.

فَانْظُرُ لَيْفَكَانَ عَاتِيَةُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ وَ قَالَ مُوْسَى لِفِرْ عَوْنُ إِنَّىٰ رَسُولُ مِّنْ رِّبِ الْعُلِّمِينَ 🍎 حَقِيْنٌ عَلَى أَنْ لَا أَوُلَ عَلَى اللهِ إِلَّا إِذْ مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّ هَاٰ مَا أَنْ يَخْرُجَكُمُ مِنْ أَرْضِكُمْ فَمَاذَا إِحَالُهُ النَّعِيدُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ قَالُوْآ اِنَّ لَكَا الاَجْوَا إِنْ لَكَا تَعُنُ الْغُلِيثُن ﴿ قَالَ نَعَهُ وَإِنَّاكُولِينَ الْمُقَرِّبِينَ ۞ فَالْوَالِيُنُوسِي إِمَّاآنَ تُلْقِي وَإِمَّاآنُ تَّكُونَ فَحُنُ الْمُلْقِيْنَ @ قَالَ ٱلْقُوْاهِ فَلَتُنَّا ٱلْقُوْاسِّعُورُ أَالْعُبُنَ الناس واسترقبوهم وكاوو بسخرعظيم 🖯 وَاوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوْسَى أَنْ الِقِ عَصَالَةُ فَادُاهِي تَلْقَتُ مَا يَأْفِكُونَ شَ قُوْكَةُ الْحَقُّ وَبَطُّلُ مَا كَانُوْ إ فَعُلِبُوا هُنَا إِلَّ وَانْقَلَبُوا صِعِينَ فَ

فهاة الذائن كأبؤاشكينا كانوا فتوتى عنهم وقال يقؤم لقدا المغتكة رسلت رَقْنَ وَنَقَعْتُ لَكُمُو ْ فَكَيْفَ اسى عَلَىٰ قَوْمِ الْفِرِينَ ﴿ وَمَأَأُرْسُلُنَا فِي قَرْبَيْةٍ قِينَ تَبِينِ إِلَاَّ اَخَذُنَّا اَهُلْعَالِما لْنَاسُنَاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ ثُعَّىٰ كَالْمَامُكَانَ السَّتِئَةِ الْحَسَنَ حَتَّى عَفَوْا وَقَالُوا قَدْمَسَ أَبَاءُ بَا الصَّرَّاءُ وَالسَّرَّاءُ فَأَخَذُ نَهُمُ بِغُتَهُ وَّهُمُ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ وَلَوْاتَ آهُلِ الْقُلِّي الْمُؤْارِاتُهُوا لَفَتَغُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ رَكِبِ مِّنَ التَّمَاءِ وَ الْزَرْضِ وَلَكِنَ كَذَّبُواْ فَأَخُذُ أَهُمُ مِمَّا كَانُوْ الْكُلِيبُونَ ۞ اَ فَأَصِنَ اَهُلُ الْقُوْرَى أَنْ تَأْتِيكُمُ مَا اُسْنَا يَاتَا وَهُمْ ثَالِمُونَ فِي <u>ۚ وَأَمِنَ ٱهُلُ الْقُرِٰى اَنْ يَاٰتِيَهُمْ بَالْسُنَا</u> آفاَمِنُوْ امَكُواللَّهُ فَلَا مَا مَنُ مُكُواللَّهُ مِنُ بَعُن أَهْلِهُمْ أَنْ تُؤْنَشُا أُواصُبُنَّهُمُ فَهَا كَانُوْ الِيُوْمِنُوْا بِهِمَا كُنَّا يُوْامِنُ فَيْلُ كُنْ لِكَ مُطْمَعُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ **كُذَ**ب

الْكِفِي أَنِينَ @

121 They said,

"We accept the Lord of all communities,



- 122 The Lord of Musa and Harun!"
- 123 Fir'aun fumed:

"Believe ye in Him ere I give ye leave? This is, indeed, a plot which ye have plotted in my city to drive out its inhabitants! Soon will ye know!

- 124 "I shall tear apart your hands, your feet on opposite sides and have you hung on gibbets all together!"
- 125 They said,

"Verily to our Lord we turn.

126 "Thou dost prosecute us for nought but that we readily accepted the evidence of our Lord when it came before us!

O Our Lord, let us depart in steadfastness and call us in as those who have submitted!"

127 And the chiefs among the people of Fir'aun asked:

"And wouldst thou leave unscathed Musa and his people so that they may spread sedition in the land and overthrow thyself and thy deities?"

He said,

"Anon! we'll slay their sons and will possess alive their women!

All power of life and death have we o'er them."

128 Musa, counselled he his people:

"Ask aid of Allah (only) and be ever steadfast. Earth's (sovereignty) belongs to Allah; bequeaths it He to whom He will among His servants.

The final (outcome) is for those who constantly beware!"

129 Moaned they,

"Ere thou didst come to us we suffered, and ever since then too continue we to suffer..."

He consoled:

"Perhaps your Lord intends destroying your oppressors and will make you their heirs; perhaps, He only tests you by your actions."

- 130 We seized the people of *Fir'aun* with years (of pestilence) and dearth of crops so that they may realize.
- 131 But when plenty followed, they did boast: "This is our due!"

When evil had encompassed them they had ascribed it to the presence of *Musa* and those with him!

Indeed! Were not their evil plights (mere punishments) from Allah?

But most of them were unaware!

132 They said to Musa,

"Whatever signs thou mayest bring to guile us with them, in thee we'll not believe!"

133 So We sent upon them swarms of locusts, lice and frogs and blood—scourges manifest: still they disdained.

They were a people steeped in crime.

- 134 And every time there fell on them adversity, they said,
 - "O Musa, pray for us to thy Lord—according to the covenant He has made with thee—
 If thou wilt rid us of this calamity we shall believe in thee and we shall release the Bani Isra'il."
- 135 But when We cleared them of the pestilence and some time had passed by, lo, they were breaking faith.
- 136 So We took vengeal.ce and drowned them in the sea-

because they scorned Our signs and were of them deliberately oblivious.



137 And We made a people, who were weak and trodden, their inheritors-

> In eastern lands and western, We rained Our blessings on them.

> There came to be fulfilled the glowing promise of thy Lord upon the Bani Isra'il because they had been steadfast.

> Destroyed We all that Fir'aun and his people had wrought and all that they had raised.

138 We made the Bani Isra'il cross o'er the sea. They came upon a people devoted to some idols that they had set up. Soon they begged: "O Musa! Make for us a deity like the deity they have!" He said.

"Ye are, indeed, a people ignorant.

139 "Vain is the life they live and false is what they practise."

140 He added.

"Shall I, forsaking Allah, down-lead you to an idol when He has raised you high above all peoples?"

141 (Remember) how We rescued you from Fir'aun's people:

they subjected you to dire misery,

they slew your sons and made your women live (with them):

therein, indeed, was trial great from your Lord.

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142 We promised Musa (audience) after thirty nights (of vigil), and added ten;

so that, in all, he waited on his Lord for

forty nights.

And Musa had said to his brother Harun, "Be thou my representative to my people, lead them aright and follow not the ways وَالْوَاكُونِ مِنْ الْحِمَا لِيُنَا الْفَاكِمَالُهُمُ الهَنْهُ وَال النَّكُورُ قُومٌ عَهُمُ لُونَ ارى المعَالاً مُسَالِرُهُمُ المُسْمَونِيهِ وَلَيْلِلُّ عَالَ أَغَنَّرَاللهِ أَنْعَنَّكُمُ إِلَهَا كُنَّهُ مُو

لكُنَّ انْ هِذِي الْمُكَّارُ مُثَّلِزُكُمُ وَ مِنْ ةِ لِغُرْجُوا مِنْهَا آهُلَهَا وَنَسُونَ المُتَكُلُو الْجُمَعِيْنَ ١ وَقَالَ الْمَلَا مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ أَتَذَارُ السكاء هنهة والتافق تقشم وَلَقُدُ أَخَدُنَا أَلَ فِرُعُونَ مِالسِّنِهُنَّ وَ وَمَنْ مُعَهُ أَلَا إِنَّهَا ظَيْرُهُ مُعِثْدً

of those inclined to mischief."

143 When Musa had completed the set duration, and his Lord addressed him, he begged, "O my Lord, reveal Thyself, so that I may see Thee!"

He said.

"See Me, thou canst not! But cast thy eyes upon you mountain-side.

If thou canst stand the sight (of all its glory)
Myself thou shalt have seen!"

Lo! the glory of his Lord shone on the mountain and struck his eyes like dazzling dust and Musa fell in swoon.

And when he finally recovered, he murmured: "Glory be to Thee! I beg forgiveness of Thee.

I am the humblest of Thy devotees."

144 He said.

"O Musa, I have chosen thee from mong all men to be My Envoy and the bearer of My Word.

So, take then what I give thee and be among the grateful."

145 And We inscribed for him upon the tablets Commandments governing all things and elucidations of all things.

Take these in seriousness, and bid your people take them as their heirlooms!

Soon will I show you the destination of

Soon will I show you the destination of the untrustworthy.

146 Soon will I take away, perception of my signs from those who falsely set themselves as mighty in the land.

Even if they see all the signs before them

none will they perceive.

Even if they see the path of rectitude before them they will not follow it;

wherever they will find the path of error that they will adopt.

All this because they scorned Our signs and were of them deliberately oblivious.

147 They who repudiate Our signs and would deny the final facing—futile are their deeds! What compensation do they hope for except for what they did?

148 In his absence, Musa's people made from their ornaments the image of a calf that lowed!

Did they not see that it could not answer them nor give them guidance?

And yet, they worshipped it and thus transgressed!

- 149 But when they stumbled on the truth, and realized that they had gone astray, they said, "Unless our Lord has mercy on us and forgives us we shall, indeed, be lost."
- 150 When *Musa* went back to his people, angered and distressed, he said,

"Ill have ye acted for me in my absence! Did ye try to hasten your Lord's decrees?"

Put he down the Tablets, caught his brother by his locks and him to himself he dragged—

He said,

"Son of my mother! The people overpowered me and almost killed me.

Let not my enemies now gloat o'er me. Include me not among the group that transgressed."

151 He prayed,

"O my Lord! Forgive me and my brother! Admit us to Thy mercy.

O Thou the Merciful, above all mercy."

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152 Verily those who took the (golden) calf for worship were o'erwhelmed with the anger of their Lord and suffered ignominy in the immediate future.

Thus do We punish those who fabricate.

- 153 Those who commit wrongful deeds but soon repent thy Lord is to them afterwards Forgiving, Merciful.
- 154 When Musa's anger had abated—lifted he the tablets in the text of which were the guidance and the blessings for those who were inclined towards their Lord.



155 Musa brought seventy of his people for Our audience.

But when a thunderstorm o'ertook them he said,

"O my Lord, if Thou hadst so desired Thou couldst have ere now ended them and me! Wouldst Thou destroy us for the deeds of foolish ones amongst us?

This is but Thy test!

By it Thou dost cause to stray whom Thou wilt, and Thou dost guide aright whom Thou wilt.

Thou art our Friend!

Forgive us Thou and bless us.

Thou art the best of those who condone

156 "Ordain for us good in the immediate present and in the future.

We have left our guidance unto Thee!" He said,

"My wrath I vent on whom I will; but mercy Mine extendeth o'er all things—

Soon shall I ordain it on those who guard themselves, who fulfil obligations and those who put their faith in Our signs."

157 Those who acknowledge their own compatriot, as Apostle, and as Messenger— whom they find ordained for them in the Taurat and Iniil:

"He will guide them to the good; from evil he'll restrain them."

"Prescribes He for them what is pure, forbids them what is evil."

"He doth release them from their burdens and the chains that bind them."

"It is those who put their trust in him, who lend him succour and pursue the illumination that has come with him—it is they who will prosper."

عْدِيهُا وَأَمْنُوٓ أَأَنَّ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَعْدِهُا الألواسرة وفي شفيتا هُدُى وَرُحُمَّةً والحتازموس تؤمة سبعين رجلا لِمُقَاتِنَاهُ فَلَتَّا آخَذَتُهُمُ التَّخِفَةُ قَالَ مَنْ تَشَالُو وَتَهُمِ يَى مَنْ تَشَاكُو اللَّهِ مِنْ مَنْ تَشَاكُوا أَنْتُ والثنا فلفف لناواز عمنا وأنت وَفِي الْإِخِرَةِ إِنَّا هُدُنَّا النَّكَ قَالَ

158 Say thou,

"O, ye men! Ordained am I as Allah's Messenger to all of you alike.

He to whom belongeth the Sovereignty of heaven and earth. No deity is there but He! He giveth life, He taketh life. So trust in Allah and His Messenger, the native-born Apostle who puts his trust in Allah and His word. Obey ye him so that ye may be guided!"

- 159 There is among the followers of Musa a group who guide aright and with due justice.
- 160 We had split them into twelve brotherhood communities.

So, when his people asked for water, suggested We to *Musa*:

"Let thy staff strike at the rock!"

Burst there forth twelve streamlets and soon each man for himself had a drinking place.

We shaded them with clouds, and We provided them with fruit and meat.

"Eat of the good things We provide you."
(But they rebelled and by rebelling) no harm
they did to Us—they harmed themselves!

161 (Remember) when it was said to them,

"Dwell ye in this town and seek your living where ye will.

speak ye always politely and be ye humble in your bearing.

We shall forgive you your faults and heap abundance on the good."

162 But 'mong them those inclined to mischief changed the words of polite speech prescribed.

So on them sent We pestilence from above for their transgressions.

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163 Ask them about the town located on the seashore, and how they had transgressed in the matter of the Sabbath:

on days of Sabbath the fish came to the surface and on other days they came not near. Thus did We test them because they were given to cheat.

164 Some asked their preachers,

"Why do ye preach to those on whom Allah would visit death or misery?"

They said,

"So that it may serve as excuse to your Lord and, meanwhile, they may begin to fear."

165 When they persisted in ignoring Our admonitions

We rescued those who had tried to hold them back from evil and seized We those who had transgressed with painful punishment for all their meanness.

166 When they exceeded all the limits of iniquity.
We said to them,

"Be ye apes despised!"

167 (Remember) how thy Lord had said, till the Day of Judgment He would send against them those who would afflict them with dire misery.

Verily, thy Lord is quick to take account but He is also the Forgiving and the Merciful.

168 We have dispersed them o'er the earth as distinct communities—

Some among them are virtuous; others otherwise;

We have tested them with good and evil so that (one way or another) they may turn (to Us).

169 Succeeded after them another people who too were given a Scripture.

But they succumb to lowly life and yet say: "We will be pardoned."

But if temptations come their way again, they will again succumb to them!

Do not their Scriptures enjoin them to ascribe naught to Allah but the Truth? Have they not themselves read therein: "A future bright awaiteth those who beware?" Why then do ye not understand?

- 170 And as for those who hold fast to the Covenant and stand fast to their duties—We never leave unrequited the wages of reformers.
- 171 (Remember) when the mountain towering above them shook as if it was about to fall: (We had said),

"Hold ye fast what We have given you, and ever keep in mind what is inscribed therein; perchance you will (thereby) be saved."

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172 When thy Lord made man, and his progeny from his loins, and made them testify about themselves. He asked.

"Am I not your Lord?" They said, "Yes, we testify!"

This, lest ye say on the day of judgment: "Of this we were quite unaware!"

173 Or lest ye say,

"Our forefathers had worshipped others before us and we were but their heirs; wouldst Thou punish those who were mere victims (of the past)?"

- 174 Thus do We elaborate Our signs—so that perchance they may turn back.
- 175 Relate to them the story of him to whom We sent Our signs, but who evaded them and lo, Shaitan followed him and led him quite astray.

؛ۜڟڹؙؠٛٚٳٙٳؘؾۜٷۅٳؾڰؽۿۼڗڿؙۮؙۏٳڝ<u>ٵ</u> أتيسننك كمربقوة واذكر واما فيسه وَإِذْ أَخَذَرُتُكَ مِنْ بَنِي أَذَهُ مِنْ مِنْ أَنْ أَذَهُمُ مِنْ ٳۏؾؘۼٷٳٳؿؙٵٲۺڔڮٳٵڮٷٵڝٷڰٵڝڹۼ<u>ۘ</u>ڵڷ منيا فأتبعكه الشكط فكان

ن تَوْمُوْسَى أَمَّةُ تُفَوْدُونَ



176 If We had so desired We should have elevated him through them, but he was drawn towards the earth and followed his desires.
His likeness is the likeness of a dog: if you hold him, he slobbers; if you let him go, he slobbers.

That is a fit comparison for those who (one way or another) must deny Our signs! So keep on giving them examples; perchance they will reflect.

- 177 Evil, indeed, the likeness of those who will persist in actively rejecting Our signs, and are thus to themselves unjust.
- 178 He whom Allah guideth attains his goal; he whom He abandoneth is lost.
- 179 Hell have We prepared for many denizens and citizens:
 they have hearts but feel not;
 they have eyes but see not;
 they have ears but hear not;
 they are (as insensitive) as cattle;
 no, they are worse, they are deliberately

insensitive.

180 Befitting Allah are all beauteous names, so call ye to Him by them shun those who introduce profanity in calling on Him.

Soon will they be recompensed for their deeds.

- 181 Among them We have raised communities that lead with truth and justice.
- 182 And others that reject our signs.
 Retribution will so gradually envelop them that they will hardly know.
- 183 I will bear with them: My plan is firm.
- 184 Why can they not understand: their comrade is no supernatural being; no other is he than a warner plain.

185 Do they reflect not on the working of the heavens and the earth, and all that Allah has created?

What is to assure them that their time doth not draw near?

What revelations after this will they put their faith in?

Carried away is he by his own distractions.

186 Whom Allah justly leads astray, none can guide him.

187 They ask thee about the hour of doom: when is it expected to sail in?

"That knowledge is with my Lord only. None shall announce its sighting but He. Heavy lies its burden on heaven and earth. But, it will not come except unexpectedly! They ask thee as if thou shared the secret. Say thou (again),

"Its knowledge is with Allah only and most men do not that perceive."

188 Say thou,

Say thou:

"No power have I to do myself good or harm except as Allah wills.

If I could predict the future I could have multiplied my means and escaped all misfortune.

I am naught, indeed, but a warner and a herald of good tidings to a people who have faith."

189 He it is who multiplied you from a single soul and made for him a mate for mutual comfort. And when he covers her she bares a tiny burden unawares.

And when becomes it heavy pray they both to their Lord:

"If Thou bestowest on us a healthy one we shall be 'mong the grateful.

190 But when He giveth them a healthy one they ascribe to others a share in the giving of the gift bestowed on them!

High, high above is Allah o'er those whom they conjoin with Him!

- 191 Would they join with Him those who can create naught but are themselves created?!
- 192 They can in no way help them or help themselves!
- 193 If ye call on them for guidance they respond not: for you 'tis all the same—whether you plead or remain dumb.
- 194 Those whom ye call on, beside Allah, are helpless like yourselves:So call upon them only and let them grant your prayers if ye are consistent!
- 195 Have they feet to walk with?

 Have they hands to hold you?

 Have they eyes to see with?

 Have they ears to hear with?

 Say thou,

 "Assemble all your, 'joint-gods' let them plot against me; give me no respite!
- 196 "Protector mine is Allah— He who ordained the law! He will befriend the upright.
- 197 "But those you call upon, apart from Him, they have no power to help you nor to help themselves.
- 198 "If you call on them for guidance, they hear not.

 You see them stare at you, but they see not!"
- 199 Bear thou with them for a little while; persuade them towards righteousness; ignore the ignoramuses among them.
- 200 If temptation from Shaitan tempt thee, take refuge in Allah;
 He is the One who Hears, the One who Knows!

كُلِّ عَلَّا ٱمْلِكُ لِنَفْتِيمٌ يَفْعُا وَلَا خَرِّ الْكُل مَا يَنَا وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَوْكُنْتُ أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبَ لاستكأة وتين الخيارة ومأمسني التكوَّءُ اللَّهُ وَالْ الْأَلَاكُ لَذِي كُوَّ وَبَشِي لَرُو هُوَالَنِي خَلَقُكُمُ مِنْ نَفْسِ وَاحِدَةِ وَحَعَلَ مِنْهَازُوْ تَهَالِسُكُنَ الَّهُمَّا وَ فكتاتغشما حمكت تملاخففأفكرت بِهُ فَلَتُنَا آتُقُلَتُ تُدَعُوا اللَّهُ رَكُّهُمَّا لَهِنُ يَنْفُرُونَ ﴿ <u>رَانَ تَدْعُوْهُمْ إِلَى الْهُدْي</u> سُوَا فِي عَلَيْكُمُ أَدَعُوْمُو هُمْ أَمُ أَثْمُ إِنَّ أَمْ أَثْمُ إِنَّ أَمْ أَثْمُ إِنَّ اِنَّ الْذِيْنَ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللهِ لِشُوْنَ بِهِيَا ۖ أَمْرِلَهُمُ أَعُيُنَّ بِعَا وَقُلُ إِذْ غُواللَّهُ وَكُوا مُنْ كُاءً كُمْ ثُحَّةً كَنْ عُوْنَ مِنْ دُونِهِ لِأَيْسَطِيعُوْنَ نَصُورُكُو وَلاَ الفُسكةُ مُنيُّكُرُونَ ٠ وَانْ تَدُعُوهُمُ إِلَّى الْقُدْيِ كُنَّهُمُ عُوانًا وتدريه م يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ وَهُـمَ لاينجۇرۇن ؈

إِنْ عَلَى إِنْ يَكُونِ قِدَاقًا وَنَ ٱجَلُّهُمُ ۗ فِياَ يِّ حَدِيْثِ ٱلْعُكُاهُ مَن يُضُلِل اللهُ فَلاَهَادِي لَهُ وَيَدُرُهُمْ فِي طُغْيَانِهِ مُونَعِيكُمُونَ 🕤 يَسْتُكُوْ نَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ أَتَّانَ مُرْسِهَا قُلُ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُ اعِنْدَرَ فِي الْمُعَلِيْهِا لِوَقُتِمَآ اللَّاهُوَ ۚ ثَقُلُتُ فِي السَّمَاوِتِ وَ الزرج إكانتكفرا لأبغتة يسكلونك كَانَاكَ حَنِفِي عَنْهَا وَقُلْ إِنْهَا عِلْمُهَا عندَ الله وَلَكُرُ ۖ أَكْثُرُ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَىٰ أَنَّ



*

201 Those who are thoughtful, when some haze from Shaitan touches them, bring (the Lord) to mind.

And lo, their vision cleareth.

202 But their (false) friends push them into error and stop at nothing.

203 When thou bringest them no revelation, they

"Why dost thou not make up one?"

Say thou,

"I follow only that which is revealed to me by my Lord."

These are insights bestowed by your Lord, a guidance and a blessing for those of faith.

204 When the Qur'an is recited listen ye attentively and observe silence—so that ye may be blessed.

205 Contemplate thou on thy Lord within thyself with reverence and humility,

رَحْمَةٌ لِقَوْمِ يُؤْمِئُونَ ۞

وَإِذَا قُرِيَّ الْفُرْانُ فَالْسَجَّعُوالَ وَ

اَنْصِتُو الْعَلَاكُوْتُرَحُمُونَ ۞

وَاذْكُوْرَبَكَ فِي نَفْسِكَ تَفَوَّعًا قَ

جِيْفَةً وَدُونَ الْجَهْرِ مِنَ الْقُولِ

إِنْفُدُودَ وَالْحَالِ وَلَا كُلْتُنْ فَرَالْفِيلِينَ

اِنْ الْذِيْنَ عِنْ رَبِّكِ لَا يُسْتَلِّمُونَى

اِنَّ الْذِيْنَ عِنْ رَبِّكِ لَا يُسْتَلِّمُونَى

وَنَ الْذِيْنَ عِنْ رَبِّكِ لَا يُسْتَلِّمُونَى

عَنْ عِنَادَتِهِ مِنْ يَعْمُونَهُ وَلَمْ يَعْمُونَهُ وَلَمْ يَعْمُونَى

عَنْ عِنَادَتِهِ مُنْ يَعْمُونَهُ وَلَمْ يَعْمُونَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ عَلَيْمُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلِهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَالْمَعُونَةُ وَلَمْ يَعْمُونَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَالْمَعُونَةُ وَالْمَنْ الْمُعَلِّقُونَهُ وَالْمَنَا لِوَالْمَالِ وَلَمْ الْمُعْلِقُونَهُ وَالْمَنْ الْمِعْلَقُونَهُ وَالْمُعُونَةُ وَالْمَنْ الْوَالْمَالُونَا اللّهُ وَالْمَعْلِقُونَا الْمُؤْونَةُ وَالْمِي الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْحَالَقُونَا الْمُعَلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُعْلِقُونَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُؤْمِنَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُعِلَّالِهُ الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْ

إِنَّ الْدَيْنِيَ اتَّقَىٰ الِوَامَسَّمُ طَيِّفُ قِنَ الشَّيُطُونَ فَ مُعْمُومُونَ فَ وَلِخُوالْهُمُ مَيْمُ لَّوْفَهُمُ فِ الْغَيْثُمُ وَلِخُوالُهُمُ مَيْمُ لَّوْفَهُمُ فِ الْغَيْثُمُ لَا يُقْصِلُونَ فَ وَلَوْالْمُورُونَ فَيَالِيَّةِ وَالْإِلَالِمُثَيِّيْنَا فُلْ النَّنَا الشِّمُ مَاكُونِي النَّيْنِ وَدَيْنَ مَنْ هَنْ النَّنَا الشِّمُ مَاكُونِي النَّيْنِ وَدَيْنَ مَنْ وَلَا اللَّهِ الْمَالِينِ وَمَنْ وَمَنْ وَاللَّهِ وَالْمَالِينِ وَمَنْ وَمَنْ وَمَنْ وَمَنْ وَمَنْ وَمَنْ وَمَنْ وَمَنْ وَاللَّهِ وَمَنْ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمَنْ وَمِنْ وَمَنْ وَمِنْ وَمَنْ وَمِنْ وَمَنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُؤْمُونُ وَمُؤْمُونُ وَمُنْ وَمُنْ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَمُؤْمُونُ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُؤْمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُؤْمُونُ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُؤْمُونُ وَمُؤْمِنْ وَمُؤْمِنْ وَمُؤْمِنُ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَمُنْ وَالْمُونِ وَمُنْ وَمُنْ وَالْمُونِ وَمُنْ وَمُنْ وَالْمُونِ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمُنْ وَالْمُونِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُومُ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُؤْمِنْ وَالْمُوالْمُولِمُونُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُو

abjuring sounds or words, at dawn and at eventide. And never be among those who neglect.

206 'Tis they who reach thy Lord:
those who're not too proud to worship,
those who strive to serve Him
and those who humbly bow.

Interlude Four

POSTSCRIPT to Book IV—AL-KITAB

It might have been noticed that the 36 long Suras of Al-Kitab group themselves into three series of consecutive Suras. The first runs from Sura Furqan (xxv) to Sura Ahqaf (xlvi) with the omission of only Sura Ahzab (xxxiii) which is Medinan. The second group starts with Sura Yunus (x) and, with the omission of Suras Hajj (xxii) and Nur (xxiv), which are both Medinan, ends with Sura Mu'minun (xxiii). The third series consists of only two Suras, An'am and A'raf (vi and vii).

The first two series need little individual comment. They all reflect that stage of the Prophetic mission in which, through the man whose personality had been matured by the preceding revelations, a community of the righteous is being welded together.

The mission of Jesus had a comparatively brief duration. In three short years the disciples that were drawn to his sublime personality could hardly have had time to imbibe his teaching adequately. And the obstructions, which they met in accompanying the Master and propagating his message, were not so formidable as to build up their moral sinews during the life of the Master himself.

The mission of Jesus functioned in a more temperate climate, and under a well organized Roman administration. Therefore, his teaching aimed only at a clearing of the cobwebs that had gradually bound the Jews into a people whose minds had been stunted through formalism, and who had lost the capacity to think for themselves and to distinguish between the essentials and the trivialities. Through the personality and teaching of Jesus the attention of his people was drawn to the values of humanism: they were persuaded to sift the kernel from the chaff. They were pulled out of the slough of religious ritual and, as the Qur'an in effect says, made to dream of soaring like eagles in the sky of unimpeded aspirations and action (Sec. 445). The disciples of Jesus matured only after his crucifixion. But, in the period of the great crisis itself, one of his disciples had betrayed him for twenty pieces of silver; another had denied him before the cock crowed thrice.

The Prophet of Islam had been commissioned with a more difficult task. His tribal peoples were subject to no outside authority; each tribe was a law unto itself. They subjected themselves voluntarily only to the

directions which they received from the keepers of the shrine at Mecca which many of them visited twice a year, in Spring and Autumn, when it was neither too cold nor too hot. And even this hold was light. They revolted on the slightest pretext.

The Prophet, therefore, to succeed in his mission, had to have a far more disciplined and a more numerous group of adherents. They had to be welded together in the fire of opposition, persecution and ostracism. In all these stages it was the Qur'an that moulded them through its sublime messages conveyed through their inspired leader. The 34 Suras in the above mentioned first two series were revealed mostly in the period of severest ostracism, when reassurance in their destiny was the greatest need. Indirectly, these Suras kept fresh in the minds of these missionaries of God the roles which they were destined to play in the eventful years that were soon to follow.

But the tone and content change slightly in the last group consisting of the two Suras An'am and A'raf. There are slight signs of impending change, emigration, opening of new vistas.

Instances are cited of former Prophets who had been left with no alternative but to go away from their native places and from those among whom they had been born and nurtured.

From Sec. 386: 50 follow several instances of

- (a) what the earlier Prophets had taught;
- (b) how the firmly ensconced had rejected their teaching;
- (c) how the Prophets had regretfully to emigrate; and
- (d) how, otherwise, a Prophet had had to be rescued by Providence.

After the instances of Nuh and Hud comes the instance of Salih:

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(Regretfully) he forsook them... (388:79); then Lut:
So We rescued him... (388:83); then Shu'aib:
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(Regretfully) he forsook them, murmuring,

"O my people, I did, indeed, convey to you the message of my Lord, and offered you good counsel.

O how is one to weep o'er those who will not heed!"

Then, after another reference to Musa and others, there comes another plaintive cry:

Why can they not understand—their comrade is no supernatural being; no other is he than a warner plain.

What revelations after this, will they put their faith in?

(399:184-5)

Perhaps these Suras also manifest a recapitulation of what has already been taught as a preparation for new lessons that are to be learnt in a new environment. The group of disciples appears to have expanded; the message is being preached to those who will emigrate, as also to those who will welcome the immigrants. Sections 396, and those that follow, need to be re-read at this stage. Some of the verses are clearly for the attention of the Jews and the Christians who are to constitute the groups to be associated with in Medina; verses 157 and 158 are conspicuous examples of this. And the last three verses of Sura A'raf, enjoining silent and unostentatious prayers, call for the reader's thought and reflection. The concept of a community composed of different communities, a federation of religious groups, a righteous State, is already being instilled in the minds of those who have believed.

The remaining part of the Quranic text, as found in this perspective presentation, was revealed under a more northern, Medinan environment, and in circumstances which were quite different from those so far met with in Mecca. Our analysis too in the Prelude that follows acquires new and wider dimensions.

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PRELUDE to Book V-AL-MIZAN

As pointed out above, the Prophet's advent into Medina in September 622 S.C.¹⁵ opened a new epoch in Quranic revelation also. But it will be noted that Book V, *Al-Mizan*, recording the revelations of this Medinan period,

^{15.} Some place this event in April; others in July. The basis of this calendrical controversy has been hinted at in Appendix C and will be dealt with in detail in Volume II.

also opens with the Sura Fatihah. Let us for a moment, therefore, go back to Book I where we had studied it in considerable details. It will be seen that we had there referred to Ibn 'Abbas as expressing the view that that brief Sura of seven verses had been revealed in two stages—the first five verses in the early Meccan period and the last verse or two in the early Medinan period. We shall here examine how internal evidence also lends credence to this view.

The first five verses are a complete prayer in themselves and the fifth verse, "Guide us Thou on the correct path", provides a striking finale. One can imagine how effective and comprehensive this opening prayer must have been for the frequent occasions on which the earliest Muslims gathered secretly to offer their endeavours in the service of Allah, and to affirm their determination to lead righteous lives. At this early stage no expansion of the prayer for guidance was needed to clarify for themselves what the correct path was and what it was not. It is therefore plausible that the subsequent explanatory and definitive text was added later. But the questions as to why and when call for some plausible explanation.

Several commentators of the Qur'an claim that the words maghdhub and dhallin, in this latter portion of the Sura refer to the Jews and Christians who came more prominently into the picture at Medina, and that the present ending of the Sura consists of a prayer beseeching God not to lead the followers of the new dispensation also along the path which these earlier communities had till then followed. But why should such a definitive prayer have become necessary, or even justified?

One possible explanation which can, however, be taken as no more than a plausible guess, is suggested by the close relation between the words *ihdina*, found in the first part of the prayer, and the unmentioned *yahud*, allegedly implied in the added portion. Obviously these two words are closely related, and, if not from the same root, h d a, they are respectively derived from two separate roots, h d a and h a d which are closely allied. The word *ihdina*, as we have already seen, means, 'guide us'; the second word, *yahud*, apparently means 'the guided'—an euphemism which the Jews had appropriated for themselves. Naturally, the new Believers, who prayed for Divine 'guidance' could not accept all Jews as the ones who were 'the guided'.

The conflict in meaning could have arisen only when some of the Yahud ceased to welcome the Prophet as the promised Messiah, and began taunting the Believers by playing on these two words as some of them are known to have played upon several other words (Sec. 414). Is it possible that such a taunt in this case amounted to something like this: You pray to Allah for 'guidance'; we are 'the guided'; why not then just follow us?

Such sophistry indulged in by some of the Jews would have been in keeping with the spirit of the time, but too dangerously specious to be ignored; it had to be contradicted but with as much grace and goodwill as possible. It would not have been in keeping with the spirit and teaching of the Qur'an for the Muslims, when asking God for guidance, to add: 'not the path which the Yahud and the Nasara have followed'. The Qur'an had already acknowledged the Divine source of their original teaching, as also the presence of some righteous ones among both these communities. So, entirely in keeping with this gracious acknowledgment, the additional text, added under the compulsion of circumstances, defines the sought-after path as 'the path of such individuals as God does bless' and distinct from 'the path of those who earn His displeasure,' or 'the path of those who go astray.' By this definition the Sura makes clear distinction between those on the right path and those who stray—irrespective of whether they were Jews or Christians, Muslims or others.

Those, therefore, who assume this last portion of the Sura as an indirect aspersion on all the *Yahud* and all the *Nasara*, even if it be only those of that particular period, tend to transgress.

It is this kind of harmonious blending between guidance for all time and guidance in a particular situation—limited to time and space—which we shall find in BOOK V, Al-Mizan, more than in the earlier Suras of the Qur'an. In that sense too, therefore, this Sura Fatihah is a miniature replica of both the Meccan and the Medinan Qur'an: its repetition at the beginning of Al-Mizan is as appropriate as its being placed at the beginning of the Qur'an itself.

The Sura Fatihah, in the traditional sequence (TS) too, is followed by the Sura Baqarah which opens with the enigmatic letters of the Arabic alphabet—Alif! Lam! Mim! As explained earlier, these are apparently vocatives drawing the Prophet's attention to the revelation that is to follow.

But these vocative letters are followed by the word dhalika which means 'that which has preceded'. The phrase, dhalikal kitab, therefore, would mean 'that which has already been recorded.' But the place of precedence given to this Sura, according to the traditional sequence (T.S.), has given to it so much eminence that the word dhalika has here acquired the meaning of haza or 'that which follows'; and the first few verses of this Sura have come to constitute a formal introduction to the Qur'an itself. This is hardly justified because about two-thirds of the Quranic revelations had already been revealed in the thirteen years in Mecca preceding the Hijrah or emigration to Mecca. The fact that this is an early recording of Medinan revelations is generally accepted.

The perspective placement (PP) adopted by us corrects this anomaly and gives back to the word *dhalika* its correct meaning and clearly shows that the first verse of this Sura affirms the veracity not so much of that which follows as that of the Quranic revelations that have already been recorded in the repertoire which we have here classified as *Ar-Ruh*, *Al-Huda* and *Al-Kitah*.

This Sura, entitled *Baqarah*, it will be noticed, is the longest Sura of the Qur'an and consists of no less than 286 verses as compared to the 6 or 7 verses of Sura *Fatihah* and the 227 briefer and more coherent verses of Sura *Shu'ara* (Secs. 109–120) which has the second largest number of verses.

But a still more outstanding aspect of this Sura Baqarah is that its contents are more miscellaneous than that of any other Sura: some verses are said to be Meccan, others early Medinan and still others are revelations of the late Medinan period. The subjects dealt with are also diverse.

This multifarious nature of the Sura is so pronounced that one ingenuous enthusiast, searching in vain for sequence and coherence, has conjectured that the title baqarah is, perhaps, a misreading of the word baqiyah, meaning 'remainder' or 'that which is inherited'. This, he thinks, might have happened in the early days of Quranic compilation when the text had neither dots to distinguish between the letters of the alphabet which had similar shapes, nor the diacritical marks to demarcate the shorter vowel sounds of a, i and u, which determine so much the meanings of Arabic words. Some specimens of Quranic script, inscribed on vellum in the second century of the Hijra, and having no diacritical marks are still extant.

The late Ajmal Khan, mentioned in *Interlude One*, had suggested the splitting up of the text of this Sura *Baqarah* and the appropriate distribution of its contents in at least an approximately chronological sequence. But this would be beyond the perspective placement of the Suras here aimed at.¹⁶ However the occurrence of this very word *baqiyah* in verse 248 (Sec. 434) of this Sura entitled *Baqarah*, appears to provide some justification for the conjecture if not for further analysis.

^{16.} It might, however, be mentioned in passing that several pious attempts have been made to compile a subject-wise compendium of all the Quranic verses. Perhaps such an attempt would be more significant and fruitful if it were restricted to this Sura *Baqarah* along with eight other Suras here incorporated in Book V, *Al-Mizan*, viz TS Nos. 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 22, 24, and 33.

Still another thread from the past to sew into what is to follow: In the introduction to *The Student's Qur'an* (1959), we had quoted an extensive passage from Gibb, a part of which bears repetition for the next point to be discussed:

"...the Koran is essentially untranslatable. The seer can never communicate his vision in ordinary language. He can express himself only in broken images, every inflection of which, every nuance and subtlety, has to be long and earnestly studied before their significance breaks upon the reader—images, too, in which the music of the sounds plays an indefinable part in attuning the mind of the hearer to receive the message. To paraphrase them in other words, can only be to mutilate them, to substitute clay for fine gold, the plodding of the pedestrian intelligence for the winged flight of intuitive perception..."

Now this thesis that the Qur'an is essentially untranslatable is not the dictum of only a non-Muslim; it had been held vehemently by the learned among the Muslims for a thousand years. Shah Waliullah of India was strongly condemned for translating the Qur'an even in its sister language, Persian, more than two hundred years ago.

But why are we repeating this discussion here? Because in it lies the basis for the question that we implied in an earlier interlude: What consideration, weightage, or discount needs to be given to the poetic form of a revelation when the mundane, prosaic and day-to-day situations which it deals with are to be rendered in translation? Before answering the question one point needs to be cleared.

The non-Muslims among Quranic scholars who, we said earlier, found so much poetry in the early and brief Suras, often note that this poetic quality is almost non-existent in the later Medinan Suras. To show that this is not altogether a fact, and that the language of even the Medinan Suras observes many rules of prosody, we shall request the reader to see for himself the verse-endings of Sura Byyana (Sec. 501), and the whole of Sura Muhammad (Sec. 531-34). In the first we have given, at the end of each verse, the Arabic verse-ending in roman script. The rhyme pattern of all the eight verses becomes more obvious when seen in this form of presentation. In Sura Muhammad we have tried to retain the rhyme pattern of the original in the English rendering also. Does not the form of these two late Medinan Suras conform to the rules of prosody as closely as the form of the Suras we discussed in Interlude One?

Lest it be said that these Suras too are relatively brief and are hence to be classed with the brief Suras of the early period, let us draw the reader's attention to Sura Nisa (Secs. 461-84) wherin 168 out of the 176 verses end in the common rhyme of an elongated sound of a. Similarly all but one of the verses of Sura Furqan K 1, end in a single rhyme. The uniformity in this last instance is so obvious that even a layman might be justified in suggesting that the ending of verse 17 at the word sabil does not seem to be justified, and that it would be more logical to regard verses 17 and 18 as together constituting one single verse in order that all the 77 verses of this opening Sura of Book IV, Al-Kitab, may conform to the common rhyme. The case regarding Sura Ahzab too is almost identical.

This combination of prose and poetry seems to have been a common characteristic of all languages that have their roots in an ancient past. Sanskrit and Latin too share this feature. It is said that the observance of rhymed endings for prose sentences was much favoured in Latin during some specified periods of its growth and was given up later.¹⁷

So the question mentioned above may now be expressed more precisely as follows: What allowance is to be made for the part played by rhyme and rhythm and poetic form in interpreting the injunctions of the Qur'an for purposes of applying them specifically to current situations?

If a book, or even a passage has all the qualities of poetic form and is also untranslatable, does it not mean that it cannot be understood with sufficient precision to be expressed clearly in the idiom of another language or even in the naked prose of the same language? And if it cannot be understood or expressed precisely, how can its meaning be applied precisely to specific situations arising in subsequent centuries and millennia? Does it not follow that even the commands of the untranslatable Qur'an should be taken as indications or guidelines for dealing with any specific situations more than as immutable laws for all times and all climes? Does not the Qur'an, due to its essential untranslatability, assume the place of jurisprudence rather than that of the penal code? Does it not represent better the principles and philosophy of law rather than its specific application?

"The seer can never communicate his vision in orinary language. He can express himself only in broken images—images, too, in which the music of the sounds plays an indefinable part in attuning the mind of the hearer to receive the message..."

Is not all this, in fact, an indirect definition of poetical expression? Is not such sublime expression then to be accepted as guidance more than as command? Is it not more appropriate for reflection and thought than for blind obedience

^{17.} Lucas, F. Style, Pan Books, 1955 see Note on final cadences p. 219.

leave alone peremptory action? Is it not likely that thoughtless application of these dazzling, beautiful passages, to everyday situations, in the centuries of change that follow will lead us astray from the goals which the Qur'an sets for us?

And here is a verse from the Qur'an itself to support our rhetorical contention:

It is for Allah to show the direction (of the goal) but (in that direction) are devious paths; had He willed He could have guided you in detail.

(Sec. 293:9)

This verse, appropriately enough is to be found in Sura Nahl—that name being given to the Sura on the basis of a reference to the bee found in it. Allah shows the bee the direction in which honey will be found. It is for the bee to search out its exact location.

Let us give just one specific example to show what we mean (a) by understanding the Quranic injunctions as elements of jurisprudence rather than immutable decrees applicable for all times, and (b) Quranic exposition as poetic rather than prosaic.

A hadith is quoted as reporting an incident wherein a sha'ir, we would rather render the word here as a poetaster, had been publicly reciting verses derogatory to the Prophet. The master sternly ordered: "Cut off his tongue!" Some impetuous companions rose to carry out the order in its apparent sense. But it was soon made clear that the words also implied the closing of the balladmonger's mouth by removing his grievances.

The Arabic language, in fact, all languages which trace their origin beyond the age of writing, have so many words with multi-meanings, and even opposite meanings, that the use of puns played an important part in the process of primitive education in all countries. The passing of a camel through the eye of a needle is found as an aphorism both in the Bible (Math. xix.24; Mark x.25; Luke xviii.25), and in the Qur'an, (Sec. 383: 40); incidentally, it owes its survival to the double pun involved in it. The story of Jonah swallowed by a whale is also said to be based on a similar pun. The

above quoted order to "cut off his tongue," has its reflection even in a Persian saying which is still prevalent:

dahan e sag ba luqmah dookhta beh

which means, "a barking dog's mouth is best sewn with a morsel!"

Let us now examine a particular Quranic passage in the light of this background.

Verse 38 of Sura Ma'ida (Sec. 489) containing the injunction to cut off the hands of the robber has been the subject of comment and controversy over the generations. Some non-Muslim commentators—most of whom are, incidentally, of English nationality, have expressed abhorrence at this barbaric injunction still practiced in Mecca, the birthplace of Islam. They fail to remember that in their own civilized country. and less than a 100 years ago, the punishment for petty theft was consignment to the dungeons and robbers were hung and quartered.

But, invidious comparisons aside, let us examine more carefully this very Quranic passage which arouses so much horror in other than Muslim circles. Let us carefully read this verse again and also the two verses that follow. In more prosaic language verse 39 means, 'If the thief repents, and promises not to repeat his anti-social act, forgive him.' The implication of verse 40 which follows is still more amazing. In substance it says: 'Do you not realize that all things valuable or trivial, belong to God; they are today in your possession; tomorrow another may have appropriated them; who are you to punish or even to reprimand?'

Would a *Qadi* be justified in cutting off the hand of every prowler, thief or robber? On which of the three verses should he base his verdict? Is it reasonable to treat this passage of three consecutive, mutually influencing, verses as legislation? Is it not more logical to regard them as announcing the principle on which punishment must be based? Should they be taken as penal code or as principles of jurisprudence?

No one knew better than the Prophet himself

- (a) that, in the tribal anarchy of his time, strict and rigid regimentation, such as the daily congegational prayers, morning, noon and night, could alone provide for the enforcement of discipline among the growing number of unruly converts to the new faith; and
- (b) that the Quranic injuctions, especially of the Medinan period, revealed to deal with specific situations of time and place, could not possibly meet the infinite variations of circumstances which the Muslim community would have to face in the indefinable future.

Two well known and oft-quoted traditions support the above contention:

One of them relates the Prophet to have said that his followers would be lost if, during his time, they evaded even a tenth of what was enjoined upon them; but, a time would come, when, once a tradition of righteousness had been built up, even those would be saved who observed no more than one-tenth of what had been enjoined by him.

The other relates to his having asked a disciple who was being sent to administer a newly acquired territory, what principles he would be guided by in administering justice. He answered, 'The Qur'an.' 'And if the Qur'an did not provide an answer?' 'Then the precedents set by the Prophet,' said the designated administrator. 'But if you cannot find such a precedent?' 'Then,' he answered, 'I would be guided by my own judgment.' And the Prophet was pleased with the answer.

But these two references should not be taken to mean that we are suggesting the inadequacy of the Qur'an as a lawgiver. On the contrary, our conviction and belief is that, both by precept and by practice, the Qur'an and the Prophet, Allah and His Messenger, have shown the directions to righteousness in the time and place of the dispensation and have emphasized on man's role as the vicegerent of God, a creature endowed with the faculties of thought and judgment for reaching the goals of righteousness. It is the neglect of these God-given faculties and the exclusive dependence on the Qur'an for specific injunctions to meet all situations arising in all times and all places, it is this attitude that is at fault. It is the people who are too timid or too lazy to think for themselves, and who depend only on the letter of the Qur'an to guide them in all detail, it is these who themselves get lost and also lead others astray.

It is obvious that if the Qur'an had been able to provide specific guidance in all details for the innumerable new situations that arise in a growing and expanding community, there would have been no raison d'etre for the five schools of Islamic interpretation that arose within a hundred years of the Prophet's demise. In some regions and among some groups the *Hanafi* interpretation gained favour; in others the *Shafi'i*; in still others the *Ja'fari* approach became popular, and so on with the *Maliki* and the *Hanbali*.

When the third century of Islam dawned there also arose, one after another, the six great compilers of the innumerable verbal and recorded traditions that floated in the atmosphere of all Muslim habitations. Laboriously, conscientiously, these seekers of truth in the sea of traditions brought in their nets a vast harvest of the alleged sayings and doings of the Prophet. These six, along with innumerable other such collections, having once been

recorded, soon provided an unlimited field for dissection, hairsplitting, debate and discord, all leading inevitably to more and more sacerdotalism. Each religious teacher, every mullah of a village mosque, has since used the Qur'an as a tool to prove his religiosity and the correctness of his narrow creed, and people have been repeating what they have heard about the Qur'an without ever seeing for themselves what really is contained therein. It is this situation which was reflected in the second Preamble of this volume—
The Bible Today.

Referring to the end of the Abbasid period Syed Ameer Ali¹⁸ has the following lament:

"From this period there was an unceasing struggle between rationalism and patristicism (sacerdotalism). In the year 1150, under the orders of the Caliph Mustanjid, all the philosphical works of Ibn-Sina and the copies of the Rasail-i-Ikhwan us-Safa, found in the public and private libraries, were consigned to the flames. In 1192 the physician Al-Rukn Abdus-Salam was accused of atheism, and the populace and priests proceeded to make a bonfire of his books. The Mullah who presided over this ceremony stood on a chair and delivered a sermon against philosophy. As the books were brought out they were delivered to him. and with a few words of remark on their impiety, he threw them into the fire. A disciple of Maimonides was a witness to this strange scene, and has left an account of it. "I saw," says he, "in the hands of this doctor the work of Ibn-ul-Haithem (Al-Hazen) on astronomy. Showing to the people the circle by which the author represented the celestial sphere, the doctor burst forth, 'Misery of miseries, inexpressible disaster!' and with these words he threw the book into the flames."

"But even the influence of Imam Ghazzali and the temporal power of the sovereigns, some of whom were at heart retionalists, would not have prevented the eventual victory of reason over the dead-weight of authority, had not the Mongol's sword turned the scale. "One Khan. one God: as the Khan's ordinance is immutable, so is God's decree." Could any doctrine be more logical, or more irresistable, backed as it

^{18.} Ameer Ali, Syed: The Spirit of Islam 1902 edition, pp. 412-13.

It is sometimes amazing—and pleasantly embarrassing—to be mistaken for the renowned author of A History of the Saracens and The Spirit of Islam, who passed away at a ripe old age, in 1926. I take this opportunity to explain that, apart from being, like him, allegedly, a Razavi, I have no claims to being a relative of that famous jurist-scholar who preceded me by more than a generation. Nonetheless I am much indebted to his scholarship through his books and also indirectly through Mirza Abul Fazl who had personally imbibed much from his learning and forthrightness.

was by a million swords? Rationalism, philosphy, the sciences and arts went down before the avalanche of savagery—never to rise again. The gleams of light...under the successors of Halaku were the fitful rays of the setting sun. Policy worked with an inborn fanaticism in crushing any endeavour to introduce any rationalism and philosophy in the Muslim world. The lawyers were not only strong, but also the main support of despotism. Sacerdotalism took possession of the hearts of the largest portion of Muslims, and has in course of time become a second nature with them. They can perceive nothing except through the medium of the sacerdotal glasses. The Qur'an inculcated the use of reason, its followers have made its exercise a sin. It preached against authropolatry and extravagant veneration of human beings; the Sunnis have canonised the salaf and the four jurists; the Akhbari Shiahs, their Mujtahids, and have called any deviation from the course laid down by them-however much that deviation might accord with the Prophet's own teaching and with reason—a crime. He had said that 'ghosts. apparitions, and the like have nothing to do with Islam.' They now believe firmly in them. He impressed on them to go in quest of knowledge to the land of the heathens. They do not take it even when it is offered to them in their own homes."

The above was written almost a hundred years ago. The repeated disruptions in the Muslim community the world over during these recent decades have led to further deterioration in the intellectual status of Islam. A day may still come when the Muslims will subject this treasure of innumerable traditions to computers that will sift the genuine from the spurious and put a seal of authenticity only on those that conform to the spirit of the Qur'an. But during the past thousand years the *Hadith* literature, immeasurably more copious than the Quranic text, has obscured the Divine message and deprived it of all perspective. So much so that Iqbal had to wail:

Haqiqat khurafat men kho gai Yeh ummat rivayat men kho gai. 19

It is this state of affairs which is reflected in the quotation from Syed Abdul Lateef which we have given in the third Preamble entitled The Qur'an Today.

^{19.} Free rendering:

Pearls of wisdom, seldom seen, in mounds of pious rubbish: Naive pilgrims, led astray by fabled fantasies!

To conclude this thesis, running throughout the *Interludes*, let us finally submit that it is the naive contortion of the revealed poetic form of Quranic expression in the prosaic form of mundane ordinances—so characteristic of the medieval mind all over—that has led to interminable branching. controversies and divisiveness. As the American poet, William Stafford, has recently said, "... we are divided by religions... yet we are divided by the prose part of religion... if we do not get lost in the prose, there is a miraculous convergence possible."²⁰

That is exactly what I have been trying to emphasize about the Qur'an. It is the presentation of even transient injunctions in the language of transcendental poetry that makes its message both universal and eternal. It is in this sense that the Qur'an, I believe, will one day become the gospel of Man.

We shall now revert to the more factual introduction to the Medinan part of the Quranic revelation:

The 24 Suras of the Quranic text, to which we have ascribed the title of Al-Mizan (Sec. 504: 25), also lend themselves to a three-fold grouping. The first 5 Suras, according to our adjustment of sections, cover exactly half of the 200 Sections which Al-Mizan consists of. The intervening 14 smaller Suras (bearing traditional sequence numbers 98, 57-66 and 47-49) cover 40 sections and the remaining 5 Suras at the end of Al-Mizan—cover the remaining 60 sections.

The discerning reader may perceive a faint parallel between the first 5 Suras and the first 5 Books constituting the Pentateuch of the Old Testament, and also known collectively as the Torah or *Taurat*, as the Qur'an refers to them.

It is these 10 Suras, (the first 5 and the last 5 Suras of Al-Mizan) which receive particular attention in Islamic theology although they are not seen as a group owing to their being scattered in the traditional sequence. And even among these ten, Sura Baqarah, the longest Sura, is the one with which most of the Muslims are familiar. This is perhaps because it comes in the beginning of the traditional sequence and the majority of readers become "fallouts" by the time they have read through its kaleidoscopic contents. Not so much attention is paid to the intervening 14 smaller Suras partly because they are inconspicuously placed between different Meccan Suras which, compared to the Medinan revelations, are given less attention.

^{20.} Poetry is the breath of life SPAN, Feb. 1973

The 5 Suras at the end of Al-Mizan (T.S. Nos. 22, 24, 33, 8 and 9) contain revelations governing domestic as well as tribal adjustments. They are mostly revelations of the last few years of the mission when the Prophet had succeeded in subduing sedition, opposition and revolt of some tribal groups. It was this success which had attracted large numbers of erstwhile antagonists to flock to his banner for protection as well as profit. The contents of these Suras show that his birthplace Mecca has been brought under the control of the Believers. Expansion of the mission is being planned and organised. The righteous are being encouraged, the laggards, the half-hearted adherents and the downright hypocrites and instigators of sedition are being judiciously controlled.

Many critics of the Qur'an have seen in this part a marked shift in the place occupied by the Prophet in the course of the mission. In Mecca, they say, he was only the Warner, the Messenger, the Harbinger of salvation. In the later years in Medina the name of this Messenger becomes associated with the name of Allah himself. In view of the many times that the expression Allah and His Messenger occurs in this part of the Qur'an a brief comment on this aspect of Al-Mizan is called for in this prelude.

Here a hadith qudsi quoted in Abul Fazl's Commentary of Sura Fatiha (Book I) bears repetition:

My servant who believes in ME, who, in his striving to serve ME, reacheth near, and still more near, to ME, he doth endear himself to ME.

And when he has endeared himself to ME:

I, MYSELF, become the ears through which he hears, the eyes through which he sees, the hands with which he holds, the tongue with which he speaks the feet with which he marches on...

It is this absolute submission of the Prophet's will, to the will of Allah which is the explanation and the justification of this oft-repeated reference to Allah and His Messenger. Those who have perceived the character of Muhammad as seen between the lines of the revelation in all the previous four BOOKS, will readily see that this form of expression does not usurp Divine authority but only stresses on it in the form in which the people have come to accept it. It must be remembered that at this stage of his mission the Prophet had acquired a position from which he could well have issued

edicts in his own name alone. All that the addition signifies is that these ordinances are not based on his own individual initiative but are the outcome of explicit commands from some source outside himself—a source which he implicity believes is Divinity itself.

This part of the Qur'an, if it is to be properly appreciated has to be studied in comparison with other scriptures:

Jesus drove out with a whip the moneychangers from the Temple meant for the worship of the Lord. He said:

"Ye serpents, ye generation of vipers!

How can you escape the damnation of hell?"

(Math. xxiii. 33)

Think not that I am come to send peace on earth; I come not to send peace but the sword...

For I am come to set a man at variance against his father...

And a man's foes shall be those of his own household ...

(Math. x. 34-6)

In the milieu in which Muhammad had been sent, the tribe was the unit of social organization. And it was the tribal organization that arose against his teaching; it was the tribes that he had to pacify and the tribes that he had to subdue in bringing mankind nearer to God and to the commands of God.

Muhammad too had rid the Ka'ba, the Bait Allah, 'the House of Allah', of its 360 idols. Disillusioned by their lack of integrity, and the proneness of the desert Arabs to repeatedly go back on their oaths and promises, the Qur'an, through him, exclaimed:

O ye who have believed!

These idolators are filthy.

Allow them not, therefore,
in the precincts of
the Sacred Mosque, after this
their annual gathering ...

(Sec. 586 : 26)

Persuasion, advice, there is a limit to what can be achieved through them. When one's responsibilities expand and aggrandisment of the aggressives has to be curbed and controlled in the interests of the weak and the peace-loving, force has to be employed whether it is the whip of Jesus or the sword of the Believers:

"We also bestowed steel—
therein lies much power
and much advantage for mankind."

(Sec. 504: 25)

"Were it not for the restraint of one upon another, imposed on men by Allah, the earth would be corrupted!

But Allah is Benevolent on all mankind"

(Sec. 434: 251)

"It was not ye who slew them, it was Allah who slew them! When you were aiming arrows it was not you who aimed, it was Allah who aimed...

(Sec. 572:27)

How closely these revelations resemble the assurances given by Krishna to Arjun in the Gita:

"By Me they fall—not thee!
the stroke of death
is dealt them now,
Even as they stand
thus gallantly;
My instrument art thou,
Strike, strong armed Prince ...
'Tis I who bid them perish
Thou wilt but slay the slain.

(Gita xi: 33. Edwin Arnold, The Song Celestial)

Oblivious of this aspect of their own Scriptures, those having only a partial and biased knowledge of the Qur'an repeat some passages of this phase of the Quranic mission to prove that compared to the Prince of Peace for example, the Prophet made the Qur'an an instrument for his own tyranny and aggrandisement. They seldom quote other verses even from the Qur'an itself. One, for example, referring to the desert Arabs themselves will show the balanced nature of the Quranic revelation:

Among the desert Arabs in your vicinity some are untrustworthy ...

Among the desert Arabs there are also those who trust in Allah, and the final day.

Soon will Allah admit them to His mercy ...

(Sec. 596)

Very little more needs to be said in this Prelude which will help the reader to understand better this last of the five Books, Al-Mizan, that follows. We shall, however, draw attention to three outstand]ng passages—Sections 435, 546 and the last two verses of Sec. 587 which stand by themselves. The first two consist of passages that thrill and enchant all those who read them in the original and which many can recite by heart. The first is referred to as ayat al Kursi, 'the verse of the Throne' and the other is known as ayat an Nur, 'the verse of Light'. They are, indeed, passages that may be memorized with pride by every Muslim child to whom they will bring life-long joy.

And, finally, verses 36 and 37 that occur in the last Sura Barat in this chronologically perspective presentation. Whether they were revealed then or earlier, they are reported to have been a part of the Prophet's last sermon on mount 'Arafat following the Hajj which corresponded closely with the vernal equinox in March 632. The Prophet passed away less than three months later, on 8th June of the same year. But these two verses, this writer believes, have had the greatest influence in the moulding of the Muslim mind ever since it ceased to have the Prophet's guidance. But, except for the brief Appendix C we shall leave their detailed analysis to Volume II. They are of too much significance to the future of Islam to be dealt with cursorily in this volume meant for providing a perspective of the Qur'an itself.



BOOK FIVE

THE BALANCE

Certainly We sent Our Envoys with Our evidence; but We also sent with them the Book and the Balance so that among men may prevail equity.

We also bestowed steel...

(Sec. 504)

Contents:

24 Medinan Suras:

- 10. Sura Fatihah
- 11. T.S. 2 to 5
- 12. T.S. 98
- 13. T.S. 57 to 66
- 14. T.S. 47-49
- 15. T.S. 24
- 16. T.S. 33
- 17. T.S. 22
- 18. T.S. 8 and 9

Border inscription on title page: T.S. 98 Sura *Byyina*—Sec. 501



In the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

TO COMMAND is for ALLAH alone:

The Nourisher of all communities!
(HE whom some call)

THE RAHMAN

(some)

THE RAHIM!

The final ARBITER of all reckonings!

THEE alone would we serve,

THEE alone we pray for help:

GUIDE US THOU ON THE CORRECT PATH!

The path of those whom Thou dost bless, those who do not Thee displease, those who do not go astray...



SURA: BAQARAH

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

1 *** 402

ALIF! LAM! MIM!

(O MUHAMMAD!)

- 2 The Kitab—that which has been recorded no doubt therein, serves as guidance to the cautious:
- 3 Those who believe implicitly; those who are attent to their duties, and who (willingly) expend whatever We have on them bestowed.
- 4 Those who believe in what has been revealed to thee and what has been revealed before thee; and those who, of their future, are convinced.
- 5 'Tis these who are the guided of their Lord; 'tis these who will (assuredly) prosper.
- 6 But those who would evade, 'tis all the same to them whether thou warnest them or dost not warn them they will not, (in either case), believe!
- 7 Allah hath sealed their hearts, their ears; a veil there lies upon their eyes for them there lies ahead great misery.

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8 Among these men there are also those who say, "We do believe in Allah and in the Day to come."

But they are not believers!

9 They (would) deceive Allah and those who have believed: but none do they deceive, except themselves, and they are unaware!

- 10 There's canker in their hearts and Allah intensifies such canker; great misery awaiteth them because they do mislead.
- 11 And when 'tis said to them,
 "Spread not mischief in the land,"
 they say,
 "We are only trying to set things right!"
- 12 'Tis they, indeed who are the source of discord but they know not.
- 13 And when 'tis said to them,
 "Believe ye as believe the others,"
 they ask,
 "Shall we believe, as simpletons believe?"
 'Tis they themselves, indeed, who are the simpletons, but this they know not.
- 14 When face to face with the believers, they say,"Believe we!"But, when in conclave with their instigators,

they say,
"We are with you, them we were only fooling!"

- 15 Allah will fool them in allowing them to trespass in their blindness.
- 16 They are the ones who would accept straydom in exchange for guidance. Disastrous is their barter—lost have they their acumen.
- 17 Their case is like the case of one who, (needing light), doth light a conflagration.
 And lo, when it hath lighted all around, Allah depriveth him of sight and leaveth him in the darkness blindly groping!
- 18 Dumb, deaf and blind (have they become), they cannot now retrace.

19 Or, it is as if a mighty rain-cloud overshadows them above:

thunder, lightning pierce the darkness.

they thrust their fingers in their ears against the thunderclap—awaiting death!

Allah doth, indeed, envelop on all sides those who would evade.

20 The lightning well-nigh blinds their eyes, every time it shines, they crawl:

when darkness 'gain descends, still they stand.

If Allah had desired, He could (once for all)
deprive them of their hearing and their
sight.

Verily, over everything, Allah hath power!

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21 O ye people!

Serve ye your Lord who created you and those before you, in order that you may (learn to) be circumspect,

- 22 He who spread the earth as your mattress and the heaven as your canopy; who showers rain from the heavens, and raises thereby fruit to feed you!

 Set ye up no rival for Allah deliberately.
- 23 And if ye are suspicious of what We have revealed to Our servant, bring ye forth (an example of) a Sura resembling it: and swear ye, (at least) by those whom ye associate with Allah, if ye would be (taken for) the truthful.
- 24 And if you cannot—and assuredly you cannot then beware of the fire that melteth men and stones and doth await those who falsely accuse!

الله الذائن المناكز والطَّلَلة وَمَا كَانُوا هُنَكُنانَ @ مَثَلُهُمُ كُمُثَلِ الَّذِي اسْتُوْقَلَ علانة المناقلة الله ذَهَبَ اللهُ بِنُوْرِهِ مِوَكَرُكُهُمُ فَ كُلِّمُهُ مِنَ الْأَيْمُ مِنْ فَ @ صُوْلُكُ وَ عُنْ نَهُمْ لا أصابعهم في إذانههم مِسّن الظنواعق حذرالمؤت ووالله تكادُ الْبُرُقُ يَخُطُفُ ابْصَارَهُمُ وَٱبْصَارِهِمُوانَ اللّهُ عَلَى حَيْلًا عَبْدِهِ مَا فَأَنْوُ السُّورَةِ صِّنْ

即回

وَمَاكِشُعُرُونَ ٥ في قُلُولِهِ مِرْضُ فَزَادَهُ وَاللَّهُ ٱلْآرَاتِهُمْ هُمُ الْمُفْسِكُ وْنَ وَلَاِنْ وَاذَاقِيْلُ لِهُمُ الْمِثْوَ اكْمَا ٓ أَصَنَ الكاس قالأآ أنوفيون كمآ أمتن الشفياء الرافقة فمالشفها وَلَٰكِنُ لِآيَعُكُمُوْنَ ⊕ وإذالفؤالك أن أمنوا فالوا أمناك قاذا تحسكوا بالي تشليطينهمة



25 But herald thou good tidings to those who have believed and are engaged in righteous deeds:

for them await the gardens beneath which streams flow.

Everytime they're fed therein with fruit afresh they say,

"But this is what we have just eaten,"

for it is always brought to them afresh.

For them therein are consorts pure, and there they'll dwell for aye.

26 Allah disdaineth not to present as example a gnat or something even humbler:

those who believe in earnest know that even lowly similes are from Allah;

but those who're prone to dispute ask,

"What meaneth Allah by these parables? Thereby He misleads many."

(No!) Many He doth guide; none are misled except the mischievous:

27 Those who forswear the covenant with Allah after having entered into it,

those who create schisms in what Allah hath made one—

those (in short) who spread discord in the land: they are the ones who'll be the losers.

28 How can you deny Allah?!

You were without life, He enlivened you; repeatedly ye die, repeatedly He wakes you back to life

and, finally, to Him do ye return.

29 It is He who hath created for you everything that is on earth—

then decorated it with the heavens;

adorneth He the seven firmaments and of them all He is Aware.

4 *** 405

30 Thy Lord, addressed the angels:

"Lo, on the earth I shall establish a vicegerent!" They ask:

"Wouldst Thou let there rule one who would spread disaffection—one who would cause bloodshed—

while we strive ceaselessly at Thy bidding and pay Thee loyal homage?"

He said.

"I know what ye know not!"

31 He imbued man with power to ascribe names to all things.

Then placing (some of) these before the angels. He said:

"Tell Me the names of these if ye really can."

32 They answered:

"Glory be to Thee! Of naught we know except of what Thou hast made us know. Thou art alone the Knower and the Wise!"

33 He said,

"O, man! Tell them their names!"

And when man gave them their names He said,

"Did I not tell you, I know, indeed, the prospects of the heavens and the earth.

And I know what ye reveal and what fain you would hide?"

34 Then said We, to the angels,

"Render homage ye to man!"

They all bowed low-except Iblis.

He stood erect, disdainful.

He was indeed among the stubborn!

35 We told man,

"Dwell thou and thy spouse in this garden and eat and rest therein, where ye will.

Only, approach not ye this plant lest ye be of the disobedient."

36 But Shaitan made them waver from obedience...

and brought them out from that (ease) in which they were.

And We decreed:

"Hie ye all—each an enemy to each—the earth for your abode and wherewithal for a while!"

37 Then man learnt from his Lord some words (expressing repentance) and turned He (in His mercy) towards him!

Lo! He is the Compassionate, the Merciful!



38 We said,

"Hie ye all together hence!

There shall come to you anon, guidance from Me:

and they who would be guided thereby, no fear for them shall be—nor shall they grieve.

39 But those who would evade and sneak away from Our signs they shall be (as if) in hell and thus they shall remain for aye..."

5 *** 406

40 O ye Bani Isra'il!

Recall ye all the blessings which I bestowed on you.

Fulfil ye too the covenant with Me, even as I fulfil My covenant with you—

Concern yourselves with none but Me.

41 Believe ye in My revelation which but confirms what is with you:

be ye not among the foremost to reject.

Barter not away My signs for petty gains:

Fear ye none but Me!

- 42 Clothe not the Truth in the garb of falsehood: conceal it not knowingly.
- 43 Stand fast to your duties.
 Fulfil your obligations.
 Bow ye (too) with those who bow.
- 44 Would ye teach virtue unto men, exempt yourselves, and yet continue, to quote the Scriptures? Have ye no sense?
- 45 Draw ye strength from fortitude and sense of duty; hard is this truly, except for those who would, in all lowliness.
- 46 Bear in mind that they shall meet their Lord and that to Him is their return.

وَ كُلْنَا لَأَدُمُ السَّكُنُ أَنْتَ وَزُوجُكَ ناكانافيه وتلنااهيط انعضكة تُ عَلَيْكُو فَأَوْقُوا كُمْ وَلاَ تُكُونُوا آوَل كَافِرُ كَاتِّاكَ) فَاتَّفَوُّنِ ۞ وَلِا تَلْبُ الْحُقُّ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَتُلْقُوا عَنَّ وَأَنْتُوْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ۞ وَإِقِهُ الصَّاوَةُ وَاتُواالَّأَكُو لَهُ وَازُكُعُو الْمُعَالِرُ أَلِعِيْنَ ۞ أَيَّا مُوُونَ التَّاسَ بِالْبِرِّ وَتَكْسُونَ ألفسكم وأنثم تثاون الكتب ٱفَلَا تَعَفِقُلُونَ ⊕



6 *** 407

47 O Bani Isra'il!

Recall ye all the blessings which I bestowed on you!

I had, indeed, raised you above all peoples!

48 Fear ye then the Day when no soul shall aught atone for another;

no intercessor shall be seen; no compensation be acceptable; no one shall be there to help!

49 (Remember ye) when We delivered you from the people of Fir'aun;

evil was the misery they heaped on you: slaughtered they your sons, your daughters with them lived—

therein indeed, for you, from your Lord, was a trial great!

- 50 (And remember) when We cleared the sea, to rescue you and drowned the hosts of *Fir'aun* even while you watched!
- 51 And, when to Musa We had promised (audience after) forty nights, (remember how) you had, meanwhile, taken to a (golden) calf and exceeded all bounds!
- 52 But We forgave you even after that, so that, perchance, you may be grateful.
- 53 And on Musa We bestowed both Law and Discernment in order that you may be guided.
- 54 And Musa told his people,

"O, my people, you have indeed, wronged yourselves by taking to the worship of a calf—Ask ye forgiveness of your Liberator and mortify your souls.

That will be what is due from you to your Liberator...

Lo! He turned to you (in His mercy). He is, indeed, Forgiving, Merciful!"

55 (Remember) when ye said,

"O, Musa! We shall not believe thee until we ourselves see Allah face to face..."
The clap of thunder struck you numb while still ye stared!

- 56 Then We brought you back to life after ye had swooned—so that ye may give thanks.
- 57 And We canopied you with the clouds and bestowed on you blessed nourishment:

"Consume ye these the best of fruit and flesh, which We bestow on you..."

They did no harm to Us but themselves they wronged!

58 (Remember) when We said,

"Enter ye this town and seek your living where ye will.

Be ye humble in your bearing and courteous in your speech—

We shall forgive your faults and heap abundance on the good."

59 But 'mong them those inclined to mischief changed the words of polite speech prescribed. So, on such recalcitrants We sent down pestilence from above because they had intrigued.

7 *** 408

60 (Remember) when *Musa* cried for water for his people. We said,

"Strike (along) the rocks with thy staff!"
Lo, there broke out twelve streamlets and soon each tribe for itself had fixed a drinking place.

"Eat ye and drink of Allah's bounty and spread not over the earth as mischief-mongers.

61 And (remember) when ye said,

"O, Musa! We can no longer endure one kind of food so pray thou to thy Lord to raise for us of what the Land (of Egypt had) produced:

its leafy vegetables,

its cucumbers,

its garlic, lentils, onions!"

He said.

"Would ye value more these little things than those of greater import?

Return ye then to *Misr* if ye would have wishes such as these fulfilled!"

Poverty, abasement, stamped themselves upon them—descended on them Allah's wrath.



That was because they had persistently rejected Allah's guidance and they had slain Apostles cause. without

That was because they were rebellious and ever recalcitrant!

Verily, (be they) the Believers, 62

the Yahud, the Nasara,

or the Saibin-

to come, and do good deeds, for them there all those who do believe in Allah, and in the Day is reward awaiting with their Lord;

no fear for them shall be nor shall they grieve.

*

(Remember) when We made a covenant with you while the Tor (of Sinai) towered over you— "Hold ye fast to what We have bestowed on you and think ye on it oft so that ye restrain yourselves." 63

and if it had not been for Allah's Grace and But even after that ye turned away (in careless-Mercy, you would have been among the lost. ness); 2

And you were well aware of those who broke the sabbath: decreed We, 65

"Be ye then (lawless) apes—despised!"

ۯٳڎؙڟڵڎؽڵڿڹ؈ڷڹڞڹڔۼڶ ڲٵۼٷٳڿؠٵڎۼڷٵڒٮۼڰ ۣٳۺۿ؆ٵڎؖٳێۿؙۮڹٵ۪ڹٵۺ ڗؽڤٵڎڹٳؾڹڹڿؠٚٳڮؿ۠ڎٳڰ براكالواليفينيون ٨ كالفجرك ونالمالتكاعشة فاعيثا まいいれんだりのかべいいはらく تفتزا فالازض مفيراين مِصْرَا وَإِنْ لَكُونا مَالِهُمْ وَحُورَةً ۏڛڹڗؠؽٳ۩ؿڂڛڹؽ۞ فيكال الزين كالمتواقواه وإذاستسفى مؤسى يقزوم وكالتاال يثبية كالقالك بجرا がみるがりからまでは بقلها ويكاليها وقريها وعكرها وتضلها كالاعتيدان الثانية هُوَادُن بِالنِّنِي هُوَجَيْرُ إِلْهِ عُلُوا المائز بغاب ێۅؽ؏ڵۿۅٛۅڒۮۿۄۼڒٷڹ۞ عليفورالبالة والتشاعكة والتقرى والقايرين من أمن كالمراجر أوجن ريهم ووال ٢. ٢. اَدَانَا مِنْ الْمَحَالَةِ مِنْ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُورَافِينَا بهاعصواؤكالوايعتناون اِقَ الْنَدِينَ أَحَنُوْ اوَالَيْنِينَ هَادُوْا قزى كرائط ورمث داراآ ائتياكم بفرزة والأسكر واسكاديه CD THE CO ٩ خفذل الليء تلتائد ورجمته لكأثاث وكقال كياميم المرين اعتداد اوتكاه فالتب نفك المتركز لواورةة إشوالة والخروع المالا 過時間

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66 We made them an example to their time and to posterity—

a lesson too for those who would restrain.

67 (Remember) when Musa told his people:

"Allah doth, indeed, command that you should give up a bovine!

They said,

"Wouldst thou confound us?"

He said,

"Allah be my refuge, I am not such a simpleton!"

68 They said,

"Inquire thou then from thy Lord on our behalf—to clarify for us what kind of bovine." He answered.

"Verily, He says, this bovine should not be past breeding nor one which has not bred;

it should be one between the two: so now comply ye with what ye are asked to do."

69 They said,

"Inquire thou then from thy Lord, on our behalf to clarify for us what colour should it be."

He answered,

"Verily, He says, the bovine should be goldencoloured, rich in glaze, delightful to behold."

70 They said,

"Inquire thou then, from thy Lord on our behalf, to clarify for us which particular one. To us all bovines appear alike, and we would like, if Allah wills, to be exactly guided."

71 He answered,

"Verily, He says, that one which has not been yoked to the plow, nor to the water-wheel; one that has no fault nor blemish."

They said, "Now thou hast pointed truly." Then they gave it up although reluctantly.

72 (Remember) when ye crucified a person and raised a controversy thereby:

And Allah was to bring forth what you would rather hide.

73 We said,

"Let him go forth with a party!"
Thus do We resuscitate the (seeming) dead!
Ponder ye on His signs—perhaps you'll under-

74 Then your hearts did harden like rocks, or harder still;

for rocks there are that softly give forth springs, others which, when struck, spurt out water; and others still that sink below in Allah's honour—

But ye! Allah knoweth well what ye do.

- 75 Are you still anxious (O, ye who have believed) that they believe with you when (you have seen) a (learned) group among them listen to the words of Allah and then pervert them—after understanding, and deliberately?
- 76 When they are face to face with those of faith, they say,

"Believe we,"

but when at home among themselves, they chide (each other):

"Would ye narrate to them what Allah hath disclosed to you so that it might support their arguments about your Lord?

Have ye no sense?"

- 77 Do they themselves not understand that Allah is, indeed, aware of what they fain would hide, and what they would declare?
- 78 Among them there abound illiterates who know nothing of their Book except what they would like to find in it—
 they do nothing but conjecture.
- 79 O woe to those who fabricate the Law themselves and say,

"This is from Allah",

so that they may make paltry gain thereby! Woe to them for what they fabricate!

Woe to them for what they earn thereby!

80 They say,

"The fire will not touch us except for a prescribed while."

Ask thou,

"Have ye taken out a covenant with Allah, and so are sure that He will not go back on it? Or, are you attributing to Allah what ye know not?"

- 81 But no! those who earn through evil, and are encompassed by their wickedness; they shall be inmates of the fire and therein they shall dwell for aye.
- 82 (In contrast), those who acquire faith and engage in righteous action, they shall be inmates of the garden and therein they shall dwell for aye.

10 *** 411

- 83 (Remember ye) the covenant We made with the Bani Isra'il:
 - (i) "None may ye worship but Allah;
 - (ii) to parents be ye kind;
 - (iii) as also to your kinsmen, to the guardianless and to the poor;
 - (iv) speak ye with people courteously;
 - (v) stand fast to your duties;
 - (vi) and fulfil your obligations!"

But, later, ye turned your back—except a few among you—and you still evade!

- 84 And remember ye the covenant We took from you:
 - "Shed not blood among yourselves. Cast ye not away your kin from your homes."

That ye had promised solemnly, ye yourselves bear witness.

وَلاَنْعُلَمُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا نَوَوَمَالَعُلَنُونَ

• وَمَالَعُلَنُونَ

• وَمَالَعُلَنُونَ

• وَمَالَعُلَنُونَ • وَمَالَعُلَنُونَ وَمِنْهُمُ أُمِّتُونَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ تْبَ إِلَّا آمَا نِنَّ وَإِنْ هُمُ نَنَ يُلْتُنُونَ الْكِتْبُ وَثُمَّ كُونُ لُونَ هٰذَا مِنُ

وَالَ اللَّهُ لَقُولُ إِنِّهَا لِقُلَا لِمُعَالِكُ لَا فارضٌ وَلَامَا رُمِعُواكُ بَيْنَ ذلكَ « فَأَفْعَلُهُ إِمَا تُؤْمَرُونَ @ بَالْوَنُهُمَاءِ قَالَ النَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهُمَا صَفْرًا إِن وَالْعُلِيِّ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مَا

85 But ye, yourselves, slay your kinsmen, expel ye out a group from their homes;

M 2

and turn your backs on them in guilt and anger; and if the expelled ones, are taken prisoner ye ransom them, regarding it as obligation! What! would you accept some laws as binding and not others?

What requital shall be for those who thus behave, except misery, in the immediate present?

And on the Day infallible there shall be heaped on them greater punishment.

Allah is not unaware of what they do.

86 These are the ones who barter for the transient present, their future—

but their punishment shall not be lessened nor shall they be helped.

11 *** 412

87 We had, indeed, bestowed the Law on Musa and continued after him to send Apostles—
On 'Isa son of Maryam, We bestowed clear distinctions and strengthened him with holy revelation.

Is it not ever so, that, when there cometh unto you a Messenger (from Allah) with that which ye yourselves desire not ye grow insolent: some ye deny and some ye slay?

88 They say,

"Our hearts are insulated."

Yes! Allah hath cursed them for their perfidy, and few there be (among them) prone to faith.

89 And when there cometh unto them a law from Allah confirming that which is with them although they had themselves tried to win the pagans to their faith—

and that with which they should have been familiar, they do reject it.

Verily, the curse of Allah lieth on these shifty ones.

90 Cheaply do they sell away their souls in rejecting what Allah hath inspired.

Grudge they that Allah should reveal of His bounty unto whom He will of His bondsmen! Incurred have they anger upon anger and to these perfidious ones shall come a grievous punishment.

91 And when it is said to them,

"Believe ye too what has been revealed by Allah," they say, "We believe in what has been revealed to us."

And yet reject they that which is identical with that which is with them!

Ask them, "How then did you come to slay Allah's Messengers if ye believed (in what has been sent down to you)."

92 Did not Musa come to you with clear instructions?

And yet you took to worshipping a calf after him, thereby transgressing.

93 (Remember) when We made a covenant with you while the Tor (of Sina) towered over you: "Hold ye fast to what We have bestowed on you and listen."

They said,

"We hear but go our way."

The calf, indeed, has sunk into their hearts because of their hypocrisy.

Say thou,

"Base, indeed, is what your faith enjoineth; if, in truth, ye have a faith"!

94 Ask thou.

"If the state of future bliss with Allah is for you alone among all peoples, why then seek ye not death if ye are honest?"

- 95 But they will never seek it because the requital for the deeds they wrought awaiteth them. And Allah knoweth well the aggressors.
- 96 Of all people thou wilt find them most covetous of life, more even than the heathens—each one wants to live a thousand years! But even if such boon were granted, they would not escape punishment.

 Allah seeth clearly all they do.

المِيْرُ

12 *** 413

97 Ask thou,

"Why this enmity for Jibra'il?"

He only imprints on thy heart what Allah permits him and that which doth confirm what is before you—tidings good—for all who would believe.

- 98 If (for this) they are averse to Allah, His angels, His messengers, Jibra'il or Mika'il, then Allah too doth bear enmity to such evaders.
- 99 We have, through thee too, sent out clear instructions and none deny them except the perfidious.
- 100 'Tis not that every time they jointly make a promise only some among them go back on it:

Nay, most of them are faithless.

- 101 And when there came to them an Envoy from Allah, confirming what was with them, a group among the people of the Book their Book itself they put behind their backs as if even of its existence they were unaware!
- 102 Glibly they accept what charlatans date back to the reign of Sulaiman.

It was not *Sulaiman* who went astray—it was the devils (of his time) who misguided (fellow-men) by teaching people sorcery.

It was not revelation sent to angels two— Harut and Marut in Babal.

And nothing did the two impart without having warned:

"Temptation lurketh here: go ye not astray!"

They learnt from them incantations, rites, to rend asunder man and wife!

No harm shall they inflict except what Allah doth permit.

They practice what doth harm to others but bringeth them no benefit.

They know full well that those who indulge in such dealings have no share in future bliss—that they cheat themselves in this barter.

Would that they had realized!

اللهُ قَالُوا ثُوْمِنُ بِمَا أَنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا

يبه بَيْنَ الْمُرْءِ وَزُوجِهُ وَمَأْهُمُ

103 Instead, if they had faith and eschewed evil, they would have had more claim on Allah's blessings; would that they knew.

13 *** 414

104 O ve who have believed!

Say not "Raina". Instead, say ye, "Anzurna," and then listen ve attentively.

As for the wicked, for them there is dire punishment.

105 The trouble-mongers—be they from the Peoples of the Book or from the Pagans—resent your being favoured by your Lord. But Allah chooseth for His mercy whom He wills.

And Allah is the source of all Grace and Bounty.

106 No evidence of Ours do We obliterate or leave to oblivion but that We replace it with one better still or its like.

Knowest thou not that Allah over every thing exerciseth sway?

- 107 Knowest thou not that Allah is He who holdeth sway o'er heaven and earth?

 That, apart from Him, for you, there is no friend, no helper?
- 108 Would ye too vex your Messenger, as did Musa's people?But he who doth exchange his faith for

waywardness soon loseth he the stable path!

109 There be many among the Peoples of the Book who would fain turn you from faith to doubt. It is envy on their part since they have realized the truth.

But pay ye no attention;

continue to be pleasant until Allah giveth His commands:

It is for Him, indeed, all matters to control.

110 Stand fast to your duties; continue ye to fulfil your obligations—

whatever deeds of virtue you perform, better still is the reward that waiteth for you with your Lord.

Verily, Allah, all ye do doth see.

111 Some say,

"None shall enter heaven unless he be a Jew, or a Nazarene."

That is only their wishful thinking.

Say thou,

"Bring ye proof if ye are truthful."

112 By no means!

Whosoever turns his heart to Allah and would do good, for him there is reward with his Lord. No fear doth come to such nor do they grieve.

14 *** 415

113 The Yahud declare,

"The Nasara have no basis!"

The Nasara contend.

"The Yahud have no basis!"

And yet they both accept the selfsame Book.

And those who read no Book say much the same!

Only on the day of Judgment Allah will arbitrate on that in which they differ.

114 Who can transgress more than he who would forbid, in houses built for Allah, the calling of His name?

Who would even want to desecrate them?! They are the ones for whom it would have been more fitting that they should enter them respectfully!

Now they face contempt;

in the future for them awaiteth still more misery.

- 115 The East, the West—both are Allah's; whithersoever ye turn ye face Allah.

 Allah is All-pervading. All-aware!
- 116 Some say,

"Allah hath taken to Himself a son!"
Glory be to Him!
But, all that is in heaven and on earth are His:
they all claim Him!

117 Originator of the heaven and the earth!

When He decrees a thing He only willeth,

"BE", and so, it IS!



118 Some, who know no better, ask, "Why doth Allah not speak to us? Why to us no sign doth come?"

Thus, indeed, said others before them, exactly thus; at heart they are alike!

But, clearly indeed, have We bared Our signs to those who are (prepared to be) convinced.

119 Indeed, We have, in truth, sent thee as a herald of glad tidings and only to warn.

Thou shalt not be questioned about the ones who are bound for hell.

120 Never will the Jews accept thee, nor the Christians, unless thou followest their ways. Say thou.

"He whom Allah guideth, he in truth, is guided!"

Wert thou now to follow their fancies, in spite of enlightenment having come to thee, there will be for thee from Allah no friend, no helper!

121 Among the ones on whom We have bestowed the Scriptures, those who read this as it should be read, they acquire faith therein. 'Tis only they who would disdain—'tis they who are the losers!

15 *** 416

122 O, ye Bani Isra'il

Recall ye all the blessings which I bestowed on you;

I had, indeed, raised you above all peoples.

123 Fear ye then the Day when no soul can ought atone for another;

no compensation can then be offered; no intercession can avail; none can be found to help!

نَهُ مُركومُ الْقِلْمَةُ فِيمُما متصالكش وأوالمغدث فأتنكما و الفيارة وخه الله إنَّ الله وَقَالُوا الشُّحَنَّ اللَّهُ وَلَكُلَّا تُسْلَحُنَّهُ * ٢. أَهُمَا فِي التَّمَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ الْ الله والمنافق المنافق المنافقة ك نُعُ السَّمَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَإِذَا طَهِي آمُرًا فَائتَمَا يَقُولُ لَهُ كُنِّ قَالَ إِنَّ إِنْ يَنَ لِانْعُلَمُونَ لَوْ لِا المنااللة أؤتأت أكثار كالكافا اتَّأَارُسُلْنُكَ مَا نَحِقٌ يَشْهُوًّا وَيَ نُ تُرضَى عَنْكَ الْهُوْدُ وَكُمْ نَّ هُدَى الله هُوَ الْهُدُى وَلَيْنَ حَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمُ مَالُكَ مِنَ الله مِنْ قَبِلَ وَلَانَصِيْرِ ٥ وتراتنك الكت تلانك لاوتبة أوللك يؤمنون عَدُ نَفْفُ شَيْعًا وَ لَا نَفْتًا مُمْمًا عَدُلُّ وَلاَتَنْفَعُمَا شَفَاعَةٌ وَلاَ هُمْ يُنْحَرُونَ 🕣

انَهُوْدًا أَوْنَصُمْ عِي تِلْكَ فكة أجرة عندرية الكانت كالمالك قال الكاني كا



124 After *Ibrahim* had been tested by his Lord and had fulfilled his mission—He said, "I shall make of thee for all men, a Guide!" (Eagerly, beseechingly)

he murmered:

"And my children too?"

He answered.

"Extendeth not My promise to those who would transgress!"

125 Then We made the House into a focal point where men meet, and a sanctuary:

"Consecrate the place of *Ibrahim* as a house of prayer."

Thus We entered into covenant with *Ibrahim* and *Isma'il*: that they dedicate My house for those who circumambulate,

those who seek retreat

and those who bend and bow (in worship).

126 Then prayed Ibrahim,

"My Lord, grant Thou that this whole town become a sanctuary of peace, and bless Thou with abundance those among its people who believe in Allah and the future Day." "Yea!" He said,

"Even to idolators in it I will grant brief respite; and then will drive them to the fire of hell, and evil the abode!"

- 127 And there stood *Ibrahim* raising the foundations of the House and there stood *Isma'il*:
 "Our Lord! Accept Thou this from us!
 Verily, Thou art the One who Hears, the One who Knows!
- 128 "Our Lord, make us both submit to Thy will and make our offspring too a people who submit to Thy will;

show us Thou our forms of worship and turn to us (in mercy).

Verily, Thou art the Acceptor of Repentance, the Ever-Merciful!

129 "Our Lord! Raise Thou a Messenger from 'mong themselves, to read to them Thy signs, to teach them scriptures, instil wisdom, and to cleanse them (of their prejudice). Verily, Thou art, the Sovereign and the Wise."

16 *** 417

130 Who is averse to the ways of *Ibrahim* unless he be stupid?

We distinguished him in his lifetime; for posterity he will be among the benefactors.



131 When his sire said to him:

"Submit!"

He said, "Submit I (only) to the Lord of all communities!"

- 132 And that (independent attitude) he left as legacy to his sons and so did Ya'qub: "My sons, the creed which Allah hath chosen for you, die ye not except adhering to it."
- 133 Would that you had witnessed Ya'qub facing death when he asked his sons:

"Who will ye serve after me?"

They answered,

"We shall serve thy Lord—the Lord of thy fathers, of Ibrahim, Isma'il, Ishaq, the One and only Deity-to Him alone will we submit."

134 That was a people that has passed away; for them what they had earned; for you is what you earn!

Ye shall not be questioned for what they did.

135 They say,

"Become ye Jew or Christian, so that ye may be rightly guided."

Say ye,

"Nay, we profess only the creed of Ibrahim the Upright!

We will not be among any who associate others with Allah."

136 Say ye,

"We believe in Allah, and that which has been sent to us

and that which had been sent

to Ibrahim

to Isma'il.

to Ishaq,

to Ya'qub,

and their descendants;

in that which had been given to Musa,

and to 'Isa:

all that which had been given to other Apostles, from their Lord!

No difference do we make between them; all of them do we revere."

المُنْ تُعَالِدُ تَالَمُ الْمُنْ تُعَالِدُ تَالَ وُ اسْحِقَ اللَّمَّاقِ احِدَّ الْمُحَقِّقِ فَحُنْ ئەممىلىمۇن ⊕ تلك أمَّة كَنْ خَلَتْ الْمُنَا مَّاكُسُنَتُ وَلَكُمُ مِّنَا عسبتم ولاشفاؤن عا كَأَنُوْ ايَعْمَاوُنَ ⊕ وْقَالُوْ لُوْنُوا هُهُوْدًا أَوْ نَصْدِي تَهْتَدُواء قُلْ بَلْ مِلْكُوْ إِبْرَهِمَ نَمُقًا وَمَاكَانَ مِنَ مُثَرُكِن @ و المكاياته وما أنزل النكا

وَإِذِائِنَالِ إِنْ هِمَ رَبُّهُ بِكِلِّمُ سِ فَاتَتَنَفُنَّ ﴿ قَالَ إِنَّى جَاعِلُكَ للشَّاسِ إِمَامًا ﴿ قَالَ وَمِنْ ذُرّتِيتِي وقال لانكال عَهْدِي

وانح عَلْنَا الْكُنْتَ مَثَاكَةً لِلنَّاسِ وَآمُنَّا ۥ وَاتَّخِذُوْا مِن مَّقَـَامِ إنره حَمُّصَلِّي ﴿ وَعَهِيْ أَالِي ائباه بمرواله المعيل أن طقرا بَيْتِيَ لِلتَّطَآبِفِيْنَ وَالْغَكِفِيْنَ وَالرُّكِّعِ السُّجُدِدِ @

وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرُهِ مُرَبِّ اجْعَلُ هٰذَابَلَدُا امِنَاوَّارْزُقْ آهُلَهُ مِنَ النُّهُمُوٰتِ مَنْ الْمَنْ مِنْهُمُ بالله واليؤم الزخيرة قال ومتن كفر فأمتعه قلللاثة أضطارة إلى عَذَابِ النَّارْوَبِيْسَ الْمَصِارُ ۞ واذكر فعرائرهم القراعدين المكنت وإنتمعيل وتتنأ تقبتل مِنَّا وإِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيُونِ رتتنا والجعلنا مُسْلِمَ بْنِ لَكَ وَمِنُ ذُرِّيَّتِنَآ أُمَّةً مُسْلِكَ لَكُ وَإِرِنَامَنَا سِكُنَا وَتُبْعَلَبُنَاء إِنَّكَ ٱنْتَ التَّوَّاكِ الرَّحِيْمُ ۞ رَتُنَا وَانْعَتْ فِيهُ مُ رَسُوً ﴾ مِّنْهُ مُرَيْثُكُوْا عَكَهُ مُوالِّدَكَ

الله من سفة نفسة وكعَّد اصطَّفَننهُ فِي السُّنْاءَوَاتَّهُ فِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ لَهِنَ الصَّاحِينَ @

وتعكمهم الكتت والحكمة

والتكافية والتكافأنت

137 So, if they believe as ye believe in this, they are, indeed, guided.

But if they should go back, 'tis they who will (among themselves) be split, and Allah will suffice thee against them.

He hears! He knows!



138 Baptised of Allah!

And who can baptise better than Allah? Him alone we serve!

139 Ask thou,

"Would ye quarrel with us concerning Allah when He is both our Lord and your Lord? And when on us (will be the consequences of) our deeds and on you (the consequences of) your deeds?

And when we worship none but Him?

140 "Or, would ye say that

Ibrahim,

Isma'il.

Ishaq,

Ya'qub

and their progeny,

were Jews or Christians?

Tell me, do ye know better or Allah? And who doth transgress more than he who hides Allah's testimony which is with him?! Allah is by no means unaware of what ye do!"

141 That was a people that has passed away: for them what they had earned, for you is what you earn;

ye shall not be questioned for what they did.

17 *** 418

142 Soon the foolish gossips among men will chatter:

"What has made them discard the qibla (their focal point of worship) which they had till now been observing?"

Say thou:

"To Him belong the East and the West.

He guideth whom He wills along the correct path!"

143 Thus have We made you the foremost people, so that ye may be an example to men, and the Messenger, an example to you.

and the Messenger, an example to you.

The Qibla which ye had observed prescribed We not but to distinguish those who're loyal to the Messenger and those who'd scamp upon their heels.

It was, indeed, a serious test, except for those who were guided by Allah.

Allah never lets your faith (in Him) go to waste-

Verily, Allah, to mankind is Generous, Merciful.

144 Now We see thee (O Muhammad) raising thy eyes to the heavens (for Our guidance). We shall, therefore, point to thee a qibla that will please thee!

Turn then, thy face (henceforth) to the place of worship that has been made a sanctuary! And ye (too), wherever ye might be, turn

your faces in the same direction.

The Peoples of the Book know well that this (injunction) is truly from their Lord!

Nor is Allah unaware of what they do.

145 Even if thou wert to bring to the Peoples of the Book all-convincing arguments, thy qibla they will not accept.

Nor wilt thou accept their qibla.

Nor, indeed, will they accept each other's qibla.

If thou shouldst meet their wishes even after guidance has been bestowed on thee—thou wouldst then, indeed, have transgressed.

146 Those on whom has been bestowed the Book, are as familiar with these facts as they are with their own sons.

> But there is, indeed, a group among them who would hide the truth although they know it well

147 To be the truth from Allah!

So be not thou among the doubters!

18 *** 419

148 For each people, is a focal point to which they turn;

hasten ye too towards this virtue, so that, wherever ye might be Allah will converge you into one!

Allah over every thing holdeth sway.



- 149 Whencesoever dost thou start, turn thy face towards the sacred House of worship! That (injunction) is truly from thy Lord, Never is Allah unaware of what ye do.
- 150 Wheresoever thou dost reach turn thy face towards the sacred House of worship!

 And wheresoever ye may stay turn your faces thither so that men may not dispute with you—

except those among them who would transgress.

But fear ye not them, fear ye Me!

And I shall enrich you with My blessings
and ye shall be the guided.

151 Lo, We have sent amidst you an Envoy from among yourselves.

Communicates he to you Our messages; cleanses you (of prejudices) and teaches you the code, and in you judgment inculcates. He teaches you what you could not otherwise have learnt.

152 Therefore, remember Me and I shall remember you.Thank ye Me!Be ye not among the ingrates.

153 O ye who have believed!

Draw ye strength

from fortitude and sense of duty!

Verily, Allah doth stand by those who persevere.



رِيُوْنَ أَبِنُكُاءُ هُمُ مِ فَإِنَّ مِّنْهُمْ لِيَكْتُمُونَ الْحَقِّ

وإنسختي وكيفقوب والأسساط كانؤا هُوْدًا أَوْنَصٰرَىٰ قُلْءَأَنْهُۥ آغكم أجالته ومكن أظاء ويتن



154 Say not of those who succumb in the service of Allah,

"They are dead."

Indeed! 'Tis they that live! 'Tis ye who do not realize!

155 We shall surely test you with

some fear.

some hunger,

and some loss of land and gardens,

of kith and kin,

of crops and fruits:

but herald thou good tidings to those (who retain) Faith!

156 Those who, when such calamities befall them, only say,

"To Allah we belong, to Allah we return!"

157 They are the ones for whom awaiteth from their Lord His greetings and His grace!

'Tis they, indeed who have been truly guided.

158 After all, Safa and Marwa (too) are objects reminiscent of Allah's (Grace);

so he who ritual visit pays to the House, or he who (merely) visits it, no blame shall be upon him if he doth circumambulate (these hills also).

But if one should exercise his own choice all the better for him.

Allah can be Grateful. Allah knows.

- 159 Those who deliberately conceal what We have sent down as evidence and guidance, even after We have specified them in the Book: upon them falleth Allah's curse and the curse of those justified in cursing.
- 160 Except those who would repent, confess openly and make amends—towards them I will turn and I, indeed, am Lenient, Merciful.
- 161 But those who indulge in deceit and die indulging in deceit, upon them lieth Allah's curse and the curse of angels and of men.

162 Thereunder they abide; their misery has no end; for them there is no respite.

163 The Deity of all of you is the One Deity—
No other deity is there but He: (Call Him)
the Rahman (call Him) the Rahim.

164 Verily, in the creation of the heavens and the earth:

in the changing patterns of the day and night; in the argosies that sail the seas for mankind's benefits:

in that which Allah sends from heaven as rain—enlivens by its touch the deadened earth; in all the animals scattered o'er the earth; in the blowing of the breezes that drive the clouds to work relentlessly, between the earth and the firmament—

in all of these, indeed, are signs for those who understand.

165 And (yet) there are among men those who worship others apart from Allah, or even as His equals!

They give to them the love which they should give to Allah!

'Tis only the Believers who love Allah intensely and exclusively.

Would that those who thus transgress could see afore!

What misery they would see!

All power Allah swayeth and Allah's punishment is dire!

- 166 Then will their leaders absolve themselves of their followers—when faced with misery all links between them will have snapped.
- 167 The followers will cry,

"O that we had just another chance: we would absolve ourselves of them as they have now absolved themselves of us."

Thus will Allah let them see their own actions with regret.

But from their misery they shall never be released.

21 *** 422

168 O ye people!

Eat ye of the produce of the earth that which is fresh and lawful and be not influenced by temptations—the promptings of *Shaitan*—for he to you is an avowed enemy.

169 He (Shaitan) prompteth you to evil and indecencies;

he would have you say things about Allah which ye ought not.

170 And when 'tis said to them,

"Obey ye the injunctions which Allah hath sent down,"

they say,

"No! we shall obey such laws only as our fathers have left us!"

What! even if your fathers were not aware and were not guided?!

171 (Inviting to belief) heathens is like preaching unto those who naught perceive except the sound and fury (of the shepherd).

Deaf, dumb and blind are they (to all advice) they will never aught perceive.

172 O ye who have believed!

Eat ye of the food that is fresh and wholesome in what We have provided you and be grateful unto Allah, if Him alone ye worship.

173 He has forbidden you carrion.

carrio

blood,

and flesh of swine,

and that which has been offered in the name of one other than Allah.

But, if one is forced (to eat even these), neither relishing, nor wanting to transgress,

no sin attacheth to him

Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

الكن يُن النُّبُعُوا وَرَا وَالْعَانَ ابَ



174 Those who deliberately conceal that which has been prescribed in the Book barter themselves cheaply!

Imbibe they in themselves naught but fire; Allah will not look at them on the Day of Judgment;

nor will He purify them—for them is dire punishment.

175 They are the ones who have bartered away guidance in exchange for disgrace, pardon in exchange for punishment.

How they do persist in choosing hell!

176 All this because, Allah sent the Book with truth and those who quibbled and multiplied their differences now find themselves abysmally divided.

22 *** 423

177 Virtue lieth not in merely bowing to the East or the West:

Virtue lies

- (i) in having faith in Allah;
- (ii) believing in the future Day,
- (iii) in angels (that personify His powers);
- (iv) in the law (of Allah)
- (v) and in (the messages of His) Envoys.
 (Virtue lies)

(vi) in lovingly expending wealth, in spite of one's own needs, on those of kith, the guardianless, the handicapped, the homeless,

those who (are obliged to) ask, those who're yoked in helplessness.

(Virtue lies)

(vii) in ever-readiness to do one's duty, and (viii) to fulfil one's every obligation.

(viii) to fulfil one's every obligation.

(ix) Those who keep to promises when promises they've made;

(x) those who persevere amidst adversity and pain—as long as these do last—
these are the truly virtuous—these are the

these are the truly virtuous—these are the ones who earn respect.

178 O, ye who have believed!

Enjoined on you is equity in penalty for the slain:

A freeman for a freeman;

a slave for a slave;

a woman for a woman!

But if his brother (nearest of kin) should be inclined to forego aught in reason, compensate him generously.

Such would be remission by your Lord and by His mercy.

But, after this injunction, whoever doth commit excess for him will be great punishment.

179 (Only) in such equitous retaliation doth lie the chance of your survival, O ye men of understanding!

That alone will inculcate restraint.

180 Prescribed for one who faces death

-and leaves behind a portion-

is the making of a will bequeathing something to his walidain and to those of kith in all equity.

A duty on those who fear the Lord!

181 He who such will would alter, after having heard it read, it will be a sin on him who altereth—

For Allah seeth and He knows.

182 But if one doth suspect treachery and would try to bring about a compromise between the parties—no sin attacheth to him. Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

23 *** 424

183 O ye who have believed!

Prescribed for you is fasting

-as it was prescribed for those before you so that ye may practice self-restraint-

184 For a few days only.

But whosoever among you falls ill or undertakes a journey he may postpone them to later days.



Those who can, may compensate, by feeding one who is indigent; and if they should feed more all the better for them.

But, if, instead of feeding others, yourselves ye fast, it would be better still, if you only knew.

185 The month of Ramadhan is that in which the Qur'an was bestowed as guidance to mankind and as proof of guidance and (bestowal of) discernment.

So every one of you who is at home in that month, let him fast therein.

But he who might be ill, or on a journey, may make up on later days

-Allah desireth to make it easy for you; He hath no wish to make it hard for you-

so that ye may complete the days and glorify Allah for His guidance, and, (having realized its benefits), may be grateful!



24 *** 425

186 When My devotees ask thee concerning Me, (Say thou):

I am, indeed, close by!

I listen to the prayer of the prayer when he prays.

So let them too hearken to My call.

Let them believe in Me if they would strive after righteousness.

187 Permitted for you during the nights of fasting is intimacy with your wives:

they are a shelter for you and you a shelter for them.

Allah knoweth well what ye used to do secretly among yourselves.

But He has overlooked and pardoned you. So, now live with them, and fulfil what Allah hath ordained for you.

And eat and drink until at the break of dawn ye can distinguish night's domain streaked with morning's thread of light.

Observe ye then the fast until there comes the night.

But if ye take retreat in mosques (for meditation) seek ye not companionship with your wives;

These are limits set by Allah, trespass ye not even near them.

Thus doth Allah clarify His message to mankind, so that they may beware.

188 Do not scramble for one another's property by unjust means;

nor bribe with it the judges—in order that, ye may deprive some others of that which they possess, knowingly.

189 They question thee about the no-moon periods.

Say thou,

"Those are interludes for men (to rest) and gather in assemblages:

Virtue therefore lieth not in (keeping your door shut while) using the back-door. Virtue lies in your respecting the existing law and entering your door in freedom! Respect ye Allah only—if ye would prosper.

190 Yes, fight, in the cause of Allah, those who would fight you;

but provoke not ye hostility.

Allah loveth not those who begin a fight.

191 Slay ye them (who would slay you), wherever ye find them;

expel ye them from whence they would expel you;

Harassment is more heinous than killing!

But fight them not in the Sacred House of Worship unless they fight with you therein. And if they fight with you (therein) slay ye them:

that is the meed of vandals.

- 192 And if they cease to harass, (Remember!)
 Allah is Forgiving, Merciful!
- 193 But fight ye on until there can be no harassment and feasible becomes the creed of Allah. And once the fighting endeth, let no enmity remain except against the recalcitrants.
- 194 The Sacred Month for the Sacred Month equity of retaliation even in the case of sacrilege!

So, if one committeth sacrilege, commit ye sacrilege;

but one on par with sacrilege committed against you.

Again, be ye aware of Allah, for Allah stands by those who would be aware!



195 Give freely in the cause of Allah.Let not close-fistedness invite calamity.Be ye magnanimous.Allah, verily, loveth the magnanimous!

196 Make the Pilgrimage and the Visit to the Sacred House for His sake.

If you cannot, then send such things as you can afford, and do not shave your heads until the offerings have reached their destination.

But, if one of you is ill or suffers from an ailment of the head, he must pay a ransom either by fasting or by alms-giving or by offering a sacrifice.

If, in practice, anyone of you combines the Visit with the Pilgrimage, he must offer such gifts as he can afford;

but if he lacks the means, let him fast three days during the pilgrimage and seven when he has returned;

that is ten days in all.

That is incumbent on him whose family are not present at the Holy Mosque.

Have fear of Allah: know that He is stern in retribution.

25 *** 426

197 Make the Pilgrimage in the appointed months. He that intends to perform in those months must abstain from sex, obscene language, and from acrimonious disputes while on pilgrimage.

Allah is aware of whatever good you do. Provide yourself well: but, the best provision is restraint.

Fear Me, then, O ye who understand.

198 It shall be no offence for you to seek the bounty of your Lord by trading.

When you come running from 'Arafat (near Mecca) call ye on Allah as you approach the sacred monument.

Remember Him that gave you guidance when you were in error.

الْفَدَى فِحَلَّهُ وَفَكُنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمُ فَرَ يَضَّا أَوْبُ إِذْ كُنِّ مِنْ رِّ أَيْسِهِ أَوْنُسُكُ فَاذَا أَمِنْنُوْ فَمَنْ مُنْتُعَ اللهُ ﴿ وَتُسَرِّقُوْدُوْا فَيَانَّ خَيْرً الزّادِالتَّقُولِكُ وَاتَّقَوُنَ يَأُولِي فَضُلًا مِنْ إِنَّ لَكُونُ وَكُونُ أَلَا فَضَلَّهُمْ

نَاكُوُ لِمُلْقَالِضِمَا مِالْإِفْتُ تلك حُدُ وُدُاللَّهِ فَلَا تَقُرُ بُوْهَا ﴿ والتأكي أفوالكذ تشنك بالباطل وتناثؤا بفآ إلى الحكام أبوابها مواثقوا الله لعلكة قَاتِلُوْا فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ ٱلَّــٰذِينِينَ لْقَاتِلُوْنَكُهُ وَلَالَعُتَدُوْا مَإِنَّ



199 Then go out from the place whence the pilgrims will go out and implore forgiveness of Allah.

He is Forgiving, Merciful.

200 And when you have fulfilled your sacred duties, remember Allah as you remember your forefathers or with deeper reverence.

Some men there are who pray (with greed): "Our Lord! Give us in abundance now!"
But nothing will there be for them in the

- 201 Among them there are also those who pray:
 "Our Lord bestow upon us good in the present, good in the future too; save us Thou from all misery."
- 202 These are the ones for whom awaits what they have justly earned (through restraint). For Allah keepeth quick account.

203 Remember Allah through the appointed days.

Then, whoso hasteneth (his departure) by two days, it is no sin for him, and whoso delayeth, it is no sin for him; that is for him who would do right.

Be careful of your duty to Allah, and know that before Him ye will be gathered.

- 204 And among men there is he whose conversation on the life in this world pleaseth thee.
 (O Muhammad), and he calleth Allah to witness as to that which is in his heart; yet, he is the most rigid of opponents.
- 205 And when he turneth away (from thee) his effort in the land is to make mischief therein and to destroy the crops and the cattle; and Allah loveth not mischief.
- 206 And when it is said unto him, "Be careful of thy duty to Allah", pride taketh him to sin. Hell will settle his account, an evil resting place.

207 There are among men, such too, who would, sell themselves for the favour of Allah. And Allah is, indeed, gracious to His bondsmen.

208 O ye who have believed!

Accept ye peace whole-heartedly!

Let not the devil tempt you; he is your avowed enemy!

- 209 If ye should weaken even after clear signs have come to you (it is your loss).
 Remember, Allah is Suzerain and Wise.
- 210 Will they wait until Allah cometh to them under canopies of clouds, with ministering angels, for them to decide? It is, indeed, for Allah, all things to decide.

211 Ask ye of the Bani Isra'il:

"How many signs (of Our favour) We bestowed on them.

But when some one overlooks these (favours) even while enjoying them. Allah is strict in punishment.

212 Adorned seemeth transient life to these hedonists.

And they smile disdainfully at the wary: But those who advance carefully will be far ahead (than them) on the final Day! Allah doth bestow abundance beyond measure

on whom He likes.

213 Mankind was, indeed, a single people.

Allah raised among them Prophets to herald them good tidings and to warn them against evil:

He bestowed on them all a book of truth to judge between them;

but they quibbled over it.

And none decried it more than those on whom clear proofs had been bestowed—through sheer mutual jealousy!

But Allah, by His grace, has now guided those who believe in the truth of that in which men had (ere now) differed:

Allah guideth whom He wills to the path of truth.



214 Do ye, (who have believed), reckon that fulfilment will be yours, without your having undergone the like of that which those before you suffered?

> Adversity and harassment had been their lot until, shaken in their faith, the Prophets and their peoples asked:

> "When, oh when, comes Allah's help?!"
> There! There comes Allah's help!!

215 They ask of thee,
"What shall we spend in charity?"
Say thou,
"Whatever ye expend from your honest gains,
on your parents,
on your relatives,
on the orphans and the handicapped,
and on the wayfarer—
whatever good ye do of that Allah is aware.

27 *** 428

216 It is incumbent on you (now) to fight however much you may be disinclined to it; for it is possible that things which ye abhor are good for you, while things you are inclined to are bad for you.

Allah knoweth; ye, ye do not know!

غِمَةُ اللهِ مِنْ بَعُد مَا حَاءَتُهُ اللُّهُ نُمَا وَلَيْعُفُرُ وُنَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ امنواموالبائن الفؤا فوقهم يَوْ مَالْقِلْهُ وَاللَّهُ يَرْثُمُ قُصَنُ أُمَّنُهُ الدَااخِتَكُفُهُ إِنَّهُ مِنَ الْحِقِّ مَتَّى نَصْرُ اللَّهِ ۗ أَكَّمْ إِنَّ يَضُرُ اللَّهِ لَكُمُ مُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُكُمُ

ثُمَّةُ ٱفْتُضُوامِنْ حَنْثُ أَفَاطُوا لِنَّاسُ ذِكْرًا وْفَهِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَقُوْلُ رَكَنَا أَيِنَا فِي الدُّنْكَ أَمَا وَمَا لَهُ فِي مُمِّنُ لِيُقُولُ رَبِّنَا أَيِنَا فِي حَسَنَةً قَ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ وَاذْكُوُ وَاللَّهُ فِي آيَا فِي مَعْدُرُو دُبِّهِ عَلَيْهِ لِمَن اللَّقِيرُ وَاثَّقُ (اللَّهُ يُحِثُ الْفَسَادِ ۞ وَإِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُ الْقِيالُهُ أَخَذَتُهُ العِزَّةُ بِالْاثِمِ نِحَسُبُهُ جَهَلُورُ وَلَبِثْنَ الْمِعَادُ ۞ وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ كَيْثُرِيْ نَفْسَهُ انتغك مرضات اللهط والله نَآيَتُهَا الَّذِينَ إِمَنُوا ادْحُلُوا فِي السّلْه كَالْيَهُ مَوْلاَتَثْبُعُوا مُطابّ مُوْ آنَ الله عَزِيزُ حَكِيْمٌ ۞ هَلَ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلاَّ أَنْ يَأْتِيمُ اللَّهُ في ظلل مِن الْعَمَامِ وَالْمَلْإِكَةُ



217 They question thee about the sacred Months and fighting therein:

Say thou,

"Fighting in them is a matter grave! But, ambushing on the paths of Allah, sacrileges in the Sacred House of Prayer, expelling its inhabitants—

these are matters still more grave in the sight of Allah.

Such harassment is worse than killing!

They will not cease to trouble you, until they make you turn, if they can, from your faith. And if among you any one doth turn back and dies while thus evading truth, annulled are all his virtuous deeds heretofore and hereafter!

Such will be in the midst of fire and there will he long abide.

218 But those who have maintained their faith; those who have emigrated and struggled for the sake of Allah—

look forward they to the Grace of Allah: and Allah is All-Grace, All-Mercy.

219 They question thee regarding drink and dice. Say thou.

"In both of these is widespread harm, and profits for a few;

their harm exceedeth much their benefits.

They ask thee, what they should contribute (to the cause of Allah)?

Say thou,

"The surplus!"

Thus doth Allah give you indications—so that you may (yourselves) weigh

220 The immediate 'gainst the future.

They ask thee, about the guardianless: Say thou,

"To improve their lot is the best (that can be done) for them.

Assimilate them with yourselves; they are your kith and kin:

but, (remember), Allah can distinguish the one who would entangle, from the one who would improve.

And if He wishes He can embarrass you. Allah is, indeed, All-Sovereign, and All-Wise."

221 Marry not unbelieving women until they have believed:

a slave-girl who believeth is better (for you) than an unbelieving woman free, even if she doth attract you.

And marry not unbelieving men until they have believed—a slave who doth believe is better (for you) than an unbelieving freeman, even if he doth attract you.

These will tend to pull you down to hell, while Allah, through His grace and benediction, inviteth you to aspire towards heaven.

Our indications unto men We thus plainly clarify—

Perchance, they will (carefully) observe.

28 *** 429

222 They ask thee concerning menses.

Say thou:

"It is painful; abstain ye then from women in their menses;

embrace them not until they have been cleaned;

embrace ve then as Allah hath commanded.

Allah loveth the meticulous

He loveth those who would be clean.

223 Your wives, they are your tilth. Come ye then unto your tilth, if ye please; consider ye ahead your progeny; and fear ye Allah

> Remember that one day ye shall face Him. Convey these happy tidings to those who have believed.

- 224 Do not let your (hasty) oaths on Allah stand in your way if you need absolve yourselves from aught;
 - if you restraint would indulge in; or, if you would conciliate men.
 - Allah, who doth hear, also knoweth.
- 225 Allah taketh no account of the hasty oaths you utter;
 - account He taketh only of what your hearts have earned.
 - Allah is Forgiving and Considerate.
- 226 Those who forswear their wives may keep away four months.
 - If, after that, they should return, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 227 But if on divorce they should be resolved Allah heareth all, He knoweth all!
- 228 Divorced women, shall withhold themselves for three monthly periods;
 - nor should they conceal what Allah hath imbedded in their wombs, if they believe in Allah and the Final Day.
 - In such cases accepting them would be the correct thing rather than disowning them if inclined are they to reconcile.
 - The wives shall also, within reason, have a say in such arrangement: but the man has precedence.
 - It is Allah who is Sovereign, who is Wise.



229 Divorce (has) two (phases):

(first, the tentatively expressed intention to divorce;

second, the well-considered decision to divorce or not to divorce;

if both these stages have been observed)

then (let him) retain her with all honour or relinquish her with all courtesy.

It is not lawful that ye men take from women aught of that which you have given them—unless both fear that they may not manage to keep within the limits set by Allah.

And if ye fear that ye might not be able to keep within the bounds set by Allah, in that case it is no sin for either of them if the woman ransoms herself.

These are the limits set by Allah.

Transgress them not.

For, whose doth transgress Allah's limits, he doth commit aggression.

230 (And remember) if he decides to divorce her.

she can no more return to him unless and
until she has married another husband
and he has then divorced her.

If that happens, then, there is no wrong in either of them returning to each other if they think they can observe the limits set by Allah.

These are the limits set by Allah, expoundeth He in detail to a people who can understand!

231 When ye divorce your wives (initially) and the prescribed term has ended:

take them back with honour, or set them free with kindness.

Do not take them back with malice, or, intent on vengeance.

He who does that wrongs himself.

Take not Allah's words for jest.

Recall Allah's blessings on yourselves and what He has bestowed on you by way of Law and Wisdom to develop you thereby; Revere ye then Allah and realize that Allah is Omniscient.

30 *** 431

232 If ye (finally) divorce your wives when the prescribed term has ended, vex them not from marrying other husbands if they agree among themselves to live together honourably.

That is advice for those among you who do believe in Allah and in the Final Day. That is what will free you from obligations and will purify yourselves.

Allah knoweth well, while ye know not.

233 (Divorced) mothers shall give suck to their children for two whole years if the father wishes the suckling to be completed.

They must be maintained and clothed in a reasonable manner by the father of the child.

(But) none shall be charged with more than he can bear.

A mother should not be allowed to suffer on account of her child, nor a father on account of his child.

The same duties devolve upon the father's heir.

But if, after consultation, they choose by mutual consent to wean the child, they shall incur no guilt.

Nor shall it be any offence for you if ye prefer to have a nurse for your children, provided that you pay her what you have promised, according to usage.

Have fear of Allah and know that He is Cognizant of all your actions.

234 Widows shall wait, keeping to themselves for four months and ten days after their husbands' death.

When they have thus fulfilled their waiting period, it shall be no offence for you to let them do what they themselves choose, provided it is decent.

Allah is Aware of all your actions.

235 No blame shall be on you if ye should, meanwhile, propose marriage to such women or keep the idea to yourselves—Allah knoweth if ye cherish them.

But do not meet them secretly; and if ye do, address them honourably.



But marriage do not consummate until the prescribed period ends.

And know that Allah knoweth what is in your hearts.

And also know that Allah is Benevolent, Considerate.

31 *** 432

236 No blame shall be on you if ye divorce your wives before the marriage has been consummated and before you have endowed their settled dues.

But, in such cases, offer them gratuity—the rich, the poor, according to their means. In any case, a gesture of benevolence is due from all who would do right.

237 But, if ye divorce them before the marriage is consummated, but after the settled dues have been endowed, then, (only) half of what you have endowed (they may retain); unless they themselves forego this or he, who holds the knot of marriage in his hands, foregoes (his half).

If ye should thus forego nearer will it be to virtue.

Never overlook the need of grace among yourselves;

Allah over all you do doth watch!

238 Observe ye all your duties—
and, particularly, the foremost of your duties:
worship ye Allah sincerely!

239 If ye fear (danger, if enmassed), then, standing individually or even while ye ride.

Then, when ye are safe (again), call ye on Allah as He has taught you what ye knew not.

ۉؾؿؘٵۉڕۏؘڵڔڂۘڬٵڂؚڡؘڲؠ۠ۿؠٵٮٙۘڟڬ ٲڒۮڞ۠ۯٲڽٛۺؿڒۻٷؙٵۧٛٷٞڷۮڰڎؙ ڡ۫ڰڗڿؙڬٵڂ؏ڶؿڬۉڔڬٵڛڵۻؙڠڎ ڝٞٵٵؿؿٛؿؙٳڷؠۼۯٷۻٷڶڰڞؙۅ ٳڶڬٷٵۼڵٮٷؖٵػڰٳڶڰ؈ڝٵ

الطّلاقى مَوّنِينَ فَامُسَالَةٌ يُمِّعُهُونِ وَتَمْنِيغُ لِلِحْسَانِ وَلِيَقِلُ لَكُوْ انْ نَاخُدُو وَمِنَا أَلَيْكُمُوهُنَّ شَيْئًا إِلاَّ انْ يَعَافَا الآيُقِيمَا حُدُودَ اللهِ قَانَ حِفْمُ الآيُقِيمَا حُدُودَ اللهِ تَارَّخُنَا حَمْلَهُمَ الْآيُقِيمَا حَدَّا اللهِ يَا لَوْ مُنَا اللهِ عَلَيْهِمَا فِيمَا الْفَيْنَا وَقَالُونَ وَمَنْ يَتَفَدَّدُ حُدُودًا اللهِ فَاوَلَهُ لِكَ

هُمُوالطِّلْمُوْن۞ عَنْ تَنْكِحَرُوجُاغَيْرُوْهُ فَإِنْ عَنْ تَنْكِحَرُوجُاغَيْرُوهُ فَإِنْ طَلْقَهَا فَلَاجُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا أَنْ يَتَرَاجَعَا لِنْ طَلَّالَنْ يُقِيمُمَا حُدُودُ اللهِ مُوتِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللهِ يُبَدِينُهُمَا لِلْقَتَى مِمْ عِنْ 10 وَ يَدُودُ مِنْ



240 (As an obligation to) those among you who have died and left widows—a settlement is due (from the community) on these widows:

Subsistence for a year and residence.

But if they should leave, no blame attacheth to you for what they do, in reason, with themselves.

It is Allah who is Sovereign, Wise.

- 241 Even for the divorced wives (of their deceased companions) a reasonable provision is incumbant on the righteous.
- 242 Thus doth Allah give clear indications—so that ye may ponder, think!

243 Art thou not aware of those who, although they numbered thousands, their homes abandoned, for fear of death?

Allah, their lives endangered; and then, with life, refreshed them!

Verily, Allah is Gracious unto men but most men are ungrateful.

- 244 So fight ye in the cause of Allah, and remember that Allah is the Hearer and the Knower.
- 245 Who is there that will loan a goodly loan, to Allah?

He will repay it twofold and even multiply it many times!

For it is Allah who circumscribeth, and expandeth.

It is to Him you will return!

33 *** 434

246 Art thou not aware of the chiefs among the Bani Isra'il after Musa? They said to the Prophet amidst them:

"Let there rise a king among us so that we too may fight in Allah's cause."

They said,

"What is wrong with us that we will fight not in the cause of Allah despite our having been spoiled of our homes and families?" (And yet!) When they were asked to fight—all but a few among them turned their backs! Allah knoweth well those who transgress.

247 Their Prophet said to them,

"Lo! Allah hath ordained Talut as a king for you!"

They said,

"How can authority be given to him over us when we have greater claims to rule than he and when he has not even wealth (to recommend him)?"

He said.

"Allah Himself hath chosen him for you and has bestowed on him, in abundance, both brain and brawn.

And Allah doth authority bestow on whom

His knowledge doth extend to far domain.

248 Their Prophet also said to them,

"The advent of the Ark shall be the portent of his reign.

Therewith shall come to you tranquillity from your Lord, and the relics which the House of *Musa* and the House of *Harun* left behind.

It will be borne by the angels.

That will be a sign for you, if ye are true believers.

249 When *Talut* had set out with his hordes he said,

"Allah will now set a test for you at yonder stream:

he who would from it drink, belongs he not to me:

and only he that drinketh not he will, indeed, be mine-

—unless a mere hand-scoop hath sufficed! But they drank greedily— except a few among them.

And when they passed beyond, to him his followers complained,

"No strength have we today to fight with Jalut and his forces.

Those among them who were confident of the benevolence of Allah, urged them on: They said,

"How oft a little band, with Allah's grace, hath overwhelmed a multitude!

Allah, indeed, sides with the perseverers."

250 And when they did advance on *Jalut* and his forces, they prayed,

"O, our Lord! shower thou on us constancy, firm may we stand upon our feet.

Help us Thou against these heathen hordes!"

251 So, by the grace of Allah they routed them; and Dawud slew Jalut.

Allah did bestow on him sovereignty and wisdom and taught him all He wished to teach.

Were it not for the restraint of one upon another, imposed on men by Allah, the earth would be corrupted! But Allah is Benevolent on all mankind.

252 These are the indications of Allah:

Commune We to thee in all truth.

Thou art, in truth, among the Messengers.

253 Such were the Messengers;

some We exalted over others:

among them one whom Allah spoke to; others otherwise distinguished.

On 'Isa son of Maryam We bestowed clear distinctions and aided him with the holy spirit.

If Allah had so willed—their followers, having had such clear proofs would not have quarrelled violently among themselves. But differences there had to be:

for some among them would believe, others among them would reject!

If Allah had so willed, they would not fight (o'er differences);

but Allah doth achieve what He plans.

254 O ye, who have believed!

Expend ye earnestly of all We have bestowed on you ere that time comes when nothing can be bargained,

no friendship doth avail,

none can intercede!

Those who deliberately evade (these facts) they wrong themselves.

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وَقَالَ لَمُهْبَعُهُمُ الْقَالَيَةُ مُلْكِيةً الْقَاقِيْكُو القَّالُونُ فَيْ مِسَكِينَةً بِنْ لَا يَكُونُ وَيَقِيدًا مِنْ الْقَالِكُلِلَةً مُوسى وَالْ هُمُ وَنَ تَغِيدًا مُلْكِلَةً الْقَاوْمِنِيدُ مِنْ فَيْ الْمَلْكُونُو الْمَكَنَّةُ لَوْكُونُو قَالَ الْمَلْقَاوْمُنِيدًا لِلْمُلَاكِمُ مِنْ الْمُكَافِّةُ وَمَكَنَّ الْمَلْدَاوْمُنْ الْمِكُونُونِ الْجَعُودُ وَمَكَنَّ الْمَلْدَاوْمُنْ الْمِكَانُونُ مِنْ الْمُكَافِّةُ وَمَكَنَ

رِّلُكَ الرُّسُلُ تَصَدَّلْنَا بَهْ هَجُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضَ مُهُمُّ وَرَجْتِ ثَالِمَةَ اللهُ وَرَعَهَ بَعْضَ هُمُورَجَ الْمَدَيْنَ وَايَنَ نَهُ مِرُوجِ الْمُكُرِسِ وَلَوْ وَايَنَ نَهُ مُؤْوجِ الْمُكُرِسِ وَلَوْ يَشَاءُ اللهُ مَا اقْتَمَالَ الذِيْنَ مِنْ الْبَيْنَاتُ وَلِينِ الْحَمَّلَةُوْ الْمِينَّهُمُ مَنْ حَكَمَّ الْمَالِينَ الْحَبَلَةُوْ الْمِينَّهُمُ مَنْ حَكَمَ المُعَلِّقَةُ الْمُؤْمِدُ الْمَنْ وَلَوْقَ مَا الْحَتَلَقُو الْمَوْمَةُ وَلَكِنَ وَلَوْقَ مَا الْحَتَلَقُو الْمَوْمَةُ وَلَكِنَ وَلَوْقَ مَا الْحَتَلَقُو الْمَوْمَةُ وَلَكِنَ وَالْمَوْمَةُ وَلَيْنَ الْوَالْمَوْمَةُ وَلَكِنَ الْمُولِقَ الْمَوْمَةُ وَلَكِنَ الْمُولِقُولُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَلَكِنَ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَلَكِنَ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَلَكِنَ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَلَكِنَ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَلَيْنَ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَلَيْنَ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَلَهُ وَلَكِنَ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَلَا الْمُعَلِّقُولُ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُولُونُ وَلَا الْمُعَلِقُولُونُ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَلَوْمُ الْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَلَيْنَ اللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِدُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَلِي الْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَلَالِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُولُونُ وَلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَلَامِنُ وَلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُولُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَلِمُونُ وَلَالْمُؤْمُولُومُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُومُ وَلِمُونُ وَلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُومُ وَلِمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُومُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُومُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُ وَالْمُؤْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُومُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُونُ الْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُولُولُومُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُوالُومُ وَالْمُو وَالْنِيْنَ يُتَوَفِّوْنَ مِنْكُوْ وَ يَدَدُوْنَ اَذَوْجَهُ وَقَاعَ الْكَالْحُوْلِ كِرْدُوْلَجِهُ وَمَتَاعًا لِلَّالْحُوْلِ مُنْكِرُ الْحُرَّلِجُ وَانْ خَرْجُنَ فَلَا مُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي مَا فَعَلَى فَوَا الْفُولِ فَيْ مِنْ مَعْمُ وُفِ وَاللهُ عَرْيُوْكُمْ لَوْنَ مَتَاعً مُنَافِعً الْمَعُونُ وَاللهُ وَالْدُكُولِلَهُ وَمِنْ مَتَاعً اللّهِ عَلَيْهُ وَالْمَعُونُ وَاللّهُ

حَقَّا عَلَى الْمُتَقِيدِينَ ﴿ الْمُرْالِكُولُ اللّهِ الْمُكُولُ اللّهِ الْمُكُولُ اللّهِ الْمُكُولُ اللّهِ الكُولُ اللّهِ الْمُكُولُ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَقَالِمُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

اڻالٽة تؤيمُ عَلَيمُدُ۞ صَنَ اَلَّذِنِي عُلِمُ صُاللَّهَ قَرُضًا حَسَنَاكَيْطُ عِفَهُ لَكَ آضُعَا قَالَكِيرُةُ وَاللَّهُ يُقْدِعُنُ وَيَبُطُّ طُوْكَ آفَا اَلْكِيرِهُ عُدَّمُ وَاللَّهُ يُقْدِعِنُ وَيَبُطُّ طُوْكَ آلِيَّهِ

الَّهُ تَرَالَى الْكَلِّهِ مِنْ بَخِيَ الْمَرَاءِ لَى مِنْ بُحْنِ مُوْلِمُى اِذْ قَالُوالِدِي لَهُمُ الْبَحْثُ الْمَامِلِكُانُعَاتِلَ فَنْ مَيْلِ اللهِ قَالَ هَلَ عَسَيْنُهُ تُقَادِلُوا وَالْهُ اَوْمَالْكَاالَّالَّالَّالَّالَّالِكِ وَيَارِنَا وَ اَبْنَالِهِ اَوْمَالْكَاالَّالَّالَّالِكِ عَلَيْهِ مُولُوقِتَالُّوكَوَا الْاَحْلِيلُونِ عَلَيْهِ مُولُوقِتَالُّوكَوَا الْاَحْلِيلُونِ عَلَيْهُمُولُولَاكُ مَلْكُونُ الْمُلَاكِ عَلَيْكُ وَيَارِنَا وَاللهُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ اللّهِ اللهِ وَمِنْهُ وَلَكُمْ وَيَالِكُونُ لِللهُ اللّهِ مِنْهُ وَلَكُمْ وَيُونَ اللّهُ الْمُؤْتِي الْمُلْكُونُ اللّهُ الْمَالِ الْمَالِ الْمَالِ اللهُ قَالَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللهِ اللهُ الْمَالُونِ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمُونَ اللهُ اللّهِ اللهُ اللّهُ وَلَيْهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمُونَ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللْهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ ا



255 Allah!

No Deity is there but He!

Ever-living, All-sustaining!

Time doth not overtake Him nor doth fatigue. For Him is what is in the heavens and the

eor Him is what is in the heavens and the

Who can testify before Him, except by His leave?

He knoweth what hath been before them and that which lieth ahead of them.

No fragment of His knowledge can they encompass except what He wills.

Extendeth His dominion o'er the heavens and the earth;

their ceaseless governance doth not emburden Him.

He is the High

He is the Great!

256 No compulsion (need there be) in reckoning (the truth);

self-evident is now the path to strive for from the empty void.

Whoever, therefore, doth forsake the idols, and faith acquires in Allah

he hath secured a firm and everlasting handhold!

Allah is the One who Hears, the One who Knows.

257 Allah is the Patron of all Believers:

from darkness deep He leadeth them to light. But those who would reject, their patron is Taghut—

from light he leadeth them to darkness they are the ones to be in misery, therein they will abide.



258 Art thou not aware of him who disputed with *Ibrahim* about his Lord having bestowed on him sovereignty?

When Ibrahim announced:

"He is my Lord who death decrees!"
He said,

"But I too can give life and decree death." So *Ibrahim* encountered:

"Verily, Allah makes the sun to rise from the East.

Make it, if thou canst, to rise from the West!" Confounded thus was he who blasphemed! Allah guideth not a people who oppress.

259 Or, take (thou) for example: he who passed a ruined town whose roofs had tumbled: He wondered:

"O, how will Allah bring to life this town which has been dead so long?"

So Allah made him dormant for a hundred years and then raised him.

He asked,

"How long hast thou rested?"

He said,

I have rested for a day or so."

He said,

"Nay, thou hast rested for a hundred years! Look thou at thy food and drink, have they not aged?

And see thy donkey—all this to make of thee a witness unto people.

And see thou too the bones;

how We join them and cover them with flesh." When the parable was clear to him, he said, "I now understand, Allah is Omnipotent!"

260 (Or, take another instance) Lo! Ibrahim cried out,

"Disclose to me, My Lord! How dost thou make the dead to live!?"

He asked:

"Dost thou not believe (I can)?"

He pleaded,

"Yes, (I do); but just to satisfy my heart!"

بالشَّمْسِ مِن الشَّمْتِ فَالَتِهَا مِن الْمُغْرِبِ فَهِمَتَ الْذِي كَفَرَ

وَالشَّكُرْدَ هُدِي فَلَهِمَ الْفَوْمَ الْفَلِمِيْنَ فَ

اَوْكَالَّإِنِي مَرَّعَلَّ فَرْيَةٍ وَهِي اَوْكَالَ إِن مَرَّعَلَّ فَرْيَةٍ وَهِي اَوْكَالُونِي مَرْعَلَّ فَرْيَةٍ وَهِي اَوْكَالُونِي مَا تَعْلَى عُرُوشِهَا اَهِ قَالَ اَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَكُمْ فَا مَا تَعْلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ وَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ فَيْ الْمُولِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ الْمُؤْفِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْفِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْفِقُ اللَّعِلَيْمُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ الْمُؤْفِقُ ال

عِي الموقى قال اولى الوقى عَلَى الرَّمِ الْكَارِيْنِ وَلَمْ الْوَلْمِيْنِ فَالْمِنْ فَالْمِيْنِ فَالْمِنْ فَالْمِنْ فَالْمِنْ فَالْمِنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمِنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمِنْ فَالْمُنْ لِلْمُنْ لِلْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فِي فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فِي فَالْمُنْ فِي الْمُنْفِقِينِ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فِي فَالْمُنْ لِلْمُنْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُلْمُولِلْ فَالْمُنْ فَالْمُلْمُولِلْمُلْمُولِلْمُولِ فَالْمُلْمُلْمُولُولُ

الله الآلة إلا هُوءَ الْحَنُّ الْقَنُومُوَّ الْمَنْ الْقَنُومُوَّ الْمَنْ الْقَنُومُوَّ الْمَنْ الْقَنُومُوَّ الْمَنْ الْفَلْمُوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْآوَوْمُ الْمَنْ وَالْمَنْ فَلَا الْمَنْ وَالْمَنْ فَالَّالِمُ الله وَمَنْ الْمَا الْمَنْ فَالَّمْ الْمَائِنَ الْمَنْ فَعْمَ عَنْ الْمَالَةُ وَمِنْ الله وَمَنْ ا

He said.

"Get hold of a few (taming) birds and train them to respond to thy call.

Then place thou them on different hills; then beckon to them all, and lo, they'll come to thee in flocks.

Then wilt thou realize that Allah is Supreme, and Wise."



261 The likeness of those who spend their wherewithal in the cause of Allah is that of a grain producing seven ears each with a hundred grains!

Allah doth multiply as He wills. He is Vast, Farseeing.

262 Those who spend their wherewithal in the cause of Allah and do not mar their generosity with insult or with injury

for them awaiteth recompense from their Lord-

No fear doth come upon them, no sorrow doth touch them.

263 Apology with kind words is better than bestowal with ill-will.

Allah is Un-dependent, Understanding.

264 O ye who have believed!

Mar ye not your generosity by publicising it and (thereby) hurting (its recipients).

Be not like those who spend for mere show believing neither in Allah nor in the Final Day.

Their likeness is the likeness of a solid rock thinly covered with rich soil;

a shower of rain washeth off the soil and lo, it is a barren stone!

Naught will they achieve with what they've garnered.

Allah guideth not pretenders.

265 But the likeness of those who spend their wherewithal seeking for the goodwill of Allah and for strengthening themselves (as a group), is the likeness of a garden raised on high—

showers of rain and clouds enhance its produce many times, and even if it raineth not the clouds suffice—

Allah, of what they do is quite Aware.

266 Would any man among you—advanced in age, with helpless children to support—wish to have his garden—green with palms and vines and fruits, and watered well with streams—blasted by a fiery wind? Thus doth Allah illustrate His points so that ye may think!

37 *** 438

267 O, ye who have believed!

Contribute ye from what you have earned or from what We have produced for you from the soil.

Include not useless things in what ye give things you would not yourselves accept, unless your eyes were closed.

Remember Allah is Un-dependent, one to be obeyed.

268 It is the Devil that instils in you the fear of poverty and doth suggest to you subterfuges. But Allah doth invite you to Bounty from Himself and Grace.

And Allah is Omnipresent, Omniscient.

269 Edoweth He with wisdom whom He wills; and he who is endowed with wisdom has, indeed, been bounteously endowed!

But none can this perceive except the men who understand!

270 Whatever ye bestow as bestowal;

whatever contribution promise ye to contribute

Allah is, of all, Aware. Those who slip (on promises) have no friends.

271 If ye give openly that too is good;

but if ye bestow secretly, direct to those in need, that is best:

it may absolve you from your sins; for Allah, of all you do, is quite Aware.



272 'Tis not that thou must guide them, Allah guideth whom He wills.

Whatever ye bestow from your goods 'tis for your good;

(provided), ye bestow not except for Allah's favour;

(in that case) whatever ye bestow from your goods, will be returned to you.

Never will ye be put to loss.

273 (Because it is) for those who have been mobilized in the service of Allah;

they are not free to sojourn o'er the land (in search of livelihood);

owing to their modesty the foolish take them as being not in need.

Thou wilt recognize them by their very look—they ask not men beseechingly.

And whatsoever ye bestow of that Allah is, indeed, Aware!

38 *** 439

274 Those who bestow their wherewithal by night and by day, secretly and openly, for them reward awaiteth with their Lord.
Fear doth not come upon them. Never do they

Fear doth not come upon them. Never do they grieve.

275 Those who live on usury stand on par with those possessed of Shaitan

because they keep repeating,

"(Profiting by) trade is like (profiting through) usury!"

But Allah has sanctioned trade and has forbidden usury!

So now that clear injunctions have come from his Lord, he who desists, his past shall be forgiven—his case doth lie with Allah.

But they who would persist, they are the ones to be cast in fire and made to live therein for aye.

هُ وَفَصُلًّا ﴿ وَاللَّهُ وَالسُّحُ الحكية نقدادت تُمُمِّنُ ذُنُ رِفَاكَ اللهُ يُعَلَّكُ الا البتعَاءَ وَجُهِ اللهِ وَمِا تُنُوفُوا مِنْ خَيْرِ نُوفَ الْبُكُمُ وَأَنْ تُمُ لِلْفُقَرَاءِ الَّذِينَ أَخْمِرُوا فِي بَيْلِ إيستطيعون ضرباني أكِّن بُنِّ يُنْفِقُونَ أَمُوالُمْ بِأَلْيُلِ

ٱڵڣؘقُوُّامَتًا وَلَا ٱذَى ۗ لَكُمُ وَ لَ مَّعْمُ وَتُ وَمَغْفَى لاَّحَيْرُ فِنْ صَلَاقَةِ يَثْبُعُهُمَّا أَذَّى وَ نَاتُفَا الَّذِنْ مَنْ أَمَنُوْ الأَثْنُطُلُوا صَدَقتِكُمْ بِالْمَنِّ وَالْآذَٰيُّ كَالَّذَٰيُ مُنْفِقُ مَالَكُ رِئَاءُ النَّاسِ وَلا انتغاء مرضات الله وتثني

276 Allah hath made usury unprofitable and has charged bestowal with profit!

Allah loveth not those who evade guilt.

277 Those who believe, and practice righteousness, stand fast to their duties, and fulfil their obligations for them there is reward with their Lord—

No fear cometh to them nor do they ever grieve.

278 O ye who have believed!

Allah keep in mind, and forego what remains of your dues as interest if ye are true believers.

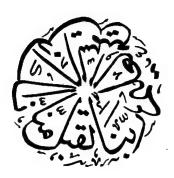
279 And if ye will not, then be prepared, for Allah and His Prophet to wage a war on you. Should you relent you may have back the capital.

Oppress not, and ye (in turn) will not be oppressed!

280 If he is in adversity grant him time till he is in easier circumstances.

But if ye absolve him (from his debt) it is best for you—if ye only knew!

281 Keep in mind the day on which you will all return to Allah, and every soul shall be paid exactly that which it has earned—and not one shall be wronged.



282 O ye who have believed!

When you enter into a debt for a time appointed, put it down in writing:

A scribe should serve you both in fairness; Let no one who can write refuse to write as Allah has taught him, so let him write. Let the one who owes dictate, fearing his Lord, Allah, and not omitting to mention aught of what he owes.

If the debtor party is a rustic or is weak or one who cannot prompt, then let a friend of his dictate in all fairness;

Let there be two witnesses from among men, but if two men witnesses are not available, then one male witness and two females whom ye agree to as witnesses, so that, if one doth overlook a thing, the other one remind her.

No witness may refuse when called upon.

So, never shall ye fail to put (your debts) in writing, be it big or small, mentioning the period, That is best in the sight of Allah, standeth best as evidence, and best to guard against misunderstanding among yourselves.

But if you should transact business on the spot on mutual understanding, then there is no blame on you, if ye put not down in writing:

But witness there must be when ye enter into contract:

No scribe or witness shall be coerced: If ye do that, that will be a blemish on you. Fear ye Allah, who gives you these instructions:

for Allah is Omniscient.

283 If ye are on a journey, and no scribe is to be found, avail of loans against security deposited;

If one among you doth entrust (some property) with another, let the trustee faithfully discharge his trust and let him fear his Lord.

Conceal not evidence, for he who evidence withholds becomes a sinner with a tainted heart.

And Allah, of all ye do is all-Aware.



284 To Allah doth belong all that is in heaven, all that is on earth.

No matter if you show all that lies with you, or hide it, Allah will call you to account for it:

then He will forgive whom He likes. He exerciseth over everything Power Supreme.

39 *** 440

285 The Messenger believeth in all that has been sent to him from his Lord and so do those who have believed (in him).

They all believe in Allah and His angels, in Revelation and in Apostles.

No distinction do we make, (they say), among any of His Messengers.

And they pray:

"We hear and we obey: for Thee it is to pardon, Lord! It is to Thee that we return."

286 Allah doth not burden any soul beyond its power to bear:

For every soul the reward it has earned; for every soul the burden it acquired!

- "Our Lord! Hold Thou not against us all the duties we omitted and all the faults we did commit.
- "Our Lord! Lay not Thou upon us such burden as Thou didst lay upon the peoples that have gone before us.
- "Our Lord! Force us not to bear such burdens as we have not the strength to bear!
- "Blot out our sins!
- "Forgive us!
- "Have mercy on us!
- "Thou art our Patron!
- "Help us Thou against them who Thee deny!"

والمعناغف انك تناوالنك رَ تَنَا إِلاَنُوَّ الْخِذْنَّ إِنْ نَيْسَيْناً أَوْ

لايكلف الله نفسالالا وسعها لها المكتب وعليها ما المنتبذ رَبِّنَا لا رُوَّا اللهِ اللهُ ال

الكفرينين

وَإِنْ كَانَ ذُوْعُسُرَةٌ فَنَظَرَ أَوْ خَارُّ لَكُمُ إِنْ لَنُمُ تَعَلَّمُونَ ۞ رَجُلَيْنِ فَرَجُلُ وَامْرَأَتِنِ مِثْنُ مَادُعُهُ إِنَّا كُنُّتُهُوْ أَنَ لَكُتُووُكُ صَغِارًا أَوْكَبُارًا إِلَى آجَلُهُ ۗ ذٰلِكُمُ ٱقْسَطُعِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَٱقْوَمُ للشَّهُ أَدُةٍ وَأَدُنَّ أَلَّا كُرْتَابُقُ آ



SURA : $\bar{A}LI$ - $IMR\bar{A}N$

In the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 441

ALIF! LAM! MIM!

2 Allah!

No deity is there excepting He! Everlasting! All-sustaining!

- 3 It is He who hath bestowed on thee in truth, a Book which doth confirm that which lies before you, —(even as) He had bestowed the *Taurat* and the *Injil*
- 4 Before this—as guides to men and means to discernment.

Those who reject Allah's revelations for them is dire punishment.

Allah is, indeed, the Sovereign, the Lord of Requital.

- 5 Verily, from Allah, nought is hidden in the earth or in the heavens.
- 6 It is He who doth portray you, as He wills, while ye are still enwombed!

No deity is there but He, the Sovereign and the Wise.

7 He it is who has sent down to thee the Book.

Some revelations in it are overriding fundamentals; they constitute the kernel.

Others are facsimiles of former (Scriptures).

But those in whose hearts lies bias, accept only these facsimiles—seeking discord—suggesting implications.

But none doth know their implications except Allah:

The truly learned only say,

"We accept it, all of these are from our Lord; none can really expound their implications except the men with understanding. 8 "Our Lord!

Incline Thou not our hearts to stray, now that Thou hast shown the way.

Bestow mercy from Thyself, we pray: it is for Thee alone to Bestow.

9 "Our Lord!

Thou art the one to bring all men together on a day of which there is no doubt!

Verily, Allah doth not turn aside from His promise!"

2 *** 442

10 Those who have no faith, (to back them) safeguard them not at all their wealth or progeny, against Allah.

They are merely fuel to the fire.

11 Like the chieftains of Fir'aun and those before them:

neglected they Our signs, so Allah seized them for their violations:

Allah is quick in seizure.

- 12 Send word to these infidels: Soon will ye be vanquished and made to wake in hell!

 A sorry place to wake in!
- 13 You have had a recent instance in the clash between two parties:

one was fighting in the cause of Allah, the other was a horde of unbelievers—

they saw them with their very eyes—they were twice their number!

But Allah doth support by His succour whom He wills.

In that instance there doth lie, indeed, an example for those who can perceive!

14 Attractive seems to men the love of women, and kith and kin;

hoarded treasures, gold and silver; horses of sealed pedigree; many cattle, ample land!

But all these things are fleeting comforts of the transient present.

The service of Allah is the best of goals.



15 Ask them:

"Shall I bring you tidings of things superior to these for those who would restrain?" There are for them, with their Lord, gardens with perennial streams, consorts pure and chaste; and grace from Allah.

Allah, indeed, rewardeth well, His servants

16 Whose prayers are:

"Our Lord! Verily, we have believed, forgive us our (past) sins.

Absolve us Thou from fiery punishment"-

17 The persevering,

the truthful,

the obedient.

and the generous,

those who seek forgiveness in the early dawn.

18 Allah Himself is witness!

No deity is there but He!! The angels and the men of knowledge, both solemnly proclaim:

"No deity is there but He! The Sovereign and the Wise!"

19 The only universal creed is submission unto Allah!

No peoples of the Book differed from this creed until they were submerged in bookish lore and quarrelled 'mong themselves...

And they who close their eyes to Allah's (omnipresent) signs—of them. Allah taketh quick account.

مَنْ يَنِيَا عِمْ إِنَّ فِي ذِلْكَ لَعِهُ مَعْ اللهُ أَنَّهُ أَنَّا لَا أَلَّهُ إِلَّا لَهُ اللَّهُ هُونِهُ كَةُ وَأُولُواالْعِلْمِ قَالِمُنَّا

النِّهُ أَنْ اللَّهُ لَّذِلْ لَهُ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ دَقَّالِمَا بَئِنَ بَدَنْهِ وَ ٱنْزَلَ التَّوْرُبَّةَ وَالْإِنْجِيْلُ ﴿ مِنْ قَبْـلُ هُــدِّي لِلنَّابِسِ وَ أَنْزَلَ الْفُرْقَانَهُ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَيْفَ مُشَايًّا وَأَوْ الْهَالَاهُ هُو هُ الَّذِينَ أَنْهُ إِنَّ الْعُلَكُ الْكَ نَّنَا وَهَٰكُ لَنَامِنُ لَا ثُنَّكَ وَ مَنَا إِنَّاكَ حَامِعُ النَّاسِ لِيَنْ مِ لارس فيه إنّ الله لا يُخلفُ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كُفِّرُ وَالنَّ تَغْنِيَ عَنْهُمُ آمُوالُهُ مُوكَ أَوْلَادُهُ مُوتِنَ كَنَ أَبِ الْ فِرْعُونَ ۗ وَالْكُذِيْنَ

مِنْ قَيْلَهِمُوهَ كُنَّا يُوْا مَالِينَاءَ



20 So if they argue with thee, say thou:

"I have surrendered wholly to Allah—so have my followers."

And ask the Peoples of the Book—the learned, and the folk in general:

"Have ye submitted?" If they have submitted they have been rightly guided; but if they turn away: for thee it is not but to preach. Allah keepeth watch on his servants.

3 *** 443

- 21 Those who persistently deny the signs of Allah, who slay their Prophets wrongfully, who persecute the ones who justice preach among mankind—
 announce to them a grievous chastisement.
- 22 Those are the ones whose labours bear no fruit—now or ever after—and they never will have friends!
- 23 Didst thou not see them

-each group having with them a part of the Book-

when they were called upon to refer to the Book itself,

one party among them turned their backs and made excuses.

24 This because they say,

"The fire will not touch us except for a while!"
Themselves they are deceived by what they have themselves concocted.

25 But Lo! for the Day of which there is no doubt, when We shall gather them together: and each shall be paid what he has earned when no one shall be wronged. 26 Say thou: "O, Allah!

Possessor of all Sovereignty!

"Thou delegatest power to whom Thou wilt; and Thou withdrawest power from whom Thou wilt.

"Thou dost confer honour on whom Thou wilt and Thou dost cast disgrace on whom Thou wilt.

"In Thy hand is all prosperity!

"And Thou dost, over everything, hold sway!

27 "Thou dost make the night dissolve into the day, and Thou dost make the day dissolve into the night.

"Transformest Thou the dead into the living and the living Thou transformest into the dead!

"And whom Thou wouldst Thou dost sustain beyond all measure!"

28 Let not those who have believed prefer to seek friends among the unbelievers.

He who does this can claim no excuse from Allah—

unless ye fear serious harm from them.

But (even so forget ye not that) ye need to fear Him more, for it is He that ye have eventually to face.

29 Say thou:

"Conceal ye what ye have in your hearts, or, reveal it: Allah knoweth all.

In fact He knows all that is in the heavens and the earth.

Allah over everything He holdeth sway."

30 On the Day when all (of you) will be able to see clearly the things you did aright and the errors you committed;

each of such will wish that there had been between him and his error a distance wide. Allah warneth you Himself and Allah is considerate of His bondsmen. 31 Say thou,

"If ye love Allah, follow me, and Allah will love you.

He will forgive you your defections—for Allah is Forgiving, Merciful."

32 Say thou,

"Obey ye Allah."

But if they disobey, Allah loveth not the obstinates.

4 *** 444

- 33 Allah hath, indeed, distinguished Adam and Nuh; the progeny of Ibrahim, and the progeny of 'Imran above the peoples—
- 34 Offspring one of the other.

 And Allah is the Hearer and the Knower.
- 35 Lo, when a woman of 'Imran prayed: "My Lord! I offer unto Thee what I carry in my womb solely for Thy service: accept Thou this of me. Thou art indeed, the Listener and the Knower."
- 36 So when she had delivered, she lamented:
 "My Lord! I have delivered a female!"
 - —Allah well knew what she had delivered; nowise is a male like a female—

"And I have named her *Maryam*. And I entrust her and her progeny (to Thy care) safe from the wicked devils!"

37 Accepted her, her Lord, with gracious acceptance;

and made her grow a goodly child, entrusting her to Zakariyah.

Whenever Zakariyah visited her in the shrine he saw her well-supplied with food.

He inquired:

"O Maryam! Whence dost thou get this?" She answered:

"This is from Allah.

He granteth unto whom He likes, without measure!"

وْلاَ يَعْلَمُهُ اللَّهُ ﴿ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي التَّمَا وِتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ وَاللّٰهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْعٌ قَدِيْرٌ۞ تَحِدُكُلُّ نَفْسِ مِّاعَمِلَتُ مِنْ خَيْرِيْهُ حُفَرًا ﴿ وَمَاعَمِكُتُ مِنْ سُوَةٍ عُنُودُ لُوْ أَنَّ بَدُنَّهِ عَالَى مُنْ اللَّهِ مَا قُلْ أَيْطِنْعُوااللَّهُ وَالرَّسُولَ فَأَنْ صامن بغض والله اذقاكت افرآت عمران ريغ نَا رُبُّ لِكِ مَا فِي يَظِيٰ أَنْ يَعْلَىٰ الْمُعَيِّلِ الْمُعَيِّلِ مِنْيُ ۚ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ النَّهِمُ عُوالْعَلِيمُ ۞ فكناؤضعة يأقالت ربياني وضعتها أنثى والنهاعكميما فَأَنُ أَسُلَمُوا فَقَدِ اهْتَدَوُا وَأِنَّ كُالْ إِذَا فَانْسَاعَكُمُ الْبِلَافُوهِ وَاللَّهُ ڡؙؾؙؖٲۅؙڹٵڵڂؠێڹ<u>ڹۼؠؙڔ</u>٠ أكَّهُ تَدَرِ إِلَى الْمُنْ إِنْ أُوتُوا نَصِيبًا مِّنَ الْكُتُّبُ مُذَّعُونَ إِلَىٰ كِتَٰبِ فَكُفُ إِذَا جَمَعُنَّهُمْ لِيَوْمِ لِآرَبَبَ ۣ۠ؠ؋ٷۅٚڣۣؽؾٛڰڷؙ[ؙ]ڹؘڡٝڛڡٙٲػۺؽ قُلِ اللَّهُ مُماكِ الْمُأْكِ ثُونِي المالعة تشاء وتنزع المأك مِعْرِنُ تَشَاءُ وَتُعِيَّمُ مِنْ تَشَاءُ يَ نُ تَشَاءُ وبِينِ لِا الْحَالَةُ وَلِينِ مَيْتِ وَتُخْرِجُ الْمَيْتَ مِنَ الْجَيِّ تَوْنُي قُ مَنْ مَنْ مَثَا عَرِيغَيْم حِسَاكِ اكينتخف المؤمئون الكفيرين <u>ٱوْلِيًا ءَمِنُ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِ بُنَ</u> وَمَنُ لَفُعَلُ ذَالِكَ فَلَيْسَ مِنَ اللهِ فِي ثَنْ إِلَّا أَنْ تَتَّقُّوْ امِنْهُمْ



- 38 Forthwith Zakariyah prayed unto his Lord: "O my Lord! Grant me (too) by Thy grace, a goodly child, for Thou doth grant all prayers."
- 39 An angel called to him while he was still praying in the shrine.

"Behold! Allah promiseth you Yahya: witness will he bear to the Word of Allah— (inherently) a leader chaste, a prophet 'mong the upright!"

40 He mused.

"O my Lord! How shall I have a son when I have grown so old—and, my wife is barren?

...But Allah doth accomplish what He wills!"

41 He prayed,

"O my Lord! Give Thou me guidance!"
He then mused:

"What thou shouldst do is this:

speak not to men for full three days, except by signs; contemplate thou on thy Lord and persevere till late at night—and from early dawn."

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42 Lo! when the angels did announce:

"O Maryam! Allah hath, indeed, chosen thee and sanctified thee.

He hath distinguished thee above the women of all Peoples!

43 "O Maryam!

Be thou devoted to thy Lord, worship Him, and bow with those who bow!"

44 These are the stories of the past which We commune to thee.

Thou wast not with them when they cast their reeds as to who should be the guardian of Maryam.

Thou wast not with them when they quarrelled!

45 Lo, when the angels spoke to her:

"O Maryam!

Verily, Allah giveth thee glad tidings of (a son who will be the bearer of) His word!

His name, The Masih,

'Isa, son of Maryam,

distinguished in his life and ever after, and one among the trustiest (of the Lord)!

46 "He shall teach all:

from his childhood to old age; and he will be among the righteous!"

47 She mused.

"O my Lord! How can I have a son when no man hath touched me?"

He said.

"Thus doth Allah (ever) accomplish what He wills.

When He decrees a thing He willeth, "BE!" and, so, it IS!

48 "And He will teach him,

the Book;

the Wisdom-

the Taurath.

the Injil."

49 A Messenger unto the Bani Isra'il:

"Verily, I have come to you with signs from your Lord!

I shall transform you, from inert clay to replicas of birds,

and I shall inspire you with zeal and spirit to soar like eagles, if Allah wills!

To those born blind, I give sight;

lepers I heal,

the dead I bring to life, if Allah wills!

I shall declare to you what ye should eat; what in your houses ye should store!"

In all of these lie indications if only you would be believers.

50 "Confirm I what hath come before me as Taurat: and I make lawful unto you some of that which was forbidden unto you;

and (since) I come to you with signs from your Lord, revere ye Allah, and obey ye me.



51 "Verily, Allah is my Lord and so is He your Lord!

Therefore serve Him. This is the sure path!"

- 52 When 'Isa found them indifferent, impervious, he asked:
 - "Who will be my colleagues in (the service of) Allah?"

His disciples answered:

"We shall be thy colleagues in (the service of) Allah and be thyself our witness, we submit implicitly to Allah!

53 "Our Lord!

We (here attest that we) believe in what Thou hast revealed; and we obey Thy Messenger; Enlist us Thou among the witnesses!"

54 Designed they their stratagems, but Allah too designed: and Allah is the best of all designers!

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55 Lo, Allah said,

"O 'Isa! I shall make thee die, and raise thee nearer to Me.

I shall rid thee of these evaders (of the truth); and those who follow thee I shall raise above those who deny thee, until the day appointed. Then I will recall all of you to Myself and judge between you about your differences.

- 56 "Those who evade, I will punish them severely then and ever after—and none shall come to succour them.
- 57 "Those who believe and do good deeds them I shall compensate with full wages. Allah loveth not transgressors."
- 58 Thus do We relate to thee examples from the discourse of wisdom.

ربه والحال لكؤ بغضاليني اْمَنَا مَا لِلْهِ وَالْمُهَدُّ مِا كَالْمُسُولُونَ فَ رَتَنَأَ أَمَنَّا بِمَا أَنْزَلْتَ وَاتَّبَعْنَا الوَّسُولَ فَأَكْتُبْنَأُمْءَ الشَّهِينِينَ[©] وَمُكَرُوا وَمُكرَاللهُ وَاللهُ خَيْرُ فَأَمَّا الَّذِنِ نَكُفَرُوا فَأَعَذَّ بُهُـمُ عَذَانًا شَدِيدًا فِي الذُّنْيَ ا وَ الْاخِرَةِ وَمَالَهُمُ مُتِنْ نُصِينَ ٥ وأمتاالك بن أمنوا وعيدلوا وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِثُ الظَّلِمِينَ @ ذلك تشاؤه عكيك مين الأبات

مِّنَ اللهِ وَسَيْلًا اوَّحَصُورًا سَّامِّنَ الضِّلِي فِينَ وَالْ كُنْ الْكُ اللَّهُ لَافُكُوفُوكُ وَالشَّاءُ ۞ الله اصطفاك وطهرك اصطَفنك عَلىنِسَآءِ الْعَلَمَيْنَ۞ ينكر كيمُ اقْنُ بِي لِرَبِّكِ وَانْجُدِينَ وَالْكِيْنَ مَعَ الرَّاكِعِيْنَ ۞ ذلك مِنُ أَنْمَا أَوْ الْعَيْبِ نُوْجِيْهِ إلنك ومَأَكَنُتُ لَكُنْ يُعِمُ لَهُ يِمُونَ ⊕ أنناوالاخرة قامين الله يُخْلُقُ مَا كِتُنَاءُ ﴿ إِذَا تَصَى وتعظمه الكتب والحكمة والتواية

- 59 'Isa's instance in the sight of Allah, is similar to that of Adam: He moulded him from clay, and then He willed "BE!" and lo, he WAS!
- 60 This is the simple truth from Allah! So be not thou among the doubters.
- 61 To those who wrangle with thee after this, the truth, hath come to thee, say thou: "Come then, let us call together our sons and your sons, our women and your women, our people and your people, then let us earnestly call down the curse of Allah on those who lie!"
- 62 This is, indeed, the essence of all truths: No deity is there, except Allah. And it is Allah alone who is Exalted, Wise!
- 63 But, still, if they revert (to their beliefs)verily Allah is aware of those who would be contentious.

64 Call thou:

"O ye Peoples of the Book! Let us arrive at this simple understanding between yourselves and us;

That we will worship none but Allah;

That nothing will we join with Him;

That we will never raise from among ourselves patrons beside Allah!" But if they turn their backs, say ye:

"Bear ye witness: We at least (by this creed) abide."

- 65 O ye Peoples of the Book! Why do ye dispute about Ibrahim —(was he Jew or Gentile?) when both Taurat and Injil are dispensations dating after him? Do ye never think?
- 66 Long have you disputed about the things of which you (are supposed to) know!

But why dispute regarding matters about which you have no knowledge?

It is Allah who (alone) doth know-ye know not!

67 Ibrahim could not have been a Jew, a Christian. He only could have been an upright devotee of Allah.

He could not be among the deifiers.!

68 Verily, the nearest of kin to Ibrahim are those who follow himthis Apostle and those who have believed!

And Allah is sufficient to these Believers.

69 Fain would a group among the Peoples of the Book lead thee astray! But none they lead astray except themselvesbut that they do not realize.

70 O ye Peoples of the Book!

Why do ve reject the signs of Allah of which ye are yourselves the witnesses?

71 O ye Peoples of the Book!

Why do ye dress up truth in the garb of false-

Why do ye conceal the truth deliberately?

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72 And says another group among the Peoples of the Book:

"Let us, at dawn, believe with the believers and at dusk deny them-they might, perchance, (with us) retrace!"

73 And (among themselves they say):

"Beware! apart from those who to your creed belong, never listen to what others say (no matter what good things they say)."

. Tell them thou, (O MUHAMMAD!)

"Real guidance is only that guidance which comes from Allah."

. . . . "Think not that any other creed is as good as the creed given to you; or that in the presence of your Lord the arguments of others can hold good."



Grace and forgiveness are the prerogatives of Allah:

He bestows them abundantly on whom He wills.

His domain is vast (and who is worthy who unworthy, He knows).

- 74 Selecteth He for His grace whom He wills.
 Allah is the Dispenser of blessings infinite!
- 75 There are among the Peoples of the Book, those who, if thou entrusted them with a hoard of gold will give it back to you.

There are 'mong them also those who, if thou entrusted them with a single dinar, would not return it unless thou persisted at their door!

That is because, they say,

"No obligations rest with us regarding gentiles!"

Accuse they Allah falsely and well they know it!

- 76 On the contrary, who ever readily fulfills his covenant and fears to go wrong—him, Allah loveth for his rectitude—
- 77 It is these who cheaply sell away their covenant with Allah:

'Tis they who have no portion in the future. No word, no look will Allah have for them on the appointed day; nor will they be absolved—

for them is dire misery.

78 There is a group among them who (falsely) quote the Book.

You would think that what they quote was from the Book;

but it is not from the Book.

They claim that it is from Allah: but it is not from Allah!

What they say is a calumny against Allah and well they know it!

ل وَتَكْتُنُّهُ وْنَ الْحَتَّى وَأَنْتُمُ الذي أنزل على الكذيث

فآجك فيهومن بعدما مَاءُكُ وَنَ العِلْمِ فَقُلْ تَعَالَى ا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُثْبِرُكِنُنَ ۞ 79 There cannot be a man, to whom there comes from Allah,

a book,

a mission,

an authority-and

who then tells people,

"Worship me apart from Allah!"

Instead, (he would say),

"Engage yourselves devotedly in service as enjoined on you in the Book and as you have been taught."

80 Nor would he bid you take angels or apostles as patrons.

Would he suggest to you (a form of) idol worship after you have become Muslims?

9 *** 449

81 Recall, when Allah, made a covenant with you regarding His Apostles:

"Despite the Book and judgment, when there comes to you a Prophet who accepts what you have with you, ye shall believe in him and succour him."

He asked.

"Do ye promise to abide by this pledge imposed on you".

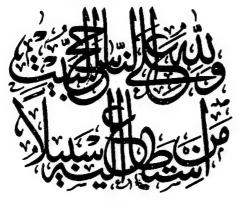
They said,

"We promise."

He said.

"Yourselves be witnesses and I too with you will be witness."

82 They who turn away, (from that pledge) they are renegades.



83 Do they seek a refuge other than Allah's when all that is in the heavens and the earth, willingly or grudgingly, submits to Him and towards Him finally returns?

84 Say ye:

"We believe in Allah,

in that which has been sent to us,

in that which had been sent to *Ibrahim* and *Ishaq* and *Yaqub*, and to their progeny; in that which had been sent to *Musa*, '*Isa* and other Prophets from their Lord.

No discrimination do we make between them.

We are (simply) those who have submitted (to Allah)".

- 85 If any one should follow a creed apart from submission (to Allah) it will not be accepted. And, in the end, he will be among the losers.
- 86 How shall Allah guide a people who renounce after having professed faith and after bearing witness that the Prophet spoke the truth and brought clear evidence?

 Allah does not guide a people who transgress!

- 87 They are the ones whose desert is the curse of Allah of angels and of men all together.
- 88 Thereunder they shall lie—no lessening of their burdens, no respite.
- 89 Except for those who, even after this, repent and mend their ways: for, indeed, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 90 But those who did renounce, after having faith accepted; and then continue to stress their faithlessness even their repentance will not be acceptable and they shall grope in vain.
- 91 Those who reject and die in a state of faithlessness no ransom will be accepted from any one

of them even if he were to offer the weight of all the world in gold.

They are the ones for whom is misery! There are for them no helpers.



92 Naught can you attain of virtue unless ye be willing to forego that which is dear to you.

And ye cannot forego aught, without it being known to Allah!

93 All food was lawful to the *Bani Isra'il*, except what *Isra'il* had forbidden for itself before there was bestowed on them the *Taurat*. Say thou,

"Bring ye the *Taurat* and read it out your-selves if ye be honest."

- 94 But if, even after this, continue some to heap false accusations against Allah, they transgress beyond measure.
- 95 Say ye:

"True, true is Allah!"

And follow ye the creed of *Ibrahim*, the Upright!

He was not among the deifiers.

- 96 Verily, the very first House (of worship) made for men was at Bakka—a blessing and a guidance for all men.
- 97 There are signs conspicuous—reminiscences of Ibrahim.

And he who enters it finds amnesty.

All men owe a duty to Allah—to pay a visit to this House.

So those who can afford it let them take the road to it.

But those who would evade (this duty)—.

Allah is not dependent on the fulfillment (of duties) by the Peoples!

98 Say thou,

"O ye Peoples of the Book!

يقال الثاني أناة مثل مَّرِى عَلَى اللهِ الْكُنْ بُصُونُ مُ كَفَرَ فَأَنَّ اللَّهَ غَسِنِيٌّ عَين

الله المنافقة المنه المنافقة المنافقة المنافق المنافقة ا

أَقُى إِنَادِ قَالَ فَاشْهَدُوا وَٱنَّامَعَكُمُ نُرَدِيْنِ اللهُ يَبْغُونَ وَلَهُ أَنَّ فى الشَّهُ السَّالَ مِن وَالْرَهُ فِي طَوْعًا ، كُفْسَالَ مِنْهُ وَهُسُورِ فِي ليخرّة مِنَ الْغِيدِينَ ۞ كَنُفَ يَهْدِي اللهُ قُوْمًا كُفُرُ وَا

Why must ye ignore all signs of Allah when Allah Himselfdoth witness everything ye do?"

99 Say thou,

"O ye Peoples of the Book!

Why do ye distract those who believe from the path of Allah making it seem crooked (to them) and yourselves watching (their confusion)?

By no means unaware is Allah of what ye do!"

100 O ye who have believed!

Obey ye not a section of the **Peoples of the Book** who fain would see believers turning appostates!

101 How can you become apostates when (constantly) Allah's revelations are recited unto you,

and when the Messenger resideth amidst you?

He who only holdeth on to Allah will be shown a way secure!

11 *** 451

102 O ye who have believed!

Revere ye Allah as He should be revered. Let not death overtake you, except as muslims.

103 Hold ye all firmly to the Rope of Allah (encircling all of you) and never split!

Recount among yourselves the blessings of Allah upon you:

Ye were mutual adversaries and He has forged a bond between your hearts; and ye have wakened, by His grace, as brothers!

Ye were well-nigh on the brink of fire and He withdrew you from it—

Thus doth Allah clearly manifest to you His signs so that ye may be rightly guided!

104 Let there rise among you a (dedicated) group inviting people towards virtue; enjoining what is right; forbidding what is wrong;

These are the real benefactors.

105 Be ye not like those who split and quarrelled after there had come to them clear evidence for them there is great chastisement.

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106 One day (they will be arraigned) some faces bright (with joy) others dark (with gloom).

To those with faces dark:

"Was it not ye who did reject after having once believed?

Taste ye then the penalty of rejection!"

107 Those with faces bright, in the shade of Allah's mercy abiding there for aye.

108 These are Allah's revelations.

We rehearse them for thee in all truth.

Allah is not the one to inflict wrong upon any people!

109 For Allah is all that is in the heavens and the earth and all matters finally are referred to Him.



12 *** 452

110 Ye are the foremost people among men!

Enjoin ye what is right; forbid ye what is wrong and ye believe in Allah.

O, would that (all) the Peoples of the Book had acquired belief!

Some of them, indeed, believe, but most of them are hypocrites!



111 No harm can they do you beyond annoyance; and if ye fight against them they will turn their backs!

None shall they find to help them!

112 Striketh them ignominy wherever they would settle unless they are protected by Allah or by men.

They draw upon themselves the wrath of Allah, and are plagued with poverty!

And this because they deliberately ignore Allah's revelations and slay Apostles unjustly.

That is, because they're arrogant, unsubmitting, obstinate.

113 But they are not all alike.

Among the Peoples of the Book there are upright groups;

recite they Allah's revelations till late at night and bow in adoration.

114 Believe they in Allah and in the final day; they enjoin what is good and forbid evil; they hasten to good works. They are among the righteous.

- 115 Whatever good they do, naught shall be denied.
 Allah recognizeth well the cautious.
- 116 It is only those who do persist in rejecting—their hoardings will avail them not, nor will their progeny, against Allah.

They are the ones who will be in misery for long.

117 Their spending on the comforts of the present is like unto inviting a nipping frost which doth affect their crop and doth destroy them who wrong themselves.

It is not Allah who hath hurt them; it is they themselves whom they have hurt.

118 O ye who have believed!

Take ye not bosom friends outside your group;

they'll spare no pains to ruin you; they'd love to see you in distress; hatred overflows in their words; and that which lies within their hearts is more intense. وُ وَكُمُ الْأَادَى ﴿ وَإِنْ نِكُوْكُمُ يُوَكُّوْكُمُ الْأَذْ بَارَتِهِ مُّلِا يُنْصَرُونَ ﴿ تُ عَلَيْهِ مُوالِنَّ لِكُهُ آيُنَ مَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِيرِ وَ وأوللك مِن الصّلِي في وَاللَّهُ عَلِيْمٌ كِالْمُتَّقِينَ @ وكرت قوم ظلم الفسمة وَلَكِنْ ٱلْفُكِهُ مُرْيَظُلِمُونَ@ يَاكِيُهَا أَكَنِي بَنَ أَمَنُوا لِا تَتَخِفُنُوا بطازةً مِّنُ دُونِنَكُمُ لَا يَا أَوْنَكُمُ خَمَالًاهُ وَكُوْا مَاعَنِثُمُ ۗ قَالُهُ سكت البغضاء من أفواهه معَّ تبنالكؤ الإلب ان كنته

قُلْ يَا هُلَ الْكِتْبِ لِمَرْتَصُدُّونَ عَنُ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ مَنْ أَمَنَ تَبُغُوْنَهَاءِوجًاوُّأَنْتُمُثُهُكَاآءُ وَ مَا اللَّهُ بِغَافِلِ عَمَّا تَعْمَاوُنَ @ بَآيُهُا الَّذِينَ امَنُوْآ إِنْ تُطِيعُوا فَرُنُقًا مِنَ الكِذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِيتُبَ ؠۜۯؙڰؙۅٛڴۄؙؠۼۛؽٳۼؠٳۼٵؽڴۄؙڲڣؠؽ۞ وكيف تكفرون وانتم تشل عليكم ثَفَيَّ قُوْ الْمُوَاذُكُورُ وَالْغُمِتَ اللَّهِ عَ اذْكُنْتُهُ أَعْدَاءً فَالْفَ بَيْنَ التَّارِفَانُقُذَكُمُ مِّنْهَا لِأَذَٰ لِكُونِينَ الله لكو اليته لعلكو تفترون وَلْنَكُنْ مِنْكُو أُمَّةً كُنَّاكُونَ إِلَّى الْخِيَارُ وَ مَا مُنَّا وَنَ مِالْمُعُورُونَ مِالْمُغَيِّرُونِ

There! We have clarified our signs; would that ye would understand.



119 There are ye, who love them;

but they, they love you not-

although you accept their entire Scripture.

When they face you, they say,

"We believe."

but when they're by themselves they bite their fingers at you in their rage!

Say ye,

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"Perish in your rage!"

Allah is, indeed, aware of inmost thoughts.

120 If any good befalls you it galls them; and if adversity doth touch you, they rejoice

If you would only be a little careful—and persevere,

their wiles no harm can do to you.

Allah doth encompass fully what they do.

13 *** 453

- 121 (Recall the past:) when thou hadst left thy household at the break of dawn to make the faithful well-arrayed for battle Allah is the Hearer and the Knower!
- 122 When two parties among you had striven to escape!But Allah did befriend them!!It is in Allah that Believers put their trust.
- 123 Thus did Allah succour thee at Badr when, (in number) ye were quite negligible.(Now too), fear ye Allah! so that you may (again have cause to) show your gratitude.
- 124 When thou called out to the Believers:

 "Is it not sufficient that, to help you, your
 Lord three thousand angels has sent down?!
- 125 "Yea! If you only persevere
 and continue ye to be alert—
 even if they rushed on you in hordes
 succour there will come to you from your
 Lord
 through five thousand angels
 and they shall sweep the field!"

126 But naught had Allah made that call to mean except a word of cheer to fill your hearts with confidence.

No help doth ever come except from Allah, the Sovereign and the Wise.

127 Whether He disrupts and doth sidetrack the unbelievers—

or confronts them with frustration so that they turn back in shame—

128 Not in that is thy concern.

He may turn to them in mercy or He may chastise them because they have transgressed.

129 For Allah alone, is all that is in heaven and earth:

forgiveth He whom He wills; and punisheth, whom He wills. Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

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- 130 O ye who have believed!

 Gorge ye not usury, profits on profits.

 Fear ye Allah if ye would prosper.
- 131 Fear ye the simmering fire that doth enshroud the unbelievers.
- 132 Be ye obedient unto Allah and the Messenger if ye would be blessed.
- 133 Hie ye towards the largesse of your Lord and His paradise the dimensions of which extend over heaven

the dimensions of which extend over heaver and earth

and which is promised to all who're cautious!

134 To those who share their wherewithal—
whether they may be in easy circumstances
or in difficulties;

who restrain their anger and are charitable unto men:

Allah loveth those who are considerate of others.

135 Those who, when they commit an offence or wrong their kind, cry to Allah to forgive their sins—

and who can forgive sins except Allah? those who, being conscious of their guilt, persist not in upholding what they did,

- 136 They are the ones whose guerdon consists of beneficence from their Lord and gardens beneath which rivers flow—secure they live for aye!

 Excellent the guerdon for those who strive for righteousness!
- 137 Diverse creeds have passed away before you: roam o'er the earth and see what was the end of all false claimants.
- 138 Here is a manifesto for all men; and guidance and advice to the cautious.
- 139 Lose ye not hope; be ye not down cast: ye shall advance if ye are true believers.
- 140 If ye have suffered a set-back, verily a set-back there has been for the other party too. Such days (of adversity) We make go round among men, so that Allah may distinguish those who believe and choose His witnesses from 'mongst them—

 Allah loveth not those who growl.
- 141 And Allah may thus sift those who trust, and purge the unbelievers—
- 142 Did ye count on entering heaven without Allah testing out those who are capable of fighting and those who are perverse?
- 143 Ye had wished to face death ere now, and now, when it looms before you, you gape?!

اللهُ لَعَلَّكُوْ تُفْلِحُونَ أَنَّ وَاتَّقَةُ النَّارَاكَتِيِّي أُعِدِّتِ لِلْكُفُونِ ٢٠ وأبطبع االله والرسول كعككم تُرْحَمُونَ 🗟 وَسَادِعُوْآ إِلَى مَغْفِمَ إِنَّ مِنْ زَيِّكُمُ وَجَنَّةِ عَرْضُهَا النَّهٰ أَتُوالْأَرْضُ ا أعدَّت لِلْمُتَّقِبُنَ 6 الكَنْ يُنْ يُنْفِقُونَ فِي السَّرَّاءِ وَ الضِّزّاء وَالْكَاظِمِينَ الْغَيْظَ وَالْعَافِيْنَ عَنِ النَّاسِ وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا فَعَلَّوْا فَاحِشَّةٌ أَوْ ظَلَمُ أَٱلْفُكَهُمُ ذَكَرُوا اللَّهُ فَاسْتَغْفُمُ وَالِذُنُوبِهِ مُرْوَمَنُ يَغْفِمُ النَّانُوْبَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَكُولُهُ يُصِرُّوْا عَلَى مَا فَعَكُوْا وَهُمْ مِيعُكُمُوْنَ ۞ أوليك جَزَادُ هُمْ مَنْغُفَى أَوْمِ ڒۜؠٚۿؠ۫ۄۅؘڿڵؿۜۼؙڔؽؙڡۣڽ۬ۼؘؾۘٲ الآنهرُخُلدِينَ فِنْهَا ﴿ وَنِعْمَ آجُرُ الْغِيلِيْنَ ﴿ قَدُّ خَلَتُ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمُ إِسُّنَىٰ ا فَسَارُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَالْفُكُرُ قِيا كَفْ كَانَ عَاقِيَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ۞ هٰ نَااِیَاكُیّلنّایِس وَهُدّی وّ مَوْعِظَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ ۞ ولاتهنؤا ولاتخزنوا وأفثم الْأَعْلَوْنَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُثُوُّ مِينُانَ ۞ انُ مُنْسَسُكُمُ قَرْحُ فَقَلُ مَنْ الْقَوْمَ قَرْحُ مِنْكُهُ مُوتِلُكَ الكتّامُرُ ثُنَ اولُهَا كِيْنَ السَّاسِ وليعلكم الله الذائن أمنوا وكيقن وَلِكُعَتِّصَ اللهُ الْكَذِيْنِ أَصَّتُواْ مُستندُ أَن تَل خُلُوا الْجَنَّة وكتابغ تمالله الكزين جاهكروا منْكُمُ وَتَعْلَمُ الصِّيرِيْنَ @ وَلَقُلُ لُئُنُهُ تُعَدُّدُ ثَمَا لَهُ مَنْ مِنْ قَيْلِ إِنْ تَلْقُوْ كُوْ فَقَالُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ فُحِينُظُ فَ المؤمنان مقاعد للقتال إذ هَبَّتُ طُلَائِفَتْنِ مِنْهِ آن تَفْسَلَ لا وَاللَّهُ وَلِيُّهُمَا لا وَعَلَّى الله فَلْيَتُوَكُّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۞ وَلَقَنُ نَصَرُكُمُ اللَّهُ بِبَ لَى رِوَّ أَنْتُمُ أذلَّةُ وَاتَّقَدُ اللَّهُ لَعَلَّكُمُ @Jj 15 35 إِلاَّمِنْ عِنْدِاللَّهِ الْعَزِيْزِ الْعِلْمُ ۞ لكفظع ظرقامِ تَ اللَّهِ يَاكِينَ كَفَرُ وْآاوْيَكُنِهُ تَهُمْ فَيَنْقَلِبُوْا عَلَيْهُمُ أَوْلُعُنِّى مُمْ فِالْهُمُ مِظْلِمُوْنَ[©] وَبِلْهِ مَا فِي التَّهَاوٰتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَهُنَّ يَغْفِرُلِمِنُ تَشَاءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مُنْ لَثَالَةُ مِ وَاللَّهُ عَقْدُ رُ رَحِدُ أَنَّ اللَّهُ عَقْدُ رُ رَحِدُ أَنَّهُ يَآيُهُا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْ الا تَأْكُدُ ا الزبواأضعافامك عفقة واثقوا



رَآيْتُمُهُ وُ وَآنَتُهُمُ تَنْظُرُونَ ۗ

144 No more is Muhammad than a Messenger—many Messengers have gone before him. If he were to die or were he to be slain would ye, forthwith, turn upon your heels? If any did turn back, in no way will he hurt Allah.

Lo! soon will Allah compensate the grateful.

145 No one is there who can die without Allah's leave—recorded is his term.

He who wants his wages in the immediate present We shall give him now;

and he who wants them in the future We shall give him then.

And soon We shall reward the grateful!

146 How many Apostles there have been along with whom devoted men in numbers large have battled (for the truth)!

But they never lost heart, because they were fighting for the cause of Allah;

they weakened not; they gave in not! Allah loveth well those who persevere.

147 Naught (else) did they give expression to all they said was.

"O our Lord! Forgive us Thou our sins. Forgive us Thou our trespasses.

Keep Thou firm our feet.

Help us Thou against these people who will not believe!"

148 So Allah gave them their compensation then and there:

and better still their compensation in the future.

Allah loveth well the virtuous.

16 *** 456

149 O ye who have believed!

If ye were to obey those who reject, they will make you turn back on your heels; and ye will go back to your own loss.

150 Nay, Allah is your Patron and He is the best of Helpers! 151 Soon shall We cast terror into the hearts of the unbelievers, for that they joined companions with Allah—

naught had He sent as authority for this hell will be their resting place: an evil destination for the trespassers.

152 Allah had, indeed, fulfilled his promise when you, by His help, had well-nigh overpowered them—until you lost morale and disputed the order.

You disobeyed as soon as He had shown you that for which you longed!

Amidst you some there were who lusted for the immediate gains and some who looked to future gains.

Therefore He made you flee from them and put you into trouble.

But He has now forgiven you.

Allah is full of grace to the Believers.

153 There were ye scurrying upward—oblivious of all—and the Messenger calling to you from the rear!

So He paid you with two-fold misery—regrets for what ye failed to get—and tribulations which you suffered.

Allah is (constantly) aware of what ye do!

154 After this adversity He provided you a spell of languid calm so that some of you were overcome with slumber while another group urged on by each other, cast unworthy aspersions on Allah in their ignorance. They said,

"Have we no say in the matter?"

Say thou,

"The matter rests entirely with Allah!"
They entertain within themselves such thoughts as they reveal not unto thee.

They say,

"If we had had a say in this matter we should not have been in this slaughter!"

Say thou,

"Even if ye had stayed back in your homes, those who were decreed to die would have sallied out to the places where they lie!" But Allah has, through this, brought forth what is in your inmost hearts.

Verily, Allah's knowledge penetrateth through the hearts.

155 Those of you who turned back on the day when the two hosts faced each other, had been disgraced by *Shaitan* for something they had earned.

But Allah hath overlooked their fault. Allah is Forgiving, Merciful!

17 *** 457

156 O ye who have believed!

Be ye not like the unbelievers who say about their brethren when they travel forth or go to fight:

"If only they had stayed with us, they would not then have died, nor would they have been slain!"

Allah maketh this a consolation for their hearts!

But it is Allah who maintaineth life, who taketh life!

And Allah well observeth all they do.

- 157 If ye are slain in the way of Allah or, if ye die with His mercy and forgiveness, that is better far than all they could amass!
- 158 No matter if ye die or ye are slain, (in either case) unto Allah you must wake!
- 159 'Tis a mercy from Allah, that thou art lenient to them; for, wert thou rough and stern of heart they would have shunned thy presence!

So, overlook their faults and ask pardon for them.

Consult thou them at times.

When thou hast once resolved, put thy trust in Allah!

Allah loveth those who put their trust in Him!



في الخرسائه فائا تكُوعُمُمَّا هٔ لکنکه تخفقاً نواعیه رَ**عُ: ل**َانَ هَـل لَنَامِنَ الْأَصْرِ مِن سَيْعًا وقال إِنَّ الْأَصْرَ كُلُّكُ يلهه يخفون في أنفيه هيه مما اَكُنْكُ، وَنَ أَلِكَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا قَالُوْنَ لَـقُ نَاتِهَا الَّذِينَ امَنُوا لا تَكُونُوا كالآزين كفرزوا وقالؤالانجانه إذَا ضَمَ بُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ أَوْ كَأَنُوْ ا قُلُوبِهِ مُو وَاللَّهُ يَخِي وَيُسِتُ آهُ مُنْ ثُمُ لَمَغُفَرَةٌ مِنْ اللهِ قَ

ومااله تتكألوا والله تجت الق وَمَا كَانَ تَوْلَهُ مُلِلاً أَنْ قَالُقُ ا وُاللَّهُ ثُوَّاكِ اللَّهُ نُبِياً وَ الزُّغْبَ بِمَا آشُرَكُوْا مِاللهِ مَا لَـمُ وَلَقِّ لُ عَفَاعَنُكُو وَاللَّهُ ذُو

آحَد وَّالرَّسُولُ بَدُعُن ڪُمُ

160 If Allah doth assist you none can overcome you; if He forsaketh you, who then is there to help you?

Allah, therefore, let Believers trust!

161 No Apostle can embezzle.

He who embezzles, all he has embezzled will be taken from him on the appointed day! Then shall every soul be paid what it has earned, and no one shall be wronged.

162 Is he who doth conform to Allah's pleasure, no different from another who brings upon himself the wrath of Allah and whose abode is hell?

A woeful refuge!

- 163 Each has a distinct place with Allah and Allah is aware of what each does.
- 164 Surely it was grace bestowed by Allah on Believers when He raised a Messenger among them from among themselves, to read to them His revelations, to purify them and to teach to them the Scriptures and the Wisdom.

Ere now they were, indeed, openly astray.

165 What! when infliction is inflicted on you after you have inflicted two inflictions, would ye say,

"How is this?"

Say thou,

"This is from yourselves."

All things to Allah are possible.

- 166 What was inflicted on you on the day when the two hosts met was with the knowledge of Allah, so that He might sift the believers
- 167 From the hypocrites.

"Come!" they were told,

"Fight in the name of Allah or, at least defend!".

They said,

"If we had known how to fight we would never have refused you.

We would surely have obeyed you."

They were, on that day, nearer to faithlessness than faith;



their mouths uttering that which was not in their hearts.

But Allah was aware of what they would conceal.

168 They are the ones who, having stayed behind, speak of their brethren:

"If only they had listened to us, they would not have died!"

Say thou,

"Keep death ever distant from yourselves, if ye are serious!"

169 Count not those who die in the way of Allah as dead.

Nay, they live and are nourished by their Lord.

- 170 Bask they in what Allah hath provided them from His Mercy; and they rejoice to find that they who have yet to join them are overcome neither by fear nor by anxiety.
- 171 They rejoice in Allah's bounty and His grace, and because the deserts of the faithful never are, to them, denied.

18 *** 458

172 They who responded to Allah and His Messenger even after being hurt;

they who strove towards the good and kept themselves away from evil, for them are great rewards.



173 When, to them, men said,

"A mass of men hath gathered; fear ye them!" more staunch did they become in their faith. and said,

"Sufficient unto us is Allah, the best Defender!"

174 So they returned, through Allah's bounty and His grace untouched by evil; for they had followed Allah's pleasure, and Allah is the Lord of Bounty.

175 This one is only a devil who tries to instil in you a fear of his friends.But fear ye not them: fear ye Me if ye are true believers.

176 Let not those, who headlong rush to faithlessness, grieve thee.

By no means will they hurt Allah! Allah wishes that there shall be no portion for them in the future.

For them shall be only chastisement great!

177 Those who purchase faithlessness in exchange for faith, they cause no hurt to Allah. For them shall be chastisement painful!

178 Let not the faithless think that the rein We give to them is for their good;

the rein We give to them is only to ensnare them in their sins and there awaiteth them a shameful doom.

179 Allah intendeth not to keep you in your present plight until He has sifted (altogether) the evil from the good:

Nor doth Allah wish to let you see the future. Allah chooseth for His message whom He wills . . .

Therefore, trust in Allah and His Messenger, and if ye trust and be on guard amply will ye be rewarded!

لِ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُضِيعُ آجُرَ أكِّن يُنَ اسْتَجَابُوُ ايِنَّهِ وَالرَّسُولِ مِنْ تَعُدمًا أَصَابَهُ مُ الْقَرْمُ مُ الكِّن بُنَ آخْسَتُوا مِنْهُمُ وَاتَّقَوُا أكَّذِينَ قَالَ لَهُ مُوالنَّاسُ إِنَّ النَّاسَ قَلْ تَمَعُوا لَكُوْ فَاخْشُوهُمُ فذادهنه انساناك قالؤا كتسننا

النبئ رضوان الله كمن ويستغط متن الله وصأواسة هُمْ دَرَحْتُ عِنْدَالِلُهُ وَاللَّهُ والمغكر الزين كافعو الدوينال له يَقُوْلُونَ بِأَثْوَا هِمْ ۖ قَالَيْسَ فِي كُلُوهِمْ أك رن قالة الرخوانيه



180 Let not those who greedily cling to the bounties

We have given them, (think that) they are
good for them.

Nay! they are dangers for them!

What they hoard so greedily will hang like weights around their necks on the Day appointed!

The heritage of heaven and earth is Allah's only: of all ye do He is Aware.

181 Allah heareth well the jibes of those who ask:

"Has Allah been impoverished? Are we now the rich?"

Soon shall We decree reply to what they ask:

And for their having slain Apostles unjustly—

And for their having slain Apostles unjustly— We shall say (for answer)

"Taste ye now the burning agony!"

- 182 That is because of what ye had sent ahead! Verily, Allah never wrongeth his willing servants.
- 183 They also say;

"Allah hath enjoined us to accept no Messenger unless he brings before us a sacrifice which is consumed by (heavenly) fire!" Say thou,

"How many Messengers there came to you before me, with His evidences!

Why then did ye slay them if ye are honest?

- 184 And if they call thee false, even so did they call false, Messengers before thee (who came) with (Tablets) clear, and Psalms (in verse), and Scriptures (in) plain (prose).
- 185 All those who live must taste of death!

 Surely will they be paid their wages on the day infallible!

 He then who is acquitted in the fiery ordeal and enters bliss, victory is his!

comfort of delusion.

Naught is the transient present except the

186 Ye shall, indeed, be tempted by your wealth and by your near ones.

Much (censure) shall ye hear from those who had the law before you.

Much pain will be inflicted by the pagans. But if ye persevere and be on guard thereby will ye be strengthened in your high

resolve.

187 Remember Allah made the covenant with those who had been given the Law,

"Declare it unto men and hide it not!"

But they threw behind their backs (this injunction) for a paltry price!

O base transaction.

188 Those who exult in what they have effected and those who love to hear themselves being praised, let them not think that they have escaped penalty.

Grievous punishment pursueth them, indeed!

- 189 Allah's is the Sovereignty o'er heaven and earth and, over all Allah holdeth sway!
- 190 Verily, in the creation of the heavens and the earth, and in the alternations of the night, the day, are clear revelations for those who possess understanding.
- 191 And those who ponder on Allah—
 standing,
 sitting,
 or reclining;
 those who meditate on the making of the

heavens and the earth, (they pray:)
"Our Lord!
Thou hast not made all this in vain!

Glory be to Thee. Help us in the fiery ordeal!

192 "Our Lord!

Verily, those who succumb in the fiery ordeal, will be in dire anguish.

No sympathizer will they find among the agressors.

193 "Our Lord!

We have heard the call of one who calls to faith:

'Trust ye in your Lord!'
And lo! we trust in Thee!

Our Lord!

Forgive us Thou our trespasses.

Overlook our shortcomings and vouchsafe for us death among the righteous!

194 "Our Lord!

Fulfil Thou what Thou promised to us through Thy Messengers!

Put us not to shame on the Day infallible! Thou dost not go back on Thy promises!"

195 And lo! Their Lord respondeth to them:

"Verily, never shall I suffer to be lost the work of any one among you, be it man or woman.

Ye are all parts one of another.

Those who have emigrated and were driven from their homes,

those who suffered in My cause,

those who fought or who were slain.

I shall overlook their shortcomings, and I shall usher them into gardens beneath which rivers flow."

Noblesse oblige from Allah!

And Allah is the source of the highest grace!

الآن يَنْ مَيْنُ دُمْ وَنَ اللَّهُ قِيامًا وَ قُفُودًا وَ عَلَى جُنُو هِمْدِ وَيَتَفَكَّمُ وَنَ وَ عَنْهِ اللَّمَا لِينَ وَالْأَمْرِينَ لَكِنَا كَاخَلَقْتُ هَٰذَا الْكِلَاء شُخْنَاكُ تُقِتًا عَدَا إِنَّ اللَّكَارِ @ عَدَا إِنَّ اللَّكَارِ @

رَبَنَا إِنَّكَ مَنْ ثُنُ خِلِ التَّارَقَقَنُ اَخْرَيْتُهُ وَمَالِظْلِهُ مِنْ مِنْ الْمُعَلِّ رَبَّنَا النَّنَا الْمُفَامُنَا دِيَّا يُثْنَا وَنَ رَبِّنَا النَّنَا الْمُفَالِمِ مِنْ الْمُفَالِمَ لِلْمُفَالِمِ اللَّهِ فَامْنَا لَهُ رَبِّنَا فَاغْفِرْ لِنَا مُؤْوِثَ مَنَا مُمَا وَكُوْلُ مَنَا اللَّهِ مِنْ النِّنَا وَلُوْلُونَا مُمَّرَ الْكُنَا، هَا

ولايقسكن الذائن يكه كؤن يما المه والله من فصله هم خيرًا لهم و بل هو شرق لهم و سيطة ون ما يخل الهم و القيلة و وللوميراث التلات والزوخ والله ميما تعملون

لَقَنَّ سَمَعَ اللهُ فَوَلَ أَنْذِيْنَ قَالُوَا إِنَّ اللهُ فَقِيْرٌ وَتَعَنُّ أَغَنِيكَاءُ سَنَكَنُّهُ مَا قَالُوا وَقَتْلُهُمُ الْكِئِيكَاءُ يِعَنِّى عِنْ يَعَوْدُكُ وُوْفُوا عَذَاكُ

الحريق ﴿
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وَالْكِنْ الْمُورِهِ وَكُونَهُ الْمُونِ وَالنَّمَا

عُوْا نَفْسِ وَإِلَّهُ الْمُونِ وَالنَّمَا

تُوْلُونَ الْمُورَكُمُ يَوْهُ الْقَيْمَةُ فَمَنُ

مُوْرَعِ مِن النَّارِ وَأَدْخِلَ الْمُنْكَةُ فَقَلْ

لَتُبُكُونَ فِي النَّالِينَ الْمُنْكَةُ الْمُسْكُمُ وَالنَّمَا الْمُنْكِرُونَ وَمَنْكَمُ الْمُنْكِرُونَ وَمَنْكَمُ الْمُنْكِرُونَ وَمَنْكُونَ وَمَنْكُونَ الْمُنْدِرُونَ وَمَنْكُونَ وَمَنْكُونَا الْمُونِ وَمِنْكُونَ وَمِنْكُونَ وَمَنْكُونَ وَمَنْكُونَا الْمُعُونَ وَمَنْكُونَا الْمُعْرِمُ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْ وَمِنْكُونَ وَمَنْكُونَا الْمُعْمَلِكُونَ وَمَنْكُونَا الْمُونِ وَمَنْكُونَا الْمُعْمَلِكُونَ وَمُنْكُونَا الْمُعْمَلِكُونَ وَمَنْكُونَا الْمُعْمَلِكُونَا الْمُعْمَلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا وَمُعْلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا وَمُنْكُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلُونَا الْمُعْمُلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُ الْمُعْمُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا الْمُعْمُونَا الْمُعْمِلِكُونَا

وَلا تَكْمُدُ نَكُون فَلَكُنْ فُولًا



- 196 Let not dishearten thee the itinerent visits of the heathens in the habitations.
- 197 Short-lived is their hold: soon will they be cast in hell; a sorry place to dwell.
- 198 But those who feared their Lord for them are gardens fair beneath which rivers flow.

 Therein they abide: Hospitality of Allah!

 And he who doth abide close to Allah has the best of hearts.
- 199 There are also those among the Peoples of the Book who do believe in what hast been sent down to you as well as to them.

 Fear they Allah—

 They barter not away the revelations of Allah at little price.

وَلِنَ مِنُ اَهْ لِ الْسِيَّ الْسِيَّ الْسَاكُمُ وَمَا الْنِيلَ الْسِيَّ الْسَاكُمُ وَمَا الْنِيلَ اللَّهِ مَا الْنِيلَ اللَّهِ مَنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنَامُ اللْمُنَامُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللْمُنْ اللْمُنْ اللْمُنْ ا

For them is their reward with their Lord. For Allah is exact in His reckoning.

200 O ye who have believed!

Persevere ye; make others persevere and maintain discipline!

Fear ye Allah so that ye may prosper.



*

Sura : $NIS\bar{A}$

In the name of Allah the Rahilian the Rahilm

1 *** 461

O ye people!

Keep ye in mind your Lord who brought you forth from one ancestor,

who made his mate from him, and from them both, raised myriad men and women.

Pay ye heed to Allah on whose bounty ye depend, and (pay ye heed) to womankind!

Remember Allah watcheth over (both of) you as Guardian!

2 Hand over to the orphaned ones what is theirs (by right).

Substitute ye not inferior for superior goods nor consume ye what belongs to them along with what is yours—

for that would be a deadly sin.

3 And if ye fear
that ye might fail to give
their rightful dues to the
guardianless—
wed then from 'mong the women
those ye would, by twos and threes and fours.
But if ye fear
that you cannot then be fair to all of them—
then only one—
beside those one already has—
that is the basic principle:
that the community be not
unduly burdened.

4 Hand over to the women (being married) their patrimony freely:
but if they, of their free pleasure remit any of

the things to you, take them with goodwill and good-cheer.

وَالْوَاالِرِسَاءَ مَسَى فَيْمِنَ فَيْ لَمَّ فَا وَالْوَالِمِسَاءُ فَكُمْ مِنْ فَكُمْ وَمِنَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَلَا وَالْمُوالِقُنْ وَهُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَلَا وَالْمُوالِقُنْ وَهُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَكُمْ وَقُولُوا اللَّهُ هُمُ وَقُولُوا اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ وَقُولُوا اللَّهُ مُنْ وَقُولُوا اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ عُلِيلًا مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عُلَيْلُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

剝別叫

يَايَهُمَّاالَنَاسُ الْقَوْارَكِبُكُوالَـنِنَى
يَايَهُمَّاالَكَاسُ الْقَوْارَكِبُكُوالَـنِنَى
خَلْقَكُمُ مِّنَ لَنْشِ وَاحِدَةٍ وَ
حَلَقَ مِنْهَا وَحَمَّا وَيَتَكَمُ وَالْقَوْا
رِجَالَّكَ فِي مُلْكَافًو الْمَنْكِهُ وَالْقُوْا
الله الله فَ سُنكَ وَكُولُونَ بِهِ وَالْقُوا
وَالْوِاللّهِ فَي مُنكَامُ وَالْهُمُ وَلَاَتَكُمْنَ وَالْوَالْمِ وَالْقَوْلِ
وَالْواللّهِ فَي الْمَلْقِينِ وَلَا تَلْكُمُ وَلَا تَلْكُمُ وَالْمَلُولُونَ اللهُ وَلَا تَلْكُمُ وَالْمَلُولُونَ
وَالْوَاللّهُ مَوْلِكُمُ وَلَّكُمُ وَلَاللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّ

- 5 Hand not over to the feeble-minded the property of which Allah has made you guardian.

 (Instead), feed ye them and clothe them and be to them kind and considerate.
- 6 Bring up with diligence (the younger ones among) the guardianless until they come of age; and when ye find them quite mature hand over to them what is theirs.

But be ye not extravagant while they grow up; and they who can afford it, let them forego expense incurred;

and they who're poor let them charge in reason.

And when ye hand over to them what is theirs, let there be witnesses—

But Allah is the best of those who keep account.

7 For males a portion from what their parents or their relatives have left behind.

For females (too) a portion from what their parents or their relatives have left behind—be it small or large, each portion specified.

- 8 If there are at the time of distribution those of kin, or orphans, or the helpless—give them too from it and speak to them some words of kindness.
- 9 Let those disposing of the estate, fear the plight of their own helpless children in circumstances similar:

let them Allah keep in mind and let them speak without favour!

10 Verily, those who deliberately embezzle the property of orphans swallow cinders that will sear their souls!

11 Allah thus decrees inheritance to your beneficiaries:

To the sons the share of two daughters; if there be only daughters, two or more, their share is two-thirds of all inheritance; if only one, her share is half.

If one doth leave behind his children and his parents, each parent is entitled to a sixth; but if he left no children and his parents are his sole inheritors, his mother is entitled to a third;

but if there are brothers too (and sisters) the mother's share is only a sixth.

(All this distribution) after clearance of debts and legacies.

Your parents or your children you know not to which of these you owe the more.

These are portions ordained by Allah. And He has Knowledge, He is Wise.

12 Yours is the half of what your wives have left, if they leave no children.

But if they did leave children for you is only one-fourth of what they left—

after paying debts and legacies

Theirs is a fourth of what ye leave if ye leave no children;

but if ye have left children their share is only one eighth of what ye leave—
after paying debts and legacies.

If a person being inherited left no ascendents or descendents but had (only) a brother and a sister, each gets a sixth;

if more, they, all together, share in a third after paying debts and legacies—so that no one is neglected.

These are injunctions from Allah and He has knowledge. He forbears.

- 13 These are the outlines laid by Allah; and he who would obey Allah and His Messenger he shall enter paradise beneath which rivers flow and therein shall abide. . . That is bliss, indeed.
- 14 But whoso disobeyeth Allah and His Messenger and trespasses the outline, he shall enter hell and therein shall abide; for him debasing punishment.

- 15 'Gainst those among your women suspected of indecencies bring ye four witnesses from 'mong yourselves— and if they testify,
 - confine them to their houses until death overtaketh them or Allah findeth them some way.
- 16 If two men among you are guilty of lewdness penalise them both.

Then, if they forswear and mend their ways, leave them alone.

Allah is the Pardoner and the Merciful.

17 Accepteth Allah repentance from those who commit errors through their ignorance and readily regret:

they are the ones whom Allah will forgive—for Allah knoweth all and He is Wise.

18 But there can be no repentance for one who lives in error until death doth face him and he moans:

"Repent I now and ask for pardon!"

Nor for those who die without their having acquired faith!

They are the ones for whom We have prepared a grievous chastisement.

19 O ye who have believed!

It is not lawful unto you that ye inherit women against their inclinations.

Nor should you tyrannize over them so that you hinder them (from marrying others) so that what has been given them (of their inheritance) may still remain with you—unless they have been guilty of open lewdness. Dwell ye with them in peace and courtesy: if ye should dislike them (remember that) perhaps ye dislike a thing in which Allah hath provided you much good!

20 And if ye decide to exchange a wife in place of a wife—even if ye had given her a hoard of gold, take not back a grain! Would ye take it back by slandering her or through a subterfuge? ٷڹػٲٷٵٙڬٛڗؽ؈۠ڎڸػ ٷۿؙۿۺڔڲٵٷڸڵڴڷڮ؈۫ڹۼؠ ۅٙڝؾٙ؋ؿٷڂؽۿٵٷڎؽڹڠؽؖڔ مُڞؘٳڎۣ؞ۊڝؾٙڎۺؽٲٷڎؽڹڠؽؖڗ ۼڶؽۿٷڸؽۿ۞

تَلْكَ حُكُودُ الله وَ مَن يُطِحِ الله وَرَسُولَه يُدْخِلُهُ جَذْتِ بَحْرِي مِن تَخْمَا الْاَلْهُ رُخِلِينَ فِنْهَا وَقَالِكَ الْفَوْرُ الْمَظِيْمُ ۞ وَمَن يَعْصِ الله وَرَسُولَهُ وَ يَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَهُ يُدْخِلُهُ مَا رَالَهُ خَالِدًا إِنْهُمَا الله عَدَابٌ هُمُهُ مِنْ أَنْ

خَيْرًا كَوْبَكُرًا ۞ وَإِنْ اَرْدَ تُتُمُ الْمَنِينُ مَا الْرَدُوبِ هُكَانَ زَوْجٌ وَالْتَيْتُمُ الْحَلْ هُنَ وَيْظَارُ افَلَا تَاخْدُو اِمِنْهُ شَنْيًا وَآتَا خُذُونَهُ هُفَانًا

وَاثْمَامُ بِينَا ۞

لِلِيَّا لِمُنْ فَيَاثَرُكُوا الْوَالِدُنِ
وَالْأَوْ بُوْنَ كِلْنِشَاءَ فَصِيْجُ فَيَاثَرُكُوا
الْوَالِدُنِ وَالْـُوْرُدُونَ مِثَافَلَا مِنْهُ
الْوَالِدُنِ وَالْـُوْرُدُونَ مِثَافَلَا مِنْهُ
وَلَمْ الْمُوْمِنَا الْفِسْمَةُ أُولُوا الْفُرْنُ
وَلَوْا الْمُنْسَمَةُ أُولُوا الْفُرْنُ
وَلَيْمَامُونَا فَيْ وَالْمُسْلِكِينُ فَالْرُمُونُهُمُ
مَنْهُ وَفُنْ لُولا لَهُ مُومَدُقَى لاَهُمْ مُومَدُقُولُاهُ
مَنْهُ وَفُنْ لُولا لَهُ مُومَدُقَى لاَهُمْ مُومَدُقَى لاَهُمْ مُومَدُقُولُاهُ
مَنْهُ وَفُنْ لُولا لَهُ مُومِدُونَا الْمُعْمَامُونَا الْمُعْمَادُونَا الْمُعْمَامُونَا الْمُعْمَادُونَا الْمُعْمَامُونَا الْمُعْمِمُونَا الْمُعْمَامُونَا الْعُلْمُعُمُونَا الْمُعْمَامُونَا الْمُعْمُونَا الْمُعْمُعُمُونَا الْمُعْمُونَا الْمُعْمُعُونَا الْمُعْمُونَا الْمُعْمُونَا الْمُعْمُونَا الْمُعْمُعُمُونَا الْمُعْلَالُمُ الْمُعْمُونَا

وَلِخِتْنَ الَٰذِيْنَ لَوْتُرَكُّىٰ امِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ دُرِّيَّةٌ ضِعْفًا خَافُوا عَيْنِهِمْ مِنَ فَلَيْتَقُوُّا اللَّهَ وَلَيْقُوُلُوا فَذَكُ سَدِنْنًا ۞

تُدُافَ كَانَ لَهُ وَلَكُوهَ فَأَنَ لَهُ وَالْمُونِ الْأَلْثُ فَأَوْنَ كَأَنَ كَأَنَ كَأَنَ كَأَنَ كَأَنَ كَأَنَ كُلُّ فَلِكُلِّ وَاحِدِيمِنْهُمَا السُّدُسُ



- 21 Besides, how can you take it back when ye had been me parts one of another and they have accepted from you a solemn compact?
- 22 Marry not the women whom your fathers married—except what is past.

That was, indeed, lewd and obscene, a vicious custom!

4 *** 464

23 Unlawful unto you:

your mothers, daughters, sisters; father's sisters, mother's sisters; brother's daughters, sister's daughters; foster mothers, foster sisters; your wives' mothers; step-daughters in your care, born of wives to whom you have gone in—but if ye have not gone in to them, there is no blame on you.

(Unlawful unto you:) wives of your sons, born of your loins; and that ye should possess two sisters simultaneously—

except what is past—
for Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

24 Nor the married among women except what ye already have thus ordaineth Allah.

Apart from these, allowed to you are others that ye seek to expend on them your property as husbands, not as paramours.

And since you thus avail of them it is your duty to offer them their dues;

and no hindrance there shall be if you agree to give them more than their dues.

Allah is the Knower. Allah is the Wise.

25 Those of you who cannot stretch your means to marry believing women of protecting families (they may marry) believing maids from 'mongst the ones who're held in bondage;

Allah is aware of your intentions.

Ye are parts one of another.

But marry them with the consent of their people, and offer them their dues in all fairness, as wives and not as mistresses or paramours.

But, after having entered wedlock, if they commit indecencies, their punishment shall be only half of that which is prescribed for girls who had been reared in families.

This injunction is for those among you who fear to sin;

but if ye practice fortitude 'tis better for you.

Allah is the Pardoner, the Merciful.

5 *** 465

- 26 Allah only wisheth to elaborate for you and guide you in the mores of your predecessors and to turn to you in favour— Allah is the Knower, Allah is the Wise!
- 27 While Allah wisheth to turn to you in favour—
 those who obey their lusts wish to cast
 you far away (from Him).
- 28 Allah only wisheth to lighten your burdens: for man is made of mettle weak.



29 O ye who have believed!

Gamble not in dealings 'mong yourselves. Indulge in trade for mutual advantage. Destroy ye not yourselves, for Allah hath indeed, been Merciful to you.

- 30 He who thus behaves, in rancour and injustice, soon shall We expose him to the fire—for Allah that is easy.
- 31 If ye abstain from serious wrongs ye have been warned against, We shall Ourself protect you from the (lesser) sins and offer you a gracious welcome!
- 32 Envy not what Allah has bestowed on some of you as against others prescribed for men is that which they have earned;

likewise, is prescribed for women that which they have earned—

Seek ye instead Allah's bounty. Allah, verily, is All-Aware.

33 For all we have appointed rules of inheritance—parents, relatives, and those to whom you have pledged your troth—So offer unto all of them their shares.

For, verily, Allah over everything, as Witness

stands.

6 *** 466

34 Men are the guardians of women: because Allah has bestowed on them more than on women, and because they are to spend on them their wealth—

And women, chaste and well content, protect themselves instinctively as Allah would have them protect themselves.

But, as for those who, ye may fear, will tend to go astray, advise them patiently;

lie not with them;

chastise them;

if they turn contrite—seek ye no more redress against them.

Verily, Allah, He alone is High, He alone is Great.

لدُامَنُهُ عَظِيمًا ١٥ رَبُ اللهُ أَنْ يَخْفَقْتَ عَنْكُمْ وَ فُلقَ الْانْسَانُ ضَعْمُفًا ۞ يَا ثَمَا النَّهُ مَا مَدُوْ الاَ تَأْكُوْ ٱلْمُوالَّةُ يُنتَكُمُ مَالْنَاطِلِ الاَّ أَنْ تَكُونَ يِّجَارُةٌ عَنُ تُرَاضٍ مِّنْكُونَ وَ لَا تَقْتُلُوْ آلَفُتُكُدُ مِنْ اللَّهُ كَانَ يَّفْعَلُ ذِلكَ عُنْدُوانَاوَّظُلْمًا وَ وَ نُصُلِمُهُ مَا رَادُوكَانَ ذلك ان يَحْتَنْهُ ٱلْكَبْرِ مَاتَنَهُ وَلَ عَنْهُ عَنْكُهُ سَنَّاتُكُمْ وَتُلْجِلُكُمْ إِلاَتُمُّنَّوْا مَا فَضَّلَ اللهُ بِهِ بَعْضَكُمُ التسكون موسقة الثاه من فضلة إِنَّ اللَّهُ كَانَ بَكُلُّ شَيًّا عَلَيْهًا هِ "حَوَلُنَامُوالِي مِمْاتُوكِ عَقَدَاتُ أَنْعَانُكُمُ فَالْتُؤْمُ نَصِيبُهُ فنتت حفظت للغيب بماحفظ اللهُ وَالَّتِي كَنَا نُونَ لُشُو زَهُرَّ فَعِظُوُ هُـُنَّ وَاهُجُرُوهُنَّ فِي الْمَضَاجِعِوَاضْرِيُوهُنَّ ۚ فَإِنْ أَطَعُنَكُمُ فَلَاتَبُعُوْا عَلِيْهِ نَّ سَبِيُلاَ اللهَ كَأْنَ عَلِيًّا

وكنف تأخذونه وقد أنضى بعض وَ لَا تَذَكِي أَمَا نَكُ أَنَّا وَكُوْمِ مِنَالِيِّنَاءِ الآء أقَدُ سِلَفُ إِنَّهُ كَأَنَ فَاحِشَةً وَ حَالَا بِلُ أَنْنَا لِكُوالُ نِيْنَ مِن أصلابكف وأن تحمعه ابين الْنُغْتَدْنِ الْأَمَا قُلْ سَلَفَ مِإِنَّ الله كان عَفُورًا رَّحِمًا مُّ وَ الْمُحْصَنِتُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ الْأَمَا مَلِكَ أَنْمَانُكُوْ كِتْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُوْ وُلِحا ٓ لِكُذُهُمّا وَرَآءَ ذٰلِكُوْ آن تَنْتَغُوْ المَامُو الكُهْ تَخْصِنْ أِنْ غَايْرَ كَانَ عَلَيْهًا حَكُنْهًا ۞ وَمَنْ إِلَّهُ مُسْتَطِعْ مِنْكُوْ طُولًا أَنْ تَنْكُ المُحُصَنتِ الْمُؤْمِنتِ فَيِنَ مَّا مَلَكُتُ الْمُأَكُّكُهُ مِّنْ فَتَالِبَكُهُ المؤمنة والتواغكة بانمانكم تَعُضُكُمْ مِنْ لَغُضَ فَانْكُعُ هُنَّ وَّلَا مُتَّةً وَالْتِ أَخُدَانَ ۚ فَاذًّاۤ أُخْصِنَّ

- 35 If ye fear a cleavage between a couple:
 call (ye) forth an arbiter from his people and
 an arbiter from her people.
 If peace they should prefer, Allah will join
 the breach between them.
 Verily, Allah is Knowing and Informed.
- 36 Serve ye Allah;
 naught associate with Him.
 Be ye considerate to parents,
 to your kith and kin,
 to the guardianless;
 to those who are in need;
 neighbours who are relatives;
 neighbours who are strangers;
 the fellow travellers,
 the way-farers;
 those who are in your custody.
 Verily, Allah loveth not the arrogant—the
 ones who would disdain.
- 37 Those who stint, or who persuade other men to stint, who hoard the bounties Allah hath provided them—promise We to such evaders punishment debasing.
- 38 Those who spend their wealth for men to see but have no faith in Allah or the final day those who take Shaitan as companion choose a bad companion indeed!
- 39 What harm would it have done them if they believed in Allah and in the final day and spent of what Allah had provided them? Allah knoweth all about them.
- 40 Allah wrongeth not even by a grain: if a good deed is offered unto Him, He doubleth it and addeth from His grace much besides.
- 41 How would it be if, from every people, We brought forth a witness and if We made of thee a witness against these?!
- 42 That day those who had evaded and had opposed the Messenger will wish that they had been levelled with the dust!
 Not a word, from Allah, shall they hide.

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43 O ye who have believed!

Come ye not nigh prayers while your senses are befogged, and until ye are cognizant of what ye say.

Nor when ye are unclean

-except when ye are on the roaduntil ye have bathed.

If ye are ill, or on a journey, or one of you returneth from a call of nature, or ye have been in touch with women and find no water,

then, dust yourselves with clean, surface sand and wipe your faces and your hands.

Verily, Allah is disposed to overlook, forgive.

- 44 Hast thou not observed those who have been given a portion of the Law—how they exploit it for leading men astray and wish that you as well should, from the path, depart?
- 45 Allah is well aware of all your enemies. He is enough as Protector He is enough as Help!



46 There are those among the Yahud who distort words in their context: they say, "We hear and disobey"; or "We hear what is not heard—"

twisting their tongues in order to equivocate.

Thus they try to make a farce of serious discourse.

If they had only said

"We hear and we obey,"

or "Listen to us, look upon us,"

it would have been better for them and more becoming—

But Allah's curse is on them because of their obstinacy.

Few of them, indeed, will e'er believe.

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47 O ye to whom has come the Law!

Believe ye in what We have now revealed —confirms it what has been with you ere now—

before We make you lose your face or make of you a laughing stock, or bring on you a curse like unto that which fell on sabbath breakers!

(Remember), that which Allah wills must come to pass!

- 48 Verily, Allah never doth forgive blasphemy; all else He doth forgive to whom He pleases. But he who blasphemeth doth, indeed, commit a grievous sin.
- 49 Hast thou not observed those who for themselves claim immunity?
 But only Allah can bestow immunity—And no one shall be wronged in the least.
- 50 Behold! what calumny they heap upon Allah! That by itself is a flagrant sin

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- 51 Hast thou not observed those who have been given a portion of the Law— how they believe in totems and in evil spirits? They tell the pagans that they can guide them better on the path than those who have believed.
- 52 They are the ones on whom lieth Allah's curse—
 and those on whom there lies the curse of Allah, thou shalt find for them no helper.
- 53 Should they have had a share in governance there would then have been not a pfenning for the public weal.
- 54 Do they envy men for what Allah hath bestowed on them of His bounty?
 But We have, verily, enriched the progeny of *Ibrahim*, with Law and Wisdom and We have given them a kingdom vast.
- 55 Among them some observe this Law and some have turned their backs on it, hell for them sufficeth.

ٱلْوْتُرَالِي الَّذِيْنَ أُوْتُوانَصِنَّامِّنَ ٷۜڰڡؙ۬ۑٳۺ<u>۬ؠ</u>ڹڝٳؙڗؙٳ۞ ذُنُونَ هَا دُوا يُحَرِّ فُونَ الْكَلِمَ أنقصه قالؤاسمغنا وأطغننا واشمغ وَانْظُرُ نَالَكَانَ خَيْرًالْهُ مُواَقُومً كغنه مالله بكفي هنمونلا تَأْتُهَا الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبُ أُومُواعِمًا وَ لَنَا مُصَدِّهِ قُالِما مُعَكُّمُ مِّنْ قَبْل أذبارها اؤنلعنه كمالعنا آغطت مَادُونَ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ تَشَاءُهُ وَمَنْ مُنْ الله عَنْ افْتَرَى الْمُاعِظِمُا صَالَحُونِ الْمُاعِظِمُا صَالَّهُمُا عَظِمُا صَالَّهُ اللَّهُ ٱلتُمتَّرُ إِلَى الكَذِينَ يُزَكِّذُنَ ٱنْفُتُهُمُّرُ بِلَ اللَّهُ يُزَكِّيْ مَنْ تَشَكَّاءُ فَ كَا ٱنْظُوْرَكِيْفَ يَفْتَرُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكُذِبُّ وَكَعَيٰ بِهَ إِنَّهُمَّا مُّهُمِينًا هُ ٱلنُوتَدَ إِلَىٰ الَّذِينَ ٱوْتُوانَصِيبًا مِّنَ الْكِيْبِ يُؤْمِنُونَ الْجِبْتِ الطَّانُورِ وَيَقُوْلُونَ لِلَّذِهِ يُنَ كُفُرُوا هَـ قُ لَاءً آهُلٰى مِنَ الكِن يُنَ أَمَنُوْ اسَبِيلًا @ تُلْعَن اللهُ فَلَنْ يَجُلُ لَهُ نَصِيرًا ١٠ ٱمْلِهُمُ مِنْصِيْبٌ مِنَ الْمُلْكِ فَإِذَا لَا اللهِ الْمُلْكِ فَإِذَا لَا اللهِ كُوْتُون التَّاسَ نَقَارُا ﴿ آهُ يَحِيدُ كُنُهُ وَنَ التَّاسَ عَلَى مَّا أَتَّهُمُ اللهُ مِنْ فَضِيلَةً فَقَلُ النَّكُ أَلَ م الكت والعكمة واتهام

وَإِنْ خِفْتُهُمْ شِقَاقَ بَيْنِهِمَا فَٱبْعَثُوا حَكَمًا مِنْ آهُله وَحَكَمًا مِنْ آهُلِهَا وَإِنْ يُرِنُ كَآلِصُ لَاحًا لُ يِقِقِ اللَّهُ كُنْنَاهُمَا وإِنَّ اللَّهُ كَانَ وَمَامَلُكُتُ اَنْعَانُكُوْمِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُحِتُّ مَنْ كَانَ مُغَنَّالًا فَعَوُرُّالُهُ الآن بن يَجْعَلُونَ وَيَأْمُرُونَ النَّاسَ بِالْبُعُيْلِ وَيَكُمُونَ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضُلِهُ وَأَعْتَدُ نَالِلْكُفِيانِيَ عَذَانًا مُهِينًا فَي وَالَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ آمُوالُهُ مُ رثَكَاءُ النَّاسِ وَكَا يُؤْمِنُ فَ نَ مالله ولاماليؤم الاخرومن يكين الشَّيُطُنُ لَهُ قَرِيْنًا فَسَاءٌ قَرِيْنًا ۞ وَمَاذَاعَلِهُ مُؤَامَنُوا مِاللَّهِ وَالْيُومِ الإخرواكفقوامتاريم فهوكالله وَكَانَ اللهُ بِهِ مُعَلِّمًا ۞ إنَّ اللهَ لَا يَظْلُهُ مِنْفَالَ ذَرَّةٍ * وَ انْ تَكُ حَسَنَةً تُضْعَفُهَا وَيُقُتِ مِنْ لَكُنْهُ أَجُرًا عَظْمًا ۞

صَنَّاعَنْهُ وَلَقَى جُهُمْ مَسَعِيرًا ١

56 Verily, those who reject Our revelations soon shall We relegate them to the fire— As often as their skins are shrivelled We shall, in their place, provide fresh skins so that they taste afresh the torment.

Verily, Allah is the Sovereign and the Wise.

57 But those who believe and strive to righteousness—soon shall We make them enter blissful gardens beneath which rivers flow, and there they shall abide for aye.

For them are mates of purity, and We shall make them enter arches of felicity.

58 Verily, Allah doth enjoin on you that you should render back to the owners that which has been put in trust with you.

And when ye judge between (your fellow) men, judge ye with all justice!

Blessed, indeed, is this advice for you! For, verily, Allah heareth all, He seeth all.

59 O ve who have believed!

Obey ye Allah, and obey the Messenger, (and after them) obey ye those among yourselves who are deserving of command.

And if ye disagree about a thing refer it to Allah and His Messenger—if ye believe in Allah and a future Day.

That is the best, the best of all procedures.

60 Hast thou not observed, those who claim that they have certainly believed in what has been revealed to thee and that which has been sent before thy time?

(And yet) resort they to *Taghut* for settling disputes despite their being warned against it!

Verily, Shaitan tempteth them to go astray indeed.

61 And when 'tis said to them,

"Return ye back to what has been revealed by Allah to His messenger, thou wilt see these dissemblers frowning on thee with a frown.

- 62 But when they're face to face with the outcome of what their hands had wrought ere now—see how they flock to thee!

 "By Allah, we had no intention but to do a favour and to bring about accord!"
- 63 These men—only Allah knoweth what is in their hearts!But bear thou with them; advise them thou,
- 64 No Messengers We sent but that men may—with Allah's will—do their bidding.

If they had—when they had wronged themselves—

in their own interest with tactful speech.

only come to thee, and asked for Allah's pardon, and if the Messenger had asked forgiveness for them, they would surely find Allah Relenting, Merciful.

- 65 No! By thy Lord! They cannot have full faith in thee until they let thee arbitrate in all their disputes, and when they find within themselves no doubts about thy judgment; when they accept it all whole-heartedly.
- 66 If We had ordained for them that they should risk their lives, or their homes forsake, only few among them would have done so. But if they do (unquestioningly) what they are told to do, the better will it be for them, it would give them greater confidence.
- 67 And We would bestow on them, right from Us, a great reward.
- 68 And We would guide them on the secure path.
- 69 Those who obey Allah and His Messenger, their place is close to those who're blessed by Allah, amidst the Prophets; the models of Sincerity, the witnesses of Truth; those in pursuit of Righteousness.

 O goodly company!
- 70 Such is the grace of Allah! Enough it is that He is All-Aware.

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71 O ye who have believed!

Be careful—go ye forth in groups or go ye all together.

- 72 There are those among you who would purposely procrastinate, so that if calamity befall you they may piously declare:
- 73 "It was Allah's grace on us that we were not with them!"

But if there come your way some bounties of Allah, they are sure to say—as if there had been nothing common between yourselves and them:

"O, would that I had been with them! What large gleanings I would then have gleaned!"

74 They who would sell the immediate for the future—let them fight in Allah's cause: for he who fights in Allah's cause—be he slain or be he victor— soon shall We bestow on him great reward.

وليتهائل وي هيال الدين الدادين المرادين المردد الدينا اللكود الدينا اللكود الدينا اللكود الدينا اللكود ومن المالات المالية المرادد والمالات المالية المرادد المالية ا

إلى أهلها واذاخكنه بنن الكاس

75 And why should you not fight in the cause of Allah and of the oppressed among men, women, children who constantly cry out,

"Our Lord, rescue us Thou from this town of cruel men. And raise us Thou, from Thyself. a Patron.

And raise us Thou, from Thyself a Saviour!

76 They who believe, fight for the cause of Allah. Those who reject they fight for the devil. So fight ye well the devil's company; for weak, indeed, is Shaitan's strategy.

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77 Dost thou not observe those who had been told to keep away from fighting, and to concentrate on carrying out their (civic) duties, fulfilling all their obligations?

Now that they have been enjoined to fight there are some among them who fear men, as only Allah should be feared, nay, they fear men even more!

They wail,

"Our Lord! Why hast Thou made this fighting incumbent on us?

Would'st Thou not excuse us till the (natural) death that is not far?!"

Say thou,

"Little is the value of the immediate.

The future holdeth more for the diligent ye shall not be wronged a straw!

78 "Wherever ye might be death will claim you even if ye hide amidst the shining constellations!"

When any good befalleth them, they say, "This is from Allah, (a reward for our deeds). But if befalleth them adversity they say, "This is due to thee!"

Say thou, "Everything is from Allah!"

But what has happened to these people? They do not seem to understand at all!

79 Whatever good there comes to thee is from Allah; and whatever evil comes to thee is from thyself. And We have sent thee to mankind as a Messenger—sufficient thereunto is Allah as a witness. 80 He who obeys the Messenger doth, in fact, obey Allah.

And he who turns his back—We have not sent thee to them as a personal guard!

81 They speak to thee obediently; but when they leave thy presence, some of them give room to thoughts that are different from what they say to you.

But Allah puts on record the thoughts they entertain.

Therefore, leave them alone;

Trust thou in Allah.

Sufficient is Allah as Counsel.

- 82 Do they not wonder at the Qur'an?

 If it had been from someone other than Allah,
 would they not have found therein many
 contradictions?
- 83 When there cometh to them any information
 —be it reassuring, be it of alarm—they
 broadcast it. If they had referred it to the
 Messenger or, to those responsible among
 them, they would be informing those among
 them who would use it for the common good.

If it had not been for Allah's grace and mercy on you, all but a few of you would have been subdued by the devil.

- 84 Fight them in the cause of Allah, keep hold only on thyself, and urge on the believers— May be, Allah will hold back the fury of the infidels, for Allah is the Master of fury and of punishment.
- 85 He who associates himself with a righteous venture, shares in its guerdon; and he who associates himself with an evil venture, shares in its burden.

 Verily, Allah, over everything doth supervise.
- 86 When ye are hailed with warmth and ardour, respond ye too with still more warmth; or at least, equal ardour.

Verily, Allah of all actions, keepeth count.

87 Allah! there is no deity but He!

Surely He will gather you on the Day infallible!

There is no doubt about it.

And whose word can be trusted more than

Allah's?



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88 Why then should ye be split in two about the dissemblers?

Allah hath overwhelmed them for what they did.

Would ye try to guide those whom Allah hath led astray?

Those whom Allah leads astray none can bring back on the correct path.

89 They would have you turn faithless, even as they have turned faithless (to their people), and thus become their counterparts.

Accept them not as friends until they have migrated from their homes in the cause of Allah!

But if they turn their backs (on you) seize them forthwith, slay them where ye find them; accept ye none as friends or helpers from amidst them.

90 Excepting those who belong to groups between whom and you there is understanding or those whose hearts restrain them from fighting against you or from fighting against their own peoples.

If Allah had desired, He would have set them against you and made them fight you—So if they hold back from you and then they fight you not, and, instead, offer peace, Allah permits you no other way against them.

91 Others also you will find who seek your confidence and also confidence of their own people.

Every time they get a chance of harassment. they indulge in it!

So, if they withdraw not, nor offer peace, nor (guarantee) restraint, seize them forthwith; slay them where ye find them!

Against them ye have been given clear authority!

دَرَحَتُنُا وَتَبُعُمُمُ الشَّيْطِنِ إِلاَحَلِيٰ اِلْاَحِ وَعَلَالُونَ مِسْلِيلِ اللهِ الاَحْكَافُ الْاَنفُسُلُ كَدَّحَرِّضِ الْمُؤْمِنِيُنَ * عَنَى اللهُ أَن يَكُلُكُ بَأْسَ الَّذِن يُنَ لَقَدُوْدُ وَاللهُ آهَدُ لُهُ بَأْسًا وَآشَدُ لُو تَذَكُرُ لُا ۞ تَذَكُرُ لُا ۞

مَنْ يَشَفَّهُ مِشْقَاعَةٌ حَسَنَةٌ كَلَّنُ لَنْ نَصِيْبُ مِنْ مَا وَمَنْ يَشْفَعُ عَلَىٰ شَفَاعَةُ سَيِّعَةً ثَلِّنُ لَا يَلْفِلُ مِنْهُا وَكَانَ الشَّكُلُ كُلِّ شَنَّ مُقْفِيتًا وَلَذَا مُحِينُهُمُ نِنَّحِيتَةٍ فَيْتُوالِمَ مَنْ مِنْهَا أَوْرُهُ وَهُمَا وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ كَانَ عَلَى عُلِي الْفَعْ مُسِينًا وَرُهُ وَهُمَا وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ كَانَ عَلَى عُلِي الْفَعْ مُسِينًا وَمُدُونِهِ المُعْمِدِينَ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّ

الله لا إلى الا لا يُحْدِينَهُ مَا لَكُونُ اللهِ الْمُعَالِكُ الْمُؤَالِدُهُ الْمُعَالِكُ الْمُعَالِكُ الْمُعَالِكُ الْمُعَالِكُ اللهُ السُّنُوعِينَ اللهُ اللهُ

جَدُوالْوَكُلُورُونَ كَالْمُرُوالْكُولُونَ

 بَهُ وَالْوَكُلُورُونَ كَالْمُرُوالْكُولُونَ

 بَهُ إِحْرُفَانُ سِينِ الْفَوْقُونَ وَكُولُونَ

 فَانْ وَهُمُ وَالْكُلُّومُ مُحَنِفُ وَجَنَالُومُ وَالْكُلُّومُ مَنِفُورُهُمُ وَالْكُلُّومُ مَنْ وَالْكُلُورُونِ وَالْكُولُورُونِ وَالْكُلُورُونِ وَالْكُلُورُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُولُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُولُونُ ولَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْلُولُونُ وَالْكُولُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْلُلُولُونُ وَالْكُلُونُ وَالْلُولُونُ وَالْل

وَمَالْكُوْ لَاتَقَادِلُونَ فِي سَيِيْلِ اللهِ
وَالسَّتَضَعُهُونَ مِن الرِّجَالِ قَ
وَالسَّتَضَعُهُ وَالْمَالِ الْدِيْنَ مَعْوُلُونَ
وَالسَّتَضَعُهُ وَالْمَالِ الْدِيْنَ الرِّجَالِ قَ
وَمَنَا آخُوجُوا لِنَ الْمِنْ لَكُنُ لَكَ وَلَكُوا الْمَالِيَّ الْقَالِمُ وَالْمَالِ اللَّهِ الْمَالِيَّ الْقَالِمُ وَالْمَالِ الْمَالِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْنَ اللَّهِ الْمَالِ اللَّهِ الْمَالِيَةِ الْقَالِمُ وَالْقَالِمُ اللَّهِ الْمَالِمُ اللَّهِ الْمَالِ اللَّهِ اللهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِلُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْلِ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِلُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِلُ الْمُلْكِلُ الْمُلْكِلُ الْمُلْكِلُ الْمُلْكِلُ الْمُلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِلُ الْمُلْكِلِي الْمُلْكِلِي الْمُلْكِلِي الْمُلْكِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلُ الْمُلْكِلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُولُ اللْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلِيلُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُولُولُولُ اللْلِلْكِلْمُلِيلُولُ الْمُلْكِيلُولُ اللْلِلْمُلِلْلَهُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُولُ اللْمُلْكِلِيلُولُ الْمُلْكِلِيلِيلُولُ الْمُلْكِلِيلُولُ اللْمُلْلِلْلِلْلِلْلِيلُول

ديت علينا القِتال ولا الحريت

والآنج الموني في متاعوال بأنيا

والآنج الموني في متاعوال بأنيا

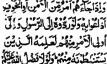
والآنج الموني في المتاعوال بأنيا

والمتعلقة والإن ولكم المتاعوات بالتفيه

والمتعلقة والمن والمية الموني والتفيه

والمتعلقة والمن والمية الموني والمنه

والمتعلقة والمن والمنه والمنه





13 *** 473

92 'Tis not for a Believer to slay a Believer unless it be by mistake.

But if one slays a Believer by mistake:

prescribed it is that he release a slave that doth believe and also compensation pay to the relatives—unless they forego it.

If the (slain believer) was among your enemies: to free a slave who doth believe (will be enough). But if he were from among those between whom and you there is alliance: prescribed is compensation to his relatives and also freeing of a slave who doth believe.

For him who hath no means to thus comply: prescribed is fasting for two months running. This is penance from Allah.

And Allah knoweth, He is Wise.

- 93 He who slayeth a Believer knowingly, hell is his recompense—therein will he be for aye; the wrath of Allah and His curse shall bring upon him dire misery.
- 94 O ye who have believed!

When ye go forth in the cause of Allah, you must discriminate.

Say not to every one who greeteth you in peace "Thou art not a Muslim!"

Would ye be led away by momentary lust? There are immeasurable treasures with your Lord!

You were endangered thus yourselves until Allah favoured you;

so now you must discriminate—for Allah is aware of all ye do.

95 Not equal are those who sit at home

-except the injured—and those who fight
in the cause of Allah, staking their where-

withal and their selves!

Those who offer their wherewithal and their selves, Allah blesseth more than those who sit at home.

For all (believers) Allah promiseth felicity. But on those who fight, compared to those who sit at home, He dost bestow added grace and reward great! 96 Degrees of rank conferred by Him in mercy and benevolence—

Verily, Allah is Benevolent and Merciful.

14 *** 474

97 Death's Angels reaching those in self-inflicted misery (will) ask,

"What were your circumstances?"

They answer:

"We were the weak in the land."

They ask:

"Was not Allah's earth wide enough for you to emigrate therein?"

Hellish is their plight; a sorry place of refuge!

- 98 Excepting those among the men, the women and the children, who find no means of escape and for whom there is no one to point the way.
- 99 On such as these Allah doth bestow His benevolence.

Verily, He is, Forgiving and Benevolent.

100 But he who emigrates in the cause of Allah findeth in the earth shelters numerous and vast!

And he who is ejected from his home, as a refugee in the cause of Allah, and His Messenger, and dies as such,

his compensation lies with Allah.

And, Allah is, indeed, Benevolent and Merciful.

15 *** 475

101 And when ye reconnoiter o'er the land there is no blame on you if ye should shorten your prescribed prayer if ye fear harassment from those who hide in ambush.

Verily, these hiders are your open enemies.

102 When thou art with them and art leading them in prayer, let one party rise to pray with thee; let (others) keep their arms. Then, when they have performed the (ritual) prostration let them go in front and others, who have not prayed, let them come back to pray with thee while those (who have already prayed) take up arms.



Those who hide in ambush only wish that you neglect your arms and baggage so that suddenly they may sweep on you.

But, there is no blame on you, if, for inconvenience of rain or illness you leave your arms aside.

But, even so, observe precautions.

Verily Allah promiseth for these infidels debasing punishment.

103 Even if ye altogether miss your prayers keep in mind Allah, standing, sitting or reclining; and when ye are secure again establish ritual prayer.

Verily, formal prayer has been enjoined on all believers at the stated times.



104 And slacken not in the pursuit of the enemy; if ye suffer, (remember), they too suffer as ye suffer.

You have confidence in Allah, they have none. And Allah is the One who hath Knowledge, who hath Wisdom.

16 *** 476

105 We have indeed, revealed to thee the correct code so that thou mayest judge between men as shown to thee by Allah:

Never be a pleader for the treacherous.

106 Ask for Allah's grace.
Verily, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful—

107 Contend not thou for those who have betrayed their kind.

Verily, Allah loveth not treacherous betrayers.

108 They would cloak themselves from men but they cannot cloak themselves from Allah; for He is with them when they, in their houses, concoct things displeasing to Him. And Allah is all-aware of what they do.

رَسُولِهِ تُحْدِيدُ رَلْهُ الْمُؤْتُ فَقُدُ وَتُعَ ٳڹڿڡ۫ؗؿؙؙٵ۫؈ؙڲڡ۫ؾٮ۫ڰؙڎٳڷۮۺۘڰڰ إِنَّ الْكُفِرِينَ كَانُوالْكُوْعَلُوا وَإِذَا كُنْتَ فِيهُمْ فَأَقَمْتَ لَهُ الصَّلَّوةَ فَلْتَقُوْطُ إِنَّا لَهُ أُمِّنَّهُ مُرَمَّعًاكَ وَ لَيُ أَخُدُوْ أَا ٱسْلَحَتَهُمُ مِندِ فَاذَا سَجَدُوا فَلْيَكُونُوا مِنْ قَرَابِكُونِ وَلْتَأْتِ عَلَنَكُهُ ثَمَمُلُةً وَاحِدَةً وَلَحِنَاحَ ٳڹؙػٳؘؽٮڴؙ؞ؙٳؘڎٞٷؿڹ تَالَمُوْنَ فَانَّهُمُ مِيَ الْمُوْنَ كَمَا تَأْلُمُونَ وَكُوْجُونَ مِنَ اللهِ مَا لاَيْرَجُونَ وَ تُذَكِّنَ الرُّكُ الكِنْبُ الْحِيِّي لِغَلَّمُ التاس بماارك الله ولاتكن بِيُنَ خَوِمًا فَي في الله وإنّ الله كأن عَفُورًا

وَمَا كَانَ لِمُؤْمِنِ أَنْ تَقْتُلُ مُؤْمِنًا الآخطأة ومن قتل مُؤْمِنًا خَطَأً يُورَقِيَّة مُّؤْمِنَة وُدِيَّةُ مُسَامُةً إِلَّى الْفِلِهِ إِلَّا آنُ يَصَّدَّ ثُوَّاهُ فَانَ كَانَ مِنْ قَدْ مِرْعَكُ وَلَكُوْ وَهُومُوْمِنَّ رَقِيَة مُؤْمِنَة فِانْ كَأْنَ فَانَةُ مُسْلِمُ الْمُأْلِمُ الْمُأْلِمُ الْمُلْمُ وَكُونِهُ للككة فتكتنه اوان الله كأن عا شَاقَةُ لَا لَفْتُدُونَ سَسُلًا هُ فَأُولِيكَ عَسَى اللَّهُ أَنْ يَعْفُوعَنُّهُمْ وَ

109 Ye happen to be here!

Ye might argue for them in the present; but who will argue for them, with Allah, on the day infallible?

Or, who will tend to their affairs?

- 110 He who inflicts an evil—and thus wrongs himself—then Allah's pardon seeks, he will find Allah Benevolent and Merciful.
- 111 And he who assimilateth evil assimilateth it to his own cost!
 For Allah is the Knower and the Wise.
- 112 But he who doth commit a misdemeanor or a crime, then blames it on another, he is manifestly guilty both of crime and calumny.

17 *** 477

113 Had it not been for Allah's grace, and His mercy on thee, a group among them were on the point of leading thee astray.
But they shall lead astray none but themselves; nor shall they do thee any harm;

selves; nor shall they do thee any harm; for Allah hath bestowed on thee a law and wisdom, and He hath taught thee what thou didst not know.

Verily, conspicuous on thee is Allah's grace.

114 No value lies in much of what they secretly advise; except when they advise deeds of charity, acts of kindness or improvement of relations among men.

And he who does that, seeking the approval of Allah, soon shall We grant him reward in abundance.

115 But he who breaks away from the Messenger after he has been provided all the guidance, and followeth a path other than that of the Faithful, We shall leave him exactly where he'd rather be and let him go to hell—evil destination!

18 *** 478

116 Verily, Allah doth not forgive joining others with Him.
Forgiveth He all else to whom He pleaseth.

But he who would associate aught with Allah he hath strayed far, far indeed!

117 Whom do they call upon, beside Him?
These idol-dames?!
Whom else do they call upon?
That outcaste Shaitan?!

- 118 But Allah hath cursed him, for he had said, "A portion of thy servants will I certainly entice,
- 119 "And lead astray with vicious longings; I will command them to mutilate the ears of animals.

I will command them even to disfigure what Allah hath made handsome!"

He who taketh Shaitan for his patron, instead of Allah, he suffers obvious loss!

- 120 He promises delight, he imbues men with longings.
 But naught are what he promises except vanities—
- 121 Hell is their final destination! They cannot but go there!
- 122 But those who acquire faith and do good deeds
 We make them enter gardens of felicity
 beneath which rivers flow—therein they shall
 abide for aye.

Allah's promises are true.

Whose word can be more true than Allah's?!

123 Not as you wish, nor as the Peoples of the Book would 'have:

Who'ver commits evil he will meet his punishment.

And, besides Allah, he will find no patron and no helper.

- 124 And one who doeth acts of righteousness —be it man or woman—and faith possesseth, such shall enter bliss and they shall not be wronged a straw!
- 125 And who can be more virtuous than one who doth submit himself (entirely) to the grace of Allah, who is considerate of others, and who follows the path of *Ibrahim* the Upright? Verily, Allah hath Himself accepted *Ibrahim* as friend.
- 126 And for Allah is all that is in heaven and on earth and Allah everything encompasseth.

19 *** 479

127 They ask thee for decrees concerning women Say thou:

"Allah hath (ere now) decreed concerning them!

Has He not prescribed for you, in the Book about the guardianless among the women? Those to whom you give not what has been ordained!

Those whom you would rather keep unmarried?

The helpless children?!

(Has He not ordained) that ye should be considerate to all the guardianless?

Whatever acts of goodness ye perform, of them Allah is aware."



لَّقُالِهِ وَمَنِ آصِكَ قُمِنَ من تعمر أسُوءً يُجْزَبهُ وَلا وَمَنْ لَغُمَلْ مِنَ الصِّلِعْتِ مِنْ ذَكُواً وُ لله و هُ مُحْسِدٌ وَ النَّهُ مِلْهُ نْمُفَّا ﴿ وَاتَّخَذَ اللَّهُ مِنَ الْوِلْدَانُ وَأَنْ تَقُوْمُوْ اللَّهِ مَيْ بالقسط وماتفعكوا من خذر فَانَّ اللهُ كَانَ بِهِ عَلِيًّا ١

يُصِلُّونَ إِلَّا ٱنْفُسَكُمْ وَمَا يَضُرُّونَكَ مِيْ بَنِي أَمْ وَإِنْ لَ الشُّعَلِيُّكِ الْكُتْبُ مَنْ أَمَرَ بِصَدَقَةِ أَوْمَعُمُ وَبِ أَوْ إضلاح بأن التاس ومن تفعل وَمَنْ يَّشَا قِقِ الرَّسُولَ مِنْ تَعُهُ مَا نَكَتَنَ لَهُ الْهُلِي وَيَتَّبُعُ غَيْرَسَبِيل الْمُؤْمِنِيُنَ ثُولِهِ مَاتُولِي وَنُصُلِم ان تَذُعُونَ مِن دُونِهَ الْآانِيَّاء وَإِنْ تُكْمُعُونَ إِلَّاشَيْطُنَّا مِّهُمُ اللَّهُ لَعَنَهُ اللَّهُ مِ وَقَالَ لِا تَخْذَنَّ مِنْ عَادِكَ نَصِينًا مَّفَيُ وْضًا إِنَّ وَّلَاصُلَتَهُمُ وَلَامُتِنَامَهُ وَلَامُتِنَامُهُ وَلَامُ بَنِّهُ فَلَكْبَيِّكُنَّ أَذَانَ الْإِنْعَامِ وَلَا مُنَّهُمْ



128 If a wife doth fear cruelty or neglect from her husband, no harm is there if they come to terms for peace and understanding: The need of peace is foremost!

Man is ever face to face with the longing to possess!

But if ye aim at doing right and practice self-restraint, Allah is fully cognizant of all ye do.

129 No matter how much you might wish, you can, by no means, be impartial between women.

But, incline ye not entirely (to one so that another) may dangle in the void.

Practice self-restraint; verily, Allah is Benevolent and Merciful.

- 130 But, if the two (decide to separate) Allah will provide them both from His bounty; for Allah's wisdom covers vast domain.
- 131 For Allah is all that is in heaven and earth.

 And We had ordained for the Peoples of
 the Book before you—and for you too—
 that ye ever keep Allah in mind.
 But (even) if ye cover up that fact—for
 Allah is all that is in the heavens and the
 earth and Allah is Himself above all needs;
 He is the One to be obeyed!
- 132 For Allah is all that is in heaven and on earth and Allah is Himself capable of governance.

133 O ye men!

If Allah wished He could sweep you by and bring forth to the front another people. Verily, of this Allah is quite capable.

134 You may want the good things in the present:
but Allah doth control both the good
things of the present and those of the future.
He all doth hear, He all doth see.

20 *** 480

135 O ye who have believed!

Stand ye as guardians of rectitude when bearing testimony in the name of Allah whether it be for yourselves, your parents or your relatives,—be they rich or poor—both are nearer to Allah than to you.

Be not influenced by (your) inclinations—so that you may be impartial.

If ye prevaricate or try ye to evade, then, verily, Allah of what you do is All-aware.

136 O ye who have believed!

Have faith in Allah, in His Messenger, in the Law which He has sent to His Messenger and in the Law which He had sent before. For, he who doth reject Allah, His angels, His Law, His Messengers, and the Final Day, he has gone astray indeed!

- 137 Those who accept,
 - then reject,
 - then accept,
 - then reject

and then increase in unbelief, Allah shall not forgive them; nor will they ever find (a stable) path.

- 138 So herald ye the tidings to these dissemblers: Verily, there lies ahead of them great misery.
- 139 Those who seek for patrons among the pagans instead of the Believers—are they in search of honour?

But, verily, (the power to bestow) all honour lies with Allah?

140 Already has He sent to you in the Book:

"When ye hear Allah's revelations rejected and ridiculed, stand ye no more among them unless and until they turn to other subjects."

If ye do so ye and they will be alike, and, verily, Allah will send the pagans and the dissemblers unto hell, and all together.

141 They watch your fortunes closely.

If victory from Allah comes to you, they will say,

"Were we not with you?"

But if the unbelievers were to gain the upper hand, they would (to them) say,

"Did we not herd them to you? Did we not protect you from the Believers?" Verily, Allah will judge between you on the day infallible!

And never will Allah let the infidels, against Believers, have their way.

21 *** 481

142 The dissemblers would outwit Allah, while He doth outwit them.

When they muster for the prayers they stand languidly merely to be seen by men, they meditate on Allah but little.

143 Wavering between the two, neither among these nor among those!

For him whom Allah leaves astray, how can thou help find a way?

144 O ye who have believed!

Take ye not the infidels for friends instead of the Believers:

Would ye submit to Allah against yourselves an imputation manifest?

145 Verily these dissemblers are in the lowest depths of hell; thou canst find for them no helper.

كَانَ لِكُنُهُ فَـذُهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ قَالُوْآ ٱلَّهُ نَكُرُ مُعَلِّمُ وَإِنْ كَانَ إِلَيْفِي مِنْ يَصِيبُ قَالُوْآ النَّمُ لَسُتَّعُودُ عَلَيْكُمُ وَكُونِهُ فِي إِلَيْهُ مِينَانٌ فَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ بَيْنَكُوْ يُؤْمُ الْقِفِةِ وَكُنْ يَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ الكَفِهُ مُن عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ سَيِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِينَ يُعْدِيعُونَ اللَّهُ وَهُو خَادِعُهُمُ وَ وَإِذَا تَامُوْ آلِكَ الصَّاوَةِ مًا مُوْاتُسُاكِ يُرَاءُونَ النَّاسَ وَلَا كذكرون المقالا فللألط مُ ذَرُدُ رَبِينَ بَنِينَ ذَلِكَ الْأَوْلِ الْحُ هَوُلاءِ وَلا إِلَى هَوُلاءِ وَمَن يُضَال اللهُ فَكُنْ يَجْمَلُكُ سَسُلًا ۞ يَاكِيُهُ اللَّهِ مِن أُمَنُوا لِأَنْقِينُ الْكِفِرِينَ أَوْلِيًا مِن دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ إِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِينَ فِي الدُّرُ لِهِ الْأَسْفَلِ

وإن امْرَا لَأَخَافَتْ مِنْ بَعُلِهَا تشوزًا أو إغراضًا فلاجُنَا وَالصُّلِحَةُ وَهُوا وَأَحْضَ مِنْ الْأَنْفُرُ النَّدِّةَ ، وَإِنْ تَحْيِمُ أُوْاوَتَ تُقَوُّا فَإِنَّ الله كان بماتعماؤن خبيران وَكُنْ تَسْتَطِيعُوْ آ أَنْ تَعْدِ كُوْ اَبِيْنَ النِّسَآءِ وَلَوْحَرَصُتُمْ فَلَا تِمْيُلُوا كُلَّ الْمَيْلِ فتذرُوها كالْمُعَلَّقَةُ وَإِنْ تَصْلِحُوا وَتَتَقَوُ ا فَانَ الله كَانَ عَفُورًا تَعَيْرًا وَإِنْ يَتَفَرَّ قَالِيُغِنِ اللَّهُ كُلًّا يقرن سكعته مؤكان الله والسعا ويتهدما فيالتكموت ومأف الأنهض وَلَقَالُ وَصَّائِنَا الَّذِينَ أُوثُوا الْكِينَٰبُ مِنْ قَمُلَكُمْ وَإِمَّاكُمْ أَنِ اتَّقُوااللَّهُ وَإِنْ تَكَفِّرُوا فَإِنَّ يِلْهِ مَا فِي التَّمَوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَنْ مِنْ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَيْثًا وَيِنْهُ مَا فِي السَّمَا وِتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَكُفِّي مِاللَّهِ وَكِيْلًا ۞ إن تشَاكُ فَ هَنْكُمُ ٱلْفُكَا التَّاسُ وَمَا باخرين وكان الله على ذلك قد مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيُهُ ثُوَابِ اللَّهُ نُيِّكًا فعندالله تواكال أنكاوا أخوة وَكَانَ اللَّهُ سَمِيْعًا لِكِهِ أَرَّا هُ نَآلِثُهَا الَّـنِينَ أَمَنُوْ الْوُكُوْ اقْوَامِينَ بالقشط تتهك كآءيله ولؤعك ٱنْفُسِكُمُ أُوالُوالِدَيْنِ وَالْأَوْرِبُنَّ إِنْ تَكُنُّنُ غَنِيًّا أَوْ فَقَايُرًا فَاللهُ أَوْلِي بهماند فكرتشعوا الهووي أن تَعُدِ لُوّاهِ وَإِنْ تَلُوْآ أَوْتُعُمِ صُوْا فَانِّ اللهُ كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيرًا؈ <u>؞ٓٱتُفَاالُّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوۡۤ ٱمِنُوۡا بِاللّٰهِ وَ</u> رُسُهُ لِهِ وَالْكِتْبِ الَّذِي كُنْزُ لَ عَلَى

رَسُولِهِ وَالْكِينِي الَّذِي ثَى ٱنْزَلَ مِنْ



- 146 Except for those who turn penitent and who mend their ways; who rally to Allah and render to Allah exclusive loyalty in their reckoning.
 - Such do become a part of the Believers, and soon upon Believers, will Allah bestow, great reward.
- 147 Why should Allah inflict punishment on you if ye be grateful and believe?

 Allah recognizeth gratitude and He knows (who is grateful).
- 148 Allah loveth not publicity of evil—except in cases of injustice. For Allah is Himself the Seer and the Knower!
- 149 If ye should publish (an injustice) it is well; and so is it to hide it or to cover it with pardon. Verily, Allah is the Pardoner, (despite His being) Omnipotent.
- 150 Verily, those who dispute about Allah and His Messengers and wish to raise distinctions regarding Allah and His Messengers—those who say,

"In some we do believe; in others we believe not,"

those who seek to find a path between (accepting all, rejecting all)—

- 151 They are the real infidels; and We have promised for such infidels debasing punishment.
- 152 They who believe in Allah and (all) His messengers—and who make no distinction between them—they are the ones on whom anon We shall shower their wages!

 Verily, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

22 *** 482

153 The Peoples of the Book ask thee to produce for them a Book from heaven!

But of Musa they had asked something even more preposterous: they had said, "Show us Allah openly!"

And lo a lightning flash prostrated them for their audacity!

Still they took a (golden) calf for worship despite the warning!

And yet We pardoned them and sent back *Musa* with authority.

154 The Tor itself We raised (as witness) for their covenant; We said, "Bow low to gain admittance." We said, "Transgress not about the sabbath."

And We took from them a solemn covenant.

155 But they broke their covenant; denied the signs of Allah; slew Apostles unjustly; and boasted:

"Our hearts are immunised!"

Allah hath, therefore, stamped them with their guilt and none, except a few, believe

- 156 Due to their cynicism; because on Maryam they would cast a monstrous lie,
- 157 Because they boasted, "We have crucified 'Isa son of Maryam Apostle of Allah!"

 —They slew him not nor did they crucify him; they only think they did, they differ widely in the matter and are themselves in doubt; no precise information have they and follow but conjectures—in truth, they did not slay him.
- 158 In fact, Allah raised him to Himself; for Allah is the Sovereign and the Wise.
- 159 There is none among the Peoples of the Book but will believe in this before his death; and on the day infallible he will be their witness.
- 160 Because of these transgressions of the Yahud, We have deprived them of certain foods that were allowed. Because they hindered many from the path of Allah,

161 And usury extorted

—although they were forbidden devouring people's property wrongfully, We have decreed to the recalcitrants among them punishment severe.

162 But those among them, deeply learned and endowed with faith.

> they who believe in what has been revealed to thee and what has been revealed before, they who offer prayers and pay their obligations,

> they who believe in Allah and the Day infallible, on them, anon, We shall bestow a great reward.

> > 23 *** 483

- 163 'Tis We who have inspired thee; even as We had inspired Nuh and the prophets after him, as We had inspired Ibrahim, Isma'il, Ishaq, Ya'qub and the Patriachs; 'Isa and Ayyub Yusuf, Harun, Sulaiman. ('Twas We who inspired) Dawud with his Psalms.
- 164 Of some Apostles We have, ere now, told thee; of others We have not—to Musa, We had spoken directly—
- 165 Apostles who gave tidings glad and warnings stern; so that, after them men may have no excuse against Allah.
 Verily, Allah is the Sovereign and the Wise.

verny, Anan is the Sovereign and the wise.

166 And Allah beareth witness that what He has revealed to thee—He has revealed from His own knowledge.

The angels too bear witness. But Allah's witnessing is all-sufficient.

167 Those who are themselves without faith and hinder others from the path of Allah they have gone far, far astray.

وَوَوْلِهِ مِلْنَافَتُكُنَا الْمُسْتَحِ عِنْيَي وَمَاصَلَبُوْهُ وَلَكِنْ شُنَّهَ لَهُمُ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ الْحَتَكَفُو ْ إِنْ وَلَهُمْ شَكِّ مِّنُهُ • مَالَهُ مُدِيهِ مِنُ عِلْهِم إِلاَّ ابِّياحَ الظَّنَّ وَمَاقَتَانُوهُ بِلْ رِّفَعَهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَكَانَ اللهُ آكِلهِ مُ آمُوالُ النَّاسِ الْبَاطِلُ فَ اعَتَهُ وَاللَّهِ إِن مِنْهُمْ عَنَ أَيَّا الْمُمَّاق لكن الرّابِيغُونَ فِي الْعِلْمِ مِنْهُ مُوَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِمَا ٱلْسُرِلَ النُكَ وَمَآ ٱلنُولَ مِن قَبُلِكَ قَ المقهين الصّاولةَ وَالْمُؤْتُونَ الزَّكُومَّ والمؤمئون بالله واليؤم الاخيرا يغقوب والأشباط وعيلى وأتؤب وَيُونُسُ وَهُمُ وَنَ وَسُلِّيمُنَ وَالَّيِّنَا ۮٳٷۮڒؽٷڒٳۿٙ وَرُسُلًا قَدْ تَصَفَّنٰهُ مُ عَلَىٰ كَامِنَ قَالُ وَرُسُالُالَهُ نَقْصُصُهُمْ عَلَيْكَ وَكُلُّمَ اللَّهُ مُوسَى تَكُلُّمُ اللَّهُ رُسُلُا مُّكِنِّمِيْنَ وَمُنْذِيرِيْنَ لِطَلَا نَكُوْنَ لِلتَّاسِ عَلَى اللهُ مُجِنَّةٌ لِكُعْدَ الرُّسُلُّ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَزْيُزَاحَكُمُّا ۞ لكرانته كشف كابتا أنزل إكك انزَلَهُ يعِلِيهِ وَالْمَلَيْكَةُ يَثُمُكُنُنَّ انّ الَّذِيْنَ كُفُرُوْا وَصَلُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللهِ قَدُرْضَانُوا صَلَالًا بَعِيدًا @

الأالزنين تابؤا وأضعها واغتصفوا أَكُو وَلَكُو الْمُوادِينِ مُنْ مُولِدُ اللَّهِ وَأَلْوَا لَهُ مُلْأُولُوا لِمُلْكُونُ اللَّهِ وَأَلْوا الْمُؤْمِنِ مِنْ أَخَدًا عَظِيمًا 6 مَا يَفْعَلُ اللَّهُ بِعَنَ الِكُمْ إِنْ شُكُوَّمُ وَامَنْ تُمُووَكَانَ اللَّهُ شَاكِرًا عَلَمُا ١ لَا يُحِتُّ اللَّهُ الْجُهُمْ بِالثُّوءِ مِنَ لْقَوْلِ الْأَمَنُ ظُلِمَ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ سُوِّءِ فَانَ اللَّهُ كَانَ عَفُوًّا قَدِارًا @ إِنَّ ٱكَنْ يُنَ يَكُفُرُ وْنَ بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَيُرِينُ وَنَ إِنْ نُفَعَ تُوْاجِينَ اللهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَيَقُوْلُونَ ثُوْمِنُ بِبَغْضِ يَّخَ أُوْا بَيْنَ ذَٰلِكَ سَبِيُلًا ﴿ أولا لِكَ هُدُ الْكُفِرُ وْنَ حَقًّا كُوْلَعَتُنًّا وَالِّن يُنَ امَّنُوْا مِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَلَهُ نُفَمِّ تُواٰيَنُنَ أَحَدِيِّنْهُمُ مُأُولَٰكِكَ سَوْنَ يُؤْتِيُهِ مُ أُجُوْرَهُ مُ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِمًا هُ يَنتَكُكَ آهُلُ الْكِتْبِ آنَ تُثَنِّزُ لَ عكنه وكتأمّن التّمَاء فَقَدْ سَأَكُوا مُوسَى آكُكُرُ مِن ذلكَ فَقَالُقُ آ أرنا الله تَقَدُّرَةً فَأَخَذَ تُهُو الصِّعِقَةُ وهنمة ثثة التخذرااليعيل مرن قُلْنَالُهُمُ لَانَعَنْدُ وَإِنِّي السَّنْتِ وَ الله وَقَتُلِهُ مُوالْاَنْكِيَّاءُ يِغَيْرِ قَوُلِهِ مِوْلُونِينَا عُلْفٌ • بَلْ لمترالته علقها يكفي همم فتلا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلاَّ قَلِيلًا كُ ٷۜٮػؙڡٛٚ<u>ؙ؞ۿ؞</u>ۅؘۊۘۏڸۿ؞ٝۄۼڵڡٙۯؽؘۘۘؖ؞

هُتَانًا عَظِيمًا ۞

- 168 Those who are themselves, without faith, and who commit aggression—Allah will not pardon them nor guide them to a way
- 169 Except the way to hell, where they abide for aye, and that is easy for Allah!

170 O ye people!

Here hath come to you a true Apostle from your Lord: if ye believe, it will be good for you—if ye reject (so be it)!

For Allah is all that is in heaven and on earth. And Allah is the Knower and the Wise.

171 O ye Peoples of the Book!

Commit ye no excesses in the name of your religion, and attribute not to Allah except what is the Truth:

Verily the Masih, (the great traveller), 'Isa son of Maryam, was Allah's Apostle and His spokesman, born of Maryam at His command!

Therefore, believe ye in Allah and His Apostles. Speak ye not of Trinity!

Desist! It will be to your good!

Verily! Allah is the sole and Only Deity! Glory be to Him!

How can He have an only son when to Him belongeth all that is in heaven and on earth? Allah is All-sufficient as Disposer of affairs.

24 *** 484

172 The Masih himself disdaineth not to be among the bondsmen of Allah, nor do the highest angels.

Whoever doth disdain His service and displays arrogance He doth recall them all together.

173 Those who believe and rightly act He payeth them their wages, and adds to them His grace. But those who would disdain and be reluctant He inflicteth on them punishment;

Nor will they find, apart from Allah, friends or helpers.

174 O ye people!

Behold, there has come to you clear evidence from your Lord.

He has bestowed on you vision clear.

175 So he who would believe in Allah and hold on fast to Him, soon will He accept him in His mercy and His grace, and guide him to the correct path.

176 They ask thee for decrees; say thou, Allah (thus) decrees for them who leave no direct heirs:

> If it be a man who has passed away and he has left a sister but no child, she shall have half of all inheritance.

If (it be) a woman who has left no child (but only a brother) he shall be her heir.

If there be two sisters they shall have two thirds of the inheritance.

If there be brothers as well as sisters, the males shall each have twice as much as each sister.

Thus doth Allah clarify so that ye need not go astray. Allah of all things is Aware!
 تاقا الذين امتواد علوال فيدي

 قَرْدُوْمُ مُوْرُوْمُ مُوْرُدُونُ هُمْ

 قرق فَلْمُ وَرُهُمْ وَيَرْدِيْنُ هُمْ

 قرق فَلْمُ وَرُهُمْ وَيَرْدِيْنُ هُمْ

 وَلَّا قَلْمُ وَاللَّهُ مَنْ مُوْرُونَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُولِي اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَ

اِنَ الذِينَ اَلْمَهُوْا وَطَلَمُوْا لَوْ يَكُرُ الْهُ لَيْفَى اَلَمُ وَلَا لِهُ مِنَهُمُ الْمَيْقُا الْآخِرِ فِي هَمَّ مَّخِلِهِ مِن فِهَا آبَدًا الْآخَرِ فَي اللهِ عَلَيْكُمُ اللهِ يَسِيدُوْا ﴿ يَا يُقِمَا النَّاسُ قَدْ جَاءَ لَكُوا الرَّسُولُ ؟ يَا يَقِمَا النَّاسُ لَا تَكْفُرُوا فَانَ يَشِهِ مَا فِي التَّمَلُوتِ وَالْ تَكَفُّرُوا فَلَ اللهِ عَلَيْكُ الْحَيْدُ التَّمَلُوتِ وَالْكَ تَكُولُوا فَلَ اللهِ الْآلَاكُونُ اللهِ وَيُعِلَّمُ اللهِ وَيُعِلِمُ اللهِ وَيُعِلِمُ اللهِ وَيُعِلَّمُ اللهِ وَيُعْمِلُهُ وَلَا اللهِ وَيُعْمِلُهُ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَهُ اللهِ وَيُعْمِلُهُ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللهِ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَالْهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللهُولِونَهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَالْهُ اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ وَلَا ا



Sura : $M\bar{A}'IDA$

m the name of Allah the Rahillian the Rahilli

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Oye who have believed!

Fulfil your covenants: Permitted are for you all grazing animals except the ones already specified; provided only that ye hunt not when in state of sanctity.

Allah ordaineth as He pleaseth.

2 O ye who have believed!

Neglect ye not the sanctities imposed by Allah; nor of the Sacred Month.

Respect ye animals for sacrifice and those that have been garlanded;

so also men who refuge take in the Sacred House or seek the bounties of their Lord or His pleasure. And when ye have been freed, then ye may hunt. Let not the enmity of those who once debarred you from the sacred mosque make you guilty of bearing malice.

Encourage one another in virtue and restraint, and not in sin and enmity.

Fear ye Allah, for He is strict in retribution.



3 Forbidden to you:

are carrion.

blood.

and flesh of swine,

and that on which a name other than of Allah has been invoked.

(Also) the strangled or the felled

the mangled or the gored,

or that which has been partly eaten by wild animals—

unless you slay it finally.

And that which has been sacrificed on altars. (It is forbidden) that ye divide and distribute (the meat) by twirling arrows—therein lieth sin.

This day the faithless have lost all hope of compromising with your creed.

So fear ye them no longer; fear ye only Me!

This day have I perfected for you your faith and brimmed you with My blessings—your creed Islam I have decreed!

But if some one is forced by hunger, without intent to sin, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

4 They ask thee, what then is permitted to them: Say thou,

"Permitted are to you all pure foods and that which ye have trained your beasts and birds of prey to catch, as taught you by Allah. Eat ye therefore what they bring to you; but, pronounce ye Allah's name on it and fear ye Allah for Allah is swift in reckoning.



5 This day have I permitted all clean food for you. The food of those on whom has been bestowed a Book is allowed to you just as your food is allowed to them.

(So also)—women chaste among yourselves and women chaste among the ones on whom a Book has been bestowed before your time—provided ye maintain them as husbands, not as paramours, nor in secret liaisons.

Be ye not false to yourselves lest all your (good) deeds turn to nought!

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6 O ye who have believed!

When ye arise for prayers, bathe your faces and your hands upto the elbows and wipe your heads and (wash) your feet upto the ankles.

And if ye are polluted then purify yourselves:

If ye are indisposed, or on a journey, or one of you has returned from a call of nature, or ye have been in touch with women and find no water, then dust yourselves with clean surface sand and wipe your faces and your hands with it.

No wish hath Allah that ye should be burdened; He only wisheth that you should be clean, and that He brim you with His blessings so that ye may be grateful.

7 And call to mind Allah's blessings on you, and the promise which ye promised when ye said.

"We hear and we obey,"

and fear ye Allah for Allah is Aware of what is in your hearts.

8 O ye who have believed!

Be ye the knights of Allah—witnesses of dealings fair.

Let not the malice of the people tempt you to iniquity.

Be ye just: that is akin to worship.

Fear ye Allah. Verily, He is Aware of all ye do.

9 Allah hath given his word to those who acquire faith and do good deeds: for them is pardon and great guerdon.

ٳڵڹؽؙۅؘٳڷۊڲۄؙؠۿٙٵۮؙڠ۠ڶؾؙۄؙؠۿۼڬٳ وَاطَعُنَاذُ وَاتَّقَوُا اللَّهُ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ ۗ كنَ ات الصُّكُورِ © نَآتُهُ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُواْ أَكُونُوا قَوْ أَمِنُنَ يته شُهُكَاءً بِالْقَسُطِ وَلَيْجُرِمَنَّكُمُ شَنَانُ قَوْمِ عَلَى ٱلْأَتَعُ بِإِذَا إِعْبِاقُامُ وَاكْنَانِينَ كَفَرُوْا وَكُنَّا يُوْا مَالَٰكِنَا

副圆尾

يَّايُهُا الَّذِينَ امَنُوْآ اَوْفُوا بِالْفَقُرُةُ أَحِلَتُ لَكُمُ بَهِنَهُ الْإِنْكَ الِمِلِلَا مَا يُسُّلُ عَلَيْنَكُمُ غَيْرَ لِحِجْلِ القَّيْدِ وَانْنُمُّرُ مُرُّدُّ إِنَّ اللهَ يَحْكُمُ مَا يُرِيْنُ ۞

وتعياونواعلى البروالتفوي وَلَاتَعَاوَنُوْاعَلَىٰ الْإِلْثِيمِ وَ الْعُدُون وَالنَّقَوُ اللَّهُ مِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مِ إِنَّ لتعواليخ نزير ومآأها كالغار ألله بِهِ وَالْمُغْخَنَقَةُ وَالْمُوْفُودُةُ وَالْمُعْزِيِّةِ وَالنَّطِعُهُ وَمَّا أَكُلُ السَّبُعُ إِلَّا مَا ذَكِّينَتُمْ وَمَا ذُبِحَ عَلَى النَّصُهُ <u>ۥ ٱڹؾٮٛؾؘڠٚڛۿٷٳؠٳڵڗؙۥٚڵٳۿڔۮڸػڰؙۄؙ</u> آلَاهُ أَكُمُ لَتُكُونُهُ وَمُنْكُونُهُ وَمُنْكُونُهُ وَ أتسنت عَلَيْكُمُ نِعْمَتِي وَرَضِيتُ ككئوالإسلام دئيناء فكنن اضطر فَانَّ اللهُ عَفُورٌ رِّحِيمُ مَنْ عُكُوْنَاكَ مَاذَا أَيْحِلَّ لَهُمُ وَقُلْ أحال لكة الطّننت ومَاعَلَمْتُهُ مِّنَ الْجُوارِجِ مُكَلِّيْنَ تُعَلِّمُونَهُنَّ متّاعَلْتُكُهُ اللّهُ فَكُلُوا مِثّاً أمسكن عَلَنكُهُ وَاذْ كُرُوا اسُمَالِلهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاتَّفَوُااللَّهُ إِنَّ

10 But those who would be cynics and reject Our signs: 'tis they who'll be the inmates of the fire.



11 O ye who have believed!

Call ye to mind Allah's blessings on you when a people contemplated stretching out their hands to capture you, and Allah did hold back their hands from you.

Fear ye Allah, and in Allah let Believers put their trust.

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12 Even so had Allah made a contract with the Bani Isra'il; and raised among them Elders two and ten.

And Allah said,

"I shall be with you if ye would stand fast to your duties, and your obligations ye fulfil; If ye believe in My Apostles and ye assist them; if ye loan to Allah a goodly loan, I shall cover up your sins and let you enter gardens fair beneath which rivers flow.

But he among you who would wander even after this, he will, indeed, have severed from the even path.

13 But, because they went back on their promise, We put Our curse on them and hardened We their hearts:

pervert they words from their context and overlook a great deal of what they had been called upon to keep in mind;

nor wilt thou cease to find them ever scheming—except a few.

But do thou pardon them and overlook. Verily, Allah loveth those who are considerate.

14 Also with those who call themselves Nasara We made a contract.

They too overlooked a great deal of what they had been called upon to keep in mind. So We severed them with enmity and envy keeping them apart, till the day infallible! And soon will Allah make it known to them what (lies) they have invented.

15 O ye Peoples of the Book!

Lo, there hath come to you Our Messenger, revealing much of what ye had concealed of the Book and overlooking much (of your transgressions).

And lo! (now) hath come to you illumination from your Lord and a Manual manifest!

- 16 It guideth to (the way of) Allah those who seek His goodwill and the paths of peace; it transfers them from darkness into light, at His bidding, and leads them to the path serene.
- 17 They blaspheme much who say that the Masih, son of Maryam, is (himself) a deity!

 Say thou,

"What is there to prevent Him, if Allah wisheth, to obliterate *Masih* son of *Maryam*, and his mother—(in fact) all that is on earth—at one stroke?

Allah holdeth sway o'er heaven and earth and in between—He createth whom (and what) He wills: He is, indeed, Omnipotent.

18 The Yahud and the Nasara, they both say: "We are the sons of Allah and His favourites!" Ask thou,

"Why then doth He punish you for your sins?"
Nay, ye are (merely) some among His creatures.
He pardons whom He wills and whom He wills He punisheth.

Allah holdeth sway o'er heaven and earth and all that is between and unto Him do all return.

19 O ye Peoples of the Book!

Lo, there hath come to you Our Messenger—to teach you in the waning interval between the Messengers,—lest ye say:

"To us hath come no herald of glad tidings, nor one to warn us."

So now hath come to you a herald of glad tidings as well as one who warns.

Allah is, over every thing, Omnipotent.

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20 When Musa told his people,

"O my people! Recall ye Allah's blessings on you when He raised Apostles among you, endowed upon you sovereignty, and bestowed on you what He had not bestowed on any other people.

21 "O my people!

Enter ye the holy land which Allah hath assigned to you.

Turn ye not your backs: for then, you will have lost through turning back."

22 They said,

"O Musa! In this land reside a mighty people! We shall not enter it, until you expel them. And once you have expelled them, we shall enter!"

- 23 But, two, among the men who were afraid, whom Allah had distinguished, called out: "Storm ye through the gate, for once you've gained an entry, 'tis you who will be victors. And put your trust in Allah if you would be believers!"
- 24 (But) they said,

"O Musa! By no means shall we ever enter while they remain therein.

Hie ye, therefore, thou and thy elder brother, and fight them.

We shall stand and watch."

25 He prayed,

"O, my Lord! No control have I except upon myself and my brother; make Thou, therefore, a distinction between ourselves and these rebellious people."

26 Pronounced He:

"Forbidden then shall be (the holy land) to them for forty years: they shall wander through the land.

But grieve not thou over these rebellious people."

وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَايِنُكُهُمَا مِيَنُكُمُ مَا يَنْكُانُ مَايَشًا إِنْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَكَّ قَدُيْرٌ ۞ وَقَالَتِ الْبِهُودُ وَالنَّصَرِي حَنَّ الْبُوا الله وَأَحِيًّا أَوْكُو وَقُلْ فَلَمَ نُعَدُّ سُكُمُ خَلَقَ الْغُفِرُ لِمَنْ يَشَأَغُ وَيُعَذَّبُ مَنْ يَشَاكُ وَلِلْهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَٰ إِنَّ يَ الأرض ومالينهمان والندالموري نَأَهُلَ الْكِتْ قَدُبَحَاءً كُوْرَسُولُنَا يُبَيِّنُ لَكُمُ عَلَى فَثَرَةٍ مِّنَ الرَّسُلِ أن تَقُوُلُوا مَا حَاءَنَا مِنْ بَشِيْرِ وَ لَا آنئيا أة وَجَعَلَكُمْ مُلُوِّكًا وَ وَاسْكُمُ مَّ الدُيْعُ تُلَكُّدُ إِمِّنَ الْعَلَمِينَ ۞ نَقُ مِادْخُلُواالْأَرْضَ الْمُقَدُّ سَـةُ قَالُوْالِمُوْسَى إِنَّ فِنْهَا قَوْمًا جَبَّالِيْنَ ﴿ فَان يَغْرُجُوامِنُهَا فَإِنَّا دَاخِلُونَ ﴿ مَالَ رَحُلا وَنَ الَّذِينَ يَغَافُونَ ٱنَّعَمَ الله عَلَمُ عَالَمُ عَلَمُ الْمُعُلِّدُ اعْلَمْهُمُ الْمَاكِ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَاكِ عَلَمْهُمُ الْمَاكِ ؽٳڎٳۮڂڶڞؙٷٷٵؘؾ۫ڰؿؙۼڸڹٷؽ^ڰ وعلى الله فتوك كوآ إن كن مُمْ وَالْمُوسِي إِنَّالَنُ نُذُخُلُهُ آبَدُا مَّ إِذَا مُوانِهُمَا فَأَذُهُ شَبْ أَنْتَ وَرَبُّكَ فَقَاتِلاً إِنَّاهُمُنَاتَاعِدُونَ € قَالَ رَبِّ إِنْ لَا آمُياكُ إِلَّا نَفْيِي وَ آيئ فَاقُرُقْ بَيْ نَنَا وَبَيْنَ الْقَوْمِ الفيقأن وَالْ فَانْهَا مُحْرَّمَةً عَلَيْهِ مِأْزِيعِينَ سَنَةً * يَتِيهُوْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَلَا تَأْسَ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْفيونِينَ ﴾

وَلَعَيْنَا مِنْهُمُ اثْنَى عَثَمَ نَقِيبًا وَقَالَ ثُلُهُ بِهُمُ فِيدَةً مِنْ وَنُونَ الْكَلَوعَنَ مِنْهُمُ إِلَّا تَلِيلُلَّا مِنْهُمُ مَاعَثُ ءَيُهُمْ وَاصْفَحْ وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يَجِبُّ نَاهُلَ الْكِتْبِ قَدْرَجَاءَكُوُرُسُولُنَا

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27 Or tell them thou the truth about the two sons of Adam:

When each had offered up an offering, it was accepted from the one and not accepted from the other.

The latter burst forth, "I shall kill thee!" The other said, "Allah accepteth the offerings only of the pious.

- 28 "Even if thou wouldst raise thy axe to kill me, I will not raise my hand to kill thee: Fear
- 29 "I would have thee add the sin of killing me to thy other sins so that thou mayst be among the damned and that is the (appropriate) reward for those who are aggressors."

I Allah, the Lord of all peoples!

- 30 Overpowered was he by his will to kill and lo, he killed him and woke (to find himself) among the lost!
- 31 Allah made to rise a raven which scratched the earth to show him how to cover up the (woeful) remnants of his brother. He wailed.
 - "O woe is me! Am I too weak to do even what this raven does-cover up with earth the sorry remnants of my brother?"

He was suddenly overcome by his remorse.

32 In consequence of this for the Bani Isra'il, We decreed:

"He who slaveth one

-unless it be for (slaying) one, or for spreading evil in the land-

it shall be as if he slew all men.

And if one wakened one to life it shall be as if he had awakened all mankind!"

Verily, there had come to them an Apostle with obvious injunctions, and yet there are among them many who transgress in the land.

33 The punishment, for those who fight Allah and His Prophet and strive to spread sedition in the land can only be that they are slain,

or hanged,

or quartered,

or banished from the land!

Such shall be their shame in the present, and in the future they will suffer still more chastisement.

34 Excepting those who turn repentant ere you sentence them.

For, know ye well, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

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35 O ve who have believed!

Pay heed to Allah; strive to earn His patronage; fight ye in His cause—so that ye may prosper.

- 36 As for those who spurn belief even if they had every thing on earth and twice as much besides to give as ransom, to save themselves, from the punishment of the day infallible, it would not be accepted! For them is dire punishment.
- 37 They will long to escape from the fire, but they shall not escape! For them is lasting punishment.
- 38 Robbers, be they male or female; cut off their hands as wages for their occupation-a deterrent punishment decreed by Allah! Allah is, indeed, the Sovereign and the Wise.
- 39 But he who doth revert after the aggression, and mends his ways, verily, Allah too reverteth towards him.

Allah, is indeed, the Forgiver and the Merciful.

40 Do you not know that it is Allah to whom belongs the sovereignty of heaven and earth? He will punish whom He will, He will forgive whom He will.

Allah, over every thing, holdeth sway.





41 O thou, (My) Messenger!

Let not those grieve thee who vie, one with another, in deceit:

among them there are some who say to thy face,

"We believe!"

but who, in their hearts, believe not!

Among them some are agents of the *Yahud*. They lend their ears deceitfully;

they are only listening for others who do not come to thee. They mis-set words that have been set in place (and thereby alter meanings); they instil into men:

"If it is put to you like this accept it; if not, be then wary!"

و فَاعْلَمُوا إِنَّ اللَّهِ عَفْرٌ رَّجِهُ يَأْكُفُكُ النَّهُ مَنْ أَمَنُوا اتَّكَدُّ اللَّهُ وَالْتَغُوْآ النه الوَسِيلَةَ وَحَاهِ مُرْوَافِي سَبِيلِهِ الدَّالُّنْ بْنَ لَغُرُّ وَالْوَ أَنَّ لَهُمُ مِنَا في الأنهض ممنعًا ومَثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لَكُفَّتُ أَوْا بِهِ مِنْ عَذَ ابِ يَوْمِ تقمة مَا تَقُت لَمِنْهُمْ وَلَهُمْ ' يَخَوْ حُوْ الْمِدِي النَّا رَوْمَا هُ أَبِيُّونُ عَلَيْهِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الله قَالُوْآ أُمِّنَا بِالْوَاهِ هِنْمِ وَلَمْ تُؤْمِنَ تُلُوبُهُمْ وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ هَادُوا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ مَادُوا اللَّهُ سَمُّعُونَ لِلْكُنْ بِسَمَّعُونَ لِقَنْ مِم خَرِيْنَ لَهُ مَا تُؤْكَ الْمُعَرِّ ثُوْنَ الْكُلْمَ فِ الْإِخِرَةِ عَنَابٌ عَظْنَهُ @

وَاتْلُ عَلَيْهِ مِنَا أَبْنَيْ أَدْمَ مِالْحَقِّ مِ اذْ قَرَّ بَاقُرْ بَانَّا فَتُقُتِلَ مِنْ آحِدِهِمَا وَلَهُ مُتَّقَبُّ لِ مِنَ الْأَخُوا قَالَ أَكُونُ أَنَّكُ مُوالًا إِنَّكُ النَّفَكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنَ الْمُتَّقِينَ ٥ لَيْنَ يَسَطِّفَ إِلَيَّ بِكَاكَ لِتَقْتُلَنِي مِيَا آنَا بِمَا يِسِطِ تَدِي النَّكَ لِأَقْتُاكَ إِنَّا النَّ أَرْنُدُ أَنْ تَدُوَّ عَلَا عَلَا مَا تَعْنَى وَ إِنَّمِكَ وَيُرَاكُونَ مِنْ أَصْلِي التَّارِ وَذَٰ لِكَ فَيُعَتَى اللهُ عُرَامًا لَنْ عَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ لِيُرِيَةُ كَيْفَ يُوَارِئُ سَوْاً لَا آخِيُكُ قَالَ يُؤْيُلُتُي أَعِيَّزُتُ أَنْ أَكُوُنَ مِثْلُ هِذَا الْغُرَابِ فَأُوَارِي سَوْاً لَا آخِيْ فَأَصْبِكَ مِنَ التَّدمِيْنَ أَقَ مِن آجُل ذلك أَكْتَكُنّا عَلَى بَنِي الله آءِمُل آنَّهُ مَنْ قَتَلَ نَفْسًا كِغَهُر امِّنْهُمْ مَعْدَدُلكَ فِي الْأَرْضِ الله وكيسُعُون في الْأَرْضِ فَسَأَدًا مِنَ الْأَرْضُ ذٰلِكَ لَهُ يَجْزُيُّ فِي الثُّانُيِّ وَلَهُ فِي الْحِوْدَةِ عَنَى الْهِ عَظِيمٌ ٥ الْأَالَ نِينَ تَابُوا مِنْ تَبْلِ أَنْ تَقُدِرُوا

Whom Allah wisheth to entangle thou hast no power over them against Allah.

They are the ones whose hearts Allah doth not wish to cleanse.

For them is baseness in the present and, in the future, dire misery.



42 (Eagerly) they lend their ears to falsehood devouring hungrily what is forbidden.

If they should come to thee for judgement, judge thou between them, or keep aloof. If thou shouldst keep aloof from them, no harm shall come to thee.

But if thou shouldst judge between them, judge them impartially for Allah loveth those who are impartial.

43 And how can they accept thy judgement when they have with them the Law?

And therein are clear injunctions of Allah; and yet they turn away from it and have therein no faith!

44 It was We who had revealed the (Mosaic) Law. Therein was guidance and enlightenment. The Apostles duly judged by it the Yahud, the Rabbis and the Scribes.

To them was thus entrusted the Code of Allah and they were made its witnesses—
"Therefore," (said We to the people), "Fear ye not men but fear ye Me, and (O, ye men who guide!) sell ye not our guidance cheaply!"

And they who judged not by the Law revealed by Allah, were (deemed as) heathens.

45 And in it We decreed:

life for life,
eye for eye,
nose for nose,
ear for ear,
tooth for tooth
and equal wounds for wounds.

But he who would forgive he ransometh himself. And they who fail to judge by Allah's standards, they do transgress.

46 And in their footsteps We sent 'Isa son of Maryam to confirm what had preceded him in the Taurat; and to him revealed We the Injil as guidance and illumination, confirming what preceded it in the Taurat—guidance and advice for those who would be circumspect.

47 Let then the **People of the** *Injil* be judged by what Allah has decreed therein.

Those who judge not by the standards set by Allah, they are the recalcitrants.

48 And to thee (too) We have revealed a Correct Code;

confirmeth it the Scriptures that have preceded it and safeguards them.

So judge between them by what has been revealed by Allah.

Be not influenced by their wishes, lest thou deviate from the Truth.

(Thus) to each among you have We revealed a Law and a Path to follow.

If Allah had so wished He could have made of all of you a single People (but He has not), in order that He might test you, each with what has been given to it.

Vie then with each other in virtuous deeds!

To Allah must ye all return and He will enlighten you on that wherein ye differed.

49 Give (thy) judgement in accordance with what Allah has revealed.

Be not influenced by their wishes; and beware of them lest they make thee depart from some injunction given thee by Allah.

And if they then withdraw, know thou that Allah wisheth to emburden them with some among their sins.

Verily, the majority of men are rebellious!

50 Would they have thee judge according to the customs of (the days of) ignorance?

But what can be better, than the Law of Allah, for a people who believe?

51 O ye who have believed!

Take not the Yahud or the Nasara as your confidants.

Each is a confident of the other, and one of you who mingleth with them becometh one of them.

And Allah guideth not the disobedient.

52 And yet thou seest those with cowardice in their hearts scurrying to them, saying (to themselves),

"We fear that there befall us a reverse!"

But, mayhap, Allah will bestow a victory on thee or impose a decision from Himself. Then will come to light the secret fears they harbour and they will feel ashamed!

53 And they who faithful proved will taunt:

"Are these the men who gave their troth and swore by Allah, that they were with you?"

Lost are their (virtuous) deeds, waken they to bankruptcy!

54 O ye who have believed!

Should any among you revert from his creed, soon will Allah raise another group whom He loves and who love Him—humble to the men of faith, haughty to the infidels, striving in the way of Allah unafraid of blame or blamers.

Such is the grace of Allah which He bestows on whom He wills.

Extendeth vast His knowledge.

- 55 Verily, your (true) friends are Allah and His Messenger, and those who have believed; those who stand fast by their duties, fulfil their obligations and bow in unison.
- 56 Whosoever turneth to Allah, His Messenger and those who have believed, (may be sure) that Allah's contingent is sure to be the Overcomer.

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57 O ye who have believed!

Take ye not as Patrons those who take your creed as jest or sport—

be they 'mong the Peoples of the earlier Books or be they pagans.

Fear ye only Allah if ye would be Believers!

امَدُالْكُنُونَ يُقِمُدُنَ الصَّلُولَةُ وَ

والله ثُمُّ يَتُولُون مِن يَعْد وَقَفَّيْنَا عَلَى أَثَارِهِ مُعِينِيًّا بُنِ مَرْ نَمَ مُصَدِّقًا لِلْمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ التَّوُرِيةِ مُوانِّينُهُ ٱلْانْجِيْلَ نِيْهِ هُدَّى وَثُوْرُه وَّمُصَدِّقُالِّمَا ؠؘؽؙڹؘؽؘۮؽۄڞؚٵڶٷ۠ۯٮ؋ؚۘۘۮۿۮۜؽ وَّمَوْعِظَةً لِلْمُتَّقِينَ أَنْ وَلَعَكُهُ آهُلُ الْاَجِيلِ مِثَا آنَزُلَ اللهُ فيُهُ وَمَنْ لَهُ يَحِنَّكُهُ مِيمَا أَنْزُلَ اللَّهُ من ك رُه ومن الكِتب وهُ يُعِنَّا عَلَىٰ وَفَاحُكُوْ مَنِينَهُمْ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللهُ وَلاَ تُشَغِرُ أَهُوَاءَهُ مُوعَمّا حَاءَ كَ مِنَ الْحَقِّ لِكُلِّ حَعَلْنَا مِنْكُمُ يَبْرَعَةً مَا أَتُكُمُ فَاسْتَبِقُواالْخُارِبِ إِلَى

58 When ye proclaim the call to prayer they jest and ridicule:

but that is only because they are a people who do not understand.

59 Say thou,

"O peoples of the Book!

Do ye reproach us because, we have believed in Allah, in that which has come down to us and to those before us?

Or, must you simply be perverse?"

60 Say thou,

"Shall I remind you (through your Scriptures) of grosser mischief which earned greater punishment from Allah?

Some, by His curse and wrath degenerated into monkeys:

others (were reduced by their deeds) to swine; and some became the lowly servers of *Taghut*. Their evil deeds were still more low.

They went further still from the path of rectitude."

But Allah knoweth well what they would hide.

- 61 When they were with you, they said,
 "We believe!"

 In truth, as infidels they entered, as infidels
- 62 You can see many among them vying with each other in malice and in hatred; consuming greedily what is forbidden. Evil, indeed, is what they do.
- 63 Their Rabbis and their teachers, why do they not stop them from their evil speech, their avarice for calumny?

 Evil, indeed, is what they fabricate!
- 64 The Yahud (dare to) say,

 "Allah's hands are fettered!"

 May their hands be fettered!

 May they be cursed for what they blaspheme!

 Nay, both His hands are out-stretched (to bless);

 dispenseth He (His bounties) as He pleases!

But what has been revealed to thee from thy Lord intensifieth their envy and their blasphemy.

And in them We have inculcated enmity and hatred till the day of judgment.

Every time they kindle the fire of violence, Allah puts it out;

but their striving after mischief in the land endures.

Allah loveth not the mischievous.

- 65 If only the Peoples of the Book were to believe and to behave We would cover up their sins and usher them to gardens of felicity.
- 66 If only they would firmly stand on the *Thaurat* and the *Injil*—that which was revealed to them from their Lord—blessings from above, blessings from below would have bubbled for them.

There is, in fact, among them a virtuous group: but most of them evil ways pursue.

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67 O thou (My) Messenger!

Proclaim (anon) the (message) which hast (now) been sent to thee from thy Lord!

If thou dost not, thou wouldst not then have fulfilled thy duty!

Allah will protect thee from the (wrath of) men.

Verily, He guideth not a people who rebel!

68 Say thou, "O ye People of the Book!

Ye have no basis unless ye take your stand on the *Taurat*, or the *Injil*, and that which (now) is sent to you from your Lord."

But what has been revealed to thee from thy Lord intensifieth their envy and their blasphemy.

Still, grieve not thou over these rebellious people.

69 Verily (be they) the Believers, the Yahud, the Sabeans or the Nasara, whoever do believe in Allah and the Day Infallible.

-and act righteously-

for them there is no fear nor shall they grieve.

- 70 We had, indeed, taken a covenant from the Bani Isra'il and sent to them Our Messengers. Of all the Messengers We sent to them, and whom they liked not, some they ridiculed and some they slew.
- 71 They reckoned that no punishment would come to them, so they became blind and deaf.

Then Allah turned to them in mercy but, once again, many among them closed their eyes and (shut their) ears!

Allah hath been watching all they do.

72 Blaspheme they, indeed, who say,

"The Masih, son of Maryam, is a Deity!"
In truth, the Masih had announced, "O ye
Bani Isra'il! Serve ye Allah, who is my Lord
and your Lord!"

Verily, those who join any with Allah, Allah doth forbid them heaven;

their abode is hell; and for them, who thus transgress, there is none to help!

- 73 They too blaspheme, who say,
 "Allah is the third among the three!"
 There is no deity unless it be the One Deity.
 If they desist not from what they say, the ones among them who thus blaspheme will be overwhelmed with grievous punishment.
- 74 Why do they not turn to Allah and ask His pardon? For Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 75 No more is the Masih, son of Maryam, than a Messenger! There had been many Messengers before him.

His mother was a virtuous woman. They both did eat (and drink)!

See how We'simplify to them the facts! Then see how they circumlocute!

76 Say thou,

"Would ye worship, besides Allah, that which hath no power to hurt you or to do you good while Allah is the One who hears, the One who knows?"

انَّ اللهُ لَا عُدْى الْقَوْمُ الْكِفْرِينَ[©] قًا' يَأَهُلِ الْكِتْبِ لَسُتُمْعَلَىٰ شُيُّةً حَتِّى ثُقَامُهُ النَّازُ لِيَّةٍ وَالْآجِي النائ مِنْ رَبِّ تَكْ طُغُمَا نَا يُؤَكُّفُمُّاهِ فَلا تَاسَ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَفِيرِينَ إِنَّ الَّذِي يُنَ أَمَنُواْ وَالَّذِينَ هَادُوْا وَ الصَّابُوُّنَ وَالنَّطَاءِي مَنْ أَمَنَ بِلَنَّهِ خَوْنُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَلاَهُ مُحَوِّزُتُونَ ۞ لقَدُ آخَذُ نَامُنَاقَ بَنِي الْمُوَاءِدُنَ وَٱرْسِكُنَّا الْيُهِيمُرُوسُكُوُّ كُلِّمَا خِلْمَا خِلْمَا خُلْمَا خُلْمَا رُسُولُ كِمَا لِاتَّهُونِي أَنْفُسُمُ وَرُبُقًا كَذَّبُوا وَفَرِيْقًا كِقْتُكُونَ ٥ وَحَسِيُوْ آالِا تَكُونَ فِتُنَةُ فَعَيْمُوا وَ صَحَدُ اللَّهُ مَاكَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ ثُمَّةً عَمُوا وَصَمُّوا كَثِيرُ مِّنْهُ مُواللَّهُ لَقَنُ كُفُرُ الَّذِينَ قَالُوْآ إِنَّ اللَّهُ هُوَ وَعَكُمُ إِنَّهُ مَنْ كُيْثُمِرُكُ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدْ وَمَالِلطَّلِمِينَ مِن أَنْصَادِ ۞ لَقَنْ كُفُرُ النَّهُ ثَنَّ قَالُوْآاتَ اللَّهُ ثَالَثُ ثَلْثَةِ وَمَامِنِ إِلَّهِ إِلَّا إِلَّهُ وَاحِدًّا وَإِنْ لَهُوَيُنَ مُؤَاعَمًا يَقُوْلُونَ لَيْمَسَّنَّ النَّنِ يَنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْكُمْ عَالَجُ كَانَا يَأْكُلُنِ الطُّعَامُ أَنْظُلُ لَكُمُنَّ بَيْنُ لَهُ وُالْابِتِ ثُمَّالُظُ إِنَّ وُفَكُونَ[©] تُلُ التَّعُيُّ كُونَ مِن دُون اللهِ مَالاً يُمُلِكُ لَكُمُ خِبِرًا وَلَا نَفْعًا ﴿ وَاللَّهُ هُوَ

وَإِذَا خَاءُ وَكُمْ قَالُوا أَمِنًا وَقُدُ قَحُلُوا آغكه سكاكالذانكة وكأن وَ تَرْى كَيْنُ رُّامِّنْهُ مُرْكِينًا رِعُونَ فِي الزثم والعدوان وأكلهم التخت ليشن مَاكَانُوانِعُمَدُون لَهُ لَا يَنْهُمْ هُ وَالرَّبَّانِيُّونَ وَالْحَبَّارُ عَنْ قَوْلِهِ مُوالْاتُمُ وَاكْلِهِ مُالسُّحُتُ * لَيْشُ مَاكَانُو ايَصْنَعُونَ ⊕ وَ وَالْتِ الْمُؤْدُونِ اللهِ مَعْدُ لَهُ و عُلَّتُ أَبُ يُهِمُ وَلَعِنُوْ إِيمَا قَالُوْام بَلْ بَانَاهُ مُبْسُوطَةً إِنَّ يُنْفِقُ كَيْفَ نَثَاءُ وَلَهُ زِنْ لَانَ كَثِيرًا مِنْ هُومًا أنزل النك مِن رَبِّك طُغْمَانًا وَ كُفُرُّا دُوَالْقَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمُّ الْعَدَاوَةُ وَ الْتَغْضَاءُ إِنَّ يُوْمِ الْقِلْمَةِ وَكُلَّمَا آؤقَنُ وَانَازَالِكَءَ بِٱطْفَاهَااللَّهُ * وَتَيِنْعَوْنَ فِي أَلَامٌ ضِ فَسَادًا وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِتُ الْمُفْسِ إِنْ الْمُفْسِ إِنْ الْمُفْسِ إِنْ الْمُ وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْكِتْبِ أَمَنُواْ وَاتَّقَوُا لكمَّنَ نَاعَنْهُ مُسَيَّاتِهِ مُولَادُخَلَنْهُ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُ مُمْ أَقَامُواالتَّوُرْمِةُ وَالْأَخِيلُ <u>؞</u>ؘڡٵٙٲؙؿ۬ڔڶٳڵڣۘڝ۬ڡۣؖڹ۫؆ڗؠٚؠؗۄؙڒػڰؙۏٳ مِنْ فَوْ قِهِمْ وَمِنْ تَخْتِأَرُجُلِهِمْ مِنْهُمْ أُمَّتُهُ مُّقْتَصِكَةً وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمْ مِسَاءُ مَا يَعْمَالُونَ أَ رسكته والتوكيع فيك من التاس

77 Say thou,

"O ye People of the Book!

Outstrip ye not your reckoning without grounds; nor follow ye the futile cravings of those who went astray before you—

those who many led astray and themselves went astray from the even path."

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- 78 Dawud and 'Isa son of Maryam, had both cursed the evil ones among the Bani Isra'il, because they disobeyed and persisted in obstinacy.
- 79 Because they held not back one another from their evil deeds.

Evil, indeed, is what they did.

80 Thou seest many among them leaning to the Infidels.

Evil is the past which they inherit, hence the wrath of Allah doth envelop them and therein they abide.

81 If they believed in Allah, in the Apostle and in that which is revealed to him, they would not make them friends.

But many among them are just rebellious.

82 Thou wilt find among men, the most violent enemies of the Believers to be the Yahud and the pagans.

And thou wilt find the closest friends of the Believers those who call themselves Nasara.

That is because among them are priests and monks and they are given not to arrogance.

83 And when they listen to what has been revealed to the Apostle, thou doth see their eyes filled with tears because they recognise the truth. They murmur:

"Our Lord, believe we! Count us Thou among the witnesses.

84 "And why should we believe not in Allah when there has come to us the truth?

And when, for long, we've hoped that our Lord would us associate with a righteous group?"

85 Allah doth reward them, for what they say, with pastures green and streamlets running at their feet—therein shall they abide.

That is compensation for those who display sympathy.

86 But those who are relentless and who reject Our signs they shall dwell in hell!

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87 O ye who have believed!

Forbid ye not yourselves, (the eating of) such things as Allah has made lawful.

But be not guilty of excess: Allah loveth not immoderates.

- 88 Eat ye (freely) of what Allah hath provided you and made it wholesome and permissible.

 Be ye aware (only of the laws) of Allah if ye would be Believers!
- 89 Allah doth not hold you to your casual oaths but He will hold you to your solemn oaths. In expiation of them feed ye ten destitutes with the best of what ye feed your families; or clothe them; or liberate a slave.

If that is far beyond your means, observe three fasts.

That is the prescribed expiation for the (breaking of) your solemn oaths.

But (while they hold) such oaths must be held sacred.

Thus doth Allah clarify His signs to you so that ye may be grateful.

90 O ye who have believed!

Verily, intoxicants and gambling, making images and forecasting the future: these are nasty occupations prompted by the Devil—avoid ye them so that ye may prosper.

91 Shaitan aims to implant enmity and envy among you through wine and dice;

to hinder you from thoughts of Allah and from (fulfilling) your duties: will ye not therefore abstain?

- 92 Obey ye Allah and His Apostle, and beware!

 If ye would apostate, know ye then that it is
 for the Messenger only to explain with
 clarity.
- 93 There shall be no sin (imputed) unto those who believe and do good works for what they may have eaten (in the past).

So be mindful of your duty (to Allah), and do good works;

and again: be mindful of your duty, and believe;

and once again: be mindful of your duty and do right.

Allah loveth the good.

13 *** 497

94 O ye who have believed!

Allah will provide you some game within the reach of your own hands or your lances, so that He might know who feareth Him sincerely:

And then, he who doth transgress, for him will be punishment severe.

95 O ye who have believed!

Slay ye no game while in the state of sanctity; and he who does that deliberately shall offer to the Ka'ba a like animal from his flock, as judged by two men from yourselves; or he should expiate (his sin) by feeding of the poor;

or make up for it by (himself) fasting:

so that he may realize the burden of his deed. Allah will forgive the past; but him who doth repeat will Allah punish.

Verily, Allah is the Sovereign, Competent is He to punish.

96 Allowed to you is the pursuit of water-game and its use as food—as provision for your-selves and those who travel (with you). But forbidden is land-game throughout the period of your sanctity.

Fear ye Allah before whom you shall stand.

الإينان تككاركة إلا عام عثرة مسلونين من اقسط المعلومون مسلوني والمعلوم وال

لَعَدَ، قَ أَشَكَ النَّاسِ عَدَا وَقَ لِلنَّانِ

M 5



97 Allah hath made the Ka'ba the Sacred House, an institution for (all) men.

And (so also) the Sacred Month, the offerings (of animals) and the ritual garb.

All this, so that you may learn that Allah is aware of all that is in heaven and on earth, and that Allah is of every thing aware!

- 98 Know ye well that Allah is strict in retribution and so is He Forgiving and most Merciful.
- 99 No more is the Apostle than a Warner: and Allah alone knoweth what ye display, and what ye hide.

100 Say thou,

"Equal never can be tainted gains and honest gains!

Be ye not tempted by the large returns from tainted practices.

Fear ye Allah, O ye men of understanding, so that ye may prosper!

14 *** 498

101 O ye who have believed!

Ask ye not questions, answers to which may be troublesome to you.

If ye ask (at the end) of the Quranic recital they shall be answered to you.

(However) Allah doth forgive you for He is both the Forgiver and the Merciful.

- 102 The peoples before you asked such questions, and when enlightened, did evade the issues.
- 103 It was not Allah who prescribed the Bahirah, the Saibah, the Wasilah or the Hami: it was the infidels who attributed falsehoods unto Allah, but most of them have no intelligence.

104 When it is put to them:

"Come ye to what Allah hath revealed and to the Apostle," they say,

"Sufficient unto us are the ways our fathers followed!"

What! Even though their fathers were not taught, were not guided?

105 O ye who have believed!

You are (responsible only) for yourselves. No hurt can they cause—they who stray—if ye follow guidance.

Unto Allah will ye gather all together.

And He will then announce to you what ye did.

106 O ye who have believed!

Take ye, when death approaches one of you, and when ye make bequest, two trusty witnesses from 'mongst yourselves.

Or take ye others from 'mongst strangers if ye are sojourning o'er the land when death approaches you.

Hold them back after prayers, make them swear by Allah:

"We declare that we shall not sell (our trust) at any price, even if a kinsman is involved! We shall not hide Allah's evidence: and if we do, may we be among the sinners."

107 Then, were it to be suspected that they have incurred sin, let two others stand in their place, from 'mongst the ones related closely to the beneficiaries.

Let both these swear by Allah:

"Our evidence is nearer truth than theirs; we will not prevaricate;

and if we do, we may ourselves be (treated as) transgressors.

108 That is the best way to make people give plain evidence for fear that other oaths may be called after theirs.

But fear ye Allah and give ear to His counsel. For Allah guideth not a people who are untrustworthy.

15 *** 499

109 One day Allah will gather the Apostles; then He will ask,

"How were ye responded to?"

They will answer: "No knowledge have we. It is Thou, indeed, who knoweth all the hidden truths."

110 Allah says:

O 'Isa, son of Maryam!

Recall Our blessings on thee and on thy mother when I strengthened thee with the holy Revelation,

when thou didst speak to men from the cradle to old age.

Lo, I taught thee the Law and the Wisdom, the *Taurat* and the *Injil*.

When thou didst transform, from the inert clay, the moulds of birds, by My will; when thou 'life' did breathe into them and

when thou 'life' did breathe into them and made them soar, by My will;

when thou didst heal the sightless and the leper, by My will;

and when thou didst bring to life the dead, by My will.

When I restrained the Bani Isra'il, from thee when thou didst bring to them evidence so clear that the obstinates among them only said, "This is obvious sorcery!"

111 And I inspired the Disciples that they believe in Me and Mine Apostle.

They confirmed:

"Lo, we believe, and bear Thou witness that we have submitted."

112 The Disciples ask:

"O 'Isa son of Maryam! Is your Lord capable of bestowing on us a (well-laid) table from on high?"

He answered:

"Fear ye Allah, if ye are believers!"

113 They said,

"We only wish to taste thereof and to satisfy our hearts; so that we may know that thou dost speak the truth and be your witnesses."

114 'Isa son of Maryam prayed,

"O Allah, Master ours! Send down to us a repast from above so that it may be a feast, our first, our last and as a sign from Thee.

Provide us Thou, for Thou art the Foremost of Providers."

الله إِنَّأَ إِذَّالَيْنَ الْأَثِينِ ۞ ذلك أَدُنْ أَنْ تَأْتُوا بِالشَّهَادَةِ عَلَىٰ وجَهِ كَا أَوْ كِنَا فُوْآ أَنْ تُرَدُّ الْمُأَكُّ بَعْدُ آيْدَانِهِ مُرْدَاتُهُوُا اللهُ وَاسْمَعُوا ﴿ وَاللَّهُ لاَيُهُدِي الْقَوْمَ الْفُسِقِيْنَ الْمُ وَمُ يَعُمُونُ اللَّهُ الرُّسُلُ فَيُقُولُ مَا ذُآ أخنته وكالوالإعلى لتاواتك أنت عَلَامُ الْغُنُوبِ ٠ إِذُ قَالَ اللهُ يُعِيْسَى ابْنَ مَرْنَمَ اذْكُرُ يغمتي عكنك وعلى والدباك مإذ ٱێڹڗؙڮڿڔؙۯڿڔاڵڤؘۮؠڹ^ڛؿؙڪڵؚۄؙ التَّاسَ فِي الْمُهْدِ وَكَهْلًا ، وَإِذْ عَلَنْتُكَ الكتب والجكمة والتؤرية والاغيال وَإِذْ يَخَالُقُ مِنَ الْجَلِينَ لَهَيْنَةِ الْطَايِرِ ما ذني فَتَنفَخ فِيهَا فَتَكُونُ طَيْرُا بَاذِن وَتُنْوِئُ الْكَتْحُيْدُ وَالْأَبْرُصُ بِاذْ فَيْ * وَإِذْ تُخْرِيجِ الْمُؤَثِّي بِإِذْ نِي * وَإِذْ كُفُفْتُ بَى إِسْرَاءِيْلَ عَنْكَ إِذْ جِئْتُكُمْ بِالْمِيِّنْتِ فَقَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْهُمْ إِنْ هُذُاۤ ٳڷؖٳڰٳۼؖٷۘڗۺؙؽڽ؈ وَإِذْ أُوْحَيْثُ إِلَى الْحَوَارِينَ أَنَ امِنُوا بي وبرسُولي قَالُوا أَمَنَا وَاشْهَ بُ إِذْ قَالَ الْعُوَارِيْؤُنَ يَعِينَى اسْنَ مريمهك يستطيع رئك أن يُزل عَلَيْنَامَ آبِدَةً مِنَ النَّمَاءِ • قَالَ الْفُوَّا الله إن كُنْتُمُومُ فُومِنِينَ @ قَالُوانُرِيْدُ إِنْ تَأْكُلُ مِنْهَا وَتَظْمَينَ كُلُونِنَا وَنَعُلُمُ إِنْ قَدْصَدَ فَتَنَا فَ نَكُونَ عَلَهُمَا مِنَ الشَّهِدِيْنَ ﴿ قَالَ عِنْسَى ابْنُ مُرْكِيمَ لِلْهُ تُعَدِّرَ بَكِنَا أنزل عَلَيْنَا مُ آبِدَةً قِنَ السَّمَا وَلَكُونُ لنَاعِيدً الإكَانَا وَاخِرِنَا وَأَيْهُ مِنْكُ وَارْزُوْنُونَا وَانْتَ حَيْرُ الْرُنِي وَيْنَ @

جَعَلَ اللهُ الْكُغُيَّةُ الْبُكْتَ الْحُرَّا مَ يَامًا لِلنَّاسِ وَالشَّاهُمَ الْحَرَّا مُرَوالْهَدِّي اعْلَمُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ وَ مَاعَلَ الرَّسُولِ الْأَالْمُلُغُورُواللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَاتُنْ وَنَ وَمَا تَكُتُمُونَ @ قُالْ لَانسَتُوى الْخَينْثُ وَالطَّنَّتُ وَلَوْ أغجك كأثرة الخسنث فأثقوا الله نَأُولِي الزَّلِيَّابِ لَعَلَكُمُ يُقَلِّعُونَ[©] نَاتُهُ الْكُنْ أَمَنُوا لِاتَّكُوا عَنْ أَشْكُمْ ان ئُنْدَلَكُوْتُنُوْكُوْرُانُ تستشكذا عنهاج ين بنزك القزان تُنْ لَكُمْ مُعَفَا اللَّهُ عَنْهَا مُ وَاللَّهُ مَأْجَعُلُ اللَّهُ مِنْ بَجِيْرَةٍ وَ لَاسَآبِهِ ةَ لَا وَصُلَّمَةٍ قُرْلِحَامٍ * وَلَكِنَّ الذُّنَّ كَفُرُوْ اَنْفُتُرُوْنَ عَلَى اللّهِ الْكُذِبِ ﴿ وإذاقنل لهومتعالوا إلى مآأنزل



115 Allah said,

"Verily, I shall send it to you; but he among you who shall blaspheme after that I will punish him with a punishment that has never been inflicted upon any other people!"

16 *** 500

116 Then Allah says,

"O 'Isa son of Maryam! Didst thou tell men to take thyself and thy mother as deities beside the Deity?"

He says,

"Glory be to Thee! How could I tell them what I had no right to say?!

"Had I told them such a thing Thou wouldst surely come to know.

"Thou knowest what there lies within me, but I know not what there lies within Thee. Thou art alone the Knower of the hidden.

117 "Naught did I ever tell them except that which Thou didst bid me say;

'Serve ye Allah, my Master and your Master,'
And while I lived among them I bore them
witness.

"But after Thou didst take me back to Thyself, Thou art Guardian over them, and Thou art witness over everything!

118 "If Thou wouldst punish them, they are Thy bondsmen; and if Thou dost forgive them, Thou art the Sovereign and the Wise."

كَتَاكُونَيْنَةَ فَكُنْتَ أَنْتَ الْتَوْقِيْبُ
عَيْمِهُمْ وَانْتَ عَلَّ كُلِّ مِّنْ فَتَهِيْدُ الْ
انْ تُعَرِّبُهُمُ مُعَالِّهُمْ مَعِادُكُ قَ قَ مَعْيَدُ الْ
انْ تُعَرِّبُهُمُ مُعَالِّهُمْ مَعِادُكُ قَ مَن الْحَكِيْمُ فَى عَلَى الْمُعْمُدُ لَهُمُ مَعْلَاكُ أَنْتَ الْعَرِيْدُ الْحَكِيْمُ وَالْمَعْلِيْفَ الْمَسْدِيْنِيْ عَلَى الْمُعْمُدُ الْهُمُ مَعِنْمُ مُعْلَمِيْنَ فَعَلِي الْفَعِيدُ الْمُعْمَلِينِيْنَ فِيهِمَا الْبَنْالُونُ الْعَظِيمُ وَالْمَعْلِيمُ الْمَعْلِيمُ الْمَعْلَمُ الْمُعْمَلُونُ الْمَعْلِيمُ الْمَعْلَمُ الْمَعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْمَلُونُ الْمَعْلِيمُ الْمَعْلِيمُ الْمَعْلِيمُ الْمُعْمَلُونُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمَعْلِيمُ الْمُعْمَلُونُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْمِلُونُ الْمَعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْمِلُونَ وَالْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ قال الشال من المنافقة المنافقة والمنافقة المنافقة المناف

119 (Then) Allah says,

"Today the truthful prosper through their truth!"

For them are shaded gardens beneath which rivers flow.

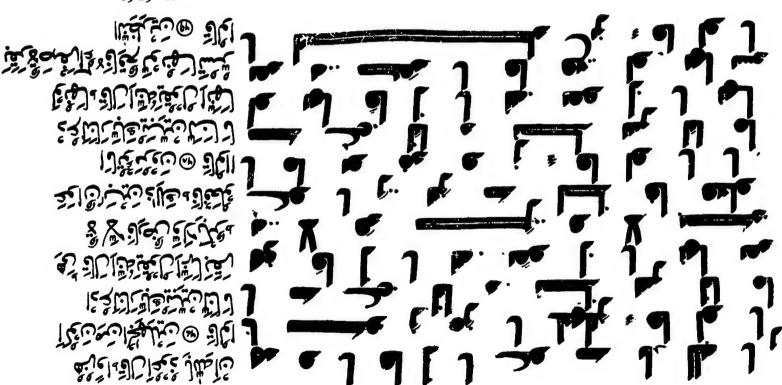
Therein they shall dwell for aye, Allah well-pleased with them and they well-pleased with Him.

That is the greatest boon.

120 To Allah alone, belongeth Sovereignty of heaven and earth and all that lies in them; and He alone, o'er all doth wield Power!



*



69-49:11

From a photocopy of a page from the several 8th(?) century parchment folios (30 cm x 27 cm; Cat. No. 59-187) supplied by the courtesy of the Mational Museum, Mew Delhi.

The same text in modern Arabic script, given here—line by line—on the right, shows how

The same text in modern Arabic script, given here—line by line—on the right, shows how difficult to decipher the early Quranic specimens must have been. It is a pity that a photocopy edition of the entire Qur'an—from the earliest editions preserved in the museums of Istanbul and Tashkent—is not available.

SURA: BYYANAH

In the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 501

Never could have been retrieved (to faith) the faithless 'mong the Peoples of the Book and the Pagans

had there not come to them a manifest criterion:

byyinah

2 The Apostle from Allah quoting from the revered Scriptures

mutahharah

3 Which contain eternal Laws!

qyyimah

4 (And yet) those familiar with the Books did not cleave asunder until after there had come to them this manifest criterion!

byyinah

- 5 What did it ask of them except that they serve Allah with sincere devotion; be upright; stand fast to their duties; fulfil their obligations: and that this was (all and) the eternal reckoning?!

 qyyimah
- 6 And now, the faithless among the **Peoples of the Book** and the Pagans, will ever be consumed in the fire (of unbelief);
 they have become the worst of creatures.

 baryyah

رَنَّ الْأَيْدَنَّ كَفُرُوْامِنَ أَهْلِ الْكِنْبِ وَ
الْمُعْوِيُنَ فَيْ الْمِحَةَ لَمْخُولِ فِي فَا
الْمُعْوِيُنَ فَيْ الْمِحَةَ الْمُعْوِيِنَ فَيْ الْمَعْلِولُونَ فَيْ الْمَوْدُونَ فَيْ الْمَوْدُونَ فَيْ الْمُعْوِيَةِ فَيُواللَّمِ وَيَهِ فَيْ الْمُعْلِولُونَ وَلَهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَحْلُولُونَ وَلَيْكُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَائِهُ وَلَهُ وَيَعْلَمُ وَلَوْلِيلُونَ وَلَيْكُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونُ وَلَمْكُونَ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَوْلُونَ وَلَيْكُولُونَ وَلَيْكُونَ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَيْكُونَ وَلَمْكُونَ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَيْكُونَ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَيْكُونُ وَلَوْلِيلُونَ وَلَمْلِولُونَ وَلَائِلُونُ وَلَمْكُونُ وَلَائِمُ وَلَوْلُونُ وَلَمْكُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلَالِكُونُ وَلَائِمُ وَلَوْلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُولُونُ وَلِيلُونُ ولِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُولُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُولُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُولُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُولُونُ وَلِيلُولُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ ولِلْمُؤْلِقُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِمُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِلْمُؤْلِقُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِمُونُ وَلِمُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُونُ وَلِيلُو

ڵۘۉؽڴڹٳڷڹؠؽ۫؆ۘػۯٷٳ؈ٛٵۿٮڸ ٵ۠ڲۺ۠ٷڷڵؿڎڔڮڹؙ؆ؙڡٞۯٷڝ؈ ؾٲ۫ؾؠؙؠؙ؋ٳڷڽؾڹڰ۞ ۯڡٷڴۊڹڰڲڰۿ۞ ۅڡٵؿڣڗڰٲڵؽڹؽٲڎٷٳٲڮۺڔٳڰ ڡٷؠۼ؈ٵۼٲۼۿٷٳڸێؾؿڰ۞ ۮڡٵؖڡؙۅٷٙٳڵڒڸڝۼڽؙۅٳڶڶڰڂٛڸۅؿؽ ڵڎٵڸڗ۪ؽؽۥٞڂؽڟٳٙۊؽڣؿۿٳٳڶڝٙڶۅۊ ڎٷڴٳؙٳڵڒڝۼؠؙۅٳڶڵۿٷڵڸڝؽؽ ڎٷڴؙۅٛٳٳڵڒڝۼؠؙۅٳڶڰۿٷڵڣؿؽٷ ڎٷڴؙٷٳٳڵڒڝۼؠؙۅٳڶڰۿٷڵ

- 7 And those who have believed and strive in righteous deeds, they are the best of creatures.

 baryyah
- 8 Reward for them awaiteth with their Lord as gardens ever green beneath which streamlets flow, therein they shall abide for aye.

Well-pleased is Allah with them, well-pleased are they with Him!

That is for them who fear the Lord!

rabbah



SURA: HADĪD

h the name of Allah the Rahiman the Rahim

triveth all that is in the heavens and the earth He is the Sovereign and the Wise!

- 2 His rule extendeth o'er the heavens and the earth. He giveth, He taketh away life; and exerciseth He his sway over all creation.
- 3 He, the First, the Last; He the Manifest, the Hiddenmost He who is of every thing Aware.
- 4 He made the heavens and the earth in distinct stages; then established over them His order. His knowledge covers all that goes into the earth and all that sprouteth from it; all that descends on the earth and all that ascends

from it.

and He is ever with you wherever ye may be. Over all your actions He keepeth watch.

- 5 His rule extendeth o'er the heavens and the earth and to Him all disputes are, finally, referred.
- 6 The day He melteth into night and from the night the day He maketh to emerge! The inmost secret of the heart He knows.
- 7 Believe ye all in Allah and in His Messenger. Expend ye freely from that which He has made you heirs to.

For those who have believed among you, and who freely contribute, are ample gains.

8 What ails you that you put no trust in Allah even when the Apostle doth invite you to believe in your Lord and has, in fact, entered into covenant with you assuming your belief?

مُسْتَخْلَفِيْنَ فِيهِ قَالْانَيْنَ أَمَنُوْا مِنْكُمْ وَٱلْفَقُوالَهُمُ أَجُرُكُمُ يُرُى وَمَالَكُهُ لَا تُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالرَّسُولُ مَنْ عُوْكُهُ لِتُؤْمِنُوا بِرَبِّكُهُ وَتَدْ إِخَدُ منتَاقَكُمُ إِن كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ <u>ۮؙۅٳڷؙۮؠؙؽؙڒڷؙٷڸۼڮؠڔڰٳٝؽؾٲؠؾڶؾ</u> لْمُخْرِجَكُهُ مِّنَ الظُّلْمُتِ إِلَى النَّوْرِ وَ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ لِكُوْلُوءُونٌ رَّحِيْكُ ﴿ وَمَالَكُمُ الاَتُنْفِقُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ وَيِنْدِ مِنْوَاثُ التَّمَانِ وَالْأَرْضِ لايَسْتُويُ مِنْكُوْمَنَ أَنْفَقَ مِنْ قَبْل الْفَدْ وَقَامَلُ مِنْ تَعْدُونَا تَلْوَاهُ وَكُلَّا وَعَدَالِتُهُ الحُسْنَىٰ وَاللَّهُ بِمَاتَعُمَا كُونَ خَبِيْرٌ ﴿

سَبِّحَ بِلْهِ مَا فِي التَّمَا إِنَّ وَالْأَمْ فِي وَهُوَالْعَزِنْوُالْحَكِيْمُ ۞ لَهُ مُلْكُ التَّمَا بِوَالْأَرْضَ يُحَى وُكُمنتُ وَهُوعَلَى كُلِّ شَيْ قُلَ يَكُلُ مِنْ وَهُوعَلَى كُلِّ شَيْ قُلَ يُرُونَ هُوَالْأَوُّلُ وَالْآخِرُ وَالظَّاهِرُ وَالْكَاهِرُ وَهُوَيِكُلِّ شَيُّ عَلِيْمٌ ۞ هُوَالَّذِي تُحَكَّلُقَ التَّمَاوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي ستَّة الكَامِرْتُمَّالُسُتَوْي عَلَى الْعَرُشِ الْعَرُشِ يَعُلَمُ مَا يَلِيجُرِ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَخُومِهُ منهاؤ مآينزل من التماء و مانغه فِهُمَا وَهُوَمَعَكُمُ إِينَ مَأَكُنْتُو وَاللَّهُ بمَاتَعُمُلُؤنَ بَصِيْرُ ۞ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوْتِ وَالْكِرْضِ مُ وَإِلَى الله

- 9 He it is who manifests, through His servant, obvious evidence (of the working of His laws) so that He may lead you out from darkness into light!
 - Verily, Allah to you has been most considerate and kind.
- 10 What ails you that ye spend not in the way of Allah when all inheritence of heaven and earth is His?

Not equal with others are those who spent and strove before the signs of victory;

they are high above in rank than those who spent and strove only later.

But, to all hath Allah promised good reward. for that which each has contributed.

Allah is aware.



2 *** 503

11 Who is there that will loan a goodly loan to Allah?

He will repay him two-fold, and generous wage besides.

12 On that day one will see the men and women who believed striving forward in the light (of faith) preceding and surrounding them:

The crier crieth welcome to them:

"Today for you await gardens ever green, beneath which streamlets flow.

Abide ye here for aye—this is grace abundant."

13 That day the men and women who had dissembled faith will beg of those who had believed: "Tarry ye awhile so that we too might share your light."

They will answer:

"Go ye back and seek for your own light!"
And lo, a wall, (but one) which has a door, divides them:

within is mercy and without, they face frustration.

14 They call out (to the ones within),

"Were not we among you?"

They answer,

"Yes, but you fooled yourselves, you hesitated and you doubted, you were beguiled by vain desires till there came on you Allah's decrees, while the Deceiver still deceived you!"

- 15 Therefore, today, no ransom is acceptable from those who disbelieved; yours it is to singe beside the fire you've taken for a friend and piteous are your prospects!
- 16 Is not time ripe for the hearts of the Faithful to melt at Allah's revelations and respond to the truth which is revealed?

(Should they not beware) lest they become like those on whom Scriptures were bestowed and in the course of time their hearts were hardened and most of them rebelled? 17 Know ye that Allah brings the earth to life after it has died.

Thus doth Allah clarify His signs, so that you may understand.

- 18 Ye generous ones—be ye men or women!

 Loan ye goodly loans to Allah—He will repay twofold and reward you with His grace.
- 19 Those who believe in Allah and His Messengers they are the people who are truthful. They are the witnesses in the sight of their Lord.

For them is their reward and their light. But as to those who disbelieve and who belie Our signs, they are the companions of hell.

3 *** 504

20 Know ye that this transient life is perpetual play—(merely) a facade—
competition 'mong yourselves, constant pursuit after property and progeny.

'Tis like the pasture green which (transient) rain doth make fair-seeming to the husband-man!

But lo! it withers, turneth yellow and soon becometh chaff!

Anon, it doth become a whirling menace and then, by the grace of Allah, a blessed source of nourishment (to future pastures)!

What then is transient life (of man) except a purchase vain?

21 Race ye then towards the largesse of your Lord and His paradise the dimensions of which cover the dimensions of heaven and earth.

It has been promised to those who have believed in Allah and His Apostle!

Such is His grace—He bestoweth it on whom He wills. Allah's Grace is infinite.

22 There falleth no calamity upon the land or on yourselves but that it followeth the law which We already have enforced. That is easy for Allah. 23 So that you need not vex yourselves o'er what you lose, or be unduly exultant o'er that which He has given you.

Allah loveth not the preening boaster.

- 24 Nor those who, being niggardly themselves, enjoin on others also to be niggardly! But if one turns repentant—well, Allah too is Rich and Gracious.
- 25 Certainly We sent Our Envoys with Our evidence; but We also sent with them the BOOK and the BALANCE so that among men may prevail equity.

We also bestowed STEEL-

therein lies much power, and much advantage for mankind—

so that Allah may distinguish those who help Him and His Apostles with all their hearts! Allah is, indeed, the Sovereign and the Powerful.

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26 And, certainly, We sent Nuh and Ibrahim and, midst their progeny We placed Lawgivers and the Law.

But only some accepted guidance; most of them were recalcitrants.

27 Then followed in their wake Our Messengers and We sent 'Isa son of Maryam and with him the Injil. And in the hearts of those who followed him We poured compassion and benevolence.

But monasticism, they innovated for themselves—for We had not enjoined it on them except to seek the pleasure of Allah; but they gave not to it its due regard.

To those who did believe We gave their compensation but most of (even) these are recalcitrants.

28 O ye who have believed!

Fear ye Allah and trust ye His Apostle; He will bring you twofold of His blessings: He will pardon you your faults (of the past) and give to you a light to guide (your future)—for Allah is, Forgiving, Merciful.

وَمَا الْحَيْوِةُ الدُّنْيَأَ إِلاَ مَتَاعُ الْغُرُورِ ۞ سَابِقُةُ اللَّي مَغْفَ لا قِينَ رُلَّكُمُ وَجَنَّةِ لكن يُن امتواما لله ورسلة ولك فضل تنه مَنُ تَشَاءً وَاللَّهُ دُوالْفَصَّلِ مَا أَصَابَ مِنْ مُصِيْبَةٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فَ ٱلْفُيكُةُ الْآفِكُ شِينَةً مِنْ تَجُسُلِ أَنْ تُبْرَأَهَا وَإِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهُ سَيْرٌ ﴿ لكنَا وَأَسْدَاعَلُ مَا فَاتَّكُوهُ وَلاَتَفَوَّهُ وَلاَ لَقَدِّحُوا سَأَاتُكُةُ وَاللَّهُ لَائْحِتْ كُلُّ مُخْتَال مَالْبُخُلُ وَمَنْ يُتَوَلَّ فَأَنَّ اللَّهُ هُوَ لقذ أرسكنا ومكنا بالبينت وأنزلنا معه لكثب والمنزان للفؤة والكاس بالقسطة مَنَافِعُ لِلنَّاسِ وَلِيعُلْمُ اللَّهُ مَنْ يَنْهُمُ لَا وَرُسُلَهُ بِالْغَيْثِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ تَوَيُّ عَزِيْزُهُ وَلَقُنُ أَرْسَلُنَا ثُوحًا وَإِيْرُهِ يُمُوحَ حَعَلْنَا المُورِّتُهِمَا النُّهُوَّةَ وَالْكِثُ فَينُهُمُ المُهْتَانَا وَكَثِينَارُ قِنْهُمْ فَسِقُونَ۞ ثُمَّةً تَفَنَّنَا عَلَى أَثَارِهِمْ مِرْسُلِنَا وَقَفْنَنَا يعيْسَى إِبْنِ مَرْبِهَ وَاتَيْنُهُ الْأَخْيُلُ وَ حَمَلْنَا فِي كُلُوبِ الْدِيْنِ النَّهُ وَهُ رَأْفَةً وَّرُحُمَةً * وَرَهْمَانِيَّةً إِنْتُكَمُّ عُنِهَا مَالْتُنْهُمَا عَلَيْمُ إِلَّا ابْتِغَاءُ بِضُوانِ اللهِ ثَمَّارَعُوهَا حَقَّ بِعَالِيَهَا ۚ وَأَتَهُنَّا الَّذِينَ اعْنُوا مِنْهُ أَجْرَهُمْ مِنْ وَكَتِهُ يُرُقِيْهُمُ فَسِقُونَ ۞ تَأَتُّهُا الَّذِينَ امَّنُوا اتَّقَوُ اللَّهُ وَامِنُوا برَسُولِهِ يُؤْتِكُمُ لِفُلَيْنِ مِنْ زَحْمَتِهِ وَ يَجْعَلُ لَكُمُ نُورُ المُشُونَ بِهِ وَيَغْفِرُ لَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ تُرْجِيهُ ٥ لِتُكْرِيعُكُمُ أَهْلُ الْكِتْبِ الْآيَقْدِ دُونَ عَلْى شَيْ قِبِنْ فَصْلِ اللهِ وَإِنَّ الْفَصْلَ بيرالله يُؤتيه من يَشا أود والله دُوالْفَصَيل الْعَظِيم أَ

مَنْ ذَاللَّهُ يُ يُقْرِضُ اللَّهُ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا وَيُضِعِفُهُ لَهُ وَلَهُ آخِرُ لَهُ الْحِرْ لَهُ الْحِرْ اللَّهِ يَهُ وَتُرَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَالْمُؤْمِنْتِ يَسْعَى كُنْ أُهُمُ مُ يَنْ أَيْدُ يُهُمُ وَمِأْيُمُ أَيْمُ أَيْمُ أَيْنُوا الْدُهُ وَجَنْتُ تَجُهِ فِي مِنْ تَحْتَمَا الْأَنْفِ خُلِدِينَ يَعْنَا وَلِكَ هَا لَهُ وَالْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَة كؤم تقذل المنفقة ن والمنفقة الكران أَمَنُواالْطُورُ وَمَا لَقُتَدِسُ مِنْ لَوْ رِكُمُ قِيْلَ ارْجِعُوْا وَرَآءَ كُوْفَالْهَسُوالُوْرًا ط فَخْمِ كَ يَنْ مُنْهُمْ بِسُوْ رِلَّهُ مَاكٌ * مَا يَطِنُهُ فنهالزَّحْمَةُ وَظَاهِرُهُ مِنْ قِبَلِهِ مُنَادُونَيْتُ مِ أَلَيْمَاكُنُ مُعَكُمْ قَالُوْ إِبْلَ وَلَكِنَّكُونُ تَنْهُ إِلْفُ كُونُ وَتَرَبَّصُهُمْ وَ ارْتَيْهُمُ وَغَوَّتُكُوالْاَمَا لِيُّحَتَّى جُاءًا مَرُ الله وَعُرُّكُمُ مِاللهِ الْغَرُورُ ﴿ <u>ۼٲڵؠۏؘۘۘڡٙڵٳٷٛڂۮڡڹؙڴۿڣۮؽڎ۠ۊۜٙڒڡؚڹ</u> الَّذِينَ كَفَوُوا مُأُونِكُواكَارُوهِي مَوْلِكُو وَيِلْسُ الْمَصِيْرُ @ ٱلْحُرِيَانِ لِلَّذِينَ أَمَنُوٓ الَّنِ يَخَشَّعَ قُلُوْمُهُمُ لِيَكْمِ اللهِ وَمَانَزَلَ مِنَ الْحَقِّ وَلَا يَكُونُوا كَالَّذِيْنِينَ أُونُوا الْكِتْبَ مِنْ قَبُلُ فَطَالَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْإُمَدُ وَقَسَتْ قُلُوبُهُ مُ وَكَثِيدُ مِنْهُمْ فِيقُونَ ٠٠ إعْلَمُهُ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُعْنِي الْإِرْضَ بِغُدُ مَوْتِهَا ۗ قَدُيْنَئَا لَكُوُالْإِيْتِلَعَنَّكُوْتُعُقِلُونَ@ إنّ الْمُصّدة فِين وَالْمُصّدة فت وَأَقْرَضُوا الله قرضا حسنا تضعف لهن ولهم الصِّيِّ يُنْفُونَ لِأَوْالشُّهُ كَأَوْعِنُدُرَبِّهِمُ لَقِيرُ أَجْرُهُمْ وَنُؤْرُهُمْ وَالْأَنْ يُنَاكُفُووْا وَكُذُبُوا مِا يُتِنَّأُ أُولَيْكَ أَصْحُتُ أَجَدِيْهِ إعْلَمُو اكتما الحيوة الدُنيالعِبُ وَلَهُو ٷؘۯؽڹڎؙۊڗؽڶڂٷؿؽڹڴۄؙۅٛؾڮٵڞ۠ٷ_ۼڣ الأموال والزولاد ككمثل غنث أغجك ٱلكُفَّارَنْيَاتُهُ ثُوَّةً يَهِيهُ وَتَرْبُهُ مُصْفَةً ا تُخْرِيَكُونُ حُطَامًا وَ فِي الْإِنِهُ وَعَزَاكُ

شَيِينَكُ وَمَغْفِرَةً مِنَ اللهِ وَرِضُوانً

29 Let the Peoples of the Book realize that they control not Allah's bounty.

All bounty lies with Allah; He bestows it on whom He wills and Allah is the great Bestower.

SURA: MUJĀDILA

mithename of Allahithe Rahillian ihe Rahilm

1 *** 506

Allah has, indeed, heard the plaint of her who pleads with thee against her mate; and also with Allah.

And Allah heareth what ye both discuss.

For Allah is the One who Hears, the One who Sees!

2 If any among you forswear their wives by calling them their 'mothers' become they not thereby, their mothers.

-None can be one's mother except the one who bears him-

Verily, what they say is monstrous, false, and obscene.

But Allah overlooks; He doth forgive.

3 But those who (henceforth) forswear their wives and repeat the words—let them free a slave before they touch each other.

Thus are ye advised, and Allah is Aware of all ve do.

4 And he who cannot, let him fast two months consecutively before they touch each other; and he who doth not have the strength (to fast) let him feed sixty of the indigent.

This, so that, ye may demonstrate your faith in Allah and His Messenger.

These are the limits set by Allah, and for them who hide iniquity is punishment severe.

5 Verily, those who obstruct Allah and His Apostle will be humbled even as were humbled those before them—

Verily, We have sent ample proofs; and those who would evade for them is humbling punishment.

6 On the day when Allah doth assemble them all together, He will acquaint them with what they did.

Allah hath kept count although they have forgotten.

Allah over every thing is witness.

2 *** 507

7 Dost thou not realize that Allah knoweth all that is in the heavens and the earth?

No three can join in conclave when He is not the fourth:

no five when He is not the sixth:

nor more nor less than these, when He is not amidst them wheresoever they might be.

Then will He acquaint them, on the day infallible, of what they did.

Verily, of all things Allah is Aware.

8 Dost thou not perceive those who were warned against caballing?

But they repeat what they were warned against, and secretly they plot in wickedness, in rancour and in defiance against the Apostle!

And (even) when they come to thee they hail thee otherwise than Allah would have thee be hailed;

and then they snigger 'mong themselves:

"Why does not Allah punish us for what we say?"

Enough for them is hell, evil is their destination!

9 O ye who have believed!

When ye meet among yourselves eschew ye wickedness, rancour and defiance, against the Apostle. Discuss ye virtuously and guardedly.

Fear ye Allah to whom ye must return.

10 Verily, these secret intrigues are the promptings of a devil only meant to terrorize those who have believed.

No harm can they inflict except by Allah's leave. Let only in Allah Believers put their trust.

11 O ye who have believed!

When, in gatherings, it is said to you, "Make room!" make ye room.

Allah will make room for you!

And when you're asked to rise, then rise ye: Allah will raise high those who have faith, and those who possess knowledge in high degree. Allah, of all you do, is all aware!

12 O ye who have believed!

When ye (wish to) confer with the Apostle let an offering precede your conference: that will be good for you and edifying.

But if ye find nought (to offer) then Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

13 Do ye shy at making offerings before an interview?

Then don't; Allah will overlook, But stand ye fast to duty; fulfil your obligations. Obey ye Allah and His Apostle! For Allah is Aware of all ye do.

3 *** 508

14 Dost thou not observe those who mingle, with a people who are under Allah's wrath? Belong they not to you; nor are they with them.

Falsely swear they fealty and well they know it!

- 15 Allah has in store for them grievous chastisement; Evil, indeed, is what they do.
- 16 Shelter they take behind their oaths and obstruct the path to Allah.
 For them awaiteth gross disgrace.

لَا يُفَاالُّهُ مِنَ المُنْوَالِدَاقِيلُ لَكُمْ تَفَسَّعُوا وادافات الشاوا فالشا وايزنع الله مُّ أَنْ تُقَدِّمُوْ ابَيْنَ كِـ كَاكُ بُحُوْ لَكُوْصَدَ قُتِ فَاذُلُوْتِفُعَكُوا وَتَابَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمُ فَأَقِيمُواالصَّاوَةَ وَأَثُواالزُّلُولَةُ وأطنعه الله ورسولة والتوخية وكما تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ ٱلْوْتُورِ إِلَى الَّذِي أَنْ تُولُوا قَوْمًا غَضِبَ اللَّهُ نى عَنْهُمْ أَمْنِ الْهُنْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ

則則問

الْقَوْلُ وَزُوْرًا وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ لَعَفُوًّ عَفُورًا ۞ فَبْلِ أَنْ يُتُمَا لِمُا وَلَكُونُوعَظُونَ بِهِ الْقِلْمُةِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُكُلِّ شُيًّا عَ

17 Neither wealth nor progeny can safeguard them at all against (the wrath of) Allah. Associates of fire: dwell they therein for aye.

هُمُونَهُ عَالَحٰلِكُونَ @

- 18 One day Allah will waken them all together! And they will fealty swear to Him even as they swear to you thinking that they have something to stand on! How disillusioned they will be!
- 19 The devil has enraptured them, oblivious are they of Allah. The devil's partisans they have become! And O, the devils partisans! 'Tis they, indeed, who lose!
- 20 Those who obstruct Allah and His Apostle will be most debased.
- 21 Allah hast decreed:
 "I and Apostles Mine will (ever and anon)
 prevail!"

And Allah is All Power, All-Sovereignty.

22 One dost not find a people, who believe in Allah and the Day infallible, mingling fraternally with those who impede Allah and His Apostle—even if such be their fathers or their sons, their brothers or their kindred! Belief He hath inscribed in their hearts and He has strengthened them with spirit from Himself.

كَغِدُ تَوْمَا يُوْمِنُونَ بِالْفِوالْيُورِالْجَرِ يُوَكُوْنَ مَنْ حَكَاالْتُوَوْمُوْنَ بِالْفِوالْيُورِالْجَرِ أَبَادَهُمْ اوَ إِنِنَاءَهُمُ اوَاخْوَامُمُهُ اوَعِيْمَرُهُمُّ الْيِّكَ تَنْهَبُورَكُمْ الْوَيْمَانَ وَلَيْنَ مُمْ بِرُدُيْجِوْنَهُ وَيُدُيْخِلُمُ مَنْتُونِيَّةً يَوْمَا الْوَلْفُرِخِلِينِيْنَ فِيْهَا مَرِيْنِيَالِشُو عَنْهُ الْوَرْمُونُواعِنُهُ أُولِيكَ وَفِهَا مَرْفِقَ اللهُ عَنْهُ اوْرَمُونُواعِنُهُ أُولِيكَ وَفِهَا مَرْفِقَ اللهُ الْوَرْنَ حِذْبُ اللهِ هُدُولُلْمُ الْمُونِينَ فَيْ يُومَيَتُهُ كُولُونَ لَهُ مَعِيمُ فَاتَهُ لِلْوُنَ لَهُ مَلْمَا عَلَيْهُ لِلْوُنَ لَهُ مَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ وَلَمُ مَلْمُ الْمَلْمُ وَلَمْ الْمَلْمُ وَلَمْ الْمَلْمُ وَلَمْ الْمَلْمُ وَلَمْ الْمَلْمُ وَلَمْ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَى اللّهُ وَلَمْ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللللللللل

He will assign them gardens fair beneath which rivers flow—therein they shall abide for ave.

Well-pleased is Allah with them. Well-pleased are they with Him. They are the volunteers of Allah. And O, the volunteers of Allah! 'Tis they, indeed, who prosper!





SURA: HASHR

h the name of Allah the Rahillian the Rahill

1 *** 509

Striveth in the way of Allah all that is in the heavens and on earth and He is the Sovereign and the Wise.

2 He is the One who made the perfidious among the Peoples of the Book desert their habitations at the first muster!

Ye had not expected them to leave and they had thought that their strongholds would protect them from Allah.

But Allah came upon them from whence they had not counted, and cast (such) terror in their hearts that they destroyed their dwellings with their own hands and (not) by the hands of the Believers!

Marvel! O ye who can perceive!

- 3 Had not Allah (thus) decreed their exodus He would have punished them presently and for them would be suffering in the future.
- 4 That is because they broke away from Allah and His Apostle: and he who breaks away from Allah—to him, verily, Allah is Severe in punishment.
- 5 The palm-trees ye slashed down, and those ye left standing on their roots—was by the leave of Allah; so that He may humble the rebellious.
- 6 It is Allah who bestowed on the Apostle what was theirs—ye pressed not horse or camel in its wake. Allah giveth His Apostle lordship over whom He wills.

And Allah hath power absolute over every thing.

ذلك بالقيمة المتافزات ورسولة ومن المتحاب المت

脚側

سَبَتَحِيْفُومَا فِي التَّمُوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضُ وَهُوَالْهُوَيُّ وَالْتَحْكِيمُ هُ۞ هُوَالْهُوَيُّ وَالْتَحْرَبِهُ الْهِالْمِوْقُ الْمِنْ اَمْلِ الْكِنْفِي مَنْ مِينَارِهُ إِلاَقُلِ الْحُثْمِةُ مَا تَلْتُنْكُمُ أَنْ يَتَحْرُكُوا وَظَنْوَا الْقُرْمُ اللهُ مَا تَلْتُنَكُمُ مَنْ مَعُونُهُ أَمْ قِنَ اللهِ وَاللهِ وَاللهِ مَنْ اللهُ وَاللهِ وَاللهِ اللهِ وَاللهِ وَاللهُ وَاللهِ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهِ وَاللهُ وَاللهِ وَلْمِنْ وَاللّهِ وَاللّهِ وَاللّهِ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهِ وَاللّهِ وَال

7 What Allah hath bestowed on His Apostle from the people of the township, (therefore) belongeth only to Allah and His Apostle—(for distribution) to the near of kin, the orphans, the helpless and the homeless.

It is not wealth that needs be shared (also) by the wealthy among yourselves. Whatever the Apostle giveth take ye; whatever he denieth you, deny ye that to yourselves.

And Allah (ever) keep in mind for, verily. He is strict in punishment.

8 (A portion is due also) to the poor among the Emigrants—those who were driven out from their homes and means of subsistence, seeking Allah's grace and His protection, while serving Allah and His Apostle

They are the genuine (needy).

9 And as for those who had possessed their homes and faith already—they cherish those who came to them as immigrants:

they have no wish within their hearts for that which is bestowed on these.

They give them preference o'er themselves in spite of themselves being in need!

Those who guard themselves from their own avarice, 'tis they who prosper!

10 And those who later joined (the fold), they pray.

"Our Lord! Be Thou merciful to us and our brethren who did precede us in belief and let no rancour smear our hearts against them!

Our Lord! Thou, indeed, art Kind and Merciful."



2 *** 510

11 Dost thou not observe the hypocrites? They tell their fellow unbelievers among the Peoples of the Book:

"If ye are driven out, we too shall go out with you.

No word against you shall we ever hearken to; and if ye are assaulted we shall defend you!?"

Allah beareth witness that they lie!

- 12 If they are driven out they will not go with them; nor, if they are assaulted will they help them. And even if they go to help, they will turn their backs in flight and leave them helpless.
- 13 Ye yourselves inspire more terror in their hearts than Allah!

That is because they are a people without understanding.

14 They will never fight you outright except from townships fortified or from behind high walls. Intense is enmity among themselves.

Ye look on them en masse but in their hearts they are divided.

That is because they are a people who do not think.

- 15 They are like those who have preceded them: recently they tasted the fruits of their own actions, for them is punishment severe.
- 16 Resemble they the Shaitan when he said to man, "Transgress!" And when he transgressed, said he
 - "I disown thee! Fear I Allah, the Lord of all communities!"
- 17 Such will be the end of both; in distress they will be for aye.

Such is the retribution of all who transgress!

لِلْفُقِرُ] وَالْمُفْجِرِينَ الْنَايِنَ ٱخْرِجُوْا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ وَامُوالِمُ يَبْتَعُونَ فَضُلًّا

مِّنَ اللهِ وَرِضُوانًا قَايَنْصُرُ وَنَ اللَّهُ وَ

رَسُولَة أُولِيكَ هُمُ الصِّيهِ وَوَنَ ٥

نَ جَلُوْدُونِ لَكُورِهِ مِنْ لَكُورِهِ مِنْ لَقُولُونَ

امُنْوْارِئِنَكَ الْكُورُونُ وَحِنْهُ أَمْ

ٱلْحُرْتُو لِلْ الَّذِينَ مَا فَقُوْالَقُورُ لَا إِنَّ الْحُوْلِيمُ

ئُةِ بِلْوَالِايِنْصُرُونَهُ مُوْ وَلَهِنْ لَكُورُونَهُمْ وَيْ بِلُوَالِايِنْصُرُونَهُمُ وَلَهُمُ وَلَيْنَ لَصُرُونَهُمْ

3 *** 511

18 O ye who have believed!

Mind ye Allah!

Let every soul foresee what it sendeth forth for the morrow.

Mind ye Allah!

Verily, Allah is aware of all ye do!

- 19 Be ye not like those who forget Allah so that He makes them forget themselves! Such are those who rebel!
- 20 By no means similar are (the prospects of) the wicked and the good! It is the good who will achieve felicity!
- 21 Had We bestowed this Qur'an upon a solid rock thou wouldst have seen it tremble and cleave asunder in deference to Allah! Such are the similes We coin for men so that perchance they may reflect!
- 22 Such is Allah that there is no deity but He! Knower of the hidden and the manifest! He is the Rahman, the Rahim.

23 Such is Allah:

There is no deity but He! The ultimate Authority; The Pure and Holy; The Bestower of Serenity; The One to be Relied on; Motherly Protector: All-mighty, Irresistible. Supreme! Glory be to Allah! And yet they blaspheme!

كُمْتُنَا الْذَائِنَ مِنْ قَدْلِهِ وَقُونُمَّا وَاتَّوَا فَلَتَأَلَفُو قَالَ إِنَّى بَرِيٌّ مِنْكُ إِنَّ اتَاكُ فَكَانَ عَاٰقِبُتُهُمَّا أَنَّهُمُ أَكُهُما فِي النَّارِخَالِدَيْنِ وَلا تَكُونُوا كَالْدُيْنَ نَسُوا اللَّهُ فَالنَّهُمُ لؤآنزلناهذا القزان علجبل تزائيته يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ٠ هُوَاللَّهُ الَّذِي أَرَّ إِلَّهَ إِلَّا هُو عَلِمُ أَغَيْب وَالشُّهَا دَقِ مُعُوالرَّحُمْنُ الرَّحِيْمُ الْقُلُّ وُسُ السَّلْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُهَدِينَ الْعَزِيْدُ الْجَتَارُ الْمُتَكَثِّرُ وسُبُعُنَ الله عَمَّا أَيْثُمَرُكُونَ 🕣

هُ النَّهُ الْخَالَةُ الْمَارِيُّ الْمُصَوِّدُ لَهُ المنشأة الخشني يستخرك كأف التلات وَالْاَرْضُ وَهُوَالْعَزِيْرُ الْعَكِيْمُ

24 Such is Allah!

The Creator! The Moulder!

The Adorner!

and He it is who is All-Mighty and All-Wise.

اللهُ رَبِّ الْعُلْمِينَ ﴿ فِنْهَا وَدُلِكَ جَزَوُ الظَّلِمِينَ فَ نَأَتُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اتَّقَدُ اللَّهُ وَلْتَنْظُرُ نَفْسٌ مَا قَدَّ مَسُلِغَدٌ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهُ ﴿ إِنَّ فُولَا اللَّهُ ﴿ إِنَّ الله خَدِيرُ كِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ @ أَنْفُسُكُمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مُعْمِ الْفَسِقُونَ ١٠ الْعَبَّة والمُعْدُ الْعَنْدَة هُمُوالْفًا إِبْرُونَ خَاشِعًا مُّتُصَدِّعًا مِّنْ خَشْمَةِ اللهِ اللهِ وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثَالُ نَضْرِيُهَا لِلنَّاسِ لَعَلَّمُ هُوَاللَّهُ الَّذِي كُلَّ إِلْمُ إِلَّا هُوَ ۚ ٱلْمَلِكُ

> All beauteous names are His! Glorifieth Him all that is in heaven and on earth:



*

SURA: MUMTAḤINNA

m the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 512

Oye who have believed!

Take not Mine enemies and yours for friends, showing them regard despite their having rejected the truth bestowed on you.

Your Apostle, and yourselves, they have driven out, merely because ye both believe in Allah as your Lord!

Have ye not arisen to strive along My path? To gain My favour?

And yet in secret ye show friendliness to them?!

But I am All-Aware of what ye hide and what ye display.

Whoever acteth thus among you is surely led astray, from the smoothened path.

2 If they were to come upon you they would be your foes—lashing out their hands and tongues against you.

All that they want is that you should apostatize.

3 Of no avail will be to you your kindred or your sons on the day infallible.

He will judge between you; and Allah, of all you do, is Well-Aware.

- 4 Indeed, there doth exist for you an excellent example in *Ibrahim* and his kindred when they said to their people:
 - "Verily, we withdraw ourselves from you and what ye worship beside Allah; we have rejected you and there shall be between ourselves and you open and perpetual enmity until ye too believe in Allah as the One and only!"

Excepting that which *Ibrahim* said to his father: "I will pray for thee to be forgiven although I have no assurance from Allah on thy account."

"Our Lord!

In Thee we trust, to Thee we turn in penitence; Thou art our one and only Goal!

5 "Our Lord!

Make us not a pray to those who disbelieve! Forgive us Thou (our weaknesses), our Lord! For, Thou art, verily, the Sovereign and the Wise!"

6 Verily, therein lies for you an excellent example for everyone who looks to Allah and the future day.

But if one turns away—Allah is Un-dependent. Worthy of all praise!

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7 It may be that Allah will (in time) establish friendship between yourselves and those whom you now hold as enemies;

Allah (over everything) hath power; and Allah is Forgiving, Merciful!

8 Allah doth not forbid (friendship) with those who have not harassed you for your faith nor driven you from your hearths—to them be ye considerate and fair.

Allah loveth those who would be fair.

9 Allah detereth you from befriending only those who harassed you for your beliefs and drove you from your homes or backed up your expulsion;

whosoever maketh friends with these doth transgress.

10 O ye who have believed!

When there come to you believing womenrefugees, cross-question them; Allah best knows what they believe!

If ye are then convinced that they believe, extradite them not to the infidels; such women are not meet for them; nor are they smitable for such women.

But restore to the pagans what they have bestowed on them.

No blame will be on you if ye marry them after having paid their dower.

الميزك

فولنوقين دياركموان

Insist not on your rights on unbelieving women; demand ye what ye have paid for them; let them demand what they have paid for women (who have emigrated to you).

Such are the injunctions of Allah: He arbitrates between you.

He is the Knower, He is the Wise.

11 If any of your women escape to the infidels and (later) ye pursue (the infidels and acquire spoils) restore ye to your men what they had paid in dower.

Fear ye Allah in whom ye trust.

- 12 O thou Apostle! When there come to thee believing women to offer fealty with pledges that:
 - (i) they will associate nothing with Allah;
 - (ii) they will not rob;
 - (iii) they will not fornicate;
 - (iv) they will not slay their progeny;
 - (v) they will indulge not in calumny, nor slander openly and knowingly; (and that)
 - (vi) they will not disobey thee in matters within reason: accept thou then their allegiance and pray to Allah for their pardon. Verily, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 13 O ye who have believed!

Befriend ye not a people who have incurred the wrath of Allah. They have themselves despaired of the future as pagans do despair of those entombed!

إنَّهَا يَنْهُمُ كُواللَّهُ عَنِ الْذَانِيَ قَالَا لُوَكُمُ فِي الدِّيْنِ وَأَخْرَجُوْلُهُ مِّنْ دِيَارِكُمْ وَ ظَاهَرُ وَاعَلَى الْحُرَاجِكُمُ أَنْ تُولُؤُهُمُ وَمَنْ تُنَةُ لَيْهُمْ فَأُولِنَكَ هُمُ الظَّلِمُ إِنَّ فَعُمُ الظَّلِمُ وَنَ⁰ نَأَتُهُا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُواْ إِذَاجِنَا عَكُمُ الْمُؤْمِنْتُ مُفْعِيْتِ فَاصْتَحِبُوْهُنَّ ۚ ٱللَّهُ أَعْلَىٰ إِثَامُا كُمَا غِيلًا مُمَا غِينًا نَأَنْ عَلِمْ مُؤْهِنَّ مُؤْمِنْتِ فَلَا تَرْجِعُوهُنَّ إِلَى الْكُفَّارُ لَاهُنَّ حِلُّ لَهُمُ وَلَاهُمُ مِيجِاؤُنَ لَهُنَّ ۗ وَأَنَّوْهُمْ مَّأَ أَنْفَقُوا ﴿ وَلِاجْنَا مَهِ عَلَيْكُمُ أَنْ تَنْكِحُوْهُ نَ إِذَا أَتَهُ مُنْوَهُنَّ أَجُورُهُنَّ وَلَاتُنسِكُو إِيعِصَمِ اللوَافِروَسُتُكُواماً أنفقة أوليست كؤاماً أنفقوا وذاسطم حُكُواللَّهُ رَحُكُو كُنْ مُنْكُورُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ حَكُمُمُ ۞ وإن فَاتَكُونُهُ مِنْ أَصِنَ أَرْوَاحِكُمُ إِلَى الْكُفَّارِفَعَاقَبْتُمْ فَأَنُّوا الَّذِي يُنَ دَهَبَتْ أزُواجُهُ مِعْ فِي لَا أَلْفَقُوا واتَّقُوا الله الذي فَيَ النَّهُمْ بِهِ مُؤْوِنُونَ ﴿ نَأَتُهُ النَّبِي إِذَا جَاءَكُ الْمُؤْمِنْتُ يُمَايُغُكُ عَلَى آنُ لَا يُشْرَكُنَ بِاللَّهِ شَمُّنَّا وَلَا يَسُوفُنَ وُلِانْ بِيُنَ وَلِا يَقْتُلْنَ أَوْلُا وَهُنَّ وَلَا الْتِيْنَ بِهُفَتَانِ يَفْتَرِينَهُ مُنْنَ أَيْدِ هِنَ وَٱرْجُلِهِنَّ وَلَا يُعْصِيْنَكَ فِي مَعْرُونِ فَيَأَيْعُهُنَّ وَاسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ

غَفُوْرُ رَحِيْدُهُ ۞ يَايُهُمَا النِّهِ يُنَ اُمَنُوا اِكْتَتَوَلُوْا قَوْمًا عَضِبَ الثُّهُ عَلَيْمٍ قَدْيَهِمُوا مِنْ الْخِرَةِ كَمَا يَهِسَ الطَّقُارُ مِنْ اَصْحُبٍ الْقُدُّورِ شَ

則則問

ءَ عَنُ وَكُوْ اَوْلِمَاءُ تُلْقُونَ الَّهِ مِهِ الْمُودَّةِ إِنْ تَتْقَفُولُونُونُوالْكُونُوالْكُواْغُوالْوَكُونُوالْكُونُوالْكُونُوالْكُونُونُولُونُونُولُونُو لَنْ تَنْفَعَكُمْ أَرْجَا فَكُوْ وَلَّا أَوْلَا ذُكُوٰ ۚ يُوْمَ تَدْكَانَتُ لَكُمُ أُسُوةً حَسَنَةً فَي إِبْرِهِيمَ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ إِذْ قَالُوالِقَوْمِهِمْ إِنَّا أَرُوا وَا مِنْكُمْ وَمِمَّالَعُبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهُ كَفَرْنَا بكة وكدايت فنكا وتشنككم العكداوة والبغضاة أَبَدُ احَتَّى ثُوْمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَحُدَّةَ إِلَّا قُولَ إنرهيم لأسه لأستغفرت لك وما الملك لَكَ مِنَ اللّهُ مِنْ أَنَّى وَرَبَّنَا عَلِيَّكَ تَوْكُلُنَّا وَالْنَاكَ أَنْنَنَا وَإِلْنَاكَ الْمَصَارُ ﴿ رَتُنَا لِا تَجْعَلْنَا فِتُنَةً لِللَّذِينَ كُفُّرُوا واغفة لتارتنا الكفائت العنزير الحكيمة ١ لَقَدْكَانَ لَكُمُ فِيهِمُ أَسُوةً حَسَنَةً لَكُنَانَانَ يَرْجُوااللهُ وَالْهُوْمَ الْاخِرَمْ وَمَنْ سَتُولَ عَبَهِ اللَّهُ إِنْ يَتُحُعَا السَّنَّكُمُ وَكُونَ الكنانن عادنة بمنهمة محوكة والله وكنائر ادَىنُفْ كُمُّاللَّهُ عَنِ الْفَيْنِ لَمُرْيَعَ الْإِلْوَكُمْ

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Sura : SAFF

m the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 514

Striveth in the way of Allah all that is in the heavens and on earth and He is the Sovereign and the Wise.

- 2 O ye who have believed! Why do ye promise what ye do not perform?
- 3 Abhorrent is, indeed, to Allah that what you say you should not carry out.
- 4 Allah loveth those who, in His cause, fight in serried ranks as if they were a compact edifice.

2 *** 515

5 Remember, Musa to his people said,

"O my people! Why do you vex and hurt when you well know that I am Allah's Apostle to you?"

So when they (still) went wrong Allah made their hearts go wrong;

for Allah guideth not a people who rebel.

6 Remember 'Isa son of Maryam said, "O Bani Isra'il!

I am Allah's Apostle to you.

Confirm I that which has preceded me in the Taurat; and herald I another Apostle who shall come after me—his name shall be Ahmad!" But when he came to them with clear proofs, they (merely) said,

"This is open sorcery!"

- 7 But who can transgress more than he who would attribute a falsehood to Allah when he is called to Islam?!
 - Verily, Allah guideth not a people who transgress!
- 8 Fain would they extinguish the torch (lit by)
 Allah by merely blowing on it!
 But Allah will perfect His beacon—no matter

how averse may be those who would muffle it!

9 He it is who has sent His Envoy with guidance and the reckoning of pure Truth so that it may pervade all reckoning no matter how averse may be those who would adulterate it.

3 *** 516

10 O ye who have believed!

Shall I lead you to a deal that will relieve you of great hazards?

11 Trust ye in Allah and in His Apostle!

Strive ye in the way of Allah with all that you possess and with all earnestness.

That will be the best for you, if ye only knew.

- 12 He will pardon your sins and give you entrance into gardens fair beneath which streamlets flow and dwellings ye shall have fresher than the Gardens of Adan!

 That is blessedness supreme—
- 13 And something which ye will cherish even more:

 The help of Allah and an early triumph!

 Convey glad tidings to the Faithful.
- 14 O ye who have believed!

 Be ye missionaries of Allah. As 'Isa son of Maryam asked of his Disciples, "Who will be the missionaries of Allah—?"

 Disciples answered:
 "We shall be the missionaries of Allah!"

غِينَهُ وَن لِيُعْلَقِوْا أَوْدَا شِي الْوَاهِمَ

الله هُمْمُ أَوْرِهِ وَالْآرِةِ الْمُوْدُونِ ۞

الله هُمْمُ أَوْرِهِ وَلَاّرَةِ الْمُوْدُونِ ۞

وغي الْحَقِيلَ لِيظْهِرَةُ عَلَى اللهِ عِينِ وَهُمُ اللهِ عَنِينِ الْحَقِيلِ الْمُعْلِقُونَ ۚ ۞

عَلَيْهِ اللّهِ عَلَى الشَّفَوْنِ اللهِ وَتَعْلَقُولُ اللهِ اللهِ وَهُمُ اللهِ اللهِ وَهُمُ اللهِ اللهُ وَلَمْ عَلَى اللهِ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَلَمْ عَلَى اللهِ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَ

افكأتذ بالكذين امتواعل

عَدُ وَهِيْمِ فَأَصْبَحُوا ظَاهِرِيْنَ ﴿

سَبَعَرِ الْمِيْرِيُّ الْعَلَيْدِ وَمَا فِي الْرَضِيِّ

وَهُوَالْمَوْرِيُّ الْعَكِيدُونَ

يَايَهُمَا الْرَيْسَ الْمَعْلِيدُونَ

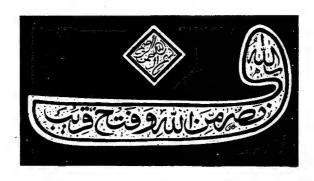
يَايَمُهُمَا الْرَيْسَ الْمَعْلِيدُونَ

يَامُمُ مَقْتَاعِنَدُ اللهِ الْمَعْلُونَ الْمَعْلُونَ الْمَعْلُونَ الْمَعْلُونَ فَي الْمُعْلَيْدُ اللهُ الْمُعْلَيْدُ اللهُ ا

And some among the *Bani Isra'il* accepted (what they taught) and others rejected (their message).

So aided We those who had believed against their enemies, and lo! they rose and flourished.





SURA: JUM'AH

In the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 517

Striveth in the way of Allah all that is in the heavens and the earth!

The ultimate Authority!

The Pure and Holy!

All-Mighty and All-Wise.

- 2 He it is who has raised amidst the gentiles an Apostle from among themselves: reciteth he to them His revelations, he cleanses them (of false beliefs); imparteth he to them the Law and Wisdom—before him they had been in error manifest.
- 3 To them and others who have not yet joined them, He is the Sovereign, He the Wise.
- 4 Such is the Grace of Allah!

 Bestows it He on whom He wills.

 He is the Great Bestower of Grace.
- 5 Those who were entrusted with the *Taurat* and failed to uphold it are like asses loaded with thick tomes.

Evil is this likeness of a people who deny the signs of Allah.

And Allah guideth not a people who transgress!

- 6 Say thou, "O, ye 'the Guided'!

 If ye are closer friends of Allah than other men,
 why then death do ye not seek if ye are sure
 (of being sent to heaven)?"
- 7 But never will they wish for death; because of what awaits them; and Allah is aware of all transgressors!
- 8 Say thou,

"Verily, the death from which ye flee will surely overtake you and ye will be sent back to the Knower of the hidden and the manifest and He will let you know what you had done."

قُلُ يَا يَهُا الَّذِينَ هَا دُوۤ النُ زَعَمُتُوۡ أَمَّا فُوْ أَوْلِيا أَوْلِيهِ مِنْ دُونِ النَّاسِ فَمَّنَّوا الْمَوْتَ إِنْ كُنْتُمُ صَالِقِينَ أُرُينَ فَكُ أَلِنَّ الْمَاقَلُومُ مُنْ أَنِينًا لِمُعَاقِلُومُ مُنْ أَنِينًا مُنْ أَنْكُمُ مُنْ أَن قُلُ إِنَّ الْمَوْتَ الَّذِي كَنَوْرُونَ مِنْهُ فَإِنَّهُ مُلْقِينًا كُوْتُكُوِّتُكُورُكُورُونَ إِلَى عَلِيمِ الْعَنْبُ وَالشَّهَا وَوَ فَيُنَتِثُكُ ثُونِهِ كَالْمُنْ مُنْ الْمُنْكُونِهِ كَالْمُنْكُمُ يَأَيُّهُا الَّذِينِ أَمَنُوا إِذَا نُودِي إِلصَّاوِةِ مِنْ يَوْمِ أَجُمُعَةِ فَاسْعَوْ إِلَى ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ وَ وَرُواالْكُنْ وَلَكُهُ خَهُ وَلَكُهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَأَذَا قُضِيَتِ الصَّلْوَةُ فَانُتَشِرُ وَ إِنِّي الْأَرْضِ وَابْتَغُوامِنْ فَضُلِ اللَّهِ وَإِنَّا فُورُوا الله كَثِيرُ الْعَلَكُةُ تُفْلِحُونَ ١ وإذاراؤا تبحارة أؤلهوا إنفضوا النها وتركؤك قابماء فل ماعنى الليخيرة الكَيْوُوكِينَ النِّعَارَةُ وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُالُوْزِةِ

يُسَيِّهُ فِيهُواَ فِ السَّاوِدَ وَاقْ فِ الْرَّشِ الْسَلِهِ الْفَرُّ وْسِ الْعَيْهُوا فَكِيلُوهِ ۞

هُوالَّذِي بَعَتَ فِ الْأَعْبَى رَسُولُا
هُوالَّذِي بَعَتَ فِ الْأَعْبَى رَسُولُا
يَمْبُهُ مُو الْكِنْبَ وَالْجِلْسَةَ وَرَانَ كَالَّا الْمَيْهُونِ ﴾
ومِن بَتَكُلُ لَقَى صَلْلِ مُعْبِدُنِ ﴾
وأَخْرِيْنَ وَمُنْهُ لِتَكَلِّمَ فَوْلَا يَعْبِدُنِ ﴾
وأَخْرِيْنَ وَمُنْهُ لِتَكَلِمَ فَوْلَا يَعْبِدُنِ ﴾
وألك تَصَمُّلُ الشَّيِّةُ وَيَهُ مِن يَشْكَاعُوا الْمَعْفِي الْمِنْ وَلَلْكَ وَالْمَعْفِلُ الْمَعْفِي وَهِ وَالْمَعْفِلُ الْمَعْفِي وَهِ وَالْمَعْفِلُ الْمَعْفِي وَهِ الْمَعْفِي وَهِ الْمَعْفِي وَهِ الْمَعْفِي وَهُو الْمَعْفِلُ الْمُعْفِي وَهِ الْمَعْفِي وَهُو الْمُعْفِلُ الْمُعْفِي وَهُو الْمُعْفِلُ الْمُعْفِقِ وَالْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُعْفِي وَالْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُعْفِي وَالْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُعْفِقُومُ الْمُعْفِي وَالْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُعْفِقُومُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُولُونُ وَالْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُؤْمِ

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9 O ye who have believed!

When there resounds the call to prayers on the day of (weekly) gathering, leave ye bargaining and hasten ye to think aloud of Allah!

That is the best for you if ye only knew.

- 10 And when this duty ends, disperse ye o'er the land and seek the grace of Allah; but think aloud of Allah often so that ye may ever prosper.
- 11 As soon as they discern a bargain or a game, they slide away to it and leave thee standing! Say thou,

"What is in store with Allah is better far than any game or bargain! And Allah is the ultimate Provider!

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Sura : $MUN\bar{A}FIQ\bar{U}N$

In the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

hen there come before thee, these dissemblers,

"Bear we witness that thou art the Apostle of Allah!

Allah knoweth thou art, indeed, His Apostle!"

But Allah doth bear witness: that these dissemblers are trying to deceive!

- 2 Shelter they take behind their oaths, (of allegiance) and, obstruct the path of Allah. Evil, indeed, is what they do!
- 3 Because they once believed and then rejected: a seal is set upon their hearts: no longer can they understand.
- 4 When thou beholdest them thou dost wonder at their (fine) appearance and when they speak thou dost lend thy ear to their (specious) speech.

ذلك يأتهم أمَنُوا تُمَرَكُ فَيُركُ فَمُوا تُعَرِكُ فَمُوافَعُلِعَ عَلْ عُلْوَيهِ مُونَهُ مُلايفَقَهُ وْنَ ۞ وإذاران ته تعجبك أخسامه وَإِنْ يَعُوْلُوا لَنُهُمُ عِلِقَوْلِهُمْ * كَأَلُّهُمُ خُشُتُ مُسَنَّلُ وَ وَمُسَانِي اللهِ وَمُنْ وَاللَّهِ وَمُنْ اللَّهِ وَمُنْ اللَّهِ وَمُنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَال

إذاحًا مَا المُنْفِقُونَ قَالُوانَتُهُ مُ إِنَّكَ كرسول الله والله يعله إنك كرسوك وَاللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ إِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِينَ

(But) they are like the hollow trunks (unable) to support an edifice!

They aim at turning every wind to their own ends.

They are the enemies; beware of them. Allah confound them! How they do dissimulate!



5 When it is said to them.

"Come, the Apostle of Allah will plead for your forgiveness,"

they distort their faces and thou wouldst see them turn away disdainfully.

6 It is the same to them, if thou dost pray for them or dost not pray for them, Allah will not forgive them.

For, verily, Allah guideth not a people who dissimulate

7 They are the ones who say,

"Spend ye not on those who are with the Messenger of Allah,"

so that they may break away (from him). But Allah's are the treasures of the heaven and the earth; but these dissemblers they understand not.

8 They boast,

"If we were to go back to *Madina*, the men of highest honour will (soon) expel the rabble." All honour doth repose in Allah, in His Messenger, and in Believers!

But these dissemblers they know not.

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Those who this neglect, neglect it at their cost!

9 O ye who have believed!

Let not your wealth or progeny prevent you from reflecting on Allah!

العِزَةُ وَلِرَسُولِهِ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِيُنَ وَلَكِنَ وإذاقيل لهم تعالؤا يستغفر لكم المُنْفِقِيْنَ لايَعْلَمُونَ ٢ رسول الله لؤواره وسهم ورايته هشم تَأَيُّهُا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا لِأَتَّلَهِمُ أَمُوالْكُو يَصْنُونَ وَهُمْ مُمْسَكُلُمُونَ ٥ وَلِا أَوْلاَ وُكُوعَنْ وَلُواللَّهِ وَمَنْ يَفْعَالُ مُوالِاعَلِيْهِ وَاسْتَغْفَىٰ تَلَهُ وَاوْ لَهُ ولك فأولياك هُ مُوالْخُيسرُون (تَسْتَغُفِي لَهُمْ لَنْ يَغُفُ اللَّهُ لَكُمُ مِ وَ الْفِقُوا مِنْ مَّا رَبِّي قُنْكُ مُ قِنْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُقِدِيهُ مِي الْقَوْمُ الْفُيقِيرُ ﴿ الْأَيْفُورُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَارُ إِنَّ اللَّه ۿؙؙؙڝؙٳڵۜڹؙؽڹۘۑؘؽؘڡؙۅؙڷٷڹڵٲؿؙڹؙڣڤٷٵۘۘۘۼڵ فَيُقُولُ رَبِّ لَوُلَّا أَخَوْتُنِي إِلَّى أَجُلِ مَنْ عِنْدَرَسُولِ اللهِ حَنَّى يَنْفَضُّواهِ وَ لِنْهِ خَزْ آيِنُ التَمَاوِتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَ لكِنّ الْمُنْفِقةُ نَ لا يَفْقَهُونَ ۞ كَقُولُونَ لَيْنُ تَيْجَعُنَا إِلَى الْمَدِينَةِ وَاللَّهُ خَدِارُ كُمَا لَكُمُ لُونَ أَنَّ لَيْخُرِجَنَّ الْاَعَزُّونُهَا الْاَذَٰلُ ۚ وَلِيَّهِ

10 Bestow ye freely from that which We have given you before there comes to each of you his death and he doth say,

"O my Lord!

If only I had some respite from this approaching end, I would surely give out generously and be among the righteous!"

11 But to none doth Allah give respite when once his time has come.

Ever is He Cognizant of what they do.

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SURA: TAGHĀBUN

h the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

triveth in the way of Allah all that is in the heavens and the earth!

To Him is due all Suzerainty, and all Obeisance! And He, over every thing, holdeth sway.

2 He it is who did create you:

among you some are infidels, among you are believers, and Allah doth see clearly what each performs.

3 He made the heavens and the earth precisely adjusted.

He moulded you and well, indeed, He moulded you, and towards Him is your return!

4 He knoweth what is in the heavens and the earth: He knoweth what ye hide and what ye manifest; Allah is Aware of the very nature of your hearts.

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- 5 Have there not come to you tales of those who disbelieved before?
 - Tasted they the consequences of their conduct, and for them there was chastisement severe.
- 6 That was because, every time there came to them Apostles with clear signs, they said, "Shall a mere mortal guide us?!"

They thus disdained and turned away. But Allah can dispense with them.

On none is He dependent;

He is the One to be obeyed.

ٱڵؿؙؠٳؙؙڗؚڴؙؙؙؠؙڬؠٷٛٵڷڮؠؙؽۜڰڡٛٷۏٳڡؚ؈۬ۊۻڷؙ فَنَاقُوا وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِمُ وَلَهُمْ عَنَاكِ النَّهُ ولك بأنَّهُ كَانَتْ تَأْتِيمُ رُسُلُمُ الْكِيْتِ وَهَا لُوا النَّدُوكِيهُ لُونَنَا فَكُفُورُوا وَكُولُوا وَاسْتَغُمُّ اللهُ وَاللهُ عَنِي مَعْدُ اللهُ عَنِي مَعْدُ ٢ زَعَ مَالَن يُن كَعَثُوا أَنْ لَن يُعَثُوا أَن لَن يُنعَثُوا وَنْ بِيلْ وَرُرِينَ لِتُبْعَثُنَّ مُعْ لِتُنْكِفِكُنَّ الْمُعْلِقِكُمْ الْمُعْلِقِكُمْ الْمُعْلِقِكُمْ

بماعملتُمُ وَذَلِكَ عَلَى اللهِ

يستبح يتله مافي التلموت ومافي الارين لَهُ الْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ الْحُمْدُ وَهُوعَلَى حُلَّ هُوَ الَّذِي خَلِقَالُهُ فَمِنْكُمُ كَافِرٌ وَمِنْكُمُ مُؤْمِنُ وَاللَّهُ مِمَالَتُعْمَالُونَ بَصِيْرُ ﴿ خَلِقَ النَّهٰ إِنَّ وَالْإِرْضَ مِالْحَقِّ وَصَوَّرُكُمُ فَأَحْسَنَ صُورًا فَرْ وَالنَّهِ الْمُصِيرُ وَ بعُلَمُ مَا فِي السِّمَوْتِ وَالْإِرْضِ وَ يَعْلَمُ مَاتَيتُرُونَ وَمَاتُعُلِنُونَ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيْمً كذات الصُّدُورِي

7 These scoffers think that they will not be called to count.

Say thou,

"Verily! My Lord will call you to account and then will be declared to you the worth of all you did."

And that for Allah is not difficult.

- 8 Believe ye then in Allah, in His Apostle and in the light which We have bestowed on you. Verily, of all ye do Allah is aware.
- 9 The day He gathers all of you—
 the Day of gathering—
 that will be the day of disenchantment:
 those who believed in Allah and practiced
 virtue, their errors will be overlooked they
 will be admitted to gardens beneath which
 streamlets flow—therein they shall abide for
 aye.

Such is the gracious dispensation.

10 And those who confuted Our signs, they shall be, in fiery circumstance—a miserable end!

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11 Befalleth no calamity except by the leave of Allah.

And He who doth believe in Allah, Allah doth console his heart.

For Allah of all circumstance is well aware.

- 12 Render ye obedience to Allah and His Apostle! But if ye turn away, verily, it is for Our Messenger only to proclaim the manifest.
- 13 Allah! (The Deity!)

 No deity is there but He.

 And only in Allah the Faithful put their trust!
- 14 O ye who have believed!

Even in your wives and children you have enemies: beware of them.

But if forgive ye and forget, and pray for them to be forgiven, Allah too will pardon and be merciful (to both). النّهِ بُنُ ۞
الشُهُ الله الدُمُونُ وَعَلَى الْسِفَلَاتِ كُلُّ
الْمُوْمِنُونَ ۞
الْمُوْمِنُونَ ۞
الْمُوْمِنُونَ ۞
الْمُوْمِنُونَ أَمْتُوْ اللّهُ مِنْ الْرَاحِمُّلُمُ
الْمُوْمِنُونَ أَمْتُوْ اللّهُ مَا الْمُدْرُدُ هُمْوِ
الْمُنَا اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا اللّهُ وَالْمُلُونُ اللّهُ وَالْمُنْفُونُونَ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا اللّهُ اللّ

اَلْوَلْنَا وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ

- 15 Verily, wealth and children are a trial: but, by Allah! He hath the power to compensate!
- 16 Mind ye Allah, therefore, to your full capacity. Listen and obey; and give ye freely: that is best for you (collectively).

'Tis only those who override their individual avarice—they are the ones who prosper!

- 17 If ye loan to Allah a worthy loan, He will double it for you and will pardon you. Allah is both Grateful and Forgiving.
- 18 Knower of the unseen and the manifest, the Sovereign and the Wise.





Sura : $TAL\bar{A}Q$

hithe name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

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O thou Apostle!

When ye divorce (your) wives (initially), divorce them for the period specified and reckon (carefully) the period.

Mind ye Allah, your Lord!

Do not yourselves turn them out from their dwellings; nor need they themselves leave—unless they be guilty of some open lewdness.

These are the limits set by Allah; and he who trespasses the limits set by Allah doth wrong himself.

One knows not: perchance Allah will bring about new circumstances.

2 And when the period specified is fulfilled, either take them back with honour or part with them with honour.

Then take two witnesses noted for their judgment 'mong yourselves; and stand ye all in the presence of Allah!

Such are the injunctions for those who do believe in Allah and the Day Infallible.

For him who mindeth Allah, Allah findeth means,

نَوْا اَبِلَغْنَ اَسَلَمْنَ فَافْسِكُوْفُنَ وَعُوْنِ اَوْفَا اِنْغُفْنَ اِسَعُرُونِ وَالْشِيكُوفُنَ وَعُوْنَ عَدْ لِي عَنْكُو فَا قِيمُواالشّهَا وَ تَوْفِيْ فَلِكُمْ يُوعَظّٰ بِهِ مَنْ كَانَ لِوْصُنَ بِاللّٰمِ وَالْبَوْمُ الْوَحْقِ وَمَنْ تَقْتِي الشّيَعْمَى لَلْهُ عَلَيْهِ كَانَ عَنْمُوكُونَ عَلْ اللّٰهِ تَعْلَى مَنْهُ لَا يَصْعَلَى لِهُ وَمَنْ يَعْوَكُلْ عَلَى اللّٰهِ تَعْلَى مَنْهُ لَا يَصْعَلَى اللّٰهِ عَلَى اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ عَلَى اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّ الْمُرْعِ فَى تَعْمَى اللّٰهِ تَعْلَى مَنْهُ لَا اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ الللللّٰلِيلَالِلْمُ الللْ

يَايَّهُا النَّبِيُّ اذَا طَلَقَ تُمُّ النِّسَاءُ

ذَطَلِقُوْهُ قَ لِعِنْدَ هِنَ وَ أَحْصُوا
الْحِنَّةُ وَالْفَوْ اللَّهُ رَجُنُّ الْخُوْدُونُ
الْحِنَّةُ وَالْفَوْ اللَّهُ رَجُنُمُ الْخُوْدُونُ
يَا يَبْنِي بِفَاحِشَتَهِ مُّيَّتِنَةً * وَيَلْكَ
حُدُودُ اللَّهِ وَمَنْ يَتَحَنَّ حُدُودُ اللهِ
مُحْدُودُ اللهِ وَمَنْ يَتَحَنَّ حُدُودُ اللهِ
مُحْدُونُ اللهِ وَمَنْ يَتَحَنَّ حُدُودُ اللهِ
مُحْدِثُ اللهِ وَمَنْ يَتَحَنَّ حُدُودُ اللهِ

3 Provideth He subsistence by means ye reckon not; he who trusteth in Allah for him He is sufficient. Verily, Allah hath apportioned to all things their values.



4 If ye are in doubt concerning those of your wives who have ceased menstruating, know that their waiting period is three months. And let the same be the waiting period for those who have not menstruated.

As for pregnant women, their term shall end with confinement.

Allah will ease the hardship of the man who fears Him.

5 Such are the injunctions of Allah which He enjoins on you.

For him who mindeth Allah, his lapses He doth overlook: He doth enlarge his wage.

6 Let them live where ye live according to your means.

Harass them not so as to make their lives a burden to them.

If they are with child maintain them till they are confined; and if, in consequence, they nurse your children, give them their recompense and take ye mutual counsel in all courtesy. But, if ye find this difficult engage another woman the child to suckle.

7 Let the man of means spend according to his means and he who hath restricted means let him spend according to what Allah has bestowed on him.

Allah expecteth not from an individual beyond what He has given him.

Adversity He will soon replace with ease.

- 8 How many among the habitations defied the injunctions of Allah and His Apostles! We called them to account with a severe reckoning and punished them with severe punishment.
- 9 Tasted they the bitterness of their own actions and the final outcome of their conduct was frustration.

وكالين قن قارية كتف عن الميد ويقا ومُسلط المناه ال

والى يَوْنَ رَبِنَ الْمَحْدِينِ مِنْ الْمَالِمُمُّ وَالْكِيهُ الْمَالِمُمُّ الْمِنْ الْمَالِمُمُّ الْمَالَةُ اللهُ الْمِنْ الْمَالُمُونَ اللهُ الْمَالُمُونَ اللهُ الْمَالُمُونَ اللهُ الْمَالُمُونَ اللهُ الْمَالُمُونَ اللهُ الْمَالُمُونَ اللهُ ال

10 Allah hath in store for them grievous chastisement!

Mind ye ever Allah, O ye men of feeling, ye who believe!

For you hath Allah sent His Message.

11 The Messenger reciteth unto you revelations of Allah in all clarity;

Those who believe and do good works, it transfereth from darkness to light.

Aye, whosoever doth believe, and doth good works, admitteth He to gardens fair beneath which streamlets flow, abide they there for aye. Allah doth provide for them the best of sustenance.

12 Allah is He who made the seven heavens and made as many lands, and through them all His law He permeated, so that ye may realize that He controlleth all.

Allah doth envelop all phenomena in His knowledge.

*



SURA: TAHRIM

mthe name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 527

Othou Apostle!

Why hast thou forbidden for thyself that which Allah hath permitted thee?

To please thy wives?

But Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

2 Allah hath (already) allowed you to annul your oaths. And Allah, who doth befriend you all is Knowing, Wise.

2 *** 528

3 The Apostle had confided information to one among his consorts; she told it to another and Allah made it known to him.

When he mentioned part thereof to her, keeping back the rest, she asked,

"Who hath informed you of this?" He said.

"My informant is the One who knows, the One who keepeth watch!"

- 4 If ye (women) both repent in Allah's presence, your conscience you will be obeying; but if ye back up one another against him, then Allah is his Patron, and Jibra'il, and the best among the faithful—the angels themselves will back him.
- 5 Perhaps his Lord—if he should divorce you—will give him in your stead wives who are more submissive, believing, restrained, penitent, dutiful at home and when on journies—be they known of men or virgins.

وَجُورُنُلُ وَصَالِحُ الْنُؤْمِنِينَ ۗ وَالنَّكِلُنُهُ بَعْدَ ذَٰلِكَ كَلِهِيُرُ۞ عَنَى رَبُّةَ انْ طَلَقْتُكُنَّ انْ يُبُنِ لَـ لَهُ اَزُواجًا عَنْزَاتِ الْمِنْ السَّيِحَ الْنَّهِ اللَّهِ فَيْنَتِ الْمِنْ الْمِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَالْمُؤَالِّنِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللْمُنَالِي اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ ا

剧剧問

پَائِهُمُ النّبِيُّ لِمَوْحَرِهُمَا آخَلُ اللهُ لَكُونَ تَبْعَنِي مَرْضَات أَوْاجِكُ أَللهُ لَلهُ عَمْوُرُ تُرجِيهُ أَن اللهُ عَمْوُرُ تَرجِيهُ أَن اللهُ عَمْوُرُ تَرجِيهُ أَن اللهُ اللهُ تَحِلهُ النّمائِكُونُ وَمُوَالْمَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ وَالْمَرْمُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ الله

6 O ye who have believed!

Protect yourselves and your households from the fire whose fuel are common men and great; over which stand guardians stout and stern fail they not Allah in their duties and carry out in earnest what they have been ordered.

7 O ye who have defaulted!

Make ye today no excuse; you will be only recompensed for what ye did.



3 *** 529

8 O ye who have believed!

Turn ye to Allah in genuine penitence; perhaps your Lord will cover up your sins and admit you to gardens beneath which rivers flow. That day Allah will not humiliate His Prophet and those with him; light shall precede them and keep them company.

They will say,

"Our Lord! Perfect Thou our vision and forgive us! Thou truly holdeth sway o'er all!"

9 O thou Apostle!

Strive thou earnestly against concealers and dissemblers and be thou stern with them: Hell is their destination and evil is their goal.

4 *** 530

10 Allah citeth as example for the faithless ones: the wife of *Nuh*, the wife of *Lut*. They were both subservient to our righteous servants, but they failed them;

availed they, therefore, naught of their share from Allah.

They were bidden:

"Enter ye the Fire with those who enter!"

مِن عِبَادِنَا صَالِحَيْنِ فَعَانَتُمُا فَالْمَ يُغْنِياً عَنْهَا أَمِنَ الشِفْنَةِ قَلْسَلَ اذْخُلا التَّارَمُ عَالَدُ الشِفْنَةَ قَلْسَلَ وَصَرَبَ الشُّمَثَلُا لِلْنِيْنِ الْمَنْوَا المَرَاتَ فَرَعَوْنُ الْمَنْقُونَ لَيْنِيْنَ الْمَنْوَا المَرَاتَ مَيْنَا فَى الْمَنْقَوْنَ وَيَجْنِى مِنْ الْفَوْمِ الظَّلِيفِينَ فَ وَمُمْرِيَعُ الْمُنْتَوَعِنْ مِنْ الْفَوْمِ الظَّلِيفِينَ فَ وَمُرْيَعُ الْمُنْتَقِنَا فِي عِينَ أُوْمِنَا وَصَلَقَتْ وَمُرْيَعُ الْمُنْتَقِنَا فِي عِينَ أُوْمِنَا وَصَلَقَتْ مِكِلِمْتِ رَبِيقًا الْمُنْقَفِقَا الْفِيهِ عِينَ أُوْمِنَا وَصَلَقَتْ مِنَ وَلِمْتِ مِنْ مَنْ الْمُنْتَقِينَ شَ

11 And Allah citeth as example for those of faith; the consort of Fir'aun who beseeched:

"My Lord!

Bestow on me a place in Paradise close unto Thee and rescue me from *Fir'aun* and his deeds; rescue me from a people who transgress."

12 And Maryam, a daughter of 'Imran, who so preserved her modesty that We imbued her with Our power: believed she in the word of her Lord and in His revelations. She was an example of modesty.



*

SURA: MUḤAMMAD

mthe name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 531

Those who resist and would obstruct the path of Allah—

vain are actions theirs.

2 Those who accept and do good works, they who believe in what has been revealed to Muhammad and that it is, indeed, from his Lord—He pardoneth their sins.

Improveth He conditions theirs.

3 That is because those who resist are led away by falsehood, while those who would accept, are guided rightly by their Lord! Thus doth Allah coin for men

examples theirs.

4 So when ye meet those who oppose truth, strike out valiantly until you have subdued them; then bind ye them securely.

Only later comes the time for largesse or for ransom—until war layeth down her arms. That is (the correct sequence)!

If Allah had so wished He could have subdued them Himself but He tests you one against another.

And those who succumb in the way of Allah, wasted not are actions theirs.

- 5 Soon will He guide them and improve conditions theirs.
- 6 He will admit them to the paradise assigned as theirs.
- 7 O ye who have believed!

If ye help Allah He will help you; firmly will He set

these feet of yours

8 But those who resist (truth, naught but) downfall is for them:

vain are actions theirs

الَّذِينَ كَفَمُ وَا وَصَدُوا عَنْ سَعِيْلِ اللهِ
الْمَسْلَ عَمَالُهُ عُونَ وَالْمَعُونِ اللهِ
وَالْهُ مِنْ الْمُوادِ عَلَمُ اللهِ
مِمَاثِّزِلَ عَلَّ عُمَّدٍ مِنْ مُعَوَّلِكُمُ مِنْ مَنْ تَعَقِّمُ
مِمَاثِّزِلَ عَلَّ عُمَّدٍ مِنْ مُعُوالْكُونُّ مِنْ تَعَقِمُ
مُمَّاثِلِكُ مِنْ اللهِ مُعَلِّمُ اللّهُ مُواللَّكُمُ وَالْمُكُلِلِ مَنْ وَلَهُ اللّهِ مُعْلِلًا اللهِ مَنْ اللهِ مَنْ اللهُ مُعْلِلًا اللهُ مُعْلِلًا اللهُ مَنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مَنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مَنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مَنْ اللهُ مَنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مَنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ مَنْ اللهُ مَا اللهُ مَنْ اللهُ مَا

- 9 That is because they are averse to that which Allah has bestowed: futile has He made all actions theirs
- 10 Do they not travel o'er the land?Do they not observe, what was the end of those who were before them?Allah decreed destruction on them.For resisters then

there lie examples theirs.

11 That is because Allah is, indeed, the Patron of Believers, and as for unbelievers no patron can they claim as theirs



2 *** 532

12 Verily, Allah will admit those who believe, and do good works to gardens beneath which rivers flow.

And those who would resist they will flourish pasturing like cattle;

but hell is destination theirs.

13 How many from among the cities—stronger than the one which has expelled thee—have We destroyed!

There was no helper theirs.

14 Is then one who's clearly guided by his Lord quite similar to those enamoured of their ways?

Like those who obey

only passions theirs?

15 Take a parallel:

the paradise which has been promised to those who fear (the Lord);

therein are streamlets with water ever fresh; rivulets of milk which does not sour;

fountains of vintage giving joy to those who drink;

brooklets of honey pure and clean;

therein are myriad fruits—all by the grace of Allah.

(Is there then no difference

between them) and those who're cast in hell, who have for drink only boiling water which scaldeth bowels theirs?

16 Among them there are those who (seem to) listen to thee:

but when they leave thee they inquire from those who knowledge have:

"What did he say this time?"

They are the ones whose hearts Allah hath made impervious,

Engrossed are they

in inclinations theirs.

وَمَغُورُ وَقُولَ مَرَةً مِنْ كُمُن مُوحَالِيَّ فِي النَّارِ وَمُعُوّلًا فَيَ عَلَمُ الْفَوْمَ الْمَنْ الْمُوحَالِيَّ فِي النَّارِ وَمُنْ الْمُوحَالِيَّ فَي النَّارِ وَمُنْ الْمُوحَالِيَ فَي النَّالِيِّ فَي النَّارِيُّ فَي الْمُؤْمِنُ وَاللَّهِ فَي النَّارِينَ وَاللَّهِ فَي النَّهُ وَمُنْ النَّهُ وَمُنْ وَمُنْ اللَّهِ فَي النَّهُ وَمُنْ النَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللْهُ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللْهُ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ اللِهُ اللْمُنْ اللِهُ اللْمُنْ اللِهُ

إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُنْ خِلُ الَّذِيْنَ الْمُتُواكِعِيلُوا الضَّلِخُ وَلَنَ إِنَّ الْمُنْ وَالْمَتَّعُونَ مَوْكُونَ الْأَنْهُ وَالْمَ إِنَّ الْمُنْ وَالْمَتَّعُونَ مَوْكُونَ مُنْكَا عُلُ الْأَنْعَ مُوالطَّارَ مُتَّوَى اللَّهُ هُوَ الْمَتَّوِينَ وَكُلِّينَ لِمُنْسَوَعَ عَسَلُهِ وَلَيْكَ الْمُنْفَعُمُ وَكُلِينَ لِلْسُوعَ عَسَلُهِ وَلَيْكَ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْتِ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنَالِيلُولُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْم

- 17 For those who would be guided, enhanceth
 He His guidance: bestoweth He on them
 discernment theirs.
- 18 What are they waiting for?

 For the hour that will engulf them?

 But signs of it have come already:

 And when it is upon them of what use will be

 lamentations theirs?
- 19 Ye better incantate (the end may not be far):

 "Verily, no deity is there but The Deity."

 Beg thou forgiveness for thy lapses, and for the men and women who believe:

 for only Allah knoweth if ye will be moving or confined

to dwellings yours.



3 *** 533

20 Those who believe have been complaining:
"Why hast not (of late) a Sura been revealed?"
But when an unambiguous Sura is revealed wherein fighting is enjoined, thou wilt at once see those whose hearts are faint, looking at thee with a look resembling swoon of death!

Better would it be for them

21 To carry out instructions and talk reason once a thing has been decided.

And if they were to be loyal to Allah,

it would be best for them.

22 What is to be expected of you if you turn back? Will ye spread disorder in the land and break away

from brethren yours?

23 They are the ones whom Allah has accursed, depriving them of hearing

and vision theirs.

24 Why do they not deliberate on the Qur'an?

Or are their hearts

locked up by them?

- 25 Verily those who revert after being obviously converted, the devil has seduced them—
 while He forbeareth with them.
- 26 That is because they said to those averse to what has been bestowed by Allah: "We shall carry out a part of what you say."

 But Allah knoweth secrets theirs.

إِنَّ الْكِنْ َيْنَ الْتَدُّوْا عَلَى الْمَيْلِ هِوْمِ قَنْ
بَعْدِ مَا تَبَكِّنَ لَهُ هُ الْهُ رَى الْقَيْطُنُ
عَوْلَ لَهُمْ وَامْلُ لَهُمْ ﴿
وَلَا اللّهِ مِنْ الْمُوْرُونَ اللّهِ فِينَ الْمُوْرُونَ اللّهُ مِنْ الْمُورُ وَاللّهُ
يَعْلَمُ الْمَرْارَ هُمْ ﴿
وَلَهُ مُنْ الْمَالَمُ مُنْ اللّهِ الْمُورُ وَاللّهُ
وَكُوْمِ اللّهُ مُنْ الْمَالَمُ مُنْ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللللللّ

وَيُوُلُ النَّذِينَ امْنُوالُولَانِ لِتَصُورُوَّ وَإِذَا الْزِلْتُسُورَةُ فَعَلَمَةُ وَذَكِرَ فِينَا
الْقِتَالُ ثَرَايَتَ الْأَيْنَ فِي فُلْوَمِهُ مَّرَثُ
الْقِتَالُ ثَرَايَتَ الْفَرْفَ فَيْ فَلْمِهُ مَرَثُ
الْمُونُ فَافْلُلُهُمْ فَ
مَا عَمَّةُ وَقُولِ تَعْفُرُونُ فَاقَالُهُمُ فَيْ
مَا عَمَّةُ وَقُولِ تَعْفُرُونُ فَاقَالُومُ فَيْ
مَا عَمَّدُ فَاللّهُ لَكُونُ فَيْنُمُ اللّهُ فَاقَمُهُمْ فَا فَلَوْلِهِ اللّهُ فَالْمَا لَمُعْمُولُونَ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْفُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْقُولُونَ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلِينَ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلَقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ وَالْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلِلُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُعْلِقُونُ الْمُع

27 How will they fare when angels wast their souls at death, smiting their faces

and backsides theirs?

28 That is because they have pursued that which angers Allah, and eschewed what pleases Him. Futile has He, therefore, made

all actions theirs.

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29 Do they who harbour ill-will in their hearts, think that Allah will not bring to light rancour theirs? 30 Were We so inclined We could have shown them up so that thou wouldst recognize them by their very faces; but, surely, thou canst make them out by their tone and speech.

Verily! Allah doth perceive

all actions yours.

31 We shall test you until we can pick out the strivers and the persevering amongst you. We shall put to test

reputations yours.

32 Those who resist and would obstruct the path of Allah,

those who would oppose the Messenger, even after having been obviously guided, by no means do they injure Allah: He merely maketh futile

all actions theirs.

33 O ye who have believed!

Obey ye Allah, and His Messenger obey: make not vain

all actions yours.

- 34 Verily those who resist and would obstruct the path of Allah and die without believing, Allah will not forgive them.
- 35 Be ye not fainthearted and call for peace— 'tis ye who are on top, and Allah is with you: He will not withhold guerdons

for actions yours!

36 Verily, the transient present is naught but play and pastime: if ye believe and fear (the Lord) He will grant you recompense; He will not deprive you

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of what is yours.

 وَلْوَنَشَاءُ لَارَيْئِلُكُمُّ وَعَلَّمَ وَفَتَهُمُ السِمُهُمُّ الْمَدْ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّ

37 If He were to ask for all, and were He to persist, while ye continued to withhold, He would clearly expose.

rancour yours.

38 Lo! Here are ye invited to expend in the way of Allah and (yet) there are among you those who stint!

Whoever stinteth, verily, he stinteth for himself!

Allah is above all needs, 'tis you who are the needy.

If ye hold back, He will replace you with another people who will not be

likenesses yours.

SURA: FATHAH

hitherame of Allahithe Rahinan the Rahim

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Lo! We have made thee victor in a glaring victory

2 So that Allah may allow thee (to make up) for thy lapses in the past and those that still may follow—

and brim thee with His blessings and lead thee on the path secure-

- 3 So that He may buttress thee with a buttress that endures.
- 4 It is He who imbued with serenity the hearts of the Believers so that confidence may pile on confidence!

Allah's are all forces in the heavens and the earth.

Such is Allah, the Knower and the Wise.

5 So that He may provide for the men and women of the faith (peace and security as in) gardens beneath which rivers flow—

to dwell therein for aye and be relieved of many ills.

That, in the sight of Allah, is the greatest blessing.

6 He will emburden the men and women among dissemblers and men and women among heretics—

they who attribute to Allah evil attributes—evil will encircle them;

Allah's wrath will be on them; hell itself awaiteth them; evil is their destination.

7 And Allah's are all forces in the heavens and the earth.

Such is Allah, the Sovereign and the Wise.

8 We have, indeed, sent thee

as a witness

as a herald,

as a warner

هُمُّمُ وَسَهُفُ مُحِفُمُانَ وَ

وَلِهُ حُوْدُ السَّمْنِ مِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَكَانَ وَلَمْنَوْنَا السَّلْنِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَكَانَ الشَّعْوِنَا السَّلْنِ فَا الْمَالِمِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَكَانَ الشَّعُونَا الشَّعْوَنَا السَّلْنِ فَسَاهِمُ الْاَوْمُبَوِّرُا وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُو وَ وَلَمْنِورُو وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُو وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُو وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُو وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُو وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُو وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُو وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُونَا وَلَمْنُو وَ وَلَمْنِوْرُونَا وَلَمْنَا وَالْمُعَلِّدُونَ مِنَ الْحَمْنِ فَيْكُونُ وَمِنَ الْحَمْلِ فَيْمُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونَا وَالْمَعْلِينَا الْمُعَلِّدُونَا وَالْمُعْلِينَا الْمُؤْلِقُونَا وَالْمَعْلِينَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا وَاللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِنَا اللّهُ فِي اللّهُ وَالْوَالِرَادُونِكُمْ وَالْوَالْوَالْوَلَوْلُونَا اللّهُ فِي اللّهِ وَلَمْنَا اللّهُ فِي اللّهُ وَلَمْنَا اللّهُ وَلَمُونِا اللّهُ وَلَمْنُونَا اللّهُ وَلَا الْوَلَمْنَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَمْنَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَمْنَا وَاللّهُ وَلَالِمُونِ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَالْوَالِمُونِا اللّهُ وَلَمْنَا اللّهُ وَلَمْنُونَا اللّهُ وَلَالْوَالْمُونَا اللّهُ وَلَالْمُونِا اللّهُ وَلَالْمُونِا اللّهُ وَلَالِمُونَا اللّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونَا اللّهُ وَلَالْمُؤْلِقُونَا اللّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونَا اللّهُ وَلَمُونَا اللّهُ وَلَمُونَالِونَالِيْعِلَالِي اللّهُ وَلِلْمُؤْلِقُونَا اللّهُ وَلِمُؤْلِقُونَا اللّهُ وَلِمُونَا اللّهُ وَلِمُونَا اللّهُ وَلِمُؤْلِونَا اللّهُ وَلِمُؤْلِولَالِمُونَا اللّهُ وَلِمُؤْلِولَاللّهُ وَلِمُؤْلِولَالِمُونَا اللّهُ وَلِمُونَا اللّهُ وَلِلْمُونَا اللّهُ وَلَمُولِلْمُؤْلِقُونَا اللّهُ وَلِلْمُؤْلِقُونَا اللّهُ وَلِمُونَال

إِنَافَتَعُنَا لَكَ ثَنْعًا مُبِينًا أَنَّ لِيُغْفِرُ لِكَ اللهُ مَا تَقَدَّى مَ مِن دُنهاك وَمَا تَأْخُرُ وَكُنَّةُ نِعْمَتُهُ عَلَيْكُ وَ يَهُ بِي اللَّهِ وَرَاطًا مُسْتَقِيمًا ﴿ وَيَنْصُرُكُ اللهُ لَصُرُاعَ زِينًا ۞ هُوَالَيْنَى اَنْزَلَ السَّكِيْنَة فِي كُاوَيِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ لِيَزُدَادُوۤ النِّمَانَا مُعَامَا مُعَامِّمَا مُ ويله جُنُودُ التَّمَاوٰتِ وَالْاَدْضُ وَكَانَ النه عليمًا حَرِيمًا فَي لننخل المؤمنان والمؤمنة بخ تَجْرِي مِن تَحْتِمَا الْأَنْهُ رُخُولِي مِن تَحْتِمَا الْأَنْهُ رُخُولِي مِن تَحْتِمَا وُنُكُفِرَ عَنْهُمْ سَيَأْتِهِ مُوْدُوكَ أَنَ ذَلِكَ عِنْدَاللهِ فَوْزًا عَظِمًا فَ كَا يُعَلَّا بَ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ وَالْمُنْفِقْتِ وَ المشركين والمشركب الظاليني بالله ظرَ النَّهُ وْعَلَيْهِمْ دَالْهِ وَالنَّهُ وْ وَ غَضَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ مُ وَلَعْنَاهُمْ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُ

9 So that ye all may put your faith in Allah and His Apostle.

Support him, honour him and strive for him day in day out.

10 Verily, those who swear allegiance to thyself, they swear allegiance to Allah!

Allah puts His hand upon their hands!

Therefore, he who acts against the Lord doth act against himself.

And he who remains loyal to his covenant with Allah, soon will Allah grant to him a goodly compensation.

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11 Lo, there appeal to thee the laggards among the wandering Arabs:

"We were delayed by our households and our flocks; so pray excuse us!"

They merely wag their tongues, they speak not from their hearts.

Say thou,

"What power hath any one over you in anything: if He should harm you or if He should reward you?

It is only Allah who is aware of what ye do!

- 12 "Covertly ye had believed that the Apostle as well as the Believers will ne'er again return to their own kindred!

 That thought had given your hearts delight!

 What evil thoughts you thought!

 Ye are, indeed, a people lost!"
- 13 He who's bent on not believing in Allah and His Apostle—We have, indeed, preferred for such infidels a fiery chastisement.
- 14 Allah's is the governance o'er the heavens and the earth:

He giveth pardon for what He wills, He punisheth whom He wills:

Such is Allah, the Forgiver and the Merciful.

15 Those who had lagged behind will say: "When ye leave here to capture spoils of war, permit us too to follow you."

Desire they to alter Allah's injunctions.

Say thou:

"That ye should not follow, Allah has already said!"

They will say:

"Ye are only jealous of us!"

'Tis only that they understand but little.

16 Say thou to the laggards among the desert Arabs:

"Soon shall ye be called upon to fight against a mighty people unless they (readily) submit. And if ye then obey, Allah will reward you in abundance;

but if ye lag behind as ye lagged behind before, He will punish you severely.

17 "Barring those who're blind,
barring those who're lame
barring those who're ill—
only those who follow
Allah and His Messenger,
will He admit to gardens beneath which
rivers flow;
and whosoever turneth back, He will punish
him with grievous chastisement."

لِيْنَ عَلَى الْأَعْلَى حَرَجُهِ وَلَا عَلَى الْأَعْرَجِ هُ لِذِنْ فُ عَنَالًا أَلِمًا شَ لَقَدُ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ إِذُ يُبَايِعُوْنَكَ تَحْتَ الفَّجَرَةِ فَعَلِمَ مَا فِي كُلُوبِهِمِ فَأَنْزَلَ السَّكُنْنَةَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَ أَثَابَهُ وَنَعُا قُرِيدًا ﴾ وَّمَعَاٰنِهُكَثِيْرَةُ يَأْخُذُونَهَا ۗ وَكَانَ الأُهُ عَزِنُزًا حَكِيمًا ۞ وَعَدَّلُمُ اللهُ مَغَانِمَ لَئِيْهِ رَةً تَأْخُذُونَهَا فَعَجَّلَ لَكُنْ هٰذِهِ وَكَفَّ أَيْنِي النَّاسِ عَنْكُمْ وَلِتَكُونَ أَنَّةً لِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَ يَهُ بِيَكُوْمِرَاطًامُّسْتَقِيْمًا ﴿ وَأُخْرِي لَهُ تَقُدِرُوا عَلَيْهَا قَدْ أَحَاظُ اللهُ بِهَا ﴿ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلَّ ثُمَّ اللَّهُ مِنْ أَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلَّ ثُمَّ أَقِيارُا وَلُوْقَاتَلُكُوالَّذِي بِينَ كَفُرُوالُوْلُوالْوَالْوَدْبَارَ ثُمُّ لَا يَجِدُونَ وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيْرًا ﴿

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- 18 Allah had, indeed, been pleased with those Believers when they swore allegiance to thee beneath the tree:
 - He was aware of what lay in their hearts, He showered on them serenity, and did reward them with a speedy victory.
- 19 Abundant spoils of war they will acquire! Such is Allah, the Sovereign and the Wise.
- 20 Allah promiseth:

abundant spoils of war will ye acquire, and soon will ye have them.

He held back peoples' hands from you, so that it may be a sign unto Believers, and He may guide you to a path secure.

- 21 And further, that which ye have not the power to get, Allah will encompass it! Even so Allah, over every thing holdeth sway.
- 22 And if, eventually, the heathens put up fight, assuredly they will turn their backs and then will find no friend to help.



- 23 Such is the way of Allah, from of yore.

 And the ways of Allah-there is none to alter.
- 24 It is He who held back their hands from you and your hands from them, in the midst of *Mecca* after He had given you ascendency o'er them.

Thus doth Allah keep a watch o'er all ye do.

25 They are the infidels who barred the way to the Holy Place of Worship, for you and even for the offerings of animals, to reach their destination.

If it were not for the fear that ye might well have trampled under feet believing men and women unknown to you, and thus incurred unwilling guilt on their account, Allah would have enjoined you to fight it out with them.

(He held you back in order that) He may extend mercy on whom He willed.

Had the faithful stood apart from them, We would cast upon these infidels punishment severe.

26 While swagger

-the swagger of the ignorant-

ruled in the hearts of infidels, Allah bestowed His peace, upon His Messenger and on the Faithful.

He made incumbent on them words of self-restraint!

They were entitled (to such grace) and worthy of it.

Thus is Allah, of all things, cognizant.

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27 Verily, Allah has fulfilled His Prophet's dream in earnest:

"Ye shall enter the sacred place of worship, if Allah wills,

with minds at peace,

heads shaved,

beards trimmed, and without fear."

He knew what ye knew not, and besides (the fulfilment of this promise) He granted you a near victory.

اقدُنْ مَدَنَ النَّهُ وَيُولُهُ الْوُيْوَا الْوَيْوَا الْوَيْوَا الْوَيْوَا الْوَيْوَا الْوَيْوَا الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُولُمُ الْوُيْوَا الْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعْلِ

سُنَّةَ اللهِ الَّذِي كَنْ خَلَتْ مِنْ كَمِنْ أَمْ وَهُوَالِّن يُكُفَّ أَيْدِينَهُ مُعَنَّكُمْ وَ ٳؙۑ۫ڔۑۘڴؙڎؘۣۼڹۿؙ؞ٝڔۣۼڟڹڡۘٙڴڎٙۯڹؙٳڣۑ أَنْ أَظْفَرُ كُوْعَلِيْهُمْ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ مَا أَتَعَلَّوْنَ هُـُهُ الَّذِيْنَ كُفُرُ وَا وَصَدُّوْ وَكُمُ مُعَنِي المشجد الترام والفائى مغلوقا أَنْ يَبُلُغُ مُعِلَّهُ ۚ وَلَوْلًا بِجَالٌ مُؤْمِنُونَ وَنِسَاءٌ مُؤْوِنْتُ لَوْيَعُلَمُوْهُ مِنْ أَنْ تَكُوُّ هُـُهُ فَتُصِيْكُ فِي إِنَّا مُعَا لَا لَكُو مُنْ أُمَّعَا لَا لَكُوْرُ علمة المدخ لالله في رُحْمَتِهِ مَن يُكُلُّهُ لَوْتَنَرَيُّكُوالْعَنَّ بِنَاالَّهَ يَكُونُوا مِنْهُمُ عَنَاثَالِهُمَّا @ إذْ جَعَلَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا فِي ثُلُولِهِ مُ الحمينة تميتة الجاميلية فأنزل الثار سكننته على يشوله وعلى المؤميان وَالْوَمَهُ مُعَلِّمَةُ التَّقَوٰى وَكَالْوَا اَحَقَ بِهَا وَامْلُهَا وَكَانَ النَّهُ رُكُلُّ ثُلُّ ثُلُ عَلَيْهُا ۞

- 28 He it is who has sent His Envoy with guidance and the reckoning so that pure Truth may prevail over all reckonings sufficient is Allah as witness.
- 29 Muhammad is the Messenger of Allah.

Those with him are hard on unbelievers compassionate 'mong themselves.

One sees them bowing and prostrating, beseeching Allah's grace and pleasure.

Distinguished are their faces by their adorations. Such is their likeness as given in *Taurat*.

And in *Injil* they have been likened to the (mustard) seed which sprouts a blade then it hardens and stands upon its stem causing wonder and delight to the sowers.

So much so that it enrages the Unbelievers.

Allah promiseth those who believe and do good deeds among them great reward.

*



Sura : $HUJAR\bar{A}T$

mahename of Allahahe Rahinan the Rahim

1**** 539

O ye who have believed!

Intrude not brazenly in the presence of Allah or His Apostle!

Fear ye Allah! Allah is the One who hears, the One who knows.

2 O ye who have believed!

Raise not voices yours above the Prophet's voice; nor wrangle with him as ye wrangle 'mong yourselves.

Lest ye annul your virtues unwarily.

- 3 Verily, those who subdue their voices in addressing Allah's Messenger they are the ones whose hearts Allah hath testified for their restraint. For them is forgiveness and high reward.
- 4 Those who call thee out from thy premises are mostly rustics.
- 5 If they had only waited until thou hadst gone to them that would be fitting for them. But Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 6 O ye who have believed!

If a gossip comes to you with a rumour vague, make ye certain of it lest ye emburden people unwittingly and wake to find yourselves ashamed of what you did.

- 7 Remember ye that in your midst is the Messenger of Allah;
 - if he were to give in to you in most matters, ye would come to grief.

But Allah has made you cherish discipline and has adorned your hearts with it;

He has made distasteful to you,

deceit,

intrigue.

obstreperousness.

Those who strive for righteousness-

يد إفتينتوا ان توينتوا قو ما في جهالة و الفيطالة و الفيطالة و الفيطالة التحديدة و الفيطالة و الفيطالة التحديدة و الفيطالة التحديدة و التحديدة و التحديدة و المساورة المنطالة و الفيطالة و المنطالة و

يَاتِهَا الدِّينَ امْتُوا الْأَقْدِ وُمُوا اللهِ يَالَيْهَا الدِّينَ اللهُ وَالْقُوا اللهُ اللهُ يَعْنَ اللهُ وَكُوا اللهُ اللهُ يَعْنَ اللهُ وَكُوا اللهُ اللهُ يَعْنَ اللهُ وَكُوا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَا اللهُ اللهُ وَتَعْنَ اللهُ اللهُ وَتَعْنَى اللهُ وَلَا يَعْنَ اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَعَنَيْهُ اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ ولَا اللهُ وَاللّهُ ولَا اللهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالّهُ وَاللّهُ وَلّمُواللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَال

- 8 For them is Allah's bounty and His grace. For Allah is the Knower and the Wise.
- 9 If two parties 'mong Believers fight each other make ye peace between them; and if among them one exceedeth bounds against the other, fight ye all against the one who exceedeth until it returns to Allah's ways. And when it hath returned make ye peace between them with justice and concern for Allah loveth those who show concern.
- 10 Believers, verily, are a brotherhood; maintain ye peace among your brothers; fear ye Allah so that ye may be recipients of Mercy.



2 *** 540

11 O ye who have believed!

Let no people ridicule another people it may be that they are better than themselves.

Nor should women laugh at other women: it may be that they are better than themselves.

Revile not one another nor humiliate by calling names:

beseemeth ill an evil name for one who doth believe.

He who desisteth not he doth transgress.

12 O ye who have believed!

Be ye mostly strangers to suspicion:

Suspicion can at times be equal to a crime! Spy not; nor relish speaking ill of each other. Would any one among you like to eat the flesh of your dead brother?

Therefore, loath ye speaking ill of others And fear ye Allah; verily, Allah is the Oftforgiving, the Merciful.

13 O ye mankind! Verily, We created you from one male, one female and grouped you into households and in tribes in order to distinguish you (from each other).

Verily, the most-honoured

among you, with Allah, is he that mindeth most (the Lord)!

And, verily, Allah is the Knower and the Cognizant.

14 The desert Arabs say:

"We believe!"

Say thou:

"No! Believe ye not-as yet!

Claim ye only to have accepted Islam.

Belief has not yet entered in your hearts.

But if ye carry out the injunctions of Allah and His Prophet, He will deny no credit for your deeds.

For, verily, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful."

قالب التقراب اعتاد كان تؤوّم فوا وتكن خواوا استداد تاين فولي فوا فالمبكرة وان تلطيغ والشدور مولة عقور ترجيم ﴿ وتيا المؤمنون الذين استوا بالنهو و وتشوله في سبيل المؤاد الإلى هم والقيام في سبيل المؤاد الإلى هم والقيم في سبيل المؤاد الإلى هم فال أشكرون الشيد ينكم والشيئة الم منان التمالوت وعلى الزويل والشيئة الم عقار المداون على المؤاد الا تكتوا عقار المداون على المناسة في المؤون عقار المداون المناسة في المؤون والشيئة المن عقار المداون المناسة المناسة والترامين عداد المناسة المؤون المناسة والترامين وقالة يعلم في المناسة المناسة والترمين وقالة يعلم في التماسة والترمين وقالة يعلم في المناسة على المناسة والترمين والشيئة لموقية المناسة والترمين يَأَيْهَا الْوَيْنَ اَمْتُوا الْاَيْتُخْرُوْهُ فَيْ فَوْ مَنْ وَكُوهُ فَيْ فَوْ مَنْ الْمَاتُوا الْاَيْتُخْرُو الْمَهُوْ وَلَا مَنْ الْمَاتُونُ الْمَنْهُ وَلَا مَنْ الْمَاتُونُ الْمَنْهُ وَلَا تَعَالَى الْمَاتُونُ الْمَنْفُونُ وَمَنْ الْمَاتُونُ الْمَنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفِقُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفِقُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنْفُونُونُ الْمُنْفُونُ الْمُنُونُ الْمُنْفُو

15 Verily, the (genuine) believers are those who put their trust in Allah and His Messenger; then swerve not, from striving single-mindedly with their wherewithal, and all their selflessness, in the way of Allah:

They are the truly earnest.

16 Ask thou,

"What! Wouldst ye inform Allah regarding your beliefs?!"

But Allah is aware of all that is in heaven and earth!

Verily, of every little thing, Allah is Aware."

17 They would have thee be obliged to them for their having accepted Islam!

Say thou,

"Your having accepted Islam doth lay on me no obligation.

It is Allah who lays on you an obligation, in that He doth guide you to the Faith if ye are earnest!"

18 Verily, Allah knoweth all that is hid in the heavens and the earth!

Perceiveth He all that ye do!





Sura : $N\bar{U}R$

mthename of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

1 *** 541

Adispensation We reveal and We ordain: therein are clear injunctions which ye may promulgate:

2 The adulteress and the adulterer:

Lash each one of them with a hundred lashes and let not pity for them swerve you from the reckoning of Allah, if ye would be true to Allah and the future: and let their punishment be seen by a party of the Faithful.

3 An adulterer let none marry except an adulteress or a heatheness;

and an adulteress let none marry except an adulterer or a heathen.

Forbidden are they (both) to Believers.

2 *** 542

4 And those who slander against housewives and fail to bring four witnesses:

Lash them eighty lashes; and, take them not as witnesses ever after.

They are perjurers.

5 Excepting those who recant later and mend their ways:

for, verily, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

6 And those who bring such charges against their wives and who produce no evidence except their own:

let such witnesses swear by Allah four times that they are truthful.

- 7 And on the fifth occasion let them say: "May Allah's wrath befall us if we be liars."
- 8 But punishment averts from her if she swears by Allah four times saying that he is a liar,
- 9 And on the fifth occasion, that Allah's wrath may fall on her if he is truthful.

10 Doth not Allah bestow His Grace and Mercy on you in being All-Forgiving Ever-Understanding?!

3 *** 543

11 Those who gave rise to the calumny are a group among yourselves.

Think ye not that it will harm you; nay, it will do you good.

For every one among them is decreed what he has earned.

For him amongst them who has been responsible for the bulk of it, awaiteth chastisement severe.

- 12 When you heard it, why did the Faithful—men and women not think well of their own people and say: "This is obvious calumny?"
- 13 Why did they not produce four witnesses for it?

And when they bring no evidence they are, in the sight of Allah, liars!

14 Were it not for the grace and mercy of Allah on you in the present and the future that which has been aired would have clung to you—

and therein lies much evil.

- 15 You spread it with loose talk you spoke of it in whispers—
 that of which you had no knowledge!
 You took it all for fun!
 But in the sight of Allah it was a serious thing.
- 16 And when ye heard it, why did ye not say: "It behoves us not that we should say such things; Glory be to Thee! This is utter calumny!"
- 17 Allah enjoins you never to repeat the like of it if ye would be Believers.



- 18 Allah doth thus clarify His revelations.

 Allah is the Knower and the Wise.
- 19 Verily, those who relish the spread of gossip about those who have believed, for them is grievous chastisement in the present and the future.

And Allah knoweth well all ye do.

20 Doth not Allah bestow His grace and mercy on you?

Verily, He is Considerate and Merciful.

4 *** 544

21 O ye who have believed!

Follow not in the footsteps of *Shaitan*—for he who follows in the footsteps of *Shaitan* he leadeth him to indecencies and to that which is forbidden!

Had it not been for the grace of Allah upon you and His mercy, not one among you would have been unblemished: but Allah can keep pure whom He wills.

And Allah is the One who Hears, who Knows.

22 Let not those of grace and ample means, hold back from their relatives: the needy, and the ones who left their homes in the name of Allah.

Let them forgive, let them forget. Would ye not like that Allah should forgive you? Verily, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

- 23 Verily, those who slander decent women, thoughtless but chaste, are cursed in the present and the future, and for them is grievous chastisement.
- 24 On that day their tongues, their hands, their feet will testify to what they did.
- 25 On that day Allah will bring them back to the truth and they will realize that Allah maketh truth self-manifest.

تُوْمُؤُمِنِيْنَ أَنْ فالشاككة الالت والتدعلا فِي الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا لَهُمْ عَذَا كِالِّيمُ ۚ ﴿ فِي الدُّنْمَاوَالْخِدَةُ وَاللَّهُ مَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُهُ كاتَعُكْبُونَ ﴿ وَنُولًا فَصَالُ الله عَلَنكُمْ وَرَحْمَنُهُ وَأَنَّ اللهَ رَءُونُ رَحِيمٌ ﴿ أَحَداً بِمَا أَوَّلِكُمَّ اللَّهُ مُزَّلِّ مَنْ يَشَالُوْ وَلَا مَأْمَلُ أُولُوا الْفَضْلِ مِنْكُفْرُوالسَّعَةِ أَنْ تُؤْتُواْ أُولِي الْقُرْبِي وَالْسَلِكِينَ وَ الناهجيرين فيسييل التية وليعفوا وَلْيَصْفَحُواْ ٱلرَّجِبُونَ ٱنْ يَغْفِي اللهُ، لَكُنْهُ وَالشَّعَفُورُ رُحِيْهُ ۞ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَرْمُونَ الْمُحْصَنْتِ الْغَفِلْتِ المؤمنة لعنوافي الذنيا والانحرقام وَلَهُمْ عَدَاكُ عَظِيمٌ ﴾

يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْحَقُّ الْمُهُونَ

即回

كَانَ مِنَ الصَّدِينَ ٠ وَلَا لَافْضُلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُو وَرَحْمَتُهُ وَ

Nur

26 Vile women for vile men. vile men for vile women.

But good women for good men and good men for good women:

such as these are above slander—for them is Allah's sympathy and gracious sustenance.

5 *** 545

27 O ye who have believed!

Intrude not into houses other than your own until ye have taken permission and have offered greeting to the inmates.

That is essential for you if you would ponder.

28 And if ye find not in them the one (you seek) enter not unless ye are asked;

and if ye're asked to go back, go ye back, that is best for you.

Allah, of what ye do is all-Aware.

- 29 There is no harm if you enter houses not used for living and wherein lies your need. Allah knoweth, what ye show and what you would conceal.
- 30 Enjoin ye on Believing men that they should lower their eyes and display not their manhood. That would be the purest for them.

 Allah is aware of how they act.
- 31 Enjoin ye on Believing women that they (too) lower their eyes and display not their woman-hood;

that they show not of their charms (in public) except what needs be seen;

that they draw their scarves upon their bosoms; that they may not be free and unreserved except before

their husbands,

their fathers

their husbands' fathers;

their sons

their husbands' sons;

their brothers or

their brothers' sons;

their sisters sons;

their women

or the ones owned by them,

or retainers that are past desire,

or children who are not aware of womanhood.



(Enjoin on them that they) frisk not on their feet to jingle hidden anklets!

In every way, turn ye to Allah, O ye who have believed, so that you may ever prosper.

32 And get the single ones among you married, as also those who're virtuous 'mong your slaves and slave-girls.

If they are poor Allah will enrich them through His grace.

For Allah's resources are vast and He doth understand.

33 And those who do not have the wherewithal to marry, let them remain chaste until Allah hath enriched them with His bounty.

If some among your slaves seek manumission write it out for them if you find them capable. Even bestow on them a portion of the means which Allah has bestowed on you.

Induce ye not your slave girls to prostitution

—if they are prone to chastity—
so that you may be enriched for a while!
But if some one has induced them, to them
who have been so induced—verily, Allah
is Forgiving, Merciful.

34 Thus do We reveal to you clear instructions similar to those which We revealed to those before you—and as advice to those who would beware (of evil).





6 *** 546

35 Allah's light commandeth the heavens and the earth!

His light may be likened to the niche which doth enshrine a torch—

a torch enclosed in crystal glass-

the crystal glass effulgent as a brilliant star.

Stands it lighted like the hallowed olive plant, having east nor west; its oil itself is luminant although no flame has kindled it!

Light here! Light there!

Allah guideth with His light (everywhere and) whom He wills.

Thus doth Allah strike analogies for men; and Allah everything doth understand.

- 36 (Such light is also found) in premises which Allah has permitted to be honoured and wherein His name is oft repeated— wherein He is glorified at noon and eventide
- 37 By men whom neither gain nor bargain can distract from their meditation on Allah, nor from their duties, nor their obligations.
 Dread they the day on which men's hearts and eyes shall be upturned.
- 38 So Allah will reward them for what they did and add for them His grace. Allah enriches whom He wills beyond all reckoning!

الله واقام الصّاوة وابتكاء فُأْنَ بُومًا تَتَقَلَّكُ فِيهِ مُلَةً وَاللَّهُ يُرْزُقُ مُنْ لِكُنَّا مُ

وَٱنْكِحُ الْأِنَّا فِي مِنْكُةُ وَالصَّلِعَ أَنْ مِنْ

39 Those who have no faith, their deeds are like a mirage in the desert which the thirsty take for water—

until he comes up to it and finds it to be nothing; instead, he finds himself in the presence of Allah and renders his account.

And Allah is, indeed, swift in reckoning.



40 Or, as if he is in the gloom of darkness deep, afloat upon the sea—battered, baffled by waves that follow waves; while high above there press black clouds.

Darkness intensified by darkness—his own upraised hand he cannot see!

Those whom Allah showeth not His light for them there is no light!

41 Dost thou not observe that it is Allah for whom striveth all that is in heaven and earth?

The birds that fly in serried ranks each one knows its duty and its function.

And, verily, Allah is aware of what they do.

- 42 And Allah's sovereignty prevails in heaven and earth and unto Him is ultimate return.
- 43 Dost thou not observe how Allah broadcasts clouds then gathers them, and heaps them into masses?

Lo! Thou seest drops of rain emerging from their midst.

And from those mount-like masses He sendeth hailstones pelting whom He wills and saving from them whom He wills.

The flashes of His lightning well nigh blind the eyes.

- 44 Allah doth revolve the nights and days— therein, indeed, are marvels for those who can perceive!
- 45 And Allah hath created all animals from water.

 Among them some creep on their bellies; among them some they move upon two feet; among them some who walk on fours—

 Allah doth create what He wills: verily, Allah, over everything holdeth power.
- 46 Verily, We have provided glaring miracles and Allah guideth whom He wills to the path secure.
- 47 They say,

"Believe we in Allah and His Messenger and we shall comply" but soon, a part of them retract;

they do not (yet) believe!

- 48 And when, some of them are invited to Allah and His Prophet so that he may judge between them, some of them object.
- 49 Had they been in the right they would have hastened as complainants.
- 50 Is there a canker in their hearts?

Are they in doubt?

Do they fear that Allah will be unjust to them and to His Apostle?

Verily, it is they who wrong (themselves)!

51 Verily, the response expected of the Faithful when they are called to Allah and His Prophet, so that he may judge between them, is simply that they say:

"We hear and we obey."

It is these who stand to prosper.

- 52 Whosoever obeys Allah and His Apostle, who feareth Allah, and is mindful (of doing wrong), it is such who (finally) succeed.
- 53 Vociferously some swear by Allah: at any moment thou dost call on them they would sally forth!

Say thou,

"Ye need not swear; what is needed is compliance!

Allah is, indeed, aware of what ye do."

54 Say thou,

"Obey ye Allah and His Apostle!

And if you should turn back—to him his burden, and to you your burden.

If ye obey, ye will be guided!

Naught is incumbent on the Apostle except (to give) instructions clear."

55 Allah gives His word to those among you who believe, and strive in righteousness that He will make them His vicegerents on the earth even as He made those who preceded them. He will establish for them in the land the code which He has chosen for them.

He will their lives transform from a state of fear to one of peace!

Let them serve Me!

Let them serve Me!
Nothing let them join with Me!

But those who (even) after this continue to deny, they are, indeed, the rebels.

56 Stand fast to your duties; fulfil your obligations and be obedient to the Prophet if blessed ye would be.

57 Think not thou that those who (still) deny will sabotage the land.

Calamity awaits them; evil is their end.

9 *** 549

58 O ye who have believed!

Those whom ye possess by right and those who have not yet reached the age of understanding—let not even these surprise your privacy during three periods:

before the morning prayer, and when you are at ease at noon, and after prayers at night; these periods are for your privacy.

No restrictions lie on you nor on them, at other times.

Visit ye around among yourselves.

Thus doth Allah clarify His instructions and Allah is the Knower and the Wise.

59 And when your children have grown up and acquired understanding let them observe all the rules of entry observed by those before them.

Thus doth Allah clarify His instructions and Allah is the Knower and the Wise.

60 And women elderly, inclined no more to sex—
no harm is there if they discard the scarf
without intention to display.

مَانَ تُولُوْا فَانْتُمَا عَلَيْهِ مَا حُيثُلَ وَ عَلَيْكُةُ قَاحُبِّلْتُمُوْ وَإِنْ تُطِيْعُوْهُ تَفْتَدُ وُاهِ وَمَاعَلَى الرَّسُولِ إِلَّا الصّلات لكستخلفة مرفي الأرض لَفُرَ رَبُعُكُ وَلَكَ فَأُولِ كَا هُمُ الْفُيتُونَ 😂 وَ إِذِهُ الصَّادِيُّ وَاتُواالزُّكُوةُ وَلَطِيعُوا وَالْقَدَاعِدُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ الَّتِي لَا يَرْجُونَ

ٱكَدُتُو ٱنَّ اللَّهُ مُزْرِئُ سَجَا مُا أَنَّهُ مُؤْوِلُكُ يْنَهُ ثُمَّ خِعُلُهُ رُكَامًا فَتُرَى الْوَدُقَ نُقِلْتُ اللَّهُ النَّالَ وَالنَّهُ أَرْإِنَّ فَي ذَلِكَ وَيَقُوْلُونَ ٰامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَبِالرَّسُولِ وَالْمَنَّا لُكُوِّ يَتُولِي فَرِنْقُ مِنْهُ مُرْتِنَ بَعُدِدُكُ أَ وَمَا أُولَيْكَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِيُنَ ۞ وَإِذَا دُعُوَا إِلَى اللهِ وَرَسُولِ عِلْيَحْكُمُ أَنْ قُانُو بِهِنْ مُرَحْلُ أَمِرازُ مَانِّوْاَ أَمْ يَخَافُونَ ومعناواطعنا وأوليك هوالمفالخان

But if they too desist it would be better for them--

For Allah is the One who Hears, the One who Knows.

61 There is imposed no bar upon the blind, the halt the sick.

(No bar there is) upon your eating in your own houses or those of your fathers or your mothers or your brothers or your sisters or your fathers' brothers or your mothers' brothers or your mothers' sisters; in houses ever open to you or in houses of your friends.

No bar there is to your eating in company of others or by yourselves.

Therefore, enter ye all such houses brightly greeting your own kind, and bringing with you unmingled joy and cheer from Allah! Thus doth Allah clarify to you His revelations so that ye may understand.

62 Only those are true Believers who are loyal to Allah and His Apostle;

and when they confer with him about a common problem, depart not till they are permitted.

Those who seek thy permission before they leave, they are among the Faithful.

So when some seek thy permission for some duty of their own give thou permission to those you like and commend Allah's pardon. Verily, He is Forgiving, Merciful.

الَّيْنَ عَلَى الْنَعْنَى حَرَّةٍ وَالْحَلَى الْمُوْرَةِ الْحَلَى الْمُورَةِ الْحَلَى الْمُورَاءِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُورَةِ الْمُورَاءِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْرِدِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُؤْرِدِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُؤْرِدِ الْمُورَاءِ الْمُؤْرِدِ الْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدِ الْمُؤْر

63 Treat not the requests of the Apostle as lightly as you treat each other's wishes—

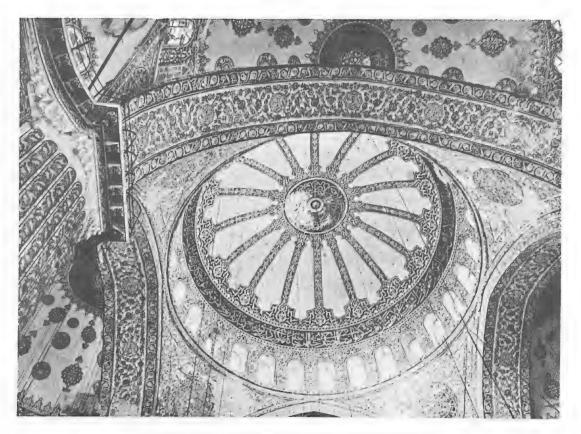
Verily, Allah knoweth those among you who slip away with some light excuse. Let those beware, who would oppose his instructions, lest some calamity befall them or they meet severe chastisement.

64 Behold!

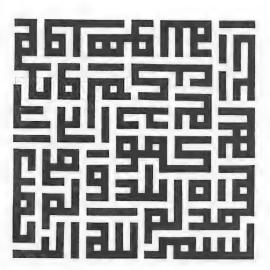
All that is in heaven and earth is Allah's. Well is He aware of what ye are about, and, on the day when you return to Him He will proclaim to you what you had done. Allah, of every thing is All-Aware.







Al ayat an Nur-'The Verse of Light' (Sec. 546) inscribed in the inner dome of Sultan Ahmad Mosque, Istanbul, Turkey.



Sura Tauhid (Sec. 15) constituting the arabsque design on the black tombstone of a prince—Qutub Shahi Tombs, Golconda, India.

Sura : $AHZ\bar{A}B$

mthename of Allahthe Rahinanthe Rahim

1 *** 551

O Apostle!

Mind thou Allah and hearken not to these heathens and hypocrites.

It is Allah who is the Knower and the Wise.

2 Follow thou implicitly the path that is revealed to thee by thy Lord.

It is Allah who keepeth watch on all you do.

3 And leave the rest to Allah; sufficeth He as Arbiter.

2 *** 552

4 Allah hath not made a man who hath two hearts within his breast.

Nor doth He make your wives, whom you have forsworn, your mothers, or adopted sons your sons.

These are merely metaphors of speech, Allah, indeed, doth tell the truth and guideth He towards the (correct) path.

5 Hail them by their (real) fathers' (names); that will be more fair to them in Allah's sight and if you do not know their fathers—(they should be) brothers in faith, or (merely) comrades to you. There is no harm in calling people by their conferred names;

harm lies in what you actually believe. But Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

6 The Apostle is closer to those who have believed than their kin, and his wives are as their

but, some of their own kin are, as per Allah's law, (or naturally,) closer to some Faithful than the Immigrants (from *Mecca*).

Nonethless, treat ye all your comrade-guests generously: that is what has been recorded in the written deed.

7 Even thus did We exact a covenant from the Prophets—

from thee, from Nuh and Ibrahim and Musa and from 'Isa son of Maryam.

Exacted We from them all a solemn covenant.

8 So that He may test the sincere ones for their sincerity—and to those who default is promised punishment.

3 *** 553

9 O ye who have believed!

Call to mind the favours of Allah upon you when a host had come upon you and lo, We unleashed on them such a storm of wind and rain as you had never seen.

Thus doth Allah, on what ye do, keepeth watch.

- 10 Lo! they came upon you from above and from below, your eyes were blurred, your hearts had risen to your throats and ye had thought unworthy thoughts of Allah.
- 11 Thus were the Faithful put to test and given a thorough shaking.
- 12 Then those who had dissembled faith and those of cowardly hearts began to say, "The promises of Allah and His Apostle were nothing but delusions!"
- 13 Remember when a few among you had even shouted:

"O ye men of Yathrib! Ye cannot hold your ground! Turn back!"

And some among them had pleaded with the Prophet saying:

"Verily, our households are exposed!"

They were not exposed; all they wanted was to flee!

14 If the enemy had mingled with them and had incited them to treachery they would have been persuaded and shown resistance little.



15 And this notwithstanding that they had earlier sworn to Allah, they would not turn their backs!

Verily, of their oaths to Allah they shall be asked!

16 Say thou,

"Flight will not save you from death or slaughter; and even if (you survive)—you will enjoy not (life) except for a while!"

17 Ask thou,

"Is there one to screen you from Allah if He should wish you ill or wish you well? Never will they find, for themselves, apart from Allah, any friend or helper.

18 Verily, Allah knoweth the hinderers among you and those who tell their brethren, "Stay back with us!"—

and who expose themselves to danger rarely-

19 Reluctant to assist you.

When fear overcomes them they look to thee with rolling eyes as at the approach of death.

But, as soon as danger has been overcome, they will lash thee with their tongues covetous of booty.

They are those who never will believe; Allah has therefore made their deeds futile and that for Allah is facile.

20 They had thought that those hordes enmassed would never go away; and if those hordes were to return—they would rather wander with the desert Arabs, hearing only news of you!

مُرَضُّ مَّا وَعَدَى مَا اللهُ وَرَسُولُ فَيَ اللَّهُ تُأَنِّ مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَعُومُكُمُ مُّرِينَ اللَّهِ إِنْ آرادبكفشوءً أؤآراد بكفرخمةً ولا قَنْ يَعْلُمُ اللهُ الْمُعَوِّقِيْنَ مِنْكُمُ وَالْقَلْمِلِينَ إرخوانه ممكرة اليناة ولايأثؤن البأس الْاَقِلْنُلاُّ فَي ٱيْفِعَةُ عَلَيْكُوٰ ۗ فَأَذَاجَاءَ الْخُوْفُ رَأَيُّهُمْ ينظرون إلكك تكاور أغينهم كالأنى يغظى عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْهَوْتِ فَإِذَا ذَهَبَ

فِي الْحَقُوابِ يَسْأَلُونَ عَنْ أَنْكَا بِكُفُو

وَلَوْكَ أَنُوا فِيكُنُومًا ثُمَّا ثُمَّ كُوْآ إِلَّا

قَلِيْلًا أَن

هُنَالِكَ ابْتُهِلَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَزُلْزِلُوا

脚側

يَايُّهُمَّاالنَّبِيُّ النِّقَ اللهُ وَلاَتُطِيرِاللَّهِ إِنَّ وَالْمُنْفِقِةِ بِنَ اللهِّكَانَ عَلَيْمًا يَنْ رَبًا *

ۊۘٵڷۜڽٛؖۻۛۄؙٙ۩ؙؽٷۻٙٳڮڮ؈ڽڗؾڬ؞ ٳؽٵڵؿؙۼٵؽڔڛٲۼڡٞۿۏؽڿڽۘڋٳ۞ ۊػۅٛػڵۼڶڵ ڽ؆؞ڰ؞

مَاجَعَلَ اللَّهُ لِرَجُلِ أَنِنَ قَلْبَ يُنِ فِي جَوْفِةً وَمَاجَعُلَ ازْوَاجَلُمُ الْيُثَفِّلُمُ أَنَّ مِنْهُنَّ أُمَّهُتِكُمْ ۚ وَمَاجَعَلَ أَدْعِيًّا وَأَنَّهُ اَنِنَاءَكُوْ وَٰلِكُوۡ وَلِكُوۡ وَلَكُوۡمِ الۡوَاهِكُمُ ۖ وَلَيْهُ يَقُوْلُ الْحَقِّ وَهُوَيَهُ بِي السَّبِيلُ @ ٱدْعُوْهُمْ لِإِنَّا يَهِمُ هُوَاتُسَطِّعِنُكَ اللَّهِ ا فَانُ لَمُوْلَعُكُمُواۤ أَبَّاءَهُمُ وَالْحُوانُكُمُ فِي النَّايُنِ وَمَوَالِيَكُفُّ وَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمُّ جُنَاحٌ وَمِيَّا أَخُطَأْ تُمْرِيهِ وَلَكِنْ كَأَتَّعُنَّاتُ قُلُونُكُونُ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَفُوزًا رَحِيمًا ۞ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِمَاتَعُمُ لُوْنَ بَصِيْرًا أَنَّ

And even if they were to be with you, they would fight but little.



M 21

21 Verily, there is for you in the Apostle of Allah a noble pattern for anyone whose hope lies

in Allah and in the days to come—and one who keepeth Allah constantly in mind.

22 The Believers, when they saw the enmassed hordes only said, "This is what Allah and

His Apostle had foretold us."

True, indeed, has proved what they had said!

(The sight) had no effect except to enhance still their faith and discipline.

- 23 Among the Faithful there were many who stood fast by their promise to Allah: some of them fulfilled their tryst (through martyrdom) and some await it still—undaunted and unswerving.
- 24 Allah will reward the genuine ones among them for their genuineness. And as for the dissemblers He will punish or forgive them as He wills— Verily, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 25 Allah made the heathens seek retreat despite their fury; no vantage did they gain: Allah doth suffice Believers in their strife. So powerful is Allah, so full of Majesty,
- 26 Those of the Peoples of the Book who had aided them—He brought them down from their bastions and instilled fear into their hearts some ye slew, and prisoners ye took some.
- 27 He made you then inherit their lands, their dwellings, and their goods—land which ye have not (yet) traversed.
 Thus doth Allah over every thing hold sway.

5 *** 555

28 O Envoy!

Tell thou thy wives:

"If ye would rather have the pleasures of the present and its embellishments, then come, I will provide for them and will release you with an elegant release.

- 29 But if ye should prefer Allah, His Messenger, and the state of future bliss, then, verily, Allah promiseth for the goodly amongst you a great reward!"
- 30 O ye consorts of the Prophet!

Whoever amongst you is guilty of unseemly conduct she shall be punished with a double punishment—and that for Allah is not difficult.

- 31 But those among you who are obedient to Allah and His Messenger, and work for righteousness, We grant them wages two-fold. We promise them abundance of felicity.
- 32 O consorts of the Prophet!

Ye are not akin to other women: if, therefore, ye would be above suspicion, be ye not too free in your speech lest one of lustful heart should be emboldened.

Use ye only words discreet.

33 Keep to your dwellings.
Display ye not yourselves as they displayed in the bygone days of ignorance.
Attend ye to your duties; fulfil your obligations; obey ye Allah and His Apostle!

Verily, Allah would have you free of taint, O ye of the Household! and make you pure as pure can be!

34 Ponder over Allah's revelations and His wisdom which are bestowed in your dwellings: Verily, Allah, of even subtle thoughts is fullaware.

35 Muslim men and Muslim women, believing men, believing women, devout men and devout women, sincere men and sincere women, persevering men, persevering women, humble men and humble women, generous men, generous women, fasting men, fasting women, prayerful men and prayerful women—verily, Allah promiseth them all forgiveness and compensation great!

36 It is not fitting for believers
—be they men or women—
that, once a matter is decided by Allah and
His Apostle, they should cavil at the decisions!

Whosoever disobeys Allah and His Apostle, he has, indeed, gone far astray.

37 When thou didst say to one who had received favours from Allah and favours from thyself: "Keep to thyself thy wife and fear thou Allah," thou didst conceal in thy heart that which Allah was to manifest

-feared thou men when Allah had more right that thou shouldst fear Him.

So when Zaid had fulfilled all formalities, We married thee to her so that there be no obstacle for the Believers in marrying the wives of their adopted sons, when due formalities are all fulfilled.

All that Allah hath enjoined must be observed.

- 38 Nor can the Apostle raise any obstacle in that which Allah has made incumbent on him. It was the custom (countenanced) of Allah among the people who have gone before. And that which Allah hath commanded has to be obeyed
- 39 By those who preach as Messengers of Allah, and fear Him—no one else they fear except Allah!

For, sufficeth Allah as the Reckoner.

لنسكة النبي كسنتن ككحدين النسكاء ٳڹٲڷٞڡۜؽؙػؙؽۜٷڵٳؠۜٙڂؗۻۼڹؠٲڵڡٞۅٛڶ فَيُظْمَعُ الَّذِي فَي قَلْمه مُرَضَّ وَقُلْنَ لْعَاهِلَتَةِ الْأُولِي وَآتِتُنَ الصَّاوِقَا وَ اتِيْنَ الزَّكِ لَا وَأَطِعُنَ اللَّهُ وَرُسُولُهُ إفكايرن الله لينهد عناة الرجس آهُلَ الْمُتَت وَيُطَهِّرُكُوْ تَطْهِ رُولَا شَ وَاذْكُرُنَ مَا يُثْلِي فَيُبُونِيَكُنَّ مِنْ أَيْتِ الله والجحلمة إنّ الله كأن لطنفًا وَ مَا كَأَنَ لِمُؤْمِنِ وَكُمُؤُمِنَ أَعَالَهُ مُؤْمِنَةٍ إِذَا تَعَكَى اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ آمُرًا أَنْ يُكُونَ لَهُمُ الْحِيرُةُ مِنْ اَمْرِهِ مُرْوَمَنْ لَيْعُصِ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ نَقَانُ ضَلَ مَلْلاً ثُمِينًا ۞ وَإِذْ تَقُوْلُ لِلْنَاكِي أَنْعَهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَ أنعكث عكنه أمسك عكنك زوجك وَإِنَّ إِلَّهُ وَتُخِلُقُ فِي فَا نَفْسِكَ مَا اللَّهُ مُنْدِينُهُ وَتَخْتُمُ النَّاسُّ وَاللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَحْشَنُهُ فَكُمَّا قَصْمِ أَنْكُرُهُمْ مَا وَطُوًّا زُوَّجُنْكُهَا لِكُنُّ لِايْكُوْنَ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ عُرْجُهِ فِي أَذُ وَاسِ أَدْعِيّا لِهِ مُعِلَّا الْفُوا مِنْهُنَّ وَطُرًّا ﴿ وَكَانَ أَمَّهُ الله مَا كَانَ عَلَى النَّيِيّ مِنْ حَرْجٍ فِيْهَا قَرْعَى الله كذا مُنكة الله في الذي يُن حَكُو امِن فَيْلُ وَكَانَ آمُرُاللهِ قَدُ رُلامًةُ فَكُورُاللهِ لَانْ نُهِيكِ فُوْنَ رِسُلْتِ اللَّهِ وَيَخْشُونَهُ الايخشة ن أحكر الكالمة موكف

لَقَدُكَانَ لَكُونَ فِي رَسُولِ اللهُ أَسُونَا ۗ حَسَنَة لِمَنْ كَانَ يُرْجُوااللَّهُ وَالْهُوَمَ اللبخة وَوَكُو الشُّوكُ فِي اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَمُؤَّا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ لَكُونُوا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وكتار المن منون الكفرات كالع هٰذَامَاوَعَدَنَااللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَصَدَتَ اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَمَا زَادَهُ مِ إِلَّا إِيمَانًا وكشلفا الم مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ مِنَ رِجَالٌ صَدَ قُوْا مَا عَاهُوا الله عَلَيْهِ فَيَهْمُ مُنْ فَضَى تَعْلَى عُيدُهُ وَمِنْهُ مَنْ يَنْتَظِيرُ وَمَائِكُ أُواتِيْدِ يُلاَ لِيَجْزِيَ اللهُ الصِّيوَيْنَ بِصِدُ قِرْمُ وَيُعَذِّبَ الْمُنْفِقِينَ إِنْ شَاءَ آفِ يَتُونِ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ كَأَنَ عَفُورًا ڒۘڿؽٵۿ وَرَكَا اللَّهُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْ إِنَّا يُعْيُظِهِمْ لَهُ مَنَالُوا خَيْرًا وَكُفِّي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فِيهُونَ الْقِتَالَ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ تُويًّا عَزِيْزًا هُ وَٱنْوَلَ الَّذِيْنَ طَأَهُمُ وُهُمُومِنَ أهبل المجتب من صَيَاصِيهمُ وَقِذَتَ فِي ثُلُوبِهِمُ الرُّغْبَ ثِرِيْقًا تَقْتُلُونَ وَتَأْسِرُونَ فَرِنْقًا رَجَّ وَاوْرَثِكُوُ أَرْضَهُ مُودِمَارَهُمْ وَ آمُوالَهُمُ وَازِضًا لَوْتَطَكُوٰهَا لَوَكَانَ اللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ أَنَّى قَدِيرًا هُ نَآتِهُاالنَّيْنُ قُلْ لِازْوَاجِكَ إِنْ لَنْتُنَّ تُردُن الْحَيْوِةَ الدُّنْسَأُونِينَتَمَافَتَعَالَكُنَ أمَيِّعُكُنَّ وَأَسَرِّحْكُنَّ سَرَاحًا وَإِنْ كُنُهُ ثُنَّ تُرِدُنَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُ لَهُ وَالِيَّ إِزَالُاخِءَ وَكَانَّ اللَّهُ أَعَدَ لِلْمُعْسِنْتِ منكن أخراعظمان ينيساء النيق من يَأْتِ مِنكُنَ بِفَاحِثُةٍ مُّيَتِنَةِ يُضْعَفْ لَهَاالْعَنَاكُ ضُعُفَيْنُ وكان ذلك على الله يسيران وَمَنْ لَقَنْتُ مِنْكُنَّ شَهِ وَ رَسُولِهِ وَتَعْمَلُ صَاعِمًا تُؤْتِلِكًا آجرهام وتثني واغتذنالها ينمقا

40 Muhammad can be no father to any man among you: but he is the Messenger of Allah and a confirmer of the Apostles. It is only Allah who, of all things, hath knowledge.

7 *** 557

- 41 O ye who have believed!

 Ponder ye on Allah deep and oft;
- 42 Strive ve (in His service) early and late.
- 43 It is He and His angels who shower blessings on you to lead you from the darkness into light.

For all Believers He is ever Merciful.

- 44 The mark of welcome in His presence is serenity—and He doth promise unto them generous wage!
- 45 O thou Envoy!

 Verily, We have sent thee as a witness, as a herald of glad tidings, as a warner
- 46 To invite men to Allah; and, by His leave, to be (thyself) a beam of light.
- 47 Enthuse thou them, the Faithful: for them awaiteth with Allah bounty in abundance.
- 48 Give not in to heathens or to dissemblers; heed not their provocations; trust in Allah: Sufficient is Allah to manage all affairs.
- 49 O ye who have believed!

If ye marry believing women and then divorce them before ye have touched them, no period of waiting is then incumbent on them: make ye them an offering, and part with them with a gracious parting. 50 O Apostle!

We had, indeed, allowed thee (to take) as thy wives:

those to whom thou hadst offered dower; those whom Allah hadst bestowed as a consequence of victory;

thy sister cousins who migrated with thee; believing women who had offered themselves to the Prophet

—that, if the Prophet wished, he should marry her—

(This was) for thee alone—among the Faithful.

—We know full well what We have made incumbent upon them regarding their wives and those they lawfully possess—

so that there be no hindrance for thee (in thy mission).

To such extent is Allah Lenient, Merciful.

51 Thou canst put apart whom thou dost wish to, and draw nigh thee whom thou dost wish; and if thou wert to draw nigh thee one whom thou hadst neglected, no blame shall be on thee.

That will be the best to rest their eyes, to mitigate their longings, to make them happy—all of them—with what thou givest them.

Allah knoweth (O, ye wives) what is in your hearts.

To such extent is Allah Knowing and Considerate.

52 (But) He permiteth not to thee any other women in the future, nor mayst thou take a wife in place of another, even if their goodness please thee—except those who come to thee by right.

To such extent doth Allah, over every thing keep watch!



53 O ye who have believed!

Enter not the dwellings of the Prophet until you are given leave;

and, when invited to a meal, loiter not aforetime;

come only when ye're called and, having eaten, go your ways.

Linger not for gossip, for that, indeed, embarrasseth the Prophet and he feels reticent to ask you to retire. But Allah doth not hesitate (to manifest) the truth!

And when ye ask (his wives) for some thing ask ye for it from beyond the curtain, that will meet your wishes and meet their wishes too.

And what is wrong with you that you should thus cause pain to the Messenger of Allah?!

Tis not that you can marry any of his wives after him—never!

Verily, such a thought from you. in the eyes of Allah is sacrilege!

54 Ye may divulge a thought or ye may hide it, Verily, Allah, of all things, is fully Aware.

55 No such formalities need thy wives observe with their fathers or their sons, or their brothers,

or their brothers' sons

or their sisters' sons

or their women, or their wards.

(O women!) Fear ye Allah! Verily, He is, to every thing, a Witness!

56 Verily, Allah and His angels bless the Prophet! O ye who have believed! Invoke ye too, blessings on him and offer him all homage due from you. فأمن أذواج وَلَوْا عَجَمُكُ

بَاللَّهِيُّ إِنَّا ٱرْسَلْنَكَ شَاهِدًا وَمُنْتِوْا





57 Verily, those who annoy

Allah and His Prophet,

Allah's curse be on them—now and for ever!

Awaiteth them disgraceful plight.

58 Those who annoy the Faithful
—men or women—
without provocation, themselves bear the
guilt of calumny and obvious sin.

9 *** 559

59 O Apostle!

Tell thy wives, thy daughters, and the women of the Faithful, that they let their outdoor veils fall low;

that will be best to clarify identity so that they might not be molested.

So compassionate and Merciful is Allah.

- 60 Those who dissemble faith, the lustful and the scandalmongers in the City—if they desist not We shall certainly raise thee against them: then, they will not for long remain your neighbours.
- 61 Damned be they! Wherever found, they shall be seized and hunted as need they to be hunted.

- 62 That was the way of Allah for the people who have gone before; and in Allah's ways no one ever findeth change.
- 63 The people ask thee,
 "When? O when?!"
 Say thou,
 "Of that Allah alone hath knowledge!"
 How shouldst thou know?
 Perchance it draweth very near!
- 64 But, verily, Allah lays His curse upon such rascals and has in wait for them a fiery ordeal.
- 65 They shall be therein for aye, no friend they find in there, no helper.
- 66 When their faces are coated with the soot of hell, they will wail:
 "O would that we had then obeyed Allah and His Messenger!"
- 67 And they will plead:
 "Our Lord! We had but obeyed our masters
 and our elders: 'tis they who misled us
 from the virtuous path!
- 68 "Our Lord!

 Inflict thou twofold punishment on them!

 And curse them Thou with grievous curse!

69 O ye who have believed!

Be ye not like those who had reviled Musa! Then Allah did absolve him from their calumnies.

Such, with Allah, was his status.

70 O ye who have believed!

Keep in mind Allah and speak ye guardedly

71 So that He may correct your conduct and forgive your sins! For he who doth obey Allah and His Apostle, for him, indeed, is honour great.

72 Verily, We entrusted to the heavens and the earth Our Trust:
In awe they all fulfilled them—Man alone withheld!

Verily, he is foolish (to himself) unfair!

73 Allah layeth punishment on men and women who dissemble faith and on men and women who are infidels.

خليدين فيها المناه الاجداد و والمنطقة الكرنسوني المناوسة الكارتية والكارتية والكرنسان المناوس والمنافسة الكرنسان المناوس والكرنسان الكرنسان والكرنسان والكربسان والكربسان والكربسان والكربس

and turneth He forgivingly on the men and women who are believers!

Such is His Compassion; such His Mercy!





SURA: HAJJ

h the name of Allah the Rahilman the Rahilm

1 *** 561

O ye people!
Pay ye heed to your Lord!
The hour of upheaval is a day of dread!

2 You see suckling mothers abandon their sucklings!

Women burdened with child disburdened (through fright)!

You see people tottering without having drunk! The scourge of Allah is severe!

- 3 And yet, among men are some who would dispute about Allah through ignorance—beguiled altogether by deceitful Shaitan!
- 4 True has it been written about him: "Whoever his patronage seeks him he misleads and guides to perdition severe!"
- 5 O ye people!

Why are ye in doubt about your re-flourishing? Have We not raised you from dust?

Then from sperm and egg; then from an embryo partly living, partly without life—in order that We make things plain to you?

Then We retain whom We will, within the wombs, for a period fixed:

We bring you forth as babes;

We raise you to maturity and manhood;

then some among you die and some among you bend with senile age knowing little after having known so much!

Do ye not see the barren earth—how when We shower rain, it stirs, it swells, it shoots forth variegated, harmonious blooms?!

6 All this because the laws of Allah are ever-certain: He brings the dead to life!

Over every, (every) thing, He holdeth sway.

7 That the time approacheth (for you to flourish once again) there is no doubt in that. Allah will, indeed, raise you from your (present) graves! 8 But there are among the people those who would argue about Allah, without knowledge,

without knowledge, without guidance, without evidence.

9 But with presumptuous gestures so as to lead astray (others) from the path of Allah. For them there is disgrace anon, and, eventually, a fiery chastisement awaits them.

10 "This is what thy hands had sent on in advance!" By no means is Allah capricious with His servants!

2 *** 562

11 There are others among the people whose faith in Allah lieth on the margin:

as long as good befalls them they believe in Him.

But when they're put to test, Him they disown— Losers of the present and the future! Their loss is manifest!

- 12 They plead to those, besides Allah, who can neither harm nor profit them: that is straying far, indeed.
- 13 They plead, perhaps, to those more prone to injure than to profit them. Pitiable the patron, pitiable the one who pleads!
- 14 Allah will, of certainty, admit those of faith and righteous action into gardens beneath which streams flow.

For, indeed, Allah doeth what He wills.

- 15 He who is convinced that Allah will not help him, now or ever, (has no alternative): he should dangle himself by a rope from the ceiling—then cut it and see if that will put to flight his chagrin!
- 16 Thus do We convey clear signs—Allah doth, indeed, guide whom He wills.



17 Verily,

the Believers,

the Jews,

the Sabeans,

the Christians.

the Mageans

and the Idolators-

verily, Allah will judge between them all, eventually, for, in truth, Allah doth witness all.

18 Dost thou not perceive that to Allah boweth all that is in the heavens and the earth—

the sun,

the moon,

the stars,

the hills,

the plants,

the animals.

and multitudes of men;

and many (even) among those who deserve chastisement?

Whom Allah treateth with contempt there is none to honour; Allah doth accomplish all He wills.

3 *** 563

19 These are two rivals duelling o'er their Lord, but those who cheat—garments of fire shall be cut out for them.

On their faces shall o'erflow the sweat of shame!

- 20 Scorched will be all that is within them hidden and all that is apparent.
- 21 (As if) with iron maces are they driven:
- 22 Every time they try to extricate themselves (from their self-made meshes) they are reentangled—"Taste ye, yet a while this agony!"
- 23 But Allah will apportion for those who trust in Him, and strive on righteously, gardens 'neath which streamlets flow—dressed in silks, adorned with gold and pearls.
- 24 Guided to the purest speech, led along the path of grace!

- 25 Those who would prevaricate and bar the way to Allah and the Sacred Mosque—which We have made equally for resident and visitor—and any one who's bent on mischief and aggression—We shall make him taste of grievous chastisement.
- 26 (Remember) when We provided for *Ibrahim* an abode on the (sacred) site:

"With Me nothing associate;

My House keep sanctified for itinerants and those who'd rest, and those who'd bow in prayer."

27 So, proclaim wide the Hajj:

men will flock to thee on foot and riding camels slim and fleet from distant gorges deep.

- 28 And seeing for themselves the benefits available, they (in gratitude) may pronounce the name of Allah
 - —in the days well specified which He provideth for them—

that they may themselves rest and also feed those in want and penury.

- 29 Then let them put an end to such restrictions as were imposed on them; fulfil their vows and circumambulate the Ancient House.
- 30 That much (is essential).

But if one were to fulfil in excess Allah's Ordinance the better will it be for him with his Lord.

Allowed to you (as food in Hajj) are animals—except the ones prohibited.

But ye must shun that which has been offered to the idols; and shun ye all prevarication (on this)

31 Standing fast to Allah, and joining naught with Him.

For, he that mingleth aught with Allah is like one dangling in mid-air—a prey for every bird to snatch up and, at the mercy of every breath of wind to cast him where it lists.

32 That is essential.

But if one wishes to follow still more closely Allah's rituals, they should be observed from the genuine dictates of the heart.

33 There are things therein profitable to you unto a stated term; thereafter, their lawful place of sacrifice is by the Ancient House.

5 *** 565

34 For every people We provide a ritual so that they may pronounce the name of Allah on the sustenance He gives them from amongst the cattle.

But the Deity of all of you is the One Deity. Submit ye then to Him. Glad tidings give to the humbler ones

- 35 Whose hearts, when they pronounce the name of Allah, are filled with reverence; who persevere despite their limitations, who stand up to their duty, and, what We bestow on them share (with others).
- 36 These bulky camels We have given you, are symbols of Allah's (bounty) —for you in them doth lie much good.

Pronounce on them the name of Allah as they stand in row.

And when they slide upon their sides, eat ye thereof and feed those who ask not and those who claim.

Thus have We subjected the cattle to you—so that ye may be grateful.

37 By no means reacheth to Allah their meat, their blood—what reacheth Him is your willingness to sacrifice (that which is useful to you).

Therefore has He subjected them to you, so that ye may (by your sacrifice) proclaim His greatness and His guidance bestowed on you—and thus refresh the hearts of those inclined to good.

- 38 Allah will, indeed, vindicate those who believe; Allah loveth not the hiding traitors.
- 39 Permission there is for them to fight back because they have been wronged.
 And Allah hath, indeed, the power to succour.
- 40 Those who have been banished from their homes without a charge except that they said Allah was their Lord!

If Allah had not warded off some people by means of others, there would have been destroyed churches, monasteries, synagogues and mosques in which the name of Allah is repeated oft.

Allah will, indeed, help those who render help to Him; Allah, indeed, is strong, Supremely Sovereign!

- 41 Those who, if We establish them in power, will stand fast to their duties, fulfil their obligations, encourage conduct right, discourage wrongful deeds—the final outcome ever lies with Allah.
- 42 What if they spurn thee?

 Before thee too had, likewise, spurned the people of *Thamud* and 'Ad and Nuh;
- 43 The peoples of Ibrahim, of Lut;
- 44 The dwellers of *Madyan*. Even *Musa* was rejected.
 - I gave respite to all of these rejectors and only then I gripped them; but then... O what a grip it was!

لَكِنُ مِنَالُهُ التَّقُوٰى مِنْكُوْكُنْ إِكَ عَالَكُمُ لِثَكَايِّرُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى مَا هَذِيكُمُ اللهُ لا يُحِتُّ كُلُّ خَوَّانَ لَقُوْرِ هُمْ ؙڿؚ؈ؘڸڵڹؠؙؽۜڲڡٛؾڵۊٙؽؠٲڷۿۿۄڟٳٮؙٷٲ الصَّلُولاً وَانْوُا الزَّكُولاَ وَامْرُوا لْمَعْمُ وْبُ وَنْهُوْاعِنِ الْمُنْكُمُ وَيِّلْهِ ان تُكُنَّا يُوْكُ فَعَنَّ كُنَّ بَتُ قَلُهُمُ فَوْمُ ثُوْجِ وَعَادُ وَتُمُوْدُ ﴾ وَ تُؤُمُ إِنْ المُنْمَدُونَةُ مُلْوَطِ ﴿ وَأَصْعُكُ مَنْ يَنَ ۚ وَكُنَّ بُعُونِي فَأَمُلَيْتُ لِلْكَفِي أِنَ ثُمَّ آخَنُهُمْ كُلُّفَ فَكَايِّنْ مِّنْ قُرْمَةِ أَهُلَكُنْهَا وَهِيَ ظَالِمَةُ فَهِي خَاوِرَةُ عَلَى عُرُوشِهَا وَ مُرَمُّ عَظَلَةٍ وَتَصْرُمُ مِنْدُونَ

كُلّ ضَامِر تَأْتِيْنَ مِنْ حُيْلًا الله فَي أَنَّا مِرْمَعُ لُوْمُتِ عَلَى مَارَئَزُ فَكُمُ مِّنَ بَهِيمُ إِلزَّنْكَامِرُّ نَكُاوَامِنْهَا وَ

45 How many habitations have We destroyed!

They had dominated over others; now they lie upturned upon their roofs...

here lies a dried up well..

there stands a ruined mansion which once was great!

- 46 Do they not travel o'er these lands so that their hearts may waken and their ears perceive? 'Tis not their eyes that see not;
 - it is their hearts within their breasts that do not feel!
- 47 They would have thee hasten on the punishment!

 But Allah doth not turn back on His word!

 A day, according to thy Lord, is like a thousand years according to your reckoning.
- 48 To how many habitations I have given reprieve in spite of their aggressiveness! Only then it was that I seized them! To Me, eventually, they all succumb.

- 49 Say thou,
 - "O ye people! I am simply for you one to make it evident to you:
- 50 "Who ever faith acquires and acteth righteously, for him is pardon and an honourable livelihood.
- 51 "But those who strive to counteract Our laws, they are the ones who (themselves) invite suffering."
- 52 We sent before thee no Apostle, nor Messenger, but in whose teaching, the mischievous did introduce some contradicting elements. But Allah doth annul what evil ones would introduce and He, for you, establisheth His signs—Allah, indeed, is both the Knower and the Wise—
- 53 So that He may make the thought (which the evil one had planted) in the hardened and diseased hearts, a cause of unrest.

Verily, such transgressors stray far indeed!

54 And persons blessed with knowledge may confirm that it is truly from thy Lord; and so (implicitly) they do believe therein that it doth serve as solace to their hearts.

Verily, Allah guideth those of faith towards the correct path.

- 55 But those who misbelieve, cease not to be in doubt until the gobbling moment comes upon them suddenly—or, there doth come upon them barren desolation.
- 56 On that day Allah's sovereignty alone shall count—He will judge between them: those who believe and do good deeds shall be in gardens fair.
- 57 And those who do evade and spurn Our signs, they will face severe affliction.

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- 58 And those who embark on the path of Allah and then are slain, or die, on them will Allah bestow blessings even better: for, truly, Allah is the best of all Providers.
- 59 He will admit them to such abodes as please them well; for, indeed, Allah is All-knowing and Forbearing.
- 60 That is certain: He who has taken vengeance commensurate only with the wrong done him and is even then severely set upon—Allah will surely help him.

 Verily: Allah is most Foreiving most Com-

Verily, Allah is most Forgiving, most Compassionate.

- 61 That is because Allah doth smoothly glide night into day and day into night: He, indeed, seeth all and all He hears.
- 62 That is because Allah alone is dependable and those on whom they call beside Him are undependable; and, furthermore, Allah is the Supreme, the Great.
- 63 Dost thou not see that it is Allah that sendeth down the rain from the sky, and lo! the earth enrobes in greenery?

 Allah is, indeed, Subtle, Sensitive!
- 64 For Him is all that is in heaven and all that is on earth.
 Allah is, indeed, the Rich, the One-to-be-obeyed.

65 Do ye not see that it is Allah who has subjected to you all that is in the land; and boats that sail upon the waters at His word?
Controleth He the clouds that shower not upon the earth except at His command. Allah is, indeed, on mankind Compassionate and Gracious.

- 66 He it is that keepeth you awake, then He maketh you (as) dead; then wakens you again. But man, indeed, doth e'er evade.
- 67 For every people We assign observances which they observe; do not, therefore, let them quibble with thee (regarding non-essentials), (Simply) invite them to thy Lord and thou wilt be upon the correct path.
- 68 If they would quarrel with thee, say thou: "Allah knoweth best what ye do".
- 69 Allah will judge between you on the day of judgement in that in which you differ.
- 70 Do ye not know that Allah knoweth all that is in heaven and earth? Indeed, it is all included in a pattern; and to Allah all is clear!
- 71 Still, they worship, apart from Allah, those who have no basis either in reality or in philosophy—none can help these obstinates.
- 72 And when conspicuous signs of Ours are pointed out to them, thou wilt see denial written on the very faces of these evaders. They would well-nigh overwhelm those who

draw attention to Our signs.

Ask thou, "Shall I draw your attention to something that will upset you still more? Fire! Allah promiseth it to all who would evade! Evil, indeed, their plight!"

<u>؞ٝٳڮٙؠٳؘڽٙٳۺؙڰٷڶؚڿڔٲڷؽڶ؈۬ٳؾۿٳڔ</u> وليجرالتهار في الكيل وأنَّ اللهُ مَمْ يُعْرُ ذلك مَانَ اللهُ هُوَالْحَقُّ وَأَنَّ مِمَا يَكُ عُوْنَ مِنْ دُونِيهِ هُوَالْبِيَاطِ لُ وَ آنَاللهُ هُوَالْعَلِيُّ الْكِيرُونَ ٱلَمْ تَكُرَأَنَّ اللَّهَ ٱنْزَلَ مِنَ التَّمَّاءَ مَّا أَيْ مُبِيُ الْأِنْ صُ مُخْضَرَّةً ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَا إِنَّ وَمَا فِي الْأَمْ ضِ وَ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَهُ وَالْغَنِيُّ الْحَيْدِينُ الْحَيْدِينُ ﴿ ٱلدُّتِرُ أَنَّ اللهُ سَخْرُ لَكُمْ مَّا فِي الأرض والفلك تجري في البخر مَامُونِ وَيُمُسِكُ السَّمَاءَ آنُ تَقَعَ عَلَى الْحُرُضِ الْأَمَا ذُنِيةِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مالتَّاسِ لَرَءُوْفُ رَحِيْمُ المُنْ الْمُنْ فَيْكُونُ إِنَّ الْمِنْكَانَ لِكُونُ وَهِ لِكُلِّ أُمَّةِ جَعَلْنَا مُنْسَكًا هُوْنَاسِكُوهُ فَلَا بُنَازِعُنَّكَ فِي الْأَمْرِ وَادْعُ إِلَّى رِينَ إِنَّكَ لِعَلَى هُنُونَ مُسْتَقِيْدِ فَعَلَى هُنُونَ مُسْتَقِيْدِ فَعَلَى مُسْتَقِيْدِ فَعَلَى وَإِنْ حَادَثُولَا فَقُلِ اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا أنله يخلفونب كلفر تؤمرا لقيمة ويما كُنْتُمْ فِيْهِ تَغْتَلِقُونَ 🔞 ٱكُوْتُعُكُوْ أَنَّ اللَّهُ يَعُكُونًا فِي النَّمَّاءِ وَالْزَرْضِ إِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ فِي كُتُبِ مِ إِنَّ دلك على الله يسير ٥ وَيَعْيُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ مَا لَمُرْيَزُ لُ به سُلْظِنَّا وَمَالَيْسَ لَهُمُ بِهِ عِلْمُ النَّهُ يُنكَفَّرُوا ويشَ الْمُصِيرُ أَنَّ

ٱفَكَمْ يَسِيُرُوْا فِي الْأَمْ ضِ فَتَأْتُونَ لَهُمْ تُكُونُ يُعْقِلُونَ بِهِمَّا أَوْاذُانٌ يُنْمَعُونَ بها وَفَاتَهَا لِا تَعْنَى الْأَبْصَارُ وَلَكِنْ تَعْمَى الْقُلُوبُ الْيَيْ فِي الصَّدُورِ ۞ وكينته فجانؤنك بالعكاب وكن يخلف اللهُ وَعُدَاهُ وَإِنَّ لَوْمًا عِنْدَارَتُكُ كالفسنة مِمّاتعُدُونَ ٠ وَكَايَتِنْ مِّنْ قَرْبَةِ أَمْلَيْتُ لَهَا وَهِي طَالِمَةُ ثُمَّةً أَخَذُنُّهُا وَإِلَّ الْمَوْيُرُكُ قُلْ نَاكِفُهَا النَّاسُ إِنَّكُمَّا أَنَا لَكُمْ فالكذائن امنؤا وعبدوا الضلخت كم مَّغُفِمُ لَا ۚ وَّرِنْ أَنْ كَرِيْمُ ۞ وَالَّذِيْنَ سَعَوْا فِي أَلْتِنَامُعْجِزِيْنَ و و إِنَّ الظَّلِمِ أَنَّ لَقِي شِفَاقِ لَهُ الْأَنْ مِنَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمُ أَنَّهُ أَخَقُ مِنَ زَيَّاكَ فَيْ وَمِنْوَابِ وَفَغُنْتَ لَهُ فُكُوْبُهُمُ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ لَهَا وِالَّذِالَّذِينَ امَنُوَّا إلى مِرَاطِ مُسْتَقِيْدِ ﴿ وَلاَ يَزَالُ الَّذِهِ يُنَ كَعُمُ وا فِي صِرْبَةٍ مِّنْهُ حَتَّىٰ تَأْتِيكُمُ السَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً ہُمْ عَنَابُ يُؤمِرِعَقِيْمِو_® إِنَّ أُمُّنُوا وَعَبِدُوا الصَّلِحْتِ فِي

73 O ye people! Here is an example; listen to it carefully:

Those whom ye worship beside Allah, they cannot even make a fly, even if they all conspired!

And even if a fly were to steal a thing (from the offerings before them) they have no power to get it back!

O, hapless devotees!

O, helpless deity!!

- 74 They estimate not Allah according to a correct estimate: Allah is, indeed, both Powerful and Sovereign.
- 75 Allah chooseth messengers from angels as from men.
 He hears, indeed, He sees.
- 76 He knoweth well what faceth them ahead and what has passed behind.
 To Him all things are referred.
- 77 O ye who have believed!

Be humble and surrender; serve your Lord and righteously behave, if ye would prosper.

يَاهُمَا الذِينَ امْنُوا الْاَعُوَّا وَالْجُوُّدُوْ ا اعْبُدُ وَارَكُمُّ وَافْعُلُوا الْخَيْرَ لَعَلَاكُمُ تُفْلِحُونَ ۚ هَ وَجَاهِدُونَ فَي النِّينِ مِنْ حَرَيِّ وَمَا جَعَلَ عَلَيْكُمُ إِنْ النِّينِ مِنْ حَرَيِّ مِلْكَ آلِيكُمُ الزِّهُ مُؤْخُونَ الْمَالُمُ الْمُؤْنِ مِنْ فَتِمُ الْعَلَىٰ الْرَفِيمُ خُوسَتُهُمُ الشَّوْلُ مَنْ فَتِمُولُ الْعَلَىٰ وَنَا الزَّوْلَ الْمَارَاتِ وَلَا اللَّهِ مِنْ فَاقِمُولُ العَلَيْمُ وَنَا الزَّوْلَ الْمَارَاتِ وَقَالَ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مَنْ اللَّهِ مَنْ اللَّهِ مَنْ فِنْ فَعَلَمُ المَّالِمُ الْمَالِقُونَ اللَّهِ مَنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مَنْ اللَّهِ مَنْ ال يَاهُمَاالِتَاسُ فُونِ مَثَلُ كَاسْتِعُوْالَهُ إِنَّ الْمُؤْنِ ثَنَاكُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللهِ لَنْ تَعْلَقُوا فُرَابُا وَلَوْا خُمَّوْالُهُ وَكُ يَسْلُهُمُ الدُّبَا كُ شَيْغًا الْاَيْتُ وَالْمُطَارُبُ ﴿ مَا تَذَرُرُوا اللهِ حَقِّ قَدُرُوعٌ ﴿ إِنَّ اللهُ لَقَوَى عُونُدُ ﴿ مِنَ النَّايِنُ أَنْ اللهُ المُنْ المُلْكِكَةِ رُسُلُا وَ مِنَ النَّايِنُ النَّهُ المُنْ مُورُورُ وَمُعَلِّفُهُمُ وَمُلَا وَمُنْ المُنْكَلِيةُ وَمُلُودًو وَمَا المُنْكَةِ وَمُلَادًة يَعْمُمُ الْبُنُ الْمُؤْمُورُ وَمَا لَعَلَقَهُمُ وَمُلَا وَمُنْ الْمُنْورُ وَمَا لَعَلَقَهُمُ وَمُلَا وَمُنْ وَلَاللهُ مُؤْمُورُ وَهَا لَا اللهُ اللهُ وَنُوجُهُ الْوُمُورُ وَمَا لَعَلَقَهُمُ وَمُنْ اللّهُ الْمُؤْمُورُ وَهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْمُورُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْمُورُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَمُؤْمُورُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الل

78 Strive ye in the way of Allah as strive ye can. He has commissioned you and put no hindrance in your striving.

Ye are the inheriters of *Ibrahim*; from him you got the name of *Muslimin*

-before your time and now-

so that the Prophet may be an example to you and you be examples to mankind!

Stand fast, therefore, to thy duties; fulfil your obligations; hold fast to the way of Allah. He is your Patron: O the Best of Patrons! Best of Friends!!



SURA: ANFĀL

m the name of Allah the Rahinan the Rahim

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hey question thee about unapportioned spoils: say thou,

"Unapportioned spoils are at the disposal of Allah and His Messenger.

Therefore, respect ye (what belongs to) Allah and peacefully divide the apportioned spoils amongst yourselves.

Obey ye Allah and His Messenger if ye are (true) believers."

- 2 Verily, (true) believers are those who, when they are reminded of Allah, their hearts thrill with awe; and, when they listen to His revelations, their faith is strengthened and in their Lord they put their trust.
- 3 They are the ones who stand fast to their duty and whatsoever We give them they share (with others).
- 4 They are, in truth, the really faithful; for them are stations high with their Lord and ample sustenance.
- 5 Was it not, in fact, thy Lord who pulled thee out of thy house despite a group among the faithful being disinclined?
- 6 Disputed they with thee the obvious prospects (and remonstrated) as if they were being led to death and saw it clearly.
- 7 Allah had made it incumbent that one out of two groups you had to face: ye had preferred to face the one unarmed but Allah wished to prove the truth of that which He had promised and cut away the very roots of the infidels
- 8 To manifest the Truth and to falsify the false no matter how averse may be the recalcitrants.

يُسَافُونَ إِلَى الْمُوْتِ وَهُمْ مَنْظُرُوْنَ ۞ وَاوْنِيمِ لُكُواتِشُ اِحْدَى الطَّلَافِقَيْنِ اَهْمَالُكُوْدَ تَوْدُوْنَ اَنَّ عَنْرِوْلُواشُّ اَنَ الشَّوْلَ يَعْتَكُونَ لَكُمُو وَيُولِيُلِ الشَّالَ يُحْقَّ الْحَقَّ بَعِلْمِنْ مِهِ وَيَقْطَعَمَ وَالْمِنَ الْكُورُيْنِ ۞ لَيُحِقَّ الْحَقَّ وَيُعْظِل الْبِالْطِل وَلَوْ لِيُحِقَّ الْحَقَّ وَيُعْظِل الْبِالْطِل وَلَوْ لِيُحِقَّ الْحَقَّ وَيُعْظِل الْبِالْطِل وَلَوْ لَيْحِقَّ الْحَقَّ وَيُعْظِل الْبِالْطِل وَلَوْ لِيُحِقِّ الْحَقَّ وَيُعْلِلُ الْبِالْطِل وَلَوْ لِيُحِقِّ الْمُحَوِّمُونَ ۞ الْمَنْ الْمُعْلَقِيمِ اللَّهِ مِنْ الْمَلْلِحِيَّةِ وَمَا جَعَلَهُ الشَّعْمُ الْمَعْمَلِ الشَّعْمُ الْمُونِي وَلِيْلِهِ إِنَّ الشَّعْمَونُ وَمُنْ الْمَعْمَلِ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمَلْلِحِيْدِ اللَّهِ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمَعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَمِنْ الْمَعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلُونَ اللْمُونِينَ الْمَعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُؤْمِلُ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْمَلِينَ الْمُعْلِيمِينَ الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمِينَ الْمُعْلِيمِينَ الْمُعْمَلِيمِينَ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْمَلِيمِينَا الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْمِينَا الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمِينَا الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْمِينَا الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْمَامِينَ الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْمِينَا الْمُعْمِلُونَ الْمُعْمَامِينَا الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْمِينَا الْمُعْمَلِيمُ الْمُعْمِيمِيمُ الْمُعْمِيمُ الْمُعْمُونِ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمِيمُ الْمُعْمِيمُ الْمُعْمِيمُ الْمُعْمِيمُ الْمُعْم

يَسْتَكُوْنَكَ عَن الْاَفْالِ قُلِ الْاَفْقَالُ يَشِهُ وَالرَّسُولِ فَالْتُواالَّةُ وَاصْلِوْادَاتَ مُنْفِينِهُ مَوالِينُعُواالَّةَ وَرَسُّولَ الْمَانَ الْنَهُمُ الْمَا المُؤْمِنُونَ الْإِنْ الْاَلْمِينُ الْمَانُونِ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ الْمَانُونِ الْمَانُونِ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ الْمَانُونِ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهِ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَمُؤْلِقُونَ الْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُ اللْمُؤْلِقُونَ اللْمُؤْلِقُ اللْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُونُ اللْمُولُ اللْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ

- 9 (Remember) when ye did beseech your Lord and He responded:
 - "I will support you with a thousand angels ranged in ranks."
- 10 Allah sent naught except a reassurance to fortify your hearts
 - —no (such) help doth come except from Allah—
 - He is, verily, the Sovereign and the Wise.



11 (Remember) how He imbued you with tranquility and confidence in Him!

He sent you rain from the skies so that it may refresh you, rescue you from desert thirst, unify your hearts and strengthen your resolves.

12 (Remember) how thy Lord (appeared to) urge the angels:

"I am with you—hold ye fast the Faithful; anon, I shall instill the hearts of infidels with fright! Then (let them) smite their trunk and cut away their branches!"

13 Thus, because they defied Allah and His Messenger.

Whosoever doth defy Allah and His Messenger him Allah punisheth with due severity—

14 "That is for you, taste ye (O, deifiers!)" Verily, for infidels is fiery chastisement!

15 O ye who have believed!

If ye meet the pagans, (even) rank on rank, turn ye not your back in flight.

- 16 He who turns and flees—unless it be to reattack or, to get back to his company earneth he the wrath of Allah, hell is his destination and evil is his plight.
- 17 It was not ye who slew them it was Allah who slew them!

When you were aiming arrows it was not you who aimed, it was Allah who had aimed, so that He may give to the faithful a good opportunity to test themselves.

Verily, Allah is the Hearer and the Knower.

- 18 "That is for you! (O ye plotters!)" Verily, Allah doth expose the plottings of the wicked!
- 19 Would ye prefer battle? (O ye infidels!) then battle is at hand!

 But if you should desist, it were better for you!

 For if you should appear the better for you!

For, if you should renew, hostilities, no matter in what numbers, We too shall then renew! And Allah, is (ever) with the faithful. 3 *** 573

20 O ye who have believed!
Obey ye Allah and His Apostle!

Turn ye not to others when ye should be listening to him.

- 21 Be ye not like those who (solemnly) profess:
 "We hear thee!" And yet they hear not!
- 22 For, the lowliest of all creatures in the sight of Allah is one who neither hears, nor sees, nor understands.
- 23 If Allah had discerned any good in them He would have made them hear!
 But even if they had been made to hear, they would have only scoffed!

24 O ye who have believed!

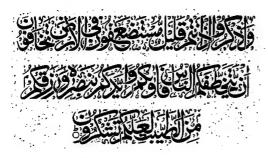
Respond ye to Allah and His Apostle when they call you to that which gives you life. Know ye that Allah entereth the very heart of man and that, eventually, it is to Him that ye are raised.

- 25 Fear ye the disaster which shall envelop not only those among you who had shirked! And know ye well that Allah is severe in punishment.
- 26 Remember ye, when ye were few, the weakest in the land afraid of being swept away by hordes—He provided you with refuge, helped you with His aid, and sustained you in excellence are ye not then grateful?
- 27 O ye who have believed! Let ye not down Allah and His Apostle! Betray ye not deliberately the trust reposed in you—
- 28 Remember ye, your kith and kin, your earthly goods are all temptations—with Allah only there doth lie reward abundant!



- 29 O ye who have believed!

 If you would mind only Allah
 He will bestow on you vision,
 He will cover up your faults,
 He will forgive you—
 Verily, Allah doth bestow Grace in abundance.
- 30 (Remember thou, O Muhammad), How the infidels had planned against thee! To confine thee, to slay thee, or, to expel thee! They had planned and Allah too, had planned, and Allah is the best of planners.
- 31 (Remember) when Our revelations had been recited to them, they had said:
 "Yes, yes, we have heard! We too, if we wished, can (any time) compose their like!
 They are naught but tales of old!"
- 32 (Remember) how they said, "O Allah! If this, indeed, is truth from Thee, rain Thou down on us a shower of stones from the firmament and bring Thou down on us a great calamity."
- 33 But Allah would not smite them, while thou wast in their midst—nor would He annihilate them while they had before them still the option to repent!



وَإِذَا أُثُلًا عَلَهُمُ الْثُنَّا قَالُوْا قُدُ يَهُعُنَّا نَوْنَتُنَاءُ لَقُلْنَا مِثْلُ هٰذًا وَلَا مُلَا اللَّهُ هٰذَا

يَا قِينَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ فَأَنَّ اللَّهُ لَا فَذُوْقُونُهُ وَ أَنَّ لِلْكُفِي يُنَ وَمَارُ مَنْتَ اذْرَمَنْتَ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهُ رَمِّنْتَ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهُ رَفِيًّ

34 But what is now to keep back Allah from destroying them when they bar the way to the Sacred House of Worship, even when they are no more its guardians?

None but the truly righteous can be its guardians—but most of them cannot understand.



35 Not is their worship aught in the precincts of the House but whistling through their fists and clapping of their hands!

Taste ye then (O, infidels!) the fruits of your iniquities!

36 Verily, those bent on mischief are spending freely of their wealth in order to obstruct the path of Allah.

May they yet continue to spend thus—but there awaiteth them frustration, and soon will they be overcome—and those who had deliberately transgressed will wake to find themselves in hell.

37 Allah thus will separate the vicious among them from the innocent;

then will He set the vicious one against the other, pile them high and cast them into hell!

They, indeed, will be the ones to lose!

38 Say thou to the unbelievers,

"If (even now) they would desist (from harassment) the past will be forgiven them.

But if they still persist (there stareth them) the example of those who had preceded them.

39 Then fight ye them until there is left no harassment, and the worship of Allah is altogether feasible.

But, if they would desist, Allah is ever-watchful of their moves.

- 40 If they turn back, remember, Allah is your Patron—the best of Patrons and the best of Helpers.
- 41 And remember: Whatever things you take as spoils of war, a fifth is at the disposal of Allah and His Apostle,

for the care of kith and kin, for the orphans and the needy, for those who wander without home—

if ye abide by Allah, in what We had revealed to Our servant on the day when the distinction was made, the day when compromise was made. Verily, Allah over all things holdeth sway. 42 (Recall ye) how you were on the hither bank of the valley, they were on the thither bank, and the caravan was there beneath you. Even if you had wished to come in direct contact ye would have to girdle it.

Nonetheless, what Allah had ordained had to happen, so that He may destroy publicly what needed to be destroyed; and that which did deserve to live, He may enliven publicly. Verily, Allah is the one who Hears, the One who Knows.

43 (Recall) how Allah made them seem few in your eyes—for if He had made you see their numbers ye would have been discouraged and would have hesitated in attacking!

But Allah saved you!

Verily, He is the Knower of the inmost in your hearts!

44 And even when you clashed, He made you see them small in number;

and you He made them see as puny in their eyes so that that which Allah had ordained may be fulfilled.

It is to Allah only that every thing goes back!

45 O ye who have believed!

When ye are face to face with the enemy, stand ye fast and concentrate on Allah so that you succeed.

46 And obey Allah and His Apostle.

Waver not, nor dispute, lest ye be distracted and weaken in resolve.

Be ye persistent; for, Allah doth assist those who persevere.

47 Be ye not like those who swaggered out from their homes ostentatiously to block the way of Allah!

Allah circumvented all their plans.

48 (Recall) how *Shaitan* made their deeds fairseeming to them:

"No man can overcome you on this day! Lo, I shall be with you!"

But when the parties sighted, each the other, he slipped out from the rear,

"I free myself from you; indeed, I see what you see not. Allah I fear, for Allah is severe in punishment!"

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- 49 The waverers in faith, faint of heart, they say, "Their faith doth mislead them!" But if one trusteth Allah, Allah is sublime and Wise!
- 50 Would that thou couldst see angels bear away at death these heathers—
 how they smite their faces and their backs:
 "Taste ye now the pains of hell!"
- 51 "That is only for that which you had sent ahead! By no means is Allah unjust to His servants."
- 52 Replicas of the People of Fir'aun and those before them!
 They had denied the signs of Allah and Allah made their evil deeds overtake them—
 Allah is most Powerful; Severe in punishment.
- 53 Thus it is that Allah changeth not His bounties on a people unless they change themselves!

 And, verily, Allah is the One who Hears, the One who Knows.
- 54 Replicas of the People of Fir'aun and, those, before them!
 Deny they (even now) the revelations of their Lord!
 These We shall destroy (as We had drowned the people of Fir'aun)—all who thus transgress.
- 55 The most dangerous of beasts, in the sight of Allah, are these infidels for they can never be relied on!

تَرْى إِذْ يَتُوفَ الَّذِينُ لَكُمُ وَالْمُلَّكُمُّ نَ وُجُوهَمُ مِ وَأَدْ بَارَهُ مَ وَدُوثُواْ اَغُ قُنَا الْ يُرْعُونُ وَكُلُّ كَانُواظِلِمِهُ مِنْ الْأَوْاظِلِمِهُ مِنْ اللهِ عَلَى الْمُؤَلِّ ٳڵڹؙڹؽٵۿۯٮۜٷۺؗڰٛڎٛػڒؠ۬ؿڡڞؙۄؽڲۮڰ

فْ كُلِّ مَرَّةٍ وَهُ مُلِا يَتَقُون ۞

الرِّدِيُّنُ كُلُّهُ يِنْمِ ۚ فَإِنِ الْنَّهُ وَاقِ أَنَّ اللَّهُ وَإِنْ تُولُواْ فَاعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللَّهُ مَوْلِكُمُواْ نِعُمَالْمُوْلِي وَنِعْمَالِنَصِيُرُ © واعْلَمُوْآ أَنْكَاغَهُمُ مُونِيَّتُنَّ فَأَنَّ خَمُنَكُ وَلِيرَسُولَ وَلِذِي الْقُرْفِي وَالْيَكُمُّى وَٱلْمَسْكِينِ وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ ﴿ أمَنُنَّهُ بِاللَّهِ وَمَّااَنُزُلْنَاعَلِ ليهالك من هلك عن،

56 They are those with whom thou hadst entered into covenants (repeatedly), and every time they broke their word without compunction.



- 57 So when thou meetest them in the field of battle do thou so chastise them that those (perchance, inclined) to follow, might be warned.
- 58 And if thou, from a people, fearest treachery, throw their compact (in their faces) so that ye may be as equals.

 Verily, Allah loveth not the treacherous.

- 59 Let not the infidels imagine that they can overcome (the faithful); they will never subjugate their wills.
- 60 Assemble ye against them all the forces that you can and enmassed cavalry, so that they may be awed—these enemies of Allah, and your enemies, and even others besides these.

Ye know them not but Allah knoweth them.

Whatsover ye do spend in the way of Allah that will redound to you.

You will not be unconsed.

You will not be wronged.

61 But if they be inclined to peace, incline thou too: and trust in Allah. Verily, He is the One who Hears, the One who Knows.

- 62 And if they should thereby intend to outwit thee, then, verily, Allah doth suffice thee! It is He who strengthens thee with His help, through the faithful
- 63 And with the bondage of their hearts.

 If thou hadst spent all that is on earth, thou couldst not bind their hearts.

 It is Allah who tied these bonds.

 Verily, He is the Sovereign and the Wise!
- 64 O Apostle!

Sufficient unto thee is Allah, and unto those among the faithful who follow thee.

65 O Apostle!

Urge thou on the Faithful to the field of battle. If there are twenty steadfast men among you, they will a hundred overcome.

And if there are a hundred, a thousand of the infidels they will overpower—

because they are a people without sense!

66 Lo, Allah doth provide for you concession—knowing well your weakness:

if there are one hundred steadfast men among you they should suffice to overcome two hundred;

and if there are a thousand they should, Allah willing, overpower two thousand. Allah, verily, standeth by the steadfast.

67 It is not meet that the Apostle take prisoners (and thereby burden his campaign) until he has subjected the land:

think ye only of the present; Allah looketh to the future!

And Allah is the Sovereign and the Wise.

- 68 Had it not been for an erstwhile permission of Allah, there would have fallen on you, 'for what you took, great punishment.
- 69 What spoils ye take by right ye may enjoy as undefiled and wholesome.

But keep in mind Allah! He is Compassionate and Merciful.



70 O Apostle!

Say thou to those among the captives who are (still) with you,

"If Allah were to find virtue in your hearts. He will give you something better than that which you have lost.

He will forgive you (for having fought against Him) for Allah is Compassionate and Merciful."

71 But if they (secretly) intend to be treacherous to thee, (O Apostle), they have, before now been treacherous to Allah, and He has put up with them!

Verily, Allah is the Knowing and the Wise!

72 Verily, those who believed and accepted exile, staked their wherewithal, and their lives, in the path of Allah,

and those who offered refuge and assistance, they are all bound together one to another.

Those who believed, but chose not exile, to them you owe no obligation unless they are exiled.

But if they ask you for support to uphold their identity, help is incumbent on you—unless the help they ask of you is 'gainst a people to whom you're bound by treaty. For Allah, everything ye do, observes.

- 73 These infidels are bound together, one to another. (Therefore) unless ye (help each other) harassment will stalk the land and there will be distress widespread.
- 74 Those who believed, who accepted exile, and strove ahead in the path of Allah, and those who offered refuge, they are both the foremost 'mong Believers.
 For them is Grace abundant, ample sustenance.
- 75 Those who believed later and were exiled, who fought side by side with you, they are a part of you—

مَا كَانَ لِنَهِيَ أَنُ يُكُونَ لُكَةَ أَسْرَى حَتَّى يُتَّخِنَ فِي الْحَرْجِنِّ تُورُدُ وَيَعْرَضُ الدُّنْنَا وَاللَّهُ يُرِيْدُ الْأَخِرَةَ وَاللَّهُ نَوْكُاكِتُكُ مِنَ اللهِ سَيْقَ لَمُسَكُّمُ فَمُ آنَخُذُ ثُمْعَذُ النَّعَظُمُ فَكُلُوْ امِمَا غَفْتُهُ خَلِا ۖ طَمِيًّا مِنْ اتَّقُوا اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَقُورٌ تُحِيْقُ أَنَّ عِلْمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّه خَمُوًّا تُوْتَكُوْخَيُرًا إِمِيًّا أَيْخِذَ مِنْكُمُ وَيَغْفِرُ لَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ غَفُونٌ رَّحِيْمٌ ٥ وَإِنْ يُرِيْدُ وَاخِمَاٰنَتَكَ فَقَدْ خَمَانُوا الله مِنْ قَدِلُ فَأَمْكُنَّ مِنْهُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيُهُ حَكِيْدُ ۞ انَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُو وَ يَجُو وَا وَحَاْهُمُوا بأمواله موانفيه مف في سييل الله وَالَّذِيْنَ أَوُوا وَنَصَرُواۤ أُولِكَ يَعْضُهُمْ وامتعكم فأوليك منكمه

أَرْجَامِ لَعُضْهُمْ أُولَىٰ بِيَعُضِ

الله إنَّ اللَّهُ يَجُلُّ مَنْ عَلِيمٌ فِي

الَهُ مُ أَالْسَتَطَعْنُهُ مِنْ قُرَّةً عَدْ وَكُوْ وَاحْدِيْنَ مِنْ دُونِهِ هَرَلَا اَنْتُمُ لِاتَظْلَمُوْنَ ۞ وَإِنْ جَنِّكُ ۚ الِلسَّالْمِ فَاجْنُهُ لَهَا وَتُوكُّلُ عَلَى اللَّهُ إِنَّا فُهُوالتَّمْمُ وُ الْعَلَّمُ فَ وَالْفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِهِ مُلْوَانْفَقُتَ مَا فِي الأرضجَمِيْعًا مَّأَ ٱلْفُتَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِهِمَّة وَلَكِنَ اللَّهَ ٱلْفَ بُنِينَهُمْ ﴿ إِنَّانُ عَزِيزٌ حَكُنُمُ ⊕ مَا تَهَا النَّهِ يُحِسُكُ اللَّهُ وَمَنِ اتَّهَاكَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ﴿ نَاتِهُاالنَّبِيُّ حَرْضِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى الْقَتَالِ إِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ عِنْكُمُ عِينَا كُمُ وُنَّ صَا يَغُلِبُوْا مِأْنَتَيْنَ وَإِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ وَاثْتُهُ يَغْلَبُواۤ الْفَاقِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مَا نَهَمُ تَوْمُرُلَا يَفْقَبُونَ ۞ أَلْفُ تَغْسُو ٱلْفَيْنِ بِأَذِنِ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ

مَعُ الصِّيرِيْنَ 🕤

but relatives by blood are heirs to one another as per Allah's Scriptures. Allah of everything is Well-Aware.





SURA : $BAR\bar{A}T$

1 *** 581

RELEASE :

—by Allah and His Apostle from obligations to those among the Pagans with whom you had entered into compacts:

2 (Pagans!) Ye may roam at will o'er the land during the four (Sacred) Months and know ye that Allah puts on you no restrictions: but, verily, Allah will humiliate all miscreants!

2 *** 582

ANNOUNCEMENT:

—from Allah and His Apostle—to all assembled on the day of the Greater Hajj: Verily, Allah hereby frees (Himself) from the obligation to protect the Pagans, and so does His Apostle.

So, if ye should behave, it will be best for you; but if ye should go back to mischief—remember Allah puts on you no restrictions: but convey ye to all miscreants the promise of grievous chastisement!

4 (Ye too, O Muslims, are absolved from obligations)
Except to those among the Pagans with whom
you made compacts and who in no way have
defaulted, nor aided others against you.

Therefore, abide ye in your promises to them (at least) for the time agreed upon.

Verily. Allah loveth those who are reliable.

5 But when the Sacred Months are over drive ye out the Pagans wherever ye find them seize them, beleaguer them, and close to them all inroads.

But, if they should be penitent and willing to abide by their duties, and fulfil their obligations, then open ye the gates (of the *Haram*) to them. Verily, Allah is the Compassionate, the Merciful. 6 And if there cometh one, among the Pagans, who seeks asylum give him asylum so that he may hear the words of Allah (in your midst). In that case, conduct him to a place of safety—remember that they are a people who do not understand.

3 *** 583

7 How can all compacts made with these (fickle)
Pagans, be taken as binding on Allah and
His Apostle—unless it be one made in the
Sacred Mosque?

But, as long as they stand true to you, stand ye true to them.

Allah loveth the unswerving.

- 8 How, indeed when every time they get advantage, they respect neither (rules of) kinship nor (the bounds of) covenant!
 - Their tongues persuade, their hearts hold back, and most of them are false!
- 9 Allah's revelations they bandy frivolously, dissuading (others) from His path. Evil, indeed, is what they do.
- 10 They disregard, when dealing with Believers, kinship, (even) covenants—they have (indeed) transgressed all bounds!

4 *** 584

11 But, (even now), if they repent, and (give assurance that they will) stand fast to their duty and fulfil their obligations, they shall be your brothers in the faith.

Thus do We explain Our revelations to those who understand.



- 12 But if, even after oath, they go back on their word, and cast aspersions on your faith, attack ye too the ring-leaders of the wicked —those for whom no oaths exist so that they may be warned.
- 13 Will ye not fight those who go back on their covenants,

who plotted to expel the Messenger, who were the first to take initiative against

Are you afraid of them?

It is rather Allah whom you should fear if ye are (true) believers.

14 Fight ye them—Allah will punish them through your hands—
overcome ve them.

Allah will aid you against them, and clean the hearts of the believers

- 15 And soften too the anger in their hearts. Allah, turneth He in mercy on whom He wills. Allah is the Knower and the Wise.
- 16 Or, do ye think that you will be abandoned, as though Allah recognizeth not those who strive among you and who on none depend apart from Allah,

 His Messenger and the Faithful?

His Messenger and the Faithful?! Allah is well-aware of all you do.

5 *** 585

17 'Tis not for those who associate other deities with Allah, that they should have access to the places where He alone is to be worshipped!

They are themselves the witnesses of their disloyalty; they have forfeited (the recognition of) their services—
in hell (alone) they need to dwell.

18 He alone deserves access to houses meant for Allah's worship, who doth believe in Allah and the final day, who stands fast to his duties and fulfils his

obligations, who dreadeth none but Allah!

مَنَاءُ وَكُوْ أَوَّلُ مَرَّةٍ ﴿ أَغُنَّتُو نَهُ هُو فالفاكق أن تخشؤه إن كنتم وَالْهُ مِمَ الْأَخِرِ وَإِنَّامُ الصَّلَّوْةُ وَالَّيْ

بَرَلَءَ اللَّهِ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهَ إِلَى الَّذِي يُنَ إِلَى مُنَّارِتِهِ هُوْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُحِبُّ عندكالسبج بالعرام فكالستقامى كَتُفَ وَإِنْ لِنَظْهُرُ وَاعَلَىٰكُمُ لِأَيْرُقِيُوا

فِنْكُمْ إِلَّا وَلَا ذِمَّةُ مُيْرِضُونَكُمْ

Lo, such alone can hope to be rightly guided!

19 Would ye claim that quenching thirst of pilgrims and the maintenance of the Sacred Mosque are on par with faith in Allah and the final day—with fighting in the way of Allah?

They shall not be equal in the sight of Allah. And Allah will not guide a people who transgress.

- 20 Those who believed, who suffered exile, who staked in the way of Allah their wherewithal, their lives—
 they have the highest place with Allah: it is they who will be honoured.
- 21 Glad tidings doth their Lord convey to them: benediction from Himself and His appreciation!

 For them await gardens of bliss wherein to rest.
- 22 They shall abide therein for aye; verily, for them are wages in abundance.

23 O ye who have believed!

Befriend ye not as patrons (even such as be) your fathers or your sons if they have preference shown to unbelief over Faith. Such as favour them they transgress.

24 Announce thou:

"Your fathers, sons and brothers, your wives, and relatives; the goods that you have garnered, the trade that might decline; or the homes in which you dwelt—

if all of these are dearer to you than Allah His Apostle, and striving in His way, then wait ye until Allah has decided (the outcome of the current tension). Allah guideth not a people false!

6 *** 586

25 Allah has, indeed, helped you on many fields of battle: (remember ye) Hunain— Elated were you by your numbers but little they availed you—

the land, for all its width, became too small for you, ye turned and fled!

- 26 Then Allah cast on them His calm—upon
 His Messenger and also on the faithful,
 and myriad other things He cast, which
 ye saw not.
 He routed those inclined to mischief!
- 27 And once again, as in the past, Allah will repeat his favours on whom He wills. Allah is, indeed, Compassionate and Merciful.

Such were the deserts of the infidels!

28 O ye who have believed!

These idolators are filthy (in body, mind and ritual). Allow them not, therefore, in the precincts of the Sacred Mosque after this their annual gathering. And if ye fear impoverishment, Allah will soon enrich you if He wills.

Verily, Allah is the Knower and the Wise.

in the final Day,
who do not make taboo that which has been
made taboo by Allah and His Apostle;
who follow not the teachings true among
the Peoples of the Book—

29 Fight ye those who believe not in Allah, nor

until they willingly offer jizya and are quite subdued.

30 The Yahud say:

"Uzair, son of Allah!"

The Nasara acclaim:

"'Isa son of Allah!"

These are merely ways of speech!

They only imitate the ways of those who erred before them.

Allah confound them! How they fail to seek the truth!

31 They take their Rabbis

and their Priests as their sustainers apart from Allah, and 'Isa son of Maryam!

Naught were they taught except to worship the One Deity—

No deity is there but He—exalted is He above what they would deify beside Him.

32 Fain would they extinguish the torch lit by Allah by (merely) blowing on it!

But Allah will not but perfect His beacon—
no matter how averse may be those who would cover it!

33 He it is who has sent His Envoy with guidance and the reckoning of pure Truth so that it may pervade all reckoning no matter how averse may be those who would adulterate it.

34 O ye who have believed!

Verily, there are many among the Rabbis and the Priests devouring through deceit the earnings of the people;

debarring them from the path of Allah. And there are those who hoard gold and silver preventing wealth from being spent in the way of Allah.

Convey to them the tidings of dire punishment.

35 A day (will come) when these are reddened in the fire of hell to brand their fronts, their flanks, their backs:

عَامِمِهُ هٰنَاهُ وَادُ يَخْفُهُ عَنْلَةٌ فَتُونَ جُورِ مُونَ مَا حَرَمَ اللَّهُ وَرُسُولُهُ وُنَ دِنْنَ الْحَقِّ مِنَ الْأَدْيْنَ أُوْرُ الْكِيتَ حَتَّى يُعَطُّ الْجُوْرَةُ عَنْ النَّمَعُ يِ الْمُسْمَحُ ابْنِ اللَّهِ ذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُمْ انُواهِهِ مُرِّ يُضَاهِ كُوْنَ قُوْلَ الْكَيْ يُنَ لَقُرُوٰ وَمِنْ قِبْلُ ۚ قَاتَلَهُ مُواللَّهُ ۗ أَنَّى المتخذة واكتنادهم ورهكانه وأركابا مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ وَالْمُسِيْحَ ابْنَ مَرْبَعَ وَمَا أَعِرُوْا الْأَلْمُ ثُدُوْآ الفَّاوُّلِعِدُا اللهُ اللَّا آن يُكِيَّمُ نُوْرَةُ وَلَوْكُورَةُ دِيْنِ الْحَقِّ لِيُظْهِرَ لاَ عَلَى الدِّيْنِ كُلَّاءً كُمْ لِأَنْفُ كُمْ فَكُنَّ فِنُوامَا كُنَّكُمْ تَلْنُزُونَ ۾

أكدافان اللهعندة يَا ثَفَا الْنَهُ مِنَ أَمَنُوا لَا تَغْفُدُ وَٱلْكَاءَكُمُ والحوافكة المائة إن المنتحة الكفر عَلِى الْمُنْدَانُ وَمِنْ يَتَوَلَّهُمْ مَنْكُمْ

"This is what you had amassed for yourselves: taste ye then what ye had cherished!"



36 Verily, the cycle of the months with Allah is one of twelve months;

(transfixed) in the law of Allah since the day He made the heavens and the earth.

Of these four are sacrosanct: that is a reckoning established.

Be ye not yourselves aggressive in them; But, fight the Pagans in all of them if they harass you in all (of them):

But remember, Allah is with those who do restrain themselves.

37 It is the (intervening) Nasi which doth involve confusion-

it helps to lead astray those inclined to perfidy.

One year announce it they as "secular" another year as "sacred";

in order that they may conform to the prescribed number of the holy months.

They sometimes make profane what Allah hath made holy!

Appear to them as virtuous the evils of their ways.

And Allah guideth not a group of infidels.

أَنفَرُّوْ إِذَفَا فَا وَيُثَوِّقُوْ إِلَّا وَيُتُوْوُلُوا فَا وَيُدُوكُمُ وَيُدُوكُمُ وَالْمُولِكُمُ وَالْمُؤْلِكُمُ وَالْمُؤْلِلِلْمُ وَالْمُؤْلِكُمُ وَالْمُؤْلِكُمُ وَالْمُؤْلِلُولِكُمُل

8 *** 588

38 O ye who have believed!

What ails you? When ye are asked to march forth in the way of Allah: stick ye fast to earth!

Do you find the transient present more alluring than the future?—

As compared with that which is to come the comforts of the transient present are but few!

39 Unless ye march forth He will punish you with severe punishment and He will replace you by another people:

to Him no harm you'll do; Allah is Omnipotent.

40 What if ye help him not?

Verily, Allah had helped him when he was driven out by the infidels, as one of only two.

When they were in the cave he reassured his mate:

"Fear thou not! Indeed, Allah is with us!"

And Allah cast His peace on them and aided them with hosts ye can imagine not.

The forecasts of the infidels He humbled into dirt and raised on (penants) high the promises of Allah!

Allah is the Sovereign and the Wise!

- 41 March ye forth ill- or well-equipped; and strive ye with your bodies and yourselves in the way of Allah!
 - That is best—in your own interest if ye but understand!
- 42 If there had been some gain in sight, or had it been an easy sojourn, they would, no doubt, have followed them.

But the journey weigheth on them. Anon, they'll swear by Allah:

If only they could, they would, go out with you and offer (in your service) their very lives!

Allah knoweth well: they lie!



43 Allah forgive thee!

Why didst thou exempt them (generally) until it was clear to thee whose excuse was genuine and thou hadst gauged the liars?

44 No questions do they ask of thee

-those who believe in Allah and in the Day to come-

whether they should strive with their bodies and their souls.

Allah knoweth well those who are aware!

- 45 Only they do question thee who do not (really) believe in Allah and the Day to come; whose hearts do waver and who are, midst their doubts, perplexed!
- 46 If they had intended to set forth they would have made for it some preparations.

But Allah is averse to their joining and has made them disinclined.

He has said to them:

"Stand ye then and be among the ones who wait!"

47 Had they gone forth with you, naught would they have added but confusion—

worming midst your ranks and spreading falsehoods.

And some there are among you who would have gladly listened to them!

Allah knoweth all transgressors.

- 48 Indeed, they had, ere now, spread falsehoods and turned the tide against thee until the truth prevailed and manifest became the word of Allah—to their disgust!
- 49 Among them there is (many) a man who says:

 "Let me stay at home—facing not temptation!"

المُقَانَعُتَمُمُّا وَيُقَاقَسُمُّا الْعَاسِدُا
المُقَانَعُتَمُمُّا وَيُقَاقَسُمُّا الْعَاسِدُا
المُقَاقُةُ وَكَلَانَ الْعَدُنَ عَلَيْهِمُ
المُقَاقُةُ وَكَلَانَ الْعَدْنَ السِّلِولِمَعْلَقَا
المُقَاقُةُ وَكَلَانَ الْمُحْدِلِكُونَ السِّلِولِمَعْلَقَا
المُقَاقِعُهُمُ الْمُحْدِلِكُونَ السِّلِولَمَعْلَقَا
عَقَاللَّهُ عَنْكُ الْمُحْدِلِكُونَ السِّلِولَمَعْلَقَا
عَقَاللَّهُ عَنْكُ الْمُحْدِلِكُونَ الْمُحْدِقُ الْمُحْدِقُ الْمُحْدِقُ الْمُحْدِقُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُحْدِقُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَ

تُنَة سَقَطُوا ﴿ وَإِنَّ كُفَّتُمْ

مِنَ الْهُذِ لَا قَدًا مُتَاعُ الْحُدُةِ الدُّنَّا فِ الْلَاخِرَةِ إِلاَّ قَلْيُلُ هِ إِلاَّ تَنْفِيُ وَايُعَدِّ ثُكُمُّعَنَ الْأَالِمُا لَا وَيُسْتُسُونُ فُومًا غُنْرِكُمُ وَكُلْ لَقُورُ وَكُ شَنَا و وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْ أُون يُرُّ ۞ الكَّتَنْفُهُ وْمُ فَقَدُ لَكُهُ كُولُاللَّهُ اذْ أَخْجَهُ اِلْنَيْنَ كَفَيُّ وَاتَا فَالثَّنَ مِن اذْ هُمَا في الْغَارِ إِذْ يُقُوِّلُ لِصَاحِيهِ لِأَغْزَنُ انَّ اللهُ مَعَنَا ۗ فَأَنْزَلَ اللهُ سَكَنُنَتَكُ عَلَنْهِ وَٱتِّنَاهِ بِجُنُوْدِلَّهُ يَرُوْهَا وَجُعُلُ كَلِمَةُ الْكِنْ يُنَ كَفَنُّ وَالسُّفَلَ * وَ عَدَةُ اللَّهِ عَمَا أَخُلُنَّا وَاللَّهُ عَدِيثًا

Have they not to temptation even now succumbed?

Verily, hell itself surrounds the recalcitrants!



50 If there befalls thee good, they are morose; if evil doth befall thee they say, "We had this consequence foretold!"

They turn their backs in glee.

51 Say thou,

"Nothing can befall us excepting that which Allah doth decree for us:

He is our Patron and in Allah the Faithful put their trust."

52 Ask thou,

"What can you expect for us but one of two benedictions—

(righteous victory or glorious defeat)?

And we, likewise, expect naught but Allah's chastisement for you—either from Himself or through our arms!

So keep ye on expecting: we too, with you, shall continue to expect!"

53 Say thou, "Let your contributions (now) be willing or begrudged: they shall not be accepted from you:

ye are a people untrustworthy!"

54 Would not have been forbidden the acceptance of their offerings if they had not been traitorous to Allah and His Apostle;

if they had not joined in public worship, except unwillingly; only grudgingly;

if they had not offered contributions with obvious reluctance.

- 55 Let not impress thee, (the extent of) their wealth nor (the number of) their progeny: verily, Allah doth intend to punish them through these in the near future—they will have lost themselves in their infidelity.
- 56 They swear by Allah that they are with you: not are they with you: they are only scared!
- 57 If they could only find a refuge, were it even cave or crevice, they would rush to it all together!

58 Among them there are some who blame thee concerning benefactions:

if they are given a (favoured) share they are content:

if they are not so favoured, lo! their brows are furrowed!

59 Would that they were satisfied with that which Allah and His Apostle had given them.

And (would that they) had said,

"Sufficient unto us is Allah!

Soon will Allah, through His bounty, and His Apostle, enrich us. In Allah we repose our trust!"

11 *** 591

60 Verily, these benefactions are for the poor (who ask),

for the (silent) destitutes;

for their management;

for those whose hearts have withered;

those in bondage or in debt in Allah's service; and for those who tread the path (of Allah's service).

Allah thus decrees and Allah is the Knower and the Wise.

61 Among them there are those who take liberties with the Prophet, and say,

"He is all ears!"

Say thou,

"He doth give ear only in your interest: He puts his trust in Allah and trusteth he the faithful.

He is a blessing to those among you who believe (in him).

But those who insult Allah's Messenger for them is punishment severe.

62 (Friendship) they swear to you by Allah, (but only) to please you—

it is Allah and His Messenger that they would try to please if they were true believers.

63 Are they not aware:

for those who hinder Allah and His Messenger for them awaiteth hell where they shall dwell for aye?

That is, indeed, severe disgrace!



64 The pseudo-faithful (feign to) fear that a Sura will proclaim what lieth in their hearts! Say thou,

"Keep on feigning! Allah will, indeed, reveal all ye dread."

65 If thou wert to question them, they would say: "We were only jesting 'mong ourselves!" Ask thou:

"What were ye jesting at?

About Allah?

His Revelations?

His Messenger?

66 "Make ye no excuses!

Ye have, indeed, blasphemed despite your (professed) faith!"

(Even) if We some o'erlook, others We will surely punish—those who are actual culprits.

13 *** 593

67 These dissemblers

-be they men or women-

are the products, one of the other:

evil they encourage, and good they hinder; from action they refrain.

They have forgotten Allah—so Allah has forgotten them.

Verily, these dissemblers are untrustworthy.

68 Allah promiseth these hypocrites

-both men and women-

and these infidels, the fire of hell wherein to live for aye:

each according to his reckoning.

The curse of Allah lies on them and a lasting punishment.

69 Like those who lived before you—they were more powerful than you, they had more goods and progeny; availed they of their opportunities, and ye avail of yours, exactly like your predecessors, ye prattle even as they prattled!

وَمِهُمُ الْدُنْنُ وَدُونَ النَّبِيُّ وَيُقُولُونَ وُمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِيُنَ وَرَحْمَةُ لِلَّانِ يُنَ اَمَنُوا مِنْكُورُ وَالْإِنْنُ ثُنَّ دُونَ رَسُولُ يَعْلِقُونَ مَاشُهُ لَكُوْلِ مُرْضُولُهُ وَاللَّهُ وَرُسُولُ فَأَحَقُّ أَنْ تُرْمُوهُ إِنْ كَانُوا ٱلْحُلَعُلِمُو ٓ أَنَّهُ مَنْ عُجَادِدِ اللَّهُ فَ رَسُولَهُ فَأَنَّ لَهُ نَارَ مُكَنَّدُ خَالِدُ إِنَّا إِنَّا إِنَّا إِنَّا إِنَّا إِنَّا إِنَّا إِنَّا إِنَّا الْ إِنَّ إِنَّا أَيَّا أَيَّا أَيَّا أَيَّا أَيَّا أَيَّا أَيَّا أَيَّا أَيُّكُونُ لاتَعْتَدْرُوْاقَالْكُفْرَ تُوبِعِينَ إِنْمَايِنَكُوْ

إِنْ تُصُلِكَ حَسَنَةٌ تُسُوُّهُمْ وَإِنْ تُصُكُ مُصِيدَةً يَعُوْلُوا قَدُ أَخَذُ نَآ قُلْ لِذِنْ تُصِيدُنَا إِلَّا مَا كَنْتُ النَّهُ لِنَا أَهُو تُصِيْكُوُ اللهُ بِعَدَابِ مِنْ عِنْدِ لَا أَوْ أندنناتان تضرا تأمعكم قُلْ اَنْفِقُهُ الْمُوعَا اَوْكُرُهُا لَنْ يُتَقَبَّلَ منكد إنكو كنه أند أنه أفرمًا فيقين @ وَمَامَنَعُهُمُ أَنُ تُقْبَلَ مِنْهُمْ نَفَقَعُهُمْ إِلَّا الصَّاوْةَ إِلَّا وَهُنْ مِكْمَالًى وَلَا يُنْفِقُونَ تُصْلُقُ أَمْ الْفُنْدُ وَلَا أَذِ لَا ذُكُونُكُ مِّنْكُمُ وَلَكِنَّهُ وَنُومٌ لِكُونًا كُونَ ﴿ يحدون مكاأؤمغات أومتكلا ومِنْهُ مُرْضُ يَلِمزُكَ فِي الصَّدَاتُ عَالَ أغطة امنهارة وأوان لأنكفظ امنهآ و رضوا مَا أَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ وَرُسُولُهُ

But barren proved their deeds both then and ever after; they were the real losers!



70 Have there not come to them the echoes of those who were before them?

The peoples of *Nuh*, of 'Ad, of *Thamud*— the peoples of *Ibrahim*, the dwellers of *Madyan* and the cities overturned?

To all of them there came their Apostles with proofs (of Allah's Laws)—

it was not Allah who wronged them: it was, indeed, they who wronged themselves.

71 And the faithful men and faithful women are guardians one of another:

urge they (each other) to good deeds and hold (each other) back from evil;

stand they fast to their duties, their obligations they fulfil—

obey they Allah and His Messenger! Soon will Allah shower His mercy on them: and, verily, Allah is the Sovereign and the Wise.

72 Allah promiseth to the faithful men and faithful women gardens evergreen beneath which rivers flow—

therein they shall dwell—and residences fresh and pure for long sojourns.

Above all, Allah's grace!

That is the greatest blessing!

14 *** 594

73 O thou Apostle!

Strive thou against both infidels and the pseudo-faithful;

be thou firm with them—they are bound for hell and evil is their destination.

74 They swear that they did not say that: but, (in any case) they did say something sceptical, their doubts displacing their belief! They also tried what they could not achieve! What is it that they complain of?

Is it that Allah, with His Messenger, and His grace, has made them rich?!

But (even now), if they are (really) penitent it is good for them;

but if they should return (to their evil ways)
Allah will punish them with severe punishment, in the present and the future;

and there shall be for them no patron, none to help!

75 Among them there are those who had made a covenant with Allah:

"If He giveth us of His bounty we shall offer freely—we shall, indeed, be honest!"

- 76 But when He gives them out of His bounty, they turn niggardly, go back (on their covenant) and make excuses.
- 77 The falseness in their hearts He maketh to pursue them until the day they're face to face with Him!

Because they had turned back from that which they had promised Allah!

Because they lied!

- 78 Are they not aware that Allah knoweth all their secrets and their inward plottings? Verily, Allah is the Knower of the hidden!
- 79 Those who reproach the volunteers among the faithful for offering contributions, and (reproach also) those who nothing have to offer except their labour—those among them who make fun—Allah will make fun of them—for them is punishment severe.
- 80 Thou mayest plead for them, or, thou mayest not plead for them: even if thou wast to plead for them seventy times, Allah will not forgive them!

That is because they have played false with Allah and His Apostle

And Allah guideth not a people false!



81 The laggard stay-behinds squat smugly with their backs to the Messenger of Allah; disdain they service to Allah through their possessions or persons;

"Go not forth," they sneer, "in this awful heat!"

Tell them.

"The heat of hell shall be severer still!"

O would that they had understood...

- 82 Let them laugh a while—long have they to weep in lieu of what they do.
- 83 If Allah should restore thee, and some of these were ever to ask thee permission to go forth, then thou must say:

"Never shall ye go forth with me; never shall ye face an enemy with me! Content were ye to lag behind!"

84 For them who die among them, pray thou not;

nor visit thou their graves.

They have been false to Allah and His Prophet and they have died as traitors.

- 85 Let not impress thee (the extent of) their wealth nor (the number of) their progeny: Verily, Allah doth intend to punish them through these presently—they will have lost themselves in their infidelity.
- 86 When a Sura doth proclaim:

 "Trust ye in Allah and fight ye by the side of His Apostle", those with purses long excuse themselves:

 "Permit us, we would rather stay with those who're kept on guard!"
- 87 Would they prefer to be classed among the (women and the children) left behind?

 Fear is stamped upon their hearts; they cannot understand.
- 88 But the Apostle and those who trust with him strive forth with all their possessions and their lives.

رُسُول اللهُ وَكُرِهُ وْأَأَنْ بِنَّجَأُ هِدُّ وَأَ مأموالهم وانفيه فيمني سبيل الله وَقَالُوْالْاِتَّنُفِيمُ وَالِيهَالْحَرِّدَقُلْ نَارُ جَهَنَّهُ أَشِينُ حَرُّا وَلَهُ كَانُوْ الْفِقَرُونَ[©] فَلَصْحَاذُا قُلِيا ۗ وَلَيْنَاكُوْ ٱلَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّه جَزَاءُ بُمَا كَانُوايَكُيبُونَ ۞ فَانُ تُجَعَكَ اللهُ إِلَّى طُلَّا لِفَةٍ مِّنُهُ مُ فَاسْتَأْذَنُولُو لِلْحُرُوجِ فَقُلُ لَنْ تَخْرِجُوا مَعِيَ البُدُ اوَلَنْ تُقَاتِلُوا مَعِي عَدُواْ أَلِكُمْ رَضِيتُهُمْ الْفَعُودِ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ فَاقْعُ رُوا وَلَا تُصُلِّ عَلَىٰ لَحَدِيمِنْهُ مُومَّاتَ ابَدُا وَّلَا تَقُوْمُ عَلَى قَبُرِهِ إِنَّهُ مُوكُفُّ وَابِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَمَا تُؤَاوَهُ مِنْ فِيقُونَ ⊕ وَالْأَنْفُ لِكَ أَمْهُ الْفُنْ وَأَذْ كَادُهُمُ لأنفر خليئن فهاء ذلك الفق زُ

ٱلَّمُوالِيَّهُ أَنِّهُ ٱلْكِذِينَ مِنْ قِبُلِهِمْ قَوْمِ نؤنج قوعاد قشنورة وقوم الرهيئم نَا ثَهَا النَّاتِي عَالِمِهِ الْكُفَّارُ وَالْمُنْفِقِينَ يُحْلِقُونَ بِاللهِ مَا قَالُواْ وَلَقَنْ قَالُوا كَلِمَةً الكفرة لكفرة فابغتدا سلاهمة وهتزا بِمَاكُوْرِينَا لُوَا قُومَانَقُمُوۤ ٓ الْآلُانَ اغْنُمُ الته عَدَانًا أَلِمُنَّا فِي الدُّنْمَا وَالْإِخْرَةِ وَمَا ومناه موتن عمك الله كبين انتهامن فضله نَّضَرَّ قَنَّ وَلَنَكُوْنَنَ مِنَ الصَّلِحِينِ@ فَكُتَّا أَتُسْفُحُ مِّينُ فَصْلِهِ بَحَلْمُ اللهُ وَكُلَّا ذَاغْقَتُهُ يُفَاقًا فِي قُلُوبِهِ مِرالِي يَوْمِ يُلْقُونَهُ بِمَآ أَخُلَقُواالنَّهُ مَاوَعُرُودُ وَبِمَا

نَعَامُهُ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَّا مُالْعُيُونِ ٥

ٱلَّذِيْنَ يَلِمِزُوْنَ الْمُظَوِّعِيْنَ مِنَ

الْمُؤْمِنِينِينَ فِالصَّدَقْتِ وَالْكَنِّينَ لَا

For them awaits their due reward, they are the ones who will be prosperous.

89 Allah promiseth for them gardens ever green beneath which rivers flow, therein they shall abide.

That is Grace indeed!



90 (Even) from the wandering Arabs some, who had excuses, came for leave to stay behind; while those who would deceive Allah and His Apostle just sat at home:

Soon will misery engulf the infidels among them.

91 Not against the aged, nor against the sick, nor against those who nothing have to contribute, is there any blame provided they are well-intentioned towards Allah and His Apostle.

No blame can rest upon the well-intentioned, and Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

92 Neither is there (any blame) on those who came to thee expecting to be given mounts.

When thou didst say,

"I can find no mounts for you,"

they turned away their eyes brimmed with tears of sorrow—

alas, they little had to contribute.

- 93 Blame is directed only against those who seek excuses despite their being rich; or are content to lag among—(the women and the children)—those to be left behind. Allah hath sealed their hearts; they will not understand!
- 94 Offer they explanations when ye have returned unto them.

Say ye,

"Explain ye not. We put no faith in you. Allah hath informed us of all your doings. Allah has observed your conduct—so has His Messenger.

In time, you will be presented to the Knower of the hidden and the manifest and He will make you realize what you had really done."

95 Soon will they abjure thee by Allah, when ye return to them, that ye may overlook them!

Yea! Overlook them, they are unclean and bound for hell—an apt reward for what they did!

96 They will entreat you (in the name of Allah) that ye may be benign to them.

Ye may be benign; but Allah is not pleased with a people who are false.

97 The desert Arabs are most rigid, as pagans and as dissemblers;

most likely to be unaware of the limits set by Allah on His Apostle.

But Allah is the Knower and the Wise.

98 Among the desert Arabs some regard the (voluntary) contribution (imposed by Allah) as a tax (imposed by thee) and wish that thou mayest meet encompassments!

Evil encompass them!

But Allah is the Hearer and the Knower.

99 Among the desert Arabs there are also those who trust in Allah and the final day; who look upon their contributions as means

to bring them closer to Allah, and as greetings to the Apostle.

Anon! will they be closer. Soon will Allah admit them to His Mercy;

Allah is, indeed, the Compassionate, the Merciful.

17 *** 597

100 Foremost of the fore among these (are some)

Muhajirs and Ansars and those who follow
them in virtuous deeds!

Well-pleased is Allah with them, well-pleased are they with Him

Promised are to them gardens beneath which rivers flow;

they will therein abide, for aye! Therein lieth all felicity.

101 Among the desert Arabs in your vicinity some are untrustworthy—

and some there are among the residents of *Madina*—who once again indulge in falsehood—

Thou dost not know them, We know them. Twofold shall We punish them—and then shall they be sent to damnation.

102 (There are) others who admit their guilt covering with good their evil deeds. Maybe Allah will forgive them for, verily Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

103 Accept thou contributions from their wealth so that they may be purified and absolved of their obligations:

and greet thou them, verily, thy greetings will bestow calm on them.

(Remember) Allah is the Hearer and the Knower.

104 Are they not aware that Allah welcomes penitence from His servants and accepteth offerings?

Verily, Allah is Oft-Forgiving, Merciful.

105 Say thou,

"Strive on! Soon will Allah notice your deeds and so will His Apostle and so will the Believers!

In time you will be presented to the Knower of the hidden and the manifest and He will make you realize what ye had really done."

106 There are others still who yet await the sentence of Allah;

whether He will punish them or favour them—

Allah (alone) doth know. He (alone) is Wise!

107 And there are those who would set up another Mosque with a view to mischief, to mislead and divide the Faithful:

to serve as rendezvous for those who had contested Allah and His Apostle erstwhile. They swear that they had only the best intentions:

But Allah beareth witness that they lie!

108 Never stand thou in it!

It is the other mosque, built through honest effort at the very commencement.

'tis meet that thou shouldst stand therein. Therein are men who earnestly desire to be pure—

and Allah loveth those who would be pure.

ارجود على المنظمة الم

حدارين مواليه مصدة معها المسارية موارية من المسارية من المسارية من المسارية عليه من المسارية المسارية عليه من المسارية المسارية على المسارية المسارية على المسارية المسارية

وأخؤون مُرْجُون إِلْا مُرِالْفُواكَالُهُوَيْكُمُ والمَالِيَّوُّلُ عَلَيْهِ خُواللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ اللَّهِ وَالْبَرِينَ التَّخُدُوا مَنْجِعَنَّ افِيرَالَّا وَلَهُمَّا وَتَفَيِّينُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ كَذَلُهُ لِلْسُّ حَارَبَ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ كَذَلُهُ الْمُسَامِّى وَاللَّهُ وَلِيْفَالِمِثْنَ إِنْ الرَّوْلَا الْمُسْتَحَدِّقُ وَاللَّهُ يَنْهُ مُنَالِهُ مُمْلِكُلْ الْمُؤْنِ فَي

ڒڗؘڡؙٛۿ۬ۏ۬ؽ؋ٲڔۘڒٲؙٲۺؙڿۣۮ۠ٲۺۜٮؘؽڶ ٲۺٷؽؿڶۊؘڸؽڣ؋ٲڂؿؙٲ؈ٛڡؙۿ ڣؽۼٷؽۼٳڮؙڲڰٷۮٲڽؙۺڟۿۯڎؙٲ

الله فِحِبُ الْمُظَلِقِي أَن ١

وَجَلَةُ الْمُعَنِّ رُوْنَ مِنَ الْأَغْرَابِ لِمُؤْذَنَ لَهُمُ وَقَعَدُ النَّهُ إِنَّ كُذَّ يُوااللَّهُ وَرَسُلُهُ سُبُصِنُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْهُمْ وَرَجُ إِذَا نَصَعُوا لِلَّهِ وَرَسُولَةٍ مَأْعَلَ وَلَاعَلَى الَّذِينَ إِذَا مَا آتُو لَوَاتِكُ حَوْثُا ٱلَّٰ يَجِدُوْامَا يُنْفِقُوْنَ ۞ الخوالف وطبعالله على فلوبه مؤتم لِتُعْ صُواعَنْهُمْ فَأَغَرضُواعَنُهُ إِنَّكُمُ يُحُلِفُونَ لَكُو لِتَرْضَوْاعَنْهُمْ عَنَانُ تَرْضَوْ اعَنْهُمُ وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لِإِيرُهُوعِ مِن ٱلاَغْرَاكُ أَشَكُ كُفْنًا وَ نَفَاقًا وَ أَحُدَازُ ٱلْأَنْعُ لَمُواحُدُ وَمَا

109 Who then is more secure:

one who has built through cautious effort, inspired by Allah, through His grace, or one who has erected upon a crumbling precipice prone to slide him into hell? Verily, Allah guideth not a people who transgress!

110 Never cease the quivers in the hearts of those who base their edifice like this—until they burst them!

Allah is the Knower and the Wise!

18 *** 598

111 Verily, Allah hath bartered with the Faithful, their persons and all that they possess: promised them is Paradise—

(Hence) fight they in the way of Allah, slaying (where they have to) and (willing to be) slain—

a price of selflessness confirmed, indeed, in the Taurat, the Injil and the Qur'an.

And who can fulfil better a covenant than Allah?

Therefore, felicitate them on their bargain— O ye who made a deal with Him, yours has been success supreme!

- 112 (O ye!) ready to acknowledge faults,
 willing servants (of Allah),
 reverently obeisant (to His will),
 used to the rigours of travel and of thirst;
 prayerful, kneeling and prostrating;
 encouragers of what is good,
 annullers of evil,
 custodians of the limits set by Allah—
 herald thou: the Faithful!
- 113 Behoveth not the Prophet nor the Faithful to ask forgiveness for those disloyal to Allah
 - —even if they are of kin when once it has been clarified that they are bound for hell.
- 114 Even Ibrahim would not have asked for giveness for his father, had it not been for a promise he had promised him.
 But, as soon as he had been convinced that his father would not cease to be an avowed enemy of Allah, he disowned him... thus—even though Ibrahim was tender-hearted, able to endure.

115 'Tis not for Allah that He should allow to go astray a people who had once been guided until He maketh clear to them what they should always shun.

Allah is, of everything, Aware.

Allah is, of everything, Aware.

116 Verily, it is Allah to whom belong the heavens and the earth.

He giveth life.

He death decrees—and none is there for you apart from Allah to help or to befriend!

117 Verily, Allah looks with favour on the Prophet on the Muhajirs and the Ansars—
those who obeyed Him even in the hour of dire adversity—
later, the hearts of some among them swayed, but, even so, He looks on them with favour—Verily, for them He is most Kind, most Merciful.

118 Even on the three who had been ostracized—
to such degree that the very earth constrained
them despite its spaciousness—
they felt constrained among themselves and
were convinced that there was no escape
from Allah, no salvation except from Him!
Then He showed His favour to them so that
they may be redeemed!

وَمَاكَانَ الْسِنْفَارَ الْرُفْتِمَ لِالْبِيْوِالْا
مَنْ تَوْعِدُة وَكَنَدُ هَا إِنَّ الْمُلْتَلَبَّتِكَ
لَنْ الْمَنْ مُلْتَ الْمُعْلَقِيَّة الْمُلْتَلَبِّكِنَ
الْمُعْلَمُ مُلْكِفَا الْمُحْلِقُهُ
مَنْ مُكْمَّ مُلْكِفَا الْمُلْكِفَا الْمُلْكِفَا الْمُلْكِفَا الْمُلْكِفِيلِ وَالْاَرْضِ
مَنْ مُلْكُمَّ مُلْكُلْفَا الْمُلْكِفِيلِ وَالْاَرْضِ
مَنْ وَلَيْ إِنْ مُكْمَلِكُ الْمُلْكِفِيلِ وَالْاَرْضِ
مَنْ وَلَيْ إِنْ مُكْمَلِكُ اللَّهِ وَمَا الْمُلْكِفِيلِ وَالْاَرْضِ
مَنْ وَلَيْ إِنْ مُكْمَلِكُ النَّمِيلِ وَالْمُلْكِيلِ وَالْمُلْكِيلِ وَالْمُلْكِيلِ وَالْمُلْكِيلِ وَمَا اللَّهِ وَمِنْ اللَّهِ
مَنْ وَلَيْ إِنْ مُكْمَلِكُ النَّمِيلِ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهِ وَمِنْ اللَّهِ
مَنْ وَلَيْ إِنْ مُكْمَلُكُ النَّهِ وَمِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُنْ اللَّهِ وَمُنْ اللَّهِ
مَنْ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ وَمُنْ اللَّهِ
مَنْ وَمِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ
مَنْ وَمَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْلِيلُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلِيلُولِ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلِيلُولُ اللَّهُ وَلِيلُولُ اللَّهُ وَلِيلُولُ اللَّهُ وَلَالِكُولُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلِيلُولُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلِلْكُولُ اللَّهُ وَلِلْهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلِلْهُ اللَّهُ وَلِيلُولُ اللَّهُ وَلِيلُولُولُولُ الْمُنْ ال

اكمَنُ السّسَ مُنْيَاتَهُ عَلَّ عُوْى مِن اللهِ وَرَفُونِ عَنْ وَارْمَنَ السّمَ المُنْيَاتَهُ عَلَى عُوْى مِن اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ مَنْ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَى اللهُ ع

Verily, Allah is Relentent, Merciful.

19 *** 599

119 O ye who have believed!

Mind ye always Allah and side ye always with the Truthful.

120 Behoved it not the people of Madina, and the desert Arabs in its environs, to forsake the Prophet of Allah—nor to prefer their own lives to his: because, experience they no hunger, no thirst, no ordeal in the cause of Allah; nor do they step a step against the ire of the infidels; no suffering they suffer at the hands of enemies but that it is recorded to their credit, as a righteous act.

Verily, Allah overlooketh no deed performed by the righteous.

121 And no contribution do they contribute, however small or big; no valley do they cross but that it is recorded so that Allah may reward them in excess of what they had performed.

ڝۘڔؙڵٷٳڽٵۺڰؽڝ۬ؽڂٲۻۧٳڷڷڂ؞ؽۣڰ ۊڰؽؿٚڣڡٞۏؽؘڎڡؘؿڡٞڞڿؽٷٞڐڰڒڮؠٙؽٷ ۊڰؽۿڟڂۏؽۏٳڲٳٳڰڴۺڵۿڞؙ ڸؿڔؘؽۿڂڵۺڎڂڛٵڰٷؿؽۼؽٷ ۏڝٲڬڶؽڶڷٷؙؿٷؽڸؽڣۿۯۏٵڴٲڰڰ ڡڵۏڰڎۿۯڝٛٷڮۏػۼۼۺۿۮ ڟٳۿۼڰؽؽۿڴؠڗؙڮٳڸڎڿۮڵۺڵۿۺؙۿ يَايُهُا النّهِ إِن اَمْنُوا الْقُوَا اللّهُ وَكُوْلُوا مَعْ الضّرِوفِينَ ﴿ مَاكَانَ لِرَهُلِ الْمَرْبَيْةِ وَمَنْ حُوْلُهُمُ مِن الْرَحْوَلِ الْمَيْكِينَةُ فُوالْمُولِهُمْ مَنْ تُفْهِمُ اللّهُ وَلاَ يَرْمُعُلُوا مِا نَفْسِومُ مَنْ تَفْهِمُ وَلِكَ مِا مَمُ لِلْمُعِلِّ الْفُولَةِ لِمَا أَوْلَا مَنْ اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونَ مَوْلِمُ النّفِيدُ اللّهُ اللّهِ مَلَا اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونَ مِنْ مَوْلِمُ النّفِيدُ لِللّهُ اللّهِ مَلَا اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونَ مِنْ مَوْلِمُ النّفِيدُ لِللّهُ اللّهِ مَلَا اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونَ مِنْ مَنْ مَنْ اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونُ مِنْ اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونَ مِنْ مَنْ اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَى اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونُ مِنْ اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَقُونَ مِنْ الْمُعْلِقُونَ مِنْ اللّهُ وَلا يَعْلَونَ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهِ وَلا يَعْلَونُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ النّهُ وَلا يَعْلَونُ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ الْمُعْلَقُونَ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ وَلَا لِلْمُعْلَقِيلُ اللّهُ مِنْ الْمُعْلِقُونَ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ الللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ الللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ الللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ

122 Behoveth not the Faithful that they should march forth all at once.

Why should not one from every section hold back and form a group to aquire understanding in matters of religion,

so that it may instruct its people when they're back and they may thus be trained in conscientiousness?

ڵڡؙؙۜڹۘڂٵۼٛؖػٛۿؙڗڛؙۏڷ۠ۺۜڶۿ۫ڝڴۿۼڔ۬ؽڒٛ ڡؙڮؽۅٵۼڹؿؖؠؙٛڂڔؽڝؙٛۼڵؽڬڎڔٳڵؠۄؙؽۏڹڹ ڽؙٷڣؙڗڿؽۿ۞



20 *** 600

123 O ye who have believed!

Fight ye those among the infidels who still surround you;

let them find in you discipline:

Remember, Allah ever is with those who are resolute.

124 Whensoever is recited a Sura, some among them taunt:

"Who is there among you whose faith this has enhanced?"

Yea! Those who faith possess, their faith it doth increase, enhanceth it their hope!

- 125 Those in whose hearts there lurketh malice in them it addeth rancour upon rancour until they die in gnashing infidelity.
- 126 Do they not see that every year they are harassed once or twice?And yet they will not come around; nor do they ponder seriously!
- 127 Whensoever is recited a Sura, one of them looks at another:

"Does any one see you?"

and then they slip away—
Allah hath made their hearts slippery—they are devoid of sense.

وَاوَامَا الزَّلِتُ سُورَةً لَكُرْبَعُطُهُمْ إِلَى عَنِينَ هَلَ كَرِلْكُمْ قِنْ الْحَدِالْكُ الْحَدُولُوا مَعَوْنَ اللهُ قُلُوبَهُمْ وَإِنَّهُمُّ وَمُ الْكِيفَةُ عُرُونَ فَاللهِ الْمُؤْمِنُينَ عَلَيْهِ الْحَدِيثُمُ حَرِيْقُ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُينَ عَلَيْهِ الْحَدِيثُمُ حَرِيقُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُينَ وَمُونَ الْحَدْثِ الْمُؤْمِنُينَ وَالْوَدُونَ الْفَلْحَسْمِينَ اللهُ الْوَاللهِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَيْهِ وَمَعَلِيهِ وَمَعَلِيمُ اللهُ الْوَاللهِ اللهُ مَنْ وَعَلَيْهِ وَمَعَلِيمُ اللهُ الْوَاللهِ الفي الذين امتوا فاتد الذين كالانتها الذين كالانتها والمقاد الذين كالمقاد فالمقدد المقاد في المقاد الذين كالمقاد والمقاد والمقاد المقاد المقا

- 128 Verily, there hath come to you an Apostle from midst yourselves:
 your sufferings pain him;
 yearns he for your welfare;
 for the Faithful he is kind, benevolent.
- 129 But if they still backslide, say thou:

 "Allah doth suffice me: there is no deity
 but He!
 In Him I trust, He is Sustainer Supreme.

*

ڡؙٳؙؙؙؗڽؙڗؙۘۅؙڷٷٵڡؘڠؙڵڂڛؙؠؽۘٵۺ۠ۿٷؖؖۘۯٳڵؖۿ ٳڰٚۿۅٞ؞ۼڲؽۄؾٛۅػ۠ڴؾؙۏۿۅٙڒؖؖ ٵڵۼۯۺؚٵڵۼڟؚؽۄ۞





EPILOGUE

Once begun, there need be no end to a study of the Qur'an.

As a child I had been made to go through the entire Scripture in Arabic as most Muslim children are expected to do. But, of course, I had understood not a word! In 1938, when I was 35, I came to know Mirza Abul Fazl, who, my late friend Jaisoorya told me, had translated the Qur'an in a chronological order. Why did that suddenly arouse my interest?

A few years later, (it was in the holy month of Ramadan, which corresponded to August 1944) at Abul Fazl's insistence I read through a very halting Urdu translation of the Qur'an. Whether I reached the last Sura Nas I do not remember. But what I do remember is that I had found the translation irksome. The subject matter appeared to be inchoate, disconnected, repetitious, dealing over and over again with stories and situations which did not concern or interest me. I swore never again to waste my time in trying to discover the glory of the Qur'an. But I had sufficient courage to tell him of my impression when he asked me, more than once, whether I had read through it.

To my surprize, he smiled—a smile that used to light up his dark complexion—and went over with me, in the original Arabic, some of the passages that I had found particularly annoying. That smile had lighted a thin candle somewhere in the interstices of my mind. What exactly I was able to see in the Qur'an with its faint glimmer I cannot recall. But, like a moth going round and round a candle, I have been encircling that dim light ever since.

Many others have had a like experience. If such a light has not been kindled in the mind of the present reader it will be no fault of the Qur'an—it will be because I am not Abul Fazl. But the chances are that the present reader too will, of himself, come back to the text over and over again for solace, guidance, and encouragement in times of elevation or perplexity.

So, let us, for the time being, gather together the threads and see if we can together formulate a pattern that can be preserved in memory until you are again drawn to the magic attraction of the Qur'an.

The Preambles at the commencement of this volume will be more comprehensible if one reads them again after a perusal of the entire text itself. What is the Qur'an? The Bible Today. The Qur'an Today. All these captions will have more meaning for those who are already acquainted with the Qur'an no matter how cursorily.

You will have seen that bold but reverent measures have been adopted in trying to provide the perspective in which the message of the Qur'an becomes meaningful. Perspective in relation to the holy books of other religions; perspective of time, perspective of sequence, perspective of importance in the message of the Qur'an itself. The aim kept consistently in view has been to convey to the next generation, in 30 days, the reverent emancipation which it took us 30 years to acquire.

We found that the compilers of the Quranic message, in the early years following the Prophet, had achieved a remarkable degree of perfection in spite of the limitations under which they worked—limitations of a period a thousand years before the invention of printing, limitations which we cannot even imagine in the present times. The several samples of early Quranic scripts provided in this volume will bear testimony to those limitations. With the facilities and tools of analysis and study—libraries, dictionaries, concordances, lexicons, indexes, filing methods, typewriters, duplicating facilities, microfilming, and above all, the facilities and speed of communication and consultation etc—we have tried to achieve what was not possible for bigger and better men than ourselves in the early years of Islam. If we succeed, no matter to what little extent, in focussing the mind of the twentieth century on the message of the Qur'an, delivered in the seventh century, we shall have more than achieved our aim.

In BOOKS I, II and III we saw how a chosen individual was matured and groomed by the Qur'an for the task entrusted to him. Reading between the lines of BOOK IV we saw a community being welded together in the furnace of privation, adversity and ostracism. In BOOK V the Quranic text showed us how a righteous leader, implicitly believing in Divine guidance, faces the problems of balancing the ends he has to achieve with the meagre means he has at his disposal. We learnt how a righteous community, has to federate with other communities accommodating them without exceeding the bounds of truth and principle, equity and justice.

We found the first three BOOKS Al-Fatihah, Ar-Ruh and Al-Huda replicating faintly the ancient Scriptures—the Zubur, or the Psalms of David, in particular, BOOK IV Al-Kitab showed us a strong resemblance to THE BOOK of the Jews, the Taurat or the Old Testament which the Qur'an itself pronounced to be based on Divine inspiration, even if interpolated by human

hands. In BOOK v Al-Mizan, we noticed several parallels with the Injil, or the New Testament, the Gospels in it relating the problems which Jesus himself met during his mission.

When the Qur'an was revealed its parlance was that of the people who heard it and to whom no dictionary was needed for the understanding of its delicate nuances. But when more than a thousand years have passed by, with all the effects which time and accretions have had on the meanings of words, when Arabic has long ceased to be the lingua-franca of the world, is it possible for even those whose mother-tongue it continues to be, to understand as simple prose the poetic expression, of the Qur'an in which 'music of the sounds played an indefinable part'?

It is these limitations of the men of later times, including grammarians and legists, that make the Qur'an inscrutable. It is this wide gap between what the Qur'an says, and what the common man is made to accept, that has prompted the great among us to make scathing remarks that sound blasphemous and shock us common mortals.

Rumi said:21

Ma ze Qur'an maghz ra bardashtim Ustukhan peeshe sagan andakhtim.

Iqbal followed:

Haqiqat ra ba rindi fash kardand Ke mullah kam shinasad ramze din ra.

and Ghalib, in his inimitable, smiling impudence, murmured:

Kya farz hai ke sab ko mile ek sa jawab

Ao na ham bhi sair karen kohe Tur ki.

Rumi:

We, the marrow from the Qur'an have enjoyed And left the bones for dogs to snarl thereon.

Iqbal:

The Truth they have revealed to me, a profligate For little can the Mulla grasp its subtle style. Ghalib:

Must everyone be told, "Thou canst not!"?

Come, let us too approach the mountainside

Where Moses was denied the vision of the Lord.

(See Sec. 395: 143)

^{21.} Liberal renderings:

But, thanks, ironically, to those who set out to convert us, and also to many lovers of truth in both East and West, the light of thought has been slowly dawning, at least on the Muslims exposed to the objective thinking of the West, for the last hundred years. They have brought to us the prayer of an ancient seeker:

From the cowardice which shrinks from new truth, From the laxness that is content with half-truth, From the arrogance that thinks it knows all truth, O. God of Truth, deliver us.

The recent multiplication of institutes of Islamic research clearly indicates the concern of those who have begun to rub their half opened eyes. They have perceived the blanket of murky smoke hiding the sun of truth and seekers scattered over the world are trying to pierce their vision through this darkness.

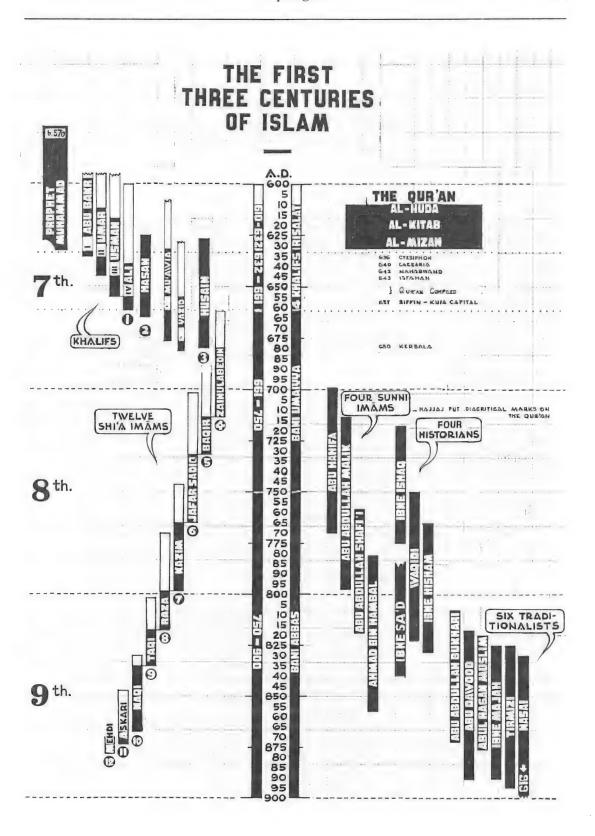
All that they need to realize is that a blanket, thickened over a thousand years, cannot be cleared by wishful thinking, not even by timid gestures. Openings will have to be drilled into this blanket before rays of light can reach the Muslim masses, no matter at what personal cost.

This perspective presentation is only a humble endeavour of a layman who has tried to light a little candle while shedding a thousand tears lamenting the surrounding darkness...

But, your having read through this perspective rendering in thirty days, nor my having completed it in thirty years, neither is an accomplishment of a project :

Each is only a minute link in a process which you, and I, and many others will continue to pursue. Therefore, let us once more, and together, repeat:

Thee alone would we serve Thee alone we ask for help Guide us Thou on the correct path.



APPENDIX A 1

PERSPECTIVE PLACEMENT OF SURAS

Principles and Procedure

The primary task we set ourselves was to obtain the best chronological perspective of the Quranic text

- (a) without disturbing at all the content or sequence of the verses within each Sura, and
- (b) with the least disturbance possible in the traditional sequence of the Suras.
- 2. Obviously the first step towards this goal was to separate the recognized earlier **Meccan** Suras from the recognized later **Medinan** Suras. But this seemingly simple proposition was soon found to be beset with many problems because
 - (a) some logical sequence had to be given to the Suras within each of the two groups, and
 - (b) there seemed to be much variation in the chronological placement numbers assigned by different authorities to each and every one of the 114 Suras. Sura *Fatiha*, e.g. was placed by one authority as the 5th to be revealed; another placed it as the 48th; a third as a Medinan revelation occupying the 91st place in the chronological order.
- 3. Detailed examination of these variations showed that literature on the chronological arrangement of the Suras goes back to the earliest times. Statements of the chronological placement of all the 114 Suras by early and recent scholars of Quranic lore provide at least ten recognized authorities from which consensus could be extracted. But the permutations possible in the arrangement of 114 numerals by 10 different individuals would lead to an unworkably large figure. So this figure 114 was telescoped considerably by tying up these 114 integers into twelve bundles or **decads** each consisting of 10 Sura placement-numbers.
- 4. The results of this bundling procedure are shown in a consolidated form in the four pages of Appendix A 2. For a clear elucidation of this Table the following two examples will suffice:
 - (a) Sura 'Alaq, or at least its 5-versed opening, is generally accepted as the very first revelation to the Prophet. Hence the figure 1 occurs in 8 out of the 10 columns in line with the name of this Sura. This recurrence of the figure 1 indicates that 8 out of the 10 authorities mentioned above, accept that this Sura, even if it is not the very first revelation, is at least among the first 10 revelations. The figure 2 in the same line falling under columns 6 and 7 means that only Muir and Grimme place the revelation of this Sura in the second decad, thereby suggesting that its exact placement is anywhere from 11th to 20th in the chronological sequence.
 - (b) Sura Qadr: The 10 figures given against this Sura indicate that Ajmal Khan alone regards this Sura to be among the first ten to have been revealed; Noeldeke and Abul Fazl place it among the second decad of Suras to be revealed; seven others place this Sura among the third group of ten Suras according to the order of revelation; Grimme, however, thinks that this is a still later revelation, having been revealed after at least 50 other Suras had been recorded.
- 5. Thus all the **decad** figures, 1 to 12, found in the columns numbered 1 to 10 in the tabular statement below signify a later and still later period of revelation. The **decad** figures to be particularly noted are given in bold type to emphasize extremes of variation.
- 6. The transfer of the traditional sequence (TS) in column (a) into perspective placement (PP) in column (c) confirms to the application of the two principles, enumaerated in para 1 above.
- 7. Subsequent detailed study of the entire Quranic text, over a decade of years, has confirmed far beyond expectation, the validity of the perspective placement of all the 114 Suras adopted here.

APPENDIX A 2 CONSENSUS OF AUTHORITIES ON CHRONOLOGICAL SEQUENCE

BOOK II AR-RUH-18 Earliest Meccan Suras

114	113	112	Ξ	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	00	99	97	96	(a)	Traditional Sequence	
Nas	Falaq	Tawhid	Lahb	Nasr	Kafirun	Kauthar	Ma'un	Shita'	Fil	Humaza	'Asr	Takathur	Qari'ah	'Adiyat	Zilzal	Qadr	'Alaq	(b)	Name of Sura	
8	17	16	15	14	13	12	=	10	9	00	7	6	S	4	ω	2	_	(c)	Perspective Placement	
2	2	2	_	=	2	2	2	w	2	w	2	2	w	2	10	w	_	-	Ibn 'Abbas	
2	2	2	_	=	2	2	2	w	2	w	_	2	ω	2	10	w	_	2	Nu'man	
2	2	w	_	12	2	2	2	ψ	2	4	2	2	w	2	10	u	_	u	Suyti- Egyption	
S	u	ر.	-	12	5	-	_	_	-	-	ω	_	w	w	w	2	_	4	Noeldeke- Abul Fazl	
-	_	_	2	12	_	2	2	2	2	2	w	2	Lυ	4	-	w	_	5	Rodwell	
10	2	w	w	w	4	2	4	_	2	_	_) mends	_	_	_	w	2	6	Muir	
4	4	10	_	12	5	2	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	0	2	7	Grimme	
w	2	u	_	12	2	2	2	w	2	4	2	2	w	2	10	3	_	∞	Yusuf Ali	
2	2	2	_	12	2	10	2	w	2	Lυ	2	10	w	10	10	w	_	9	Ya'qub H	
2	_	6	w	w	∞	w	w	_	_	2	2	2	2	_	_	_	_	5	Ajmal Khan	

APPENDIX A 2 (Cont.) CONSENSUS OF AUTHORITIES ON CHRONOLOGICAL SEQUENCE

BOOK III AL-HUDA-36 Early Meccan Suras

56	55	4	53	52	51	50	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	<u>∞</u>	82	83	84	85	86	87	8	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	(a)	: !	Traditional Sequence
Waqi'ah	Rahman	Qamar	Najm	Tur	Zariat	Qaf	Mulk	Qalam	Haqqa	Ma'arij	Nuh	Jinn	Muz'mmil	Mud'thir	Qiyamah	Insan	Mursilat	Naba'	Nazi'at	'Abasa	Takwir	Infitar	Tatfif	Inshiqaq	Buruj	Tariq	A'la	Ghashiya	Fajr	Balad	Shams	Lail	Duha	Inshirah	Tin	(b)		Name of Sura
54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	4	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	ະ	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	(c)	.	Perspective Placement
s	10	4	u	∞	7	4	∞	_	∞	∞	7	4	_	_	w	10	4	∞	∞	u	_	∞	9	9	ω	4	-	7	-	4	w	=	_	_	w	-	 - -	Ibn 'Abbas
5	4	9	w	∞	7	7	∞	_	∞	∞	7	4	_	_	u	10	4	∞	∞	w	_	∞	9	00	w	9	_	7	_	4	w	2	_	_	ယ	2	,	Nu'man
5	10	4	ω	∞	7	4	∞	_	∞	∞	∞	4	_	_	4	10	4	∞	9	w	_	9	9	9	ω	4	_	7	_	4	w	_	2	2	ω	u		Suyti- Egyption
5	S	5	w	4	4	6	7	2	4	5	6	7	w	_	4	6	4	4	4	2	w	ω	4	ω	w	2	2	4	4	2	2	_	2	2	2	4		Noeldeke- Abul Fazl
S	5	s	S	G	s	6	7	2	S	S	6	7	_	_	4	6	4	4	4	2	4	4	s	4	w	w	w	4	Ş	2	w	2	_	_	ယ	5		Rodwell
Ų,	4	· Us	5	6	7	6	5	6	6	4	6	7	5	ω	4	4	4	4	5	w	w	2	4	w	4	w	w	w	2	2	_	2	2	2	_	6	,	Muir
5	5	տ	տ	5	5	s	7	4	4	4	00	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	w	w	Ç	u	w	w	w	w	w	ω	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	ا ا ا	Grimme
S	10	4	. w	00	7	4	∞	_	∞	∞	00	4	_	_	4	10	4	∞	9	w	_	9	9	9	w	4	_	.7	_	4	w	_	2	2	w	~	,	Yusuf Ali
S	11	4	2	0 0	7	4	00	_	00	00	7	4	_	_	w	4	4	00	9	w	_	4	9	9	w	4	_	00	_	4	w	_	2	2	w	٧		Ya'qub H
4	5	S	s	6	4	S	5	4	5	2	4	9	u	4	w	5	u	S	4	2	4	. (w	w	4	u	w	s	2	2	2	_	_	_	ယ	1 5	;	Ajmal Khan

APPENDIX A 2 (Cont.) CONSENSUS OF AUTHORITIES ON CHRONOLOGICAL SEQUENCE

BOOK IV AL-KITAB-36 Late Meccan Suras

Traditional Sequence	Name of Sura	Perspective Placement	lbn 'Abbas	Nu`man	Suyti- Egyption	Noeldeke- Abul Fazl	Rodwell	Muir	Grimme	Yusuf Ali	Ya'qub H	Ajmal Khan
(a)	(b)	(c)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25	Furqan	55	4	4	5	7	7	8	8	5	5	7
26	Shu'ara	56	5	5	5	6	6	7	8	5	5	7
27	Namal	57	5	5	5	7	7	7	7	5	5	9
28	Qasas	58	5	5	5	8	8	9	7	5	5	8
29	'Ankabut	59	9	9	9	9	9	9	7	9	9	8
30	Rum	60	9	9	9	8	8	6	7	9	9	8
31	Luqman	61	6	6	6	9	9	5	7	6	6	8
32	Sajda	62	8	8	8	7	7	5	7	8	8	6
34	Saba	63	6	6	6	9	9	5	7	9	6	7
35	Fatir	64	5	4	5	9	9	7	7	6	5	8
36	Ya Sin	65	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	5	4	7
37	Saffat	66	6	6	6	5	5	6	6	5	6	6
38	Suad	67	4	4	4	6	6	8	6	6	4	6
39	Zumur	68	6	6	6	8	8	5	6	4	6	7
40	Mu'min	69	6	6	6	8	8	8	6	6	6	7
41	Fussilat	70	6	6	6	7	8	8	6	6	6	8
42	Shura	71	6	6	7	4	9	8	8	7	6	7
43	Zukhruf	72	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	7	7	9
44	Dukhkhan	73	7	7	7	6	6	7	6	7	7	6
45	Jathia	74	7	7	7	8	8	6	6	7	7	9
46	Haqoa	75	7	7	7	9	9	6	6	7	7	6
10	Yunus	76	5	5	6	9	9	8	9	6	5	9
11	Hud	77	5	5	6	8	8	8	9	6	5	9
12	Yusuf	78 .	6	5	6	8	8	8	9	6	6	8
13	Ra'd	79	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	10	7	7
14	Ibrahim	80	6	9	6	8	8	8	5	8	7	8
15	Hijr	81	6	6	6	6	4	7	5	6	6	6
16	Nahl	82	7	7	7	8	8	9	9	7	7	9
17	B' Israil	83	5	5	5	7	7	8	9	5	8	9
18	Kahf	84	7	7	7	7	7	7	9	7	7	6
19	Maryam	85	5	5	5	6	6	7	8	5	5	6
20	Та На	86	5	5	5	6	6	8	8	5	5	6
21	Anbiya	87	8	6	8	7	7	9	8	8	8	7
23	Mu'min	88	8	6	8	7	7	9	8	8	8	7
6	An'am	89	6	7	6	9	9	9	9	9	6	8
7	A'raf	90	4	9	4	9	9	10	9	10	4	9

APPENDIX A 2 (Concluded) CONSENSUS OF AUTHORITIES ON CHRONOLOGICAL SEQUENCE

BOOK V AL-MIZAN 24 Medinan Suras

	9 &	22	33	24	49	48	47	66	65	64	ಽ	62	61	60	59	58	57	98	Ŋ	4	w	2	-	(a)	Traditional Sequence
	Anfal Barat	Најј	Ahzab	Nur	Hujarat	Fathah	Muhammad	Tahrim	Talaq	Taghabun	Munafiqun	Jum'a	Saff	Mum'inna	Hashr	Mujadila	Hadid	Byyina	Ma'ida	Nisa	Ali Iran	Baqarah	Fatihah	(b)	Name of Sura
	113 114	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	(c)	Perspective Placement
	9 12	=	9	=	=	12	10	=	10	=	=	=	12	9	10	=	10	10	12	10	9	9	9	-	ibn 'Abbas
	9 12	Ξ	4	Ξ	=	12	10	Ξ	10	=	=	Ξ	12	9	<u></u>	=	10	10	12	10	9	9	=	2	Nu'man
	9 12	=	9	=	11	12	10	=	10	=	=	=	11	10	Ξ	Ξ	10	10	12	10	9	9	12	ယ	Suyti- Egyption
	10 12	=	Ξ	Ξ	12	Ξ	10	=	Ξ	<u></u>	=	0	10	=	Ξ	Ξ	10	10	12	10	10	10	(A	4	Noeldeke- Abul Fazl
	10 12	=	=	Ξ	12	=	10	· =	Ξ	10	=	0	10	=	=	11	10	10	12	10	10	10	-	s	Rodwell
ł	10 12	9	Ξ	=	12	=	10	12	=	9	11	10	11	12	1	=	Ξ	10	10	Ξ	10	10	-	6	Muir
	10 12	Ų,	Ξ	10	12	12	10	12	=	=	Ξ	10	=	=	10	11	=	9	10	=	10	10	∞	7	Grimme
	9 12	Ξ	9	Ξ	=	12	10	Ξ	0	Ξ	Ξ	=	11	10	Ξ	Ξ	10	10	12	10	9	9	_	00	Yusuf Ali
١	9 12	9	10	=	=	12	10	Ξ	=	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	10	10	11	10	4	12	10	4	9	_	9	Yaʻqub H
	10 12	12	=	11	=	=	10	=	12	Ξ	10	10	10	10	Ξ	10	Ξ	10	12	10	10	10	9	10	Ajmal Khan

APPENDIX A 3
ALPHABETICAL INDEX OF SURAS IN THE MESSAGE OF THE QUR'AN

	Name of Sura	R	нк	M	No.		Name of Sura	1	R H	ιĸ	М	No.	,	Name of Sura	R	Н	K	M	No
1	Ibrāhīm Aḥzāb Aḥqāf A'rāf A'lā	I	k		26 21 21 36 9	ز	Zukhruf Zilzāl Zumar	R		K		18 3 14		Qamar Qiyamah		H			34
	Ali Imrān Anbiyā Insān Inshiqāq An'ām	I	I I I	M C	3 33 20 12 35	س	Sabā Sajda			K		9	ك	Kāfirūn Kau <u>th</u> ar Kahf	R R		K		13 12 30
	Infițăr Anfăl	I	4	M	14 23	m	Sharḥa Shuʻarā Shitā' Shams Shūrā	R	н	K		2 2 10 5	J	Luqmân Lahb Lail	R	н	K		7 15 4
ب	Barāt Balad Burūj Baqarah B-Isrā'īl	F	i i		24 6 11 2 29	ص	Şuād Saff			K		13	٢	Mā'ūn Mā'ida	R			м	11 5
ت	Bayyanah Tatf if		1	M	13	ض	Şāffāt Duha		н	K		3		Mujādilah Muḥamm Mudda <u>tht</u> Muzzamn Mursilāt	ad <u>h</u> ir iil	H H H		M	8 17 22 23 19
	Taḥrīm Taghābun Takā <u>th</u> ur Takwīr	R	ł	M M	16 14 6 15 16	ط	Tā Hā Tāriq Talāq Tur		H H			32 10 15 32		Maryam Maʻārij Mulk Mumtahin Munafiqu Mu'min Mu'minum	a	H H	K	M M	31 26 29 10
ج	Jā <u>th</u> ia Jinn Jum'ah	Н	K		20 24 12	ع	'Ādiyāt 'Abasa 'Aşr 'Alaq 'Ankabūt	R R R	Н	K	•	4 16 7 1 5	ن	Nās Nāzi'āt Nabā' Najm Nahl		H H H	ν		18 17 18 33
۲	Hāqqa Ḥadīd Ḥajj Ḥijr Ḥujarāt	H		M	27 7 22 27 19	غ	Ghashiyah Fātihāh		н		м	8		Nisā	R	н	K K	M	14 3 25
د	Ḥashr		K	M	9	و.	Fathah Fajr Fâțir Falaq Fușșilat Furgân	R	Н		M	18 7	و	Wāqi'ah		н			36
ذ	<u>Dh</u> ariyāt	н			31		Fil	R				9	•	Humaza Hûd	R		K		8 23·
ر	Rahmān Ra'd Rūm	н	K K		35 25 6	ق	Qāf Qāri'ah Qadr Qaşaş Qalam	R R	н	K		35 5 2 4 28	ی	Yā Sīn Yūsuf Yūnus			K K K		11 24 22

APPENDIX A 4
TRADITIONAL TO PERSPECTIVE SEQUENCE NUMBERS

Traditional Sequence Number Sequence Numbe	Perspective 05 15 9 Placement Number	Al-Mizan	luda Kitab		итрег	mper				je.			
1 M 1 35 K 10 74 H 2 M 2 36 K 11 75 H 3 M 3 37 K 12 76 H	22 21 20 19		A-1-	Ar-Ruh	Traditional Sequence N	Perspective Placement Nu	Al-Kitab Al-Mizan	Ar-Ruh	Traditional Sequence Numb	Perspective Placement Numb	Al-Kitab Al-Mizan	Ar-Ruh Al-Huda	Traditional Sequence Numbe
2 M 2 36 K 11 75 H 3 M 3 37 K 12 76 H	21 20 19	4 5	3 4	2	1	6	3 4 5	2	1	6	4 5	2 3	ı
5 M 5 39 K 14 78 H 40 K 15 79 H	18 17		H H H H		75 76 77 78 79	11 12 13 14 15	K K K K		36 37 38 39 40	2 3 4	M M M		2 3 4
6 K 35 42 K 17 81 H 7 K 36 43 K 18 82 H	16 15 14		H		81	17	K K		42	35	K	1	
44 K 19 83 H	13 12		H		83	19	K		44			1	
8 M 23 45 K 20 84 H 9 M 24 46 K 21 85 H 86 H			Н		85 86	21	K		46	24			9
10 K 22 47 M 17 87 H 11 K 23 48 M 18 88 H	11 10 9 8 7		Н		87 88	18	M		48	23	K		11
12 K 24 49 M 19 89 H 13 K 25 90 H	7 6		Н		89 90					25	K K		12 13
14 K 26 50 H 30 91 H 15 K 27 51 H 31 92 H	6 5 4		Н		91 92	31	Н		51	27	K		15
17 K 29 53 H 33 94 H	3 2 1		Н		94	33	Н		53	29	K		17
18 K 30 54 H 34 95 H 19 K 31 55 H 35 20 K 32 56 H 36 96 R						35	H		55	31	K K		19
20 K 32 56 H 36 96 R 21 K 33	1			R R	96 97	30	н		36	32	K K		20 21
22 M 22 57 M 7 98 M	6	М			98				57 58	22	M		22
23 K 34 59 M 9 60 M 10 99 R	3			R		9 10	M M		59 60	34	K		23
24 M 20 61 M 11 100 R 62 M 12 101 R 25 K 1 63 M 13 102 R	4 5 6			R	101	12	M		61 62				
26 K 2 64 M 14 103 R	7			R	103	14	M		64	2	K		26
27 K 3 65 M 15 104 R 28 K 4 66 M 16 105 R	8 9			R	105					4	K		28
29 K 5 106 R 107 R 107 R 108 R	10 11 12			R	107	20	**			6	K		30
31 K 7 67 H 29 108 R 32 K 8 68 H 28 109 R 69 H 27 110 R	13 14			R	109	28	Н		68				
33 M 21 70 H 26 111 R 71 H 25 112 R	15 16			R	111	26	Н		70	21	М		33
34 K 9 72 H 24 113 R 114 R	17 18			R	113	24	Н		72	9	K		34

APPENDIX A 5
PERSPECTIVE TO TRADITIONAL SEQUENCE NUMBERS

	BOOK II AR-RUH		!	BOOK III Al-Huda			BOOK IV			BOOK V AL-MIZAN	
Placement Number	Name	Traditional Sequence Number	Perspective Placement Number	Name	Traditional Sequence Number	Perspective Placement Number	Name	Traditional Sequence Number	Perspective Placement Number	Name	Traditional .
1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
R			Н			K			M	 I	
1	'Alaq	96	1 T		95		Furqan	25	1	Fatihah	1
2	0-4-	07	2 SI		94		Shu'ara	26		Baqarah	2
2	Qadr	97	3 D		93		Namal	27		A'Imran	3
2	Zilzal	99	4 L:		92		Qasas	28	-	Nisa	4
3.	Ziizai	99		ams alad	91		Ankabut	29	5	Ma'ida	5
4	'Adiyat	100	7 Fa		90 89		Rum	30		n .	
•	Adiyat	100		iji hashiya	88		Luqman	31	6	Byyina	98
5	Qari'ah	101	9 A		87		Sajda Saba	32	-	77- 414	
	Quii un	101	10 Ta		86		Saoa Fatir	34		Hadid	57
6	Takathur	102	11 B	•	85		raur Ya Sin	35		Mujadila	58
_				shiqaq	84		Saffat	36 37		Hashr M'inna	59
7	' Asr	103	13 Ta		83		Suad	38		M inna Saff	60
·			14 In		82		Zumur	39		San Ju'ma	61 62
8	Humaza	104	15 Ta		81		Zumui Mu'min	40		Ju ma Mu'fiqun	63
			16 'A		80		Fussilat	41		Taghabun	64
9	Fil	105	17 N		79		Shura	42		Talao	65
			18 N	aba'	78		Zukhruf	43		Tahrim	66
10 3	Shita'	106	19 M	ursilat	77		Dukhkhan	44	10	1 dili ilii	00
			20 In	san	76		athia	45	17	Muhammad	47
11 1	Ma'un	107	21 Qi	yamah	75		Ahgaf	46		Fathah	48
		ŀ	22 M	thir	74		Yunus	10		Hujarat	49
12]	Kauthar	108	23 M	mil	73	23 1	Hud	11			
			24 Jir	ın	72	24	Yusuf	12	20	Nur	24
13 1	Kafirun	109	25 N		71	25 1	Ra'd	13			
		- 1	25 M		70	26 I	brahim	14	21 .	Ahzab	33
14 1	Nasr	110	27 H		69	27 I	-lijr	15			
			28 Qa		68	28 1		16	22	Hajj	22
12 1	Lahab	111	29 M		67		3'Israil	17			
16.7	Pauli d		30 Qa		50		Cahf	18		Anfal	8
10	Fawhid	112		ariyat	51		Maryam	19	24	Barat	9
17 1	Falsa	113	32 Tu		52		Га На	20			
1/1	Falaq	113	33 Na	•	53		Anbiya	21			
18 1	Vac	114	34 Qa		54		Mu'min	23			
10 1	143	114	35 Ra		55		An'am	6			
10 1	Nas	114	36 Wa		56	35 A		7			

APPENDIX B 1

THE MYSTERIOUS LETTERS OF THE QUR'AN

A Plausible Solution to a Thirteen Hundred Years Old Problem

HASHIM AMIR 'ALI

(Reprint from Islamic Culture, Hyderabad Deccan, Vol. xxxvi, No. 1. January 1962)

- A. L. M. That is how the Quran begins; and 28 of the remaining 113 Chapters begin with one to five such letters of the Arabic alphabet. They do not affect the meaning of the text that follows in each case. What the letters signify has been a mystery for thirteen centuries. All attempts to explain them have ended with Wallah u A'lam: "But God knows best"!
- 2. A simple explanation, but one which has not been offered by a single commentator, is that each and every one of these 29 openings, without exception, are vocatives or forms of address to the Prophet similar "Ta Ha!" (S. 20), "Ya-Sin!" (S. 36), "O, thou who art ordained!" (S. 73) or "O thou, on whom has fallen the mantle! (S. 74): their general sense can be conveyed by equating them with 'O Muhammad!'
 - 3. The following facts go to prove or support the above thesis:
 - (a) Every one of these 29 instances occur in the beginnings of the Suras and have, in fact, been referred to in early commentaries as al-Fawatih, or 'openings' of the Suras. It is therefore logical to regard them as forms of address. This assumption is confirmed by the fact that the text which follows the 'fawatih' in each of the 29 cases, without exception, is couched in the second person, singular.
 - (b) Only with one or two exceptions the immediately following words consist of one or more of the following four reassuring statements so often addressed to the Prophet in the Quran:
 - i. That the Quranic message is Truth manifest;
 - ii. That the Addressee is ordained by the Divine and not by any other agency;
 - iii. That the righteous will accept the Message: the Addressee must not consider his mission in vain;
 - iv. That failure to convince the hard-hearted must not daunt the Addressee.
 - (c) The fact that these letter openings do not affect the meaning of the text that follows supports the thesis that they are mere vocatives.
 - (d) The thesis is also supported by the fact that, by far the majority of the Suras beginning with such openings, 25 out of 29, were revealed during the later Meccan period when, ostracised by his people, the Prophet was sorely in need of reassurance.
- 4. This solution does not offer the actual words or meanings which these letters in each case represent. But that is of secondary or even negligible importance. Vocative particles, forms of address, terms of esteem or appreciation, sobriquests, aliases all these need have no specific meaning attached to them. Since they do not affect the sense of the message that follows, it is enough to know that they are only forms of address to Muhammad varying according to the circumstances and contents of the message. Perhaps Muhammad himself understood the words which the letters in each case represented but was too modest to repeat them to the Scribes; perhaps he merely felt their appreciative import but was too sincere to replace the feeling with words. In any case this solution does away with the innumerable far-fetched conjectures each of which has been discountenanced by the exponents of others, and have together contradicted the claim of the Quran that its contents are clear and explicit to all who have approach to it.
- 5. In the light of this solution the opening of the Quran can be rendered as interpreted below and becomes more clear, impressive and meaningful:
 - 1. "O Muhammad! 2. That which has been recorded, there is no flaw therein guidance for the righteous;
 - 3. Those who believe implicitly, attent to their duties, ready to share whatever provisions. We have bestowed on them
 - 4. Also those who believe in what has been revealed to Thee...

APPENDIX B 2

LIST OF 29 SURAS WITH LETTER OPENINGS

		BOOK AR-R			BOOK					OK IV			OOK V
	_	AR-R	UH		AL-HU	DA			AL-I	KITAB	ļ	AI	-MIZAN
	PP	T.S.	L-O	PP	T.S.	L-O	PP	T.S	i.	L-O	PP	T.S.	L-O
	R	,		H			K				M		
	1	96		1	95		1	25			ı	1	
	2	97		2	94		2			Sin! Mim!	2		Alif! Lam! Mim
	_			3	93		3			Sin!	3		Alif! Lam! Mim!
	3	99		4	92		4			Sin! Mim!	4	4	
	4	100		5	91		5			Lam! Mim!	5	5	
	5	101		6 7	90		6			! Lam! Mim!	_	00	
	6 7	102 103		8	89		7			! Lam! Mim!	6	98	
	8	103		9	88 87		8	32	Am	! Lam! Mim!	7	57	
	9	105		10	86		9	34			8	58	
	0	105		11	85		10	35			9	59	
	11	107		12	84		11		Val	Sin!	10	60	
	2	108		13	83		12	37	14.	Siii;	11	61	
	3	109		14	82		13		Sua	d!	12	62	
	4	110		15	81		14	39		••	13	63	
	5	111		16	80		15		Ha!	Mim!	14	64	
	6	112	i	17	79		16			Mim!	15	65	
1	7	113		18	78		17			Mim! 'Ain! Sin!Qaf!	16	66	
1	8	114	u l	19	77		18			Mim!			
			N I	20	76		19	44	Ha!	Mim!			
				21	75		20	45	Ha!	Mim!	17	47	
				22	74		21	46	Ha!	Mim!	18	48	
				23	73						19	49	
				24	72		22			! Lam! Ra!			
				25	71		23			! Lam! Ra!	20	24	
				26	70		24			! Lam! Ra!	1.		
				27	69		25			! Lam! Mim! Ra!	21	33	
				28	68	Nun!	26			! Lam! Ra!			
				29	67		27		Alit	! Lam! Ra!	22	22	
				30	50	0-61	28	16				22	
				31	50	Qaf!	29	17 18			8	23	
				32	51 52		30 31		V of	! Ha! Ya! 'Ain!Suad	-	24	
				33	53		31	13	K äl	: ma: ra: Am:Suad	j		
			- 1	34	54		32	20	Tal	Ha!			
				35	55		32	21	ıa:	114;			
				36	56		34	23					
			j				35	6					
							36	_	Alif	! Lam! Mim! Suad!			

PP: Prospective Placement T.S.: Traditional Sequence L-O: Letter Opening

APPENDIX C 1

Note on the word NASI

Until the last year of the Prophet's mission the Nasi or the intercalary thirteenth lunation, indispensible for adjusting the duration of twelve lunations with the solar cycle governing the seasons, intervened, every two or three years, between two of the prescribed four Sacred Months—Dhu'l Hijja, the last month of one year, and Muharram, the first month of the succeeding Pagan year.

During every second or third year, as a last rite of the annual Hajj, the lunar month to follow that Dhu'l Hijja was announced by the Qalam mas, a hereditary functionary, to be either sacred or secular.

This often led to subsequent violence based on the ubiquitous question as to whether raiding of one party by another was permitted, or not permitted, in this frequently occurring thirteenth intercalary month!

Raj Sha Ram Sha Dh Q Dh H Muh Saf R I RII J I JII Ordinary year

Raj Sha Ram Sha Dh Q Dh H Nasi Muh Saf R I R II J I J I Intercalary year

The apparent prohibition of intercalation was revealed, only 3 months before the Prophet passed away, in verses 36 and 37 of Sura Barat. This prohibition can also be interpreted as a rhetorical recommendation for the adoption of the purely solar calendar of the never-changing twelve months, fixed by God from times immemorial, and even then observed by both Iran and Byzantium.

But the interpretation of the word shahr as lunar month has prevented adjustment of the Muslim religious calendar with the seasons of God over the past thirteen centuries and more.

What effect, if any, this deviation from all other calendars of the human race, and followed incessantly over more than thirteen hundred years, has had on the making of the Muslim religious personality is a question which has not received the study which it perhaps deserves.

APPENDIX C 2

Renderings of the NASI verses (Barat: 36-37) in Persian

عمانا عدد ماهها نزد خدا دركتاب

خدادوازده ماه است از آنروزیکه خداآسمان وزمین را بیافریدو از آن دوازده ماه چهار ماه ماههای حرام خواهد بود اینست دستوردین استوار و و محکم پی درآن ماهها ظلم و ستم در حق خود و یکدیگر مکنید و متفقاً همه بامشرکان تتالوکارزار کنید چنا نکه مشرکان نیزهمه متفقاً باشما بجنك و خصومت برمیخیزند و بدانید که خدا بااهل تقوی است (۳۳) نستی افزایش در کفراست که تاکافران را بجهل و گمراهی کشند سالی ماه حرام راحلال در کفراست که تاکافران را بجهل و گمراهی کشند سالی ماه خدا حرام کرده پایمال کنندو حرام خدا دا حلال کرد و پایمال کنندو حرام خدا دا حلال کرد انتداعمال زشت آنها در نظرشان زیبانمود و خداهرگز کافران را هدایت نخواهد کرد (۳۷)

Above: Translation in Prose Below: Commentary in Verse

گرچه باشد رهبر هرعقل و جان

زد حق باشد ده ودو درکتاب روز خلق این سموات وزمین اینست دین قیم ازروی کلام مشرکانرا کافه در هر دیار با شما از کافه درماه و سال حق بود با اهل تقوی بالیقین بر عتو و کفر تا آید نسی برمه دیگر که هست آن جزء عام که حرامی را کنند ازخود حلال تا موافق عده را سازند و تام گشته اندر وهمشان آراسته

م شهار ماههای مستطاب نزدحق باشد یعنی اندر لوح محفوظ مبین روز خلق این زان ده و دو چار مه باشدحرام اینست دین قرمی کانرا کافراند ایشان قتال با شها از کاهم بدانید ای گروه مؤمنین حق بود با اه غیر ازاین نبودکه افزاید نسی بر عتو و که این فراید کافرانرا بر ضلال که حرام برمه دیگر که سال دیگر میکنند آنمه حرام تا موافق عدم سوء اعمالی که شبطان خواسته گشته اندر می راه ننهاید خدا بر کافران راه ننهاید خدا بر کافران

APPENDIX D

The Meanings of the word Hamd

(ii)

اقتباسات از تنویر المقباس من تفسیر ابن عباس الطبعة الثانیة سنه ۱۳۶۶ هـ ۱۹۲۳ م

١ صفحه ٦: تفسير سورة البقر آبة ٣٠ ـ
 ١ نصلي لك بامرك

٢ صفحه ١٥٦: تفسيرسورة الرعد آية ١٣ ـ
 ١ و يسبح الرعد بحمده) بامره

۳ صفحه ۱۷۸ : تفسیر سورة بنی اسرائیل آیة ٤٤ ـ
 (الا یسبح بحمده) بامره

٤ - صفحه ۱۷۹: تفسیر سورة بنی اسرائیل آیة ۵۳ ۱ فقسیتجیبون بحمده) فقستجیبون داعی الله بامره.

٥ - صفحه ۲۲۷: تفسیر سورة الفرقان آیة ۵۰ (و سبح بحمده) صل بامره

Ibne 'Abbas: See page 40

(i)

(٣) = أمر (ابن عباس) - حكم -• - - - وان من شيء الا يسبح بحده

mr:1207]

• ویسبح الرعد بحمده --- [س۱۳: ۱۳ تامد کی کامد کرنے والا - احکام کی کامد کرنے والا - احکام کی کابندی کرنے والا - اسام ۱۱۳: ۹ تامد کرنے والا - اسام کے لایق - فرمانبرداری کے لایق - مید تعریف کے لایق - فرمانبرداری کے لایق -

• - - و مبشرا برسول یاتی من بعدی اسمه احمد

احمد

- - اسمهٔ احمد (س۱۳: ۲) اُس کے اوصاف هونگ یه که وه زبردست خدا کا فرمانبردار هوگا اور اس لئے وه اس لایق بهی هوگا که اُس کی زبردست فرمانبرداری کی جائے ۔

اُس کی زبردست فرمانبرداری کی جائے ۔

- معمود (اِسم مفعول) جس کی تعریف کی جائے ۔

تعریف کے لایق سے اسلام ۱۱: ۱۱ میل مفعول جس کی تعریف کی جائے۔ جسکی فرمانبرداری کی جائے۔ نام رسول اللہ صلی اللہ علیه وسلم۔ [سستانہ ۱۳۸۱

Mirza Abul Fazl

 ${\bf APPENDIX} \ \ {\bf E}$ Alphabetical Lists of Proper Names found in the Qur'an and the Bible

Quranic Name	Biblical Equivalent	Biblical Name	Quranic Equivalent
Adam	Adam	Aaron	Harun
Al Yas'a	Elisha?	Abraham	Ibrahim
Ayyub	Job	Adam	Adam
Dawud	David	Aesop	Luqman?
Dhu'l Kifl	Ezekiel?	Alexander	Dhu'l Qarnain?
	Isaiah?	Cyrus	Dhu'l Qarnain?
	Obediah?	Balaam	Luqman
Dhu'l Qarnain	Cyrus?		
	Alexander?	David	Dawood
Harun	Aaron	Elias	Ilyas
Hud	Heber?	Elisha	Al Yas'a
<i>Ibrahim</i>	Abraham	Enoch	Idris?
Idris	Enoch?	Ezekiel	Dhu'l Kifl?
Ilyas	Elias	Ezra	'Uzair
'Isa	Jesus	Heber	Hud?
Ishaq	Isaac	Isaac	Ishaque
Isma'il	Ishmael		
Isma'il	Ishmael	Isaiah	Dhu'l Kifl?
Luqman	Aesop?	Ishmael	Isma'il
	Balaam?	Jacob	Ya'qub
Lut	Lot	Jesus	'Isa
Musa	Moses	Jethro	Shu'aib?
Nuh	Noah	Job	Ayyub
Salih	Methusela?	John	Yahya
Shu'aib	Jethro?	Jonah	Yumus
Sulaiman	Solomon	Joseph	Yusuf
'Uzair	Ezra	Lot	Lut
Yaʻqub	Jacob	Methuselah	Salih?
Yahya	John ·	Moses	Musa
Yunus	Jonah	Noah	Nuh
Yusuf	Joseph	Obadiah	Dhu'l Kifl?
Zakaryyah	Zacharias	Solomon	Sulaiman
		Zacharias	Zakaryyah

APPENDIX F

Facsimile title and two pages from the earliest translation of the Qur'an into English

Note that, for some reason, the name of the translator, Alexander Ross, is not given.

ALCORAN OF MAHOMET

Translated out of Arabique into French;

BYTHE

Sieur Du Ryer, Lord of Malezair, and Resident for the King of France, at

ALEXANDRIA.

And newly Englished, for the satisfaction of all that desire to look into the Turkish vanities.



LONDON Printed, Anno Dom. 1 6 4 9.

THE

FRENCH EPISTLE READER.

He Book is a long conference of God, the Angels, and Mahomet, which that false Prophet very grossy inwented; sometimes he introduceth God, who speaketh to him, and

teacheth him his Law, then an Angel, anon the Prophets, and frequently maketh God to speak in the plurall, in a stile that is not ordinary He declaimeth against such as worship Idols, particularly against the Inhabitants of the City of Mecca, and against the * Coreis, who were enemies to his designe. He * The coreis intituled this book the Alcoran, as one would say, erfull family the Collection of Precepts: He likewise termed it in Arabia, in Mahomets El Forcan, that is, that distinguisheth good from time. evill: He divided it into many Chapters, to which he gave what inscription he thought good: he most commonly intituleth them with words that are in their first line, without regard to the matter they treat

treat of, and speaketh little of their Inscription; He divided into many signes, or Verses, that contain his ordinances and fables, without observation either of the consequence, or connexion of the discourse, which is the cause that thou shalt finde in this Book, a multitude of incongruous pieces, and divers repetitions of the same things. It hath been expounded by many Mahometan Doctors, their exposition being as ridiculous as the Text; They affirm the original of the Alcoran to be written upon a Table, kept in Heaven, that the Angel Gabriel brought this Copie to Mahomet, who could neither write nor reade, and stile him Prophet, or Apostle, in honor. Thou shalt finde at beginning of some Chapters letters of the Arabique Alphabet, which some men will not expound; They fear to utter things that may displease their false Prophet: Most of their Doctors affirm those Letters to be the first letters of the Names of God. Thou shalt finde the exposition in this version; Thou wilt wonder that such absurdities have infected the best part of the world, and wilt avouch, that the knowledg of what is contained in this Book, will render that Law contemptible.

Acknowledgements

Although I have more than once acknowledged my being neither an Arab by birth nor an 'Alim by scholarship, integrity, I am told, demands that I be more specific about the limitations under which I have laboured in this long endeavour. I shall therefore leave no room for my being blamed at least for pretension.

My mastery over Arabic, and particularly its grammar is, or at least was when I started on this venture thirty years ago, next to none at all.

If this glaring impediment has itself served as a catalyst in this translation of a fourteen hundred years old revelation the credit goes to the iconoclastic method of Mirza Abul Fazl's teaching. He inculcated in me an intense consternation at the unbelievable abyss between the essence of the Quranic message and what I, as a Muslim, had been taught to believe as its contents. And, paradoxically, this had been done by those who claimed to know the intricacies of the Arabic language and grammar. This realization was so traumatic that for the next thirty years I have striven for a working knowledge of that language rather than lose my objectivity in the mastery of its conjugations lest they serve me as blinkers to hide all that is not within an inch of my nose.

Obviously this self-blindfolding would have been self-defeating if Abul Fazl had not also inculcated in me so much love and reverence for the Quranic message that I decided to spend the rest of my life's leisure hours in searching for the essence of the Qur'an by groping along the dusty corridors in which its treasures lay buried rather than follow the facile explanations of the learned.

My good fortune lay in having, beside Mirza Abul Fazl, more than a dozen others who had followed more or less the same path before me. The apparently learned can, and do, indulge in irresponsible interpretations of the Qur'an; but those who embark on a full translation of the Scripture into another language cannot indulge in this luxury. They have to be as exact as they can and the very size of the task impels them to be brief and to the point. And by now I have to help me no less than 18 pilgrims who have preceded me in the caravan of the English language over the past three hundred years. Urged by individual inclinations to originality and discovery, and curbed by the compulsions to keep to the beaten track, the variations in their renderings, when read with the original Scripture in Arabic, provided

me endless opportunities for hewing out my own path. Even their 'howlers' (as Yusuf Ali has referred to a palpable error of one of his predecessors) have helped to guide me. I pray that similar howlers of mine will serve as signposts of dangers which the many, who will no doubt follow me, can avoid.

More than once, when I had discovered a particularly unpardonable slip in my own rendering of a verse, I had felt like giving up this mad odyssey; but the confidence reposed in me by my teacher Mirza Abul Fazl and my friend, Leonard Elmhirst of Dartington Hall, impelled me to take up my cross again.

Once, when doodling in the midst of such gloomy pessimism, I had scribbled the following lines on a page of my copy of *The Student's Quran*:

Those who are docilely familiar with the lanes and by-lanes of traditional interpretations can glide through the Quranic mosaic blindfold, and unhindered by the unfamiliar.

It is my being a stranger to tradition that makes me trip over many words and phrases and then find my way again through groping darkness.

Sometimes I knock against a nuance so severely that it takes me days, sometimes weeks, licking my bruised confidence before I can regain courage to go on.

But, sometimes, my groping hands brush away the dust and leave uncovered a jewel of scintillating brilliance—a gem which the pious and the devout keepers of the treasured volume had either not seen or had failed to properly assess.

It is such rare rewards that more than make up for my weary plodding.

The factual verification of this somewhat dreamy passage will be found in Volume II—if it is ever published.

So much as an acknowledgement of my shortcomings and my debt to others for the translation. But in the presentation of this work in its present form many others have helped me:

My friend, Syed Kazim of Hyderabad, has been ever ready to serve as a colleague whenever I needed his help. The results of his labours in compiling *The Verse-Endings of the Qur'an* will be given in Volume II, but they have been of much help in the preparation of this perspective presentation also.

Muhammad Wahidullah, now in Libya, had done the typing of both volumes I and II with love and devotion.

Nuruddin Azad of Bombay has voluntarily offered the calligraphs for the title pages of all the five Books in this volume.

Mir Najabat Ali prepared the columnar chart showing the first three centuries of Islam in perspective.

Shah Jehan, the Emperor of Hindustan, has "contributed", through the courtesy of Dr. Ziauddin Desai and the Archaeological Department, the arches with borders of Quranic inscriptions which decorate the title pages of all the five BOOKS. This is appropriate because, in building the Taj Mahal, Shah Jehan had paid tribute to womankind so clearly enjoined in the Qur'an (Sec. 461:1).

I wish I could have, likewise, acknowledged my debt to the many unknown calligraphists whose art of writing Arabic has contributed so much to make this volume attractive. I can only say: may God bless them!

His Majesty the Shah of Iran has graciously responded to my SOS when the book was already in the press: the facsimile of the Persian translation in prose, and the commentary in verse, given in Appendix C, taken from the volumes received at his command, have a bearing on a subject which has great potentialities for reform in the Muslim calendar.

I have been fortunate in finding both my publisher and printers. After a score of publishers in London and New York had failed to react to my letters and personal visits I found one who responded immediately, and later agreed to have the setting done under my close supervision. Messrs V.V. Purie and Aroon Purie, the proprietors of the Thomson Press (India) Ltd. near Delhi laid all the facilities of their organization at my disposal and Messrs Ganju and Ratanlal attended to my whims with patience.

Mr. Jelaluddin of the Jamia Millia provided me that shelter without which I could not have stayed in Delhi for several months to attend to the photo-composing of this somewhat novel venture. And, during the latter end of this period my former colleague, Kanan Dev, suggested some niceties for which I am grateful. This stay away from home and family would not have been feasible if Bashir, the childhood companion of my young ones, had not looked after me with untiring affection.

And, lastly, my debt to another human being will best be indicated in the following note which I had inscribed on the volume of *The Student's Our'an* which I had presented to her ten years ago:

"... If it had not been for your goodness, your tolerance, your love, your unswerving loyalty to your mate, the peace of mind indispensable for such work would not have been mine. In that sense you have an equal share in the evolution of this little volume the worth of which time alone can evaluate one way or the other. May it bring you equal joy and serenity in the days that remain to us."

I can, with gratitude, underline that same acknowledgement today.

